

4. Those varieties which contain the largest proportion of sulphur, are the least affected by exposure to the air.

5. White Copper-Ore.

Weiss Kupfererz, Werner,

Weisslich Kies-kupfererz, Henkel's Kieshistorie, s. 210.—Minera Cupri alba, Wall. t. ii. p. 280.—Weiss Kupfererz, Werner, Pabst. b. i. s. 83. Id. Wid. s. 750.—White Copper-ore, Kirw. vol. ii. p. 152.—Weiss Kupfererz, Estner, b. iii. s. 505. Id. Emm. b. ii. s. 236.—Mine de Cuivre blanche arsenicale, Lam. t. i. p. 201.—La Mine de Cuivre blanche, Broch. t. ii. p. 173.—Weiss Kupererz, Reuss, b. iii. s. 425. Id. Lud. b. i. s. 224. Id. Suck. 2ter th. s. 184. Id. Bert. s. 397. Id. Leonhard, Tabel. s. 58. Id. Karsten, Tabel. s. 62. Id. Haus, s. 74.—White Copper, Aikin, p. 28.

External Characters.

Its colour is intermediate between silver-white and bronze-yellow, which sometimes inclines slightly to brass-yellow. On the fresh fracture, it soon becomes tarnished with a greyish-yellow colour.

It occurs massive and disseminated *.

Internally it is glistening, with a metallic lustre.

The fracture is small and fine-grained uneven.

It sometimes occurs in curved lamellar concretions, the surfaces of which are splendid and metallic.

The fragments are indeterminate angular, and rather sharp-edged.

It is soft, passing into semi-hard.

It

* According to Karsten and Ullman, it occurs crystallised in octahedrons,