

capillary and acicular crystals; in very thin and long rectangular four-sided tables, in which the longer terminal planes are set on obliquely.

The crystals are small and very small, and scopiformly or promiscuously aggregated.

The lateral planes of the crystals are generally longitudinally streaked; the surface of the particular external shapes is very delicately drusy.

Externally it is glistening, passing into glimmering; the crystals are shining and splendid.

Internally it is glistening, shining, and the lustre is metallic.

The fracture is delicate fibrous, sometimes scopiform, sometimes stellular, or promiscuous.

The fragments are indeterminate angular, and blunt-edged, or wedge-shaped.

It occurs in distinct concretions, which are coarse, or small granular, or wedge-shaped.

The streak is dull and black.

It soils strongly.

It is soft.

It is brittle.

It is easily frangible.

It is heavy.

*Geognostic and Geographic Situations.*

It occurs in several veins of brown ironstone in the Westerwald; also at Stahlberg, near Schmalkalden in Saxony; and Christiansand in Norway.

*Second*