

United States Centennial Commission.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
1876.

REPORTS AND AWARDS

GROUP IV.



EDITED BY
FRANCIS A. WALKER,
CHIEF OF THE BUREAU OF AWARDS.

PHILADELPHIA:
J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.
1877.

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Gr. IV

SYSTEM OF AWARDS

[*Extract from Circular of April 8, 1876.*]

Awards shall be based upon written reports attested by the signatures of their authors.

The Judges will be selected for their known qualifications and character, and will be experts in departments to which they will be respectively assigned. The foreign members of this body will be appointed by the Commission of each country and in conformity with the distribution and allotment to each, which will be hereafter announced. The Judges from the United States will be appointed by the Centennial Commission.

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Reports and awards shall be based upon inherent and comparative merit. The elements of merit shall be held to include considerations relating to originality, invention, discovery, utility, quality, skill, workmanship, fitness for the purposes intended, adaptation to public wants, economy and cost.

Each report will be delivered to the Centennial Commission as soon as completed, for final award and publication.

Awards will be finally decreed by the United States Centennial Commission, in compliance with the Act of Congress, and will consist of a diploma with a uniform Bronze Medal, and a special report of the Judges on the subject of the Award.

Each exhibitor will have the right to produce and publish the report awarded to him, but the United States Centennial Commission reserves the right to publish and dispose of all reports in the manner it thinks best for public information, and also to embody and distribute the reports as records of the Exhibition.

ORGANIZATION AND DUTIES OF THE JUDGES.

[*Extract from Circular of May 1, 1876.*]

Two hundred and fifty Judges have been appointed to make such reports, one-half of whom are foreigners and one-half citizens of the United States. They have been selected for their known qualifications and character, and are presumed to be experts in the Groups to which they have been respectively assigned. The foreign members of this body have been appointed

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by the Commission of each country, in conformity with the distribution and allotment to each, adopted by the United States Centennial Commission. The Judges from the United States have been appointed by the Centennial Commission.

To facilitate the examination by the Judges of the articles exhibited, they have been classified in Groups. To each of these Groups a competent number of Judges (Foreign and American) has been assigned by the United States Centennial Commission. Besides these, certain objects in the Departments of Agriculture and Horticulture, which will form temporary exhibitions, have been arranged in special Groups, and Judges will be assigned to them hereafter.

The Judges will meet for organization on May 24, at 12 M., at the Judges' Pavilion. They will enter upon the work of examination with as little delay as practicable, and will recommend awards without regard to the nationality of the exhibitor.

The Judges assigned to each Group will choose from among themselves a Chairman and a Secretary. They must keep regular minutes of their proceedings. Reports recommending awards shall be made and signed by a Judge in each Group, stating the grounds of the proposed award, and such reports shall be accepted, and the acceptance signed, by a majority of the Judges in such Group.

The reports of the Judges recommending awards based on the standards of merit referred to in the foregoing System of Awards, must be returned to the Chief of the Bureau of Awards not later than July 31, to be transmitted by him to the Centennial Commission.

Awards will be finally decreed by the United States Centennial Commission, in compliance with the Act of Congress of June 1, 1872, and will consist of a special report of the Judges on the subject of the Award, together with a Diploma and a uniform Bronze Medal.

Upon matters not submitted for competitive trial, and upon such others as may be named by the Commission, the Judges will prepare reports showing the progress made during the past hundred years.

Vacancies in the corps of Judges will be filled by the authority which made the original appointment.

No exhibitor can be a Judge in the Group in which he exhibits.

An exhibitor, who is not the manufacturer or producer of the article exhibited, shall not be entitled to an award.

The Chief of the Bureau of Awards will be the representative of the United States Centennial Commission in its relations to the Judges. Upon request, he will decide all questions which may arise during their proceedings in regard to the interpretation and application of the rules adopted by the Commission relating to awards, subject to an appeal to the Commission.

A. T. GOSHORN,
Director-General.

[*Extract from Director-General's Address to Judges, May 24, 1876.*]

“The method of initiating awards which we have adopted differs in some respects from that pursued in previous exhibitions. In place of the anonymous verdict of a jury, we have substituted the written opinion of a Judge. On this basis awards will carry the weight and guarantees due to individual personal character, ability, and attainments, and to this extent their reliability and value will be increased. It is not expected that you will shower awards indiscriminately upon the products in this vast collection. You may possibly find a large proportion in no way raised above the dead level, nor deserving of particular notice. The standard above which particular merit worthy of distinction begins is for you to determine. In this regard I have only to express the desire of the Centennial Commission, that you should do this with absolute freedom, and when you meet with a product which you consider worthy of an award, we desire you to say, in as few words as you may deem suitable, why you think so.

“This, gentlemen, is all we ask of you in the Departments of Awards. Opinions thus expressed will indicate the inherent and comparative merits, qualities, and adaptations of the products,—information which the public most desires.

“Elaborate general reports and voluminous essays, though of great value as sources of general information, give little aid in determining the reliable or intrinsic merits of particular, individual products.

“The regulations which have been published divide the work of awards into three parts:

“1st. The individual work of the Judges.

“2d. The collective work of the groups of Judges.

“3d. The final decisions of the United States Centennial Commission in conformity with the acts of Congress.

“Each award will thus pass three ordeals, which, doubtless, will be ample and satisfactory.”

GROUP IV.

JUDGES.

AMERICAN.

W. C. KERR, Raleigh, N. C.
L. B. ARNOLD, Rochester, N. Y.
JOSEPH F. TOBIAS, Philadelphia, Pa.
JOHN BRADFORD, Tallahassee, Florida.
GUIDO MARX, Toledo, Ohio.
RYLAND T. BROWN, Indianapolis, Ind.
WALTER S. GREENE, Milford, Wis.

FOREIGN.

JULIUS WEGELER, Germany.
EDWARD MARTELL, France.
EDWARD LORING, Spain.
NICOLAU J. MOREIRA, Brazil.
JAYME BATALHA REIS, Portugal.
EKEDA KENZO, Japan.
E. OLDENDORFF, Argentine Republic.
E. H. VON BAUMHAUER, Netherlands.
H. G. JOLY, Canada.
G. F. SECCHI DE CASALI, Italy.
THOMAS RÜSE SEGELCKE, Denmark.
RUSTEM EFFENDI, Turkey.
JUAN MORPHY, Spain.

JOHN D. IMBODEN was temporarily assigned from Group XV to assist in the examinations of tobacco.

JUDGES OF BUTTER AND CHEESE.

F. W. FAIRMAN.

| GEORGE ADDY.

GROUP IV.

ANIMAL AND VEGETABLE PRODUCTS, AND THE MACHINERY FOR THEIR PREPARATION.

- CLASS 650.—Sponges, sea-weed, and other growths used for food or in the arts.
- CLASS 651.—The dairy,—milk, cream, butter, cheese.
- CLASS 652.—Tallow, oil, and lard; ivory, bone, horn, glue.
- CLASS 653.—Eggs, feathers, down.
- CLASS 654.—Honey and wax.
- CLASS 655.—Animal perfumes,—as musk, civet, ambergris, etc.
- CLASS 656.—Preserved meats, vegetables, and fruits; dried, or in cans or jars. Meat and vegetable extracts.
- CLASS 657.—Flour; crushed and ground cereals; decorticated grains.
- CLASS 658.—Starch and similar products.
(For sugar, syrups, etc., see Group III.)
- CLASS 660.—Wines, alcohol, and malt liquors.
- CLASS 661.—Bread, biscuits, crackers, and cakes
(For vegetable and other oils, see Group III.)
Yeast preparations, yeast powders, baking powders, etc.
- CLASS 584.—Tobacco manufacturing machinery.
- CLASS 585.—Mills for spices, coffee, etc.
- CLASS 620.—Cereals.
- CLASS 623.—Tobacco, hops, tea, coffee, and spices.
- CLASS 580.—Flour mills.

GROUP IV

ANIMAL AND VEGETABLE PROPERTIES AND THE MACHINERY FOR THEIR PREPARATION

The following is a list of the various animal and vegetable products which are prepared by machinery, and the machinery used for their preparation. The list is arranged in alphabetical order of the products, and the machinery is described in detail in the accompanying text.

1. *Animal products*

2. *Vegetable products*

3. *Machinery for the preparation of animal products*

4. *Machinery for the preparation of vegetable products*

5. *Machinery for the preparation of animal and vegetable products*

6. *Machinery for the preparation of animal and vegetable products*

7. *Machinery for the preparation of animal and vegetable products*

8. *Machinery for the preparation of animal and vegetable products*

9. *Machinery for the preparation of animal and vegetable products*

10. *Machinery for the preparation of animal and vegetable products*

GENERAL REPORT
OF THE
JUDGES OF GROUP IV.

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,
Philadelphia, 1876.

PROF. FRANCIS A. WALKER, *Chief of the Bureau of Awards:*

SIR,—I have the honor to report a general view of the condition of the field of observation committed to Group IV. of the Board of Judges of the International Exhibition of 1876.

RYLAND T. BROWN,
President Group IV.

GROUP IV.

ANIMAL AND VEGETABLE PRODUCTS, AND THE
MACHINERY FOR THEIR PREPARATION.

This group originally embraced only "animal and vegetable substances used for food;" but alcoholic compounds of every description, and tobacco in all the forms of its manufacture, were subsequently referred to it, as well as all the machinery concerned in their production, except that employed in the manufacture of flour. A glance at the field assigned to Group IV. will satisfy any one that the position of a Judge here involved much labor and responsibility.

Nominally the group consisted of eighteen Judges, but at no time were more than sixteen actually engaged in work. On the organization of the group, the first matter of business was to ascertain the specialty of each member, and assign him work in that line. A glance at the imperfect catalogues furnished us made it apparent that the heavy work of the group lay in Class 660, embracing vinous, malt, and distilled liquors; but, fortunately, our group contained a number of experts who were celebrated for their skill in this difficult task. Eight Judges were originally assigned to this section, and subsequently several others were temporarily detailed for special work with them. So heavy did this work prove that, when all the other sections had completed their task and the time allowed us by the Bureau had expired, there remained several exhibits of foreign liquors to be examined, and by courtesy of the proper authorities a portion of the Judges had leave to remain and complete the work. Hon. Guido Marx, of Toledo, Ohio, who, after the retirement of Mr. Wegeler, of Germany, had charge of the work of this section, has furnished a detailed statement of their labors, and a general view of the several qualities of liquors exhibited, which statement is herewith submitted.

DEAR SIR,—I have the pleasure to forward to you, herewith, a condensed report of that part of the work of the Judges of Group IV.

which was performed by me, or in which I took an active part, viz., wines, alcohol, and malt liquors,—especially the products of the Western Hemisphere,—besides parts of Class 656, embracing preserved fruits, meat, and vegetable extracts.

The examinations of wines and liquors exhibited by Germany, France, Italy, Spain, and Portugal were conducted chiefly by the Judges selected and sent from these respective countries, but I took, in most, especially those from Spain and Portugal, such an active part as to be enabled to include here a cursory glance at their general results at least.

In order to gain a proper classification of the vast material submitted to us, other than according to geographical lines, it will be best to follow the distinctions made in the commercial world, and to begin with the liquors of the least alcoholic strength, ascending through those of higher grades. The first part of my report will, consequently, comprise beer, ale, and porter; the second, wines; and the third, distilled liquors, with an addition for the parts of other classes examined.

MALT LIQUORS.

Among the novelties in beer, and as the first to be mentioned because lowest in strength, is weiss-beer, the manufacture, or rather brewing, of which has but lately been introduced in the United States from Germany, where it has been quite a popular beverage for many years, principally in the vicinity of Berlin. It is, when well made, rich in carbonic acid gas and light in color, wherefrom its name,—weiss- or white-beer. Two breweries from the city of New York and one from Poughkeepsie had entered samples for examination, of which two were found worthy of being recommended for an award.

Another beer under this name, but of greater strength, was exhibited by Metzger Brothers, from Asti, Italy, and found most excellent; so was their beer from corn (maize), which may be mentioned here.

Among the beers usually classified as lager-beers, the first to be named is that of Norway, which properly belongs here, although called ale at home. Fourteen samples from nine different breweries in Christiania and Drammen were examined, and found of such good quality, generally light in body, fine in aroma, and agreeable in taste, as to merit very favorable mention, especially for their delicacy and keeping quality under transatlantic export.

Russia was represented on this field by four breweries, one each

from Warsaw, St. Petersburg, Drosdowo, and Charkov, all of which showed good brewings, two justifying awards.

Germany contributed, in more than twenty varieties, from sixteen of her most renowned breweries, including that from Schwechat, near Vienna, and Pilsen, in Austria, a good selection of the various styles of lager-beer indulged in, not only in its fatherland, but in many parts of the globe to which it is exported in bulk and in bottles. Although it would lead too far to mention in this report the names of all exhibitors, which the Catalogue will do more completely, I may state, as probably interesting to many, which of the German breweries maintained so well their old reputations at the Centennial Exhibition. They were the Tivoli, of Berlin; the Baron von Thüngen, in Weisenbach; Overbeck, in Dortmund; Sick, in Speyer; Boettinger, in Würzburg; Gaisel, in Neustadt-an-der-Hardt; Pschorr, in Munich; Freiherr von Pulteville, in Moehring; Wells, in Speyer; Dichmann and Sauerländer, in Aix-la-Chapelle (Aachen); Hildebrand, in Pfungstadt; Bayerische Actien Brewery, in Aschaffenburg; Dreher, in Schwechat, near Vienna; Beemen, Beck, & Co., Kaiser Brewery, in Bremen; H. Herminger & Sons, in Frankfort; and the first Pilsener Actien Brewery, Pilsen, Bohemia; besides that of the brewery in Berlin, which was "hors concours," the proprietor of it, Dr. Goldsmith, being one of the experts.

The activity and energy with which the brewing interests of the United States have developed their branch of industry into one of the leading ones of the country, uniting with steady progress in the adaptation of new mechanical appliances all the resources offered by the latest scientific investigations in matters connected with their business, was evidenced not alone in their fine and interesting display in Brewers' Hall, but even more in that furnished from the annexed ice-house, which presented to our examination, from the casks, samples of lager-beer from forty-eight different breweries. It was quite a task to justly discriminate between so many deserving exhibitors, and it took the closest scrutiny of each sample in the various requirements of a superior lager-beer to be able to designate those which merited special awards. By adopting an exact system of ratings, and with the assistance of experienced experts, I succeeded in selecting, according to a method which has given general satisfaction to all concerned, the names which have been presented to the Commission.

To bottle lager-beer to good advantage has also become quite an industry, and the fourteen exhibits from eight breweries making this a specialty proved how successful they had been in it.

ALE.

The same good business qualities which characterize, in general, the brewers of lager-beer in the United States are also perceptible in the efforts put forth by their fellow-brewers in ale. Although not so numerous, they are certainly not surpassed in the quality of their products by their younger compeers. Thirteen breweries furnished samples of present-use ale, drawn from casks on the spot, and six presented ten different brewings bottled for domestic use and exportation, most of which satisfied all requirements as to a careful selection of material, and a fair proportion as to the best skill in using it.

The testing of stock ale having been postponed to a later date, and having been confided to other Judges, I am not able to include here an abstract of its results. Ale being an institution of considerable consequence with all English-speaking people, we found our Canadian neighbors well represented by five breweries, claiming on nine brands of ale—partly on draught, partly from bottles—the distinction due to careful and intelligent brewing.

Seven of the many well-known breweries of Great Britain were represented at the Exhibition by twelve different samples, mostly of bottled ale, a majority striving quite successfully for the recognition of the superiority of their stock and export ales.

One sample came from India, the Marree Brewery, in the Punjâb, which was quite noticeable for its quality, considering the place of manufacture. It is of the same as furnished to her Imperial Majesty's troops serving in the Punjâb.

Australia submitted ten samples of ale from seven breweries, six of which are situated in Kew, Melbourne, Carlton, Sandhurst, and Geelong, in Victoria, and one in Wellington, New Zealand.

Their exhibits prove that the art of brewing is not becoming lost in its march around the globe, but that Australia is even excelling some older communities in producing such ale as that brewed by P. J. Martin, in Melbourne, from Victoria malt and Tasmania hops.

Sweden made a very fair record for its ale by four samples from three breweries in Landskrono and Malmö.

The Netherlands were represented by only two samples of beer, both from Breda, from which no just conclusion could be drawn as to the condition of this branch of industry in Holland.

The same must be said of brewing in Portugal, for which Lisbon furnished from one brewery one sample each of beer, ale, and porter.

The two samples of ale and lager-beer presented by Plagemann &

Co., of Valparaiso, Chili, gave a very good opinion of the brewing of the west coast of South America; and the beer and porter from E. Bickert, in Buenos Ayres, as well as the strong-beer of Fernando Magdelin, in Santa Fé, gave equally good hopes for the development of this industry on the Atlantic coast in the Argentine Republic.

PORTER AND BROWN-STOUT.

These are so essentially Anglo-Saxon that we only find them in demand where this nationality predominates.

The United States presented samples of this dark commodity from two breweries in Philadelphia, Wm. Massey & Co.'s and Gardner & Sons', and one in Pottsville, Pennsylvania, D. G. Yuengling & Son's; the first of the three also presenting this article bottled as well as on draught.

Canada sent porter and stout from Montreal, Chatham, London, and Toronto, both in wood and glass; that from the last two cities giving the best satisfaction.

From Great Britain, only Glasgow and Maxton (near Dover) were represented for this examination, while Australia sent contributions from the cities of Kew, Carlton, and Geelong, in Victoria, and Wellington, in New Zealand. The fine condition in which their porter and stout arrived spoke well for its manufacturers.

WINE.

For a general classification we may divide the different kinds of wine known to commerce under eight principal headings. The first would comprise light white table-wines, of which Rhine wines or the so-called Hocks are the type. The second would include the so-called Clarets,—light red table-wines,—among which the French Bordeaux are the most known. The third I denote as the strong white wines, dry, for which the Sherries and Madeiras furnish the leading characteristics. The fourth is formed by the strong dry red wines, to which class some of the Burgundies of France and part of the so-called Port wines belong. The fifth would comprise the sweet white wines, of which the Muscatel is a fair representative; while the sixth would include the sweet red wines, of which Spain, Portugal, and the Cape of Good Hope furnish the leading kinds. The seventh might comprise the sparkling wines usually called Champagne, from the land of their largest production. And under the eighth I would unite wines from all other fruits and berries except grapes.

Thus the wines might be put in a tabular form, as follows:

White	{	light	Type: Rhine wine.
		strong, dry	" Sherry and Madeira.
		sweet	" Muscatel.
Red	{	light	" Claret.
		strong, dry	" Port and Burgundy.
		sweet	" Port and Cape of Good Hope.
Sparkling		" Champagne.	
Fruit wines		" Cider, orange, and berry wines.	

While most of the several wine-countries produce nearly all these kinds, the lighter wines are chiefly grown in the northern part of the grape-producing zone, while the stronger and sweeter wines are more favored by southern latitudes.

Having had a special assignment only to the wines of the Western Hemisphere, the details of the examinations of German, Austrian, Hungarian, French, and Crimean (Russian) wines were not in my hands, nor have I preserved any notes of those of Italy, at some of which I assisted.

The wines of Portugal and the Australian Colonies I shall undertake to classify, having been present at the examination of the largest part of their exhibits, and made notes concerning them. Having done the same with reference to the wines of Turkey, the Cape of Good Hope, and Spain, nearly all of which were examined while I was present, although the examination-in-chief devolved upon other hands, I feel competent to review the wines of the Old World in a comparison with those produced by the New.

In (Class 1) light white table-wines, Germany undoubtedly takes the lead, and preserves the position which, by general consent, has been conceded to it, although it must be admitted that some of the newer wine-raising countries begin to show very appreciable progress in supplying a demand which, so far, only the Rhine and its neighboring valleys have been able to meet. Some of the lighter white wines of France have frequently taken their place, so might for this purpose some of Italy's be called upon, or for a larger supply many from Hungary or other parts of the Austrian Empire, but their greatest competition will finally come from the vineyards of Australia, which surprised all by the variety and excellence of their exhibits in this and the following class. The Riesling, Chasselas, and Verdeilho grapes, wines of which were presented from the Beechwood, Geelong, Goulburn, Melbourne, and other districts, have retained that delicate flavor which distinguishes these above all other wine-grapes of their kinds, and have added to it a certain richness apparently very peculiar to the new and dry climate to which they have been transplanted. While a number of these samples had suffered from the long trans-

portation, and had been exposed too much to changes of temperature, the majority gave evident proof that the vine-growing interests of the Australian Colonies are in very experienced hands, and that their future success will justify the brightest hopes.

The United States rank next among the countries which have, in the last decade, devoted their attention successfully to wine-growing. Eleven States were represented,—California by nine exhibitors, with forty-eight varieties of still and sparkling, dry and sweet wines; Florida by two exhibitors of orange wine; Illinois by one, with four brands of grape wine; Indiana by one, with two brands; Iowa by one, with seven varieties; Michigan by three exhibitors of nine varieties; Missouri by two, presenting eight brands; New Jersey by four, exhibiting twenty-three kinds of wine; New York by three, presenting eighteen different brands; Ohio by four exhibitors of twenty-nine varieties; Pennsylvania by one, with four kinds. In all, there were thirty-two exhibitors of one hundred and fifty-four varieties and vintages.

The unfavorable condition of the premises at the disposition of the Judges for sampling these wines, put them to a very severe test.

Many varieties of imported, native, and hybrid grapes have been experimented with, but so far, in the Eastern and Middle States, the Catawba has outstripped all others as a favorite for white table-wine. The Delaware would precede it in quality but not in quantity. The Martha and Taylor, cultivated in Hermann, Missouri, furnished at least two other samples. In the Pacific States various native and foreign grapes produce well-estimated white table-wines; as the most successful among those exhibited may be mentioned the Cucomungo, cultivated at San Bernardino, the dry Muscatel, the Rose of Peru, and the Riesling, presented from San Francisco, and that composing the white wine of San José, New Almaden.

South America sent wines from her eastern and western shores. On the latter, Chili is represented by seventeen producers, exhibiting forty-five samples of various kinds of wines. The best white table-wines of those laid before us came from J. T. de Urmeneta, of Limache, and Chacra de Ochagavia, of Santiago. These wines were excellent in character and bouquet, really *süffig* (good to drink), as the Germans would say. They give a high idea of what wine-culture might produce on the Pacific slope of the Andes, under proper treatment and with superior knowledge.

From the Atlantic coast of South America, the Argentine Republic set before us one hundred and eleven different vintages, produced by fifty-eight exhibitors, most of which showed that good grapes, and

plenty of them, are undoubtedly raised in the valley of the La Plata, but that the art of wine-making is there still in its infancy. Many of the wines from this section arrived in a damaged condition, and a large part of those that might have been considered sound had a peculiar earthy flavor, which would make them unfit for the markets of the world. Still, some of the white wines exhibited by Francisco Alvarez, from Mallingasta, and Bonifacio Davila, from San Nicolas, of the Province of Rioja, also those of Hilario Lemaistre, of the Province of Mendoza, would stand well among the wines of this class from any country. Were the young wines of that country treated with the care and in such a manner as they are in Xeres and Madeira, or in Cette, they would prove no mean rivals to those coming from these places.

Some still white wines were exhibited from our northern neighbor, Canada, but not having been present at their examination, I can only allude to them here.

CLARETS.

France occupies in regard to light red table-wines the same position which Germany does in the line of hocks,—the front rank; and while, as I shall detail, other countries produce many valued wines of this class, hers still furnish the standard for all. Germany, Austria, Hungary, and especially Italy, presented samples entitled to high consideration in this respect, but the reports on these not being in my hands, I have to confine myself to this mention. Spain, among her many red wines, has some in her northern provinces, and particularly in the Val-de-Peñas, deserving to be classed with the best; and Portugal presented a number, which, by mildness and bouquet, as well as by cheapness, answer all reasonable demands.

The Burgundies, Pineau, and Hermitage, from several districts in Australia, exceeded all expectations.

In the United States, good dry red wines were presented from Buena Vista, Sonoma, and San Francisco, California, of the Zinfandel, and other grapes not named; from Hermann, Missouri, and Kelly's Island, Ohio, of the Clinton and Jones Seedling; and from Hammondsport, New York, and Middle Bass Island, Ohio, from the Norton's Virginia Seedling, the latter appearing to especial advantage. The Concord, manufactured into a light red wine in many places, recommends itself more by cheapness than by quality.

Among the clarets of Chili, those of Francisco Rojas, in Salamanca, B. Dupach, in Limache, and Campora Brothers, of Santiago, surpassed

the rest sufficiently in purity of taste and delicacy of flavor to allow a fair estimate of what might be attained there.

To the majority of the clarets of the Argentine Republic the same remarks are applicable as to their white wines, even in a higher degree. Most of the samples submitted were in bad condition, and had a disagreeable taste, but the Bordeaux of Miguel Pouyet, of the Province of Mendoza, and of José E. Doncel and Francisco M. Coll, of the Province of San Juan, proved that clarets can be produced in the Argentine Republic which will answer all reasonable expectations. In a general comparison of the wines exhibited by the two last-named countries, I might venture to say that the climate and soils of Chili seem to favor more the culture of grapes producing red wines, while on the east coast, in the Argentine Republic, especially in the Provinces of Rioja and Catamarca, white wines would succeed the best.

Of the following four classes of wines, the heavy or strong, white and red, dry and sweet, I may speak at the same time, as the same countries produce all four, and these characteristics are frequently blended in their wines.

Many of the best wines of Portugal, from which we had such a splendid selection, particularly those usually denominated port wines, from Porto, can neither be called red nor white, dry nor sweet; they are a happy union of all these qualities, and rank deservedly among the most delicious products of the vine.

As strong dry white wines, strictly speaking, those from the island of Madeira have no superiors in the world; and the Malvasia and Muscatel, from the same island, merit the same distinction among the sweet wines. The wines from Portugal seemed to be the only ones which gained in delicacy after the age of forty years. The wines from Xeres, Spain, excellent as they are, and as deserving of their high repute as any, fail to retain these fine traits in their old age, and become too *quinado* (tart). Among their younger vintages, we found many which would, in the condition in which they came for presentation, be unfit for foreign markets. Still, among the hundreds of Spanish wines from all parts of the realm which I examined, there was such a variety in kinds and qualities that every taste will find plenty there for its satisfaction, and the most minute investigation will assign the kingdom its accustomed place in the front rank of wine-producing countries.

The third star of first magnitude in this constellation is Italy. From the vineyards nestling in the southern slopes of the Alps to those on which Vesuvius and Mount Ætna shed their flames, there is such a diversity and continuance of wines, celebrated by the songs

of generations upon generations of poets, that it would be superfluous to add a word to their general praise. Those which I had the pleasure to assist in examining maintained, to a satisfactory degree, the good fame of their beautiful country.

The Russian wines, from the Crimea, were also judged, and should be reported upon, by others.

Two other wine-growing districts, famous for many years, had their representatives at our Centennial Exhibition, and it gives me pleasure to bear testimony here to the maintenance of their well-earned reputation. These are the wines from the islands of Samos and Cyprus, Macedonia, Broussa, and other parts of the Ottoman Empire, and those from the Cape of Good Hope, separated from the former by the length of an entire continent, but represented here by thirteen producers of twenty-six varieties of wine, in the majority as rich and delicate, and as varied in character, as could be gathered in any southern climate in the same number.

The United States introduced also some wines of a heavy character, but it is only to the Muscatel, the Angelica, and one of the ports from California that we can accord much praise.

FRUIT WINES.

Wines from other fruits than grapes were comparatively sparsely represented. From the United States only one good champagne cider, from Long Island, and one blackberry wine from New Jersey, came under my observation which deserved mention. There were also exhibited one elderberry wine, from Michigan, two currant wines, from Michigan and New Jersey, and one gooseberry wine from the latter State, neither of such quality as would recommend itself.

Florida furnished two samples of orange wine meriting an award.

I was not present at the examination of the Canadian exhibits in this line, but at those from the West Indies, Cuba, Jamaica, New Zealand, and Mexico I was, and can speak well of the orange wine from Cuba, less so of that from Jamaica, and quite well of the quince wine from Mexico.

But the best of all fruit wines presented were, beyond any doubt, those from James Smith, of Nelson, New Zealand, Australia, whose still hock made from gooseberries, apple wine, gooseberry blend, and gooseberry wine, plum blend, excelled all similar productions.

SPARKLING WINES.

The leading country in this class of wines is, and will be for a long

time to come, the one which has given them their name (Champagne), and whose wines are, for many reasons, the best adapted to their manufacture—France. Germany will of right claim the next place in this scale, and is entitled to it by the excellence of its sparkling Moselle, Rhine, and Main wines. Austria sent some sparkling wines from Styria. Italy exhibited seven different brands, but not having conducted the examinations into their special merits, I can only mention the satisfaction derived from having assisted at the tasting of a number of them. Spain exhibited from five factories in Reus, Gerona, and Barcelona *vino espumoso*, of which but one or two could pass muster satisfactorily. The only sample of sparkling wine produced by Portugal did not at all come up to the standard of their other wines. Chili sent from three houses five vintages of a natural champagne, called Chicha, which is not only very pleasant and delicate but also very cheap.

For an industry of but a few years' standing, the adaptability of which was largely experimental, the United States has taken great strides in the manufacture of sparkling wines. Ten firms exhibited thirty varieties, of which fourteen were found meritorious enough to warrant recommendation for awards to seven of their makers.

DISTILLED LIQUOR.

Of the numerous exhibits of distilled liquors of all kinds, from France, Portugal, Great Britain, Denmark, Russia, Holland, Belgium, and Switzerland, I cannot speak, not having been present at their examination. Those of Germany, Italy, and Turkey I assisted in examining, and had also the pleasure of participating in the examination of those of Mexico, the English Colonies, Chili, and the Argentine Republic. Part of those of Spain and Brazil I examined in chief, also those of Sweden and Norway.

Among the fifty-four varieties distilled by forty-three Spanish manufacturers, I found eleven of such excellence as to merit an award, and many others of careful and good distillation. Most all the popular styles of liquors were comprised in the selection offered, but the "Anisados" were the most frequent, and in richness and treatment very remarkable.

The same taste seems to prevail with the Scandinavians. The six exhibitors from Norway produced, among sixteen samples, some very finely-distilled aguavite of this kind. The "punch" of various flavorings, principally made of arrack, was also so well manufactured as to justify awards to four of the six distilleries above mentioned.

In Sweden the distilling of cordials appears also to rank quite high, twelve firms exhibiting twenty-two kinds, mostly punch, which were nearly all good, and five were so excellent as to merit awards. The spirits produced by Mobada Fabriks Bolag, from reindeer-moss, and the various modes of treatment in fermentation, were as interesting as the quality of the product presented was superior.

Last, though not least, of the European countries competing in this branch of industry, I have to mention Turkey, which presented some six peculiar and very fair liquors from Crete and Samos, also alcohol of great purity.

Of liquors from Mexico and from the English Colonies, we examined forty-three, mostly rum, from twenty-eight plantations in Jamaica, and grape-brandy from the Cape of Good Hope.

Australia sent from two distilleries in Melbourne and Ballarat, in Victoria, seven samples of spirits, whisky, and Geneva, which compared well with those from the mother-country, especially the last. South Australia was represented by three houses from Adelaide with fourteen liquors of current kinds, showing their preparation to good advantage. Queensland entered this field with four samples of rum from the same number of makers, of which one only excelled by a higher grade of distillation.

The greatest variety of liquors from different materials was presented by Brazil; but I examined only the plain liquors, those not cordialized. They came from thirty-nine factories, comprising sixty kinds, from the plain cane-spirit and rum to the finer Laranginha,—liquors distilled from plums, caju-fruit, honey, and grapes, gin, arrack, and alcohol, some of which were offered at surprisingly low prices. Ten of the distillers were recommended for awards.

From Chili we examined eighteen brands of liquor, manufactured by five distillers, of which four were of sufficient merit to entitle them to awards. The selection contained some Cognacs well worthy of consideration.

The Argentine Republic exhibited eighty-two kinds of spirits, prepared by forty-two manufacturers, among which were some distilled from bitter-oranges, cacao, and of oranges, sugar-cane, grapes, and in the style of Chartreuse, which would successfully compete with the best.

FRUIT-SYRUPS, JUICES, AND EXTRACTS.

Among exhibits not belonging to the wine and spirit section, but to the group in general, I examined the limited number of fruit-syrups and fruit-juices furnished from Germany, Turkey, Brazil, Chili,

the Argentine Republic, Australia, and the United States, and found only raspberry-syrups, and, in the tropical countries, lime-juice, of a quality to be specially recommended. The syrups of grapes from the Argentine Republic, the majority of which were examined by others, appeared to me very meritorious. In this whole range of fruit-extracts, the United States produced little that was not spurious, or imitation, and inferior; in proof of which might be mentioned the poor character of the so-called fruit-syrups which were palmed off on the public from the Centennial soda-water stands.

Fruit-jellies, soup, and extracts of meat, manufactured by seventeen firms in the United States, some having as large a selection as twelve different kinds, were also examined by me, and I had the pleasure to be able to report favorably on eleven of the number of exhibitors.

Ginger-ale, the manufacture of which has but lately been introduced into the United States, made its appearance in one sample, and I found it deserving favorable mention; also, extract of hops, of which I can say the same. Finally, I may mention as having reported on the result in detail on an examination of eleven exhibits of malt from the United States and six from Canada; also, four of hops from the former and seven from the latter country.

I have the honor to be respectfully yours,

GUIDO MARX.

Having no personal knowledge on the subject of liquors, beyond their chemical composition (and this is not admitted as a standard of excellence), I submit the foregoing report of Mr. Marx on his acknowledged reputation as an expert in such matters, and commend it as a fair statement of facts.

ITALIAN WINES.

BY G. F. SECCHI DI CASALI.

I have the honor to submit the following observations upon the wines of Italy, their production, and commercial value.

The vine (*Vitis vinifera*) is cultivated from one extremity of the Italian Peninsula to the other. In some provinces, situated principally on the slopes of the Alps, its cultivation is attended with but little success, and the same may be said of places where the inclination of the land is not sufficient to produce favorable results; there is not a province in Italy, however, which is not rendered attractive by the luxuriant growth of the vine.

On the plains of the northern provinces it has a vigorous, free, and

prosperous growth. Production is abundant on the hills of Monferato and Veronese, in Tuscany, Amelia, and in Central and Lower Italy, extending from the provinces of Rome as far as Trapani, in Sicily. Excellent wines are produced on the plains, but superior qualities of every denomination and grade, viz., dry, strong, sweet, of body and good color, of very low prices, are grown on the hill-sides.

Formerly the Italian wines were sent to the Levant, and, by means of the Venetian merchant marine, were scattered throughout the world. After the fall of Italy, however, with the general paralysis of commerce and industry, the cultivation of the vine ceased, and the art of wine-manufacture was neglected. In consequence of the improved condition of Italy, a few years later, more attention was paid to this important agricultural industry, and it was not long before Italian wines found their way to foreign marts. If they have not the fame of wines of other lands, the fact may be accounted for by reason of the Italians being as yet novices in the manufacture of wines; and in the course of time they may succeed in competing favorably with the producers of other nations, to whose long experience may be attributed their success.

Upon the slopes of the larger spurs of the Apennines and the Alps are produced wines which may be put in competition with the best wines of France, having not only the same qualities in point of taste, but the ready perfume. The fact is well known that in Lower Italy the preferred Spanish wines are excelled. The real fault to be found with Italian wines is in their commercial type; but the subject is being studied in Italy, and, through the united efforts of the scientists and producers, they will be enabled in the contests of the future to attain success over other nations for cheapness and stability. It may be seen that the exportation is already considerable by the following observations recently published in a report of the Minister of Agriculture, Commerce, and Industry of Italy:

During the years 1870-74 the exportation of Sicilian wines was estimated to be between 91,000 and 151,000 hectolitres; of the Neapolitan, between 65,000 and 80,000 hectolitres; of the wines of Piedmont, between 41,000 and 52,000 hectolitres; of Venetian wines, between 1000 and 10,000 hectolitres; of the wine of Tuscany, between 2000 and 13,000 hectolitres; of the Roman wine, between 1000 and 6000 hectolitres. The hectolitre equals about 26 gallons. The total annual production of Italy is nearly 28,000,000 of hectolitres, Italy ranking fourth among the wine-producing nations of Europe.

The greatest wine-producing provinces of Italy are the following, in diminishing order, viz.: Palermo, Alessandria, Florence, Trapani,

Teramo, Torino, Bari, Catania, and Venice. The smallest crops are obtained in the provinces of Livorno, Sondrio, and Grosseto. The area of lands in Italy devoted to grape-culture is estimated to be 1,870,109 hectares. The best crop, per hectare, is found in the provinces of Alessandria, Siracusa, Cuneo, Torino, Novara, Messina, Caltanissetta, Girgenti, and Crapani; the poorest crops being in the provinces of Treviso, Udine, Venice, Rovigo, and Arezzo.

Nearly all of these wines were represented at the Exhibition in Agricultural Hall, and many of them were highly praised and recommended for award by the Judges and experts of all nations.

The Italian agricultural section comprised 190 exhibitors of wines, who displayed samples of 350 different varieties. Particularly qualified for exportation, and deserving to be generally known as table-wines, are those of Verona,—white and red; the clarets of Baron Ricasoli, of Sienna, Tuscany; those of Don Gagliasso, of Masserano, Piedmont; of Cianfanelli, of Livorno; of Marquis Tanari, of Bologna; of Zeno dei Coronei, of Calabria; and the Sardinian wines of Marquis Villamarina. The quality called "Barolo," of the firm of Bosco & Ternavasio, the wines of Facciotti from Gattinara, those of the Societa Enologica Valtellinese, of Gianoli Bros., of Ghemme, Piedmont; some of those exhibited by the Societa Partanopea, and by Giuseppe Scala, of Naples; the wines shown by Barone Ricasoli, and Chianti, of Cianfanelli, in Tuscany, by Manissero Bros., by Ravinale d'Alba, and by Colorinatti, of Chieri, in the northern part of Italy, and other superior qualities, too numerous to be mentioned, should be included among the best productions of this industry. Some of their number are without a rival, such as the "Marsala," which is known in every part of the world, the "Lachrymæ Christi," and all other qualities of wine of the Vesuvius, the Barbuzzo di Calabria, the Guizano of Rome, the Capri,—white and red,—the Moscato of Siracusa, the Malvasia of Lipari, the Falerno, and the wines of Pompeii. Nor is there a lack of sparkling wines in Italy; some of which are produced from grapes in no way inferior to those from which champagnes are made in other countries. Victor Grand Perrin di Ozzano exhibited a delicious quality, and an award was unanimously decreed in his favor by the Judges.

The great work of gaining a reputation for wines abroad has only lately been inaugurated by the producers. Societies ought to be formed whose aim it should be to extend production, improve the cultivation of the vine and the systems of manufacture, and reduce the number of qualities to those which are most adapted for exportation. If those points are successfully carried, Italian producers

will derive a great benefit from their participation in the Exhibition, and their ends will be furthered by establishing an agency for the sale of Italian products in the United States.

At present the importation of Italian wines in the United States amounts to but little as compared with that of French wines, and has been limited until now to those qualities which were noted by Americans during their travels in Italy, or to which attention was called by Italians residing in the United States.

Nearly all Italian wines are fit for exportation, and will keep in any climate without requiring to be strengthened with alcohol. They are really worthy of recommendation, and their use in the United States would have the beneficial effect of reducing the use of alcoholic liquors. Wine does not depress the mind of man, but gives him energy and courage, and renders work a pleasure. Of course, it must be taken in moderation, and must be well made and free from all spurious substances. Then the wine has the property of strengthening the stomach, facilitating the digestion, favoring perspiration, reviving the prostrated strength and functions of body and soul, contrary to the effects of all other beverages, natural or artificial, as beer, cider, tea, coffee, and a vast number of others which exercise an evil influence on the constitution of man, and leave him in melancholy spirits.

During the Exhibition it was the desire of the Italian Enological Committee of Torino to test the judgment of the American people in regard to wine. The sampling in the room erected for that purpose in Agricultural Hall was attended with remarkable results. Samples were also distributed among the principal houses of Philadelphia, and numerous orders were received by the producers of wine in Italy.

Mr. A. M. Gianelli, General Agent of the Italian Executive Committee, has discussed the subject of Italian wines at considerable length in his report, and, feeling much interest in the matter, I also reported to Baron Alberto Blanc, Royal Commissioner, on the improvements essential to the successful development of this industry, with suggestions in reference to open trade with the United States.

BREADSTUFFS.

In the two lines of substantial food, bread and meat, the Exhibition made a good display. Nearly all the civilized nations of the earth had on exhibition the raw material of bread in the form of some of the cereals. While there was shown a considerable diversity in the same species of grain produced in different countries, under different climatic influence and modes of cultivation, yet the

general similarity maintained in the same species of grain from the extremes of the earth was surprising, and in a striking manner shows the tendency to resist modifying influences and preserve the unity of the species. The limits of this report will permit us to notice only a few of the peculiarities arising from local influences as they were observed in this section of our work.

Wheat from Southern Europe and from the south of the United States was noted for the small size and almost transparent flintiness of the grains, showing a large proportion of gluten and a relatively small amount of starch, thus specially adapting it to the manufacture of macaroni and other pastes. The wheat on exhibition from Canada, the northern and central parts of the United States, Russia, Germany, and the Scandinavian countries presented a larger grain, with a preponderance of starch in its composition, and yet showed a fair proportion of gluten in the cortical portion of the grain. The Pacific coast of the United States, the British Islands, and Australia exhibited a peculiar type of wheat. The grains were very large, light-colored, and comparatively soft, showing the great amount of starch in their make-up. These peculiarities mark the influence of cool, moist summers,—the effect of an oceanic climate. The difference between spring and winter wheat is well shown in the subjoined report of Mr. Walter S. Greene, who had charge of the examination of flour :

PROF. R. T. BROWN, *President Group IV., International Exhibition :*

SIR,—The Judges selected for the examination of flour beg leave to submit the following general report :

In the first place, we deemed the magnitude of the industry demanded the procurement of the most scientific experts to be obtained in this country. We therefore secured the aid of J. H. Herrick, Esq., of the New York Produce Exchange, and Daniel Lagen, of the Philadelphia Board of Trade, gentlemen recommended by the leading members of the exchanges as high-minded, honorable men, and among the very best judges of flour of their respective boards.

A room was assigned us in Agricultural Hall, where a good light was obtained and uniform samples of flour taken for examination. The flours were divided into six different classes, viz. :

WINTER WHEAT FLOURS.

1. Flour containing a large amount of gluten and little starch.
2. Flour possessing a large quantity of starch and little gluten.
3. Flour possessing about equal amounts of gluten and starch.

SPRING WHEAT FLOURS.

4. Flour containing a very large amount of gluten, made from purified middlings, and known as "Patent Flour."

5. Flour made from hard spring wheat in which the middlings are first taken out, purified, reground, and mixed with the flour produced on the first grinding.

6. We found a large quantity of flour where the kind of wheat used was uncertain and the method of manufacture unknown. We made a class of these flours, calling them "Family Flours," but not of the highest grade.

We adopted a standard in each class, in color and dressing, to which each sample must reach to entitle it to further examination. After getting together the different flours which were entitled to a further examination, we submitted each to a doughing, using the same quantity of water, in order to test the strength and color. None of the Judges or experts were to know whose flour was being examined, or the opinion of his associates, until all had marked their opinion of the sample under examination. These markings were then added together, and determined the excellence of the flour. By adopting this system we were enabled to pass an opinion based upon merit alone, entirely free from any prejudice as to countries, individuals, or methods of manufacture. There were about two hundred and seventy samples of flour upon exhibition, from the following-named countries, divided as follows:

United States	75	Portugal	37
Great Britain (embracing flour from Canada, Australia, New South Wales, Queensland, and Cape of Good Hope)	70	Russia	8
Sweden	12	Austria	9
Mexico	1	Argentine Republic	25
Spain	15	Chili	9
		Africa	2
		Netherlands	1

Of class 1, flour from winter wheat, possessing a large amount of gluten and little starch, the finest were from Missouri, Ohio, and the District of Columbia, in the United States, and Austria. Sweden also showed some excellent flour in this class.

In class 2, flour from winter wheat, possessing a large amount of starch and little gluten, there was a large representation, Sweden, Canada, and South Africa, and New York, Ohio, and Oregon, in the United States, standing foremost.

Of class 3, flour from winter wheat, possessing about equal quantities of gluten and starch, Chili, Portugal, Russia, Canada, Austria,

Spain, and the Cape of Good Hope, and Missouri, New York, and Pennsylvania, in the United States, were the most notable.

Of flour made from spring wheat, Canada and the State of Minnesota were about the only exhibitors. Minnesota stood pre-eminent in point of excellence of material and beauty of manufacture.

4. The flour made from the purified middlings of hard spring wheat was very fine, and the State of Minnesota had a large exhibit. This flour is both white and strong, possessing a large quantity of gluten. As a bread-making flour we consider it par best excellence, making the largest number of pounds of fine bread from a fixed number of pounds of flour, retaining its moisture a long time, and being very sweet and wholesome.

5. The exhibition of spring wheat straights was confined mainly to Canada and the State of Minnesota, those of the latter being far superior in color and strength.

Within the last six years there has been a marked improvement in milling in the United States, more especially in the manufacture of spring wheat flour. The finest flours made in the United States are now made from spring wheat. These fine grades are known as "Patents," and are made from the middlings of hard spring wheat. In former years the middlings made the darkest and least valuable flour, and the aim of all millers was to grind so as to make as little as possible. Now, since the introduction of the middling purifiers, the entire system of milling has been changed, and all millers are striving to produce the largest quantity of middlings possible. Slow grinding and smooth stones have taken the place of rapid grinding on rough-faced stones.

The introduction of the middlings purifier has been of great benefit to the Northwestern spring-wheat-producing States, placing their main product, spring wheat, in the foremost ranks of wheats, from which are made the finest grades of flour. During the last ten years the best inventive talent has been at work producing improved wheat-cleaning machines, smutters, separators, etc. Emery-machines for dressing millstones have been introduced with marked success. Middling purifiers have become a necessity, and are being manufactured largely and put into nearly all first-class flouring-mills.

Mammoth mills are being built in nearly all the States, and the manufacture of flour bids fair to become one of the leading industries of this country.

Respectfully your obedient servant,

WALTER S. GREENE.

INDIAN CORN.

The exhibit of Indian corn (maize) is proof of the almost universal distribution throughout the civilized world of that native American grain. The only conditions limiting its successful cultivation appear to be a mean summer temperature above 60° Fah., and a supply of moisture either by rain or by irrigation. These conditions being filled, almost any soil, by proper manuring, may be made to produce this cereal abundantly. A remarkable feature observed in the corn exhibit is the fact that Southern Europe, tropical America, and Australia showed, almost exclusively, the small "flint" varieties of corn peculiar to the New England States and Canada. The large ear and deep grain produced so abundantly in the Western and Southwestern States of this nation were scarcely seen in any exhibit from elsewhere. Excepting the British Islands and the Scandinavian nations, maize, or its products, were found everywhere in the Exhibition. The wide range of adaptation in this grain to different forms of food was finely exemplified in the several grades of corn-meal and flour as bread material, and the various forms of hominy, grits, corn, farina, and soft, or "roasting-ear" corn preserved by canning. In all climates where it can be grown Indian corn is the chief dependence in the production of pork.

OATS.

The northern latitudes of both continents exhibited a great variety of food materials manufactured from oats. This grain has long been an important element of cheap food for the peasantry of Northern Europe, but its introduction as an article of human food on this continent is of quite recent date. Oregon and Canada exhibited samples of oatmeal and grits that compared favorably with the Scotch and Irish oatmeals so widely known and admired. Fair samples of this grain grown in New England and Northern New York were exhibited, and several large establishments in the vicinity of New York City, and at other points in the Eastern States, are engaged in the preparation of oats for food. One mill at Portland, Oregon, is very extensively engaged in this manufacture, using exclusively home-grown grain. The general introduction of oats as a food material for the masses would be an important change in our national bill of fare. It is nutritious, easily digested, and withal quite as palatable as any other form of cheap food.

Rye and barley were on exhibition only in limited quantities, and formed by no means a prominent feature in the general grain exhibit.

RICE.

Rice, both from the American and Asiatic fields, was on exhibition, but the display was not in proportion to its importance in the food supply of the world.

STARCH.

Though but indirectly connected with this subject, it will be proper to notice here the large and beautiful display of starch on exhibition. This was chiefly manufactured in the United States, and made from the large porous-grained Indian corn so extensively grown in the Mississippi Valley. But few persons are aware of the extent of this manufacture in the United States. Many of the factories, both in the East and in the West, consume one thousand bushels of grain per day, and some even more. Starch is extensively used in the finishing of bleached and printed cotton and linen goods; and the domestic consumption of this article, which, but a few years ago, was supplied by home manufacture, is now furnished, almost exclusively, from the factories, the demand thus continuing equal to the supply, large as it is.

GRAIN.

We subjoin the following report from Colonel Bradford, who had charge of the examination of grains, etc.

TALLAHASSEE, FLORIDA, September 22, 1876.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit my memoranda of examinations made as chief of the section of Judges to whom was referred the subject of cereals, grasses, and forage plants. There were examined about 5220 exhibits of grain, including wheat, rye, oats, barley, buckwheat, corn, rice, and grasses, one-third of which were collective exhibits. In conducting the examination the following points were considered, viz.: weight, size, uniformity, truth or genuineness, and cleanliness of grain. For wheat, the standard of weight was taken at sixty-two pounds per bushel, and none of less weight was recommended, except from Portugal and the Netherlands. Those recommended from Portugal, although good in every other respect, were wanting in weight, sixty pounds per bushel being the standard used for them. This lightness is said to be due to an excess of lime in the soil. The Dutch wheats were also judged by a lower standard of weight, as they appeared to have been placed in glass jars in a damp condition; hence the swelling of the grain, and consequent shortness of weight. As a rule, the finest wheats were from some of the Western States, Canada, and Victoria, Australia. The grains from

these countries also show the great degree of perfection reached in machinery for separating and cleaning grain. The Spanish, Mexican, Egyptian, Turkish, and some of the Russian grains show a need for this machinery. Rye was about the same everywhere. Oats varied greatly in weight, viz., from twenty-eight to fifty-one pounds per bushel, the highest weights being from Canada and New Zealand. Barley, the production of which is extending rapidly, does not show a very decided difference in different localities, the principal difference being in the manner of cleaning. Indian corn was exhibited from several foreign countries and from nearly all of the United States, but none compared with that from the great corn-growing West, particularly the State of Iowa, which exhibited seventy-four varieties, some of which, on stalks seventeen feet high, yields, without manures or fertilizers of any kind, one hundred and twenty bushels per acre, and others yielding sixty-five bushels of matured corn per acre in ninety days from the time of planting.

Very respectfully,

JOHN BRADFORD.

PRESERVED MEAT.

Meat, preserved in several modes, was extensively exhibited. The ordinary forms of mess-beef and pork, packed in barrels, and preserved with brine, were exhibited by several packing-houses in the United States and Canada. Most of the samples examined manifested a high degree of skill in the business, and presented the meat in a perfect state of preservation, yet not so saturated with salt as to be unpalatable. Canvased hams from Canada, Cincinnati, and Baltimore were deserving of special mention for their excellent flavor, as well as for the neat and secure manner in which they were presented in the market. A great variety of fine cut-meats, in the form of sausages, on exhibition from Italy and Portugal, attracted general attention. These were chiefly made of pork, variously seasoned, and generally dried without smoke, and were put up in membranes, in packages of various forms and sizes. The method of preserving meat in a fresh condition, in vacuum cans, is extensively adopted, and, if we may judge from the specimens submitted to our inspection, is in the main successful. Roast beef, boiled corned beef, roast venison, lamb, and fowl were among the samples of canned meats examined, and most of them were found in excellent condition, even after long sea-voyages, to which many of them had been exposed. The United States, Canada, Russia, Sweden, and Norway were prominent as exhibitors in this important line of industry.

PRESERVED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Fruits preserved by canning were on exhibition in great abundance and variety. The discovery of the French chemist, François Appert, only about forty years ago, appears to have become known and adopted in all civilized countries. It possesses great advantage over every other method of keeping fruits and garden vegetables, from the fact that the peculiar flavor of the articles may be preserved for an indefinite period. Peaches, pears, plums, cherries, and the various forms of berries were prominent among the canned fruits exhibited. In the line of vegetables, preserved by the same process, green corn, peas, beans, and asparagus were exhibited in great abundance, and generally in a good state of preservation. Though these goods, both fruits and garden vegetables, were very generally exhibited, yet the United States and France evidently led the exhibition in this line.

Fruits preserved in sugar were exhibited in great variety and perfection. In this department of fruit confectionery, France and Italy excelled, both in beauty and variety of products, though the exhibits of several other countries were very creditable. In dried fruits the exhibition was quite limited in quantity, the canning process having largely superseded it. Several samples, however, of apples, peaches, and pears, dried by the Alden process, were on exhibition and attracted much attention. The fruit appeared to have undergone but little change in the drying process, except the loss of water. Raisins from California were exhibited which, for size of berry and fine flavor, compared favorably with the best productions of foreign vineyards.

Class 623, embracing tea, coffee, and tobacco, was added to the work originally assigned to Group IV. some weeks after we had commenced our labors.

TEA.

The exhibit of tea was not large either in quantity or variety, and was almost exclusively the production of Japan, China, and Brazil. Japan exhibited several very fine samples of pure tea-leaves, without coloring or dressing of any kind, which were, with good reason, very highly commended. The Chinese teas were finely-prepared samples of the familiar varieties of green and black tea. The Brazilian tea was from a native plant, the *Maté Paraguaiensis*, the leaves of which were pulverized and put in small tin boxes. The taste and odor of maté very much resemble those of the Chinese plant, and in chemical composition the resemblance is even more marked. It is a

curious fact that the natives used a decoction of maté as a diet drink before the continent was visited by Europeans.

COFFEE.

A few samples of coffee were exhibited by several tropical countries, but the principal exhibit in this line was from Brazil. This great tropical empire furnishes nearly half the coffee of commerce, though it is but little more than a century since the coffee-plant was introduced. The great variety and excellent quality of the specimens of coffee in the Brazilian exhibit astonished many experts who examined them. The popular opinion that the Brazilian coffees are of a low grade was very emphatically contradicted by the coffee presented to us for examination. I learned from good authority, however, that the fine specimens exhibited in Agricultural Hall were but fair samples of a large amount of coffee annually exported from Brazil and sold in the markets under more popular names. The samples of unhulled coffee in the Liberia exhibit, together with the process of hulling, and the machinery for that purpose, which was in operation much of the time, attracted the attention of many visitors. The coffee itself was remarkable for the large size and fine flavor of the berries. The samples exhibited give hopeful promise that, with proper skill and industry, coffee may become a source of great wealth to the infant republic of Western Africa. The adaptation of climate and soil to this production is indicated in the fact that the coffee-plant is native to the highlands in the rear of Liberia.

TOBACCO.

Tobacco was exhibited in a variety of forms, and in great profusion. General Imboden, who was transferred from Group XV. to assist in the examination of tobacco, had charge of the work, and submits the following report of the labors of his section:

UNITED STATES CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION, 1876.

PROFESSOR RYLAND T. BROWN, *Chairman Group IV.*

SIR,—Having been assigned by order of the Chief of the Bureau of Awards from Group XV. to Group IV. to assist specially in the examination of the tobacco in the Exhibition, I have the honor to report that on the 27th of June the Committee of Group IV. designated to co-operate with me in this special department entered upon the active discharge of their duties, and have been constantly and diligently at work ever since. Herewith you will find the special report in every

case wherein the Committee deemed the exhibit worthy of the Centennial medal. Where an exhibit fell below the standard fixed by the Committee it has been passed by without comment.

The tobacco exhibits examined by the Committee were exceedingly interesting. They showed the wide-spread cultivation of this article of perhaps mere luxury, from the tropics to the fifty-fifth parallel of latitude, and the Committee have noted with interest the effects of climate, soil, elevation above the sea-level, modes of culture and of curing, in modifying the growth and qualities of a plant essentially the same in its leading characteristics, but which, under these modifying influences, presents now widely-distinctive varieties and striking peculiarities, which enable the expert to discover in the sample its geographical origin with the unerring certainty of the anatomist in assigning any single bone shown to him its proper place, genus, and species in the animal kingdom. The taste of tobacco-consumers in chewing, smoking, and snuffing, is as widely distinctive in the world as the varieties in the crop; and the manifold forms of manufacture have conformed to these diverse tastes in the treatment of the commodity from the fields of its growth to its final preparation for the consumer. It will be readily understood that under these circumstances the duties of the Committee were arduous, delicate, and often difficult, as they could adopt no invariable standard as a test of excellence all the world over, for no such standard would have been universally applicable. The Committee, therefore, were guided to their conclusions in regard to individual and governmental exhibits by ascertaining the place of consumption of the article under examination, and determining its comparative excellence by the standard of taste prevailing there; and so treating it as in competition chiefly under that standard. That this was the only practicable mode of doing justice will be apparent from an enumeration of the countries exhibiting tobacco and machinery and appliances used in its manufacture. They are the United States, Spain and her possessions, Cuba, and the Philippine Islands, Russia, Brazil, Germany, the Netherlands, Japan, Canada, the Argentine Republic, New South Wales, Jamaica, Cape of Good Hope, Queensland, Switzerland, Belgium, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, Chili, Norway, Portugal, Mexico, and England. From many of these countries the exhibits were numerous, including tobacco in the leaf, in bulk, plug for chewing and smoking, cigars of all grades and classes, cigarettes in many forms, straight cut, curly cut, perique cut and granulated for cigarettes, fine cut for chewing, etc. Some idea of the commercial importance of tobacco-culture may be formed from the simple fact that the United States for the fiscal year ending

the 30th of June, 1874, derived a revenue of \$6,150,060.41, gold, in duties paid on imported tobacco, cigars, snuff, etc., and \$33,242,875.62, currency, from internal taxation, making a total income to the National Treasury of \$39,392,936.03 in a single year from tobacco.

Respectfully submitted,
JOHN D. IMBODEN.

CHEESE AND BUTTER.

The summer exhibit of cheese and butter was made under very unfavorable circumstances, the intense heat rendering it almost impossible to present either article in a fit condition to be examined.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable temperature, Western and Northern New York and Canada made a very creditable exhibit of cheese and some very fine specimens of butter. A special exhibit of dairy-products having been announced for the month of October, it is fair to presume that most of the dairies and cheese-factories of the United States and Canada postponed their exhibits until that time. The production of butter and cheese on the co-operative or factory principle is rapidly growing into favor in this country, and it is to be hoped that it will gain a new impulse from the Centennial Exhibition.

Italy and the Netherlands had on exhibition several varieties of cheese peculiar to those countries. The Italian cheese especially presented great diversity in form, flavor, and price. Some of the samples were five years old, and yet comparatively mild and finely flavored. The Dutch cheese fully maintained their high reputation for excellence.

BAKING-POWDERS.

Among the great variety of methods and appliances for preparing food which were exhibited in Agricultural Hall, the special points of attraction were the display of baking-powders and the methods of using them, exhibited in practical operation by the Royal Baking-Powder Company and the Rumford Chemical Works. Hecker's exhibit of self-raising flour, with the great variety of bread, cakes, etc., produced therefrom, and the process of production, drew a constant crowd of interested spectators. These small conveniences constitute an important link in the chain of our material progress.

TEA EXHIBITED BY THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT.

BY JOHN H. CATHERWOOD.

One of the most interesting and instructive exhibits of the Empire of China, and perhaps the most valuable, because representing a principal export of that kingdom, was the unique and exhaustive exhibit of the various kinds and qualities of tea produced in the different districts. For many years very little, comparatively, was known by the outside world of the cultivation of the tea-plant, and of the preparation of its leaves for use and export; but owing to the increased privileges recently granted to foreigners by the Government, giving access to many parts of the country which had previously been sealed to their presence and observation, a great and growing interest has developed in regard to the cultivation and preparation of tea. This interest has been materially heightened of late by the rapidly-increasing addition to the world's supply of tea contributed by the Empire of Japan, which, before 1856, exported hardly sufficient to attract notice, but is now adding to the supply for consumption in the United States some 25,000,000 pounds annually. This large quantity, coming as it does more and more into competition with the teas grown in China, has naturally had great influence upon the trade, and has caused those engaged in it here to note very carefully the changes that have arisen and that are likely to occur in the future of our tea-trade with China. The opening of new ports to foreign commerce under the late treaty with England must, in the future, necessarily create an additional interest also in the trade in teas.

Canton and Shanghai were for a long period the principal export ports through which tea found the foreign markets, but the opening to foreign commerce of the ports of Foochow and Amoy to a large extent diverted the supply of black teas which had previously found their way to foreign markets through Canton; and as they also drained a portion of the country that had not previously contributed to the export trade, they thereby increased the supply for foreign consumption. Formosa, being contiguous to Amoy, finds an outlet for her surplus crop of tea through that port, and is now giving to the world an increasing quantity of delightful tea, the popularity of which is growing rapidly, and most of which finds a ready market in the United States. Shanghai, as for years past, is almost exclusively the port of shipment for green tea; and it is a noticeable fact that the character of the green teas shipped from that port to the United States has been remarkably uniform, while the character of the black teas of

China, particularly of Oolongs, has varied considerably, owing doubtless to the difference in preparation necessary to suit the altered distances from places of growth to the present ports of export,—Amoy and Foochow. There is also a noticeable change recently in the character of the Oolongs of Formosa, which exhibit a decided improvement in quality over the earlier shipments from that country.

In taking up in detail for examination the exhibits of tea from the several districts, the following features or peculiarities are noted: The samples of green teas from the Moyune district displayed the traditional reputation for superior character which the teas from this section have always maintained, to wit, rich, bright, delicate liquor, of choice flavor, which features accord to them the most attractive qualities of all the green teas. The green teas from the Taeping, Ping-suey, or even the Teenkai districts, are far less attractive in the cup, although generally superior in make of leaf. We have, however, recently been receiving some excellent teas from the Teenkai district, which have, in consequence of the care taken in their preparation, become quite popular in this country, and bear favorable comparison with those from the Moyune district.

The samples of Ping-suey teas were a fine display of the teas of that district, being of handsome style and color, and of better than ordinary liquor. We fail, however, to anticipate an increasing demand for these kinds in this country, since, owing to the abundance and cheapness of Japan teas, their use is apparently being supplanted by the latter.

The samples of Congous from the Oopack and Ningchow districts were capital specimens of these descriptions, and the demand in America for the latter kind seems to be increasing. We have no doubt that, owing to their superior qualities, they will steadily grow in favor here, and become, in time, as popular as they are in the Russian markets.

The specimens of Canton teas were very varied and interesting. The Scented Capers from the Loting and Saigon districts, and the long- and short-leaf Pekoes from the Suhing, Chunchow, and Tayshan districts, are excellent samples, and although these teas have a large sale in England they are comparatively little known or used by Americans. There would seem to be no good reason, however, why, in time, when their usefulness for mixing purposes is more generally understood, they should not become quite as popular here as they are in Great Britain. The sample of Kooloo Pekoe was of exceedingly attractive quality and particularly interesting, as such tea has not been previously known in the markets of the United States.

The Oolong teas from Amoy (of which the exhibit contained some fine samples) at one time bade fair, in consequence of the color of the leaf, their freedom from dust, and the strength of liquor, to become very popular with our Oolong tea-drinkers, their great body or strength particularly adding to their value. The demand for them has, however, been somewhat checked within the last few years by the pernicious habit of mixing inferior or Ankoi leaf with the true leaf. The Congou teas from this port were represented by some excellent specimens, but Amoy Congous have found but little favor in America, in consequence of their generally coarse and burnt flavor; there were, however, a few really good samples of Amoy Congous in the exhibit, and were we to receive these better kinds they would doubtless be esteemed.

Samples Nos. 55 and 57 represented the black teas from Tokow. These descriptions were a novelty in America, and the specimens proved to be very attractive. No. 57 was particularly fine in flavor, and not unlike some of the choice high district Pouchongs that are so much esteemed in some markets. These teas appear to be lacking only in one feature to render them very popular here, which they undoubtedly would be if the leaf was made more attractive. The leaf is too open to suit the fastidious tastes of American buyers.

The exhibits of tea from Ningpo did not display the good qualities called for by American tea-drinkers; they are too inferior both in make of leaf and in liquor to find patrons here, but the specimens were unquestionably interesting as representing what appears to be the commonest class of China teas.

The specimens from Foochow were very complete, embracing all the grades of what has been, until quite recently, the most highly prized of the black teas used in this country. It is greatly to be regretted, however, that, in consequence of the system that prevailed a few years back of mixing large quantities of dust with the leaf, they have been much ignored, and their use to a great extent supplanted by Formosa and Amoy teas, in consequence of the comparative absence in these of this very objectionable feature. An improvement in the preparation of Oolongs from Foochow has taken place recently, and will have to be critically observed by the producers in the future to re-establish their popularity.

The specimens from Swatow were very complete and attractive, and indicate that Oolong teas particularly will find a natural outlet through that port, and admit of an improvement in quality in consequence of their reaching the seaboard by a shorter route (viâ the lower watershed of the Fokien Hills) than they now have to traverse in order to

reach Foochow or Amoy. We see no good reason, therefore, why Swatow should not at an early day become the principal export port for Oolong teas.

We now come to the exhibits of the several descriptions that have attracted most attention, and with which we close our report, namely, the Brick teas. The export of these teas seems to have been almost exclusively confined to the Russian markets, and even specimens of them have but rarely been met with in this country, in consequence of which these samples have received much attention, and been rated as great curiosities. The samples comprised several grades, from choice tea to apparently very common; and while the better kinds would doubtless prove attractive to our tea-drinkers, yet it is very problematical if they would become generally popular here, since Americans exact, even in articles of food, features that attract the eye, as well as those that please the palate.

Another sample of tea that is classed by our people as curious was the "Basket tea;" this tea finds some sale in the San Francisco market, but its use there appears to be confined principally to the Chinese population of the place. Some little of this kind has found its way to the Eastern markets of the country, but it does not appear to gain favor.

Taking China's tea exhibit as the representation of a great and growing trade, and in view of the commercial importance attaching thereto, it has justly claimed its share of attention among the many strange, beautiful, instructive, useful, and curious products of the world so lavishly displayed in the Exhibition.

DAIRY-PRODUCTS.

BY L. B. ARNOLD.

The great susceptibility of dairy-products, especially butter, to the influence of heat and atmospheric agencies, rendered special preparation for their care while on exhibition a matter of necessity. This work was assumed by the dairymen of the country, under the auspices of the American Dairymen's Association. At the annual convention of that Association held at Rome, New York, in January, 1876, eight hundred dollars was subscribed by the members of the Association to begin the work with, and a committee was appointed to prosecute the work to the end.

Money was raised by private subscription in New York, Vermont, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, and in New York by legislative enactment;

and a model butter and cheese factory, with ample rooms for the display of butter and cheese, and a complete outfit of apparatus necessary to the manufacture of both butter and cheese were erected, at a cost of ten thousand dollars. Of this sum two thousand dollars was contributed by the Canadian Government.

This structure, which was located just east of Agricultural Hall, was one hundred and fifteen by thirty-six feet on the ground, with its longest dimensions lying north and south. On the east side at either end were annexes, sixty-four by thirty feet, extending parallel to each other, giving to the ground-plan something of the form of the letter U. The lower floor of the northern annex was set apart for the exclusive use of dairy-products from Canada, and it was occupied during the entire season with relays of Canadian cheese. The lower floor of the south annex was devoted to cheese from the United States.

A room about twenty-six feet square was partitioned off from either end of the main structure,—that on the south end for fancy and foreign cheese, and the one on the north end for butter. The centre of the building between these two rooms was occupied with two apartments for the display of dairy apparatus. The butter and cheese display-rooms were all fitted with appropriate shelving, and the room for butter was supplied with the necessary means of refrigeration. Against my protest, and, as it proved in the end, much to the detriment of the display of cheese, this necessary precaution against extreme heat was left out of the rooms in which factory cheese was to be shown. Though no positive injury necessarily resulted to the cheese placed in them from this omission, yet in the hottest part of the summer the temperature in these rooms could not, without refrigeration, be prevented from becoming too high to allow of keeping cheese in them for more than a short time without hurrying it to premature ripeness, and consequently to a depreciation of value.

The danger and cost of transporting cheese in small quantities over long distances by rail, and of carting it to and from the Dairy Building, were too great for dairymen to afford to make the frequent relays of cheese necessary to keep up a continual show. The defect in refrigeration worked a double disadvantage. It caused discouragement of exhibits, and the result was that the cheese display-room for the United States was nearly empty during the months of July and August. The display of butter met with a similar misfortune. At the opening of the special display of dairy-products in the last days of June, the authorities having immediate charge of this department omitted to make a requisition for ice till the moment it was wanted. The extremely hot weather which occurred just at that time so

increased the consumption of ice that the Supply Department failed to meet the full demands of the enlarged orders, and the butter-room had to wait its turn, and some eight or ten days elapsed before the requisition for ice for its use was responded to. The consequence was that the butter had to be exhibited and tested while in an unfavorable condition, and hurried out of the building to prevent further injury. The uncertainty of proper care for their goods, and the danger of transporting them in hot weather, so discouraged exhibitors that no more butter was shown till cool weather in the fall.

In other respects the model factory was well built,—better, indeed, than most of the factories through the country in which cheese is kept in hot weather. It was two stories high, neatly clapboarded and painted outside and lathed and plastered inside, with casings painted and floors laid with matched boards. The walls and partitions inclosing the display-rooms were so liberally glazed as to give an almost unobstructed view of the goods on exhibition without exposing them to the interference of visitors or contamination from the outside air. A hall, eight feet wide, on the west side protected visitors from the weather and the rooms within from the heat of the sun. For all other sides there was a similar protection by verandas. A part of the upper story was occupied with rooms for officers and committees, a part with a cheap lunch-room for dairymen and others, which proved to be a needed and valuable auxiliary to the department, leaving about one-third of the upper part without any special use.

This building was designed to contain all the dairy-products which should be offered for exhibition; but it did not receive them all. It was not ready for use till about the middle of June, when most of the foreign exhibits had arrived and found the best place they could in Agricultural Hall or elsewhere, and were not afterwards moved to the Dairy Building.

The display of products connected with the Dairy, which were submitted to the Judges of Group IV. for examination, comprised butter, cheese, condensed and preserved milk, butter- and cheese-coloring, preserved rennets, and rennet extracts.

Of butter there was shown a total of 291 packages, having a total weight of 9150 pounds. Of this there were from the United States 226 packages, weighing 7051 pounds; from Canada 23 packages, weighing 1749 pounds; and from other countries 42 packages, estimated at 350 pounds.

This amount was presented in 149 exhibits, of which 123 were from the United States, 16 from Canada, and 10 from other countries, in-

cluding Portugal, the Argentine Republic, Brazil, Netherlands, Germany, Italy, and Denmark.

Butter was furnished by the different States as follows: New York, 48 exhibits; Iowa, 29; Wisconsin, 18; Pennsylvania, 16; Illinois, 7; Ohio, 2; Vermont, 2; Massachusetts, 1.

There were 31 awards for exhibitions of butter recommended by the Committee with which I was connected: 22 for the United States 5 for Canada, and 1 each for Portugal, Netherlands, Germany, and Denmark. Awards in the several States were distributed as follows: In New York, Wisconsin, and Illinois, 5 each; in Pennsylvania and Iowa, 3 each; in Massachusetts, 1.

The display of cheese was much larger than that of butter. From the statistics at my command it appears that there were exhibited at the Dairy Building and on the grounds 2086 packages of cheese, weighing over 55½ tons. These were presented in 407 exhibits. There were from the United States 1018 packages, weighing over 26 tons; from Canada 1003 packages, weighing 29 tons; and from other countries 65 packages, estimated at 500 pounds. These were from Portugal, the Argentine Republic, the Netherlands, Brazil, Victoria, Italy, Norway, Turkey, France, and England.

Cheese was offered from the different States as follows: From New York, 627 boxes; Wisconsin, 284; Pennsylvania, 55; Ohio, 48; and Connecticut, 4.

The cheese from foreign countries were generally of small size. They embraced samples of Stilton, Roquefort, Edam, and small cheeses from the milk of goats and ewes. Some of these were made as far back as 1872, and were still in an excellent state of preservation, and were rich, clean flavored, and palatable. Samples from Portugal were presented made in all the years from 1872 to 1875, inclusive, some of which were very fine and well preserved, and others much out of flavor.

Cheese from the United States and Canada were mostly the products of factories. Few of dairy make were presented from either country.

Over 100 awards were recommended for exhibits of cheese. Of these, 45 were for exhibits from the United States, and were distributed among the States in the following order: New York 21, Wisconsin 20, Pennsylvania 3, and Ohio 1. The recommendations for Canada were 49, and the remainder were for other foreign countries.

In the usual course pursued by judges at county and State fairs, of "lumping" at the merit of samples of dairy goods without any analysis or precise record of qualities, and carrying the degree of merit in the mind of the inspector from one to another through a long series

of samples, confusion and difficulty have often occurred, and the effort to secure even an approximation to accuracy has been a tedious work, especially where the goods were to be classified into several grades. The anticipation of a similar difficulty at Philadelphia having been several times expressed, and the query often raised as to how the Judges could, with any sort of accuracy, distinguish between the large number of samples, so very nearly alike, not only in appearance but in actual merit, as were these presented to the International Judges for examination, a brief statement of the mode of judging adopted, by which all confusion and inaccuracy were avoided and the labor greatly facilitated, seems appropriate.

At the suggestion of the Chief of the Agricultural Bureau a scale of points was prepared for both butter and cheese, to be rated by numbers, the sum of whose numerical values should, in each case, be 100 when the samples were in all respects perfect. These scales were each divided into six points, and a value given to each point according to its importance in making up a perfect sample. To make it easy for the Judges, the points were arranged in order, and a definition or description of the items which were most prominent in making up the positive qualities in each point was placed against it, and directly opposite this was a definition of the chief negative qualities which enter into defective samples.

Strictly speaking, two points cover all there is to either butter or cheese. One of these depends upon the peculiarities derived from the milk used, the other depends on manufacture. But for greater distinctness and ease in estimating, the most prominent and clearly-recognized results derived from manufacturing were divided into different points. The scales of points, with their positive and negative definitions, were as below :

SCALE OF POINTS FOR JUDGING BUTTER ON A BASIS OF A TOTAL OF 100 AS PERFECTION.

Definition of Positive Qualities.

Flavor 25.—Agreeable, clean, nutty, aromatic, sweet, pure, distinct, and full.

Keeping Quality 20.—Inclined to slow changing, indicative of stability in retaining good qualities.

Solidity 10.—Stiffness of body, firmness, not easily melting or becoming soft.

Texture 15.—Compactness, closeness of grain, breaking with a distinct fracture like cast-iron, fat-globules unbroken and perfect, sticking little to trier.

Definition of Negative Qualities.

Strong, rancid, tallowy, cheesy, bitter, stale, insipid, too salt, too fresh.

Early loss of good qualities and assumption of bad ones, indicating rapid change.

Softness of body, unable to stand firm, easily melting or becoming soft.

Openness of grain, salvy, greasy, sticking to trier or knife in cutting, pasty, not breaking with distinct fracture.

Definition of Positive Qualities.

Color 15.—Pleasing, natural, not appearing artificial, bright, even.

Make 15.—Includes all not included under other points, as cleanliness, perfect separation of buttermilk, proper handling of milk and butter, as churning, working, salting, skillful packing, etc.

Definition of Negative Qualities.

Excessively deep or pale, appearing artificial, dull, uneven.

Uncleanliness, imperfect churning, or at bad temperature, uneven working, salting, bad or messy handling, packing or moulding, etc.

SCALE OF POINTS FOR JUDGING CHEESE ON A BASIS OF A TOTAL OF 100 AS PERFECTION.

Definition of Positive Qualities.

Flavor 25.—Agreeable, nutty, buttery, fine and full.

Keeping 15.—Preservation, inclination to slow changing, retention of good qualities.

Quality 20.—Mellow, salvy, pasty, flaky, stocky, rich, soluble, melting on the tongue.

Texture 15.—Solid, close, firm, compact.

Color 10.—Pleasing, natural; not appearing artificial, even.

Make 15.—Includes all not included under other points, as use of rennet, proper manipulation, ripening curd, salting, pressing, curing, perfect rind, cleanliness, etc.

Definition of Negative Qualities.

Off flavor, strong, tainted, sour, bitter, rancid, vapid.

Rapid decay, early loss of good qualities; soon taking on bad ones, inclined to rapid changing.

Tough, leathery, curdy, sticky, dry, crumbly, insoluble, not melting on the tongue.

Porous, spongy, loose, weak.

Excessively deep or pale, unnatural, uneven.

Improper use of rennet, uneven heating, handling, and ripening curd, bad salting, bad curing, imperfect rind, cracks, skippers, uncleanliness, etc.

In accordance with a scale prepared as below, the Judges could place opposite the points respectively such numbers as, in their judgment, indicated the merits of the particular exhibit under examination. I copy from my note-book a few analyses of butter for illustration :

PERFECTION.	No. in Catalogue . . .	24	20	33	17
	No. Examined . . .	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.
25	Flavor	21	25	23	17
20	Keeping	17	20	19	18
10	Solidity	8	9	8	8
15	Texture	14	14	13	11
15	Color	15	15	13	13
15	Make	14	15	14	13
100	Totals	89	98	90	80

A comparison of results shows at a glance the per cent. of perfection and comparative merit of each sample, according to the judgment of the examiner. But it was not found necessary to go through this formality with every sample. After a little experience the operator was able to estimate the per cent. of perfection with much accuracy, and to set it down at once. This was done with a short description

of the exhibit following the Catalogue number. Thus, in the examination of butter:

"No. 275. 1 firkin, June make, fine, nutty flavor, well preserved, pretty salt, bottom slightly changed from contact with wood . . . 90

"No. 314. Three 55-pound pails; best yet seen . . . 100."

These descriptions and numbers, following the Catalogue numbers, enabled the Judges to see exactly, upon looking over their minutes, just what opinion they had formed from the examination of each exhibit, and saved them the necessity of carrying qualities in their minds. Where very close discriminations were required, as in United States butter and Canadian cheese, where special prizes were to be awarded, the packages rated the highest—those which would stand any chance in the competition—were re-examined next day, in the morning, while we were fresh and our tastes in the best condition. In this way any error or misjudgment which might occur from fatigue or confusion of taste would be readily corrected. But it was very rare that the record of our first examinations required to be changed by a second one.

The exhibits were known only by their numbers, and ownership and place of derivation were kept out of sight as far as possible, the Judges desiring to follow absolutely nothing but quality of exhibits in making their discriminations. From first to last they have constantly aimed at fairness and accuracy. If they have made mistakes, they have done nothing more than those who have preceded them in such labors; but they console themselves with the consciousness that they have endeavored to do right, and flatter themselves that in no department of the International Exhibition have awards been more carefully or justly made than in the department of the Dairy.

The few samples of condensed and preserved milk were examined with much interest, as they afforded an evidence of the triumph of science and art in successfully counteracting the very perishable tendency of milk in its natural condition, and giving it, both as a luxury and a necessity, a broader use in the food of nations. The specimens shown were of various ages, but all well preserved, sweet, palatable, and in every way suitable for use, the natural properties of the milk being unchanged.

According to a paper by Professor E. N. Horsford, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, read at the recent meeting of the American Dairy-men's Association, in Judges' Hall, and which will appear in the twelfth annual report of that Association, it is just a half-century since the efforts at condensing and preserving milk, in the mode now in use, began. The following salient points in the history of condensed

milk are gathered from the paper referred to. The work commenced with A. A. Malbec, of Paris, in 1826, who condensed milk with a water-bath, using sugar to preserve it. Four years later Braconnet preserved the casein of milk after separating it from the whey, and prepared it for use in a liquid form as a substitute for milk. In 1835, William Newton patented a process, in England, for the condensation of milk in vacuo, and preserving it by the addition of sugar. He also patented a method of condensing milk by passing currents of air rapidly over it. He was not very successful by either method, as is evident from the variety of patents which followed. As late as 1847 a patent was issued in France for condensing milk in open, shallow vessels in a water- or steam-bath, with constant stirring and the addition of sugar. In none of these processes was the proportion of sugar definite, nor the temperature reduced very far below boiling.

In 1849, Professor Horsford, of Massachusetts, determined, in his laboratory, the precise proportion of sugar necessary to perfect preservation and the necessity of condensing at a lower temperature than had been previously used. He turned over his advance to his assistant (Mr. Dalson), who took out a patent in the United States for further improvements in 1854. Dalson gave to preserved milk some character for commercial importance. In connection with the Messrs. Blatchford & Co., of New York, he, in 1856, prepared six hundred pounds of dry solid milk for the use of Dr. Kane in his Arctic exploring expedition, which sailed in that year, and during which it proved of great value in preserving the health of the crew. A sample of this dry solid furnished for Dr. Kane, preserved by loosely wrapping in paper, was shown to the Judges and at the meeting of the American Dairymen's Association, and, although twenty years old, was sound and sweet.

To Gail Borden, of New York, was issued a patent, in 1856, for the condensation of milk in vacuo without the addition of sugar, which was sold for immediate use. Afterwards he added sugar, and preserved the condensed milk for long keeping by sealing it in air-tight boxes of tin. Although all that was essential to success had been patented before him, Mr. Borden evidently made a much better use of the developments which had been made than any of his predecessors, as he was the first to make a commercial success of the condensation and preservation of milk. No important advance has been made since the time of Borden, the modes he adopted being now in general use both in America and Europe.

One more advance in this art is much needed to give it greater

utility. I allude to the necessity of some mode by which milk can be condensed in smaller quantities without increasing the cost. In view of the great value of milk as human food, its perfect nutritive qualities, its wholesome effects, its agreeable flavor, and the low cost and great extent to which it can be produced, any means which would aid in giving it a more extended use must prove of great value not only to dairymen, but to the general public. But with the present means of condensing, preserved milk now forms an important item in the dairy interest on either continent.

Some fine samples of cheese-coloring were exhibited, but nothing important in this line was developed. The same may be said of preserved rennets. In butter-coloring a comparatively new product was presented from Copenhagen, Denmark. It consisted of extract of annotta, prepared in oil, thus avoiding the use of an alkaline solvent in the preparation of the coloring matter, an agent which is regarded as injuring the texture and keeping of butter.

There was also shown from the same place an improved extract of rennet, free from flavor or odor, of greatly concentrated and uniform strength. These are regarded as valuable improvements in the art of dairying, and it is gratifying to know that both preparations are now coming into use in the United States.

The annual production of butter in the United States is now estimated to be about 710,000,000 pounds, of which the fraction exhibited at Philadelphia is but a hundred-thousandth part. Yet, small as it is, it appears, by reference to the catalogues, that it is larger in proportion to the amount produced than the exhibits of any other agricultural product from our own country, unless perhaps we except tobacco. Since the per cent. exhibited is in excess of other agricultural products shown by the United States, the show even of butter, which was in much smaller quantity than of cheese, cannot, so far as quantity is concerned, be regarded as a failure.

The quality of butter shown has given a good indication of the progress which is being made in its manufacture, and has afforded some valuable lessons. I will only allude to one or two. With the exception of Canada, the butter from foreign countries came to us from long distances. It was necessarily made a long time in advance of its exhibition and test by the Judges. The greater part of it was unsalted, and to such as received salt at all it was applied very sparingly, yet some of these samples were in a fine state of preservation and not at all rancid.

One of the samples from Denmark had been exhibited at the Vienna Exposition in 1873, and was still sweet and little changed,

while packages of recent make from our own country, and highly salted to preserve them, were hurrying to destruction in a few short weeks. The long keeping of the fresh butter seems to prove that salt does not preserve it, but that the keeping quality depends more upon making than salting.

A large share of the butter of the United States which finds its way to the large markets is now made in factories and creameries. The products of these establishments—while they have always afforded to the dealer the advantages of large quantities and evenness of quality, for which he could afford to pay a premium over dairy-made butter, never uniform and always expensive to collect—have all along been regarded, and justly, as inferior both in flavor and keeping to the best dairy make. At both the June and October displays the most perfect flavor and longest-keeping quality were found in the butter of factory make. The samples of butter presented have thus evidenced an important advance in this branch of the dairy interest.

I may mention the butter from the factories of Messrs. John Stewart & Co., of Manchester, Iowa, as a model product of this kind. Considering the large amount exhibited,—sixty-four packages made at different times at seven different factories, and every package excellent,—they deserve great credit for the superior quality of the goods they exhibited. Nine packages of similar excellence, the product of two creameries, were shown by Messrs. Gooch & Barber, of Chicago, Illinois.

The peculiarities of factory cheese were well delineated in the exhibits both of the United States and Canada. In the June display there appeared samples of fine cheese made from the milk of cows, some fed on hay and others on grass, demonstrating that it is possible, even under what are usually considered adverse circumstances, to produce goods of high quality. The great bulk of the "hay cheese," as it is called, was not particularly fine. That shown in August and September was much off flavor, the milk of which it was made having been affected by excessive heat. Not more than twenty-five per cent. of these exhibits were strictly fine, but that small fraction proved the possibility of making first-class cheese all the season, if first-class skill were employed in producing and manipulating the milk.

The cheese exhibits from both countries in the October display were generally fine, and attested the superior excellence to which the factory system is capable of reaching. Finer samples of cheese I have nowhere met with than appeared among them, some being absolutely faultless. The very choicest—those which had the highest,

purest, and most nutty flavor, and which appeared the richest and most meaty—had alike the same peculiarity of having the curd removed from the whey at the earliest period in the process of manufacture. This is the essential feature in what is known as the "Cheddar process" of cheese-making. The difference in quality between samples of cheese made by the two processes of early and late removal of the curd from the whey, as they have appeared through the entire show, has been so great as to leave no doubt in the mind of the observer that the former is the safest way to secure superior goods, especially when the milk is at all varied from its perfectly normal condition. Foreign ferments—those which do not properly belong to perfect milk—are quite liable to appear in it from one cause or another in hot weather. These develop with great rapidity in the warm whey, and react upon the curd lying in it. The early separation of curd and whey prevents this, and makes high quality possible where otherwise it would not be.

The factory cheese shown by the United States was not very uniform in quality, some of it being of great excellence, and some quite ordinary. Cheese of the highest order was confined to no particular locality, though New York State took the lead in the proportion of such cheese exhibited. Among the best cheese from the States were samples from the factory of Dr. L. L. Wight, Whitesboro', Oneida County, New York; Hon. E. C. Rice, Fairfield, Herkimer County, New York; G. W. Davis, Little Falls, Herkimer County, New York; M. N. Seward, Lake Mills, Jefferson County, Wisconsin; and J. G. Holman, Conneautville, Crawford County, Pennsylvania, all of which were of great excellence, and were graded alike at 95 per cent. of perfection. The best sample from the States was shown by C. W. Richardson, of Herkimer, Herkimer County, New York, and was graded at 96 per cent. of perfection. The cheese from the United States averaged in the October display 76.82 per cent. of perfection.

The factory cheese from Canada was also quite uneven, the extremes being wider even than in those from the United States, though the average was higher. The average of the October exhibits from Canada was 87.36. The cheese presented in October by the Hon. Thomas Ballantyne, M.P., of Stratford, Ontario, in which the "Cheddar process" was most successfully carried out, was the finest shown during the exhibition, and was marked perfect. To it was awarded the sweepstake prize offered by the Canadian Government for the best cheese from that country. Samples shown by Alexander McKenzie, of Kastnerville, Ontario, and David Chalmers, of Ingersoll,

Ontario, were of extraordinary merit, and in such close competition as to be graded at 100.

The cheese-product of the United States and Canada has assumed great prominence as an article of foreign commerce, about one hundred millions of pounds being annually exported from the former, and nearly half as much more from the latter country. This prominence has grown out of improvements in manufacture introduced through the associated system of dairying which originated in the United States. The advantage of this new system in the manufacture of cheese and butter (for butter is made by this system as well as cheese) is that the parties engaged in it become mutual instructors; first, by an examination of each other's work, the manufactories being in a measure public, and open for inspection; second, by organizations for a mutual giving and reception of information relating to their art. The producers, manufacturers, and dealers form themselves into associations for the discussion and investigation of topics relating to their respective branches of the industry, and develop knowledge by which milk is more profitably produced, goods more skillfully and cheaply manufactured, and more systematically and successfully handled in marketing.

The value of this new system is shown by the rapidity with which it has spread. In the United States it has nearly superseded the manufacture of cheese in families; and dairy associations, which are a constant accompaniment of factories, have assumed great importance, and become a prominent feature in this system of dairying. Thus we have the American Dairymen's Association, representing the United States and Canada; the Northwestern Dairymen's Association, embracing several States; and the National Butter and Egg Association, with its eight hundred members, covering an equal area. The States of Maine, Massachusetts, Vermont, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, and California each have an association representing the State, and many of them smaller organizations representing counties and towns. Two of these larger organizations, the American Dairymen's Association and the National Butter and Egg Association, held meetings on the Centennial grounds in October.

The proximity of Canada to the United States led to the introduction of the American system into that country as soon as it had made any considerable progress here, and its introduction has been followed by the establishment of a flourishing institution known as the Dairymen's Association of Ontario.

Within the past few years this system has been gaining a successful

foothold on the east side of the Atlantic, and as a result of this extension we have had the gratification of learning since the beginning of this Exhibition that a British Dairy Farmers' Association has been formed, representing the dairy farmers of the British Isles, and, with an able corps of officers, is going at once into efficient operation, thus carrying out not only the American system of dairying in Great Britain, but the further American practice of connecting dairy associations with the adoption of cheese- and butter-making in factories.

GROUP IV.

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REPORTS ON AWARDS.

GROUP IV.

1. Andrew Erkenbrecher, Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

STARCH.

Report.—The exhibit is fine; the starch white and very firm, and of great purity and strength, and stability.

2. Wm. Barnett, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

STARCH.

Report.—The product is the best on exhibition, made from wheat; is very white and pure, of good appearance and strength, and free from acidity.

3. T. Kingsford & Son, Oswego, N. Y., U. S.

STARCH.

Report.—They make a very fine exhibit of starch, put up in various forms and for different uses; their starch shows great purity and strength, and is free from acidity.

4. George Fox, Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

STARCH.

Report.—The product is very white and pure, and free from acidity.

5. Duryea's Glen Cove Starch Co., Glen Cove, Long Island, N. Y., U. S.

STARCH.

Report.—They make a very large and varied exhibit of starch, of very fine appearance. Their product is of notable purity and whiteness, and consequent strength and freedom from acidity.

6. J. J. Wood & Co., Columbus, Ohio, U. S.

STARCH.

Report.—The starch is of fine appearance; very white and pure, and free from acidity.

7. Edwardsburg Starch Co., Edwardsburg, Quebec, Canada.

STARCH.

Report.—A product very white, sweet, pure, and strong.

8. Catelli Brothers, Montreal, Canada.

FARINA AND POTATO STARCH.

Report.—1. A very good quality of farina, made with the hardest wheat grown in Canada.
2. A very good quality of potato starch.

9. Mirat & Son, Salamanca, Spain.

STARCH.

Report.—Good white starch, of rice.

10. Antonio Tato & Co., Salamanca, Spain.

STARCH.

Report.—Very good starch, of rice; of good color.

11. Carnero & Colsa, Salamanca, Spain.

STARCH.

Report.—Good white starch, of rice.

12. José Maria Citove, Alicante, Spain.

STARCH.

Report.—Good white starch, of rice.

13. Colony Itajahy, Santa Catharina, Brazil.

MANDIOC STARCH AND FLOUR.

Report.—Products well prepared, and of good quality.

14. Dr. H. Rodrigues d'Alvarenga, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

STARCH, FLOUR, AND PASTE OF MANDIOC, TAPIOCA.

Report.—The products are well prepared; rich in starch, and of excellent taste; price moderate.

15. Imperial Institute of Agriculture, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

MANDIOC STARCH AND SAGO, OF TWO KINDS.

Report.—The articles are of fine quality and excellent preparation.

16. J. F. do Rego, Pernambuco, Brazil.

ARROWROOT STARCH.

Report.—The product is of the finest quality, and at low prices.

17. M. G. Assumpção, Paraná, Brazil.

MAIZE STARCH.

Report.—The article is good, well prepared, and cheap.

18. A. L. S. Ribas, Paraná, Brazil.

STARCH OF ARROWROOT.

Report.—The product is well prepared, and of good quality.

19. Colony Dona Francisca, Santa Catharina, Brazil.

MANDIOC STARCH AND FLOUR.

Report.—Preparations excellently well made.

20. Colony Blumenau, Santa Catharina, Brazil.

MANDIOC STARCH AND SIMILAR PRODUCTS.

Report.—Articles of good quality and well prepared.

21. M. F. A. Jorge, Alagoas, Brazil.

STARCH OF ARROWROOT.

Report.—The product is of good quality and preparation.

22. S. A. Vieira, Maranhão, Brazil.

GRANULAR TAPIOCA.

Report.—The article is well prepared and of good quality; price reasonable.

23. José C. Furtado, Pará, Brazil.

GRANULAR TAPIOCA.

Report.—The product is of good appearance and taste, and moderate prices.

24. D. M. J. C. Silva & Sons, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

PEARL TAPIOCA.

Report.—The article is of the highest excellence in appearance and quality.

25. Baron of Pirapting, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

PREPARATION OF TAPIOCA.

Report.—The product is well prepared and of good quality.

26. Baron of Villa Franca, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

MANDIOC, TAPIOCA, FLOUR, AND STARCH.

Report.—The above-named products are of excellent quality.

27. M. A. Guimarães, Paraná, Brazil.

MANDIOC FLOUR.

Report.—Articles of good quality and well prepared.

28. Agricultural Commission of Paraná, Paraná, Brazil.

PREPARED CORN, SIX SAMPLES.

Report.—A new product,—prepared corn.

29. Veenhoven, Schuringa, & Co., Wildervank, Netherlands.

POTATO STARCH.

Report.—A very fine product, without color and taste.

30. J. Duijvis, Koog-on-the-Zaan, Netherlands.

STARCH.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. A very good preparation of Urlings' patent starch.
2. Well crystallized; clear, white color; scentless.

31. W. Marks, Tweed River, Queensland, Australia.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—A product very white and pure, of excellent clearness and strength.

32. Henry Lane, North Pine, Queensland, Australia.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—A product pure, strong, and sweet.

33. W. Cole & Son, New South Wales, Australia.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—A product very white, pure, strong, and clear.

34. A. T. Lawrie, Gloucester, New South Wales, Australia.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—A product pure, white, and strong.

35. James Waters, Brisbane Water, New South Wales, Australia.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—White, fine, and sweet.

36. T. F. Tucher, Hamilton, Bermuda.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—A product of snowy whiteness, and every way excellent.

37. Andrés Naves, Pampanga, Philippine Islands.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—A good preparation; white and fine

38. Benigno de Ocampo, Pampanga, Philippine Islands.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—Excellent preparation; white and soluble.

39. Lucia Rodriguez, Pampanga, Philippine Islands.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—A fine preparation; very white.

40. Catalino Lorenzo, Pampanga, Philippine Islands.

ARROWROOT.

Report.—A good preparation; very white and fine.

41. Cesare Bonacina, Milan, Italy.

ARROWROOT AND OAT FARINA.

Report.—Arrowroot, a very good preparation; oat farina, very well prepared. Both recommended for children.

42. Weld & Hill, Medina, Orleans Co., N. Y., U. S.

FARINA.

Report.—A good farina, well ground, well prepared from hard American wheat. It is a combination of winter and spring wheats.

43. Catherine Taldykin, Eletz, Orel, Russia.

FARINA.

Report.—Two sorts of farina of a very good quality.

44. Marge Son, Lyons, France.

MACARONI, VERMICELLI, AND PASTES AND FARINA.

Report.—A splendid collection of pastes made with the Taganrog and Russian wheat, good preparation, excellent in quality, and cheap; farina of various sizes from hard Russian and African wheat of superior quality.

45. Rodrigo Arqueaga, Burgos, Spain.

FARINA (SEMOLA).

Report.—Farina of a good quality.

46. José Segura, Seville, Spain.

FARINA (SEMOLA).

Report.—Three kinds of farina, very well prepared.

47. Bougleux Brothers & Co., Leghorn, Italy.

FARINA (SEMOLA).

Report.—Farina ground from Russian wheat, well prepared and of very superior quality.

48. August Aly, Hamburg, Germany.

FARINA.

Report.—Of good quality and in very good condition.

49. Lagomarsino & Cuneo, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

MACARONI, VERMICELLI, AND FANCY PASTES.

Report.—Commended for manufacturing macaroni, vermicelli, and nearly one hundred different fancy pastes, white and yellow; for excellence, fine appearance, and cheap prices. Messrs. Lagomarsino & Cuneo manufacture their pastes with the best farina, which is of their own manufacture; also farina of good quality, taken from hard wheat grown in America and very carefully prepared.

50. Catelli Brothers, Montreal, Canada.

MACARONIS, SOUP PASTES, ETC.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance, firmness of paste, good material, and color.

51. R. Spinelli, Montreal, Canada.

FANCY SOUP PASTES, WHITE AND YELLOW.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Fine appearance and color.
 2. Firmness.
 3. Made with good farina.
 4. Great variety.
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52. Dandicolle Son & Gaudin, Bordeaux, France.

MACARONI AND PASTINES.

Report.—Macaroni and vermicelli; very cheap; good preparation.

53. Louit Brothers & Co., Bordeaux, France.

FRUIT PRESERVED IN SYRUPS; MUSTARD, CAPERS, AND OLIVES.

Report.—The fruit is of delicate flavor, fresh, and of fine appearance, and the syrup of excellent quality; the mustard is of excellent quality and remarkably cheap; the capers, gooseberries, and olive farcies are of very good taste, fresh, and carefully put up.

54. Louit Brothers & Co., Bordeaux, France.

MACARONI AND PASTES; LIQUORS AND CHOCOLATE.

Report.—The pastes are good, very well prepared, and cheap; liquors very nice—that called Saint-Emilor—and distilled with great care; the chocolate of high standard and very fine preparation.

55. Martinez Sainz Brothers, Seville, Spain.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTES.

Report.—Commended for cheapness and good quality.

56. José Ponseti y Gomila, Mahon, Balearic Islands.

SOUP PASTES.

Report.—Commended for good quality and price adapted to the poorer classes.

57. Francisco Carmillo, Lisbon, Portugal.

PASTES.

Report.—A fine assortment of pastes; very finely prepared and in excellent condition; made wholly from the finest qualities of farina and other flours.

58. Alves & Brother, Lisbon, Portugal.

PASTES.

Report.—A collection of fine and delicate white and yellow pastes; well prepared and in very good order; very cheap, and especially adapted to home consumers.

59. Chaves & Brother, Lisbon, Portugal.

PASTES.

Report.—A variety of Italian pastes, made purely of farina and other flours; very well prepared and well conditioned.

60. Silva, Leal, & Santos, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

MACARONI AND SOUP PASTES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Well manufactured by steam power.
 2. Made of the finest farina.
 3. Good taste and variety.
 4. Excellent imitation of all kinds of Italian pastes.
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61. Sebastiano Ferrari, Orvieto, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTES.

Report.—Commended for cheapness and good quality.

62. Eduardo Frosini & Brothers, Ponsacco, Pisa, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTES.

Report.—Of the very finest quality; very white; of beautiful taste and fine flavor, and in great variety.

63. Special Committee of Salerno, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTES.

Report.—A variety of cheap wholesome pastes, used mostly by the poorest classes.

64. Bougleux Brothers & Co., Leghorn, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTES.

Report.—Commended for durability, good preservation, and comparative cheapness.

65. Duke of Palazzo, Catania, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTE.

Report.—Good and cheap paste for common people and sailors.

66. Joseph Andronico, Mizza, near Messina, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTES.

Report.—A variety of good and cheap pastes.

67. Raffael de Simone, Torre, Annunziata, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTES.

Report.—Of the very finest quality; very white; good taste and fine flavor, and in great variety.

68. G. B. Castino & E. Scotta, Turin, Italy

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTES.

Report.—A fine quality of paste, put up in various-sized boxes; good quality for soup.

69. Ferdinand Gentili & Sons, Pontosserchio, Pisa, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER ITALIAN PASTES.

Report.—Commended for prime quality of macaroni and other pastes, whiteness, exemption from insects, and good preservation.

70. Biagio Russo, Termini, Palermo, Italy.

MACARONI AND OTHER PASTE.

Report.—A great variety of small and superior paste; white and colored with extract of saffron.

71. J. F. Röper, Neuwied-on-the-Rhine, Germany.

PASTES.

Report.—An assortment of Italian pastes of good quality and excellent preparation.

72. Luigi Chiozza, Cervignano, near Trieste, Austria.

PASTINES.

Report.—These pastines, made of farina the twenty-fifth part extracted from Indian corn, are very well manufactured.

It is a new article in the market.

73. C. & J. Mattmann, Horw, Luzern, Switzerland.

ALIMENTARY PASTES.

Report.—Very good pastes, made out of fine farina, and in very good condition.

74. C. J. Fell & Brother, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

SELF-RAISING FLOUR.

Report.—Commended for—1. The economy of time and flour in its use.
2. The healthfulness of the compound formed by the chemical combination.

75. E. V. Machette, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

SELF-RAISING FLOUR.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. It affords a great convenience for making bread, cakes, pastry, etc., without the inconvenience and uncertainty attending the process of fermentation.
 2. A saving in the amount of flour to a given quantity of bread.
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76. Oswego Milling Co., Oswego, N. Y., U. S.

GRAHAM FLOUR.

Report.—Color fine; well manufactured.

77. Ferdinand Schumacher, Akron, Ohio, U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color fine, strength fair; adapted for general consumption; without any special qualities.

78. George C. Thilenius, Cape Girardeau, Mo., U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; adapted for general consumption.

79. Weld & Hill, Medina, Orleans County, N. Y., U. S.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color very fine, strength fair; a family flour, but not of the highest grade. Quality of wheat uncertain, method of grinding unknown.

80. C. A. Gambrill & Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; adapted for general consumption.

81. W. P. Ankeny & Brother, Minneapolis, Minn., U. S.

FLOUR FROM SPRING WHEAT—PATENT PROCESS.

Report.—Color fine, strength fair; made from purified middlings; adapted for bread.

82. Porter & Mowbray, Winona, Minn., U. S.

FLOUR FROM HARD SPRING WHEAT, AND FROM SPRING WHEAT, PATENT PROCESS.

Report.—1. Flour from hard spring wheat of fine color, great strength. It is exclusively a baker's flour which combines to advantage with other grades, and is called a "straight."

2. A flour from spring wheat, patent process, of good color, fair strength; made from purified middlings, and adapted for bread.

83. Red Wing Mills, Red Wing, Minn., U. S.

THREE VARIETIES OF FLOUR.

Report.—1. Flour from spring wheat, hard variety; color very fine, strength great; a baker's flour exclusively; combines to advantage with other grades; known as a "Minnesota Straight."

2. Flour from hard wheat; color very good, strength fair; makes good bread, but especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

3. Flour from spring wheat, patent process; color very good, strength fair; made from purified middlings; adapted for bread.

84. Joseph Pollock, Vincennes, Ind., U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

85. William P. Evans, Paoli, Pa., U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color very good, strength fair; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

86. Homer Baldwin, Youngstown, Ohio, U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color very fine, strength great; adapted for bread.

87. A. A. Taylor, Loudonville, Ohio, U. S.

TWO VARIETIES OF FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—First is a flour of fine color, fair strength, and adapted for general consumption. Second is a flour of very fine color, fair strength, and makes good bread, but is especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

88. Oregon City Mills, Oregon City, Oregon, U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color very fine, strength fair; makes good bread, but is especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

89. Jesse Ames & Sons, Northfield, Minn., U. S.

FLOUR FROM SPRING WHEAT, PATENT PROCESS.

Report.—Color fine, strength great; made from purified middlings; adapted for bread.

90. Jesse Ames & Sons, Northfield, Minn., U. S.

FLOUR FROM HARD SPRING WHEAT.

Report.—Color very fine, strength very great; a baker's flour exclusively; combines to advantage with other grades.

91. J. A. Christian & Co., Minneapolis, Minn., U. S.

FLOUR FROM HARD SPRING WHEAT, AND FROM PURIFIED MIDDINGS, PATENT PROCESS.

Report.—1. Flour from spring wheat, patent process, of very fine color, very great strength; made from purified middlings, and is adapted for bread.2. Is the same as *first*, except that its color is only *fine*.

3. Flour from hard spring wheat, of fine color, great strength; a baker's flour exclusively, which combines with advantage with other grades, and is known as a "Minnesota Straight."

92. Eisenmayer & Co., St. Louis, Mo., U. S.

TWO VARIETIES OF FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—1. Flour of very fine color, fair strength; makes good bread, but is especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

2. Flour of very fine color, very great strength, and adapted for bread. This is the only flour that came up to the highest standard in both strength and color.

93. George V. Hecker & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

SELF-RAISING FLOUR, SELF-RAISING BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, AND FARINA.

Report.—Commended for—1. The convenience and healthfulness of the prepared food-materials exhibited. 2. The light and porous character of the bread made from the flour without the use of yeast.

94. George V. Hecker & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT (TWO SAMPLES).

Report.—No. 1. Color very fine, strength great; adapted for bread.

No. 2. Color very fine, strength fair; especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

95. C. A. Pillsbury & Co., Minneapolis, Minn., U. S.

THREE VARIETIES OF FLOUR.

Report.—1. Flour from spring wheat, patent process. A very fine flour, beautifully milled, of very fine color, very great strength; made from purified middlings, and adapted for bread.

2. Flour from hard spring wheat, known as a "Minnesota Straight." It is of fine color, fair strength; a baker's flour exclusively, which combines to advantage with other grades.

3. Flour of fine color and great strength; it is a family flour, but not of the highest grade made from spring wheat.

96. Commissioners for Victoria, Australia.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

97. F. Keats, Allora, Queensland, Australia.

GRAHAM FLOUR.

Report.—Color very fine; splendidly milled.

98. Neden Brothers, Toowoomba, Queensland, Australia.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color fine, strength fair; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

99. Watson Brothers, Young, New South Wales, Australia.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color good, strength good; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

100. Dalton Brothers, Orange, New South Wales, Australia.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color fine, strength fair; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

101. Lewis Brothers, Tamworth, New South Wales, Australia.

WHEAT FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

102. Barry, Arnold, & Co., Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope.

WHEAT FLOUR.

Report.—Color fine, strength fair; makes good bread, but is especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

103. E. Clear, Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope.

WHEAT FLOUR.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; makes good bread, but is especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

104. W. Weatherstone & Co., Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; a family flour, but not of the highest grade. Quality of wheat uncertain; method of grinding unknown.

105. J. G. King, Port Hope, Toronto, Canada.

FLOUR.

Report.—Flour from winter wheat, of good color, great strength, and adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

Flour from winter wheat, of very fine color, fair strength, makes good bread, but especially adapted for biscuit and pastry; also a family flour of very fine color, fair strength; a family flour of fine color and fair strength; a family flour of good color and fair strength; all three from wheat the quality of which is uncertain and the method of grinding unknown.

106. Shirk & Snider, Bridgeport, Ontario, Canada.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color fine, strength fair; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

107. Brodie & Harvey, Montreal, Canada.

GRAHAM FLOUR.

Report.—Color fine; well milled.

108. Brodie & Harvey, Montreal, Canada.

SELF-RAISING FLOUR.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. It produces a light, porous, and very digestible bread, without the loss attendant on fermentation, which is greater than the additional cost of the self-raising flour.

2. Should there be a deficiency of phosphates in the diet, the material used in this bread will supply that defect.

109. Starr Mills, Bridgetown, Canada.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

Report.—Commended for fair color and good quality.

110. Lawrence Rose, Georgetown, Canada.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

Report.—Commended for the fair color and sound condition of the product, and its entire freedom from mustiness.

111. Catherina Taldykin, Eletz, Orel, Russia.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color fine, strength great; adapted for general consumption.

112. Boudon, Bledat, Algiers.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color very fine, strength fair; makes good bread, but is especially adapted for biscuit and pastry. This flour for color stands in the front rank; is beautifully milled.

113. Julian Gordo, Guadalajara, Spain.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; a family flour, but not of the highest grade; quality of wheat uncertain; method of grinding unknown.

114. Marquis de Villa Alcazar, Salamanca, Spain.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; a family flour, but not of the highest grade; quality of wheat uncertain; method of grinding unknown.

115. Manuel Goncalves Cazanova, Beiria, Portugal.

BARLEY FLOUR.

Report.—Well manufactured and of good color; made from good, sound barley.

116. Acacio Manoel Pereira & Augusto Risques, Portalegre, Portugal.

RYE FLOUR.

Report.—Very white color; well ground, from excellent grain.

117. Antonio Manuel Silva, Bragança, Portugal.

GRAHAM FLOUR.

Report.—Well milled, good color, and of very good, sound wheat. Graham flour made from excellent rye, well milled and of fine color.

118. Jose Francisco Serra de Egreja, Oporto, Portugal.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color fair, strength good; adapted for general consumption.

119. Antonio Moreira Leão, Oporto, Portugal.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color fine, strength fair; makes good bread, but more especially adapted to pastry.

120. Costa & Son, Portalegre, Portugal.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color good, strength great; adapted for bread.

121. João de Britto, Lisbon, Portugal.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color very fine, strength fair; makes good bread, but is more especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

122. Steam Bread Bakery of the Mendicity Asylum, Lisbon, Portugal.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color fair, strength good; adapted for general consumption.

123. Antonio Souza Motta, Vallongo, Portugal.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color fine, strength great; makes good bread, but is especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

124. G. Bauer, Santa Fé, Argentine Republic.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color good, strength fair; adapted for general consumption.

125. Joseph Rosenthal, Vienna, Austria.

SIX VARIETIES OF FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Six varieties of flour from winter wheat. The first quality is commended as having fine color and good strength; the second, good color and good strength; the third, fine color and fair strength; the fourth, fine color and great strength; the fifth, good color and fair strength. All five varieties are adapted for general consumption. The sixth variety is commended as having very fine color, great strength, and as being adapted for bread-making.

126. Company "The Korenschoof," Utrecht, Netherlands.

WHEAT FLOUR.

Report.—Commended as possessing great strength, with absence of moisture; particularly adapted to long sea-voyages.

127. N. Verwey & Co., Tiel, Netherlands

POTATO FLOUR, GLUCOSE, AND DEXTRINE.

Report.—Commended for good preparation; colorless product. Very fine glucose, of good taste; dextrine very colorless; well prepared.

128. G. von Scheele, Kilanda, Goteborg, Sweden.

RYE FLOUR.

Report.—Color good; well manufactured.

129. The French Steam Flour Mill, Ystad, Sweden.

RYE FLOUR.

Report.—Commended for rye flour of very fine color, and of beautiful milling and manufacture.

130. French Steam Flour Mill, Landskrona, Sweden.

RYE FLOUR, AND FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for rye flour of fair and of good color; also for flour from winter wheat of very fine color, some of which was of good strength and adapted for general consumption, while that with trade mark "o o" was of fair strength, making good bread, but especially adapted for biscuit and pastry.

131. Juan José Velasco, Santiago, Chili.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color fine, strength great; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

132. Ernesto Silvester, Milipilla, Chili.

FLOUR.

Report.—Color fine, strength great; adapted for general consumption, without any special qualities.

133. McLeran Brothers, Portland, Oregon, U. S.

OATMEAL.

Report.—Commended for the good quality and sound condition of the product.

134. John F. Tyrrell & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

OATMEAL FROM NATIVE GRAIN.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

- 1st. Great variety, adapting it to several forms of food preparation.
 - 2d. Soundness of the grain, and freedom from bran and other impurities.
-

135. Wm. Field, Liverpool, England.

OATMEAL MADE FROM IRISH OATS.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of the food material.

136. John McCann, Drogheda, Ireland.

OATMEAL.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of the product and the great extent of the manufacture.

137. J. Hunter & Son, Edinburgh, Scotland.

OATMEAL AND PEARL BARLEY.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Good quality of the stock from which the articles are produced, to wit, Scotch oats and barley.
 2. Careful preparation, and good condition in which the articles are brought into market.
-

138. James F. McKenzie, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

OATMEAL, GROATS, AND SPICES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of the articles and their perfect soundness after so long a sea-voyage. Mustard, mixed spices, and ground cinnamon also of very good quality.

139. Thomas McKay & Co., Ottawa, Canada.

THREE SAMPLES OF OATMEAL (DIFFERENT GRADES).

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The variety in the product, adapting it to the several forms of food made from oatmeal.
2. The cleanness of the samples, and freedom from bran or foreign substances.

140. H. Warton, Guelph, Canada.

OATMEAL.

Report.—Commended for its good quality and low price.

141. Aspden & Pritchard, London, Canada.

FOUR VARIETIES OF OATMEAL.

Report.—Commended for good quality of the product, and its great variety, adapting it to several forms of food.

142. James Wilson, Fergus, Canada.

OATMEAL.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. The sound condition of the grain.
 2. Its very clean preparation.
-

143. E. D. Tilson, Tilsonsbuurg, Canada.

OATMEAL AND BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of both products, and good condition in which they were exhibited.

144. Scott & Co., Highgate, Ontario, Canada.

FOUR VARIETIES OF OATMEAL.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. The excellent quality of the stock from which the product was manufactured.
 2. The care used in the manufacture, producing a great variety of product of excellent quality.
-

145. P. Francis, Brooklyn, Canada.

OATMEAL (THREE SAMPLES, DIFFERENT VARIETIES).

Report.—Commended for the variety of products and their uniform good quality.

146. Antonio Lopes da Silva, Oporto, Portugal.

WHITE CORN MEAL.

Report.—A good sample of well prepared and cleaned pearl meal.

147. Ascensio Jose dos Santos, Valença, Vianna do Castello, Oporto, Portugal.

FIVE SAMPLES OF CORN MEAL.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Variety in fineness and color of the samples, to suit the taste of customers.
 2. Soundness of the corn used in the manufacture.
-

148. Joaquim Ribeiro Almeida, Oporto, Portugal.

TWO SAMPLES OF CORN MEAL.

Report.—The meal was carefully ground and bolted, and made from sound corn.

149. Municipality of Penafiel, Oporto, Portugal.

YELLOW AND WHITE CORN MEAL.

Report.—Good samples of cheap and wholesome food.

150. Antonia José de Souza e Silva, Oporto, Portugal.

TWO SAMPLES OF CORN MEAL—YELLOW AND WHITE.

Report.—Sound, carefully prepared, and well preserved.

151. José Francisco Serra de Egreja, Oporto, Portugal.

TWO SAMPLES OF CORN MEAL.

Report.—Well made, from sound flinty corn; ground round, and not too fine.

152. Baltimore Pearl Hominy Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

SAMP, HOMINY, BREAKFAST HOMINY, PEARL MEAL, CORN FLOUR, AND YELLOW MEAL.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The great variety of the products.
2. The excellent quality of the articles manufactured.

153. John Outcalt, Spottswood, N. J., U. S.

PEARL MEAL, PEARL HOMINY, COARSE HOMINY, CORN GRITS, GRAHAM FLOUR, AND DECORTICATED WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Great variety of the manufacture.
2. Excellent quality of the several products.

154. Alexander Hornly, Craigsville, Orange Co., N. Y., U. S.

STEAM-COOKED AND CRUSHED OATS AND WHEAT.

Report.—1. It may be prepared for the table in ten minutes, having been previously steam-cooked and dried.

2. It furnishes a palatable, nutritious, and very digestible food.

155. Lunt Brothers, New York, N. Y., U. S.

AVENA, OR OAT GRITS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. It is oats perfectly decorticated, and consequently free from the bitter taste peculiar to oat bran.
2. It cooks light and crisp, like rice, and retains the natural sweetness of the grain.

156. August Aly, Hamburg, Germany.

PEARL BARLEY, DECORTICATED GRAINS, AND CORN GRITS.

Report.—A clean and neat preparation of cereals, carefully put up for market.

157. E. J. Larrabee & Co., Albany, N. Y., U. S.

STAPLE AND FANCY BISCUITS AND CRACKERS.

Report.—Commended for extent of variety and superior skill in manufacture.

158. Snider Brothers & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

CREAM CRACKERS.

Report.—Commended for superior skill in manufacture.

159. Walter G. Wilson & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PLAIN AND FANCY CRACKERS, CAKES, AND BISCUITS.

Report.—Commended for extent of variety, superior manufacture, and long-preserved excellence.

160. David Carrick & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

BISCUITS, CAKES, AND CRACKERS FOR FAMILY USE.

Report.—Commended for fine style, flavor, and substantial qualities.

161. Adam Exton & Co., Trenton, N. J., U. S.

WATER, BUTTER, AND OYSTER CRACKERS.

Report.—Commended for delicious flavor and crispness, obtained by superior skill in working and baking.

162. Thurston, Hall, & Co., Cambridgeport, Mass., U. S.

CAKES AND CRACKERS.

Report.—Commended for general excellence, extent of variety, uniformity, and cheapness.

163. Thorn & Brother, Trenton, N. J., U. S.

PRODUCTS OF BAKERY.

Report.—Commended for fine display of biscuits and crackers.

164. John Hartman, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

BREAD FOR MARINE AND ARMY USE.

Report.—Commended for long retention of excellence, and for skill in manufacture.

165. T. B. Guest & Co., Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

FANCY BISCUITS.

Report.—Commended for excellence and extent of variety.

166. Smith & Son, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

FANCY AND DESSERT BISCUIT.

Report.—Commended for excellence and extent of variety.

167. John Hardie, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

BISCUIT AND CRACKERS.

Report.—Commended for its well-preserved condition, indicating great skill in manufacture.

168. Christie, Brown, & Co., Toronto, Canada.

BISCUIT AND CRACKERS.

Report.—Commended for general excellence.

169. Th. Rankin & Sons, St. John, New Brunswick.

HONEY BISCUIT.

Report.—Commended for fine quality and beautiful display.

170. Koostaref, Viasma, Russia.

CAKES.

Report.—Commended for superior quality and fine display.

171. Koodriavzef Brothers, Moscow, Russia.

CAKES.

Report.—Commended for beautiful ornamentation, excellent quality, and good state of preservation.

172. Simon Saitzef, Moscow, Russia.

CAKES AND GINGERBREAD.

Report.—Commended for beauty of style and well-preserved excellence.

173. Basil Ootkin, Tver, Russia.

CAKES.

Report.—Commended for variety and originality in style.

174. Eduardo Conceição e Silva, Lisbon, Portugal.

CRACKERS AND BISCUITS.

Report.—A fine collection, put up with great taste and care.

175. Antonio Correia Araujo, Coimbra, Portugal.

CRACKERS, BISCUITS, AND CAKES.

Report.—A splendid collection of crackers, biscuits, and cakes of every variety; well flavored and preserved.

176. Antonio de Souza Matta Panperio, Vallongo, Oporto, Portugal.

CRACKERS AND BISCUITS.

Report.—A good and generally well-preserved collection.

177. João de Britto, Lisbon, Portugal.

CRACKERS AND BISCUITS.

Report.—His navy biscuits are excellent, carefully put up, and very fresh.

178. Jose Francisco Cruz, Coimbra, Portugal.

BISCUITS, CRACKERS, AND CAKES.

Report.—His bolacha folhada (pate feni cletée) is wonderfully well preserved.

179. Eduardo Antonio da Costa, Lisbon, Portugal.

BISCUITS AND CRACKERS.

Report.—A fine collection, showing great taste and care.

180. Adolpho Schurmann, Lisbon, Portugal.

BISCUITS, CAKES, AND CRACKERS.

Report.—A very fine collection put up with the greatest taste.

181. Paulo da Silva Barboza, Oporto, Portugal.

CRACKERS, BISCUITS, AND CAKES.

Report.—A very fine collection, tastefully prepared and well preserved.

182. M. S. Bagley, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

CRACKERS, BISCUITS, AND CAKES.

Report.—A splendid collection, which does the greatest credit to the exhibitors. Nothing could be fresher and better preserved.

183. Fridolin Spreng, Grätz, Austria.

BISCUITS.

Report.—Perfectly fresh, although they were baked five or six months since.

184. W. D. Ulrich, Rotterdam, Netherlands.

SHIP BISCUIT.

Report.—Fine composition; well baked; very fine taste.

185. Lensvelt Nicola, The Hague, Netherlands.

SHIP BISCUIT.

Report.—Well baked; fine composition; good taste.

186. H. J. Feith & Son, Upsala, Sweden.

PATENT BREAD.

Report.—Commended for its delicious flavor and long keeping.

187. Jewell Brothers, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.

INFANT FOOD.

Report.—This cereal food is very well prepared, and approaches as nearly as possible to supply the place of human milk.

188. John Wyeth & Brother, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PAPONA.

Report.—This new preparation is made from roasted wheat. It is very good, and can be recommended as infant and invalid food.

189. Geyelin & Co., London, England.

CONCENTRATED FOOD, PREPARED IN PACKETS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons: 1. Concentration of a large amount of nutritive matter in a very small compass; 2. Excellent flavor; 3. Successful preservation.

190. Groult, Jr., Paris, France.

COCOA IN POWDER, COCOA AND TAPIOCA, TAPIOCA AND FARINA, AND PASTES FOR SOUP.

Report.—A very fine cocoa in powder, mixed with a farina of tapioca; cocoa and tapioca of good flavor and well prepared; a fine Brazilian tapioca, manufactured with great care, and a fine collection of farina and pastes for soups, well prepared, fine flavor, and excellent quality.

191. Ed. Loefflund, Stuttgart, Germany.

LIEBIG'S CONCENTRATED FOOD FOR INFANTS.

Report.—Commended as a substitute for mother's milk.

192. State of Iowa, U. S.

CEREALS.

Report.—A very fine collection of cereals in the straw and beautifully cleansed; also grasses and seeds, sixty varieties. A fine collection, beautifully arranged. Also a very fine collection of seventy varieties of Indian corn.

193. State of Kansas, U. S.

A COLLECTION OF GRAINS AND GRASSES.

Report.—A large and finely-arranged display of farm products, at their building on the Centennial grounds.

194. David Landreth & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS AND CEREALS.

Report.—Commended—1, for the extent of the exhibit, and the purity of the seeds, being one hundred and ninety varieties of garden and field seeds, twenty varieties of dried grasses, fifty varieties of forage plants, growing in pots, and fifty varieties of grain in the sheaf; 2, for the fact that the exhibitors grow their own seeds, on their own farms, located in the States of Virginia, New Jersey, Wisconsin, and Pennsylvania.

195. State of Missouri, U. S.

CEREALS.

Report.—A fine exhibit of cereals, particularly wheat and corn, together with all the products of said grain.

196. State of Oregon, U. S.

GRAINS, GRASSES, CEREALS, DRIED FRUITS, AND VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for the extent and excellent quality of exhibit of all the above-named products.

197. State of Michigan, U. S.

WHEAT, OATS, RYE, CORN, BUCKWHEAT, AND GRASSES.

Report.—Commended for the fine appearance and good weight of twenty-one varieties of wheat, seventeen varieties of oats, two varieties of rye; also for exhibits of corn, grasses, and buckwheat.

198. Commercial Exchange Association, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

CEREALS, FLOUR, MEATS, SEEDS, AND PRODUCTS OF CORN, WHEAT, AND RYE.

Report.—A very fine collective exhibit, consisting of twenty-one samples of wheat, sixty-six samples of flour, representing ten States, sixteen samples of corn, fourteen samples of oats, two samples of rye, fifteen samples of barley; also very fine samples of lard, mess beef, pork, hams, etc., and a beautiful collection of seeds, of thirteen different varieties, beautifully and tastefully arranged.

199. State of West Virginia, U. S.

CEREALS AND TOBACCO.

Report.—A good display of wheat, corn, oats, rye, barley, and tobacco leaf, in the West Virginia Building on the Centennial grounds.

200. Illinois Department of Agriculture, U. S.

CEREALS.

Report.—A very fine exhibit of cereals, and with it an instructive exhibit showing the standard grades of State grain inspection of Chicago.

201. W. O. Bush, Olympia, Washington Territory, U. S.

CEREALS.

Report.—A very fine collection of cereals, wheat, rye, oats, and barley, and grasses, well cleaned, and in the straw.

202. C. P. Burkhart, Albany, Oregon, U. S.

GRAINS.

Report.—Fine exhibit of fifteen varieties of wheat, all of which appear to be good. The yield is said to be great,—thirty-seven to sixty bushels per acre. Also for an exhibit of Oregon white rye, very large grain, and straw nine feet high; five varieties of oats, all good and very heavy.

203. The Cereals Manufacturing Co. of New York, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.

STEAM-COOKED AND DESICCATED CEREALS.

Report.—A great variety of the products, to wit, oats, groats, decorticated wheat, wheat and barley mixed and crushed, and infant food, being chiefly the albumen and gluten of the grain nearly free from starch. Commended for the careful, neat, and convenient manner in which it is put up for market.

204. Indian Museum, South Kensington, London, England.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for the extent of its collection of seventy-five varieties of rice, in the husk, and cleansed; fifteen varieties of wheat, five varieties of oats, ten varieties of barley, seventy-five varieties of tea, twenty varieties of coffee, and a number of spices, and millet and grass seeds.

205. South Australian Commission.

CEREALS AND GRASSES.

Report.—A fine collection of grains, grasses, and farm seeds.

206. Angus Polson, Moyston, Victoria, Australia.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for the great weight and very fine appearance of two varieties of wheat, one of oats, and one of barley.

207. St. Arnaud Pastoral Society, St. Arnaud, Victoria, Australia.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for great weight and very fine appearance of wheat, oats, and barley.

208. E. H. Banks, Christ Church, New Zealand.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for fine weight and appearance of rye and barley and oats of the most excellent quality.

209. Robert Wilkens, Christ Church, New Zealand.

GRASS SEED.

Report.—Beautiful samples of rye grass and cocksfoot grass seed.

210. C. F. Creswell, Hobart-Town, Tasmania.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for the fine appearance and good weight of five varieties of wheat and one of oats; also for lucerne and white clover seed, well cleansed and genuine.

211. William Smith, Fairfield Plains, Brant Co., Ontario, Canada.

CLOVER SEED.

Report.—Commended for the cleanliness and genuineness of "Alseke" clover seed.

212. T. M. Howser, Campden, Lincoln Co., Ontario, Canada.

CLOVER SEED.

Report.—Commended for the good appearance, uniformity, and genuineness of red clover seed.

213. Stanislas Iastrzemy, Pinczow, Kelce, Russia.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for the good appearance and weight of wheat, oats, and barley.

214. Prince Victor Vassiltchikof, Lebedian, Tambov, Russia.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and weight of rye and oats.

215. David Bell, St. Petersburg, Russia.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and weight of oats, barley, rye, and timothy.

216. A. Warshawski, St. Petersburg, Russia.

CEREALS.

Report.—A fine collection of cereals,—wheat, rye, oats, and barley; all of good weight and fine appearance.

217. Henrietta Dengink, Kichinef, Bessarabia, Russia.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance of Indian corn, hulled barley, and German mohair.

218. Imperial Maritime Customs, China.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for a large collection of different varieties of rice; also wheat, barley, millet, Indian corn, and grass seeds.

219. Charles Dumontier, Claville, Eure, France.

CEREALS.

Report.—A fine and large collection of cereals, both in the ear and grain, as well as a variety of grasses grown by the exhibitor on his model farm.

220. Francisco Domingo Ganga, Barcelona, Spain.

CEREALS AND SEEDS.

Report.—Commended for a fine collection of cereals, grasses, and beans, with complete tabular statements showing mode of cultivation, system of rotation, etc.; and for the improvements made in the products by this system.

221. Bua Agostino do Roches, Penafiel, Oporto, Portugal.

MILLET.

Report.—A fine sample of well-cleaned, full-grain, horse millet seed.

222. Government of Mexico.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for a large collection of cereals, grasses, coffee, chocolate, etc.

223. Commission for the Province of Pará, Brazil.

URUCU (BIXA ORETHANA).

Report.—A new spice, which flavors food and at the same time communicates a rich scarlet color to it.

224. Government of the Argentine Republic.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for the extent and variety of its collection of cereals, grasses, and grass seeds.

225. Overvoorde & Son, Delft, Netherlands.

GRASS SEEDS.

Report.—A fine exhibit of various grass seeds.

226. Chr. Schiröd, Aker, Norway.

CEREALS.

Report.—A good collection of cereals—wheat, rye, oats, and barley—grown in sixty degrees north latitude.

227. Agricultural Society of the Län of Norrbotten, Luleå, Sweden.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended in that good grain is grown by them so far north as sixty-seven degrees north latitude.

228. G. von Scheele, Kilanda, Goteborg, Sweden.

CEREALS AND GRASSES.

Report.—A fine collection of cereals and the flour of said cereals; decorticated grains, with clover and grasses.

229. O. E. Stenström, Gårdsjö, Karlstad, Sweden.

CEREALS.

Report.—A fine collection of grains,—wheat, rye, and barley,—clean and in the straw.

230. H. A. Wulff, Kalmar, Sweden.

CEREALS.

Report.—A fine collection of grains and grasses.

231. Agricultural Society of Chili.

CEREALS.

Report.—Commended for the extent and variety of its collection of cereals, some of which are fine.

232. D. D. Prettyman, Salem, Oregon, U. S.

WHEAT.

Report.—A fine exhibit of ninety-day white wheat, sheaf and grain.

233. Captain William Delf, Great Bentley, Colchester, England.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and good weight.

234. Thos. Rossi, Dry Diggings, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and good weight.

235. Thos. O'Reilly, Toolamba, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and fine appearance.

236. James Catlin, Runnymede, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the great weight and fine appearance of two varieties.

237. Jas. Adams, Warring, Victoria, Australia.

WHITE TUSCAN WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and great weight.

238. Ararat Flour Mill Co., Ararat, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and great weight.

239. John Moncrieff, Goulburne River, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good weight and fine appearance of three varieties.

240. George Smith, Ballarat, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT AND RYE GRASS SEED.

Report.—Commended for good weight and very fine appearance of wheat; also for good exhibit of rye grass seed.

241. J. McNab, Tabilk, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

242. Andrew O'Keefe, Adelaidevale, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the great weight and very fine appearance of two varieties.

243. T. S. Wright, Rochester, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for great weight and very fine appearance.

244. Edward Buckley, Newbridge, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT AND OATS.

Report.—Commended for the great weight and beautiful appearance of four samples of red straw wheat, said to have grown on different soils; also for very fine oats.

245. James Scott, Indigo, Victoria, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and good weight.

246. P. Cunningham & Co., Christ Church, New Zealand.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the very fine appearance and very great weight of four varieties of wheat.

247. W. D. Wood, Christ Church, New Zealand.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the fine appearance and good weight of four varieties.

248. W. H. D. Archer, Longford, Tasmania.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and good weight.

249. George Kemp, Upper Bagdad, Tasmania.

WHITE WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and good weight.

250. Barry, Arnold, & Co., Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and weight.

251. N. Mybury, Meerlust, Cape Colony, Cape of Good Hope.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for very fine appearance and great weight.

252. Dalton Brothers, Orange, New South Wales, Australia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and fine appearance.

253. Thos. I. Skinner, Cowitcher, British Columbia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition of red chaff wheat.

254. Indians of Douglass Lake, British Columbia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Very fine sample of red chaff wheat.

255. Mission of Chipegan, Lake Alataska, British Columbia.

WHEAT AND BARLEY.

Report.—Fine samples of wheat and barley raised in 58° 42' north latitude.

256. Jas. Collins, Erin, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition and weight of "Rio Grande" wheat.

257. R. Sugg, Minto, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition and weight of "Scotch" wheat.

258. Jno. Campbell, Hullett, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the fine condition and weight of "Fife" wheat.

259. Wm. McGill, York County, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good weight and condition of "Soules" wheat.

260. James Bell, Tuckersmith, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition and weight of "club" wheat.

261. William Bell, Tuckersmith, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition and weight of Tarrow wheat.

262. Jas. H. Murton, Salesbury, New Brunswick.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and condition of wheat.

263. Robert Schearer, Niagara, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the very fine condition and good weight of Delhi and Fife wheat.

264. Matthew Mearns, Durham, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight of "Treadwell" wheat.

265. Wm. P. O'Neal, Watertown, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight of "Treadwell" and "white winter" wheat.

266. T. Manderim, Myrtle, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition of Delhi wheat, weighing sixty-five pounds per bushel.

267. R. McGill, Erin, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the excellent condition and weight of "Treadwell" wheat.

268. W. P. Howland, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition and weight of "Rio Grande" wheat.

269. R. Tuck, Nelson, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition of Delhi wheat, weighing sixty-three and a half pounds per bushel.

270. Wm. Beattie, Nickol, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine condition and good weight of "Fife" wheat.

271. Samuel Dawes, Whitby, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the excellent condition of "Delhi" wheat, weighing sixty-five pounds per bushel.

272. Jacob Seip, Petersburg, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition and weight of "red chaff" wheat.

273. Alex. Stewart, Brussels, Ontario, Canada.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good condition and weight of "club" wheat.

274. Ookhin Brothers, Novouzen, Samara, Russia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for very fine appearance and weight.

275. P. Plighm, Volsk, Saratof, Russia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and weight of three varieties of wheat.

276. John Penzin, Samara, Russia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and good weight.

277. Pleshanof, Samara, Russia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and weight.

278. Alexis Ermolof, Arkhangelskoie, near Voronesh, Russia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine weight and appearance.

279. Kharkof Model Farm, near Kharkof, Russia.

WHEAT; GRASS SEEDS.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and weight of wheat, and for a variety of grass seeds, well cleansed.

280. Kobzaref Brothers, Novouzen, Samara, Russia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for very fine appearance and good weight of wheat.

281. Paul Obratnof, Uralsk, Russia.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and fine appearance.

282. Leon Chudaca, Algiers.

WHEAT AND BARLEY.

Report.—Wheat of large, uniform, beautiful, and hard grain, and fine barley.

283. Rafael Crespo, Utrera, Seville, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight.

284. Manuel Jimenez, Carmona, Seville, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight.

285. José R. Fernandez, Huelva, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight.

286. Loring Brothers, Malaga, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight.

287. Municipality of Lucena, Lucena, Cordoba, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight.

288. Miguel Gonzales Delgado, Ragama, Salamanca, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight of candéal wheat.

289. Manuel Lambas, Avila, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight of candéal wheat.

290. Gaspar Diaz, Cabezas del Pozo, Avila, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight of candeal wheat.

291. Gaspar Diaz, Salamanca, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight of candeal wheat.

292. Manuel Zayas Arahall, Seville, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight.

293. Bernardo Nava Rodriguez, Sanga, Avila, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight of candeal wheat.

294. Rafael Vallejo, Cordoba, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight (best exhibited from Spain).

295. Juan Borrego Jago, Ronda, Malaga, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight.

296. José Avio Gros, Candasnos, Zaragoza, Spain.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight of "Fuerti" wheat.

297. Steam Bread Bakery of the Mendicity Asylum, Lisbon, Portugal.

PROCESS OF CLEANING WHEAT.

Report.—A very thorough and economical method of cleaning wheat, separating the grain, even when mixed with all sorts of foreign substances, in a very clean condition, while the admixtures are so separated that any part of the same may be utilized.

298. Francisco Loureiro Teixeira, Campello, Oporto, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for very good weight and good appearance.

299. João Antonio de Carvalho, San João do Porto de Mozheiro, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

300. Filippe de Jesus Rijo, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and very good appearance.

301. Antonio Ferreira dos Santos, Rio Tonto, Gondomar, Oporto, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

302. Joaquim Ribeiro da Silva, Vallonga, Oporto, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

303. André Guilherme Chichorro, Monforte, Portalegre, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for very good weight and good appearance.

304. Francisco de Paulo Xavier, Benavente, Santarem, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

305. Francisco Antonio Pereira de Lemos, Alfandega da Fe, Bragança, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

306. Miguel Joaquim Caldeira, Herdade de Pina Clara, Elvas, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for very good weight and good appearance.

307. João Joaquim Bagulho, Villa Boim, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and good weight.

308. Widow Marques & Sons, Lisbon, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

309. João dos Santos Coelho, Lamego, Vizeu, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

310. Jose Gomes Varella, Jr., Serpa, Beja, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

311. Manoel Ribero Rua, Lamego, Vizeu, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Of very good weight and appearance.

312. Exequiel Augusto de Vasconcellos, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

313. Antonio Augusto Correa da Silva Cordosa, Cellorico, Guarda, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

314. Jose Clemente Pinto, Santa Cruz, Coimbra, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for fine weight and good appearance.

315. Manoel Diogo Coelho, Castello de Vide, Portalegre, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and very fine appearance.

316. Company das Lezirias do Tejo e Sado, Lisbon, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and fine appearance.

317. João de Bretto, Lisbon, Portugal.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

318. Fersouz, Adana, Turkey.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance of hard wheat.

319. Seid Mohammed, Angora, Turkey.

WHEAT.

Report.—A fine sample of large plump grain, but, unfortunately, not enough to weigh.

320. A. S. van Burg, Middelburg, Netherlands.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and weight.

321. W. van der Monde, Bommel, Netherlands.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and weight of two samples.

322. D. Jongejans, Assendelft, Netherlands.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and fair weight of red wheat.

323. Joaquin Lira, Colchagua, Chili.

WHEAT.

Report.—Commended for the good appearance and weight of two varieties.

324. George Down, Darling Downs, Queensland, Australia.

BARLEY.

Report.—Commended for fine appearance and good curl.

325. Joseph Myring, Campbell Creek, Victoria, Australia.

BARLEY.

Report.—Commended for great weight and fine appearance.

326. George Stonehouse, Scarborough, York County, Canada.

BARLEY.

Report.—Commended for the very fine condition of two-rowed barley.

327. Fidel Quintana y Ruiz, Burgos, Spain.

BARLEY.

Report.—Commended for good condition and weight.

328. J. Breebaart Kzn, Winkel, Netherlands.

BARLEY.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

329. Dutch Agricultural Society of the Province of Zealand, Middelburg, Netherlands.

BARLEY.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

330. Peyton King, Lafayette County, Miss., U. S.

CORN.

Report.—Commended for soundness of grain and size of ear of white corn.

331. Sir William MacArthur, Camden, New South Wales, Australia

CORN.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance of three varieties of Indian corn.

332. Rafael Gonzales, Seville, Spain.

CORN.

Report.—Commended for large plump grain and good weight of corn.

333. Manuel Pereiro Rey, Celanova, Orense, Spain.

CORN.

Report.—Commended for large plump grain and good weight.

334. Count of Vega Grande, Las Palmas, Canary Islands.

CORN.

Report.—Commended for large plump grain and good weight.

335. Juan Ojeda y Gomez, Seville, Spain.

CORN.

Report.—Commended for large plump grain and good weight.

336. Fernando Ralatin y Moreno, Seville, Spain.

CORN.

Report.—Commended for large plump grain and good weight.

337. Provincial Board of Agriculture, Castellon, Spain.

CORN.

Report.—Commended for large plump grain and good weight.

338. Ascencio José dos Santos, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

INDIAN CORN.

Report.—Large, plump, heavy grain; bright and clear.

339. Jose de Vasconcellos Carneiro Menezes, Oporto, Portugal.

INDIAN CORN.

Report.—Fine samples of yellow and white corn. Commended for good weight and full grain.

340. Antonio Joaquim Fernandes Lima, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

INDIAN CORN.

Report.—Commended for good weight and large plump grain.

341. Manoel de Souza Rangel, Penafiel, Oporto, Portugal.

INDIAN CORN.

Report.—Commended for good weight and large grain of uniform size.

342. Administrator of Conselho de Guimaraes, Braga, Portugal.

INDIAN CORN.

Report.—Of good weight and plump grain.

343. Andrew Gilmour, Colvinsky, Victoria, Australia.

OATS.

Report.—Commended for the fine appearance and great weight of three varieties.

344. Thos. Manderson, Myrtle, Ontario, Canada.

OATS.

Report.—Commended for the good appearance and weight of "surprise" oats.

345. Chas. Anderson, Hastings, Ontario, Canada.

OATS.

Report.—Commended for the good appearance and weight of "surprise" oats.

346. Mrs. Jane Taylor, York, New Brunswick.

OATS.

Report.—Commended for the very fine appearance and weight (forty-nine pounds per bushel) of white oats.

347. Lamus Smith, Chatham, Ontario, Canada.

OATS.

Report.—Commended for the fine appearance and weight of black oats.

348. C. H. Moyer, Campden, Ontario, Canada.

BOHEMIAN OATS.

Report.—Commended for the good appearance and great weight of hull-less or Bohemian oats.

349. The Advisory Board of Prince Edward's Island, Charlottetown.

OATS.

Report.—Commended for the very fine appearance and weight of white oats.

350. Dookhinof Brothers, St. Petersburg, Russia.

OATS.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and weight.

351. J. Breebaart Kzn, Winkel, Netherlands.

OATS.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

352. C. B. Rogers, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

RYE.

Report.—Commended for large grain and great weight (fifty-nine pounds per bushel) of Nevada rye.

353. John Stewart, Horton, Renfrew, Canada.

RYE.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and weight.

354. John Novosiltzef, Voin, Orel, Russia.

RYE AND BARLEY.

Report.—Commended for good appearance and weight.

355. D. Paulina Poveda, Pedroso, Salamanca, Spain.

RYE.

Report.—Commended for very good weight and appearance.

356. Francisco de Lemos Cunha, Vieira, Evora, Portugal.

RYE.

Report.—Commended for very good weight and appearance.

357. Jose Antonio Diaz Inchado, Morvão, Portalegre, Portugal.

RYE.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

358. Jose Maria Casqueiro, Crato, Portalegre, Portugal.

RYE.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

359. Francisco Martins Saraiva, Belmonte, Castello Branco, Portugal.

RYE.

Report.—Commended for good weight and large, full grain.

360. Christo, Yanina, Turkey.

RYE, BARLEY, AND MILLET.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance of barley and rye, and well-cleaned millet seed.

361. B. Biesheuvel, Haarlemmermeer, Netherlands.

RYE.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

362. Jhr. J. P. Six, 's Graveland, Netherlands.

BUCKWHEAT.

Report.—Commended for very good weight and appearance of buckwheat.

363. M. Besselink, Hummeloo, Netherlands.

BUCKWHEAT.

Report.—Commended for good weight and appearance.

364. William B. Burk & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

AMERICAN SPONGES FROM THE FLORIDA COAST.

Report.—Commended for variety and general good quality.

365. R. H. Sawyer & Co., Bahama Islands.

A COLLECTION OF SPONGES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of the sponges, and the extent of the collection, to wit: sheep's-wool sponges, yellow sponges, velvet sponges, grass sponges, and reef sponges.

366. S. Themeli, Calimnos Island, Turkey.

SPONGES.

Report.—Sponges of the island of Calimnos (Turkey). The exhibitor employs the best divers to collect the choicest kinds. His collection is the best to be found, is carefully selected and well cured.

367. The Bey of Tunis.

A COLLECTIVE EXHIBIT.

Report.—A collection of sponges of several varieties, samples of yellow and white corn (*Z. maize*), and specimens of wheat grown in Tunis.

368. N. Carantonis, Calimnos Island, Turkey.

SPONGES.

Report.—They are of the finest quality, well prepared and carefully selected by the exhibitor, consisting of fifteen varieties from the sea-shore of the Mediterranean, and particularly from the islands of Calimnos and Candia.

369. American Condensed Milk Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

CONDENSED MILK.

Report.—Commended for richness and natural taste of the milk.

370. John Gail Borden, New York, N. Y., U. S.

CONDENSED MILK (EAGLE BRAND).

Report.—Commended for richness and natural taste of the milk.

371. Hooker's Cream Milk Co., London, England.

CONDENSED MILK.

Report.—Well conserved; taste and color very good.

372. Guillermo Fábreques, Mahon, Balearic Islands.

CONDENSED MILK WITH COFFEE AND SUGAR.

Report.—Well condensed and in good proportions.

373. Norwegian Condensed Milk Co., Christiania, Norway.

CONDENSED MILK.

Report.—Commended for good preservation and very marked milk taste.

374. Swiss Condensed Milk Co., Fribourg, Switzerland.

CONDENSED MILK.

Report.—Commended for good preservation, color, and taste.

375. Thomas J. Purcell, Sharon Hill, N. Y., U. S.

HOPS OF 1876.

Report.—Among the samples of hops grown this year and offered for competition, this sample is found nearly perfect.

376. A. Clock, St. Helena, Napa County, Cal., U. S.

HOPS OF 1876.

Report.—Among the samples of hops grown this year and competing for prizes, this sample was pronounced the best as to brightness, picking, flavor, strength, and curing.

377. P. S. Risley, Waterville, N. Y., U. S.

HOPS OF 1876.

Report.—Among the samples of hops grown this year competing for prizes, this sample is pronounced almost perfect in all essential points.

378. A. S. Murphy, Cooperstown, N. Y., U. S.

HOPS OF 1876.

Report.—Among the samples of hops grown this year competing for prizes, this sample is pronounced nearly perfect in all essential points.

379. A. D. Stanley, Smithville, Jefferson County, N. Y., U. S.

HOPS OF 1876.

Report.—Among the samples of hops grown this year offered for competition, this sample is found nearly perfect.

380. Storey Brothers, St. Helena, Napa Valley, Cal., U. S.

HOPS OF 1876.

Report.—Among the samples of hops grown this year and offered for competition, this sample is found nearly perfect.

381. Sahlmann Brothers, Fürth, Bavaria, Germany.

BAVARIAN AND BOHEMIAN HOPS.

Report.—Commended for good condition and appearance.

382. City Council of Spalt, Germany.

BAVARIAN HOPS.

Report.—The undoubted merit of the celebrated Bavarian hops found the fullest appreciation, and gave a high idea of the excellent culture of the hops in that country.

383. C. Homann, Nuremberg, Germany.

GAZETTE FOR HOPS.

Report.—Commended for the great merit of his publications and his statistical and geographical researches.

384. Dreyfuss & Binswanger, Munich and Nuremberg, Germany.

HOPS.

Report.—Commended for sound condition and good appearance.

385. Tanzer Brothers, Prague, Bohemia, Austria.

HOPS.

Report.—Commended for good condition and appearance.

386. S. Liebmann's Sons, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.

MALT.

Report.—Excellent quality; fine, even color; very sweet.

387. Charles Pope, Chicago, Ill., U. S.

MALT.

Report.—Commended for very good quality of malt made from Canada, Minnesota, and California barley; especially that of the last named.

388. Theodore Bergner, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

MALT.

Report.—Commended for purity, equality, color, and good sweet taste.

389. A. C. Hudson & Marsh, Buffalo, N. Y., U. S.

MALT.

Report.—Commended for excellent quality.

390. Charles W. Pardee, Oswego, N. Y., U. S.

MALT.

Report.—Very fine; full; clear in color; very saccharine.

391. Thomas Palin, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.

MALT.

Report.—Very fine color of malt, meriting full recognition.

392. R. P. Slater, Galt, Ontario, Canada.

MALT.

Report.—Commended for superior quality.

393. Howard & Northwood, Chatham, Canada.

MALT.

Report.—Very fine and clean.

394. John Labatt, London, Canada.

MALT.

Report.—Excellent in quality.

395. Jules Guilbert, Saint-Omer (Pas-de-Calais), France.

MALT.

Report.—Five varieties of malt, from five different parts of France. The germination is perfect, and, although on exhibition since the opening, the qualities are just the same as when exported from France.

396. Leipzig Malt Co., Saxony, Germany.

MALT.

Report.—Prepared from superior barley; the malt is distinguished by a great amount of saccharine matter.

397. Mittler & Co., Brünn, Austria.

MALT.

Report.—Commended for good condition and appearance.

398. C. L. Noziczka & W. Umgetter, Brünn, Austria.

MALT.

Report.—Commended for excellent condition and appearance.

399. M. Kaufmann, Brünn, Austria.

MORAVIAN MALT.

Report.—Commended for superior quality.

400. Solmitzky & Mittler, Brünn, Austria.

MALT.

Report.—Commended for sound condition and good appearance.

401. A. Paillet & Co., Epernay, France.

CORKS.

Report.—Corks grown in Spain; cut and shaped at Epernay for corking champagne wines; good and sound.

402. Gen. J. T. A. Brant, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

VANILLA.

Report.—A good product.

403. National Museum, Cairo, Egypt.

A COLLECTIVE EXHIBIT.

Report.—The collection consists of native ivory,—various articles manufactured from the horn of the rhinoceros, and cups and ornaments made from bone.

404. Benningfield & Son, Cape of Good Hope.

NATIVE IVORY (ELEPHANTS' TUSKS).

Report.—Commended for the large size and perfect soundness of the specimens exhibited.

405. Chisolm's Rice Mill, Charleston, S. C., U. S.

RICE.

Report.—Commended for the fine appearance of this exhibit, showing good grain, well cleaned.

406. Sociedad La Edetana, Valencia, Spain.

RICE.

Report.—A fine exhibit of several varieties of rice in the straw and cleaned (beautifully cleansed), together with all the products of the rice.

407. Regino Garcia, Manila, Philippine Islands.

RICE.

Report.—Commended for the extent and variety of the exhibit, and excellence of some of the products, the exhibit comprising one hundred and twenty varieties of rice.

408. Portuguese Government, Portugal.

RICE.

Report.—A large collection of rices from the provinces of Angola, Cape de Verd, S. Thome and Principe, Goa, and Damao.

409. Henrique Auguste Pereira, Setubal, Lisbon, Portugal.

RICE.

Report.—Good, clear, well-cleansed grain.

410. Vicente Ferreira Nunes, Lisbon, Portugal.

RICE.

Report.—Two exhibits of well-cleansed rice, with large, even grain.

411. Djebra Gaza, Aleppo, Turkey.

RICE.

Report.—A good sample; heavy; well cleaned.

412. Bernardino R. Carvalho, São Paulo, Brazil.

RICE.

Report.—Commended for good quality and care in cleaning.

413. Raymundo J. T. Valle, Maranhão, Brazil.

RICE.

Report.—Commended for uniformity in size of grain, and care in cleaning.

414. M. Antonio Guimarães, Paraná, Brazil.

RICE.

Report.—Commended for good quality and careful cleaning.

415. Ferrarini Riecardo & Brothers, Modena, Italy.

RICE.

Report.—Commended for the fine appearance of four varieties.

416. Secondo Malinverni, Vercelli, Novara, Italy.

RICE.

Report.—Commended for the size of grain and care taken in cleansing.

417. Donati Grioni & Tensini, Crema, Italy.

RICE.

Report.—Commended for size and finish of grain.

418. United States Egg Desiccating Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

CRYSTALLIZED EGG.

Report.—1. The product is dry and compact in form and easily transported.
2. It is soluble in water or milk, and the solution retains all the properties of fresh eggs.

419. Geo. Upton, Boston, Mass., U. S.

GLUE.

Report.—A large and various exhibit of glues of fine appearance, of which three kinds are of excellent strength and purity.

420. Baeder, Adamson & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

GLUE.

Report.—This exhibit consists of four different preparations, for as many different purposes. They are all characterized by extraordinary strength, permanency, and sweetness.

421. Gaff, Fleischmann, & Co., New York, N. Y., and Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

COMPRESSED YEAST.

Report.—The pressed yeast is a perfectly pure extract of selected grain, contributing to make a superior bread.

422. E. Mockridge & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

AZUMEA (A BAKING POWDER).

Report.—The preparation is made after a simple formula, and is an effective, cheap, and safe substitute for fermentation in bread-making.

423. Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I., U. S.

BAKING POWDER.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Its efficient action in rendering bread porous.
 2. The acid used supplies phosphates, if these should be deficient in the food.
 3. Less flour is required to make a given amount of bread in this manner than when fermented.
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424. National Dry Hop Yeast Co., Seneca Falls, N. Y., U. S.

DRY HOP YEAST.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The convenient form of the product.
2. The purity of the ingredients used in its manufacture.

425. Royal Baking Powder Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The acid and carbonate are used in such proportions that they exactly neutralize each other.
2. There is used in the compound such material that in the heat employed for baking it is resolved entirely into gas.
3. The entirely satisfactory results obtained by practical test.

426. Palmer Baking Powder Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

"JONES' UNRIVALED BAKING POWDER."

Report.—It furnishes a convenient, cheap, and safe substitute for yeast in making bread and cake.

427. Waterloo Yeast Co., Waterloo, N. Y., U. S.

DRY HOP YEAST.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Freedom of the yeast from injurious substances or impurities.
2. The promptness with which it acts in producing fermentation.

428. George F. Gantz, New York, N. Y., U. S.

SEA-FOAM BAKING POWDER.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The prompt action in rendering bread porous.
2. The absence of anything injurious to health in the resulting compound.

429. Michael Ossipof, Kiev, Russia.

TALLOW.

Report.—Very white, odorless, and consistent.

430. C. J. Fell & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

SPICES.

Report.—A fine collection of spices, well chosen and carefully prepared.

431. Weikel & Smith Spice Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

SPICES.

Report.—A large and very fine collection of a great variety of spices, very carefully prepared and put up pure and strong, and recommends itself very strongly.

432. C. J. Fell & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

MUSTARD.

Report.—The two kinds of mustard are very carefully prepared, strong, and have a good natural flavor and color.

433. Weikel & Smith Spice Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

MUSTARD.

Report.—Their mustard is excellent, pure, strong, and carefully put up.

434. Bonnett, Schenck, & Earle, New York, N. Y., U. S.

MUSTARD.

Report.—Their Massasoit mustard is clean, strong, and of good flavor, well ground and carefully put up.

435. Wm. G. Dean, New York, N. Y., U. S.

ARDENTER MUSTARD.

Report.—Their "Ardenter" mustard is carefully prepared, strong, and of good flavor.

436. Keen, Robinson, Belleville, & Co., London, England.

MUSTARD.

Report.—Carefully prepared and put up.

437. George Berlinski, Warsaw, Russia.

PREPARED MUSTARD.

Report.—Commended for very good flavor and careful preparation.

438. Waag & Sons, Doobovka, Saratov, Russia.

MUSTARD.

Report.—Good, strong, fresh mustard.

439. Christian Mueller, Doobovka, Saratov, Russia.

MUSTARD.

Report.—Two fine samples of mustard; remarkably strong and fresh.

440. Agricultural Commission, Brazil.

CLOVE OF THE MARANHAO (DICIPELLIUM).

Report.—The clove of the Maranhão is a spice much used by the confectioners.

441. Maille & Tandeau, Paris, France.

MUSTARD, PICKLES, PRESERVED MUSHROOMS.

Report.—Their products are excellent in every way; flavor, color, freshness, and great care and taste in putting up.

442. Commission for the Province of Maranhão, Maranhão, Brazil.

CLOVE OF THE MARANHAO—DICIPELLIUM CARYOPHYLLATUM.

Report.—This product is a spice much used in the confectionaries; delicious flavor and highly appetizing.

443. The Municipality of Lisbon, Portugal.

TALLOW OF THREE VARIETIES.

Report.—White, consistent, and entirely odorless.

444. Cassard Brothers & Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

LARD OIL.

Report.—Lard oil for lubricating and burning; it has a clear color.

445. W. J. Wilcox & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

STEARINE AND LARD OIL.

Report.—1. The stearine deserves a special mention for being prepared without the use of chemical or other adulterations. It is extremely consistent, white, and tasteless. The use of this product is specially for hardening lard to be exported to warm and distant latitudes.

2. The lard oil is very white, sweet, and used for lubricating and burning. From its absolute purity it is even used for cooking purposes in Northern European countries.

446. P. T. George & Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

LARD OIL.

Report.—Lard oil for lubricating and burning; it has a sweet taste.

447. V. W. Macfarlane & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

REFINED LARD.

Report.—This lard is of good taste and well preserved.

448. W. J. Wilcox & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

REFINED LARD.

Report.—Commended for:

1. Its sweetness.
2. Its fine color.
3. Its being well prepared for exportation.

449. P. T. George & Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

REFINED LARD.

Report.—Their refined lard is white and sweet.

450. Geo. C. Napheys & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

REFINED LARD.

Report.—Commended for:

1. Good condition.
2. Good color.
3. Good flavor.

451. Pork-Packing Co., Copenhagen, Denmark.

REFINED LARD.

Report.—Carefully put up in bladders for exportation. Commended for good taste and good color.

452. Diego Ojeda, Puerto Real, Cadiz, Spain.

LICORICE.

Report.—Licorice in sticks; very clean and very pure; of unexceptionable aroma.

453. Flor Carenon y Tur, Zaragoza, Spain.

LICORICE.

Report.—Of very good merchantable quality, fair aroma, and pure taste.

454. MacAndrews & Co., Seville, Spain.

LICORICE.

Report.—Well prepared, very pure, and of delicious fragrance.

455. Antonio Viti, Cremona, Italy.

TORRONE.

Report.—Commended for quality, price, and good condition. The Torrone corresponds with the white French nougat, and is of delicious taste.

456. Luigi Cerri, Cremona, Italy.

TORRONE.

Report.—The Torrone, known as French nougat, is a delicious sweetmeat. It has a very fine taste, and, being made entirely of almonds, sugar, and honey, is very healthy.

457. Xavier Wertz, New York, N. Y., U. S.

CONFECTIONERY.

Report.—The bouquet of flowers is a most perfect imitation of the natural flowers. The new bonbons are perfect.

458. Joseph Combet, Champigny, near Paris, France.

BONBONS.

Report.—French nougat, a compound of honey, almonds, and pistache; is a very good imitation of the celebrated Montélimart nougat. Peppermint and acidulated drops very good.

459. L. Reinhardt & Co., Paris, France.

BONBONS.

Report.—"French bonbons;" pastilles à la violette et pastilles de Luchon; delicate taste.

460. Geremia Viscardi, Bologna, Italy.

CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for the specialty of crystallized fruits, which are of the best quality and in excellent condition, solid, and comparatively very cheap.

461. Giovanni Profeta, Naples, Italy.

CONFECTIONERY.

Report.—Very fine goods; of excellent quality, and in very good condition.

462. Amato Brothers, Catania, Italy.

CANDIED FRUITS AND CITRONS.

Report.—Very fine and well conditioned articles; comparatively very cheap and excellent, especially the candied citrons, which are magnificent.

463. Chev. Salvatore Guli, Palermo, Italy.

CANDIED FRUITS AND CONFECTIONERY.

Report.—Commended for choice brands of articles exhibited which are sold very cheap.

464. Gioacchino Loreti, Rome, Italy.

ASSORTED CANDIES AND CONFECTIONERY.

Report.—Candies pure and very delicious.

465. Contessini, Gerini, & Co., Leghorn, Italy.

CONFECTIONERY, CANDIED ORANGES AND LEMONS.

Report.—The exhibits are of a very fine quality and in very good condition.

466. Serafino Burchi, Pisa, Italy.

CONFECTIONERY.

Report.—A very fine assortment of candies and ornamental sugar flowers; all of very good quality and in very good condition.

467. Francesco Gaetani Tamburini, Monsampolo del Tronto, Italy.

FIGS AND NOUGAT.

Report.—Made of sugar, figs, and other alimentary products; very fine taste and in very good condition.

468. Du Vivier & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

ASSORTED PICKLES.

Report.—Commended for—1. Excellent flavor.
2. Carefulness in the preparation and the putting up.

469. W. Underwood & Co., Boston, Mass., U. S.

FAMILY PICKLES; WALNUT CATSUPS.

Report.—Commended for—1. Good taste.
2. Careful preparation.

470. Skilton, Foote, & Co., Boston, Mass., U. S.

BUNKER HILL PICKLES.

Report.—Commended for—1. Their remarkable cheapness.
2. Good taste, the price being considered.

471. Squire Dingee, Chicago, Ill., U. S.

PICKLES AND SAUCES.

Report.—Commended for good pleasant flavor.

472. E. T. Cowdrey & Co., Boston, Mass., U. S.

MIXED PICKLES, GHERKINS, CATSUPS.

Report.—Commended for good taste and cheapness.

473. Crosse & Blackwell, London, England.

PICKLES AND SAUCES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Most careful preparation.
 2. Excellent taste.
 3. Great variety.
-

474. Canadian Meat and Produce Co., Sherbrooke, Quebec, Canada.

PICKLES, SAUCES, AND SOUPS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Careful preparation.
 2. Very good taste.
 3. Variety.
-

475. A. Bornibus, Paris, France.

PICKLES AND MUSTARD.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Their excellent taste.
 2. Their freshness.
 3. Their careful preparation.
-

476. Agricultural Commission of the Province of Maranhão, Brazil.

PICKLES, PEPPERS, PIMENTOES, PARMITOES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Tastefully and carefully put up.
 2. Well flavored.
-

477. Leopoldina Rosa da Silva Canora, Pará, Brazil.

MIXED PICKLES.

Report.—These pickles are put up with great taste, and have a good, strong flavor.

478. Santos & Ferreira, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

PALMITO, MIXED PICKLES, PRESERVED BEETS:

Report.—Commended for—1. Tasteful appearance.

2. Good strong flavor.
-

479. F. P. de Vasconcelos, Bahia, Brazil.

ASSORTED CONSERVES AND PRESERVED PICKLES.

Report.—They are carefully preserved, have a strong, warm flavor, and look very fresh.

480. Dr. Giacomo Josi Belucci, Modena, Italy.

PRESERVED PICKLES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Carefully put up in tin cans.
2. Pleasant flavor.
3. Tastefully prepared.

481. Wm. King, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.

KING'S SAUCE, ROYAL AND TABLE SAUCE.

Report.—Commended for—1. Their pleasant flavor.
2. Careful preparation.

482. John Annear & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PENNSYLVANIA SAUCE.

Report.—Commended for—1. Very good taste.
2. Cheapness.

483. A. A. Smyth, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

TABLE SAUCE.

Report.—Commended for—1. Good taste.
2. Careful preparation.

484. Reckhow Preserving Co., Paterson, N. J., U. S.

SALAD CREAM, TOMATO CATSUP, CHOW-CHOW, AND PICKLES.

Report.—Commended for good taste and cheapness.

485. Stephen H. Provost, New York, N. Y., U. S.

SAUCES.

Report.—Commended for—1. Good taste.
2. Cheapness.

486. Goodal, Backhouse, & Co., Leeds, England.

YORKSHIRE RELISH.

Report.—Commended for good taste and careful preparation.

487. Lea & Perrins, Worcester, England.

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:
1. Excellent taste.
2. Very carefully prepared.

488. James Ball, London, England.

SAUCE (QUI HI SAUCE).

Report.—It has a very good flavor, and is put up with great care and neatness.

489. James Pratt, London, England.

SAUCE (PRATT'S NATIONAL SAUCE).

Report.—It is a good, well-flavored mixture, prepared with care.

490. Stringer & Co., Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

SAUCES, PICKLES, AND CURRY POWDERS.

Report.—A good collection of mixed pickles, sauces, catsups, curry powder, etc., that recommends itself by its great variety, as well as by the good flavor of the different articles and the care with which they are put up.

491. Edward Zorn, Oakleigh, Victoria, Australia.

TOMATO SAUCE AND OAKLEIGH SAUCE.

Report.—The tomato sauce is of a beautiful color, like the fresh fruit, and both it and the Oakleigh sauce have an excellent taste.

492. Geo. Lyon, Beechworth, Victoria, Australia.

SAUCE (BOGONG SAUCE).

Report.—Commended for the good, wholesome flavor of the Bogong sauce, and for careful preparation.

493. Henry Comfort, Cheltenham, Victoria, Australia.

TOMATO SAUCE.

Report.—The tomato sauce is very carefully prepared, of a good color and excellent taste.

494. S. P. Hogg & Co., Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

CURRY POWDER.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons: the delicious taste of the curry powder; the care with which it is put up.

495. J. H. Boreham, South Brisbane, Queensland, Australia.

CHUTNEY AND TOMATO CATSUP SAUCES.

Report.—The Chutney and tomato catsups are very well prepared and very well flavored.

496. Naga-oka Zenpachi, Tokio, Japan.

SAUCES.

Report.—The Shoyu sauce, to be used with meat and fish and for the purpose of flavoring gravies and soups, is excellent; the preparation is most careful, and it recommends itself strongly for its purity and flavor.

The Mirin sauce is very good for sweetening puddings, etc.

497. Joaquim Martinez, Pontevedra, Spain.

TOMATO SAUCE AND SWEET PIMENTO.

Report.—They are carefully prepared, and have a good taste and color.

498. August Schweigert, Geneva, Switzerland.

SAUCE (THEODOROS).

Report.—The Theodoros sauce is an excellent relish for meat, fish, and soups, and recommends itself by its freshness and original taste.

499. Walter Baker & Co., Boston, Mass., U. S.

COCOA AND CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A good collection of cocoa and chocolate.

500. Agapito Nieves, Albay, Philippine Islands.

COCOA.

Report.—Of good condition and agreeable flavor.

501. Provincial Board of Batangas, Philippine Islands.

COCOA.

Report.—Commended for good condition and agreeable flavor.

502. Provincial Board of Antique, Philippine Islands.

COCOA.

Report.—Commended for good condition and agreeable flavor.

503. Portuguese Government, Island of S. Thome and Principe.

COCOA.

Report.—Very large cocoa beans, of remarkably fine flavor.

504. E. Menier, Paris, France.

CACAO.

Report.—The cacao is of the best quality, and perfectly prepared.

505. Government of Venezuela.

CACAO.

Report.—Twenty exhibitors of different qualities of cacao, universally acknowledged to be the best in the world.

506. Maria de J. Silva & Sons, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

CACAO.

Report.—Very fine quality of cacao, particularly adapted to the Spanish taste.

507. Henry Maillard, New York, N. Y., U. S.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A fine collection of chocolate, manufactured with the best sorts of cocoa and sugar.

508. Stephen F. Whitman & Son, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A fine collection of chocolate, manufactured with the greatest care; delicious cocoa paste.

509. H. Runkel & Co., Tompkinsville, Staten Island, N. Y., U. S.

CHOCOLATES.

Report.—A good collection of family chocolates, imperial French sweet chocolate, chocolate vanilla, chocolate vanilla double, chocolate triple, perfected chocolate.

510. J. S. Fry & Sons, London and Bristol, England.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A fine collection of chocolate and bonbons. Commended for remarkable taste and cheapness; high standard.

511. E. Menier, London, England.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons: 1, very fine preparation; 2, remarkable cheapness.

512. F. Langier & Co., Kingston, Jamaica.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Commended for its good preparation.

513. George Landrin, St. Petersburg, Russia.

CHOCOLATE AND BONBONS.

Report.—A fine collection, prepared with very great care; of good flavor, form, and freshness.

514. E. Menier, Paris, France.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Remarkably fine preparation, high standard, cheapness, with excellence of quality.

515. Lombart, Choisy-le-Roy, near Paris, France.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Chocolate carefully prepared with the best sorts of cacao and sugar.

516. A. Joveneau, Tournai, Belgium.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Commended for quality and cheap prices.

517. N. Delannoy, Tournai, Belgium.

CHOCOLATE AND BONBONS.

Report.—Very fine chocolate, made with the purest and best cocoas and sugar. High standard.

518. Fullie Brothers, Caracas, Venezuela.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Of good quality, agreeable taste, and well manufactured.

519. Luis Rus & Co., Caracas, Venezuela.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Of very good quality, fine flavor, and prepared from the best Caracas cacao.

520. José Maria Blanco, Santiago, Coruña, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Chocolate preserved in small tablets with crystallized sugar; of good taste and cheap.

521. Widow of L. Dubois, Murcia, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A very good chocolate, well prepared and preserved.

522. Lopez & Vasquez, Madrid, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A remarkable collection of very cheap chocolate; fine preparation.

523. Francisco Leal, Coruña, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Of good quality and good preservation; very nice taste.

524. Antonio Maria Fernandez, Oviedo, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Good chocolate; remarkable quality, with a wonderful cheapness.

525. Cuevas & Garcia, Valladolid, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Chocolate made expressly with cacao and sugar; fine taste; wonderful cheapness.

526. Enrique Calvo de Castro, Ferrol, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A remarkable quality of chocolate; in good preservation; cheap.

527. Widow of Blas Alonso, Leon, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A very good chocolate; good preparation; fresh taste.

528. Olallo Lazaro, Talavera, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A careful preparation; of very fine taste.

529. Salustiano Mariño Escarda, Benavente, Zamora, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A careful preparation. Chocolate very well preserved, with a fresh taste.

530. Pedro Antonio Alonso, Mansilla de las Mulas, Leon, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Of good quality; nice fresh taste; very cheap.

531. Maximo Alonso de Prado, Leon, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A collection of several sorts of chocolate, of very fine taste, careful preparation, and wonderful cheapness.

532. Manuel Garcia, Lerida, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A good fabrication; commended for its sweetness.

533. Matias Lopez, Madrid, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A careful preparation with rich cacaos and sugar; of remarkable cheapness.

534. Francisco Enciso de Ruiz, Munilla, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Very good chocolate, of remarkable cheapness.

535. Benito Acebal y Menendez, Oviedo, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Chocolate expressly made with the richest cacaos and sugar; a careful preparation.

536. Francisco Hernandez & Brothers, Lugo, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Chocolate carefully prepared; in good preservation; of remarkable cheapness.

537. Juan Macaya, Reus, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A good preparation; good quality; remarkable cheapness.

538. Tadeo Ortiz & Sons, Palencia, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Pure chocolate, expressly made with the best cacaos and sugar; a very good preparation; nice taste.

539. José Maria Iriarte, Havana, Cuba.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A careful preparation; only made with the best sorts of cacao and sugar, and keeping a very fresh taste.

540. Domingo Ascaso, Zaragoza, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Very careful fabrication; remarkably fine taste.

541. Colonial Company (Meric & Co.), Madrid, Spain.

CHOCOLATE AND BONBONS.

Report.—A perfect preparation, only made with the best sort of cacao and sugar; good preservation, and remarkably fine taste, according to the quality of each kind of chocolate; high standard.

542. Ribera Guarner & Brothers, Alicante, Spain.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Chocolate, well manufactured from good sorts of cacaos, and with aroma to suit the taste of the country where it is made.

543. Plana & Co., Havana, Cuba.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Chocolate, remarkably prepared, with the best sorts of cacao and sugar; a good preservation.

544. José Fernandez, Matanzas, Cuba.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Very well manufactured, and well preserved, with a fresh taste.

545. Monros, Prieto, & Co., Havana, Cuba.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A fine collection of chocolate, very well prepared with the best cacaos on sugar only; nice and fresh taste.

546. Ferreira & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A very good collection; manufactured by steam.

547. Guilhermina Rosa de Carvalho, Oporto, Portugal.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Two qualities; simple and sweet; good product.

548. Ignacio H. Ferrer, City of Mexico, Mexico.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—The quality and the flavor are good.

549. Commission for the Province of Pará, Brazil.

CHOCOLATE AND CACAO.

Report.—Two kinds of cacao, of very fine quality.

550. Liborio, Lino, & Ferreira, São Paulo, Brazil.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Excellent quality of chocolate, very carefully prepared.

551. Luiz Francisco de Pinho, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Three kinds of chocolate,—in cakes, powder, and *homœopathics*; delicious and remarkably cheap.

552. Stollwerk Brothers, Cologne-on-the Rhine, Germany.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Commended for perfect granulation, and good quality and taste, derived from fine cacao.

553. Grootes Brothers, Westzann, Netherlands.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—Very fine; first quality of manufacturing; first quality of taste.

554. A. Driessen, Rotterdam, Netherlands.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—The chocolate was highly admired for its good manufacture; the taste was fine. It belongs to the best productions of that kind.

555. De Bont & Leijten, Amsterdam, Netherlands.

CHOCOLATE AND SUGAR BONBONS.

Report.—The chocolate of this manufactory was highly admired; also the sugar bonbons for their taste and excellent quality, besides for the artistic figures and admirably-finished compositions.

556. Ph. Suchard, Neuchâtel, Switzerland.

CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A fine collection of chocolate.

557. Central Maté Export Co., Porto Allegre, Brazil.

MATÉ.

Report.—Well selected and prepared and carefully put up.

558. J. Pereira Correia, Antonina, Paraná, Brazil.

MATÉ.

Report.—Native tea, strongly recommended for people whose nerves are affected by Chinese or Japanese tea.

559. Luiz Manoel Agnez, Paraná, Brazil.

MATÉ.

Report.—The maté, or native tea, is well prepared, and recommends itself strongly for its delicious flavor, its freshness and wholesomeness.

560. Gaetano Jose Munhoz, Paraná, Brazil.

MATÉ.

Report.—Excellent natural tea, of pleasant flavor and wonderful cheapness.

561. Vicente Ferreira da Luz, Paraná, Brazil.

MATÉ.

Report.—The maté is a native plant, with which a most refreshing drink is made, approaching the flavor of tea. It is preferable to tea for all nervous organizations, and its use is safer for them.

562. Joaquim Ventura d'Almeida Torres, Paraná, Brazil.

MATÉ.

Report.—This maté is well selected and carefully put up.

563. Minobe Chinbeye, Kiyoto, Japan.

TEA.

Report.—Very fine quality of tea, prepared without any chemical ingredients; it derives its superior qualities from the particularly favorable composition of the soil where it grows in the province of Yamashiro.

564. First Japanese Manufacturing & Trading Co., Tokio, Japan.

COLLECTION OF TEAS.

Report.—These teas recommend themselves by the delicacy of their taste, their aroma, and by the fact that no chemical ingredient enters into their preparation.

565. Noroka Taizo, Tojikiken, Japan.

TEA.

Report.—Pure tea, of a delicate flavor, in the composition of which enter no chemical ingredients.

566. Marunaka Magohei, Kanazawa, Japan.

TEA.

Report.—Two distinct kinds of natural tea, without any chemical preparation or coloring, and of a fine and delicate flavor.

567. The Imperial Board of Agriculture, Industry, and Commerce, Tokio, Japan.

TEA.

Report.—A large collection of fine tea, of superior aroma and free from all chemical preparations.

568. Kambayshi, Sansho, & Sanniu, Uji, Yamashiro, Japan.

TEA.

Report.—Very fine quality of tea, prepared without any chemical ingredients, and grown upon a soil which is more favorable for that culture than any other in Japan.

569. Imperial Maritime Customs, China.

TEA.

Report.—A large collection of black teas, Conger, Oolong, Pekoe, Caper, Pouchong, and Souchong; green teas, Young Hyson, Hyson, Twankay, Gunpowder, and Imperial, exported from Hankow, Kinkiang, Shanghai, Ningpo, Foochow, Swatow, and Canton; some of them with a very delicate flavor, and almost all at reasonable prices.

570. Rocha Leão & Co., São Paulo, Fazenda de Murumby, Brazil.

TEA.

Report.—Green tea; well prepared; good and delicate flavor.

571. Fazenda de Thezoureiro, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

TEA.

Report.—Three kinds of green tea, of very good quality; well prepared, delicate, and of pleasant flavor.

572. Councillor J. da S. Carrão, São Paulo, Brazil.

GREEN TEA.

Report.—A good quality of green tea, well prepared.

573. Jose Luis Martins, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

TEA.

Report.—Two kinds of green tea, well prepared and of good flavor.

574. Arouche, São Paulo, Brazil.

TEA.

Report.—This tea (called the perlé) is of excellent quality and perfectly prepared.

575. Francisco L. de M. Russo, São Paulo, Brazil.

TEA.

Report.—Very good green tea, with an excellent flavor.

576. J. R. Xavier, São Paulo, Brazil.

TEA.

Report.—A good quality of pleasantly flavored green tea.

577. T. & H. Smith & Co., Edinburgh, Scotland.

ESSENCE OF COFFEE AND ESSENCE OF FRUIT.

Report.—The essence of coffee is very good, cheap, and portable.

There is a very fine and varied collection of essences of fruit, which all retain their characteristic aroma to a wonderful degree.

578. John McLean, Jamaica.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for coffee of the first quality. The grains are agreeably aromatic and very well dried.

579. James Harrison, Jamaica.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for the color and aroma, and for the great size of the grains.

580. John Davidson, Jamaica.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for the color and aroma, and for the great size of the grains.

581. M. M. Lascelles, Jamaica.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for the color and aroma, and for the great and regular size of the grains.

582. Ernest Elliwitt, Jamaica.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for the color and aroma, and for the great and regular size of the grains.

583. Dr. Stephens, Jamaica.

COFFEE.

Report.—The color is good; the grains very small and flat.

584. Francis Chalmer, Jamaica.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for the color and aroma, and for the great size of the grains.

585. Mr. Maclaverty, Jamaica.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for the color and aroma, and for the great size of the grains.

586. The Government of Jamaica.

COFFEE NERAMICA AND COFFEE-LEAF TEA.

Report.—The coffee neramica is passable as a substitute of the true coffee. The coffee-leaf tea is passable.

587. F. Harman, Riga, Russia.

COFFEE OF CHICCORY.

Report.—A good product.

588. Bruno Hofmark, St. Petersburg, Russia.

COFFEE OF CHICCORY.

Report.—A good product.

589. Pykhof Brothers, Rostov, Yaroslav, Russia.

COFFEE OF CHICCORY.

Report.—This product is good.

590. Starr & Co., Riga, Russia.

COFFEE OF CHICCORY.

Report.—The product is good, and the chiccory of the best; completely soluble.

591. Charles Vandendaele-Rigot, Quievrain, Belgium.

COFFEE OF CHICCORY.

Report.—Good preparation, and substitute of the natural coffee.

592. Rodolphe Ameye-Berte, Ghent, Belgium.

COFFEE OF CHICORY.

Report.—Good preparation and substitute of the natural coffee.

593. Government of Venezuela.

COFFEE.

Report.—Thirty-two exhibitors of very good coffee, beautiful color, aroma, and taste.

594. Colonial Co. of Madrid, Spain.

GROUND COFFEE.

Report.—Pure ground coffee, of excellent taste and fruity aroma.

595. Ferrer & Ballester, Adjuntas, Porto Rico.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good qualities.

596. Domingo Santoni, San German, Porto Rico.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality.

597. Provincial Board of Batangas, Philippine Islands.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for good flavor.

598. Angel Velarde, Cavite, Philippine Islands.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for good flavor.

599. Provincial Board of Mindanao, Philippine Islands.

COFFEE.

Report.—Commended for its good flavor.

600. Government of St. Thomé and Principe, Portugal.

COFFEE.

Report.—A very good collection.

601. Government of Cape Verd, Portugal.

COFFEE.

Report.—A very good collection; color and size are regular.

602. Government of Mozambique, Portugal.

COFFEE.

Report.—A good collection.

603. Government of Macao, Portugal.

COFFEE.

Report.—A good collection _____

604. Government of Portuguese India.

COFFEE.

Report.—A good collection. _____

605. Government of Angola, Portugal.

COFFEE.

Report.—A good collection. _____

606. Cirilo Mingo, Cordoba, Mexico.

COFFEE.

Report.—A good product. _____

607. Santiago Villa, Cordoba, Mexico.

COFFEE.

Report.—Good products. _____

608. General Mariano Escobedo, Morelia, Mexico.

COFFEE.

Report.—Good products. _____

609. Cuastecomatan Co., Colima, Mexico.

COFFEE.

Report.—A good product. _____

610. Government of Vera Cruz, Mexico.

COFFEE.

Report.—A good product; of agreeable flavor. _____

611. Commission of the Province of Maranhão, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

612. Colony Leopoldina, Santa Catharina, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

613. Colony Alexandra, Paraná, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

614. Commission of the Province of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

615. Colony Blumenau, Santa Catharina, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality.

616. Government of Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of a very good quality.

617. Manoel A. Ayrosa, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

618. Viscount of Jaguary, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

619. José Assis Alver, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

620. Baron of Bella Vista, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

621. Augusto J. de M. Jordão, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

622. José Manoel Freire, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

623. José Pinto Tavares, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Coffee of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

624. Pedro Ramos Nogueira, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Coffee of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

625. Crysogno J. Fernandes, Bahia, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality.

626. Umbelino Costa, Bahia, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

627. Ernesto Krull, Bahia, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

628. Frederica Krull, Bahia, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

629. Viscountess of Rio Novo, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

630. Antonio Pompeo de Camargo, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

631. Antonio da Costa Pereira, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

632. Freire & Brother, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

633. Maria Constança de Jesus Silva & Sons, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

634. Lazzarini, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

635. Manoel de Freitas Lemos, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

636. Luiz Bornaud, Bahia, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

637. José Teixeira da Nobrega Nephew, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

638. Joaquim F. d'Almeida Nogueira, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

639. Rodolpho Richter, Santa Catharina, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

640. Francisco Marcondes Machado, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

641. Francisco Pompeu do Amaral, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

642. Silverio Rodrigues Jordao, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

643. Baron of Araraquara, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

644. Pedro Maria da Costa, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

645. Rafael Tobias d'Aguiar, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

646. J. C. Carvalho, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

647. Viscount of Prados, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

648. F. F. Assis Fonseca, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

649. Baron of Souza Gueiroz, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

650. Dr. Bernardo Gaviao, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

651. Domingo Gomez Jardim, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Coffee of superior quality (extra); regular size and color of the grain; rich in flavor.

652. Manoel da Rocha Leão, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Coffee of superior quality (extra); grain of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

653. Augusto Francisco de Lacerda, Bahia, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

654. Caetano J. Munhoz, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

655. Rafael Aguiar Paes de Barros, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

656. Commandeur José Verguiero, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

657. Agricultural Commission of Santa Catharina, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

658. Commission for the Province of Ceará, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

659. F. N. Calmon Nogueira da Gama, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Very good coffee, uniform in size, and of a very good aroma.

660. Antonio Cornelio dos Santos, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor.

661. J. Francisco de Paulo Souza, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

662. Luiz de Souza Breves, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very superior quality. _____

663. Commandeur L. A. de S. Barros, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good quality. _____

664. Friburgo & Sons, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of superior quality (extra); grains of regular size and color; rich in flavor. _____

665. Councillor João da Silva Carrão, São Paulo, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Of very good weight. _____

666. Baron of Juparano, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE.

Report.—Very good coffee, of remarkably good aroma. _____

667. Colonial Department of the Government of the Netherlands, The Hague, Netherlands.

COFFEE AND TEA.

Report.—A rich and numerous collection of several varieties of very good coffee and tea; one of the best collections presented at the Exhibition. _____

668. Zurich-Surrogate Coffee Factory, Zurich, Switzerland.

COLLECTION OF DIFFERENT COFFEES (IMITATION).

Report.—1. Fig coffee.

2. Tablet coffee.

3. Conserved coffee vanilla.

4. “ “ Rio de Janeiro.

5. “ “ Java.

The products are good, especially the fourth and the fifth. _____

669. Pietro Pretta, Santiago, Chili.

PREPARED COFFEE.

Report.—A good preparation of rich coffee taste. _____

670. Edward S. Morris & Co., Liberia, Africa, and Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

COFFEE, PALM OIL, INDIGO, PALM SOAP, IVORY, CAMWOOD, GINGER, COCOA, ARROWROOT, RAMIE, AND COFFEE-HULLING MACHINERY.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The variety of articles exhibited.
2. The general good quality of the articles on exhibition, and especially the superior quality of the coffee and palm soap.

671. J. S. Harbison, San Diego, Cal., U. S.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its full and excellent flavor and superior freshness and convenient form for marketing and use.

672. C. H. Robinson, Nassau, Bahama Islands.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for fine flavor and well-preserved quality of wild honey.

673. Wm. McEvoy, Woodburn, Wentworth, Ontario, Canada.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its full aromatic flavor and well-preserved condition.

674. P. A. E. Müller, Copenhagen, Denmark.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its good flavor and superior condition as to clearness and state of preservation.

675. Dr. Fernando Bolet, Caracas, Venezuela.

HONEY.

Report.—Of rich and fine flavor, and the best quality.

676. Ignacio de Cepeda, Huelva, Almonte, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of very good taste and color.

677. José M. Alvarez Barrida, Huelva, Cartasya, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of very good taste and good aroma.

678. Eloy Lecanda Valluena de Duera, Valladolid, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of good flavor and taste.

679. Eustasio Herrariz, Cuenca, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of very fine taste and agreeable aroma.

680. Julian Cepeda, Yeste, Caceres, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of very good taste and flavor.

681. Bernardo José de Olives, Ciudadela, Balearic Islands, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of very good color and good taste.

682. José Torralba, Cordenete, Cuenca, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of very good color, taste, and flavor.

683. Juan Corbalan, Saucelle, Salamanca, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of very good color, flavor, and taste.

684. Rosa Hernandez Sanchez, Hinojosa de Duero, Salamanca, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of good aroma and taste.

685. Gregorio de Domingo, Burgos, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Of very good color, taste, and flavor.

686. José Palacios Roman, Seville, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Very good taste and flavor.

687. Gregorio Domec Zuera, Zaragoza, Spain.

HONEY.

Report.—Good color, fine taste and aroma.

688. José de Moura Pinheiro, Castello Branco, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its excellent flavor and superior preservation.

689. Antonia da Ca Azevedo Lemos, Varzeas, Vizeu, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its superior flavor and well-preserved qualities.

690. Matheus Rodriguez Tenorio, Alter da Chao, Portalegre, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its superior flavor and well-preserved condition.

691. Count of Atalaya, Quinta de S. Martha, Santarem, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its extraordinary state of preservation and superior flavor.

692. Antonino Candido Nunes, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its superior flavor and well-preserved condition.

693. Candido Alberto Aguas Pinheiro, Monchique, Faro, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its superior flavor and preservation.

694. Diogo Lopez Montoya, Castello Branco, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its excellent flavor and well-preserved condition.

695. Manoel Vaz Preto Geraldês, Soura, Castello Branco, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its very fine flavor and well-preserved condition.

696. João Lopes Marcal, Evora, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its fine quality and well-preserved condition.

697. Jose Rodrigues Buraca, Grandola, Lisbon, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its high state of preservation and superior flavor.

698. Rebello Valente Allen, Campanha, Oporto, Portugal.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its flavor and state of preservation.

699. Turkish Government.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its excellent flavor.

700. Hussein Dede, Constantinople, Turkey.

RILED BAHAR HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its excellent flavor and high state of preservation.

701. Domitilio Cortinez, San Juan, Argentine Republic.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and perfect state of preservation.

702. Acclimatization & Agricultural Society of Palermo, Sicily, Italy.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its good flavor and fine state of preservation.

703. Bartolucci Godolini Brothers, Rome, Italy.

HONEY.

Report.—Commended for its good flavor and fine state of preservation.

704. Ignaz Reibstein, Bübene, Bohemia, Austria.

HONEY AND APIARY.

Report.—The honey is commended for its well-preserved condition of purity and flavor. The apiary is commended for the simplicity with which the comb can be removed and the bees preserved, for moderate cost, and easy access both for the bees and bee-keeper.

705. Lauro Barros, Melipilla, Chili.

HONEY AND WAX.

Report.—Commended for the fine quality of both wax and honey.

706. Miss A. D. Etta Bloodgood, New York, N. Y., U. S.

IMPERIAL SHEET WAX.

Report.—Commended for purity of color, tenacity, and delicacy of impression.

707. Theodor Leonhard, Paterson, N. J., U. S.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its fine white color and tenacious quality.

708. Joseph Fritsch, Carlstadt, N. J., U. S.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its superior refinement.

709. G. H. Smithers, New York, N. Y., U. S.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its highly-refined state and susceptibility to impressions.

710. Chas. Grant, Jamaica.

WAX.

Report.—A large sample of nice bleached wax.

711. P. E. Auvrey, Jamaica.

WAX.

Report.—Samples of fine bleached wax.

712. Dr. Fernando Bolet, Caracas, Venezuela.

WAX.

Report.—The white wax is of very good quality and well purified.

713. José Lorenzo Serrano, Zalamea la Real, Huelva, Spain.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its highly bleached and refined condition.

714. Vicente Antonio Perez, Talavera de la Reina, Toledo, Spain.

WAX.

Report.—A fine exhibit of common and refined wax.

715. Saturnino Estrado, Gumaca, Atimonan, Philippine Islands.

WAX.

Report.—A good collection of wax from common to a very refined and pure condition.

716. Vicente Narcizo Rapozo, Castello de Vide, Portalegre, Portugal.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its highly-refined condition.

717. Jose Baptista Vassallo, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its well-refined condition.

718. Jose Joaquin da Silva Magalhaes, Gaya, Oporto, Portugal.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its tenacity and refined condition.

719. Antonio Jose Teixeira Mello, Lisbon, Portugal.

WAX.

Report.—A large collection of wax in its common, refined, and manufactured condition.

720. Jose Maria Garcão, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its highly purified and bleached condition.

721. State Government of Oaxaca, Mexico.

WAX.

Report.—Of good quality and finely bleached.

722. State Government of Morelos, Mexico.

WAX.

Report.—Of good quality and finely bleached.

723. State Government of Yucatan, Mexico.

VEGETABLE WAX.

Report.—Commended for its cheapness and value in making candles.

724. The Bey of Tunis.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its highly-refined condition.

725. Riza Effendi, Constantinople, Turkey.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its fine white color.

726. Commission for the Province of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil.

WAX.

Report.—Samples of refined wax, of excellent quality.

727. Maria Miró, Paraná, Brazil.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its purity and excellent refinement.

728. Commission for the Province of Ceará, Brazil.

VEGETABLE WAX.

Report.—Commended for its novelty and utility in artificial light.

729. Juan Tramon, Santa Fé, Argentine Republic.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its excellent quality and refined condition.

730. José Otero, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

WAX.

Report.—Commended for its very tenacious quality and well-refined condition.

731. E. E. Visser, Amersfoort, Netherlands.

BEESWAX.

Report.—Of good quality.

732. National Board of Agriculture, Chili.

WAX.

Report.—Valuable sample of wax.

733. P. Lorillard & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

SNUFF.

Report.—Scotch snuff, well manufactured, of good taste; Maccaboy snuff, well manufactured and of good perfume.

734. Stewart, Ralph, & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

SCOTCH SNUFF.

Report.—Very superior manufacture; put up in neat packages.

735. G. W. Gail & Ax, Baltimore, Md., U. S.

SNUFF.

Report.—Scotch snuff; well manufactured, of good tobacco.

736. Juan F. Delgado, Caracas, Venezuela.

SNUFF.

Report.—A good fabrication; of good flavor.

737. Pedro Garriga, Ponce, Porto Rico.

RAPÉ SNUFF.

Report.—Very well manufactured; of good flavor and fine perfume.

738. Lisbon Tobacco Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

SNUFF.

Report.—A fine exhibit of various kinds of snuff; well granulated; of fine aroma and good flavor.

739. J. Paulo Cordeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

SNUFF.

Report.—Well manufactured; good flavor; fine perfume; packed in very tasteful packages; highly commended.

740. Loltzbeck Brothers, Lahr, Germany.

SNUFF.

Report.—An exhibit of rapé snuff; well manufactured and of good perfume.

741. W. T. Blackwell & Co., Durham, N. C., U. S.

GRANULATED SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—His exhibit of smoking tobacco is commended for its low price for the quality; suited for general consumption.

742. P. Lorillard & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

TOBACCO IN ALL ITS FORMS (EXCEPTING CIGARS).

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of almost every class and grade of manufactured tobacco. Their goods are of unexceptionable quality and workmanship.

743. Samuel M. Bailey, Richmond, Va., U. S.

SWEET PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of sweet plug tobacco, of first-rate stock and uniform quality.

744. Lawrence Lottier, Richmond, Va., U. S.

PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—A display of black navy tobacco, which is of superior quality.

745. L. J. Grant & Co., Richmond, Va., U. S.

DARK NAVY AND CAVENDISH TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of dark navy and bright sweet cavendish, of excellent quality.

746. Thomas C. Williams & Co., Richmond, Va., U. S.

PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their collection of very bright and very fine plug tobacco for the Australian and Californian markets. Stock and manufacture of a very high grade.

747. Edmund Bourgeois, New Orleans, La., U. S.

PERIQUE TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—Commended for his exhibit of Perique tobacco, which is of the first quality of St. James Parish (Louisiana) Perique.

748. Lovell & Buffington, Covington, Ky., U. S.

FINE-CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of fine-cut chewing tobacco; the brand "Fountain" is very superior.

749. P. H. Mayo & Brother, Richmond, Va., U. S.

DARK NAVY PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their collection of dark navy plug, beautifully manufactured, and noted for its great keeping qualities.

750. Frishmuth Brother & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

FINE-CUT CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their fine exhibit of fine-cut chewing and smoking tobacco, made of Kentucky bright leaf, all of high grade.

751. Salmon, Hancock, & Co., Richmond, Va., U. S.

PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their good exhibit of very bright plug tobacco; stock all of North Carolina and Virginia growth, of superior quality.

752. Harry C. Holbrook, Louisville, Ky., U. S.

PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for his two hundred varieties of excellently manufactured chewing tobacco, of every grade suited to the American market. We especially commend the beautiful exhibit.

753. C. A. Jackson & Co., Petersburg, Va., U. S.

PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of the brand "Above All," sweet chewing tobacco, free from grit, and of permanent flavor and sweetening.

754. John F. Allen & Co., Richmond, Va., U. S.

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of their tobacco in nearly all its manufactured forms; in some of its forms unsurpassed for beauty and quality; cigarettes of beautiful finish and excellent quality, and a peculiar cigar; cigarettes of Havana tobacco, with paper binding and Havana leaf wrapper of fine quality.

755. Wm. S. Kimball & Co., Rochester, N. Y., U. S.

FINE-CUT CHEWING, CUT CAVENDISH (VANITY FAIR) SMOKING TOBACCO, AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of extraordinarily well cut chewing tobacco, and their cigarettes of well-cut cavendish of excellent quality.

756. Turpin & Brothers, Richmond, Va., U. S.

PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—Their exhibit of black navy of medium grades is very good, and well manufactured.

757. Edward Holbrook, Louisville, Ky., U. S.

PLUG TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for his five hundred styles of chewing tobacco. In manufacture, excellence of stock, and tastefulness of package they are entitled to the highest commendation. The arrangement is the most beautiful in the Exhibition.

758. Collective Exhibit of West Virginia, U. S.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Report.—Consisting of nine samples from New River Basin, and nine samples from Upper Ohio counties; all of fine texture, color, and quality.

759. Sorver, Cook, & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

REHANDLED LEAF TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of rehandled tobacco in the leaf, which evinces a very high degree of skill in this department of tobacco manipulation.

760. W. F. Pragoff, Louisville, Ky., U. S.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for his fine collection of West Virginia bright and Kentucky shipery and strips; also Africans.

761. G. W. Gail & Ax, Baltimore, Md., U. S.

SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of smoking and fine-cut chewing tobacco, and for variety and range of prices of their manufactures.

762. F. W. Felgner & Son, Baltimore, Md., U. S.

GRANULATED AND STRAIGHT CUT TOBACCO.

Report.—Their exhibit of granulated tobacco for miners' use is particularly commended for its cheapness.

763. John W. Carroll, Lynchburg, Va., U. S.

GRANULATED SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of "Lone Jack" granulated smoking tobacco. This tobacco is perfectly granulated, made of the highest grade of Virginia bright leaf, and deserves a special commendation for this class as good as the highest quality.

764. L. L. Armstead, Lynchburg, Va., U. S.

GRANULATED SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of finely granulated smoking tobacco, prepared from the best Virginia leaf, and beautifully manufactured.

765. W. H. Trowbridge, Danville, Va., U. S.

GRANULATED SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—His granulated brand of "Duck Island" smoking tobacco is of very superior quality.

766. F. S. Kinney, New York, N. Y., U. S.

STRAIGHT CUT SMOKING TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—A fine exhibit of tobacco and cigarettes; cigarettes very well made, and of best Perique, Virginia, and Turkish tobacco, packed in very beautiful boxes; tobacco well cut and of fine flavor.

767. Marburg Brothers, Baltimore, Md., U. S.

GRANULATED SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of granulated smoking tobacco, well granulated, of fine yellow color, and delicious flavor.

768. H. Wilkens & Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

CUT AND GRANULATED SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—The nine varieties of cut and granulated smoking tobacco exhibited are of excellent quality, and very handsomely manipulated and put up for consumption.

769. Soutar & Co., Jamaica.

LEAF TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Report.—Leaf tobacco, in small bales, of good quality; cigars handsomely manufactured, and in great variety.

770. Thompson & Weitzmann, Jamaica.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Report.—Exceedingly well prepared, and of first quality; fine aroma.

771. Aso Shosho, Spira Kawa, Japan.

LEAF TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Report.—Cigars, well made, of pure well-cured Japan tobacco. Leaf tobacco; very superior; bright yellow; well cured.

772. Local Government of Kago, Shima-Ken, Japan.

STRAIGHT CUT SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—Beautifully cut, similar to best Turkish; fine color; of peculiar flavor.

773. Municipality of Osaca, Japan.

STRAIGHT CUT SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—Remarkably fine cut, and of fine aroma.

774. "Imperial Maritime Customs," China.

TOBACCO.

Report.—The collection of tobaccos exhibited is from the ports of Takow, Kinkiang, Swatow, Tamsin, Hankow, Foochow, and Canton, and shows an extensive cultivation and considerable variety of production of this important crop. The mahogany-colored leaf from Swatow is of very fine texture, well grown and cured, and of excellent qualities. This variety is peculiar in the great length and small breadth of the leaf, and the delicacy of the stems and fibre. Another variety exhibited is very striking for its extraordinarily light color, almost white, and its delicacy of texture. We found no manufactured product in good condition, owing to the great length of time it was at sea, and the primitive style of preparation it undergoes for use in the pipe.

775. Spanish Government, Madrid.

TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their splendid collection of cigars, snuff, and cigarettes, made in their four large factories at Madrid, Seville, Valencia, and Alicante. These cigars are manufactured principally from Kentucky and Virginia leaf tobacco.

776. Diaz & Solis, Sabana de Palmar, Porto Rico.

TOBACCO.

Report.—An excellent variety of finest and well-cured leaf tobacco.

777. José Rodriguez Fuentes, San Juan, Porto Rico.

TOBACCO.

Report.—A good variety of leaf tobacco, and excellently manufactured cigars.

778. Juan B. Carmona, Sabana de Palmar, Porto Rico.

TOBACCO.

Report.—A good variety of leaf tobacco, of small size, but of excellent quality.

779. Spanish Government, Manila, Philippine Islands.

TOBACCO.

Report.—An excellent collection of leaf tobacco and cigars, grown and manufactured in the Philippine Islands; cigars very well made.

780. Agricultural Society Porvenir, Canary Islands.

TOBACCO.

Report.—A good collection of leaf, cigars, and cut tobacco. It is only five years since tobacco has been cultivated.

781. Cuban Commission, Havana, Cuba.

TOBACCO.

Report.—A splendid collection of leaf tobacco, from the best districts of the island.

782. Factory Lealdade, Oporto, Portugal.

CUT SMOKING TOBACCO, CIGARS, AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—An exhibit of well-made low-priced cigars.

783. Asker Bedros, Constantinople, Turkey.

TURKISH TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—Turkish tobacco perfectly cut by the Turkish hand machine from leaf very small and fine and air-cured. He exhibits ten qualities: the best, from Yeaidge, known by the name of Cocoulou (aromatic); cigarettes perfectly made in all respects, and of beautiful taste and perfume. A manufacturer using only the very choicest grades.

784. Imperial Ottoman Government, Constantinople, Turkey.

TURKISH TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—Tobacco beautifully cut, and selected from the crops of Europe and Asiatic Turkey. Owing to the facilities possessed by the Government, they supply the people the best qualities at the most reasonable prices.

The first quality offered by the Government is the very best produced cigarettes, handsomely made and very cheap.

785. Francisco A. Colares, Moreira, Maranhão, Brazil.

BORBA TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of Borba tobacco, very aromatic; possessing great preserving qualities; well manufactured.

786. Daniel da Rocha Ferreira, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

ROLLED TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of rolled tobacco. From its strong Perique flavor it is especially adapted for cigarettes and smoking.

787. Pinto & Brothers, Bahia, Brazil.

LEAF AND ROLLED TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of fine leaf tobacco and roll.

The leaf, a heavy dark brown, is well cured, and the rolls are well made.

788. J. C. da Silva Muricy, Paraná, Brazil.

ROLLED TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—An exhibit of rolled tobacco and cigarettes. The tobacco is of fair Brazilian quality. The cigarettes are put up in corn-husks, neatly arranged, and of good tobacco.

789. José Espindola da Veiga, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

ROLLED AND CUT TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of rolled and cut tobacco, of high grade, of best Brazilian tobacco.

790. Jose C. Furtado, Pará, Brazil.

BORBA TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of Borba tobacco, in large rolls, highly aromatic and strong; of fine quality; evidently of great keeping properties.

791. Commission of the Province of Paraná, Brazil.

ROLLED AND CUT TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of rolled and cut tobacco, thoroughly manufactured according to the Brazilian system, having for its object the retention of the narcotic properties of the plant.

792. Director of the Colony Mucury, Paraná, Brazil.

ROLLED TOBACCO.

Report.—A fine collection of rolled tobacco, well cured.

793. Colony of Blumenau, Santa Catharina, Brazil.

ROLLED TOBACCO.

Report.—Samples of the very strong tobacco of good quality peculiar to the district.

794. Commission of the Province of Santa Catharina, Brazil.

ROLLED TOBACCO.

Report.—A fine collection of rolled and leaf tobacco, illustrating very satisfactorily this industry in the province.

795. Commission of the Province of Pará, Brazil.

BORBA TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of Borba tobacco, possessing all the peculiar qualities of that tobacco to a high degree.

796. Director of the Colony Santa Maria, Brazil.

LEAF AND ROLLED TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of leaf and rolled tobacco, of good Brazilian tobacco.

797. Souza Novaes & Co., Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

ROLL AND CUT SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of roll and cut smoking tobacco. Their goods are of commendable quality.

798. Provincial Commission of Catamarca, Argentine Republic.

LEAF TOBACCO, GRANULATED TOBACCO, AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—Leaf tobacco, well cured, of good flavor; granulated tobacco, well manufactured.

799. Commissioners of Chaco Territory, Argentine Republic.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Report.—Of good color and well cured.

800. Provincial Commission of Entre Rios, Argentine Republic.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Report.—Of a light good color, veins small.

801. Valentin Beñtia & Co., Santa Fé, Argentine Republic.

CUT SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—Well cut, and of good, sound, well-flavored tobacco.

802. Agricultural Society of the Province of Guelderland, Netherlands.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Report.—Quality fair, and well cured.

803. Conrad Langard, Christiania, Norway.

CUT SMOKING AND PLUG TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Report.—Cut smoking, well manufactured; plug, beautifully put up, and well made of good tobacco; cigars, well made.

804. Gumpert Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—An exhibit of domestic cigars, made from Penn tobacco. Meritorious on account of their very low price for quality.

805. S. Jacoby & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—An exhibit of cigars made from American, Havana, and Manila tobacco; well made and of good flavor.

806. George Alces, New York, N. Y., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—Commended for his exhibit of fifteen varieties of domestic cigars, made entirely of Penn tobacco; beautifully made and of unexceptionable stock; entitled to the highest commendation as a purely American product.

807. T. J. Dunn & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—An exhibit of domestic cigars. We commend these cigars as made of sound tobacco and at a low price.

808. Consolidated Tobacco Co. of San Francisco, Cal., U. S.

CIGARS, AND CUT SMOKING, LEAF, AND GRANULATED TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of tobacco, shown in various forms, such as cigars, cut and granulated smoking. This company appears to have introduced the highest scientific improvements of the age in the manufacture of tobacco. Their products are highly meritorious.

809. McFall & Lawson, Key West, Fla., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of American-made cigars from pure Havana tobacco; beautifully made and of fine flavor.

810. Sanchez Haya & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of American-made cigars from Havana tobacco. The cigars are very well made, and meet the requirements of a large demand for such goods.

811. V. Martinez Ybor & Co., Key West, Fla., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—Cigars of various sizes and qualities, thoroughly well made. Tobacco imported from Havana, of very fine quality, sound, well cured, and of excellent aroma.

812. Seidenberg & Co., Key West, Fla., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—Commended for their exhibit of American-made cigars from pure Havana tobacco. By actual tests of the most accomplished expert in the group of Judges, their cigars were found to be equal in manufacture and flavor to the best imported Havana cigars.

813. Kerbs & Spiess, New York, N. Y., U. S.

CIGARS.

Report.—An exhibit of cigars made from pure domestic tobacco; well made and of good flavor.

814. W. Schweigert, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well manufactured of native tobacco; good quality for price.

815. S. Davis & Co., Montreal, Canada.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well made; fine workmanship; from Havana and American tobacco. For workmanship these cigars are equal to any on exhibition.

816. Kraft Brothers, St. Petersburg, Russia.

CIGARS.

Report.—Their cigars are very well made and of sound tobacco, and sold at very low prices for common consumption.

817. Mylnikof & Zazobrin, Irkootsk, Russia.

TURKISH, RUSSIAN, AND SIBERIAN TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—A fine exhibit of tobacco and cigarettes,—forty-four varieties of cigarettes and fourteen varieties of tobacco.

The tobacco is well cut and of good perfume. The cigarettes with tubes are perfectly made, and of the choicest Turkish tobacco.

818. Asmolof & Co., Rostov-on-the-Don, Russia.

TURKISH AND RUSSIAN TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—An exhibit of cigarettes, well made and of good perfume.

819. S. Dooroontcha, Poltava, Krementchoog, Russia.

CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of cigarettes made from Turkish tobacco, imported, and also grown in Russia from Turkish seed. The cigarettes are very well made. The tobacco is of fine color and fine aroma.

820. Saatchi & Mangoobi, St. Petersburg, Russia.

CIGARETTES AND TURKISH AND RUSSIAN TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of Turkish and Russian tobacco and cigarettes. The cigarettes are beautifully made and of the finest tobacco. The tobacco is handsomely cut and well cured.

821. M. Dooroontcha, Poltava, Russia.

CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO.

Report.—An exhibit of cigarettes, eighteen varieties, beautifully made from well-cut Turkish tobacco. Those of large size are particularly fine in make and flavor.

822. Jas. Kooshnaref, Rostov-on-the Don, Russia.

CIGARETTES AND RUSSIAN AND TURKISH TOBACCO.

Report.—Well cut and of good perfume.

823. La Ferme Tobacco Co., St. Petersburg, Russia.

TURKISH AND RUSSIAN TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—A fine exhibit of seventy-two varieties of cigarettes made of the purest Turkish tobacco; exquisitely made, and of very fine aroma.

Twenty varieties of tobacco; some of very fine grade.

824. Petrof Brothers, St. Petersburg, Russia.

CIGARETTES AND CUT SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—The cut tobacco (Turkish imported) is well cured, well cut, and of excellent aroma. The cigarettes are well made, of strong tobacco.

825. Kishigawa Sai-ichiro, Hizen, Nagasaki, Japan.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well made, from pure Japan tobacco.

826. Luis Marin del Coral, La Laguna, Canary Islands.

CIGARS.

Report.—Cigars, well made; tobacco of fair quality.

827. Enrique Tolosa & Brother, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—Commended for his magnificent collection of cigars, beautifully manufactured.

828. Ramon Allones, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—The cigars admirably well made and of several varieties. The tobacco is of the finest quality of Cuban growth, perfectly sound and of exquisite aroma.

829. Julian Alvarez, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—A superior manufacture of cigars, put up in the finest boxes, with perhaps one exception, in the Exhibition. The quality of the tobacco is very superior.

830. Celestino Asay, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—Commended for his special cigars, made of cut tobacco rolled in paper with a telescopic end; very ingenious and good.

831. Valle Suarez & Co., Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—A very good collection of excellent cigars, beautifully manufactured. Some of the brands equal to the best in the Exhibition.

832. Juan Bernabé Romero, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—Commended for his excellent collection of splendidly manufactured cigars. The packages are of beautiful design, corresponding to the goods.

833. Diaz Bauces & Co., Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—A good collection of well-manufactured cigars.

834. José Geener, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—A great variety of leaf and beautifully manufactured cigars. We especially commend the brand "La Escepcion" as perfect.

835. José Partagas, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—Sixteen varieties of excellently made cigars, from the best leaf tobacco; for purity of the tobacco, beauty and neatness of finish, unsurpassed.

836. Bock & Co., Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—Cigars in great variety, and of the very finest quality. The packages are as tasteful as it is possible to make them. No goods in the Exhibition superior to these.

837. Fernando Arrigunaga, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—A great variety of very well made cigars. Fifteen varieties, all of the finest quality; and tobacco of the highest grade.

838. Miguel Jane, Havana, Cuba.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well made; fine tobacco; good aroma; nice taste.

839. Camino Cuesta & Co., Havana, Cuba.

TOBACCO AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—A great variety of cigarettes and cut tobacco for pipes, of excellent manufacture. We especially commend the telescopic cigarettes, and the curly-cut smoking tobacco.

840. The Lisbon Tobacco Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, CUT AND SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—A large exhibit of cigars, made of good tobacco, and at low prices. The goods exhibited are of commendable quality.

841. Miguel Augusto da Fonseca & Cardozo, Oporto, Portugal.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, AND SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—Commended for their low-priced cigars, and for their exhibit of cut smoking, of Perique qualities.

842. Balza & Brothers, Vera Cruz, Mexico.

CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—The cigars are remarkably and handsomely made. The tobacco is of good body and very fine aroma, and in all respects highly meritorious.

843. Anastasio Ortiz, City of Mexico, Mexico.

CIGARS.

Report.—The cigars are all well made and beautifully put up. The "Tot" has a peculiar and a very pleasant and agreeable aroma.

844. Tomas S. Gardida, City of Mexico, Mexico.

CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—They are well made, of excellent quality, and in great variety.

845. Madrazo & Co., Vera Cruz, Mexico.

CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

Report.—Their cigars, of Mexican-grown tobacco, are remarkably well made, and of excellent quality, ranking among the higher grades in the Exhibition. Their cigarettes are beautifully made, and of very fine quality, and remarkably cheap.

846. The Hospital of Puebla, Mexico.

CIGARETTES.

Report.—These cigarettes are well made, and highly creditable to the inmates of the hospital, poor boys, who perform all the labor.

847. Caravopulo Brothers, Cairo, Egypt.

CIGARETTES.

Report.—Well made from fine quality of imported Turkish tobacco,

848. G. A. Schnorbusch, Bahia, Brazil.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well made, of fine shape, and in great variety, and of the very best Brazilian tobacco.

849. J. F. Simas, Bahia, Brazil.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well made, and of good Brazilian tobacco; low in price for quality.

850. Cerqueira & Co., Bahia, Brazil.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, AND CUT SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—Cigars, well made from pure Bahia tobacco; tobacco well cut from the leaf; cigarettes, well made, wrapped in corn-husks.

851. R. Cortina, Bahia, Brazil.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well made; of great variety; packed in very tasteful boxes.

852. Souza Novaes & Co., Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

CIGARETTES.

Report.—Well made; handsomely put up in packages, and offered at low prices.

853. M. Mendez de Andés, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

CIGARETTES.

Report.—Carefully manufactured from native tobacco.

854. Antonio Lago & Son, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

CIGARETTES.

Report.—Well made from domestic tobacco; of good aroma and flavor; the paper used is made from rice.

855. P. J. Landfried, Rauenberg, Germany.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well made in many varieties, from pure German tobacco; remarkable for their cheapness.

856. John B. Noll, Giessen, Germany.

CIGARS.

Report.—A fine exhibit of cigars of domestic, Brazil, Sumatra, and Havana tobacco; thoroughly well made, and of superior tobacco.

857. August Gaus, Baden-Baden, Germany.

CIGARETTES.

Report.—Beautifully made, from fine Turkish and Greek tobacco; flavor delicious.

858. Louis Groskopf, Königsberg, Germany.

CIGARETTES.

Report.—Well made, with Turkish fillers wrapped with Havana tobacco; a new manufacture; novel and beautiful.

859. C. G. Van der Post, Gouda, Netherlands.

CIGARS.

Report.—These cigars, from Havana, Java, and domestic tobacco, are very well made and very cheap.

860. Bleckmann Brothers, Arnheim, Netherlands.

CIGARS.

Report.—Cigars in considerable variety; well made, of sound tobacco, and at very reasonable prices.

861. Mignot & De Block, Eindhoven, Netherlands.

CIGARS.

Report.—Well made, of good, sound tobacco.

862. Van der Jagt & François, Utrecht, Netherlands.

CIGARS.

Report.—These cigars, made of Havana, Java, and domestic tobacco, are very cheap, of good, sound tobacco, and very meritorious for the price.

863. J. Kottmann, Solothurn, Switzerland.

CIGARS.

Report.—Very well made, of good, sound tobacco; remarkable for their cheapness.

864. E. Classen & Co., Santiago, Chili.

CIGARS, CIGARETTES, AND SMOKING TOBACCO.

Report.—Cigars made from purely Chilian tobacco; well manufactured. Their leaf tobacco is very fine, resembling Havana tobacco. This exhibitor is both planter and manufacturer.

865. E. C. Hazard & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

PRESERVED EXTRACTS.

Report.—Commended for a very good non-alcoholic beverage, extracted from malt and hops, called "Malthoptonique."

866. Lewis Hurd, Kewanee, Ill., U. S.

FRUIT HONEY.

Report.—For good fruit honey, made from apples.

867. Gordon & Dilworth, New York, N. Y., U. S.

PRESERVED EXTRACTS.

Report.—A variety of jellies, of which the quince, crab-apple, lemon, and wine jelly were excellent, and the blackberry, raspberry, orange, and grape were very good.

868. E. T. Cowdrey & Co., Boston, Mass., U. S.

PRESERVED EXTRACTS.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of their canned soups, especially a very good tomato soup; and the excellence of a variety of fruit jellies.

869. Warner, Rhodes, & Co., West Jersey Packing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PRESERVED EXTRACTS.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of their quince jelly.

870. John G. Borden, Brewsters, N. Y., U. S.

PRESERVED EXTRACTS.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of their extract of beef.

871. Kemp, Day, & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

FRUIT JELLIES.

Report.—A variety of fruit jellies, of which the currant, raspberry, and orange were excellent, and the apple, lemon, and peach very good.

872. New York Hop Extract Co. (W. A. Lawrence, Superintendent), New York, N. Y., U. S.

HOP EXTRACT.

Report.—An extract of hops, of considerable merit as an endeavor at utilizing hops, which deserves encouragement.

873. W. K. Lewis & Brothers, Boston, Mass., U. S.

SOUP AND BOUILLI.

Report.—A good article of soup and bouilli canned.

874. Edward M. Bagot, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

DRY EXTRACT OF MEAT.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Very good flavor.
2. Compactness.
3. Good preservation.

875. John Petrof, St. Petersburg, Russia.

EXTRACT OF CRANBERRIES.

Report.—This extract recommends itself strongly for its freshness and good taste as well as for its medical properties.

876. Dr. Ubatuba, Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil.

EXTRACT OF MEAT.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. It retains fully, in a concentrated form, the special flavor of the kind of meat from which it is made.

2. Its convenience in making soups and meat teas.

877. Commission of the Province of Amazonas, Brazil.

EXTRACT OF NEW-MOWN HAY AND PRINCIPAL CONSTITUENT OF THE TONKA BEAN.

Report.—Of delicious flavor,—a very good product.

878. Ed. Loeflund, Stuttgart, Germany.

EXTRACT OF MALT.

Report.—Among all the preparations of malt, this has most fully met the requirements claimed for this most valuable agent.

879. B. Holmes, Fort Atkinson, Wis., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—The best package of butter of from twenty to thirty pounds of creamery make.

880. Stewart & Mellen, Manchester, Iowa, U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for the best samples of two hundred pounds and thirty-five pounds respectively, made at Newberry factory, and for samples from Edgewood and Hebron factories.

881. S. Farille, Lake Mills, Wis., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—A sample of butter, of fine quality and flavor.

882. Eastburn Reeder, New Hope, Pa., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—The best sample of dairy butter of from ten to twenty pounds.

883. J. J. Smith & Sons, Tomah, Wis., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—A fine sample of butter of creamery make.

884. P. H. Burchard, Grant Park, Ill., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—A tub of meritorious butter.

885. E. J. Cripps, Columbus, Wis., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—A good sample of butter, in pound prints, well preserved in brine, in the Adams package.

886. R. S. Houston, Kenosha, Wis., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for its very fine flavor and quality.

887. Francis Worth, Marshalltown, Chester Co., Pa., U. S.

BUTTER IN POUND PRINTS.

Report.—Commended for very high flavor and excellent make.

888. Marshall Strode & Son, Westchester, Pa., U. S.

BUTTER IN POUND PRINTS.

Report.—Of very high quality, and tastefully prepared.

889. Brayton & Castle, Strawberry Point, Iowa, U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for fine quality and superior skill in manufacture.

890. R. R. Stone, Elgin, Ill., U. S.

CREAMERY BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for choice quality and fine appearance.

891. James Jamison, Binghamton, Broome County, N. Y., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for very fine flavor and quality.

892. J. T. Sawyer, Waverly, Tioga County, N. Y., U. S.

BUTTER—SUMMER PACKED.

Report.—Commended for its fine, sweet flavor and well-preserved condition.

893. N. W. Morley, Baraboo, Wis., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for very high flavor, and fine quality in general.

894. E. P. Vail, Marengo, Ill., U. S.

DAIRY BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and color and excellent make.

895. Stewart & Mellen, Manchester, Iowa, U. S.

CREAMERY BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for its clean, sweet flavor and firm texture, and superior excellence generally, the exhibit comprising samples from several different creameries.

896. Gooch & Barber, Chicago, Ill., U. S.

CREAMERY BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for superior excellence in all respects, especially its full and nutty flavor; the product of two creameries.

897. Avery, Wadsworth, & Co., Morrisville, N. Y., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—The best sample of butter in one-pound prints.

898. I. H. Wanzer, Elgin, Ill., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—A fine sample of solid, well-made butter, beautiful and good flavor.

899. John T. Ellsworth, Barre, Mass., U. S.

BUTTER.

Report.—The best sample of oldest make from the United States.

900. Wm. Dunn, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for purity of flavor and skillful manufacture; the exhibit comprising butter in tubs and in pound prints.

901. Michael Ballantyne, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor, color, texture, and make.

902. Hettle & Inglis, Teeswater, Ontario, Canada.

BUTTER.

Report.—Fine, well-made, finely flavored roll butter.

903. Philip W. Heymann, Copenhagen, Denmark.

BUTTER.

Report.—The samples had been sealed from November 30, 1875, and from September 30, 1872, some of it being accordingly three and three-quarter years of age. The butter was found wonderfully well preserved, consistency, color, and taste excellent. Well put up for exportation.

904. The Danish Preserved Butter Co., Aarhus, Denmark.

BUTTER.

Report.—The butter is well put up for exportation, and exceedingly well prepared; the taste very sweet and good.

905. Meyer & Henckel, Copenhagen, Denmark.

BUTTER COLORING.

Report.—A sample of butter coloring in oil. Commended for its novelty, utility, and beautiful color.

906. Chr. Hansen, Copenhagen, Denmark.

RENNET EXTRACT AND BUTTER COLORING.

Report.—1. A sample of liquid extract of rennet. Commended for its great strength, its perfect freedom from all matter foreign to its active principles, and its purity of flavor and odor.

2. Sample of butter coloring in oil. Commended for its novelty, utility, and beautiful color.

907. Casimiro Daninguez, Gijon, Oviedo, Spain.

BUTTER.

Report.—Commended for its very good quality and state of preservation.

908. Ahlmann & Boysen, Hamburg, Germany.

BUTTER.

Report.—Well-preserved and finely-flavored samples of butter from sweet and sour cream, with and without salt, put up in tin cases and small wooden packages.

909. H. J. Wijsman Brothers, Amsterdam, Netherlands.

UNSALTED BUTTER AND EDAMS CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine flavor and well-preserved quality of fresh butter, put up in two small tin packages; also five samples of Edams cheese, very fine of their kind, rich, melting, delicious flavored, with long keeping qualities.

910. A. D. De Land, Sheboygan Falls, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for flavor and full quality for shipping.

911. G. W. W. Briggs, Fredonia, Chautauqua County, N. Y., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine flavor and quality.

912. John Shottuck, Norwich, Chenango County, N. Y., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for richness and fine quality.

913. Z. Wilson, Palmyra, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and purity.

914. Moritz Lemmin, Edward, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and quality.

915. H. F. Dousman, Waterville, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine quality for home use.

916. A. L. Bhee, North Gage, Oneida County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its superior excellence in respect to flavor, quality, and texture.

917. H. S. Brown, West Winfield, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for superior flavor and richness and perfection in manufacture.

918. John Bergman, Homeworth, Columbiana County, Ohio, U. S.

CHEESE—IMITATION OF SCHWEIZER KÄSE.

Report.—Commended for its richness and well-developed flavor, and close imitation of genuine Swiss cheese.

919. A. D. Ford, Middleville, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Four August and September cheeses, of fine make and quality.

920. A. Wetherwax, Newville, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—A fine exhibit of ten September cheeses, of superior make and quality.

921. A. Holdridge, West Burlington, Otsego County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE (RECTANGULAR IN FORM).

Report.—A cheese of choice quality, made in 1873.

922. D. Darling, Gray P. O., Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine quality for shipping; superior for firm and close texture and purity of flavor.

923. J. C. Murphy, Norway, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Samples of superior cheese of August and September make, four in each.

924. Mather Brothers, Sheboygan Falls, Wis., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Very fine, clean, well made; a superior article.

925. L. L. Wight, Whitesboro', Oneida County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine white cheese; texture close; rich and buttery flavor; clean and full.

926. S. R. Swift, Paine's Hollow, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine colored cheese of August and September make; superior for home use.

927. E. C. Rice, Fairfield, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Five cheeses of August make; very fine and nutty flavor; clean and full.

928. C. W. Richardson, Herkimer, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—A superior exhibit of ten uncolored cheeses, of the very highest merit.

929. M. N. Seward, Lake Mills, Wis., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Very clean, rich, fine, and of superior make.

930. G. Holman, Conneautville, Pa., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine quality; well made; a superior lot.

931. Chester Hazen, Ladoga, Wis., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine; well made; good flavor and style.

932. Smith & Gates, Sheboygan Falls, Wis., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine shipping; very clean and well made; a superior lot.

933. Wm. Nash, Crossingville, Crawford County, Pa., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine quality of cheese, of superior make; artificially colored.

934. Fred. Seramo, Edwardsville, St. Lawrence County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its rich buttery texture and flavor and superior make.

935. A. H. Wheaton, Auroraville, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—The best sample of cheese of from thirty to fifty pounds.

936. Wm. Stowe, Whitewater, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—The best cheese of fifty to seventy pounds' weight, of United States make.

937. W. W. Wheeler, Trenton, Oneida County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for skillful manufacture and excellent flavor, richness, and flaky texture.

938. Daniel Kuentz, Sheboygan Falls, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for good flavor and quality for home use.

939. Seth Bonfoy, West Winfield, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Superior in quality and flavor; cheese of September make.

940. G. W. Davis, Little Falls, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended as superior for compactness and buttery texture and fine nutty flavor.

941. Fred. Seramo, Edwardsville, St. Lawrence County, N. Y., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for purity and fullness of flavor and fine buttery texture.

942. W. C. White, Kenosha, Wis., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—A fine sample of cheese, of superior quality and make, artificially flavored.

943. Cole, Venango, Crawford County, Pa., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—A fine sample of shipping cheese; good stock, rich and well flavored.

944. Nelson Wood, Steuben, Oneida County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine and well-developed flavor, and for its rich buttery texture.

945. O. B. Bennett, Lamartine, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine quality for home use.

946. A. D. Farille, Lake Mills, Jefferson County, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine flavor and quality for home use.

947. Wm. Marshall & Co., Whitewater, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—A fine quality of pale cheese, from Cold Springs and Hebron factories.

948. Carl Reich, Sheboygan, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and quality.

949. Hiram Cenover, Plymouth, Shelby County, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine quality and flavor for shipping.

950. John G. Cohoe, Fredonia, Chautauqua County, N. Y., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine quality and flavor.

951. Seth Bonfoy, West Winfield, Herkimer County, N. Y., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—The best sample of old cheese.

952. Evans & Stafford, Leicester, England.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine texture and flavor.

953. Mark Chalcroft, Thamesford, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its full, nutty and clean flavor, and its superior richness, fine texture, and skillful manufacture.

954. James Ireland, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for superior excellence in respect to flavor, richness, and texture.

955. Peter Dunn, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE, COLORED AND UNCOLORED.

Report.—Commended for its extraordinary high and delicious flavor, rich quality, and perfect texture.

956. Mark Chalcroft, Thamesford, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its clean and well-developed flavor, its richness and general excellence.

957. J. H. Meays, Vienna, Oneida County, N. Y., U. S.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its superior excellence, in respect to fullness and purity of flavor and richness in quality.

958. James A. James, Nilestown, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Superior in make, quality, and style.

959. E. N. Hopkins, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—A superior made, fine flavored, rich article.

960. Adam Bell, East Zora, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Very fine; well made; superior flavor.

961. James Elliott, Brownsville, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine flavor; well made; superior in style.

962. Hugh Mathison, Embro, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Finely made; fine stock; superior flavor.

963. Thomas Ballantyne, Stratford, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Cheese up to highest quality in every respect.

964. Wm. Anderson, Woodstock, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—A superior sample of colored cheese; rich, stocky, and fine nutty flavor.

965. O. P. Mabee, Courtland, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine flavor; well creamed; superior cheese.

966. George Currie, Beachville, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Very fine flavor; rich; superior stock; clean.

967. Alexander McKenzie, Kastnerville, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for perfection in all its qualities.

968. Mark Chalcroft, Thamesford, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—A very fine sample of uncolored cheese, superior in flavor and texture.

969. Wm. Gillard, Tavistock, Stratford, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Very choice quality of uncolored cheese.

970. David Morton, Cassells, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Superior sample of rich, buttery and high-flavored white cheese.

971. David Morton, Cassells, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—Fine sample of cheese for shipping made on the American plan.

972. Thomas Ballantyne, Stratford, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for rich buttery flavor and general excellence.

973. Wm. Huxley, Fullerton, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—Meritorious cheese for shipping purposes.

974. D. Chambers, Stratford, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A fine sample of factory cheese for shipping.

975. Hugh Mathison, Embro, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior merit.

976. John Butler, Mount Elgin, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—Fine sample of cheese for shipping purposes.

977. I. W. Cahoe, Durham, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior merit.

978. D. B. Cahoe, Holbrook, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior merit.

979. Mark Chalcraft, Thamesford, Canada.

COLORED CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine flavor, texture, and color.

980. Adam Bell, Blanford, Canada.

PALE CHEESE FOR SHIPPING.

Report.—Commended for superior texture and flavor; the best sample of pale cheese of fifty to seventy-five pounds' weight shown at August exhibit.

981. Wm. Manning, Belmont, Ontario, Canada.

COLORED CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for superior flavor, texture, and color.

982. Adam Bell, Blanford, Canada.

UNCOLORED CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its full and pure flavor, its richness and excellence in all respects.

983. David Chalmers, Stratford, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—A very choice quality of uncolored cheese; two exhibits.

984. Adam E. Bell, Gorra & Blandford, Innerkip, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—The best cheese of thirty to fifty pounds at the special exhibition of dairy products, June 26 to July 6, of Canadian make.

985. Peter Dunn, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—Well made; fine in flavor.

986. Thomas Hankins, Holbrook, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—The best sample of cheese of dairy manufacture shown at special exhibition of dairy products, June 26 to July 6.

987. Robert Agur, Pond Mills, Ontario, Canada.

COLORED CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for superior flavor, texture, and color.

988. Wm. Anderson, Woodstock, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior merit.

989. Peter Dun, Ingersoll, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A fine sample of cheese for shipping purposes.

990. George Smith, Verschoyle, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior merit.

991. James Ireland, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A fine sample of cheese for shipping purposes.



992. E. Caswell, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE TRUCKLE.

Report.—The best cheese of three to ten pounds at the special exhibition of dairy products, June 26 to July 6.

993. P. Hemmingway, Corinth, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—The best cheese of fifty to seventy pounds' weight presented at the special exhibition of dairy products, June 26 to July 6, of factory make.

994. James Ireland, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Finely made, clean and superior.

995. Peter Dunn, Ingersoll, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—The best three cheeses made on the American factory plan, in June, July, August, and September, respectively, according to schedule of June 15, 1876.

996. Concord Dairy Association, Concord, Wis., U. S.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and quality.

997. James A. Robins, Avon Factory, Avon, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine quality as shipping cheese.

998. Anna Paddon, Beachville, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior merit.

999. E. Hunter, Mount Elgin, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior quality.

1000. H. S. Losee, Norwich, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior merit.

1001. H. S. Losee, Norwich, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its superior excellence in regard to flavor, richness, and skillful manufacture.

1002. William Wilkinson, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

COLORLED CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for superior flavor, color, and texture.

1003. William Wilkinson, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of great merit as shipping cheese.

1004. William Wilkinson, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its clean and pure flavor, its great richness, and general excellence.

1005. J. F. Williams, Galloway, Ontario, Canada.

PALE CHEESE FOR SHIPPING; FROM FIFTY TO SEVENTY POUNDS' WEIGHT.

Report.—Commended for superior texture and purity of flavor; a very choice sample.

1006. J. F. Williams, Galloway, Ontario, Canada.

UNCOLORED CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its full, nutty, and pure flavor, and its superior richness, fine texture, and excellent make.

1007. James J. Williams, Galloway, Ontario, Canada.

CHEESE.

Report.—A sample of shipping cheese, of superior merit.

1008. John Chisholm, East Nissouri, Ontario, Canada.

COLORED CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for superior flavor, texture, and color.

1009. John Chisholm, East Nissouri, Ontario, Canada.

COLORED CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its full, nutty, and pure flavor, and its superior richness and compact texture and excellent make.

1010. John Chisholm, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

FACTORY CHEESE.

Report.—Fine, rich, good style; superfine flavor.

1011. George Aster, Bristol, England.

COLORING FOR CHEESE AND BUTTER.

Report.—Greatly concentrated in strength, and of beautiful golden color, with permanent retention in the manufactured products.

1012. George Aster, Bristol, England.

COLORING FOR CHEESE—AN EXTRACT OF ANNOTTO.

Report.—Commended for its greatly concentrated form, and the rich, creamy appearance its use imparts to cheese.

1013. George Aster, Bristol, England.

THREE RENNETS PRESERVED.

Report.—Commended for their excellent state of preservation and freedom from offensive odors.

1014. The Joint Vaults of Roquefort, France.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its excellent flavor and richness.

1015. José Garcia Moron, Cabezas Rubias, Huelva, Spain.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for good taste and quality.

1016. Placido Falero y Fajardo, Fuente de Pedro Navorro, Cuenca, Spain.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for good taste and quality.

1017. José Maria Coca, Daimiel, Ciudad Real, Spain.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for good quality and taste.

1018. Manuel Villahermosa, Manzanares, Ciudad Real, Spain.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its very good taste and quality.

1019. Maria Josefa Melgarejo, San Clemente, Cuenca, Spain.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for good taste and quality.

1020. Viscount of Boa Vista, Beja, Portugal.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and quality.

1021. Jose Miguel d'Oliveira, Moura, Beja, Portugal.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine flavor and quality.

1022. Jose Guerreiro da Lanca's Nephews, Ferreira, Beja, Portugal.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for fine flavor and quality.

1023. Jose da Costa Franco, Beja, Portugal.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and quality.

1024. Elizario Casal, Cea, Guarda, Portugal.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for its fine flavor and quality.

1025. George Elia, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

CHEESE.

Report.—A very good imitation of Parmesan cheese, and very well preserved.

1026. Eduardo Guscetti, Milan, Italy.

CHEESE—PARMESAN AND STRACHINO.

Report.—Commended for richness of taste and excellent preservation, some of the Parmesan being five years old.

1027. Agrarian Committee of Chiavari, Italy.

ROMAN CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Cheapness (the food of the working classes).
 2. Good taste.
 3. Well preserved.
-

1028. K. H. de Jong, Hoorn, Netherlands.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Good preparation of North Holland or Edam cheese.
 2. Very well adapted for export.
 3. Good flavor.
-

1029. D. Goede, Alkmaar, Netherlands.

EDAMMER AND GOUDA CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Clean and good preparation, without spots or holes.
 2. Perfect conservation.
 3. Good taste and flavor.
-

1030. L. W. Heil, Haarlem, Netherlands.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Good preparation of Edam cheese.
 2. Very well preserved, and adapted for export.
 3. Flavor very good.
-

1031. A. Van Vliet, Berg Ambacht, Netherlands.

CHEESE (STOLK).

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Good and clean preparation.
2. Perfect conservation.
3. Good flavor.

1032. Dutch Agricultural Society of North and South Holland, Netherlands.

CHEESE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. A large collection of different kinds of cheese,—cheese of Gouda, Dirby, May cheese, common cheese, green spice cheese, Edammer cheese, green sheeps' cheese, and others.
 2. Very clean and good preparation, perfectly preserved.
 3. Good taste and flavor.
-

1033. Norwegian Preserving Co., Mandel, Norway.

BOILED BEEF, PTARMIGAN, AND EXTRACT OF BEEF—ALL HERMETICALLY SEALED.

Report.—Commended for the style in which the exhibit is put up, and for the high state of preservation in which the original qualities of the meat were maintained.

1034. L. Schepp, New York, N. Y., U. S.

DESICCATED COCOANUT, PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—Commended for rich natural flavor and excellent condition of fruit.

1035. R. B. Blower, Woodland, Cal., U. S.

DRIED RAISINS.

Report.—Commended for the size, flavor, and preservation of Muscatel, sultana, black malvasia, and Malaga raisins.

1036. Thomas Richie & Co., Jacksonville, Fla., U. S.

JELLY AND MARMALADE OF FLORIDA ORANGES.

Report.—The articles are well prepared and of good taste and preservation, and neatly put up. This enterprise seems worthy of encouragement as a new and valuable industry.

1037. Joseph M. Chambers, Dover, Del., U. S.

CANNED PEACHES.

Report.—Commended for superior quality and condition of peaches.

1038. F. H. Perry, Providence, R. I., U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—A fine exhibit of excellent Bartlett pears and crab-apples.

1039. Warner, Rhodes, & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for good quality and condition of fruit (peaches, pears, and quince preserves), and for cheapness.

1040. Burnham & Morrill, Portland, Me., U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for the fine condition and quality of fruit (blueberries).

1041. Richardson & Robbins, Dover, Del., U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for variety and general good quality and condition of fruit.

1042. Githens & Rexasmer, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for good quality, condition, flavor, and syrup of peaches, pears, and quinces; also for tasteful exhibit.

1043. F. M. Clarkson & Son, Bridgeville, Del., U. S.

CONSERVED AND EVAPORATED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for good condition and quality of twenty-five kinds of fruit and vegetables; dried by a process peculiar to the company.

1044. Hampton Kelly, East Portland, Oregon, U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—An exhibit of condensed apple cider, butter, and jelly; well preserved, novel, and useful.

1045. Farmers' Fruit Preserving Co., Lebanon, Del., U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—An exhibit of dried fruits; of fine flavor, color, and condition.

1046. Alden Fruit Drying Co., Oregon City, Oregon, U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—A collection of dried fruits, prepared by the Alden process; of fine flavor, color, and condition.

1047. W. M. Plummer, Portland, Oregon, U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Collections of dried fruits, prepared by the Plummer process; of fine flavor, color, and condition.

1048. P. J. Ritter, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for good condition and flavor of fruit butter (apple and quince), and fine general exhibit.

1049. Crosse & Blackwell, London, England.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—The fruits have been prepared with great care from good materials, having a richness of taste rarely equaled.

1050. George McEwen & Son, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for the variety and excellence of a collection of jams and marmalades.

1051. Thomas Hardy, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Three varieties of raisins, Muscatels and sultana; all good in quality of fruit and in preparation.

1052. F. Wurm, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for variety and general excellence of flavor and condition of raisins, figs, and other sub-tropical fruits.

1053. C. Hoff, New Caledonia, New South Wales, Australia.

CANNED FRUITS.

Report.—Pine-apple preserved whole; good fruits, with excellent flavor.

1054. Robert Thomson, Gordon Town, Jamaica.

PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—Commended for the fine flavor and good preservation of rose apple, a cheap fruit growing abundantly without cultivation.

1055. Jamaica Centennial Committee, Jamaica.

FRUITS.

Report.—A large and varied collection of fruits, showing all the principal products of the island.

1056. J. W. Butcher, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

PRESERVED FRUITS (STRAWBERRIES AND CRANBERRY JELLY).

Report.—Fruits good and well preserved.

1057. R. B. Noble, Richibucto, New Brunswick.

PRESERVED BLUEBERRIES.

Report.—The fruit is fresh and the flavor good.

1058. Abrikossof & Sons, Moscow, Russia.

PRESERVED FRUITS IN BOTTLES; FRUIT PASTE, ETC.

Report.—Commended for good taste, fine appearance, and careful preservation.

1059. Lapin Brothers, St. Petersburg, Russia.

PRESERVED FRUITS AND BONBONS.

Report.—Commended for careful preparation, good, fresh flavor, and variety.

1060. Koodriavzef Brothers, Moscow, Russia.

CANDIED FRUIT, FRUIT PASTE, AND GINGERBREAD.

Report.—Commended for careful preparation, freshness, and good flavor and appearance.

1061. Paul Joorkin, St. Petersburg, Russia.

FRUIT PASTE AND CRYSTALLIZED FRUIT.

Report.—Commended for excellent flavor, beautiful color, freshness, and careful preparation.

1062. The Imperial Board of Agriculture, Industry, and Commerce, Tokio, Japan.

COLLECTION OF FRUITS, SUGAR, MOLASSES, AND FLOUR.

Report.—This large collection of fruits preserved in spirits of wine and sugar, of sugar, molasses, and flour, is very interesting as showing the fertility of the soil of Japan and the adaptation of its climate to a great variety of cultures.

1063. Paul Chenu, Paris, France.

CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.

Report.—Very fine fruits, well prepared and preserved.

1064. Ch. Ecorcheville & H. Legrand, Paris, France.

CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.

Report.—A splendid collection of admirably-preserved crystallized fruit, well preserved and most beautifully and tastefully put up.

1065. Lesage & Paignard, Paris, France.

FRUIT JAMS AND JELLIES.

Report.—Their fruit jams are delicious; their fruit jellies are wonderfully clear and fresh. Commended for the careful and elegant as well as ingenious way in which their products are put up.

1066. Joseph Colin, Nantes, France.

FRUITS PRESERVED IN SYRUP.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Good quality of the syrup, very clear and light.
 2. Excellent taste of the fruit.
 3. Freshness and solidity of the fruit.
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1067. A. Landrin, Paris, France.

PRESERVED FRUIT AND FRUIT JUICES.

Report.—His chestnuts in syrup are very good; his cherries preserved in water without sugar, and his mirabelle plums, are very well prepared, to meet cheaply and satisfactorily the requirements of pastry-cooks and housekeepers; so is his strawberry juice.

1068. Joseph Nègre, Grasse, France.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—A very fine collection of crystallized fruits, of excellent taste, color, freshness, and preservation, and put up with the greatest taste.

1069. F. Lecourt, Paris, France.

FRUIT IN SYRUP.

Report.—While these fruits are of good taste and present a good appearance, they are remarkable for their cheapness, which puts them within the reach of every one.

1070. A. Dufour & Co., Bordeaux, France.

PRUNES.

Report.—Fruit very carefully chosen, well put up, and very fresh.

1071. Otto Herreborg, Copenhagen, Denmark.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—A collection of six fruit preserves and extracts, well put up, and of fine natural flavor.

1072. D. Joaquin Fernandez, Seville, Spain.

OLIVES, PRESERVED.

Report.—Remarkable for their good preservation, excellent taste, and freshness.

1073. Puig & Llacostera Brothers, Barcelona, Spain.

OLIVE FARCIES (STUFFED OLIVES).

Report.—His olives stuffed with anchovies and capers (olive farcies) are delicious, and put up with great taste and fancy.

1074. Manuel Carmona, Seville, Spain.

OLIVES PRESERVED.

Report.—Their queen olives (Reina) are very large, hard, well flavored, and perfectly preserved.

1075. Francisco Albear & Ward, Montilla, Cordoba, Spain.

PRESERVED PRUNES.

Report.—An exhibit of prunes, very large and well preserved.

1076. J. A. Mark, Malaga, Spain.

MALAGA RAISINS.

Report.—Immense size and good condition of Malaga raisins.

1077. Loring Brothers, Malaga, Spain.

MALAGA RAISINS.

Report.—Fine quality and large size of dried Malagas.

1078. Antonio Postigo, Malaga, Spain.

RAISINS.

Report.—Commended for a large variety of superior Malaga raisins, remarkable for their quality, taste, and size.

1079. Federico Gros & Co., Malaga, Spain.

MALAGA RAISINS.

Report.—An exhibit of Malaga raisins, of superior quality.

1080. Francisco Pellicer, Porrero, Tarragona, Spain.

RAISINS.

Report.—Commended for good flavor and preservation of raisins.

1081. F. N. Casado, Malaga, Spain.

MALAGA RAISINS.

Report.—Commended for superior size and quality of Malaga raisins.

1082. Rafael de Vives, Villa de Oliva, Valencia, Spain.

RAISINS.

Report.—Commended for good condition of raisins.

1083. Blas Antonio Canamas, Valencia, Spain.

MUSCATEL RAISINS.

Report.—Commended for fine condition of Muscatel raisins.

1084. Parent Brothers, Barcelona, Spain.

PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—An exhibit of canned fruits, pears, peaches, and greengages; fruit good and well preserved.

1085. José Luna, La Rambla, Barcelona, Spain.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—He exhibits eighteen varieties of fruits, canned and preserved, all of good quality and condition, and some excellent.

1086. José Elvira, Logroño, Spain.

CANNED PEACHES.

Report.—He exhibits peaches in cans: they are large, solid, well preserved, and of good flavor.

1087. Puzini Brothers, Cordoba, Spain.

PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—Commended for good taste and color of six varieties of fruit.

1088. Juan Kreisler, Malaga, Spain.

MALAGA RAISINS.

Report.—Commended for good quality and condition of Malaga raisins.

1089. José Damian Capsir, Puebla de Rugat, Valencia, Spain.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for good preservation of fruit in grape sugar, and for cheapness.

1090. Antonio J. Gomez, Malaga, Spain.

MALAGA RAISINS.

Report.—Commended for superior size and flavor of Malaga raisins.

1091. Lorenzo Arrom, Llubí, Balearic Islands.

CAPERS AND ALLCAPARONES.

Report.—His common capers as well as his allcaparones (large capers) are prepared with splendid wine vinegar; their taste is excellent.

1092. Juan Boschi & Co., Havana, Cuba.

GUAVA JELLY AND MARMALADE.

Report.—Very good guava jelly and marmalade.

1093. Costa & Co., Havana, Cuba.

GUAVA PASTE AND GUAVA JELLY.

Report.—Guava paste and guava jelly; both good in appearance and taste.

1094. J. Gomez & Co., Havana, Cuba.

GUAVA JELLY.

Report.—Commended for good quality of guava jelly.

1095. Tranquilino Garcia, Havana, Cuba.

GUAVA MARMALADE.

Report.—An elegant exhibit of excellent guava marmalade.

1096. Jose da Conceição Guerra, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

OLIVES.

Report.—Good olives; very well preserved, fresh, and of good color.

1097. Joaquim Jose da Guerra, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

OLIVES.

Report.—Very fine olives; fresh and well preserved.

1098. Jose Maria da Fonseca Regallo, Campo Mayor, Portalegre, Portugal.

OLIVES.

Report.—These olives are very good and well preserved.

1099. João Pereira Serzedello, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

GREEN OLIVES.

Report.—His green olives are very well prepared.

1100. Lino Jose de Campos, Oporto, Portugal.

BLACK OLIVES.

Report.—Their azeitonas (black olives) are excellent.

1101. Leal, Costa, & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

BLACK OLIVES.

Report.—Their azeitonas (black olives), which are only grown in Portugal, are excellent.

1102. Jose Cândido Sant' Anna, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

OLIVES.

Report.—Two kinds of olives: 1, split olives; 2, olives whole; both very good.

1103. Viscontessa of Olleiros, Castello Branco, Portugal.

OLIVES.

Report.—Olives very carefully prepared; fresh; of good flavor and fine color.

1104. St. Benito d'Ave Maria Convent, Oporto, Portugal.

DRIED FRUITS.

Report.—Citron and maracuja, preserved and dried in sugar; of fine appearance and flavor.

1105. Cellas Convent, Santo Antonio dos Olivaes, Portugal.

DRIED FRUITS.

Report.—An elegant collection of fruits dried in sugar.

1106. Balthazar Rodrigues Castanheiro, Lisbon, Portugal.

DRIED FRUITS.

Report.—An elegant collection of fruits dried in sugar.

1107. L. S. P. Mascarenhas, Portimão, Faro, Portugal.

FIG CHEESE.

Report.—Preparation of figs and almonds, of good material; fancy style; well preserved.

1108. Luiz de Mendonca Mello, Tavira, Faro, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS.

Report.—Fruit good; light-colored; sweet; well kept.

1109. Maria da Gloria & Co., St. Ildefonso, Oporto, Portugal.

DRIED FRUITS.

Report.—Well-preserved peaches and green figs, sugared and dried.

1110. Maria do Livramento Gomes Mattos, Bomforden, Oporto, Portugal.

FRUIT.

Report.—Citron and four other kinds of fruit, well preserved in sugar and very tastefully prepared.

1111. Joaquim d'Almeida Negrão, Portimão, Oporto, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS.

Report.—Fruit good; well pressed; well preserved.

1112. Miguel Serrao Burguete, Sardoal, Santarem, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS AND PRUNES.

Report.—Fruit of good size and quality; well preserved; sweet.

1113. P. Antonio Freire Corte Real, Fundão, Castello Branco, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS.

Report.—Fruit small; of good color; well dried; sweet and cheap.

1114. Albino Justiniano Carvalho, Condeixa, Coimbra, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS.

Report.—Fruit large; fine; sweet; in good condition.

1115. Jose Joaquim das Neves & Sons, Lisbon, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS.

Report.—Fruit of good appearance and condition, and cheap.

1116. Luiz Antonio de Magalhaes, Fundão, Castello Branco, Portugal.

DRIED PEARS.

Report.—Fruit large; fine; well dried; sweet; of good flavor.

1117. Francisco de Sa Teixeira, Salzedas, Mondim, Vizeu, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS.

Report.—Fruit small; of good color; sweet, and cheap.

1118. Jose Maria Dantas Pimenta, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

RAISINS.

Report.—Fruit good; well kept; sweet.

1119. João Nunes da Conceição, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

SUGARED FRUITS.

Report.—Fruits good; well preserved; tastefully put up.

1120. Conceição Marques Alves Soura, St. Ildefonso, Oporto, Portugal.

SUGARED FRUIT.

Report.—A very pretty collection of sugared and dried fruit, of good preservation and taste.

1121. Fernando Rodrigues & Nephew, Lisbon, Portugal.

CANNED FRUITS.

Report.—A large collection of fruits in good condition and of good flavor.

1122. P. Cavalleri & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—A good collection of preserved fruit, in cans and jars,—peaches, pears, quinces, gages, cherries; fruit good, well put up, and of fine appearance.

1123. Jose da Conceição Guerra, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—A very tasteful collection of sugared fruits; well made and preserved.

1124. Antonio Joaquim Pires, Lisbon, Portugal.

PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—A collection of fruit, for the most part very good in quality, preservation, and taste.

1125. Leal, Costa, & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—Two varieties of peach and quince marmalade; very well prepared, and of good quality.

1126. Emilia Andrade Larcher, Portalegre, Portugal.

BRANDY CHERRIES.

Report.—Fruit good; well preserved; taste not rivaled.

1127. João da Silva Ferrão de Castello Branco, Lisbon, Portugal.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Preserved peaches and apricots in several forms; fruit fine, well preserved, and of good taste.

1128. Jose Libanio Gomes, Portimão, Faro, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS.

Report.—Fruit large, fine, and well preserved.

1129. Ornellas & Lister, Lisbon, Portugal.

CANNED FRUITS AND JELLIES.

Report.—A varied collection of fruits, of good quality and well preserved; also of jellies and marmalade.

1130. Ornellas & Lister, Lisbon, Portugal.

OLIVES.

Report.—Very good olives, carefully chosen, and well preserved.

1131. Julio Bivar d'Azevedo Salgado, Sardoal, Santarem, Portugal.

DRIED FIGS AND PEARS.

Report.—Fruits small, good, well dried, and in good condition.

1132. A. F. Macropodan, Smyrna, Turkey.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—An exhibit of dried figs, large, fine, well preserved.

1133. S. L. Mark, Isle of Samos, Greece.

MUSCAT AND BLACK RAISINS.

Report.—An exhibit of Muscat and black raisins; the former of fine quality and appearance, the latter of fair quality and cheap.

1134. M. J. de Castro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—An excellent lot of fruit jams.

1135. Santos & Ferreira, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for the uniform excellence of their entire exhibit.

1136. D. J. V. Perdigão, Maranhão, Brazil.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Fruit (three varieties) all good; flavor fine; pine-apple excellent.

1137. Commission of the Province of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

PRESERVED FRUIT.

Report.—Commended for excellent flavor and good preservation of mango marmalade.

1138. Roverano Brothers, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—The exhibit of preserved lemons, oranges, figs, and citron is good as to fruit, syrup, preservation, and appearance.

1139. Chev. Dr. Cesare Leopardi Rosso, Syracuse, Sicily, Italy.

RIPE OLIVES PRESERVED, NATURAL STATE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Very well preserved.
 2. Good flavor.
-

1140. Raffaele Lanzara, Salerno, Italy.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

Report.—Commended for fragrance, fine peel, and good preservation.

1141. Francesco Gargiulo, Sorrento, Italy.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.

Report.—Commended for their large size and good preservation.

1142. Salvatore Caliri, Messina, Italy.

PRESERVED FRUIT (LAZZERUOLE CANDIDO).

Report.—Commended for excellent condition and appearance, good taste and syrup.

1143. Joachim Loreti, Rome, Italy.

PRESERVED FRUITS (MIXED FRUITS).

Report.—Commended for the good condition and appearance of fruit and syrup.

1144. A. Tschurtschenthaler, Bozen, Austria.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—An exhibit of sixteen preparations of fruits, dried and preserved in various ways; all good; some excellent.

1145. Leopold Sandpichler, Görz, Austria.

PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—A large collection of fruits in sugar and crystallized, with good taste and in good preservation.

1146. B. Dupuch, Limache, Chili.

STRAWBERRIES.

Report.—Exhibit of quince jelly; transparent; fine. Strawberries preserved; good taste; well kept. Apricots preserved; good taste; well kept.

1147. Wm. Underwood & Co., Boston, Mass., U. S.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Well and carefully preserved.

1148. Githens & Rexamer, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for—1. Great variety.
2. Good taste.
3. Care in putting up.

1149. J. Winslow Jones, Portland, Me., U. S.

PRESERVED GREEN CORN.

Report.—Very carefully preserved.

1150. W. H. Slocomb & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PRESERVED TOMATOES.

Report.—Well preserved.

1151. Warner, Rhodes, & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for—1. Careful preparation.
2. Good flavor.

1152. Burnham & Morrill, Portland, Me., U. S.

VEGETABLE AND ANIMAL EXTRACTS.

Report.—Vegetable, beef, and bouilli soups, all three well arranged, of clear composition and good taste, well preserved, well seasoned, substantial, and handsomely put up.

1153. Kemp, Day, & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for—1. Most careful packing.
2. Flavor well preserved.
3. Form and appearance well preserved.

1154. Portland Packing Co., Portland, Me., U. S.

SUGAR CORN (HERMETICALLY SEALED).

Report.—1. Very carefully put up.
2. Taste and form well preserved.

1155. Anderson & Campbell, Camden, N. J., U. S.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for—1. Careful packing.
2. Flavor and form well preserved.

1156. Louis McMurray, Frederick, Md., U. S.

MOUNTAIN SUGAR CORN.

Report.—Well and carefully preserved.

1157. E. C. Hazard & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—1. A fine collection of great variety.
2. Carefully and tastefully put up.
3. Flavor and shape of vegetable well preserved.

1158. Farmers' Fruit Preserving Co., Lebanon, Del., U. S.

PUMPKINS.

Report.—Pumpkins very well preserved.

1159. John Yacovlef, St. Petersburg, Russia.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES IN TIN CANS.

Report.—Commended for careful selection of vegetables, good fresh color, excellent flavor, and variety.

1160. L. Dardelle & Co., Paris, France.

MIXED DRIED PORTABLE VEGETABLE SOUP.

Report.—This product is wonderfully cheap, and represents a great amount of nutritious matter in a very small compass. It recommends itself strongly for travelers and armies.

1161. Joseph Colin, Nantes, France.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—This fine collection of vegetables is very well preserved; the products are tasty, fresh, solid, and their color is very fine.

1162. Cormier Son & Veron, Paris, France.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—It is a very fine collection of vegetables, very well preserved; commended for taste, color, and freshness; put up most carefully.

1163. M. Passion, Paris, France.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—The products recommend themselves by their taste, freshness, and general good preservation.

1164. Caillebotte & Dumagnou, Paris, France.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—These vegetables are well preserved; well cooked; carefully put up; and their taste, color, and shape well preserved.

1165. F. Lecourt, Paris, France.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Very good flavor.
 2. Good form.
 3. Good color.
 4. Careful preservation.
-

1166. Bonfils Brothers & Co., Carpentras, France.

PRESERVED TRUFFLES.

Report.—A splendid collection of truffles, of immense size and chosen with the greatest care; unsurpassed.

1167. Chevallier-Appert, Paris, France.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES, CHOCOLATE, FRUITS PRESERVED IN SYRUP, AND PRESERVED MEATS.

Report.—The vegetables put up with great care; they are well chosen, solid, fresh, of a fine color, and in an excellent state of preservation.

Chocolate of very fine cacao and sugar; superior preparation.

Fruits preserved with great care, in excellent syrup; of delicious flavor and very fine appearance.

Meats of good quality, preserved with the greatest care.

1168. P. Cavalleri & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

VEGETABLES.

Report.—His preserved peas are remarkably good; well chosen and well put up; fresh and tasty.

1169. Fabrica Progresso, Lisbon, Portugal.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—A very fine and large collection of preserved vegetables; of excellent flavor and freshness; in good vinegar.

1170. Giovanni Serrazanetti, Bologna, Italy.

STEWED TOMATOES (TWO KINDS) IN CANS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Very good flavor.
2. Fresh and well preserved.

1171. Francisco Napoli, Salerno, Italy.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Dried and fresh tomatoes, in cans, very well preserved.
 2. Good flavor, without any extra spicing.
-

1172. Nicolo Massardo, Sanpieraarena, Genoa, Italy.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—1. Black mushroom in olive oil (cepo), and sweet peas in cans, very well preserved.

2. Good flavor.
-

1173. Chr. Aug. Thorne, Moss, Norway.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for—1. Variety.

2. Good taste.
-

1174. Z. Wikström, Stockholm, Sweden.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Great variety of vegetables.
 2. Very carefully and tastefully put up, so as to preserve the flavor and natural appearance.
-

1175. Wilson Packing Co., Chicago, Ill., U. S.

PRESSED CANNED COOKED BEEF, HAM, AND TONGUE.

Report.—Commended for—1. Novelty of the process.

2. The perfect retention of the flavor and texture of the meat.
 3. The cheapness of the product.
-

1176. J. Winslow Jones, Portland, Me., U. S.

CANNED ROAST BEEF.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Its power to resist vicissitudes of climate, the sample having been put up for the U. S. Navy in 1873, carried to Yokohama, Japan, and returned to Portland in 1876, and was when opened perfectly free from any odor or taste of age.
 2. Economy, requiring no cooking to prepare it for use.
-

1177. W. K. Lewis & Brothers, Boston, Mass., U. S.

CANNED BEEF AND TURKEY.

Report.—The meat retains its special flavor in a high degree.

1178. Atmore & Son, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

MINCED MEAT.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The perfect mixing and seasoning of the ingredients.
2. Its good keeping quality (specimens examined which had been kept four years in a vessel not sealed, yet retained their good quality with scarcely any change).

1179. Joshua Wright & Son, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

MINCED MEAT.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Novelty in the method of putting it up; the meat after being prepared is hermetically sealed in tin cans.
2. Its high keeping quality; specimens were opened and found in good condition which had been put up twenty years.

1180. J. L. Keck & Brother, Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

HOG—PICKLED MEATS, AND LARD.

Report.—1. The articles exhibited have developed the greatest care in preparation.

2. To an expert it is evident that the hogs from which the product on exhibition was made were superior and of the finest quality.

3. The curing, packing, and general condition of the pickled meats, as also the consistency, color, and quality of the lard exhibited by this firm, are of the very best quality, and not only suggestive of enlarged experience in their production, but merit in competition the highest consideration.

1181. Libby, McNeill, & Libby, Chicago, Ill., U. S.

CANNED CORNED BEEF AND TONGUE.

Report.—1. It is manufactured at the large establishment of the exhibitors in Chicago, under a patent issued at Washington, out of beef and tongues from the finest quality of cattle that can be procured.

2. Great care seems to have been evinced in preparation, viz., in boiling, seasoning, removing bone, canning, pressing, etc., resulting in the production of a most palatable article, as proven upon examination, and which is economical, convenient, and desirable for household purposes, and which warrants its recommendation for most favorable consideration and award and as having no superior in competition.

1182. Portland Packing Co., Portland, Me., U. S.

PRESERVED MEATS AND VEGETABLES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of canned soups.

1183. George Cassard, Baltimore, Md., U. S.

HAMS.

Report.—The meat is perfectly preserved with much less than the usual amount of salt, thus leaving the flesh moist and palatable.

1184. S. Davis, Jr., & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

HAMS OF CURED PORK.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The excellent flavor of the meat.
2. Its good keeping quality, demonstrated by the perfect freshness of hams cured in the winter of 1873.

1185. Charles Jacob, Jr., & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

Report.—The hams are sufficiently salted and smoked to insure their preservation, and yet retain to a great degree the flavor and moisture of the fresh ham.

1186. Burnham & Morrill, Portland, Me., U. S.

CANNED MEATS—ROAST BEEF, MUTTON, VEAL, AND FOWL.

Report.—It is neither overcooked nor too highly seasoned, and therefore retains fully the original appearance and taste of the several kinds of flesh.

1187. Evans, Lipincot, & Cunningham, Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

CANVASED HAMS.

Report.—The flesh retains in a high degree the original flavor of the pork, and is in a good state of preservation.

1188. Black & Krebs, Baltimore, Md., U. S.

BACON AND HAMS.

Report.—The meat is well cured and carefully put up, and is of good flavor.

1189. P. T. George & Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

CANVASED HAMS.

Report.—The meat is well cured, and retains the original flavor of the pork in a high degree.

1190. Richardson & Robbins, Dover, Del., U. S.

BONELESS COOKED HAMS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Novelty in the mode of preparation, to wit: the ham is boiled, the skin removed, and the bone extracted; it is then placed in a can adapted to the shape of the ham, and the space around it filled with jelly and the can closed at a boiling temperature.

2. The meat is not broken down, but retains its form and flavor, and is ready for use without preparation.

1191. James Morrison & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

CANVASED HAMS.

Report.—Commended for, 1, the attractive style of the exhibit; 2, the good quality and excellent preservation of the meat.

1192. Western Meat Preserving Co. (Limited), Colac, Victoria, Australia.

PRESERVED MEATS AND SOUPS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Careful preservation.

2. Variety.

3. Freshness of taste.

1193. Melbourne Preserving Co., Maribyrnong, Salt Water River, Victoria, Australia.

PRESERVED MEATS AND SOUPS IN CANS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Great care in cooking and packing.

2. Excellent flavor.

3. Freshness of taste and excellent preservation.

4. Great variety.

1194. Sydney Meat Preserving Co., Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

PRESERVED MEATS.

Report.—The ox-tongue and boiled beef are carefully put up, well preserved, and of good taste.

1195. Christian Netz, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

BOLOGNA PRESERVED IN LARD.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Good taste.
2. Good preservation.

1196. W. Woodrell, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

MESS BEEF.

Report.—The meat is carefully packed, and is in an excellent state of preservation.

1197. Canadian Meat and Produce Co., Sherbrooke, Canada.

CANNED MEATS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The great variety exhibited, to wit: ox-tongue, whole, in can; game pie, in can; roast chicken, whole, in can; roast duck, whole, in can; roast veal, venison, and beef, in cans; pork truffles, in cans; sausages, in cans.
2. The uniform good quality of the meats exhibited.

1198. J. D. Brian, Restigouche, New Brunswick.

CANNED ROAST BEEF.

Report.—Commended for the excellent preservation of the peculiar flavor of the fresh beef.

1199. Christian Netz, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

SMOKED GOOSE, HAM, OX-TONGUE, AND SAUSAGE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Novelty and variety of the exhibit.
2. Good quality of meat.

1200. E. Caswell, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

CURED HAMS AND BACON.

Report.—A superior manner of curing, which secures long keeping and the finest flavor.

1201. E. Caswell, Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada.

HAMS, BREAKFAST BACON, SMOKE-DRIED SIDES, AND PRIME MESS PORK.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The excellent state of preservation in which all the articles were found.
2. The fine flavor and color of the meat.

1202. Otto Niuberg, Tavastus, Finland, Russia.

REINDEER STEAK AND WILD FOWL, CANNED.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Novelty.
2. Careful preparation of the product, and good state of preservation.

1203. Charles Mangold, St. Petersburg, Russia.

CANNED BEEF; NAVAL STORES.

Report.—The beef was found in an excellent state of preservation, one sample being preserved without the use of salt, but showed no tendency to decomposition.

1204. A. Reignard, Paris, France.

PATÉS DE FOIE GRAS, TRUFFLED.

Report.—Very fine “pâtés de foie gras,” called “bouchées à la reine;” delicious taste; careful preparation.

1205. Caillebotte & Dumagnon, Paris, France.

PRESERVED MEATS, IN CANS.

Report.—His sausages preserved in their own gravy, and the calf's head, are very well preserved. The taste is delicious and the freshness perfect.

1206. Tivollier, Toulouse, France.

PATÉ DE FOIE DE CANARD AUX TRUFFES.

Report.—An excellent product, put up with as much taste as care, and beautifully flavored with truffles; in good preservation.

1207. F. Lamarche, Paris, France.

TERRINES DE FOIE GRAS WITH TRUFFLES (MARK “LOUIS”).

Report.—This product is put up most elegantly, and is very tastefully and perfectly preserved.

1208. A. Dione, Paris, France.

TRUFFLED GOOSE-LIVER PIES IN TIN BOXES, AND PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—The pies are put up with great care, perfectly preserved and of delicious flavor. The vegetables are very well kept and prepared for exportation. Their flavor, color, and appearance are excellent.

1209. Alphonse Biardot, Paris, France.

PRESERVED MEATS, FRUITS PRESERVED IN SYRUP, PRESERVED VEGETABLES; CHOCOLATE.

Report.—The preserved meats are put up with the greatest care, very well preserved, and deliciously perfumed with truffles; the fruits in syrup have excellent flavor, the fresh taste of the fruit, and of the syrup; the vegetables are commended for freshness of taste, good color, and the care with which they are put up; the chocolate is very good, in which pure cacao and sugar are used, and is of remarkable cheapness.

1210. J. Vernis, Vich, Spain.

SAUSAGE, IMITATION OF BOLOGNA.

Report.—Good-conditioned sausage, of fine flavor and very cheap.

1211. J. de Sande, Garrovillos, Chovisos, Spain.

SAUSAGE MEAT FOR SOUP.

Report.—Meat well seasoned and kept in very good condition; greatly used in Spain, where it is a specialty.

1212. Christiania Preserving Co., Christiania, Norway.

CANNED MEAT, TO WIT: OX CARBONADE, MUTTON CUTLETS, AND BEEF SOUP.

Report.—Commended for the excellent preservation of the original flavor of the several kinds of flesh in the collection.

1213. Romero & Ferrin, Coruña, Spain.

PRESERVED MEATS.

Report.—Fillet of pork with olive oil and garlic, and veal tongue with tomatoes; well preserved as to taste and condition.

1214. Garcia & Piñon, Coruña, Spain.

PRESERVED MEATS.

Report.—The chicken, partridge, and veal tongue canned with olive oil are well preserved as to taste, etc.

1215. Miguel Cotrofe, Coruña, Spain.

PRESERVED MEATS.

Report.—Commended for good preservation of partridge in olive oil.

1216. Provincial Board of Agriculture of Cangas de Tineo, Oviedo, Spain.

HAM.

Report.—Well-preserved ham, of fine taste, good quality, and in excellent condition.

1217. Provincial Commission of Lugo, Spain.

SMOKED HAM.

Report.—Very good, of fine flavor, and kept in very good condition.

1218. E. Martin Carnes, Aracena, Huelva, Spain.

SMOKED HAM.

Report.—Smoked ham, well preserved, of fine taste, and with a general good reputation.

1219. Maria do Carmo Bazilio, Arrouches, Portalegre, Portugal.

PAIO (FRESH PORK PRESERVED IN LARD).

Report.—Good, and well preserved, notwithstanding the great heat and length of time it has been put up.

1220. Municipality of Lisbon, Portugal.

SAUSAGE MEMBRANES.

Report.—These sausage membranes are prepared with heated water, 25° Centigrade. They are very strong, and the process appears eminently effective.

1221. Luiz Marques Pinto, Villa Boim, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

PAIO (PORK PRESERVED IN LARD).

Report.—Good, considering the difficulties of the heat, the distance it came, and the length of time it has been put up.

1222. Fernando Rodriguez & Nephew, Lisbon, Portugal.

PRESERVED MEATS, CANNED.

Report.—A fine collection of preserved meats, well cooked, well flavored, and well preserved.

1223. Joaquim Marques Pinto, Villa Boim, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

PAIO (PORK PRESERVED IN LARD).

Report.—His paio (fillet of pork preserved in lard, in membrane, resembling in shape a sausage) is one of the national productions of Portugal, and was very well preserved.

1224. Leal, Costa, & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

PRESERVED MEATS (CANNED).

Report.—A good collection of preserved meats of different kinds; fresh and well flavored.

1225. Varzea & Coelho, Oporto, Portugal.

PRESERVED MEATS (CANNED).

Report.—A fine collection of meats and soups, very well preserved, well flavored and fresh.

1226. Jose Antonio d'Oliveira & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

PRESERVED MEATS, VEGETABLES, AND DRIED FRUITS.

Report.—Canned meats very well prepared and preserved, firm, fresh, and of good flavor and appearance.

Preserved vegetables, which recommend themselves for freshness and flavor.

Fruits canned, bottled, and dried in sugar, of good appearance and preservation.

1227. Gaetano Samoggia & Brothers, Bologna, Italy.

MORTADELLA, SLICED AND CANNED.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The excellent quality of the meat.
 2. The convenient form in which the article is put into the market.
-

1228. Raphael Orsi, Bologna, Italy.

SAUSAGE, CANNED AND IN MEMBRANES COVERED WITH TIN FOIL.

Report.—Commended for the careful manner in which the work is done, and the perfect preservation of the meat.

1229. Zappoli Brothers, Bologna, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGE, PRESSED AND COVERED WITH TIN FOIL.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Well prepared and seasoned.
 2. The meat preserves the original flavor.
 3. Ready for the table, without preparation.
-

1230. Giuseppe Fugeri, Modena, Italy.

BACON, HAM, COOKED IN MEMBRANES, AND UNCOOKED.

Report.—Commended for its excellent preservation and good flavor.

1231. Guido Zanetti, Bologna, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGES IN MEMBRANES, COOKED, SLICED, AND IN CANS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The excellent quality of the goods.
 2. The convenient and artistic style in which they are put up.
-

1232. Giovanni Ziroui, Fiorano, Italy.

TWO SPECIMENS OF SAUSAGE, ONE DRIED, THE OTHER FRESH.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The care and skill exhibited in its preparation and seasoning.
 2. Its high flavor and good state of preservation.
-

1233. Molinari Brothers, Modena, Italy.

PORK, SALTED AND SMOKED, COOKED, AND UNCOOKED, SLICED, AND PUT UP IN MEMBRANES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The careful manner in which the meat is put up.
 2. Its good keeping qualities.
-

1234. Paolo Tacconi, Bologna, Italy.

MORTADELLA, PRESSED IN CANS.

Report.—Commended for the excellent state of preservation, and the convenient form in which the meat is exhibited.

1235. Lanzarini Brothers, Bologna, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGE PRESSED IN SQUARE TIN BOXES, AND IN MEMBRANES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Properly seasoned.
 2. Retains its original flavor in a high degree.
-

1236. Grillini, Nanni, & Co., Bologna, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGES.

Report.—Commended for the neat and convenient method of putting up the product, viz., the sausage is pressed, cooked, and sliced very thin, and put in tin cans soldered.

1237. Ulisse Colombine, Bologna, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGE, PRESSED AND PUT UP IN FIFTY-POUND PACKAGES.

Report.—Commended for the excellent state of preservation of the meat, and its fine flavor.

1238. David Carulli, Cremona, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGES UNCOOKED, PUT UP IN MEMBRANES AND COVERED WITH TIN FOIL, AIR-TIGHT.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The good quality and fine flavor of the meat.
2. The novel forms in which it was put up (one package was ten feet long and weighed fifty pounds).

1239. Giuseppe Bellentani, Modena, Italy.

MORTADELLA IN THIRTY-POUND PACKAGES IN TIN FOIL; SLICED HAM IN MEMBRANES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Good quality of the product.
 2. Its cheapness.
-

1240. Filippo Stiassi, Bologna, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGE IN MEMBRANES DRIED, ALSO IN SOLDERED TIN CANS.

Report.—The preparation is faithfully made, and thoroughly cured so as to keep in all climates.

1241. Bordoni, Natale, & Co., Bologna, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGE IN MEMBRANE, DRIED, AND ALSO IN CANS.

Report.—Commended for its good state of preservation, and its convenience for excursions and voyages.

1242. Giuseppe Romagnoli, Felsinea, Bologna, Italy.

PORK SAUSAGE, HERMETICALLY SEALED IN TIN BOXES, AND THE SAME IN MEMBRANES, COVERED WITH TIN FOIL.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. The perfect preservation of the meat and its proper seasoning.
 2. The convenience of the packages, for journeys and excursions.
-

1243. Nicolo Massardo, Sanpierrez, Genoa, Italy.

PRESERVED MEATS.

Report.—1. Cauliflowers stuffed with meat, stewed beef, roast veal, put up in tin cans, carefully preserved.

2. Very good taste after two years' preservation in cans.
-

1244. Prof. Alexander Herzen, Florence, Italy.

PRESERVED RAW MEAT.

Report.—Commended for good preservation, natural flavor, and as well prepared for long voyages. This specimen has made two long voyages.

1245. M. & U. Bassi Brothers, Bologna, Italy.

PORK HAMS COOKED, SLICED, AND IN CANS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. The good quality of the meat.
 2. Its convenient form for immediate use.
-

1246. Alessandro Forni, Bologna, Italy.

PORK HAM CURED, SLICED, AND PRESSED IN CANS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons :

1. Novelty in the manner of putting up the goods.
2. Convenience for immediate use.

1247. Widow J. W. Surie, Son, & Co., Rotterdam, Netherlands.

PRESERVED MEATS, PRESERVED VEGETABLES, AND PICKLES.

Report.—A great variety of meats well preserved, of good flavor and appearance, and put up with great care; great variety of vegetables well preserved, of good taste and appearance, and well put up; pickles with natural color well preserved in fine quality of vinegar.

1248. J. H. Nieuwenhuijs, Jr., & Co., Amsterdam, Netherlands.

PRESERVED MEATS, PRESERVED VEGETABLES, AND PICKLES.

Report.—Preserved meats carefully put up and of excellent flavor and appearance; also extracts of meat of extraordinary quality; vegetables perfectly prepared, of excellent quality, and well put up; and pickles of excellent taste, beautiful preservation of natural color, in vinegar of superior quality.

1249. Stavanger Preserving Co., Stavanger, Norway.

COLLECTION OF CANNED MEATS.

Report.—Commended for the extent, variety, and uniform good state of preservation of the articles exhibited, to wit: black grouse, ptarmigan, meat balls, and sirloin.

1250. Chr. Augustus Thorne, Moss, Norway.

CANNED MEAT, TO WIT: HJERPE, GROUSE, AND SAUSAGE.

Report.—Commended for the substantial manner in which the articles are put up to serve as naval stores on long voyages.

1251. Z. Vikström, Stockholm, Sweden.

A COLLECTION OF CANNED MEATS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The great variety of the exhibit, to wit: roast turkey, pork sausage, hjerpe (quail), goose, reindeer sirloin, chicken, fricadella (meat pulp), pork cutlets, veal sirloin, beef à la mode, and veal cutlets.
 2. The uniform good quality and excellent state of preservation in which the meats were presented.
-

1252. Selim Agha, Yanina, Turkey.

ESSENCE OF CEDRAT.

Report.—Essence of cedrat, pure, well flavored, and distilled.

1253. Theophani, Crete, Turkey.

ESSENCE OF ORANGE FLOWERS.

Report.—Of good bouquet and superior distillation.

1254. Lazar Brothers, Königsberg, Germany.

FRUIT EXTRACTS.

Report.—A strong syrup of raspberries, showing in perfection the flavor of the fruit.

1255. I. Calvin Shafer, New York, N. Y., U. S.

RASPBERRY SYRUP.

Report.—Commended for good taste, fine fruit flavor; is one of the choicest syrups.

1256. Barrett & Co., Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.

SYRUPS AND EXTRACTS.

Report.—Commended for careful preparation, natural taste, and good condition.

1257. Emile Déjardin, Paris, France.

SYRUP OF MALTESE ORANGE.

Report.—The taste of the syrup of Maltese orange is delicious. The syrup is wonderfully clear and light and very cheap.

1258. Nicholas Lanin, Moscow, Russia.

SODA WATERS.

Report.—A very good beverage made with soda water and pine-apple, cherry, or raspberry syrups, nicely flavored.

1259. Nicholas Lanin, Moscow, Russia.

JUICE OF FRUITS AND SYRUPS.

Report.—A fine and varied collection of fruit juice and syrups, with an excellent flavor, fine color, and much freshness.

1260. Ohannes, Diarbekir, Asia Minor.

SYRUP.

Report.—Very good specimen of syrups made with grapes; nice flavor and carefully prepared.

1261. Della Sudda (feyk Pacha), Constantinople, Turkey.

SYRUPS.

Report.—A first-rate selection of syrups made from different kinds of fruit; remarkable as to quality and cheapness.

1262. Francis Isidore Duos, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

SYRUP.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of a plain syrup called "liquor of raw sugar," filtered.

1263. Braga Brothers & Co., Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

FRUIT SYRUPS.

Report.—Commended for the good quality and rich flavor of their syrups, gomma and grosellha.

1264. Otto Freygang, Colony Blumenau, Brazil.

FRUIT SYRUP.

Report.—Commended for the very good quality of his syrup grosellha.

1265. Henry Reed & Co., South Yarra, Victoria, Australia.

RASPBERRY VINEGAR AND LIME-JUICE CORDIAL.

Report.—Commended for strength of natural flavor, and purity of material used, as well as good quality.

1266. Sheiermann & Co., Riga, Russia.

VINEGAR.

Report.—A strong vinegar, of good aroma.

1267. Buck Brothers, Lübeck, Germany.

VINEGAR.

Report.—Commended for great acidity, superior quality, and high flavor.

1268. Th. Moskopf, Fahr, Germany.

VINEGAR AND MUSTARD.

Report.—Commended for excellent quality of vinegar and mustard, carefully put up and composed.

1269. Königstadtler Brothers, Neusatz, Austria.

VINEGAR SPIRIT.

Report.—Commended for the great strength and high quality.

1270. F. Schlick, U. S.

BOTTLE WASHER.

Report.—A good mechanical contrivance.

1271. K. Hutter, New York, N. Y., U. S.

PATENT LIGHTNING BOTTLE STOPPER.

Report.—Commended for utility, simplicity, and facility of application.

1272. H. Weinhagen, New York, N. Y., U. S.

WINE TESTING APPARATUS.

Report.—Commended for utility and good workmanship.

1273. E. Gervais, Bordeaux, France.

CORKING MACHINES.

Report.—Useful and good corking machines.

1274. Widow Maurice & Guenin, Epernay, France.

CORKING MACHINES.

Report.—No. 1.—Champagne wine bottles; corking machines, with wood mallet.
2. Ditto, self-acting.

The cork is driven in the bottle with equal pressure on both sides.

1275. Fréal, Epernay, France.

BOTTLING MACHINE.

Report.—This machine bottles with great celerity, regularity, and without any loss of liquid, with great economy in labor-expense.

1276. Appert-Mandart, Reims, France.

WINE PRESS.

Report.—Commended for rapidity combined with great power in this system of press, and consequently great saving of labor.

1277. De Mestre, Bordeaux, France.

MACHINERY FOR WINE PURPOSES.

Report.—Machines for corking and capsuling bottles. Very simple; of good design, and cheap.

1278. Thirion, Reims, France.

MACHINERY FOR WINES.

Report.—A new patent clasp for securing sparkling wines from leakage, requiring no instrument for uncorking, and is instantly unfastened by pulling the suspended gun outwards. A very simple invention, very valuable to all sparkling wine shippers.

1279. Renard Laprime, Epernay, France.

FASTENING FOR WINE BOTTLES.

Report.—A string used for securing the cork on champagne wine bottles. Commended for quality and fitness, strength and polish.

1280. Lejeune-Oroy, Epernay, France.

MACHINE FOR BOTTLING CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—This machine works in a regular and perfect manner; a very ingenious system.

1281. A. Tricourt, Reims, France.

MACHINES FOR BOTTLING WINES.

Report.—Machine for bottling champagne wines. Machine for filling six bottles at the same time. Commended for originality in adaptation, utility, quality, and simplicity.

1282. Alphonse Lavy, Epernay, France.

MACHINE FOR BOTTLING PURPOSES.

Report.—Two metal funnels with valves for filling up to the corks and preventing loss of liquid; good system.

1283. L. Pean, Epernay, France.

MACHINE FOR BOTTLING WINES.

Report.—A machine for clasping the cork on champagne wine bottles. Commended for fitness and economy in labor.

The iron clasps employed in lieu of strings or wires are cheap and solid. Also for a mechanical safety corkscrew, intended to draw off the broken corks from the bottles, which works very well.

1284. Boomer & Boschert, Syracuse, N. Y., U. S.

ONE POWER CIDER PRESS, ONE HAND CIDER PRESS, AND ONE WINE PRESS.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The correct philosophic design of the presses.
 2. The good material and excellent workmanship used in their construction.
 3. The great power capable of being exerted by the peculiar mechanical combination employed.
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1285. Department of Vine Culture of the Agricultural Association of Rhine Hessia, Grand Duchy of Hesse, Germany.

MAP OF THE WINE-PRODUCING DISTRICT OF HESSEN.

Report.—Commended for the very correct drawing, the practical composition, and usefulness of the map, showing all the vineyards of the district.

1286. Dr. A. Blankenhorn, Karlsruhe, Baden, Germany.

TREATISES ON THE CULTURE OF THE VINE.

Report.—Commended for the undoubted merit of his publications, which contributed so greatly to the improvement of German vine culture.

1287. G. J. Burkhardt & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

STORAGE VATS, MASH TUBS, AND TUNS.

Report.—Commended for selection of material and good workmanship; also for improved arrangement of discharge valves for mash tubs for brewers' purposes.

1288. August Wohlfarth, Williamsburg, Long Island, N. Y., U. S.

AIR AND ROTARY BEER PUMPS AND FAUCETS.

Report.—The pumps are of good design, embodying sound scientific principles, and the mechanical execution of the work, including both material and finish, can scarcely be excelled. The faucets and couplings are of the same excellent workmanship.

1289. J. Trageser, New York, N. Y., U. S.

BREWERS' COPPER UTENSILS.

Report.—The specimens of work exhibited, consisting mainly of Harris's self-acting mashing machine, large copper cooling pipes with brass couplings and a copper bottom, of extraordinary size, show the highest degree of mechanical skill in the handling and finishing of the materials employed, furnishing a product of unexceptionable utility and excellence.

1290. Ernest J. Bauer, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.

RACKING HOSE.

Report.—Commended for utility and adaptability to the purpose.

1291. John D. Seagrave, Worcester, Mass., U. S.

STOPPLE FAUCET.

Report.—Commended for ingenuity and economy of construction.

1292. John Decker & Son, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.
BEER SWIMMERS, WATERING POTS, AND STOCK SIEVE.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship.

1293. A. G. Hupfel, New York, N. Y., U. S.
CASK-ROLLING MACHINE.

Report.—Commended for utility and adaptability to its purpose.

1294. Niagara Steam Pump Works, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.
AIR COMPRESSOR (DUPLEX).

Report.—The best air compressor for brewers' use.

1295. J. Schwarzwald & Son, New York, N. Y., U. S.
BEER CASK AND KEGS.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship and selection of materials.

1296. G. B. Cornell, Chicago, Ill., U. S.
PATENT SCREW BUSH AND WRENCH FOR BEER BARRELS.

Report.—Commended for utility and facility of application.

1297. H. Steubing, New York, N. Y., U. S.
ICE SWIMMER FOR BEER.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship.

1298. Charles Stoll, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.
MALT MILL WITH DOUBLE SCREEN, SCALE HOPPER, MALT SCOURER AND POLISHER; A
MODEL FOR STEAM BREWERY.

Report.—Commended for improvement in mechanical arrangement and construction of malt mill, screen, scale hopper, and malt scourer; also for an improved model in the arrangement of machinery and fixtures of a brewery.

1299. August Roos, New York, N. Y., U. S.
COOLING APPARATUS FOR BEER.

Report.—A decided improvement.

1300. John Schafhaus, New York, N. Y., U. S.
SELF-ACTING MASHING APPARATUS.

Report.—Commended for effectiveness of action, novelty of construction, and fine workmanship.

1301. Union Hardware Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.
BEER COOLER.

Report.—Commended for novelty of construction and adaptability to the purpose.

1302. Trottman & Ott, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.
BEER COOLER AND SELF-ACTING MASHING MACHINE.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship.

1303. Peter Gerlach & Co., Cleveland, Ohio, U. S.
PITCHING MACHINE FOR CASKS.

Report.—Commended for simplicity of construction, economy of space, and effectiveness of operation.

1304. Edward Haas, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.
SEPARATOR AND MALT SCOURER, SCALE AND HOPPER, SAWING AND SHAVING MACHINE.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship and mechanical arrangement.

1305. William Orth & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.
BREWERS' STEAM COPPER KETTLE; UNDERBACK FOR MASH-TUB AND PIPING.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship and ingenious mechanical arrangement.

1306. F. Fiederlein, New York, N. Y., U. S.
BREWERS' MASHING MACHINE.

Report.—The best rotary mashing machine on exhibition.

1307. Ernest J. Bauer, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.
WOOD AND IRON VARNISH.

Report.—Of good quality, and specially adapted to brewers' purposes.

1308. G. F. Blake Manufacturing Co., Boston, Mass., U. S.
STEAM PUMP FOR BREWERS' USE.

Report.—Commended for construction and arrangement of brewers' mash pump.

1309. John M. Smith & Son, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.
CEDAR MASH TUB, IMPROVED STEEP TUB AND DISCHARGE VALVE.

Report.—Commended for selection of material and good workmanship; also for improvements in the construction of steep tubs for maltsters' purposes.

1310. John Martin Otto, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.
SURFACE COOLER, SWIMMER, AND CORK BASKET.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship in the construction of the surface cooler, and ingenious and simple arrangement for adjusting the level of the same; also for an ingenious and useful cork basket.

1311. Iron Clad Can Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.
APPARATUS FOR PRESERVING MALT LIQUORS ON DRAUGHT.

Report.—The best mechanical arrangement for successful application of carbonic acid gas for preserving malt liquors on draught, now in use.

1312. John G. White & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

MODEL OF MALT HOUSE.

Report.—Commended for the economical arrangement of the house, with the application of superheated steam for drying purposes.

1313. Stephen Kampf, Albany, N. Y., U. S.

MALT SHOVELS.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship and adaptation to the purpose.

1314. C. Dierlinger, Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

LAGER BEER CASKS.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship and selection of materials; also for the successful construction of very large casks.

1315. W. W. Hughes & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

MALT KILN, SHOWING THREE STYLES OF FLOORING, COPPER AND IRON FALSE BOTTOMS FOR MASH AND HOP TUBS.

Report.—The simplest arrangement of kilns, with the malting floor, now in use; commended for the arrangement of the mash-tub bottoms with the tub; together with good workmanship.

1316. Theo. Bergner, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

IMPROVED MALT KILN, WITH WIRE FLOOR AND MECHANICAL MALT TURNER.

Report.—Commended for wire flooring and malt turner; for their certainty and effectiveness of action; and also for the novel and ingenious mechanical arrangement for operating the malt turner.

1317. Kirby Bung Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

BUNG MAKING MACHINE AND BUNGS.

Report.—Commended for a most ingenious machine for manufacturing bungs, in use; also for the superiority of the bungs manufactured.

1318. Theo. Bergner, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

IMPROVED RACKING VALVE AND TAPPING INSTRUMENT FOR BEER CASKS.

Report.—Excellent in every respect.

1319. Martin Schmahl, New York, N. Y., U. S.

MASHING APPARATUS.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship.

1320. G. Schock, New York, N. Y., U. S.

BARREL WASHING MACHINE.

Report.—An improved barrel washing machine.

1321. Louis Saal, New York, N. Y., U. S.

TOP WHITE BEER WAGON.

Report.—Commended for good workmanship.

1322. A. Zoller, Hoboken, N. J., U. S.

BARREL RINSER; RACKING VALVES; TAPPING APPARATUS.

Report.—Commended for utility and convenience of purpose, also for good workmanship.

1323. Francis S. Kinney, New York, N. Y., U. S.

A MACHINE FOR CUTTING TOBACCO.

Report.—The machine exhibited is admirably well adapted to the purpose of cutting tobacco for smoking in the pipe, and for cigarettes, as well as for chewing. It is capable of graduation to cut as fine as a hair up to one-quarter of an inch in size. Its capacity under power is about twelve hundred pounds per day. The true principles of mechanics have been observed in its construction. The gearing is simple and imparts to the knife both vertical and horizontal motion, thus securing as the resultant a sliding motion to the edge which effects a clean smooth cut. The feed being automatic, perfect uniformity in the product is obtained.

1324. H. Wulstein, New York, N. Y., U. S.

TOBACCO GRANULATING MACHINES.

Report.—Commended because of the substantial and durable character of the “granulator;” the efficiency, uniformity, and speed with which it converts dry leaf into granulated smoking tobacco; and the moderate price at which the machine is sold to the trade.

1325. J. E. H. Andrew, Stockport, England.

TOBACCO SPINNING MACHINE.

Report.—This machine is exceedingly ingenious in its combinations of motion adapted to the rather difficult operation of spinning leaf tobacco into beautiful rolls many feet in length and uniform in size and twist. The mechanical construction of this machine is creditable to the inventor and the mechanics who finished it. In the peculiar form of tobacco manufacturing adopted in some countries, this machine must effect a great saving of labor.

1326. D. H. Hull, Syracuse, N. Y., U. S.

TOBACCO STEMMING MACHINE.

Report.—Commended for the simplicity and efficiency of the machine in taking out the large central stem from leaf tobacco without tearing the fibre, thus leaving it in the best form for cigar wrappers and effecting a considerable saving from waste in the tips of the leaves. The construction is simple, and the working of the machine is most satisfactory.

1327. P. O. Cain & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

CIGAR MOULDS.

Report.—These moulds are most substantially and accurately made, of prepared beech wood, and are useful in securing perfect uniformity in the size and shape of cigars made in them; a very desirable result in the grades of cigars usually made from American tobacco.

1328. David H. Hull, Syracuse, N. Y., U. S.

TOBACCO STRIPPER.

Report.—It is an ingenious, novel, and economical machine, by which the work of stripping tobacco is done much more rapidly than by the hand process, at less cost, and with considerable saving of stock.

1329. Osenbruck & Co., Hemelingen, Germany.

CIGAR MOULDS.

Report.—The cigar moulds of prepared beech-wood are very well made and of good material.

1330. D. W. Garst, Washington, D. C., U. S.

MACHINE FOR SLICING DRIED BEEF.

Report.—Commended for its convenience in reducing dried beef to slices of uniform thickness and as thin as desired, and for the rapidity with which it does its work.

1331. Kenyon Brothers, Raritan, N. J., U. S.

SIX MEAT CHOPPERS (ONE POWER, ONE EXCHANGEABLE, AND FOUR HAND).

Report.—Commended for the variety and good finish of the machinery and its compactness and light running qualities.

1332. Bailey Wringing Machine Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

SEVEN SIZES OF HAND-WORKING MEAT AND VEGETABLE CHOPPERS.

Report.—A convenient and cheap machine for various kitchen uses, simple, easily operated and cleaned, and not likely to get out of order.

1333. August Nittinger, Jr., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

A COLLECTION OF BUTCHERS' TOOLS, MEAT CHOPPERS, AND SAUSAGE STUFFERS.

Report.—Commended for:

1. The extent of the machinery exhibited, to wit: eight power and hand meat choppers of different sizes, of good material and finish; four sausage stuffers of different dimensions and capacities, with new and very ingenious backward movement and spring latch that holds the cylinder in an upright position in order to fill it with the chopped meat.

2. The good arrangement and permanent construction of the machinery and its excellent adaptation to the work for which it is designed.

1334. Murray Iron Works Co., Burlington, Iowa, U. S.

ONE POWER AND TWO HAND DRAW-CUT MEAT CHOPPERS.

Report.—The stroke of the knives has a drawing motion, which gives advantage in cutting.

1335. Rankin Manufacturing Co., Pittsburg, Pa., U. S.

THREE MEAT CHOPPERS, POWER AND HAND SIZES.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. The knives are placed at different angles, so that no two of them cut in the same line.
 2. The meat may be removed and the machine recharged while in motion.
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1336. J. Pernollet, Paris, France.

SORTERS FOR COFFEE, SEEDS, ETC.

Report.—No. 1. Pernollet's riddle sorters, with fixed compartments. For cleaning seed, corn, wheat, rye, etc.

No. 2. Pernollet's riddle sorters with movable compartments.

No. 3. Separating riddle sorters for cocoa, coffee, etc.

No. 4. Separating riddle sorters with fan.

No. 5. Alveolus sorter.

All these machines have been invented by the exhibitor; very ingenious and practical inventions, saving hand labor. They are principally used in industry for cleaning seed, corn, and to sort cocoa, coffee, and fresh-shelled peas.

Commended for excellence and cheapness in workmanship.

1337. E. Dagand, Paris, France.

MACHINERY FOR MAKING COFFEE.

Report.—A large assortment of coffee pots, holding six cups, twenty-five cups, one hundred cups, five hundred cups, eight hundred cups, with boilers proportionate to the capacity of the coffee pots. A very economical process, saving hand labor, and suited to use in the army and navy.

1338. George Boyd, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

AROMA COFFEE ROASTER.

Report.—The coffee in the machine never comes in contact with the gases, smoke, or any impurities, and the product obtained is good.

1339. George Boyd, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

AROMA COFFEE COOLER.

Report.—This machine clears, cooks, and polishes the roasted coffee, receiving the coffee, and after treatment discharges directly into the bag or sack.

1340. A. Mondollet, Paris, France.

MACHINERY FOR MAKING SODA WATER.

Report.—A large assortment of apparatus for making soda water in small or large quantities. Very handy system, covering a small space, of an easy use, with a solid boiler, built so that accidents or explosions cannot happen.

1341. H. Maldiné, Paris, France.

APPARATUS FOR SODA WATER.

Report.—A very complete assortment of apparatus for making soda water; bottles of all sizes, nicely gotten up and obtainable at moderate figures.

1342. Guéret Brothers, Paris, France.

APPARATUS FOR SODA WATER.

Report.—A large exhibit of apparatus for making soda water, and bottles of all sizes, made of good and strong glass, and cheap.

1343. Durafort, Paris, France.

APPARATUS FOR BOTTLING SODA WATER.

Report.—The apparatus for bottling soda water called "siphons" are elegant, solid, and cheap.

1344. D. Cazaubon, Paris, France.

MACHINERY FOR MAKING SODA WATER.

Report.—A large assortment of apparatus for making soda water in small or large quantities. Good valves, brass and copper, worked up well. Pumps for dosing syrups amalgamated with soda water. Counter and machines for dosing syrups for bar-room purposes. All these inventions are ingenious and practical.

1345. G. Hermann, Paris, France.

MACHINES FOR CHOCOLATE.

Report.—A complete collection of machines for making chocolate.

1346. Ch. J. B. Létang, Paris, France.

MOULD FOR CHOCOLATE AND BONBONS.

Report.—Commended for good and careful manufacturing of fancy moulds for chocolate and bonbons.

1347. E. Denet, Paris, France.

MOULDS FOR VERMICELLI, MACARONI, AND PASTINES.

Report.—Forms in copper for macaroni, vermicelli, and pastines, giving all sorts of fancy shapes for alimentary pastes. Commended for good and easy working.

1348. Giovanni Uliengo, Biella, Novara, Italy.

CHURN.

Report.—A very ingenious invention for the making of butter. With this machine, people can save time, while not a drop of liquid is lost.

1349. Gilt Edge Butter Co., Cleveland, Ohio, U. S.

METALLIC LINED BUTTER PACKAGE (THE ADAMS PATENT).

Report.—Commended for its superior capacity for preserving butter in long journeys and for a great length of time.

1350. E. Pelletier & A. Pallard, Paris, France.

MEAT BROTH AND VEGETABLES FOR SOUP, AND NEW CANS FOR PRESERVES.

Report.—The meat broth and vegetables for soup combine in the smallest compass, and for wonderfully low prices, the greatest amount of nutritious matter, and are most useful for the army and navy. The new cans, for sardines and all sorts of preserves, are easily opened without a knife.

1351. Seeley & Stevens, New York, N. Y., U. S.

JEWELL'S SELF-OPENING CAN.

Report.—This is an ingenious application, which allows of soldered cans being opened without the use of a knife or the destruction of the can. A fine but strong wire is introduced and soldered, the end being fastened outside. To undo the fastenings and pull out the wire, thereby cutting through the solder, is the work of a few seconds. The can is opened and is not impaired for future use. Adds only one cent to the cost, and doubles the utility.

1352. Barau & Firmin Colas, Nantes, France.

TIN BOXES AND METALLIC LABELS FOR PRESERVES.

Report.—A great collection of plain and printed tin boxes, for sardines and all preserves. Printed metallic labels for the same object; fancy and elegant work. Commended for solidity and cheapness.

1353. L. Migret & Co., Paris, France.

STOPPERS FOR BOTTLES, PRESERVE-POTS, CANS, ETC.

Report.—This is a new mode of stopping bottles, pots, cans, etc., which dispenses with the cork (or only requires a small proportion); is simple, effective, and recommends itself likewise for the ease with which the stopper can be removed.

1354. Ingraham & Baerd, Chicago, Ill., U. S.

SEPARATOR AND GRADER FOR GRAINS.

Report.—A valuable machine of great capacity for receiving, separating, and grading grain.

1355. Spittler & Lang, New York, N. Y., U. S.

SHAVINGS CUTTER.

Report.—An improved shavings cutter.

1356. Chas. Woehrle, New York, N. Y., U. S.

ELEVATOR BUCKETS.

Report.—Commended for selection of material and good workmanship.

1357. Geo. Mooney, New York, N. Y., U. S.

FELTING FOR ICE-HOUSES AND STEAM BOILERS.

Report.—Commended for utility, economy, and effectiveness in its application to the purpose, together with selection of its material and good workmanship.

1358. Pratt, Read, & Co., Deep River, Conn., U. S.

NATIVE IVORY.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of the material and variety of the exhibit, especially ivory veneer fifty feet long.

1359. John S. George, Nassau, Bahama Islands.

VEGETABLE WAX.

Report.—A sample of myrtle wax; novel and useful in producing artificial light.

1360. Troja Alfeo, Syracuse, Italy.

SEA BREAD.

Report.—Commended for its good quality and well-preserved condition.

1361. Agrarian Committee of Chiavari, Italy.

MACHINE FOR SULPHURIZING GRAPE-VINES AND OTHER FRUIT-BEARING TREES.

Report.—An ingenious invention, skillfully constructed, and of great utility to preserve grape-vines and the fruits from the Oidium.

1362. Cafeodijidaki, Samos, Turkey.

ALCOHOL.

Report.—Very pure and exceedingly well distilled alcohol.

1363. Anselmi & Marassi, Marigliano, Italy.

ALCOHOL.

Report.—Alcohol made from maize; very good, of high degree, and very cheap.

1364. J. C. van Marken, Jr., Director of the Netherland Yeast and Alcohol Manufactory, Delft, Netherlands.

ALCOHOL.

Report.—Very fine alcohol, obtained from cereals. Strength, 93.5 per cent. pure alcohol.

1365. Silvestre Ochagavia, Santiago, Chili.

WINES.

Report.—A fine, white, dry wine; and some very good red wine, of a flavor peculiar to the country, but not so predominant in this sample as to make it disagreeable.

1366. Warrenheip Distilling Co., Ballarat, Victoria, Australia.

SPIRITS.

Report.—Two samples of whisky one and two years old; very good distillation in Scotch style. Two samples of gin, also very good distillation; and one of spirits of wine, of fair quality.

1367. Parent Brothers, Barcelona, Spain.

SPIRITS.

Report.—“Aceite de Anis,” a very good, finely-distilled, and delicately-flavored spirit.

1368. Raimundo Berenguer, Monovar, Alicante, Spain.

SPIRITS.

Report.—Double distilled aguardiente, a very good and very cheap distilled spirit.

1369. Zouharie, Monastir, Turkey.

SPIRIT OF MENTH.

Report.—Pure menthal spirit, of good quality, and very well conditioned.

1370. J. M. da Silva Rebello, Pará, Brazil.

SPIRITS.

Report.—Aguardiente de caju, spirit distilled from the caju fruit with much care, so as to present a real fine well-flavored brandy, having the characteristic of the fruit.

1371. M. Aloes & Co., Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

SPIRITS.

Report.—“Laranginha” spirits, of sugar-cane, of very good quality and fine distillation.

1372. Estevão Jose Pereira, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

SPIRITS.

Report.—Aguardiente of good quality and cheap; also refined into laranginha of very good grade. Very commendable results of careful distillation from sugar-cane.

1373. João do Amaral Rapozo, Pernambuco, Brazil.

DISTILLED SPIRITS.

Report.—A collection of distilled spirits, of which the Genebra was fine, the Aguardiente de Caju very good, and the Aguardiente de Abacaxi excellent, both in distillation and flavor.

1374. Francisco Luiz Carreira, Ceará, Brazil.

SPIRITS.

Report.—Aguardiente from sugar-cane, canna laranja, and caju; superior in quality, showing very careful distillation.

1375. Braga Brothers & Co., Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

SPIRITS.

Report.—A line of finely-distilled liquors, gin, rum, laranginha, including alcohol; showing all very careful combination and manipulation.

1376. J. J. A. Braz, São Paulo, Brazil.

SPIRITS.

Report.—Spirits distilled from various fruits and cereals, of a very good character, especially that from plums (*aguardiente de ameixa*), and from maize (*aguardiente de milho*).

1377. H. Ageert, Corrientes, Argentine Republic.

SPIRITS.

Report.—Very good liquor of limes and orange spirits; both retaining their natural fine flavors, in fair strength, while carefully distilled into good liquors.

1378. Luis Villa, Corrientes, Argentine Republic.

SPIRITS OF CAÑA (SUGAR-CANE).

Report.—Commended for the extra good quality of his spirits of caña, showing very careful distillation.

1379. Wilhelm Stengel, Leipsic, Germany.

POTATO SPIRIT, RECTIFIED.

Report.—Commended for perfect purity, entire freedom from fusil.

1380. Landauer & Macholl, Heilbronn, Germany.

FRUIT SPIRITS.

Report.—The cherry and blackberry brandies were found meritorious for purity of taste and careful distillation.

1381. Moboda Manufacturing Co., Moboda, Sweden.

SPIRITS.

Report.—Commended for the entire novelty of the material used, viz., reindeer moss, growing wild in large quantities at the places where it is thus utilized; special advantages in its treatment, and an excellent result; a good quality of spirits, of a very agreeable flavor. Several samples show different modes of fermentation.

1382. H. Riquieri & Co., Valparaiso, Chili

SPIRITS.

Report.—A variety of cordials, Vino, Vermouth, and Cognac, of good taste and careful preparation.

1383. Hannis Distilling Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

RYE WHISKY.

Report.—Very fine, and show much improvement by age.

1384. Sattler & Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

RYE WHISKY.

Report.—Very good spirit, good flavor.

1385. Cork Distilleries Co., Cork, Ireland.

IRISH WHISKY.

Report.—Very fine, full flavor, and good spirit.

1386. John Jamison & Sons, Dublin, Ireland.

WHISKY.

Report.—Very good.

1387. I. Landsberger & Co., San Francisco, Cal., U. S.

CALIFORNIA GRAPE BRANDY.

Report.—Very good flavor.

1388. H. M. Naglee, San José, Cal., U. S.

CALIFORNIA BRANDY.

Report.—Five samples of brandy, from one to five years old, distilled from the Burgundy and Riesling grape; the only American brandy on exhibition that approaches the fine French spirits in flavor; very fine in every particular.

1389. S. Rosenberg, Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very good, aromatic, and made of grape wine.

1390. H. H. Marais, Robertson, Cape of Good Hope.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very aromatic, and made from grape wine.

1391. James Knight, Halifax, Nova Scotia.

BRANDY OF CHERRY.

Report.—Very good brandy, well prepared; agreeable bouquet and well conditioned.

1392. Wine Growers' Association, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

WINE AND BRANDY.

Report.—Very good wine, of fine bouquet, excellent quality, and very well prepared. The brandy is very fine, and has a particularly good taste.

1393. Otard, Dupuy, & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—A collection of young and old brandies, in casks and cases, very superior as regards quality and age.

1394. Boutelleau & Co., Barbezieux, near Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—A good selection of brandies, in wood and in bottle, showing quality and age, and obtainable at reasonable figures.

1395. Pinet, Castillon, & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Samples of young and old brandies of good quality.

1396. Rouyer, Guillet, & Co., Saintes, near Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Samples of brandies of various vintages, clean wine spirit, obtainable at cheap rates.

1397. Anonymous Society of the Distilleries of Jonzac, near Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Good specimens of brandies grown on the vineyards of various wine-growers and distilled with care.

1398. Emile Dubois & Co., Saint-Jean-d'Angély, near Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—A good selection of young and old brandies, very clean wine spirit, which can be imported at moderate prices.

1399. Rivière, Gardrat, & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—A collection of brandies of various vintages, showing quality and age.

1400. Duquénel, Paris, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Good specimens of brandy, grown on the exhibitor's vineyard, clean spirit, well distilled.

1401. Jules Bellot & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Old and young brandies of a good quality, obtainable at very reasonable rates.

1402. A. C. Menkow & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Samples of brandies of various vintages, clean wine spirit, obtainable at cheap rates.

1403. L. Fouchez & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Samples of brandies of various vintages; clean wine spirit.

1404. J. Faure & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Samples of old and young brandies of good quality.

1405. F. Dessandier & Co., Jarnac, near Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Good samples of old and young brandies, very clean wine spirit, which can be imported at moderate rates.

1406. Jules Duret & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Samples of brandies of various vintages, showing quality and age, and obtainable at moderate figures.

1407. Durozier & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Cremant, sparkling brandy; a new style, nicely prepared.

1408. Gourry & Co., Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—A selection of brandies of various vintages and qualities, obtainable at cheap rates.

1409. Union Agricole de Châteauneuf, Châteauneuf, near Cognac, France.

BRANDY.

Report.—Good specimens of brandies grown at the vineyards of various wine-growers and distilled with care.

1410. A. Bröndum, Copenhagen, Denmark.

CORN BRANDY.

Report.—Well compounded; very fine flavor.

1411. Luis Guimel Garcia, Aspe, Alicante, Spain.

AGUARDIENTE (SPANISH BRANDY).

Report.—Very pure and exceedingly well distilled liquor.

1412. Bodega de Lecanda, Valladolid, Spain.

BRANDY.

Report.—It is a pure, well-flavored brandy, from grape, of very good distillation.

1413. Inchausti & Co., Manila, Philippine Islands.

PALM BRANDY.

Report.—Different varieties of palm brandy, made from the sap of the tree. Very good quality.

1414. Antonio Jacome da Costa, Gavião, Portalegre, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof. Used for reinforcing wines.

1415. Serafim Garcia Ribeiro, Coimbra, Portugal.

BRANDY, 1870.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof.

1416. Antonio Dias Themido, Coimbra, Portugal.

COGNAC.

Report.—Very fine; made from grape; well distilled and very pure.

1417. Joaquim Antonio Simoes, Coimbra, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirits from wine, alcohol proof.

1418. Portuguese Government, Portugal.

BRANDIES, WINES, AND VINEGARS.

Report.—A great collection of brandies, wines, and vinegars, made of sugar-cane and of different other tropical plants, showing the resources and productiveness of the Portuguese colonies in Africa and in the Indies.

1419. Luiza da Silva Alhayde Costa, Leiria, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof.

1420. Jose Maria da Silva, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

BRANDY AND SPIRIT OF WINE.

Report.—Very fine, distilled from wine and used for reinforcing new wines, alcohol proof.

1421. Jose Ignacio de Macedo Baptista, Mirandella, Bragança, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof.

1422. Camillo de Macedo, Jr., Villa Real, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof; used for reinforcing wines.

1423. Jose Antonio Gonsalves Serodio, Villa Real, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof; used for reinforcing new wines.

1424. Joaquim Fortunato Levita, Portalegre, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof; used for reinforcing wines.

1425. Joaquim de Salles Simoes Carreira, Batalha, Leiria, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wines, alcohol proof.

1426. João Alves Morgado, Constança, Santarem, Portugal.

BRANDY, 1873.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine; used for reinforcing wines; alcohol proof.

1427. Maria Jose Lopes Pedroza, Coimbra, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof; used for strengthening wine.

1428. Francisco Thiago Magalhaes, Sinde, Coimbra, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very good, well-distilled spirit from wine, alcohol proof; used for strengthening new wines.

1429. Antonio Manuel Ferreira Barros, Mondim da Beira, Vizeu, Portugal.

BRANDY.

Report.—Very fine distilled spirit from wines, alcohol proof; used for strengthening wines.

1430. Nicholas Rafftopulos, Samos, Turkey.

BRANDY.

Report.—A well-distilled brandy, very pure, and carefully prepared.

1431. Yanni Papa, Island of Crete, Turkey.

GRAPE BRANDY.

Report.—A well-distilled, pure grape brandy.

1432. Mehannegi, Island of Crete, Turkey.

BRANDY.

Report.—Dry brandy of pleasant rose flavor, fine quality, and well conditioned.

1433. G. & L. Stein, Offenburg, Germany.

CHERRY BRANDY.

Report.—Commended for excellent and pure flavor, and moderate prices.

1434. Alois Mumelter, Zwölfmalgreien, near Bozen, Austria.

CHERRY BRANDY.

Report.—Commended for the fine quality of his old cherry brandy.

1435. Scherer Brothers, Meggen, Switzerland.

CHERRY BRANDY.

Report.—Commended for fine quality.

1436. Isidro Molina, Rute, Cordoba, Spain.

AGUARDIENTE.

Report.—His aguardiente is very pure and strong, with a good flavor.

1437. Julio del Pino y Gomez, Malaga, Spain.

AGUARDIENTE.

Report.—A superfine spirit, distilled from wine of first-rate quality.

1438. Juan José Barruiso Lopez, La Victoria, Canary Islands.

AGUARDIENTE DE VINOS VIEJOS.

Report.—Well-distilled spirits, retaining to a high degree the fine aroma of the old wines from which they are made.

1439. Victoria Lahoz, Escatron, Zaragoza, Spain.

AGUARDIENTE ANISADO.

Report.—A very fine and pure spirit.

1440. Antonio de Carvalho Oliveira, Maranhão, Brazil.

AGUARDIENTE DE CAÑA.

Report.—Spirits from sugar-cane, good and fine; the products of very superior distillation.

1441. Francisco de Barros, Lima, São Paulo, Brazil.

AGUARDIENTE DE MEL DE ABELHA.

Report.—Spirits distilled from honey in a very careful manner, retaining a slight but very agreeable wax aroma. A very successful effort to utilize honey of otherwise unmerchantable quality.

1442. Daniel Lawrence & Sons, Boston, Mass., U. S.

MEDFORD RUM.

Report.—Of very fine flavor, and show much improvement by age.

1443. J. E. Davidson, Mackay, Queensland, Australia.

RUM.

Report.—The best and the least fiery of the several exhibits of rum of the same colony, showing more careful distillation; a very good flavor.

1444. Prats Brothers & Co., Ponce, Porto Rico.

RUM.

Report.—Their old Porto Rico rum is very good, strong, and pure.

1445. Bueno & Co., Santiago de Cuba, Cuba.

RUM.

Report.—Of very good quality, very good aroma, well made, and strong.

1446. Thomas P. Geremoabo, Pernambuco, Brazil.

RUM.

Report.—Very fine distillations from the sugar-cane, rendering a delicate aroma in the several samples.

1447. Georgia Estate, Jamaica.

RUM (G <> P).

Report.—Fine spirit, well distilled, and of remarkably fine aroma.

1448. Hordley Estate, Jamaica.

RUM (^{H.}_{M. L.} CROP 1865).

Report.—Fine spirit, well distilled, and of remarkably fine aroma.

1449. New Work Estate, Jamaica.

RUM.

Report.—Fine spirit, well distilled, and of remarkably fine aroma.

1450. Lansquinet Estate, Jamaica.

RUM.

Report.—Fine spirit, well distilled, and of remarkably fine aroma.

1451. Bluecastle Estate, Jamaica.

RUM (I. W. O.).

Report.—Fine spirit, well distilled, and of remarkably fine aroma.

1452. Amity Hall Estate, Jamaica.

RUM (^{A.}_{T. C.} CROP 1876).

Report.—Fine spirit, well distilled, and of remarkably fine aroma.

1453. P. Hoppe, Amsterdam, Netherlands.

GIN AND CURAÇOA.

Report.—Very aromatic gin, of a great variety of taste.
Very sweet anisette.

1454. J. J. Meder & Son, Schiedam, Netherlands.

GIN.

Report.—Superior gin, of a very soft and very clean savor.

1455. J. A. J. Nolet, Schiedam, Netherlands.

GIN AND ALCOHOL.

Report.—Gin of a pronounced flavor, and of a good quality in general.
Alcohol of good quality.

1456. A. Houtman & Co., Schiedam, Netherlands.

GIN.

Report.—Of a very good aroma, and in general of good quality

1457. Schade & Buijsing, Schiedam, Netherlands.

GIN.

Report.—Of fine flavor and good composition.

1458. P. Rademakers & Co., Delftshaven, Netherlands.

GIN.

Report.—Very spirituous gin, of a very pronounced aroma and taste.

1459. Blankenheim & Nolet, Rotterdam, Netherlands.

GIN.

Report.—Very fine gin, of the best quality, and of good flavor.

1460. Van Dulken, Weiland, & Co., Rotterdam, Netherlands.

GIN, BRANDY, AND ALCOHOL.

Report.—Very fine gin; good alcohol and brandy.

1461. J. Kiderlen, Delftshaven, Netherlands.

GIN AND ALCOHOL.

Report.—Alcohol of a very pure taste.
Gin of a remarkable flavor, and of a very delicate taste.

1462. Van Zuijlekom, Levert, & Co., Amsterdam, Netherlands.

GIN.

Report.—Gin of a remarkable aroma; very good.

1463. Van den Burgh & Co., Antwerp, Belgium.

GIN AND RED BITTER CORDIAL.

Report.—The finest and the purest gin. Very good red bitter cordial.

1464. F. C. Davis, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—An assortment of very good cordials, bitters, and brandies, showing good taste and careful distilling.

1465. A. Dechariot, Moscow, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A large assortment of liquors, distilled with clean spirit; of good flavor, and cheap.

1466. Victor Briantzeff, Irkootsk, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A large assortment of liquors, brandies; clean spirit; commended for good flavor, careful preparation, and cheapness.

1467. Pauline Rouget, Moscow, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Liquors of all kinds, very carefully prepared; clean spirit, good flavor, and attainable at moderate prices.

1468. Varaksin & Sanin, Kazan, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Liquors, rum, kummel, Curaçao bitters; distilled with good spirit, and remarkable as regards quality and cheapness.

1469. Baron Korf (firm Beckman & Co.), St. Petersburg, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A large assortment of liquors of all kinds, remarkable for distillation and quality.

1470. Marquis Traversé, Looga, St. Petersburg, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A large assortment of liquors; very good imitation of Dutch and French liquors; prepared with care and sold at low prices.

1471. Karali & Co., St. Petersburg, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A large assortment of liquors, maraschino, Riga balsam white, Holland gin, etc., distilled with care.

1472. Basil Petrof, St. Petersburg, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A selection of liquors and brandies, distilled with the grain spirit of the country; well prepared and cheap.

1473. Peter Smirnof, Moscow, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Liquors, kummel, brandy distilled with the grain (?) spirit; clean, palatable, prepared with great care.

1474. Alexander von Grote, Lemburg, near Riga, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Liquors, kummel, crème de Lembourg; excellent spirit, of remarkable flavor.

1475. Victor Lilieroth, Helsingfors, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Imperial punch, very well cordialized; of excellent flavor.

1476. Fockroth & Co., St. Petersburg, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Liquors, kummel, Russian brandy; clean spirit; nice flavor; moderate prices.

1477. F. Yankovsky, Warsaw, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Different sorts of brandies consumed in the country, distilled with great care, palatable and cheap.

1478. Alexander Grevesmuehl, Moscow, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Very fine specimens of Russian brandies; clean spirit; delicate flavor.

1479. Natus & Co., St. Petersburg, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Liquors, kummel, brandy, etc.; well prepared; good quality and cheap.

1480. Keller & Co., St. Petersburg, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Liquors, kummel, eckan; elegantly prepared; first-rate distillation.

1481. Peter Kalashnikof, Pskof, Russia.

LIQUORS.

Report.—All kinds of liquors; well distilled; nicely prepared, and sold at very low prices.

1482. Sawada Zembeye, Tomo, Bingo, Japan.

LIQUORS AND WINES.

Report.—A fine collection of wines and liquors (awamori), carefully prepared.

1483. Delizy & Doiston Son, Pantin, near Paris, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Good specimens of French liquors, of nice flavor, and remarkable for their cheapness.

1484. Marie Brizard & Roger, Bordeaux, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Samples of French liquors, very superior aniseed, which cannot be surpassed in France.

1485. Mme. Dolin, Chambéry, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Very good Vermouth, distilled and prepared with care.

1486. E. Ditley, Paris, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Vin Tannigne de Bagnols St. Jean, tonic wine or liquor; very good for delicate persons at meals.

1487. Rousseau Brothers, Paris, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Samples of liquors, as Curaçao, aniseed, etc., nicely flavored; remarkable for their cheapness.

1488. J. Combier, Saumur, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—An assortment of good French liquors, commended for the "Elixir Combier," very nicely prepared and highly flavored.

1489. L. Bouyer & Co., Cognac, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Sparkling brandy; a new style, nicely prepared.

1490. B. Tivet, Bordeaux, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Bitters expressly prepared for export; good and cheap.

1491. P. Garnier, Noyon, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A collection of very fine liquors, distilled with the greatest care; remarkable cheapness.

1492. Chaboseau & Payen, Levallois-Peret, near Paris.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Very good and delicate liquor, called "Liqueur d'Or."

1493. E. Cusenier Son, Sr., & Co., Ornans, France.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A very large assortment of French liquors; superior in quality.

1494. Marchand Brothers, Paris, France.

LIQUORS; PLUMS AND CHERRIES PRESERVED IN BRANDY.

Report.—A large assortment of French liquors, prepared with great care, and distilled from clean spirits. The fruits are preserved carefully in good brandy, have good taste, and are firm and fresh.

1495. Fiton Sr. & Nouvialle, Bordeaux, France.

LIQUORS, PATÉ DE FOIE DE CANARD DE NÉRAC AUX TRUFFES; FRUITS PRESERVED IN SYRUP AND IN BRANDY; PRESERVED VEGETABLES.

Report.—Samples of two new liquors called Ananeine and Eureka, of nice bouquet, and distilled with pure spirit; the pâté de foie de canard de Nérac aux truffes is of good taste and excellent preservation; the fruits, both in syrup and in brandy, are very carefully preserved in form, flavor, and freshness; the preserved vegetables are commended for variety, excellent preservation and flavor, freshness, solidity, and good form.

1496. Détrie-Grandjean, Saint-Loupe, France.

KIRSCH.

Report.—Splendid kirsch; very well distilled; high bouquet.

1497. Wauters de Busscher, Malines, Belgium.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Assorted cordials, of fine distillation and remarkable cheapness.

1498. F. X. de Beukelaer, Antwerp, Belgium.

LIQUOR.

Report.—A cordial called "Elixir d'Anvers;" good digestive liquor.

1499. Carl Eriksen, Lyngby, Denmark.

MEAD.

Report.—Commended for its delicious flavor.

1500. Jacob Farch & Sons, Nibe, Denmark.

TABLE LIQUOR.

Report.—Very good taste and fine flavor.

1501. F. Anthony, Copenhagen, Denmark.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Very good taste and fine flavor.

1502. Aalborg Syrup and Spirit Factory, Aalborg, Denmark.

TABLE LIQUOR.

Report.—Excellent in taste and fine in quality.

1503. Antonio Lira, Caracas, Venezuela.

SHADDOCK LIQUOR.

Report.—Of excellent quality; well made; a fine tonic.

1504. Antonio Lira, Caracas, Venezuela.

ANISETTE.

Report.—Well made; good flavor; fine quality.

1505. Manuel Dieguez, Zamora, Spain.

(LIQUOR) ACEITE DE ANIS.

Report.—Of the large number of samples of anise-flavored liquors, the national spirits of Spain, submitted, this was the finest and very best in every respect.

1506. Olallo Lazaro, Talavera de la Reina, Valencia, Spain.

(LIQUOR) ACEITE DE ANIS.

Report.—A specialty of Spanish cordials, fine in taste, strong in aroma, and rich in composition. Very successful distillation.

1507. Juan Bautista Sifredi, Almendralejo, Badajoz, Spain.

ANISADO PURO.

Report.—His anisado puro is very good, strong, and pure.

1508. Francisco Plá, Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His anisette is good, strong, and well flavored.

1509. Angel Maria Bustamante, Astorga, Leon, Spain.

LIQUOR.

Report.—The aceite de anis is excellent, of delicious flavor and freshness.

1510. Ramon Roca y Murtra, Tarragona, Spain.

ANISADO (LIQUOR).

Report.—His anisado recommends itself by its good taste, strength, and clearness.

1511. Antoliano Perez Albert, Monovar, Alicante, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His aguardiente is excellent.

1512. Salvador Font, Mataro, Barcelona, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—He has a very fine collection of liquors of every description, remarkable for their careful preparation and delicious flavor.

1513. José Iniguez, Gibrleon, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His aguardiente anisado is remarkably good, strong, and well flavored.

1514. Antonio Soldan, La Palma, Spain.

LIQUOR.

Report.—His aguardiente anisado recommends itself for its strength, purity, and cheapness.

1515. Juan Camprubi, Barcelona, Spain.

LIQUOR.

Report.—This liquor is remarkably well flavored, strong, and clear.

1516. Joaquim Pedrosa de Castell de Mas, Barcelona, Spain.

LIQUOR (MONTSERRAT).

Report.—A liquor of special merit, in fineness, taste, and aroma, both the “amarillo” and the “verde;” the latter most delicate.

1517. Davernat & Co., Velez Rubio, Almeria, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Their aguardiente de higos (fig-brandy) is very good, and deserves to be encouraged.

1518. Miguel Jaume, Santa Maria, Balearic Islands.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His “doble anisado” is excellent, both in flavor and purity.

1519. Lamolla Brothers, Lerida, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Their “anisado superior” is very good, clear, well flavored, and strong.

1520. Manuel de la Cueva, La Palma, Huelva, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His anisette is excellent, of good flavor, strength, and clearness.

1521. Joaquim Bueno & Co., Malaga, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A splendid collection of liquors,—aguardiente dulce, maraschino, crème de coraço; excellent flavor, beautiful color.

1522. Widow of Pasquale & Sons, Madrid, Spain.

LIQUORS (ANIS).

Report.—A very good “Anis escharchado,” and an equally good “Anis de Burdeas” liquor or cordial; finely distilled, strongly flavored, and rich in sugar.

1523. Agustin Lopez de San Roman, Madrid, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His aguardiente anisado is excellent, and remarkably suited to the Spanish taste.

1524. Manuel Ripolles y Perez, Castellon, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His anisado Hollanda, of third grade, is very good, strong, and well flavored.

1525. Nicolas Gomez Gonzales, Huelva, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His aguardiente anisado is very good, well flavored, and strong.

1526. Crispulo Paredes Diez, Valladolid, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—The marasquino and perla de anis are excellent, strong, clear, and well flavored.

1527. Vicente Gutierrez, Reinosa, Santander, Spain.

LIQUORS.

Report.—His ginebra superior is excellent; commended for flavor, strength, and transparency; peculiarly adapted to the Spanish taste.

1528. Francisco de P. Monro & Co., Albaida, Valencia, Spain.

ANISEED LIQUOR (DOLCE).

Report.—Excellent, strong, and delicately flavored.

1529. José G. de Celis, Cortines, Santander, Spain.

CURAÇAO.

Report.—Excellent, well flavored, fresh and strong.

1530. Felice Pezzoni, Lisbon, Portugal.

VERMOUTH AND PUNCH ESSENCE.

Report.—Very fine taste and good flavor. The Vermouth equals the best Italian.

1531. Felice Pezzoni, Lisbon, Portugal.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Five varieties of liquors, viz: Liqueur Costume, Amere Inglese, Alchermer de Firenze, Fernet, and Bitter. The liquors of this collection are very fine, and prepared with the greatest care.

1532. M. P. Pollen & Son, Rotterdam, Netherlands.

CURAÇAO AND ANISETTE.

Report.—Curacão, rich in flavor; anisette, of a great harmony in its composition.

1533. Turkish Government, Island of Samos.

LIQUOR OF SAGES.

Report.—Of excellent quality; finely distilled; very effective

1534. Yussep, Sivas, Turkey.

TURKISH LIQUOR.

Report.—Turkish liquor called “Mastic;” well prepared and of very good flavor.

1535. V. Zanni, Constantinople, Turkey.

HAREM'S LIQUOR.

Report.—Very fragrant and tonic liquor; beautiful color; well conditioned.

1536. M. Y. M. Carvalho, Santa Catharina, Brazil.

CURAÇAO.

Report.—Of fine good quality, well prepared, delicious taste, and in excellent condition.

1537. Peter Calatrani, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

LIQUORS.

Report.—A variety of most delicious cordials, distilled with the greatest care and of the best materials. Especially notable among them, the Amor de Patria, from cacao, and the Balsamo de Banana.

1538. M. S. Bagley, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

LIQUOR.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality and good composition of his “Hesperidina,” a liquor produced by the distillation of bitter oranges.

1539. Beniamino d'Alessandro, Benevento, Italy.

PUNCH.

Report.—Punch made from sea-weed, and containing very tonic and strengthening substances; agreeable to the taste.

1540. Isolabella & Co., Milan, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—A very large assortment of excellent liquors, prepared in a special way, and of incontestable superiority; the “Elixir Cagliostro,” especially, being delicious.

1541. Giacomo Protto, Novi, Ligure, Italy.

PREPARED PUNCH.

Report.—Excellent to mix with water. It retains all its aromatic flavor, and is a superior article.

1542. Bianca Brothers & Co., Milan, Italy.

CORDIALS—VERMOUTH AND ALCOHOL.

Report.—The exhibit consists of different cordials, such as soda, champagne, anisette, alkermes, tea extract, granatina, coffee extract, and chartreuse, made with the greatest care, of delicious flavors, fine quality, and in excellent condition. Also, excellent vermouth, in perfect condition, and alcohol of very good quality, 188 A. M. degrees, made from maize, and very cheap.

1543. Louis Ackermann, Jr., Berlin, Germany.

LIQUEURS.

Report.—Commended for strikingly superior quality.

1544. Baecker & Fier, Treves, Germany.

LIQUEURS AND COGNAC.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of the cognac made from Moselle grapes; for their endeavors to utilize in a practical way the Moselle grape in inferior vintage years.

1545. G. Brumby, Luckau, Germany.

LIQUEURS.

Report.—Commended for the very pleasant style and good quality of his "Magenwasser."

1546. Franz Naumann, Delitzsch, Germany.

LIQUEURS.

Report.—Commended for very superior quality of his "kümmel."

1547. Fritz & Conrad Lehment, Rostock and Kiel, Germany.

LIQUEURS AND SPIRITS.

Report.—Commended for the excellent and well-maintained flavor of fruit liqueurs.

1548. J. A. Gilka, Berlin, Germany.

LIQUEURS.

Report.—Commended for excellent quality.

1549. Theo. Kopp & Son, Wesel, Germany.

LIQUEURS AND VINEGAR.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of some of their liqueurs. For the excellent composition of their vinegar.

1550. Marie & Justine Hoffmann, Pfalzburg, Germany.

LIQUEURS.

Report.—Commended for the remarkably fine flavor and excellent taste of their "eau de noyau."

1551. Hermann Stibbe, Cologne, Germany.

LIQUEURS.

Report.—Commended for superior flavor and careful distillation.

1552. Schneider & Schorn, Magdeburg, Germany.

ESSENCES.

Report.—Commended for very clever composition and distillation.

1553. Giovanni Scarizza, Spalato, Dalmatia, Austria.

LIQUORS.

Report.—The sample submitted was found the best “Marasquino” exhibited; very superior in composition and style.

1554. F. Lord & Co., Vienna, Austria.

AUSTRIAN LIQUORS.

Report.—Commended for happy combination and careful preparation.

1555. Ignaz Strakosch, Gross-Seelovitz, near Brünn (Moravia), Austria.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Commended for good composition and careful preparation.

1556. Anton Cosmacendi, Zara, Dalmatia, Austria.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Commended for fine quality and excellent aroma, especially his “Rosolio.”

1557. Girolamo Luxardo, Zara, Dalmatia, Austria.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Commended for the excellent aroma and quality of his “Marasquino.”

1558. Matthäus Magazzin, Zara, Dalmatia, Austria.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Commended for the good preparation and happy composition of his “Marasquino.”

1559. Julius Schnabel, Oravitza, South Hungary, Austria.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Commended for the good quality and careful distillation of his 60 r. “Sliwowitza.”

1560. Marko & Weyden, Budapest, Austria.

LIQUORS AND PRESERVED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended:

1. For the excellent quality and high flavor of the Slivovitz.
 2. Exhibit of Bosnia and Servia dried prunes and prune marmalade; fruit good and well preserved.
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1561. Levert & Co., Amsterdam, Netherlands.

CURAÇAO.

Report.—Curaçao of a very rich savor and aroma.

1562. H. Bootz & Co., Amsterdam, Netherlands.

CURAÇAO AND ANISETTE.

Report.—Green curaçao, of a delicate taste; the savors of the constituents well blended. Green anisette, of good taste and flavor.

1563. Catz & Son, Pekel-A, Groningen, Netherlands.

BITTERS AND LIQUORS.

Report.—Of very fine taste; bitters renowned as a very wholesome preparation.

1564. De Bont & Leijten, Amsterdam, Netherlands.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Very fine and delicious liquors, distilled with the greatest care.

1565. Wijnand Fockink, Amsterdam, Netherlands.

CURAÇAO, ANISETTE, AND MARASCHINO.

Report.—Curaçao of a superior fineness.

Anisette of a great softness; the best anisette presented by the Netherlands.

Maraschino of remarkable delicacy and clean taste.

1566. The Heirs of Lucas Bols, Amsterdam, Netherlands.

CURAÇAO AND ANISETTE.

Report.—Curaçao of great delicacy; perfect anisette; superior products.

1567. Oscar Salicath, Christiania, Norway.

PUNCH AND OTHER LIQUORS.

Report.—An assortment of very pleasant cordials, composed with good taste, and well distilled.

1568. Frants Tandberg, Drammen, Norway.

AQUAVIT LIQUOR.

Report.—The national Norwegian "dram," in great perfection.

1569. H. Poulsen & Co., Christiania, Norway.

PUNCH.

Report.—A well-composed cordial, of good flavor.

1570. Jorgen B. Lysholm, Trondhjem, Norway.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Aquavits of various ages and excellent distillation; also, arrack punch of superior quality.

1571. Hogstedt & Co., Stockholm, Sweden.

PUNCH (LIQUOR).

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality, careful preparation and distillation of the several kinds of punch.

1572. C. G. Pratin & Co., Göteborg, Sweden.

PUNCH (LIQUOR).

Report.—The various grades exhibited are adapted by cheapness and by quality (good to excellent) to the demands of an extensive trade.

1573. C. G. Berg, Karlshamn, Sweden.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Several kinds of punch, Bränvin (rectified whisky), and Pommeranz bitters, all of very good quality, the result of careful distillation and tasteful composition.

1574. J. Cederlund's Sons, Stockholm, Sweden.

PUNCH (LIQUORS).

Report.—Very good quality "genuine caloric punch," very delicate.

1575. L. A. Bolle Son, Verrières, Switzerland.

ABSINTHE.

Report.—Commended for fine flavor and good style.

1576. Ed. Pernod, Couvet, Switzerland.

ABSINTHE.

Report.—Commended for fine quality and careful distillation.

1577. Henny & Moullet, Fleurier, Switzerland.

ABSINTHE.

Report.—Commended for good quality and flavor.

1578. Von Almen & Kopp, Fleurier, Switzerland.

ABSINTHE.

Report.—Commended for good quality combined with moderate price.

1579. C. F. Berger, Couvet, Switzerland.

ABSINTHE.

Report.—Commended for good quality and careful composition.

1580. S. Bernhard, Samaden, Switzerland.

LIQUORS.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality, aromatic flavor, and careful distillation of his *Ivaliqueurs*.

1581. Chr. Stauffenegger, Travers, Switzerland.

ABSINTHE.

Report.—Commended for the very elegant composition of his absinthe.

1582. Zug Kirschwasser Co., Zug, Switzerland.

CHERRY BRANDY.

Report.—Commended for genuine good quality and striking flavor.

1583. Bergner & Engel, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness, nearly so in taste, and excellent in flavor.

1584. Valentine Blatz, Milwaukee, Wis., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Commended for perfect brightness and taste, and for excellence in flavor.

1585. Frederick Lauer, Reading, Pa., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; excellent in taste and flavor.

1586. Bergner & Engel, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness, and very good in every other requisite.

1587. E. Anheuser Co.'s Brewing Association, St. Louis, Mo., U. S.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; excellent in taste; very good in aroma.

1588. W. J. Lemp, St. Louis, Mo., U. S.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

Report.—Nearly perfect in brightness, excellent in taste, and very good in flavor.

1589. Valentine Blatz, Milwaukee, Wis., U. S.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; very good in taste and flavor.

1590. H. Clausen & Son, New York, N. Y., U. S.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; very excellent in taste and flavor.

1591. Geo. Ehret, New York, N. Y., U. S.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; excellent in taste and flavor.

1592. S. Liebmann's Sons, Williamsburg, N. Y., U. S.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; excellent in taste and flavor.

1593. Elias & Betz, New York City, N. Y., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; very excellent in taste; excellent in flavor.

1594. Mayer & Bachmann, Staten Island, N. Y., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—The two best samples of all the beer submitted: that marked XII, perfect in brightness, and nearly so in taste and flavor; that marked R, perfect in every requisite of a good lager beer, viz.: in brightness, taste, and flavor.

1595. Joseph Uhrig Brewing Co., St. Louis, Mo., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; excellent in taste and flavor.

1596. Joseph Schlitz Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Three different samples: the one marked X, very excellent in brightness, taste, and flavor; the one marked Q, perfect in brightness and taste, and excellent in flavor; the one marked O, perfect in brightness and taste; very excellent in flavor.

1597. Phillip Best Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Two samples of lager beer: one marked XXV, nearly perfect in brightness and taste; one marked D, perfect in brightness, and very excellent in taste and flavor.

1598. Geo. Bechtel, Stapleton, Staten Island, N. Y., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; excellent in flavor and taste.

1599. S. Liebmann's Sons, Williamsburg, N. Y., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Excellent in brightness; very excellent in flavor and taste.

1600. Conrad Stein, New York, N. Y., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; very excellent in flavor and taste.

1601. Rubsam & Horrmann, Stapleton, Staten Island, N. Y., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Two samples: one marked XXII, excellent in brightness and flavor, nearly perfect in taste; one marked B, very excellent in brightness, taste, and flavor.

1602. Schmitt & Koehne, New York, N. Y., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; very excellent in taste and flavor.

1603. Jacob Ruppert, New York, N. Y., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness, and nearly so in taste and flavor.

1604. John Roessle, Boston, Mass., U. S.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness, and nearly so in taste and flavor.

1605. Carl Meyerhofer, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., U. S.

WEISS BEER.

Report.—Commended for the novelty and very good quality of his weiss beer.

1606. Valentine Loewer, New York, N. Y., U. S.

WEISS BEER.

Report.—Commended for the novelty and good quality of his weiss beer.

1607. Francis Lutoslavsky, Lomza, Russia.

BEER.

Report.—Very good taste, good condition, and good color.

1608. W. Krause, Warsaw, Russia.

BEER.

Report.—Radzikovski beer, in fine condition, of mild character and agreeable aroma.

1609. John Doordin, St. Petersburg, Russia.

BEER.

Report.—A light-colored beer of Bavarian style; well brewed, from Russian barley malt, with Bohemian hops.

1610. H. Herman, Kharkoff, Russia.

BEER.

Report.—A light, very agreeable, well-brewed beer.

1611. Ivanholm Brewery, Copenhagen, Denmark.

EXPORT BEER.

Report.—Three years old, and has made three long voyages; perfectly sound, and of very fine quality.

1612. Fernando Magdelin, Santa Fe, Argentine Republic.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for the very good condition, taste, and flavor of his "elephanten beer," and that marked F. M.

1613. E. Bieckert, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of several samples of beer submitted, having retained good condition, taste, and flavor.

1614. Camillo Ronzani, Bologna, Italy.

BEER.

Report.—Good color; very good taste; good condition.

1615. Metzger Brothers, Asti, Italy.

BEER AND ALE.

Report.—Three kinds of beer, that called pale ale being light in body, but very good, the white beer being excellent, and the beer from corn (maize) very good indeed.

1616. Kaiser Brewery (Beck & Co.), Bremen, Germany.

BOTTLED LAGER BEER.

Report.—Perfect in brightness; very good in every other requisite.

1617. Baron von Boutteville, Moering, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for excellent style, taste, and condition, proving perfection in brewing.

1618. Pschorr's Brew-House, Munich, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for excellent quality and prime condition, and perfect taste.

1619. Peter Overbeck, Dortmund, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for good flavor, excellent condition, and perfect brewing.

1620. Henry T. Böttinger, Würzburg, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for most perfect brewing, and excellent quality, condition, and taste.

1621. Tivoli Brewing Co., Berlin, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for fine quality and fragrance, and good brewing and condition.

1622. Justus Hildebrand, Pfungstadt, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for very fine quality and high flavor.

1623. Henry Weltz, Speier, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—The exhibitor showed a beer which, although bottled three years ago, was perfect in body and sweetness, in good condition, and had developed a most striking flavor.

1624. Chr. Sick, Speier, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for very fine quality and perfect brewing.

1625. Baron von Thüngen, Weissenbach, Germany.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for superior quality and fine brewing.

1626. Anton Dreher, Vienna, Austria.

BEER.

Report.—The beer was found perfectly brewed, fine in color, striking in aroma.

1627. First Pilsen Joint Stock Brewery, Pilsen, Bohemia, Austria.

BEER.

Report.—Two samples of lager beer: the one named "Pilsner" nearly perfect in brightness and taste, and excellent in flavor; the one named "Export" perfect in brightness, and excellent in taste and flavor.

The several samples of bottled lager beer, bock beer, and export submitted were each perfect in brightness and very good in every other essential point.

1628. Moss Brewery, Moss, Norway.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for clearness, good brewing, and fine aroma of good hops.

1629. E. C. Dohl, Trondhjem, Norway.

NORWEGIAN BEER.

Report.—A brand of pale ale, of a very agreeable taste, well brewed and mild, indicating good keeping qualities.

1630. Christiania Brewery, Christiania, Norway.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for strength combined with fine color and a pronounced taste.

1631. P. Ltz. Aass, Drammen, Norway.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. For a splendid very wine-like brewing,—the very champagne of beer.
2. For good keeping quality.

1632. Kongsberg Brewery, Kongsberg, Norway.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for brilliancy in color, purity in taste, and general excellence.

1633. Chr. Wriedt, Drammen, Norway.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for beauty and purity of taste.

1634. O. N. Forseth & Co., Christiania, Norway.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for purity, strength, and fine aroma, combined with great brightness.

1635. Frydeulund's Brewery, Christiania, Norway

BEER.

Report.—Commended for beauty in color and taste, and remarkable mildness.

1636. Hamar Brewery, Hamar, Norway.

BEER.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:
 1st. Clearness, and the peculiar very fine aromatic taste.
 2d. Its superior keeping qualities; a sample in good condition having been brewed in 1871.

1637. Plagemann & Co., Valparaiso, Chili.

LAGER BEER.

Report.—Well brewed; good taste and flavor; in excellent condition.

1638. Wm. Massey & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

AMERICAN STOCK ALE.

Report.—Commended for good color, very bright condition, excellent taste, and fine aroma.

1639. Reuter & Alley, Boston, Mass., U. S.

PRESENT-USE ALE.

Report.—Commended for perfection in every requisite of good ale, viz.: color, brightness, taste, and aroma.

1640. C. H. Evans & Co., Hudson, N. Y., U. S.

PRESENT-USE ALE.

Report.—Commended for perfection in color and brightness, excellence in taste and aroma.

1641. Robert Smith, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

BOTTLED ALE.

Report.—The several samples submitted were all three perfect in color and brightness and very good in taste and aroma.

1642. W. A. Miles & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

BOTTLED ALE.

Report.—The two samples submitted were both perfect in color and brightness, excellent in aroma and taste.

1643. Reuter & Alley, Boston, Mass., U. S.

BOTTLED ALE.

Report.—Perfect in color and brightness, very good in aroma, and excellent in taste.

1644. W. A. Miles & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

PRESENT-USE ALE.

Report.—Perfection in every requisite of good ale, viz.: color, brightness, taste, and aroma.

1645. Henry Ferris & Sons, New York, N. Y., U. S.

PRESENT-USE ALE.

Report.—Commended for perfection in color, brightness, and taste, and excellence in aroma.

1646. S. Bolton & Son's Brewery, Lansingburgh, N. Y., U. S.

PRESENT-USE ALE.

Report.—Commended for excellence in color, brightness, and taste; very good in aroma.

1647. Beadleston, Price, & Woerz, New York, N. Y., U. S.

PRESENT-USE ALE.

Report.—Commended for excellence in color, brightness, and taste; very good in aroma.

1648. Wm. Massey & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PRESENT-USE ALE.

Report.—Commended for perfection in color; excellence in taste and aroma; very good in brightness.

1649. Herbert Wright & Co., Moxton, near Dover, England.

ALE.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of their export pale ale, in every requisite of condition, brightness, and aroma.

1650. Richardson, Earp, & Slater, Newark-upon-Trent, England.

ALE.

Report.—Commended for their A 1 ale; perfect in condition, and excellent in brightness and aroma.

1651. Ind, Coope, & Co., Burton-on-Trent, England.

ALE.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of their "India Pale Ale" in every requisite of condition, brightness, taste, and aroma.

1652. Bindley & Co., Burton-on-Trent, England.

ALE.

Report.—Commended for their mild ale, excellent in brightness, taste, aroma, and condition; and their strong ale is perfect in condition and brightness, and very good in taste and aroma.

1653. J. Muir & Son, Edinburgh, Scotland.

ALE.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of their sparkling ale, in every requisite of condition, brightness, and aroma.

1654. John Treacy & Co., Geelong, Victoria, Australia.

ALE AND STOUT IN BOTTLES.

Report.—The ale is sound and good for a light ale, and the porter of very good quality and well bottled.

1655. Edward Latham, Carlton, Victoria, Australia.

ALE AND PORTER.

Report.—Several samples of ale, well brewed and in good condition, also of fine aroma. The porter is also of good quality.

1656. P. J. Martin, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

ALE.

Report.—This ale is brewed from Victorian malt and Tasmanian hops; is very fine, exceedingly well brewed, and of delicate flavor.

1657. Henderson & Fanan, Wellington, New Zealand.

ALE AND STOUT.

Report.—Several samples, all showing good brewing, fair condition, careful treatment, and variety enough to suit all tastes.

1658. Murree Brewery Co., Punjab, India.

ALE.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of their strong ale and their XXX stout; remarkable for good condition, brightness, taste, and aroma.

1659. John Labatt, London, Ontario, Canada.

ALE AND STOUT.

Report.—A variety of ale and stout. The latter, labeled XXX, was first-rate; the India pale ale, well brewed and very good; the ale on draught, well fermented and very good.

1660. Thos. Davies & Brother, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

ALE AND PORTER.

Report.—A variety of brewings of ale and porter, of which the cream ale on draught was very good; the draught ale, very fair; the draught porter, good; and the cream crystal ale in bottles, fair.

1661. Cosgrove & Co., Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

BOTTLED ALE.

Report.—Excellent in color and brightness; very good in aroma and taste.

1662. Jansen & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

ALE AND PORTER.

Report.—Light and agreeable good taste; well kept under the circumstances. Another sample much clearer, and even much better.

The porter of good taste and quality generally.

1663. A. B. Wallis, Dybeck, Malmo, Sweden.

ALE.

Report.—Commended for good condition, having been well brewed, and for fair taste.

1664. A. H. Tulldahl, Landskrona, Sweden.

ALE.

Report.—The pale ale being very good in condition, and fine in taste and flavor.

1665. Wm. Massey & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

BOTTLED PORTER.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of bottled porter.

1666. William Massey & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

AMERICAN STOCK PORTER.

Report.—Of good color, excellent taste, and fine aroma.

1667. John Gardiner & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PORTER.

Report.—Commended for excellence in taste, aroma, and brightness.

1668. Vincent Hathaway & Co., Boston, Mass., U. S.

GINGER ALE.

Report.—A very successful attempt to produce in this country what so far has been imported at much greater cost, but not much better quality.

1669. H. Paulding, Jr., Huntington, Long Island, N. Y., U. S.

CHAMPAGNE CIDER.

Report.—Commended for very good quality, and for being a merchantable novelty in the way it is put up.

1670. T. & H. Smith & Co., Edinburgh, Scotland.

AERATED GINGER BEER AND LEMONADE.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Delicate and pleasant flavor.
 2. Careful and successful preparation.
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1671. Henry Reed & Co., South Yarra, Victoria, Australia.

LIME-JUICE CORDIAL.

Report.—The lime-juice cordial is excellent, and the taste and freshness of the fruit are wonderfully well preserved.

1672. Emile Schmidt, Brussels, Belgium.

CORDIAL.

Report.—An aperient cordial called "Amer Belge," very fine

1673. Peter F. Heering, Copenhagen, Denmark.

CHERRY CORDIAL.

Report.—Very fine in taste; first quality in every particular.

1674. Juan Diaz, Valladolid, Spain.

CORDIALS.

Report.—Rosa anisada, a very good distilled spirit, of fine flavor and delicate composition.

1675. Vicente Ortega, Valencia, Spain.

CORDIALS.

Report.—Marasquino, of excellent taste and fineness; crème de café, a most exquisite cordial; both showing high perfection in the art of distillation.

1676. N. Raftopulos, Samos, Turkey.

CORDIAL.

Report.—Excellent cordial made of sage; of very good flavor, and tonic.

1677. Simon Baeza, City of Mexico, Mexico.

CORDIALS.

Report.—A very fine exhibit of cordials, well made, delicious in taste and color; very good.

1678. M. A. d'Oliveira Pinto, Matto Grosso, Brazil.

CORDIALS.

Report.—The exhibits are in a very good condition and carefully prepared.

1679. Braga Brothers & Co., Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

CORDIALS AND LIQUORS.

Report.—Choicest cordials and strong liquors of various qualities, beautiful and delicious flavor; made with the greatest care.

1680. J. H. da Silva Rebello, Pará, Brazil.

CORDIAL.

Report.—Very delicious and fine cordial, prepared with the greatest care.

1681. M. Alves & Co., Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

CORDIAL AND MARASCHINO.

Report.—A very fine assortment of choicest liquors and cordials, prepared with the greatest care, delicious, of fine quality.

1682. F. Viotti, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

PEACH CORDIAL.

Report.—A very fine peach cordial, with delicious peach flavor.

1683. J. J. A. Braz, São Paulo, Brazil.

MANDARINO CORDIAL AND COGNAC.

Report.—Commended for fine quality, delicate flavor, strength, and cheapness.

1684. F. P. Brandão, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

COFFEE CORDIAL AND CHARTREUSE.

Report.—Excellent liquors; very well prepared, of fine quality, good bouquet, and very well conditioned.

1685. J. do Amaral Rapozo, Pernambuco, Brazil.

MANCA CORDIAL.

Report.—Excellent cordial, of very fine quality, delicious bouquet, good preparation, and in very good condition.

1686. M. Rodriguez d'Oliveira, São Paulo, Brazil.

CORDIALS.

Report.—An assortment of the choicest brands of cordials, such as anisette, pear cordial, pine-apple cordial, peach cordial, etc.; all very well prepared, and with exquisite flavors of the different fruits.

1687. E. J. Pereira, Angra dos Reis, Brazil.

LORIN CORDIAL.

Report.—A fine cordial made from the Brazilian indigenous plant Lorin; has a very fine taste, is of excellent quality and of first-class preparation.

1688. Z. I. P. P. Requião, Paraná, Brazil.

TEA CORDIAL.

Report.—Very good; prepared with the greatest care; with fine tea flavor, and in very good condition.

1689. Agricultural Commission of Paraná, Brazil.

ELICINA AMARGA.

Report.—A very good tonic liquor, made from Brazilian herbs; fine taste, good preparation, and kept in very good condition.

1690. J. C. Belache, Paraná, Brazil.

TEA CORDIAL.

Report.—An excellent tea cordial, with very pronounced tea flavor; of very good quality and good preparation.

1691. A. J. R. d'Araujo, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

TEA CORDIAL.

Report.—A liquor of delicious fine flavor, and very well prepared.

1692. Nicola Eboli, Bari, Italy.

CORDIAL.

Report.—A very fine collection of liquors, prepared with the greatest care; fine flavor, good quality, excellent condition, and very healthy.

1693. Pietro Rappis, Andorno, Italy.

RATAFIA, CORDIAL OF CHERRIES.

Report.—Very fine in taste and flavor; perfectly made, and a wholesome drink.

1694. Chev. Pasquale Montini, Milan, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—An excellent cordial named "Victor Emanuel," made from pure aromatic herbs, and very wholesome.

1695. Francesco Savorini, Bologna, Italy.

CORDIAL (ANISETTE).

Report.—Very good and fine taste; carefully prepared.

1696. Chev. Andreo Torricelli, Florence, Italy.

CORDIAL.

Report.—The most agreeable and delicious alkermes known; well conditioned, of excellent quality, and deliciously good.

1697. Luigi Biseo & Co., Brescia, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—A very good assortment, in particular the curaçao, which is excellent.

1698. Giuseppe Cassoni, Finale, Italy.

CORDIAL.

Report.—Coffee cream cordial, well prepared, of delicious taste, fine quality, and very wholesome.

1699. Dante Valiani, Pistoja, Italy.

ELIXIR LEDA.

Report.—A good liquor, well prepared, of agreeable taste, and wholesome.

1700. Giuseppe Calegari, Piacenza, Italy.

CORDIAL.

Report.—Vanilla cream cordial of very fine taste, excellent preparation, and in very good condition.

1701. Melloni Brothers, Piacenza, Italy.

CORDIAL.

Report.—Coca boliviana of very fine quality, extra good taste, well conditioned, and extremely wholesome.

1702. Marco Greco, Bologna, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—Very good orange cordial, delicious to the taste, and very well prepared.

1703. Giulia Nazzari Vedova, Rome, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—Mandarino orange cordial, very excellent, and richly made up.

1704. G. Buton & Co., Bologna, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—The liquor called "coca boliviana," very good, is a specialty of the manufacturer; also the "aromatic eucalypto." Both very well preserved, and very agreeable to the taste.

1705. Antonio Mossone, Andorno, Italy.

RATAFIA CORDIAL.

Report.—An excellent drink, of delicious taste, well made, and very *recherché*.

1706. G. Rubiolio, Andorno, Italy.

RATAFIA CORDIAL.

Report.—Sweet, agreeable to the taste, and deliciously good; made from pure cherries.

1707. Luigi Musi, Bologna, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—Good cordial, kümmel, with excellent taste, fine quality, and of an extra good preparation.

1708. Luciano Carpanetti, Bologna, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—A very good assortment of cordials of good perfume, particularly the rose cordials and the Chartreuse imitation, which are delicious.

1709. Gio Batta Bellolli, Scandiano, Italy.

CORDIAL.

Report.—Coffee cordial, very good, and of delicious taste.

1710. Domenica Bellardi & Co., Turin, Italy.

CORDIALS AND FORESTA LIQUOR.

Report.—Excellent curaçao, and a large and very good collection of different liquors. The foresta liquor is delicious.

1711. Adolfo Mostardini, Florence, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—A very good collection of different liquors.

1712. Giovanni Profeta, Naples, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—A splendid liquor, deliciously good, and well conditioned.

1713. Luigi Ghizzoni & Co., Piacenza, Italy.

COFFEE CORDIAL AND COCA BOLIVIANA.

Report.—Very good cordials, and well prepared, excellent condition, and very agreeable to the taste.

1714. Salvatore Ascione, Naples, Italy.

KIRSCHENWASSER AND VANILLA CORDIAL.

Report.—Kirschenwasser good, but rather light flavor. Vanilla cordial good and strong.

1715. Niccoló Zeni, Ferrara, Italy.

COCA BOLIVIANA.

Report.—A very good drink, of fine taste, good quality, well prepared, and wholesome.

1716. Domenico Vittone, Ditta, Milan, Italy.

CORDIALS AND JERUSALEM BALM.

Report.—The firm exhibits a large variety of cordials. The prepared English punch deserves a special mention for its good quality, very good taste, and excellent condition. The Jerusalem balm is excellent.

1717. Giuseppe Galimberti, Milan, Italy.

COCA BOLIVIANA.

Report.—A very good and wholesome drink.

1718. Costantino Clerici, Milan, Italy.

VERMOUTH.

Report.—Very good; carefully prepared; well flavored; in good condition.

1719. Commendatore G. Bon Gagliasso, Turin, Italy.

VERMOUTH.

Report.—Very good quality of Vermouth, prepared with great taste; of fine bouquet, and kept in excellent condition.

1720. Giovanni Cavallone, Crescentino, Italy.

VERMOUTH.

Report.—A good tonic drink; well prepared, in excellent condition, and of very fine bouquet.

1721. Domenico Vittone, Milan, Italy.

VERMOUTH.

Report.—A good tonic drink, prepared with great care, and in very good condition.

1722. Vittorio Rossi, Alessandria, Italy.

VERMOUTH.

Report.—Very good, of fine bouquet, and kept in very good condition.

1723. Francesco Cinzano & Co., Turin, Italy.

VERMOUTH.

Report.—Vermouth made from white wine; of very delicate flavor; good quality; prepared with the greatest care.

1724. Martini Solá & Co., Turin, Italy.

VERMOUTH.

Report.—A tonic wine; well made; of full flavor.

1725. Jorge Hanot, Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.

AZAHAR (ORANGE-FLOWER) WATER AND CORDIALS.

Report.—The orange-flower water, from the Paraná islands, is of a very delicate natural flavor. The "herman liquor," a very finely composed cordial, and the "Chartreuse," are of the best imitations of that celebrated liquor ever presented.

1726. Antonio Dalbello, Spalato, Dalmatia, Austria.

CORDIAL CALLED "MARASCHINO."

Report.—Very fine liquor, recommending itself. Its delicate and nice flavor could not be surpassed; high standard.

1727. Kohler & Frohling, San Francisco, Cal., U. S.

AMERICAN STILL WINES.

Report.—Commended for their brand of still wines; "Rose of Peru" being very good in condition, flavor, taste, and general composition; also for their "Riesling," for the same reasons; also for their "dry Muscatel of 1872," being good in taste, and very good in condition, flavor, and general composition; also for the good qualities of their "port" labeled "Superior, 1865;" also for their "sweet Muscat of 1868 and 1872," excellent in condition, and very good in every other requisite; and for their "Angelica," excelling in the same qualities.

1728. Kelley's Island Wine Co., Kelley's Island, Ohio, U. S.

WINE.

Report.—"Still Catawba of 1871;" very good in condition, flavor, taste, and general composition; also their "Delaware," very good in condition, taste, and composition, and good in flavor; also their "Ives' seedling," very good in every essential quality.

1729. Buena Vista Vinecultural Society, Sonoma, Cal., U. S.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for their "red dry wine," being very good in every requisite of a wine of that character.

1730. M. Keller & Co., Los Angeles, Cal., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of their brand of "Angelica" wine.

1731. Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Hammondsport, N. Y., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Two brands of sparkling wine, named "Great Western" and "Carte Blanche;" very excellent in condition, taste, flavor, and composition.

1732. Kelley's Island Wine Co., Kelley's Island, Ohio, U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Sparkling wine called "Island Queen;" very excellent in condition, taste, flavor, and composition.

1733. Urbana Wine Co., Hammondsport, N. Y., U. S.

STILL AND SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—Commended for their still wine from the "Norton's Virginia seedling" grape; being very good in condition, flavor, and composition. Also for a variety of sparkling wines, of which the "extra dry golden seal," the "golden seal," and the "Delaware," are very excellent in condition and very good in taste and composition.

1734. J. W. Gilbert, St. Augustine, Fla., U. S.

ORANGE WINE.

Report.—A successful effort to utilize the juice of the orange when not otherwise to be disposed of. A still further improvement might be obtained by neutralization of part of the superabundant acidity of the wine.

1735. N. H. Moragne, Palatka, Fla., U. S.

ORANGE WINE.

Report.—A very palatable and carefully made article from the pure juice of orange. An industry deserving to be encouraged for the purpose of utilizing an abundant orange crop when otherwise not marketable.

1736. F. A. Goetze, Jersey City, N. J., U. S.

STILL WINE.

Report.—"Concord" and "Clinton" wines, of several vintages, commendable for good treatment and fair condition, showing to the best advantage what wines can be produced from the grapes named.

1737. M. Poeschel & Scherer, Hermann, Mo., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for their still wine, made from the "Clinton" grape, being very good in condition, flavor, taste, and general composition; also for their "Ives' seedling," being excellent in condition and very good in every other requisite; also for their "Martha," being excellent in condition and very good in taste and composition; the same also for their "Taylor."

1738. Alfred Speer, Passaic, N. J., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for the very good quality of his wine labeled "Blackberry Wine."

1739. A. F. Brecht, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

RIESLING AND MUSCATEL WINE.

Report.—Commended for the good quality, in every requisite, of his “Riesling, 1865,” and “Muscatel” still wines.

1740. Julius Hincke, Egg Harbor City, N. J., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for the very good quality of his still wines branded “Jolhink,” 1872 and 1870.

1741. Charles Le Franc, San José, Cal., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for his “New Almaden” still white wine of 1868, being very good in every requisite of a wine of that character; and also for his white wine of 1871, being excellent in every respect.

1742. H. M. Naglee, San Bernardino County, Cal., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Still “Cucomonge” wine, vintage 1862; excellent in condition and flavor; commended for its purity and very good taste.

1743. Perkins, Stern, & Co., San Francisco, Cal., and New York, N. Y., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Their “claret” is very good in every quality requisite for a wine of that character.

1744. Gustave de Mahe, San Mateo, Cal., U. S.

GOLDEN WINE.

Report.—A special sound wine, of different vintages, called “golden wine,” from California growths; palatable, good, and cheap.

1745. Ohio Valley Wine Co., Evansville, Ind., U. S.

SPARKLING WINE.

Report.—Commended for their brand “Imperial,” which was very good in condition, taste, flavor, and general composition.

1746. Pleasant Valley Wine Co., Hammondsport, N. Y., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Still wine made from the Catawba grape, being very good in taste, flavor, and general composition, and excellent in condition.

1747. John A. Huck, Chicago, Ill., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for the very good qualities of his “Delaware,” in respect to condition, flavor, taste, and composition.

1748. Werk & Son, Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for their sparkling wines, of which the Catawba was perfect in condition and excellent in taste, flavor, and composition; and also their sparkling "Delaware," for excellence in condition and all other requisites.

1749. M. Werk & Sons, Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

STILL WINE.

Report.—Commended for their dry Catawba of 1853, being very good in condition and flavor, and good in taste; also for their "Delaware," excellent in condition, and very good in every other quality; also for their "Norton's Virginia seedling," very good in condition, taste, flavor, and general composition.

1750. T. H. Johnson, Bricksburg, N. J., U. S.

UNFERMENTED WINE.

Report.—An article well calculated to satisfy the requirements of a wine containing no alcohol.

1751. Wehrle, Werk, & Son, Middle Bass Island, Ohio, U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of their still wines from the Catawba and Delaware grapes, and from both combined; also for their Concord of 1874, and the very good quality, in every requisite of wines of that character, of their "Norton's Virginia seedling."

1752. William H. Mills, Sandusky, Ohio, U. S.

WINE.

Report.—A variety of sparkling wines, of which the brand "Le Diamant" was perfect in condition and excellent in taste, flavor, and composition.

The "Sanspareil" commended as excellent in condition, and very good in every other requisite.

1753. American Wine Co., St. Louis, Mo., U. S.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for their brands of sparkling "Imperial," vintages of 1873 and 1874; nearly perfect in condition, and excellent in taste, flavor, and composition.

1754. Charles Brasche, Sunbury, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for very good style and elegance.

1755. Charles Maplestone, Heidelberg, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the superior quality of his "Riesling," which showed in a pleasant way the flavor of this grape.

1756. F. Egli, Tabilk, Seymour, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of his wine which showed careful treatment and good culture.

1757. Frederick Grasse, Strathfieldsaye, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality and style.

1758. St. Hubert's Vineyard Co., Yering, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the pleasant style of the "Riesling" produce.

1759. J. S. Johnston, Sunbury, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

1760. Bear & Ford, Tabilk, Seymour, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—The wine was found clear and palatable, of a fine bouquet.

1761. Otto Jung, Castlemaine, Victoria, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—A fine, full-bodied Hermitage, 1871, of good condition.

1762. Joseph Best, Great Western, Victoria, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—The Hermitage, 1871, was found full in body and elegant in style.

1763. Franz Schmitt, Berwick, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the very superior quality of the Riesling.

1764. Carl Pohl, Strathfieldsaye, Sandhurst, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for good condition and quality.

1765. Fabrizzio Crippa, Hepburn, Victoria, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the fine flavor, color, and taste of his Hermitage, 1871.

1766. G. S. Smith, Wahgungah, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the elegance of a rich dessert wine.

1767. Samuel Davenport, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good condition, clean taste, and pleasant style of some Beaumont wines.

1768. Jos. Gilbert, Pernsey Vale, South Australia, Australia.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for the good quality and pleasant style of some Riesling wines.

1769. Thos. Hardy, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of different wines.

1770. Alex. C. Kelly, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good flavor and quality of 1873 claret.

1771. G. F. Ind, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality and condition of a Shiraz and Madeira, 1872 vintage.

1772. Edward Thornber, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the excellent rich style and quality of a Pedro Ximenes, 1871 vintage.

1773. J. W. Weight, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of 1873 Muscatel.

1774. J. D. Holbrook, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of a sherry wine; rich in body, pleasant in style.

1775. Jos. Gillard, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the superior quality, good condition, and style of a Frontignac, 1874 vintage.

1776. John H. Kaines, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality and condition of an 1871 vintage Verdeilho.

1777. R. D. Ross, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

1778. J. M. Richmann, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of an 1870 and 1871 vintage Grenache, and 1870 Shiraz.

1779. C. A. Hornbrook, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of a "Palomino blanco," 1867 vintage.

1780. George White, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality and condition of an 1871 vintage Pedro Ximenes, and of a Pommard.

1781. Isabella Baker, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for the superior quality and style of some Monalta wines.

1782. Patrick Auld, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of some Auldana wines exhibited.

1783. W. Salter & Son, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—A very superior liqueur-wine, 1870; vintage Shiraz.

1784. Commissioners of South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—A selected assortment of the best Australian wines, among which some "Riesling," "Frontignac," "Monalta," and "Port" wines, and particularly of 1870 vintage "Ardeilha," were found superior, giving proof of a continued improvement in the culture of vineyards and of wines.

1785. Henry Foot, Adelaide, South Australia, Australia.

WINES.

Report.—Some of the Riesling wines were found superior in flavor and good in style and condition.

1786. J. P. Cloete, Cape of Good Hope.

WINES.

Report.—Very pure, of good taste and aroma.

1787. Dr. Hauf, Cape of Good Hope.

WINES AND BRANDY.

Report.—Muscatel wine very good; also a very fine sample of grape brandy, fine aroma and very clean spirit.

1788. Anderson & Murison, Cape of Good Hope.

WINES.

Report.—Of very good taste and aroma.

1789. S. Van Remen, Cape of Good Hope.

WINES.

Report.—Red and white wines; very pure, of good taste and fine aroma.

1790. E. K. Greene, Cape of Good Hope.

WINES.

Report.—Very fine assortment of dry and sweet red wines; of good taste and aroma.

1791. Cloete Brothers, Cape of Good Hope.

WINES.

Report.—Very fine; of good taste and aroma.

1792. James T. Fallon, Albury, New South Wales, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the fine flavor and good style of some of the samples submitted.

1793. Carl J. P. Brecht, Rosemount, Denmann, New South Wales, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good style and quality of the Muscatel and Riesling.

1794. Alexander Munro, Singleton, New South Wales, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the very fine condition of his light-bodied wines.

1795. Wadham Wyndham, Bukkulla, New South Wales, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for good condition and quality.

1796. J. F. Doyle, Kaludah, New South Wales, Australia.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality and condition, showing the careful treatment of the wines.

1797. James Smith, Nelson, New Zealand.

FRUIT-WINES FROM GOOSEBERRIES, APPLES, PLUMS, CHERRIES, ETC.

Report.—Wines from several fruits and berries, well blended and composed, very tasteful and palatable, and kept in excellent condition.

1798. V. Casci, St. Vincent, Toronto, Canada.

CHERRY WINE.

Report.—Good quality, fine bouquet, and carefully prepared.

1799. Agnew L. Farrell, Cayuga, Ontario, Canada.

HERMITAGE WINES.

Report.—Very good wine, with very fine bouquet; of good quality, and well conditioned.

1800. James Hustings, White Church, Canada.

WINE.

Report.—Of good quality, excellent bouquet, and kept in very good condition.

1801. D. Nixon, Allisonville, Ontario, Canada.

WINE.

Report.—Good sweet wine of excellent quality, delicious flavor, and very well conditioned.

1802. Michael Zyzykin, Moscow, Russia.

WINE AND LIQUORS.

Report.—Samples of sparkling white wines, imitating French champagnes; nice bouquet, well prepared, and cheap. Also, a good assortment of various liquors distilled with clean spirit.

1803. Prince Simon Worontzof, Massandra and Aidanil, Crimea, Russia.

WINE.

Report.—A great collection of red and white wines, grown on his estate, resembling the French wines; good color, and uncommonly cheap.

1804. Antonine Kniajevitch, Alushta, Crimea, Russia.

WINE.

Report.—Good sound red and white wines, grown on his own vineyard, and obtainable at very cheap rates.

1805. Nicolas Rajevsky, Crimea, Yalta, Russia.

WINES.

Report.—Good sound red and white wines, which can be bought at very low prices.

1806. A. Stempkowsky, Warsaw, Russia.

WINE.

Report.—Samples of the celebrated wine "Miod," vintage 1777; samples of old brandy distilled in Poland, vintage 1790; very remarkable specimens.

1807. Robert Lanski, Soodak, Crimea, Russia.

WINE.

Report.—Samples of red and white wines, grown in the Crimea; sound, and obtainable at very cheap rates.

1808. John Fundoocley, Goorsoof, Crimea, Russia.

WINES.

Report.—Very good specimens of red and white wines, grown on his vineyard; nice color, good condition, and sold at very cheap rates.

1809. David Doolvetof, Simpheropol, Crimea, Russia.

WINES.

Report.—A good collection of red and white wines, grown on his own estate; good color, fruity.

1810. Imperial Nikitzky Garden, Yalta, Crimea, Russia.

WINES.

Report.—A large assortment of white and red Muscatel wines; of ordinary red and white wines, grown on the vineyard; sound and fruity.

1811. Jules Clavelle, Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of sound and full-flavored red and white wines of the first, second, and third growths, and bottled in good condition.

1812. Charles Irroy & Co., Reims, France.

WINE.

Report.—An elegant, agreeable, sparkling wine; well prepared, carefully shipped, satisfactory in every respect.

1813. Mestrezat & Co., Bordeaux, France.

WINE.

Report.—The red and white wines exhibited by Messrs. Mestrezat & Co., composed of the first, second, and third growths, are of a very good quality and style.

1814. A. Dufour & Co., Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of ordinary red wines, good quality and color, obtainable at very low prices.

1815. Guichard-Potheret Son, Châlons-sur-Saône, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of red and white Burgundy wines of various growths; very commendable as regards quality and bouquet.

1816. Fisse, Thirion, & Co., Reims, France.

WINE.

Report.—Good sparkling wine, well worked up.

1817. Segnouret Brothers, Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of red and white wines of the first, second, and third growths; very sound, and bottled in very good condition.

1818. Jules Merman & Co., Bordeaux, France.

WINE.

Report.—Samples of Sauterne white wines (La Tour blanche de la Brock), delicate and highly flavored, of a good quality, and obtainable at moderate prices. Samples of red wines of good quality.

1819. Jules Tournier, Epernay, France.

WINE.

Report.—Palatable sparkling wine, worked up according to general rules.

1820. Fortuné Beaucourt, Margaux, France.

WINE.

Report.—Very good sound red wines, which have been grown on M. Fortuné Beaucourt's estate (Château de la Bigorée), and which can be obtained at cheap rates.

1821. Jules Barral, Frontignan, France.

WINE.

Report.—Sample of good Frontignan wine, or Muscatel; nice bouquet and good condition.

1822. De Montigny & Co., Reims, France.

WINE.

Report.—Genuine sparkling wine, worked up under good condition; agreeable to the palate.

1823. Joseph Perrier Son & Co., Châlons-sur-Marne, France.

WINE.

Report.—Good natural still wine, well worked up, giving satisfaction.

1824. De Lossy, Reims, France.

WINE.

Report.—Sound sparkling wine, nicely prepared and palatable.

1825. Madame Cécile Rhoné, Bordeaux, France.

WINE.

Report.—Madame Rhoné has sent samples of the red wines grown at Château Rauzan, her estate in the Médoc district; elegant and fruity wines.

1826. A. Passier, Sautenay, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of various growths of Burgundy wines; superior as regards quality, flavor, and body.

1827. Baron Sarget de la Fontaine, Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—The samples of the red wines of the vineyard Gruaud-Larose are irreproachable as regards quality and delicacy.

1828. A. Fournier, Château de Figeac, Saint-Emilon, France.

WINES.

Report.—Very good specimen of stout, useful wines, which can be imported at a moderate figure

1829. Lefèvre & Remondet, Savigny-les-Beaune, France.

WINES.

Report.—An assortment of red and white Burgundy sparkling wines, very elegantly prepared, and delicate in flavor.

1830. J. D. Becker Son, Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of Sauterne white wines, which are good, sound, nicely flavored, and obtainable at reasonable prices.

1831. Cunliffe, Dobson, & Co., Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of red and white wines of the first, second, and third growths; of a superior quality, delicate in flavor, and bottled in a very good condition.

1832. Justin Promis, Bordeaux, France.

WINE.

Report.—Samples of stout and sound red wines grown on his vineyard of Blanquefort, and of white Sauterne wines, equally good, and obtainable at moderate prices.

1833. Charles Victoir & Co., Epernay, France.

WINES.

Report.—Good, palatable wine, well prepared, and sold at moderate prices.

1834. Jérôme Chiapella, Bordeaux, France.

WINE.

Report.—A very good sample of red wine, grown on M. Chiapella's estate; stout, rich in flavor, and of superior quality.

1835. Charles Benoît Son, Reims, France.

WINE.

Report.—A good sound wine, nicely prepared, and worked up in good condition.

1836. Alfred de Montebello & Co., Mareuil-sur-Ay, France.

WINE.

Report.—A wine composed of first-rate grades, worked up carefully, and giving every satisfaction.

1837. Isaac Pereire, Margaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—First-class wines.

1838. Renaudin, Bollinger, & Co., Ay, Champagne, France.

WINE.

Report.—A sparkling wine made from superior grapes, well flavored, palatable, and giving every satisfaction.

1839. Reignard, Paris, France.

WINE.

Report.—A specimen of a superior fruity and stout wine, grown on his estate of Carton. A first growth in the Burgundy district.

1840. E. Thoreau & Son, Château de la Chèze, near Saumur, France.

WINE.

Report.—Sparkling wine, known as "Vin de Saumur;" of very good quality, considering its cheapness.

1841. Théophile Rœderer & Co., Reims, France.

CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—Sparkling white wines; good and palatable.

1842. De Venoge & Co., Epernay, France.

CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—Sound, good, sparkling wine; shipped in proper condition; quite palatable.

1843. Roussillon, Epernay, France.

CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—Sparkling, palatable wine; put up in a very satisfactory way.

1844. J. Barrat, Epernay, France.

CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—A good, sparkling wine; worked up in good condition, and obtainable at a cheap rate.

1845. De Launay & Co., Paris, France.

CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—Sound, sparkling wine; in good condition, and cheap.

1846. E. Mercier, Epernay, France.

CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—A genuine sparkling wine; palatable, and well prepared for shipping.

1847. Charles Farre, Reims, France.

CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—Sound, sparkling wines; worked up with care.

1848. S. Vinyas, Reims, France.

CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—A good, sound, sparkling wine; carefully prepared, and palatable.

1849. Bourgoin-Jomain Son, Beaune, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of Romanei and Chambertin wines; superior in quality, richness, and flavor.

1850. G. de Beuverand & R. de Poligny, Chassagne, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of very superior red Burgundy wines of the first growths; rich and elegant.

1851. Edmond Naigeon, Beaune, France.

WINES.

Report.—A very good assortment of red Burgundy wines, rich and stout; and sparkling wines of the same character, elegant and nicely prepared.

1852. Ferret Brothers & Co., Macon, France.

WINES.

Report.—A very good collection of full-flavored, stout red and white Burgundy wines, which can be imported at moderate prices.

1853. Madame de Errazu, Bordeaux, France.

WINE.

Report.—A red wine of a first growth; perfect as regards quality and flavor.

1854. Bonton Son, Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of good, stout, useful red and white wines, which are sold at very low prices.

1855. Giojuzza, Giobertini & Co., Paris, France.

WINE FROM MARSALA AND SYRACUSE, SICILY.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:—1. Excellence of bouquet and taste. 2. Splendid appearance for a Marsala and Syracuse. 3. Price very reasonable. 4. Superiority, especially for hygienic purposes, on account of natural strength obtained from the grape without addition of alcohol.

1856. De Ricaumont & Co., Libourne, near Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of red wines of the best growths; good quality; nice bouquet; very good for the price.

1857. Paul Chenu, Laffite, & Co., Bourg, France.

WINES.

Report.—A very good selection of Leoville and Saint-Julien red wines; stout and rich in color, and obtainable at moderate figures.

1858. J. L. Garros, Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—A good selection of red and white wines of the first, second, and third growths; sound, full-flavored, and obtainable at very reasonable figures.

1859. De Bousquet, Montferrand, near Bordeaux, France.

WINES.

Report.—Samples of sound, useful red wines, obtainable at moderate figures.

1860. Gustave Roy, Médoc, France.

WINES.

Report.—A very good specimen of the wines grown on M. Roy's estate, of superior quality and delicate in flavor.

1861. Santarelli Brothers, Jerez de la Frontera, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Wine Amontillado, of full flavor, in good condition, and of fine bouquet. Wine called Pedro Ximenes, of sweet and delicious flavor.

1862. Pedro Caselles & Co., Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A table wine, very cheap, and in good condition.

1863. Federico Rudolph, Cadiz, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent dry and sweet sherries, which are very cheap and good.

1864. Gonzalez, Biass, & Co., Jerez de la Frontera, Cadiz, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—An excellent collection of sherry wines, some of them very old.

1865. Duff Gordon & Co, Port St. Mary's, Spain.

SHERRY WINES.

Report.—Excellent pale sherry wines.

1866. Juan Pablo Lacaze, Zaragoza, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Very strong wine; used for mixing.

1867. Antonio Castell de Pons, Esparraguera, Barcelona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—White wine for table purposes; well flavored, and very cheap.

1868. Eduardo Diaz, Huelva, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very good strong and sweet white wine, highly recommended for its good qualities.

1869. Roca Brothers, Murcia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very well prepared white wine, remarkably cheap.

1870. Silva & Aros, Espartina, Seville, Spain.

RED WINE.

Report.—Very pure, of good taste and flavor, and in good condition.

1871. Joaquin Bueno & Co., Malaga, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the very good quality of their sweet and dry Malaga wines.

1872. Marcial Verdu, Monovar, Alicante, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good red wines.

1873. Pereira & Sons, Sagunto, Valencia, Spain.

RED WINE.

Report.—Of very good taste and fine condition.

1874. Manuel Sotillo, Valladolid, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good red and white wines.

1875. Lorenzo Fernandez Munoz, San Juan (Alicante), Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good red wines.

1876. Juan R. Modenes, Baena, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good dry pale Montilla wines.

1877. Mateo Salvado, Rindoms, Tarragona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A sound table wine. It is very cheap, and in very good condition.

1878. Ignacio Hortal, Fregeneda, Salamanca, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A good white wine, which is raised in a province where it is very difficult to raise fine wine.

1879. Julio Licktenstein, Zaragoza, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Sweet wine called "Cariniena;" strong, agreeably sweet, and highly flavored.

1880. Sebastian Garcia, Scala Dei, Tarragona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very superior wine called "dry Malvasia;" exceedingly bright and dry; highly flavored, very cheap, and in the best condition.

1881. Juan Gatell y Folch, Altafulla, Tarragona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—"Malvasia" of very good quality and agreeable taste, and in very good condition.

1882. Mariano Gisbert, Torrente, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very well made wine and pleasant to the palate, quite unique in its class, called "Abocado."

1883. José Pla Costa, Olleria, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A full-bodied wine, at a very low price.

1884. Vicente Lassala, Llano de Cuarte, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Good wine for exportation; very cheap.

1885. Manuel Liendo, Gines, Seville, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Aromatic and excellent dry Montillas.

1886. Francisco Puig Descals, Rosas, Gerona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A well-made and aromatic sweet wine, highly recommended for its qualities.

1887. A. Abello & Son, Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry and sweet red wines, for exportation.

1888. Pedro Caselles & Co., Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good red wines and imitations of port.

1889. José Boulé, Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good sweet wines.

1890. Le Brun & Co., Orotava, Canary Islands.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent sweet wines.

1891. Carpenter & Co., Orotava, Canary Islands.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent sweet wines.

1892. Vicente Lasala y Palomares, Llano de Cuarte, Valencia, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good sweet white wines.

1893. Pablo Sardá, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of his red Priorate wines.

1894. Laureano Ballester y de Torres, Mediona, Barcelona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good sweet wines.

1895. Joaquin Pedrosa de Castell de Mas, Esparraguera, Barcelona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good sweet wines.

1896. Antonio Llampallas, Masnou, Barcelona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good old dry red wines.

1897. Soberano & Co., Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good sparkling wines.

1898. Pedro Gras, Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of his red and white Catalan wines.

1899. Antonio Maria Llobet & Co., Barcelona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent sparkling wines.

1900. Joaquin Hontoria y Tezanos, San Lucar, Cadiz, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very aromatic Manzanilla sherry and sweet wines.

1901. José Maria Pico, Puerto de Santa Maria, Cadiz, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry and sweet sherries.

1902. José Bonaventura Puig, Sitjes, Barcelona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent Muscatel wines.

1903. Francisco Alvear y Ward, Montilla, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good dry Montilla wines.

1904. Federico Molina, Rociana, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good dry pale Manzanilla wines.

1905. Pedro Ignés, Cervera, Lérida, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good sweet wines, called "Garnacha."

1906. José Rodrigues y Rodriguez, Trigueros, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry pale Manzanilla wines.

1907. Pio Simo, Porrera, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good dry white wines.

1908. Eliezer Montiel, Trigueros, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry pale Manzanilla wines.

1909. José Iniguez, Gibrleon, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good white dry Amontillado wines.

1910. José Calvo Rubio, Aguilar, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent dry pale Montilla wines.

1911. Marques de Benamejis, Valdepeñas, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent red Valdepeñas wines.

1912. Marques de Viesca de la Sierra, Tregeneda, Salamanca, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry and sweet red wines.

1913. Pedro Lopez, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good and cheap Montilla wines.

1914. José Valle Valenzuela, Lucena, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good dry pale Montilla wines.

1915. Antonio Canela, Lucena, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent dry pale Montilla wines.

1916. José Canela, Lucena, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent dry pale Montilla wines.

1917. Antonio Sanchez Almodovar, Alicante, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry wines.

1918. Pedro Carretero, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good Montilla wines.

1919. Fumaña Brothers, Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent red wines.

1920. José Amell y Carbonell, Sitjes, Barcelona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good Malvasia sweet wine.

1921. José Maria Neble, Bollullos, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry pale Manzanilla wines.

1922. Francisco Gil, Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of his old white "Cabernet," and also for sparkling wines.

1923. Carey Brothers & Co., Tarragona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of their red Priorate and Muscatel wines.

1924. Antonio Raigon, Montilla, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry pale Montilla wines.

1925. Camilo Castillo Corella, Navarra, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good sweet wines.

1926. Nicolas Gomez Gonzales, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry pale sherry wines.

1927. Agustin Vilaret, Blanes, Gerona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good sparkling wines.

1928. Marques de Mudela, Valdepeñas, Ciudad Real, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent red and white Valdepeñas wines.

1929. José Deu & Co., Masqueja, Barcelona, Spain.

RED WINE.

Report.—A very good table claret, of good condition and taste.

1930. Ricardo Starico y Ruiz, Ribarrojo, Valencia, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent sweet Muscatel wines.

1931. Francisco Calvo, Valencia, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent orange-wine liquors.

1932. Angel Domeneck, Valencia, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good red wines.

1933. Amoris Brothers, Valencia, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good red wines.

1934. Pedro Domecq, Jerez, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the excellent condition of his large collection of new and very old sherry wines.

1935. Antonio José Navarro, Montilla, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry pale Montilla wines.

1936. Rafael Iñiguez Pinzon, Moguer, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good dry pale Manzanilla wines.

1937. Manuel Villalva y Sotomayor, Montilla, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry pale Montilla wines.

1938. Bartolomé Polo, Montilla, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent dry pale Montilla wines.

1939. Luis Hernandez Pinzon, Moguer, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good dry Manzanilla wines, old and new.

1940. Francisco Solano Salas, Montilla, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good Montilla wines, dry and sweet.

1941. Carlos Alvear, Montilla, Cordova, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good dry pale Montilla wines.

1942. Gimenez de Tejada Brothers, Moguer, Huelva, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good pale Manzanilla wines.

1943. Marques de Casa Loring, Malaga, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of old and late vintages of Montilla wines, and the delicacy and perfect condition of their sweet and dry Malaga wines.

1944. Scholtz Brothers, Malaga, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—A good collection of sweet and dry Malaga wines.

1945. Marques de Cabellero, Nava del Rey, Valladolid, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good red sweet wines.

1946. José Gallarde y Gusman, Malaga, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good sweet and and dry Montilla wines.

1947. Hilarion Cloramunt, Vinaroz, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A sweet wine of peculiar and most agreeable taste, and in very good condition.

1948. José Scals, Jijona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A dry wine, called Aloque Rancio; a very good, old, well-kept, very dry, and highly aromatic wine.

1949. Antoliano Perez Albert, Monovar, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Good table wine, of good taste, and very cheap.

1950. L. Oliver, San Juan, Huesca, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine, remarkable for its cheapness.

1951. Don Juan Omlin, Requena, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Good table wine, at a very low price.

1952. Count of Cirat y Villafrankeza, Hara, Logroño, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Pretty good table wine.

1953. José Prat del Monte, Barcelona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Good appetizing wine, closely resembling the Vermouth wine; good color and brightness.

1954. Francisco Lluch, Sagunto, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A dry, red wine, very good for table; suitable for home consumption, and remarkably cheap.

1955. Don José Coquillat y Sempere, Elche, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very pure, very rich and fruity old Muscatel wine.

1956. Jaime Iranzo, Turis, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A fine sweet white wine, in good condition, and agreeable to the taste.

1957. Ciro Perez Paya, Monovar, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A complete selection of good and carefully made table wines.

1958. Joaquin Verdu y Perez, Monovar, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A dry red wine of 1820; very good old wine; most beautifully kept, and highly flavored.

1959. Pedro J. Nager, Olerea, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very nice white wine; very clear, and good in every respect.

1960. Doña Remedios Perez Verdu, Monovar, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very old dry wine, suitable for dessert.

1961. José Maria Pujol, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very old, aromatic, and agreeable wine, of the style of port.

1962. Teodoro Creaux, Villanueva, Barcelona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A common table wine of 1874 vintage, in good condition, very cheap, and well suited for home consumption.

1963. Lorenzo Puig & Brother, Monunat, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very excellent and a very cheap "Garnacha" sweet wine, of the finest quality.

1964. Bartolomé Calabuig, Bocairente, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A good, strong, white wine, well prepared for exportation.

1965. Antonio Cali, Tarrasa, Catalonia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Wine called Rancio, from vintage of 1815, in very good condition, of fine aroma, and very agreeable to the taste.

1966. Calixto Orduña, Cascante, Navarra, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A sweet wine, which we must highly recommend for its most excellent qualities of aroma, taste, condition, and cheap price.

1967. Galo de Poves y Quintano, Allaurio, Logroño, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very well prepared table wine, suitable in all its conditions and price.

1968. Serapio Artegeus, Jativa, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very pleasant, rich, and fruity Muscatel wine, highly aromatic.

1969. Enrique Cerda, Monovar, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very fine white wine of 1863; very good in quality and condition.

1970. Francisco Ortuno y Maestre, Salinas, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very rich and highly flavored wine, called "Fondellon."

1971. Mariano Perez, Zaragoza, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A full-bodied wine, of very good taste.

1972. Juan Esteve y Amoros, Monforte, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Wine of very good flavor; well made.

1973. Joaquin Calpena Vidal, Monovar, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Good table wine; in fine condition.

1974. Pedro Sirvent y Oliver, Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Well-flavored and highly agreeable sweet wine.

1975. Miguel Pascual, Masnou, Barcelona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—White wine, in very good condition; aromatic, and of good taste.

1976. Antonio Terro, Carthagena, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A highly-flavored sweet wine; kept in the best condition.

1977. Lorenzo Fernandez Munoz, San Juan, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A red wine; very agreeable and good for table use.

1978. Perez, Albert, & Co., Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A sweet white wine of 1870; very good, natural, light, and of an agreeable taste.

1979. Manuel Villar, Sagunto, Valencia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very good old brown wine; very well preserved; of fine aroma, and agreeable to the palate.

1980. Francisco Gil, Reus, Tarragona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A well-flavored and highly agreeable wine.

1981. Dr. Lorenzo Fernandez, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A well-made table wine.

1982. Juan Valero, Requena, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A full-bodied red wine, at a very low price.

1983. Eduardo Hidalgo, San Lucar, Cadiz, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A finely-flavored, well-made sweet wine; an excellent old "Pedro Ximenes."

1984. Rafael Blanco y Alcade, Cabra, Cordova, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Montilla wine, the finest, lightest, most aromatic, and agreeable to the palate.

1985. Palma & Quesada, Aguilar, Cordova, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A very pure, extraordinarily light, and most delicate Montilla wine.

1986. Herran & Co., Jerez de la Frontera, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A delicious wine called "Florina;" a highly aromatic and delicate wine, "Oloroso," in excellent condition; a collection of very good sherries.

1987. Oliver Brothers, Barcelona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A wine called "Rancio Seco," of exquisite flavor, and all other good qualities.

1988. Fernando Cotoner, Marques de la Cenia, Majorca, Balearic Islands.

WINE.

Report.—A dry pale wine, in very good condition as to aroma and taste, and very cheap in price.

1989. Juan Bautista Pina Benito, Monforte, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—White sweet wine, very delicate, and superior in aroma.

1990. Diego Linares, San Lucar, Cadiz, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Very pure and fine Amontillado sherry, in the best condition.

1991. Alejandro Laguna, Granen, Huesca, Arragon, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Wine called Clarette, in very good condition, full-bodied, and cheap; also good and well-flavored Muscatel.

1992. Juan Fornell, Alella, Barcelona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A nice sweet wine, and in very good order of taste and flavor.

1993. Bartolomé Espotorno, Murcia, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A dry white wine, strongly flavored, well matured, and very well prepared for exportation.

1994. Bartolomé Roca, Palma, Island of Majorca.

WINE.

Report.—A good dry wine, highly flavored, and well prepared for exportation.

1995. Ramon Anguera, Falsete, Tarragona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A rich, full-flavored wine, made of grape called "Palomino," peculiar to that province.

1996. Domingo Ventallo y Llobateras, Tarrasa, Barcelona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A well-fermented dry wine, well kept, and in good condition.

1997. Romany & Sons, Denia, Alicante, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A collection of very good wines for exportation, remarkably cheap, considering the quality.

1998. E. Menchero, Carthagená, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Orange wine of very fine fruity taste, and very dry.

1999. Ramon Samora, Poboleda, Tarragona, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Wine called "Garnacha," in very good condition, full flavored, and of a very good taste.

This wine deserves especial mention as regards the class of "Garnacha" wine.

2000. Ezequiel de la Vega, Guadalajara, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—A good cheap white wine, in a very good condition of aroma and taste.

2001. Gabriel Barrera, Tayá, Barcelona, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good sweet red wines.

2002. Federico Segundo, Puerto de Santa Maria, Cadiz, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Very good dry and sweet sherry wines.

2003. E. & B. Olivencia Brothers, Olivares, Seville, Spain.

WINE.

Report.—Very good sweet wines.

2004. Ramon Carli, Puerto de Santa Maria, Cadiz, Spain.

WINES.

Report.—Good sweet and Malvasia wines.

2005. Bocardi & Co., Santiago de Cuba, Cuba.

WINE.

Report.—A good and fine orange wine, called "Vino de Naranja;" very well prepared.

2006. Guillermo Davison & Co., La Orotava, Canary Islands.

WINES.

Report.—Excellent sweet wines.

2007. Bruce Hamilton & Co., La Orotava, Canary Islands.

WINE.

Report.—A good collection of well-prepared wines; dry and sweet.

2008. Jose Maria da Fonseca, Setubal, Portugal.

COGNAC MUSCATEL, 1875.

Report.—Very fine flavor; made from the Muscatel grape; well distilled, and very pure.

2009. Boaventura da Piedade Figueira, Cuba, Beja, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2010. Dr. Joaquim Paes d'Abranches, Taboa, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2011. Manuel d'Aquino Alves do Conto, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Geropiga wine; very rich in taste, and very good in composition.

2012. Luiz da Silva Athayde Costa, Leiria, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2013. João de Sousa Falcão, Almeirim, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine, "Geropiga, 1875;" highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2014. Administration of the Concelho of Poiars, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2015. Joaquim Maria do Amaral Cardozo, Anadia, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2016. Manuel Coelho da Fonseca, Oliveira do Hospital, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2017. Jose Augusto dos Santos Fora, Figueira, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2018. Domingo Antonio de Freitas, Ameias, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2019. Luiz Antonio Fragozo, Jr., Ferreira, Beja, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2020. Joaquim Jeronymo Pereira, Peral, Cadaval, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of very superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2021. Jose Lopes Guimarães, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—A collection of wines; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2022. Joaquim Nuñez Vieira Rapozo, Coruche, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2023. Widow of João Martins Formosinho, Lagoa, Faro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, Bouvedro, 1874; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2024. Jose Maria da Silveira e Menezes, Borba, Portugal.

WINES.

Rep. rt.—Highly rich in flavor; of very good composition.

2025. Miguel Salvado Rosado, Perdigão, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2026. Arthur Peres de Vilhena Barboza, Cartaxo, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for its taste and composition.

2027. Francisco Cancellia, Anadia, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in flavor; of very good composition.

2028. Alexandre Jose Malheiro Madeira, Candedo, Murça, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2029. Maria Rita Ramos Borges Pinto, Folgosa, Armamar, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2030. Antonio Rodrigues Pereira, Peniche, Leiria, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2031. Antonio Joaquim Pinheiro, Penamacor, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2032. Antonio dos Santos, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate, fruity flavor, and very well kept.

2033. Antonio Pedro Cardozo Morte-Certa, Alcacer do Sal, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—White wines; very delicate and rich.

2034. João da Rosa Malheiro Mello, Candedo, Murça, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2035. Antonio Augusto Lobo de Miranda, Lagos, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2036. Jose Alves de Moraes, Vinhaes, Bragança, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate, fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2037. José de Barros e Cunha, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—A remarkable red wine, "Trincadeira;" very genuine and light; a very superior table wine.

2038. Moraes & Mouro, Figueira, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste; in very good condition.

2039. Dr. Alfredo de Moura Mattoso, Soure, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine "Geropiga;" highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2040. Jose de Castro, Bragança, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Muscatel and Bastardo wines; in very good condition.

2041. Joaquim Lobo de Miranda, Lagos, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2042. Simão Ribas, Guarda, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for its taste and composition.

2043. Antonio de Villafanha, Tondella, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of very superior quality.

2044. Domingos Antonio da Costa, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, 1875; highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2045. João Joaquim Bagulho, Villa Boim, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2046. Antonio Pires da Silva, Villa Franca de Xira, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of very good table wines; delicate, of fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2047. Vicente Xavier Magalhães, Tavira, Faro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2048. Maria Emilia d'Almeida Morão, Castello Branco, Penamacor, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very delicate; of remarkable flavor.

2049. Pedro d'Albuquerque Silva Amaral, Mangualde, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of very good table wines; delicate, fruity flavor, and very well kept.

2050. Antonio Theodoro Ferreira Tabordo, Penamacor, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine of superior quality; remarkable for its taste and composition.

2051. Bento Antonio Trigo de Negreiros, Mirandella, Bragança, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2052. Pedro de Souza Garcia, Estremoz, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines; very rich.

2053. Joaquim Antonio Simoes, Figueira, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of thirty different qualities of wines (red and white); very rich.

2054. Antonio de Freitas Campos, Anadia, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich in taste; of very good composition.

2055. Fortunato Viera das Neves, Taboa, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2056. Paulo Jorge, Oeiras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Remarkable Carcavellos wines, 1873 and 1874; taste extraordinarily rich.

2057. Costa Pereira & Son, Figueira, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red and white wines, very rich in taste; Geropiga very delicate.

2058. Antonio Ferreira Sarmento, Vinhaes, Bragança, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate, fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2059. Antonio da Silva Mesquita, Cartaxo, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines, highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2060. Pedro Xavier Machado, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2061. Antonio Camillo da Silva Lopes, Coruche, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very delicate, and of remarkable flavor.

2062. Luis Antonio de Magalhães, Fundão, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines, highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2063. Manuel Lourenço d'Almeida, Gervide, Pezo da Regoa, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good "Muscatel wine;" of remarkable flavor and taste, and perfect composition.

2064. Antonio Felgueiras da Silva Moita, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste; of very good composition.

2065. Jose Francisco Rodriguez do Passo, Fuzeta, Tavira, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste, and in a very good condition.

2066. Borges de Souza, Azambuja, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine, 1874, of very good composition and taste; a very delicate wine.

2067. Manuel Rodriguez de Azevedo, Bucellas, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine, "Bucellas," of a delicate taste and flavor, remarkably agreeable and distinct.

2068. Jose Gomes da Silva, Collares, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Table wines of very good quality, superior taste and flavor (bouquet). Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2069. Joaquim de Carvalho Azevedo Mello é Faro, Rezende, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good table wines; delicate, fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2070. Jose da Cunha Pignatelly, Trinta, Guarda, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine of 1874, of superior quality; remarkable for its taste and composition.

2071. Nicolau Joaquim de Salles, Lobo, Evora, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2072. Baron of Mogadouro, Pinhel, Guarda, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2073. Jose Maria Dantas Pimienta, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very superior wines from Torres Novas; remarkable for their flavor and taste.

2074. Elisa Ludovina da Silva Mello, Covilha, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste; of very good composition.

2075. Jose de Mello, Thomar, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2076. Antonio Marcellino Carrilho Bello, Castello de Vide, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2077. Francisco Xavier de Moraes Pinto, Mirandella, Bragança, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, 1870, of superior quality; remarkable for its taste and composition.

2078. João Baptista Ribeiro Guisado, Peniche, Leiria, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich in taste; very good composition.

2079. Catharina Mousinho Almadamino Vasconcellos, Niza, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good composition.

2080. Agostinho Cancellia, Anadia, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in flavor; of very good composition.

2081. Jose Rodriguez Tocha, Estremoz, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines very rich in taste, of very good composition.

2082. Alexandre de Seabra, Anadia, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines highly rich in flavor, of very good composition.

2083. Pedro d'Ordaz, Caldeira de Valladares, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2084. Viscount of Serrado, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good table wines; delicate, fruity flavor; perfectly well kept.

2085. Manuel Duarte Laranja, Coruche, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wines very delicate; of remarkable flavor.

2086. Miguel Castro Martins, Ponte de Sor, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2087. Cossart, Gordon, & Co., Funchal, Island of Madeira.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of very fine Madeira wines,—very good,—Verdellin, Bool. and Malmsey.

2088. J. F. Figueira, Funchal, Island of Madeira.

WINE.

Report.—Very good wine of Verdellin; superior delicacy in taste.

2089. Silva & Cossens, Villa Nova, Oporto, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of superior port wines; samples of very good 1830 and 1834.

2090. Jose Dominguez Contada, Barcellos, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2091. Jose Baptista Duarte, Castello de Vide, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2092. Honorio Fiel Lima, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2093. Fernando dos Santos Gallope, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine 1875, highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2094. Cresswell & Co., Moita, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines very rich in taste; of very good composition.

2095. Jorge Abraham d'Almeida Lima, Seixal, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2096. Antonio Perfeito Pereira Pinto Ozorio, Lamego, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2097. Jose da Graca Pereira Roza, Niza, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2098. Benito Mattheus Martins, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste, especially that of 1873; of very good composition.

2099. Jose Gonçaves da Silva, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2100. João Antonio Marquez Rosado, Redondo, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2101. Hunt, Roope, Teage, & Co., Oporto, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of very good port wines. A sample of the celebrated port wine, 1815.

2102. Francisco Severianno Carrilho Bello, Castello de Vide, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2103. Ricardo Jose Caldeira, Alegrete, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2104. Bartholomeu Corinho, Montargil, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2105. Joaquim Guilherme de Vasconcellos, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2106. Manoel Telles da Gama, Villa Franca, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine; light, remarkable for its composition; a good table wine.

2107. Jose Maria Casqueiro, Crato, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2108. Antonio Luiz de Macedo, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2109. Commercial Bairrada Wine Co., Vaccarica, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich and perfectly well composed. The white wines are remarkable.

2110. Francisco Albuquerque Mello Pereira é Caceres, Oporto, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich.

2111. Jeronymo Bivar, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; very good condition.

2112. João Pedro Martins, Setubal, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2113. Honorato Jose Torres Machado, Azambuja, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2114. Miguel Ozorio Cabral e Castro, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; very good condition.

2115. D. Joaquina Ferrão, Castello Branco, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very delicate; remarkable flavor.

2116. Anacleto da Fonseca Motta, Sardoal, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2117. Joaquim d'Almeida Negrão, Portimão, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste, and in a very good condition.

2118. Francisco d'Abreu Fialho, Portimão, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2119. Manuel João Lopes, Tavira, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2120. Ysidoro Martins, Borba, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2121. Jose Joaquim Moreno, Avargas, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste, and in a very good condition.

2122. Joaquim Pereira, Cadaval, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich in taste, and in very good condition.

2123. Antonio Nunes de Souza & Sons, Covilhan, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2124. Antonio Bernardo Xavier Tavares, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2125. Antonio Augusto da Costa Simoes, Vaccarica, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very delicate; of remarkable flavor.

2126. Luiz da Costa Falcão, Constanca, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very delicate; of remarkable flavor.

2127. Viscount of the Outeiro, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines of a very superior quality; that of 1852 remarkably good.

2128. Jeronymo Augusto Pacheco Pereira Lite, Caves, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2129. Jose da Cunha Sampaio, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2130. Antonio Bernardo da Fonseca Moniz, Baracal, Guarda, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2131. Jose Eloy das Neves, Peral, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2132. Leonor de Carvalho Fonseca Amaral, Mangualde, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate, fruity flavor, and very well kept.

2133. Vasco Bernardes, Coruche, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate, fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2134. Venancio Dias de Figueiredo Vieira, Eixo, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate, fruity flavor, and very well kept.

2135. Jose Carlos Zuzarte, Parada, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very delicate, and of remarkable flavor.

2136. Francisco Thiago de Magalhães, Taboa, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2137. Manuel Goncalves de Figueiredo, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2138. Carlos da Costa Pereira Mendes, Thomar, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine, "Geropiga;" highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2139. Romão Antunes Trincão, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2140. Antonio Adelaide Ferreira, Godim, Villa Real, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—An excellent collection of port wines from 1815 to 1874. The celebrated wines of 1847, 1834, 1820, and 1815 may be said to be perfect, especially the "Malmseys" of 1815, which have a very delicious, rich flavor.

2141. Antonio Carlos Moreira, Penafiel, Oporto, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice taste and flavor (bouquet); of very good composition; tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2142. Viscount of Vilarinho de S. Romão, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—Port wines of very superior quality; the Malmsey dry and very rich.

2143. Rebello Valente Allen, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of port wines from 1827 to 1873. Among the most precious are those of 1827 and 1830, extraordinarily rich in taste and flavor.

2144. Agricultural Society of Oporto, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A standard collection of port wines of the vintages from 1760 to 1860. These wines are of the best of this class. Those of 1820, 1815, 1810, and 1760 are unexcelled as to richness of flavor. That of 1820 was brought back from India; and the 1760 is very remarkable for its delicacy and richness after one hundred and sixteen years. It was made four years after the foundation of the celebrated Royal Wine Company of Oporto.

2145. Welsh Brothers, Funchal, Island of Madeira.

MADEIRA WINES.

Report.—Very good Madeira wines. The "Boal," 1840, is remarkably good. All the collection very rich in flavor and taste.

2146. Antonio Nicolau d'Almeida, Jr., & Brother, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A very good collection of port wines, highly rich in flavor.

2147. Viscount of Guedes, Evora, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich in taste, and kept in very good condition.

2148. Henrique Caldeira Pedrozo, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2149. Offey, Cramp, & Forresters, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of port wines; flavor and taste rich, especially the red wine, V. R.

2150. Sandemann & Co., Villa Nova de Gaia, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A very good collection of port wines; taste considerably rich.

2151. Viscount of the Gandarinha, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Remarkable in taste and flavor; of very good composition.

2152. Augusto de Moura, Celorico de Basto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2153. Joaquim Soares Monteiro, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet), and of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2154. Honorato Jose Machado d'Abreu, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2155. Henrique de Sa Nogueira, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2156. Simão P. Velho Moscozo, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good table wines; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2157. Jose Ramos Lopes, Airó, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2158. Manuel Alves Machado, Celorico de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2159. Antonio da Silva Lisboa, Penafiel, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2160. Bernardino Vaz Lobo, Celorico de Basto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2161. Viscount of Prime, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines of very superior qualities.

2162. Antonio Pinheiro Ramalho, Reguengos, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2163. Baron of Granjão, Mesão Frio, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2164. Antonio José Ramalho, Reguengos, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2165. Simão Paes de Faria, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2166. Domingos Antonio Fallé Ramalho, Redondo, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2167. Widow A. J. Judice, Lagoa, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2168. Eduardo Augusto da Cruz Vaz, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2169. Manuel Duarte da Silva Caldas, Cartaxo, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2170. Francisco Jose Souza, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2171. Francisco Quintanilha, Cuba, Beja, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2172. Augusto Ferreira Brandão, Vaccarica, Mealhada, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2173. Antonio Barbas da Torre, Covilha, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2174. Joaquim Manuel Theotónio, Sr., Serpa, Beja, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2175. Jose Candido de Castro Souza, Beja, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2176. Ernesto de Mendonca e Silva, Abridada, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2177. Bernardo de Lemos Teixeira de Aguiar, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very remarkable port wines; highly rich.

2178. Antonio d'Almeida Pereira, S. Pedro de Franco, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2179. Luiz da Silva Coutinho, Cascaes, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good "Carcavellos" wines; very rich in flavor and taste.

2180. Joaquim Claudino de Moraes, Regoa, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good port wines; remarkable in taste.

2181. Joaquim Augusto de Macedo, Thomar, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of red and white wines, and of "Geropigas;" very rich.

2182. Luiz Clemente de Sequeira, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good port wines; that of 1844 very superior.

2183. Francisco Candido da Silva, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine, "Geropiga, 1874," of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2184. Antonio da Cunha d'Azevedo Lemos, S. João da Pesqueira, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2185. Antonio Marques de Carvalho, Chamusca, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2186. Jose Velozo Pinto de Carvalho, Lamego, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very remarkable Malmsey wine of 1872; very rich port wine.

2187. Francisco Teixeira Lobo, Sabroza, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2188. Bernardo Xavier Freire, Guarda, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2189. João Maria da Costa, Villa Franca, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; specially the "Geropiga, 1873," remarkable by their taste and composition.

2190. Julio Cezar de Souza, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very remarkable port wines.

2191. Lucas da Silva Cardozo Castello, Olivaes, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good white wine of 1874; rich in taste, very remarkable in composition.

2192. Antonio Francisco Gomes, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2193. Raphael Rodrigues d'Oliveira, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2194. Joaquim Guilherme Cunha, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2195. Thomas Jose Machado, Bucellos, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Remarkable collection of "Bucellos" wines from 1874 back to 1851; extraordinarily delicate in taste; peculiar and very good flavor.

2196. Fortunato de Cerqueira Themes, Lamego, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very superior wine of 1875; rich in taste and composition.

2197. João Joaquim Ramos, Redondo, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.¹

2198. Augusto Pereira Bretes, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2199. João Antonio Nunes Reixa, Villa Vicosa, Evora, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2200. Manuel Pinto Lello, Fontes, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2201. Prego & Franco, Redondo, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2202. Gregorio da Cunha, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2203. Joaquim Ignacio Ferreira, Arruda, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2204. Agostinho Nunes d'Oliveira Costa, Villa Franca de Hira, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2205. Bernardo Antonio da Silva Andrade, Lafoes, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; a light and natural wine. Tasted in July, and found very well kept.

2206. Francisco Ferreira Campos, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for its taste and composition.

2207. Luiz Teixeira Mourão, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very remarkable port wines; very rich in taste and flavor.

2208. Alexandre Maria de Lemos, Lamego, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2209. Antonio da Costa Botelho, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2210. Jose dos Prazeres Batalhos, Cartaxo, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for its taste and composition.

2211. Francisco Maximino Borga, Villa Nova de Ourem, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—A collection of wines of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2212. Agostinho Thomaz dos Santos Viegas, Cea, Guarda, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2213. Luiz Francisco da Silva Magalhaes, Sabroza, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2214. Domingos Jose Roballo, Castello Branco, Portugal

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for its taste and composition.

2215. Manuel Gualdino Gameiro Cardozo, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2216. João da Maia Rosa, Rio Maior, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2217. Antonio Vieira da Rocha, Celorico, Guarda, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2218. Balthazar Cordes, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2219. Jose Felix d'Almeida Carvalhoza, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine; of remarkable and delicate flavor; perfect composition.

2220. Julio Cezar Ferreira Duarte, Anadia, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2221. Administration of the Concelho of Louzada, Louzada, Oporto, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2222. Jose Maria de la Feria, Serpa, Beja, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2223. Jacintho Maria Fialho & Son, Ferreira, Beja, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2224. Anselmo Guilherme Borges Feijo, Regoa, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2225. Adriano Baptista Ferreira, Mealhada, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2226. Jose Joaquim Pinto da Costa, Nogueira, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2227. Jose Dias da Silva Calasans, Gavião, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2228. Jose Correa de Barros, Sabroza, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2229. Antonio Soares Carneiro, Lagoa, Faro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2230. João Bernardo dos Santos, Lagoa, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2231. João de Souza Donnas Boto, Ervedoza, S. João da Pesqueira, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine; very nice taste, and in very good condition.

2232. Jose Maria Ramalho, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste; in very good condition.

2233. Francisco Germano Claro, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—White and red wines; very rich; in very good condition, and perfectly well kept.

2234. Albino Jose de Freitas Almeida & Brother, Condeixa, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of very superior quality, and of remarkable taste and composition; especially the "Bastardo."

2235. Miguel da Veiga Cabral, Alijo, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich, specially those of 1858; perfectly well kept.

2236. Miguel do Canto e Castro, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine; very rich; in very good condition.

2237. Marquis of Pombal, Oeiras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wine "Carcavellos;" that of 1875 very superior quality; very remarkable; those of 1836 and 1837 returned from voyage to India.

2238. Antonio Maria Dias P. Chaves, Mazziotti, Cintra, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wine "Collares," light; very good flavor and taste; white wine very delicate; table wine very superior.

2239. Jose Severino Soares, Ribeira de Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2240. Jose Joaquim de Sobral, Soutello de Douro, S. João de Pesqueira, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich, and in very good condition.

2241. Jose Antonio Goncalves Serodio, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2242. Custodio Jose Pinheiro, Valverde, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate, fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2243. Antonio Peixoto Pinto, Sabroza, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wines; delicate, fruity flavor, and very well kept.

2244. Sabino Jose Malter dos Anjos Galrao, Mafra, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich, and in very good condition.

2245. J. H. Andresen, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—Very rich.

2246. Antonio Caetano Rodrigues & Co., Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of port wines from 1812 to 1870; richness of taste. The oldest have an extraordinarily delicate flavor.

2247. Antonio Gomes de Moura & Co., Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of port wines from 1834 to 1875, among which are found some of the best and most celebrated.

2248. Manoel Antonio Francisco Cerdeira, Godim, Regoa, Villa Real, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—Very good port wines; very rich in taste.

2249. Jose Maria da Fonseca, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Remarkable Palmella wines; the most delicious "Muscatel Setubal" wines. The white Muscatel, 1867, extraordinarily rich in flavor and taste. The Muscatel "roxo" highly delicate.

2250. Bento M. F. de Mattos, Mondim de Basto, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2251. Tristão Perestrello da Camara, Funchal, Madeira, Island of Madeira.

MADEIRA WINES.

Report.—Very good Madeira wines; flavor and taste very rich.

2252. Joaquim Ferreira de Macedo Pinto, Taboaco, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of wines from 1875 back to 1834; very rich in taste.

2253. Guilherme da Costa Leite, St. Thirso, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2254. Carlos João Ribeiro Lima, Melgaço, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2255. Antonio Lopes Vedigal Salgado, Coruche, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2256. Verissimo Ferreira A. d'Oliveira Constanca, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2257. Jose Jacintho Nunes, Grandola, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2258. Francisco d'Assiz Pereira do Lago, Macedo de Cavalleiros, Bragança, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2259. Augusto Jose de Oliveira, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—A very good table wine; of very good taste and good composition.

2260. Julio Bivar d'Azevedo Salgado, Sardeal, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2261. Gustavo Ferrari, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very superior wines; very rich in taste; very good in composition.

2262. Alberto Araujo Lacerda, Figueiro dos Vinhos, Leiria, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2263. Boaventura Doria, Covilha, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2264. Jose Joaquim Ribeiro, S. João da Pesqueira, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2265. Jose Filippe de Sá, Azoia de Baixo, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2266. Roberto Augusto Pinto de Magalhaes, Alijo, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very superior port wine of 1856 and 1858.

2267. Antonio Vincente d'Almeida Fernandes, Benavente, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine, red, "Bastardo 1868," of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2268. Antonio Manoel Ferreira, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine, "Geropiga 1875," of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2269. Jose Ricardo de Carvalho Figueira, Peniche, Leiria, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2270. Abilio Alfonso da Silva Monteiro, Malhada, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2271. Jose Justino Teixeira Monteiro, Sabroza, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good port wine; commended for delicacy and richness of taste.

2272. Daniel Pereira da Silva, Celorico, Guarda, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2273. Jose Cameiro d'Almeida Buitrago, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of very good quality, and very well kept.

2274. João Victorino Pereira da Costa, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2275. Conde das Alcacovas, Oeiras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich, and in very good condition.

2276. João Climaco, Jr., Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, very rich, and very well kept.

2277. Jose Avellino Nunes de Carvalho, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, of very good quality, and in very good condition.

2278. Jose Maximo Coelho é Souza, Goncalo, Guarda, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2279. João Jose Le Cocq, Castello de Vide, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wine 1863, very rich; remarkable red wine 1874, light, a very superior table wine; "Muscatel" wines, dry, very delicate, and of very good composition.

2280. Joaquim Jose de Freitas é Silva, Cartaxo, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2281. Miguel Tudella de Souza Napoles, Castellones, Tondella, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good table wines; delicate fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2282. Francisco da Costa Leal, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for taste and composition.

2283. Fernando Affonso d'Almeida Coutinho, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Geropiga, Muscatel wine 1858, very palatable, and very good in composition.

2284. Countess of Geraz do Lima, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—"Bastardo" and "Muscatel" wines; very rich in taste and flavor; 1852 is very remarkable.

2285. Widow Pinto & Son, Cartaxo, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines 1874 and 1875; composition very light, and of remarkable taste. White wine, very rich.

2286. Royal Wine Co., Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINE.

Report.—A precious collection of wines from 1815 to 1873. Samples of the celebrated port wines of 1847, 1834, 1820, and 1815. The oldest are extraordinarily rich and delicate in flavor and taste. The new ones are very rich in taste.

All these wines are of a very superior quality.

2287. Carlos R. Blandy, Funchal, Island of Madeira.

MADEIRA WINES.

Report.—A precious collection of Madeira wines from 1826 to 1872. The "Boal 1846," "Sercial 1826," and "Malvasia 1826," are remarkably good; highly rich in flavor and taste. All these wines may be said to be among the most delicious of the world.

2288. Dejante & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Portuguese claret (Collares), a very superior table wine, light, of good composition and very agreeable flavor; "Montebarradas" and "Ribatejo," of perfect composition, nice flavor (bouquet), rich taste. Tasted on the 26th of July, and found perfectly well kept.

2289. João de Britto, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—A remarkable collection of Lisbon (termo) Collares, Lavradio, and Carcavellos wines. Very well made, and very rich in flavor and taste.

2290. Viscount of Castello Borges, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—A very remarkable wine of 1854.

2291. Dow & Co., Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINE.

Report.—Very good collection of port wine from 1856 to 1873; of remarkable flavor and taste.

2292. Seal, Brothers, & Co., Funchal, Island of Madeira.

MADEIRA WINES.

Report.—A very good collection of Madeira wines from 1828 to 1870, the celebrated "Boals 1865 and 1830," "Sercial 1830," and "Malvasia 1830." Taste and flavor very rich. Remarkable wines; among the most precious of the world.

2293. Francisco Rapozo de Souza d'Alto, Cardafes, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Remarkable red table wines, 1873 and 1874; natural and light wine; great delicacy in the taste and flavor of the wines, especially those of 1865 and 1873. Perfect in composition. Tasted on the 27th of July, and found perfectly well kept.

2294. Jeronymo Martins & Sons, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A very good collection of wines from celebrated localities in the neighborhood of Lisbon. Wines extremely rich.

2295. Manuel Vaz Preto Geraldo, Louzan, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines, very rich in taste. Those of the vintages of 1864 and 1867 are remarkable.

2296. Jose Fagaca de Carvalho é Santos, Cadaval, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2297. João Cardozo de Souza Alvim, Alter do Chao, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very delicate and very rich in flavor, especially those of 1871.

2298. Jose Ferreira Portella, Anadia, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2299. Luiz Antonio Ferreira da Motta, Andraes, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wines highly rich in taste, of very good composition.

2300. Jose Victorino de Miranda, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wines very rich, and in very good condition.

2301. Felix Honorio Gomes de Miranda, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red and white wines, very rich, and perfectly well kept.

2302. Cypriano Ribeiro Calleia, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Table wines very good; white wines, of very superior quality and very rich.

2303. Manuel Iglesias, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines, very rich; Muscatel and Azinto wines, very remarkable.

2304. Portuguese Central Royal Agriculture Association, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of some of the best qualities of table wines from the central part of Portugal.

2305. George Allen & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of port wines, from 1858 back to 1815; very rich.

2306. Domingos Salgado, Bragança, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2307. Antonio Paes Cabral Sanhorim, Nellas, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; very well kept.

2308. Jose Augusto de Sá Pereira Ozorio, Lamego, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, highly rich in taste, very good in composition.

2309. Balthazar Peres Ramirez, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste; in good condition; the white wine of 1875 especially good.

2310. Diogo Rangel, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2311. Luiz Antonio Martins, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine; of very good taste, and very well kept.

2312. Dionisio Antonio Neres de Carvalho, Peniche, Leiria, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2313. Antonio Vicente dos Santos, Alhandra, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, light; genuine; taste and flavor remarkable; a very good table wine. White wine, highly delicate. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2314. Antonio da Silva Paes, S. João d'Areas, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2315. Cardozo Jr., Setubal, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A good collection of wines; of nice taste and very good condition.

2316. Couns. João Rebello da Costa Cabral, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition; remarkably, those of 1873.

2317. Carlos Zeferino Pinto Coelho, Largo do Carmo, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Remarkable wines, "Carcavellos;" exceedingly rich in taste and flavor.

2318. Francisco Antonio Fialho, Reguengo, Evora, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2319. Manoel Antonio de Mattos, Campo Maior, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2320. D. Carlotta de Sampaio Veiga Cabral, Alijo, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines very rich; remarkably, those of 1840; in very good condition.

2321. Ezequiel de Paula Sá Prego, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich; very good in composition.

2322. Jose Antonio Tavares, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2323. Antonio Jose Tavares, Covilha, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2324. Manuel Lopes de Souza, Guarda, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2325. Jose da Conceição Guerra, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very delicate; flavor remarkable.

2326. Jose de Souza Baracho, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2327. Widow Barreto, Covilha, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; very good in composition.

2328. Countess of Anadia, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich, and perfectly well kept.

2329. Jose Pinheiro, Alcoentre, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2330. Guilherme Francisco Pereira Nunes, Oliveira do Hospital, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2331. João Campello Trigueiros Martel, Sacarem, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, 1830; remarkable wines, 1874; in excellent condition.

2332. Viscount of Abridada, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wine, Lavradio, very good; white wines, very remarkable.

2333. Fernando Maria Bacellar, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine, 1875, remarkable for its nice flavor; of very good composition.

2334. Antonio Simoes Oliveira, Castro Daire, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2335. Francisco Jose de Bastos é Silva, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wines of very superior quality.

2336. Amancio Antonio de Sequeira Freire, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wines of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2337. Carlos Relvas, Gollega, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Remarkable white wines, specially those of 1846.

2338. Jose Ferreira Roquette, Salvaterra de Magos, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wines of a very superior quality; the red is remarkably good.

2339. Antonio de Sá Pereira, Velha, Bragança, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2340. Count of Atalaya, Almeirim, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red and white wines; very good taste, notably the red wines of 1870 and the white ones of 1870 and 1871; in very good condition, and very well kept.

2341. Antonio Joaquim Potes de Campos, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wines of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2342. Count of Junqueira, Almeirim, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines, nice taste and good condition.
White wines, delicate, especially those of 1870.

2343. Domingos A. de Moraes, Vinhaes, Bragança, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate fruity flavor, and very well kept.

2344. Antonio Fernando Coelho, Jr., Caldas da Rainha, Leiria, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—White; very rich; perfectly well kept.

2345. Antonio Nunes dos Reis, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of wines from Torres Vedras, of 1854 to 1875. The white ones are very rich in flavor, especially those of 1854 and 1862. The new red wines are light, and very good for table purposes.

2346. Antonio Bernardino Miranda, Moncorvo, Bragança, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine highly rich in flavor and taste; of very good composition.

2347. Francisco Simoes Margiochi, Jr., Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine, light and remarkably delicate.
Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2348. João Antonio Rodrigues, Grandola, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2349. Francisco Maria Ribeiro, Couto de Cima, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; delicate fruity flavor, and perfectly well kept.

2350. Jacintho Lopes, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wines highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2351. João Rodrigues de Deos, Torres Novas, Santarem, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wines of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2352. Dr. Manoel de Barros Nobre Tavora, Taboaco, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2353. Manuel Marcal de Mendonca, Olhão, Faro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2354. Jose Olaia Lopes, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2355. Eduardo d'Oliveira Soares, Evora, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2356. Jose Maria Fernandes Falcão, Cadafaes, Alemquer, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—White wine, "Diagalves," 1873; very delicate, and of remarkable flavor.

2357. D. Maria Jose Perpetua Marques Redondo, Evora, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste.

2358. Francisco Costa, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, "Collares," very superior; light, delicate in taste, with a very good and peculiar flavor (bouquet). One of the best wines tasted. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept

2359. Constantino de Valle Coelho Cabral, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINE.

Report.—A remarkable collection of port wines, presenting the wines of the celebrated vintages of 1847, 1834, and 1815. Taste and flavor highly delicate.

2360. Edward Kebe & Co., Restauracão, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A very good collection of port wines from 1825 to 1874; flavor and taste very rich.

2361. D. Henriqueta Julia Pereira, Torres é Oliveira Fundão, Castello Branco, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wines "Bastardo" and "Malvasia;" highly rich in taste, and of very good composition.

2362. Ferreira & Dourado, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—Port wines from 1851 to 1875; remarkably rich in flavor and taste.

2363. Francisco Paes de Mattos Falcão, Bringel, Beja, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2364. Francisco Abranches do Amaral Guerra, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2365. Candido Manoel Pereira, Lavradio, Barreiro, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2366. Jose Cabrita Nunes, Lagoa, Faro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2367. Joaquim Ribeiro de Almeida, Campanha de Baixo, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2368. Jose Ferreira da Silva Azevedo, Rates, Povia de Varzim, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2369. Jose Joaquim de Almeida, Semelhe, Braga, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very good table wines; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2370. Ascencio Jose dos Santos, Valença, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and of very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2371. Viscount of Montariol, Saint Victor, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2372. Camillo de Macedo, Jr., Pezo da Regoa, Villa Real, Portugal.

PORT WINE.

Report.—A superior collection of port wine from 1805 to 1874; flavor and taste very delicate; remarkably, those of 1834 and 1805.

2373. João Manoel Esteves, Gondomil, Valença, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2374. Antonio Joaquim de Moura Coutinho, Outeiro, Cabeceiras de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2375. Leacock & Co., Funchal, Island of Madeira.

MADEIRA WINES.

Report.—Madeira wines of a very superior quality; flavor and taste remarkably rich.

2376. J. J. Rodrigues Leitão & Sons, Funchal, Island of Madeira.

MADEIRA WINES.

Report.—Very good Madeira wines; flavor and taste very rich.

2377. Domingos Carneiro de Oliveiro, Agrella, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2378. Jose de Vasconcellos Carneiro é Menezes, Marco de Canavezes, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found very well kept.

2379. Henrique Jose Maria Camacho, Funchal, Island of Madeira.

MADEIRA WINES.

Report.—A very good collection of Madeira wines from 1844 to 1870; remarkably, "Malvasia, 1860," and "Boal, 1844;" flavor and taste highly rich.

2380. C. N. Kopke & Co., Massarellos, Oporto, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A large collection of port wines, of a very rich taste; among which are found the celebrated wines of 1847 and 1834.

2381. Christiano Augusto da Silva Moura, Midoes, Taboa, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2382. João Alves Morgado, Constança, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2383. Manoel Augusto Pereira, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of wines from the neighborhood of Lisbon.

2384. Joaquim Jose da Guerra, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Wines very rich in taste, 1867 to 1869; very good table wines, made by the process of Professor A. de Aguiar, called in Portugal "Balças dansantes."

2385. Jose Maria da Silva Tacho, Fragosella, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine of superior quality; remarkable by its taste and composition.

2386. Bernardo Augusto Lopes & Co., Figueira, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2387. Sebastião Alvares, Borba, Evora, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich in taste; of very good composition.

2388. Ignacio Cardozo de Benos Caldeira Castel, Branco, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2389. José Maria da Silva, Elvas, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2390. João Felix de Faria Almeida Freixedas, Castello de Vide, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2391. Manoel Teixeira Pinto Cambres, Lamego, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable for their taste and composition.

2392. Joaquim Avelino Cumieira, Santa Martha, Villa Real, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2393. Antonio José Rodrigues Vidal, Vaccarica, Mealhada, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2394. Antonio Pedro Judice Biker, Lagoa, Faro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine; of very rich taste, and in very good condition.

2395. Domingos Affonso Almada, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in flavor and taste. Particularly remarkable are the "Collares" and "Lavrado" wines.

2396. Pedro Jose de Mesquita Sinde, Taboa, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine; highly rich in taste, of very good composition.

2397. Jose Maria Forbes, Santar, Nellas, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2398. Ferraz & Choque, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2399. Peres Pereira Sons & Co., Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2400. Heirs of Jose Ferreira Pinto Basto, Coimbra, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2401. Adelino d' Almeida Vasconcellos, Nellas, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine; taste highly delicate; very nice flavor.

2402. Luis A. d'A. Macedo, Estremoz, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2403. Manuel Jose Martins, Gondomil, Valença, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine, light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2404. Abecassis Brothers, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of port wines; very rich in taste.

2405. Widow Theotonio Pereira & Sons, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A remarkable collection of wines from Lavradio, Collares, and Lisbon; of very rich taste and perfect composition.

2406. Domingo Alves Machado, Celorico de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2407. Antonio Joaquim Fernandes Lima, Villa Nova da Cerveira, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2408. Henrique Nunes Vizeu, Santar, Nellas, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—A very superior wine; of very remarkable taste.

2409. Viscount of the Esperanca, Evora, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich in taste, and in very good condition.

2410. Viscount of the Esperanca, Cuba, Portalegre, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red wines, very rich in taste; white wines, of a superior quality.

2411. Widow Fevelim & Sons, Torres Vedras, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Red and white wines; very superior.

2412. Viscount of Carnide, Quinta Grande, Carnide, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very remarkable for their flavor and taste; very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2413. Viscount of Mossamedes, Quinta da Luz, Belem, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Red wine, perfectly well composed; very good as table wine; naturally light, and of nice flavor (bouquet).

White wine, very delicate.

2414. Lourenco da Cunha Sotto Mayor, S. Martinho de Dume, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—A very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found very well kept.

2415. Antonio Lopes da Silva, Balazar, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very rich composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2416. Manuel de Souza Rangel, Penafiel, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2417. Joaquim Ferreira dos Santos, S. Martinho do Campo, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2418. J. M. Goncalves Roma, Troviscozo, Mousão, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2419. Jose de Sequeira Pinto Queiroz, Caes Novo, Dargue, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2420. M. A. P. Ramos Faria, Celorico de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2421. Antonio Xavier Torres é Silva, Caminha, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found very well kept.

2422. Manuel Lopes Albuquerque, Alvito, Barcellos, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2423. Antonio Jose de Souza é Silva, Vallongo, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2424. Joaquim Jose de Souza, Paredes de Coura, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2425. Jose Nunes de Souza Peixoto, Penafiel, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2426. Jose Pereira de Castro Pecanha, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2427. A. Casa de Passos, Barcellos, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found very well kept.

2428. Augusto Cezar Carvalho Valle Vasconcellos, Carez, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2429. Jose Luiz Rodrigues de Souza, Valença, Vianna do Castello, Portuga!.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very good flavor (bouquet); superior composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2430. João Pacheco Teixeira, Celorico de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2431. Manoel de Souza Dias Valle, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2432. Jose Henrique Coelho de Souza, Cabeceiras de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2433. Antonio Luiz Gomes, Valença, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2434. Joaquim Apolinario da Fonseca, Valença, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2435. Baron of Nellas, Nellas, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Wine very rich; in very good condition.

2436. Victorino Barboza da Costa Guimarães, Penafiel, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2437. Francisco P. Carvalho Valle Vasconcellos, Cabeceiras de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2438. Pedro Martins Vieira, Cabeceiras de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2439. Bento M. Pereira, Pita Vasconcellos, Monsão, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2440. Bernardino Alves Teixeira Cunha, Celorico de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2441. Damião Martins de Castro, Gondomar, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2442. Francisca Albertina de Faria, Povia de Varzim, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2443. Maria H. da Silva Alcoforado, Barcellos, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2444. Custodio Gil dos Reis Carneiro, St. Thirso, Oporto, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2445. Manuel Jose Teixeira Basto, Cabeceiras de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2446. Antonio Fernandes Moraes, Abelheira, Vianna do Castello, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2447. Jose Teixeira de Carvalho, Cabeceiras de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2448. Baron of Calvario, Penafiel, Oporto.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2449. F. Cabral Paes & Sons, Sernache, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2450. Jeronymo d'Almeida Coelho de Bivar, Portimão, Faro, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Very rich; in very good condition.

2451. A. Augusto da Silva, Lisbon, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of wines highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2452. Jacintho Marquis, Silgueiros, Vizeu, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Highly rich in taste; of very good composition.

2453. Dr. Jose Rodrigues Cerveira, Anadia, Aveiro, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—White wine, 1864; very delicate, and of remarkable flavor.

2454. Luiz Manoel Alves de Moura, Celorico de Basto, Braga, Portugal.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; light, and very nice flavor (bouquet); of very good composition. Tasted in July, and found perfectly well kept.

2455. Jose Duarte Lima, Cartaxo, Santarem, Portugal.

WINES.

Report.—Of superior quality; remarkable by their taste and composition.

2456. Antonio Montes Champalimaud, Regoa, Villa Real, Portugal.

PORT WINES.

Report.—A very good collection of port wines, very rich in flavor and taste.

2457. Remigio Rojo, Panas, Mexico.

RED WINE.

Report.—In very fine condition; of good taste.

2458. L. Vallauri, Constantinople, Turkey.

CYPRUS WINE.

Report.—Fine, strong flavor; rich in body, and very mild.

2459. Turkish Government.

RASPBERRY WINE AND WINE OF MONASTIR.

Report.—Very good fruit wine; strong-bodied, fine quality, and in excellent condition.

2460. W. H. Dalziel, Varna, Turkey.

RED WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, of the Bordeaux kind; good flavor; fine bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2461. Bano, Adana, Turkey.

WINE.

Report.—Very pleasant wine, in very good condition and of excellent quality.

2462. P. Oglu, Salonica, Turkey.

MACEDONIAN WINE.

Report.—Fair table wine, of good quality, in good condition, and of fine taste.

2463. Company for the Cultivation of Vineyards, Broussé, Turkey.

DRY WHITE WINE.

Report.—Good quality; well conditioned, and with an agreeable taste.

2464. G. L. Vaphiades, Salonica, Turkey.

RED WINE.

Report.—Wine of 1875; good bouquet; fine quality, and in excellent condition.

2465. G. L. Mark, Island of Samos, Turkey.

MUSCAT WINE.

Report.—Very agreeable wine, of fine quality, of good bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2466. Otto Freygang, Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil.

ORANGE WINE AND CORDIALS.

Report.—Tonic wine made from oranges, of great reputation and very good; also a large assortment of fine and well-prepared cordials, of fine flavor, good bouquet, and excellent quality.

2467. J. F. Mattos Pimenta, Campos, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

SAGUAREMA WINE.

Report.—Delicious wine, exceptionally good; of first quality, and very well conditioned.

2468. M. L. de Carvalho, Bahia, Brazil.

ORANGE WINE.

Report.—Fine orange wine, of superior quality.

2469. F. J. Lepage, Minas Geraes, Brazil.

ORANGE WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, of very fine taste, excellent quality, and in extra good condition.

2470. J. J. A. Braz, São Paulo, Brazil.

IMPERIAL WINE.

Report.—Very delicate wine, made from the pure Isabella grapes; has very fine bouquet, and is of an excellent good quality.

2471. D. F. V. Perdigão, Maranhão, Brazil.

CAJU WINE.

Report.—Very delicate wine; of good quality, delicious taste, and in very good condition.

2472. J. do Amaral Rapozo, Pernambuco, Brazil.

CAJU WINE.

Report.—Very good and exquisite wine, made from the caju fruits. A specialty in Brazil.

2473. F. P. Vasconcellos, Bahia, Brazil.

CAJU WINE.

Report.—An excellent wine from caju fruits; of very good quality, fine bouquet, and very well conditioned.

2474. F. L. Carreira, Ceará, Brazil.

ASSORTED WINES.

Report.—A large assortment of wines, made from Brazilian fruits, of excellent quality, deliciously good, and kept in a very good condition.

2475. Louis A. Franco, Catamarca, Argentine Republic.

WINE.

Report.—A white Torrontes wine of 1873, excellent in condition, and good in flavor and taste, which only needs proper treatment to make it a very prominent wine.

2476. Hilario Lemaistre, Mendoza, Argentine Republic.

WINE.

Report.—A variety of La Plata wines, white and red, dry and sweet, which show very good treatment, and are excellent in character, taste, and aroma.

2477. Bonifacio Davila, Rioja, Argentine Republic.

WINE.

Report.—“Pinot” wine from San Nicolas; excellent in flavor, taste, and sweetness, but of a certain acidity which might be modified by proper treatment. If successful, this would make it a valuable wine.

2478. Froilan Muro, Catamarca, Argentine Republic.

WINE.

Report.—A white wine from Colegio; excellent in condition and very good in taste and flavor.

2479. Eugenio Guerin, Mendoza, Argentine Republic.

WINE.

Report.—The red wine "trapiche" of 1874 is the best of the large number of red wines of the Republic which were submitted. It is good in flavor and taste, and of heavy body; well kept. That of 1873 is lighter, but the taste not so agreeable.

2480. Francisco Alvarez, Rioja, Argentine Republic.

WINES.

Report.—Several samples of white wines from Mallingasta, of great promise, having a peculiar and, to some, not agreeable flavor, which could perhaps be overcome by careful cultivation and treatment and would make these very estimable wines.

2481. José E. Doncel, San Juan, Argentine Republic.

WINE.

Report.—Wine from Trinidad; excellent in condition and very good in taste, but of an aroma which could be modified by proper treatment, making this wine a very estimable one.

2482. F. M. Coll, San Juan, Argentine Republic.

WINE.

Report.—A very good red wine from the Bordeaux grape, which promises much in this favored climate under proper treatment.

2483. Enrico del Bono, Syracuse, Italy.

FRUITS AND WINE.

Report.—A fine and mild wine; of good quality, of excellent bouquet, and in very good condition.

2484. Manissera Brothers, Alba, Italy.

WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine.

2485. Raphael Budini, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine, cheap, and in very good condition.

2486. Arthur I. Strutt, Civita Lavinia, Rome, Italy.

TABLE WINE AND RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—A fine wine; has a good taste, fine quality, and in a good condition. Also a splendid red table wine, of very fine quality, delicious bouquet, in excellent condition, and extremely cheap.

2487. A. C. Gianoli, Ghemme, Italy.

VARIETY OF TABLE WINES.

Report.—A very fine collection of the most important wines, as from 1865 to 1875; all in perfect order, with very fine bouquet, and of sound, good quality.

2488. Antonio Salibra, Syracuse, Italy.

WHITE WINE.

Report.—White wine, called Albanello; fine bouquet, beautiful and delicious flavor.

2489. Ignazio & Vincenzo Florio, Palermo, Italy.

MARSALA AND MALVASIA WINE.

Report.—Excellent wines. The wines are of good quality, of delicious bouquet, kept in first-class order, and prepared with the greatest care.

2490. Dr. Augusto Malatesta, Modena, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, in bottles and in casks; of splendid bouquet, good quality, cheap, and well conditioned.

2491. Chev: Giraltoni, Bologna, Italy.

DRY WHITE WINE.

Report.—Good wine; of fine flavor and excellent good quality.

2492. Enological Society Scandiano, Scandiano, Italy.

WHITE WINE.

Report.—Excellent wine, of good quality, very delicate bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2493. Giovanni Ravinale, Alba, Italy.

WINE.

Report.—Superior Barolo wine, of excellent quality, good bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2494. Victor Grand Perrin, Bologna, Italy.

DRY WHITE WINE AND SPARKLING WINE.

Report.—Excellent wine, of good quality, fine bouquet, and in very good condition.

2495. Marquis de Cortanze Vittorio, Turin, Italy.

RED AND WHITE WINE.

Report.—Very good Grignolino wine, of very agreeable bouquet.

2496. Giovanni Ortolani, Treviso, Italy.

RED AND SPARKLING WINE.

Report.—A very good, superior wine, purely from the grapes; of good quality, fine bouquet, and in very good condition.

2497. **Unione Enofila, Asti, Italy.**

RED AND WHITE WINES, ITALIAN CHAMPAGNE, AND VERMOUTH.

Report.—Very good wine, of excellent quality, delicious bouquet, and in very good condition; Vermouth well prepared and in very good condition.

2498. **D'Ali & Bordonaro, Trapani, Italy.**

MARSALA WINE.

Report.—Of excellent bouquet and very good quality.

2499. **Conti da Schio Brothers, Vicenza, Italy.**

WINE.

Report.—Well-conditioned wine, of sound, good quality, and very cheap.

2500. **Comm. Ubaldino Peruzzi, Florence, Italy.**

RED WINE.

Report.—Very excellent wine, of fine color, good quality, delicious bouquet, and in a very good condition.

2501. **Count Senatore Luigi Torelli, Milan, Lombardy, Italy.**

RED LIGHT WINE.

Report.—A very excellent red light table wine; of exquisite bouquet, and deliciously good.

2502. **Luigi Galloni, Rome, Italy.**

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—A very good table wine; agreeable to the taste, and pure.

2503. **Andrea Carlo Gabaldoni, Verese, Ligure, Italy.**

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine; agreeable to the taste, cheap, and pure.

2504. **Conte Pier Pompeo Masetti, Florence, Italy.**

DESSERT WINE.

Report.—A good dessert wine, and very cheap.

2505. **Marchesi Giovanni & Agostino Albergotti Brothers, Arezzo, Italy.**

RED WINE.

Report.—A fine red light wine, of fine bouquet, good quality, and fair price.

2506. **Conte Antonio Baldelli, Tuscany, Italy.**

DRY RED WINE.

Report.—A good red wine, and cheap.

2507. Marquis Carlo Mortilarodi Villarena, Palermo, Italy.

RED MALAGA WINE AND WHITE WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, of delicious bouquet, superior quality, and in excellent condition.

2508. Bardi Sarzelli, Count Ferdinando, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINE FROM 1871.

Report.—A very good table wine, and extremely cheap.

2509. Francica Brothers, Monteleone, Italy.

RED WINE.

Report.—A very good wine, of fine quality, good bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2510. Antonio Baldini, Tuscany, Italy.

DRY RED WINES FROM 1869 TO 1875.

Report.—A good wine, of fine bouquet, in good condition, and very cheap.

2511. Marchese Paolo Farinola, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINE.

Report.—An excellent table wine, with a very fine taste, and kept in a very good condition.

2512. Camillo Puliti, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINE.

Report.—A good wine, in good condition, and very cheap.

2513. Degli Albizzi, Marches Vittorio, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINES OF 1869, '74, '75.

Report.—Good table wines, in very good condition.

2514. Avvocato Ippolito Pestellini, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINE OF 1874.

Report.—Good table wine, especially recommended for being pure and cheap.

2515. Chev. Francisco Lawley, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, with fine bouquet, and in an excellent condition.

2516. Budini & Gattai, Tuscany, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—Good wine, of fine quality, excellent bouquet, and in a very good condition.

2517. Luigi Greco Cassia, Syracuse, Italy.

MUSCAT WINE.

Report.—Good dessert wine, in a very good condition.

2518. Baron Francesco Mannino, Catania, Italy.

DRY WHITE WINE.

Report.—Good table dry white wine, and cheap.

2519. Melfi Giovanni Battista, Baron di Sant' Antonio, Syracuse, Italy.

DESSERT WHITE WINE.

Report.—An excellent wine. Highly recommended for its fine flavor and cheap price. Has a very agreeable bouquet, and is perfectly well preserved.

2520. Raffaele Lanzara, Salerno, Italy.

DRY WHITE WINE.

Report.—Of very fine bouquet, and in a very good condition.

2521. Dr. Felice Maltese, Vittoria, Scoglitti, Italy.

WHITE DRY WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, of fine bouquet and taste.

2522. Michele Rossi, Syracuse, Italy.

MUSCAT WINE.

Report.—Excellent dessert wine, of very fine quality, delicious taste, and in a very good condition; cheap.

2523. Chev. Giovanni Boschiero, Asti, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, of excellent bouquet, and in a very good condition.

2524. F. Rosso Tedeschi, Catania, Italy.

RED DESSERT WINE.

Report.—A delicious dessert wine; it tastes of the grape, and is very sweet.

2525. Antonio Bertoldi, Negrar, near Verona, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—Very fine Valpolicella wine of 1874; good quality, fine bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2526. Baron Bettino Ricasoli, Florence, Italy.

VARIETY OF TABLE WINES.

Report.—A very fine collection of the choicest brands of wines; good quality, fine bouquet, excellent condition, and made entirely from the best grapes.

2527. Enological Society Valtellinese, Sondrio, Italy.

VARIETY OF WINES.

Report.—The exhibits of this society are remarkably good, and of first quality. Among their specialties are Grunello wine, Inferno wine, Sassella wine, all delicious. They sell very cheap.

2528. Niccoló Jeno de Coronei, Rossano, Calabria, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—A very good wine; of fine bouquet; good preparation; cheap.

2529. Angelo Guffanti, Voghera, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—A wine of fine quality, good bouquet, and finely prepared.

2530. Pietro Bosco & Sons, Brá, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—A superior red wine; of very good quality, fine bouquet, and kept in exceptionally good condition.

2531. Cavazocca Mazzanita B., Verona, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—A very good wine; of fine quality, good bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2532. Rossi Carlo, Quinto di Valpantena, Verona, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—A table wine of extra good quality, fine bouquet, and prepared with the greatest care. It is very cheap.

2533. Del Settimo, Negarine, Verona, Italy.

WINE.

Report.—A very good wine for exportation; good quality, excellent bouquet, and very well conditioned.

2534. G. Bon Gagliasso, Commendatore, Masserano, Italy.

WINES.

Report.—A thin table wine; good, cheap, and in excellent condition.

2535. Cavalier Gaetano Adorno Puma, Syracuse, Italy.

DESSERT WINE.

Report.—A good wine; of fine bouquet, and in a very good condition. It sells very cheap.

2536. Giuseppe Napoli, Salerno, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—A good white table wine; of good quality, fine bouquet, cheap, and in a very good condition.

2537. Chev. Stella Nunzio, Syracuse, Italy.

WHITE WINE FOR DESSERT.

Report.—A remarkably good dessert wine, with the real flavor of grapes; good quality, fine bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2538. Chev. Salvatore Lanza, Syracuse, Italy.

MUSCAT WINE.

Report.—An excellent wine; of delicious flavor, and in very good condition.

2539. Marquis of Villamarina, Cagliari, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—A good wine; of very fine quality, good bouquet, and in very good condition.

2540. Chev. Michele Romeo, Catania, Italy.

MUSCAT WINE.

Report.—A very well conditioned dessert wine, with the most delicious fine taste, and good quality; very cheap, and made of pure grapes.

2541. Marquis Andrea Rondinelli-Vitelli, Florence, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—An excellent table wine; of beautiful flavor, and in very good condition.

2542. Prince Rospigliose Clemente, Florence, Italy.

RED WINE.

Report.—A very superior red table wine; good quality, fine bouquet, and in a very excellent condition.

2543. Platamone Brothers, Trapani, Italy.

MARSALA WINE.

Report.—A very good Marsala wine, free of spirit, and of delicious bouquet; is of very good quality, and in good condition.

2544. Cesare Paci, Florence, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—A very good wine, and very cheap.

2545. Baron Francesco Cantarella, Catania, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—A very good and cheap wine; good bouquet, good quality, and in excellent condition.

2546. G. B. Terranova, Commillieri, Vittoria, Syracuse, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—A light table wine; of good flavor, cheap, and with pleasant bouquet.

2547. Cesare Galli, Florence, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—An excellent table wine; very cheap.

2548. Giovanni Fracuzzi, Palermo, Italy.

MARSALA WINE.

Report.—Very good Marsala wine; good quality, pure, fine bouquet, and in excellent condition, and cheap.

2549. Ottaviani Brothers, Messina, Italy.

DRY WHITE WINE.

Report.—Good table wine; perfectly kept; in good condition.

2550. Jacobini Brothers, Genzano, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—Very good old table wine, made wholly from grapes, and very cheap.

2551. Duke d'Aumale, Palermo, Italy.

WHITE WINE, CALLED ZUCCO.

Report.—A first-class dessert wine, with delicious flavor, very fine bouquet, and comparatively very cheap.

2552. Baron Bettino Ricasoli, Florence, Italy.

VARIETY OF WINES.

Report.—A very fine collection of the most exquisite wines, of aromatic fruit flavor; of very fine quality, delicious bouquet, and in very good condition.

2553. T. Rouff, Naples, Italy.

VARIETY OF WINES, RED AND WHITE.

Report.—A collection of rich wines, the most *recherché*; of superior quality, nice flavor, and kept in very good condition.

2554. G. Luigi di Salvatore, Palermo, Italy.

RED ALEATICO TABLE WINE.

Report.—An excellent sweet table wine; very palatable, and comparatively free from spirit or alcohol.

2555. Baron Michele Bonanno, Syracuse, Italy.

DESSERT WINE.

Report.—A remarkably good wine; of fine taste, and in very good condition.

2556. Giacomo Facciotti, Gattinara, Italy.

WINE.

Report.—One of the best wines in Italy; extremely pure, good quality, delicate bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2557. Chev. Colomiatti, Avvocato, Chieri, Italy.

BARBAROSSA WINE.

Report.—Good wine, of fine taste, and made with the greatest care.

2558. Antonio Manzi, Naples, Italy.

WHITE SPARKLING WINE.

Report.—Very good in every respect; fine quality, delicious bouquet, and in good condition.

2559. Chev. Domenico Ricci, Rome, for the Hospital of St. John at Laterano, Italy.

WINE.

Report.—Well preserved; of good flavor; contains a very small percentage of alcohol, and is particularly used for convalescent patients.

2560. Marquis Tanara, Bologna, Italy.

TABLE WINE AND DRY WHITE WINE.

Report.—A very good brand of wine; prepared with the greatest care; of very fine quality and excellent good bouquet; one of the best Italian table wines. Also a very fine dry white wine, of good bouquet, and very cheap.

2561. Enological Society Veronese, Verona, Italy.

TABLE WINE AND DRY WHITE WINE.

Report.—A thin table wine; very good, of fine bouquet, and well conditioned. It is specially recommended for exportation. The dry white wine is very good and cheap.

2562. Giuseppe Scala, Naples, Italy.

DRY WHITE LACRIMA CRISTI WINE AND CAPRI WINE.

Report.—Very good and highly esteemed wine, and comparatively cheap. The red Capri wine is of very fine flavor, excellent quality, and in good condition; considered a splendid dessert wine.

2563. Pasquale Scala, Naples, Italy.

FALERNO WINE, WHITE LACRIMA CRISTI, AND CAPRI RED WINE.

Report.—Very delicate wines; of delicious flavor, good bouquet, and in excellent condition. The Capri red wine is a very good and rich dessert wine, of fine quality, exquisite bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2564. Marquis Spinola Brothers, Novi, Italy.

SHERRY WINE AND SWEET WINE.

Report.—Very good sherry wine, equal in flavor, etc., to the most renowned Spanish sherry. Also sweet wine, eleven years old; made from pure, selected grapes; of very fine quality. This wine is of delicious bouquet, and in excellent condition.

2565. P. Cianfanelli, Leghorn, Italy.

CHIANTI WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, of excellent quality, agreeable bouquet, and very well conditioned.

2566. Enological Society of Servigliano, Marche, Italy.

RED TABLE WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine, which retains the taste peculiar to grapes of the locality where they were grown.

2567. Ternavasio G. Russo, Brá, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—A superior select table wine, of very fine quality, good bouquet, and in very good condition.

2568. Francesco Savorini, Bologna, Italy.

WHITE WINE AND CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—Excellent wine; carefully prepared, with fine bouquet, of good quality, and in excellent condition.

2569. Giuseppe Giojuzza, Giobertini, & Co., Palermo, Italy.

MUSCAT WINE.

Report.—The best Italian dessert wine tasted; very fine flavor of the Muscatel grape; delicious bouquet, of very good quality, and prepared with great care.

2570. Eugene Righetti, Modena, Italy.

TABLE WINE.

Report.—Very good wine, of good quality, fine bouquet, and in excellent condition; ten years old, and very cheap.

2571. Cav. Orazio Emanuel Fenzi, Florence, Italy.

WINE.

Report.—Of fair quality and good taste.

2572. Rudolph Sneiderff, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINE.

Report.—A very good table wine, and very cheap.

2573. Marquis Corsini Andrea Neri, Tuscany, Italy.

RED WINE.

Report.—Very good table wine, of delicious bouquet, and in an excellent condition.

2574. P. I. Valkenberg, Worms, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the clean, good taste, the condition, and pleasant flavor of the Liebfrauenmilch.

2575. Henkell & Co., Mentz, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for superior quality and style; also for the excellent making up of the sparkling Hocks.

2576. Heinrich Diener, Hochheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The wine was found excellent in flavor, style, and richness.

2577. Nic. Burgeff, Geisenheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The flavor and style of the fine selected grape wines show careful culture of the Riesling grape.

2578. P. J. H. Brogsitter, Ahrweiler, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality, style, and elegance of the red wines produced on the Ahr.

2579. Jaeger & Son, Büdesheim, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—A selected grape wine from the Scharlachberg was pronounced very striking and superior.

2580. I. A. Krass, Rüdesheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for very good quality and flavor.

2581. Dilthey, Sahl, & Co., Rüdesheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The grand collection submitted contains noble specimens of fine wines from Rüdesheim, showing elegance, style, and good condition.

2582. Aug. Quitmann, Geisenheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The "Geisenheim Morsberg" was fully appreciated as a very superior fine Hock.

2583. J. Erhard, Rüdesheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for the natural body, strength, and flavor of his selected grape wine from Rüdesheim.

2584. Joh. A. Jung, Assmannshausen, Germany.

RED RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The "Assmannshausen" shows all the characteristics of the finest red wine.

2585. Carl Erhardt, Rüdesheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The "Rüdesheimer Berg" was found a noble specimen of this growth, with all its fine characteristics.

2586. J. W. Meuschel, Sr., Buchbrunn, Germany.

FRANCONIA WINES.

Report.—The Franconia wines exhibited show great delicacy in combination, with a natural body and strength, and are well made.

2587. Schmidt & Kett, Eltville, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality, body, and flavor.

2588. Gottlieb Müller, Winkel, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for good, genuine quality and striking flavor.

2589. Adolf H. Bach, Mayence, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for pleasant style and good condition.

2590. Echel Brothers, Deidesheim, Germany.

PALATINATE WINES.

Report.—The wines show high culture and quality.

2591. Pet. Wittemann, Lorch, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—The flavor and style of the wine show good and careful culture of the Riesling grape.

2592. Preusel & Bachmann, Eltville, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good, noble style, in flavor and body, of the "'68 Markobrunner."

2593. Val Kindlinger, Neuendorf, near Eltville, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for elegant style and fine flavor.

2594. Aug. Rössler, Schloss Neuweier, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for pleasant style, agreeable flavor, and good condition; proofs of good culture of vineyards and of good treatment of the wines.

2595. J. Langenbach & Sons, Worms, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—The Liebfrauenmilch is a grand wine. It was found perfect in every respect.

2596. A. Nilkens, Eltville, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for elegance, quality, and good condition.

2597. Ed. Saarbach & Co., Mayence, Germany.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

2598. Ernst Peez Heirs, Oestrich, Germany.

RHENISH WINE.

Report.—The wine was found very superior in flavor and full in body.

2599. Dahlen & Goedderitz, Lorch, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for purity, elegance, and pleasant style.

2600. Frederich Altenkirch, Lorch, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—The elegance and quality of the wines from Bodenthal found the fullest appreciation. Can only be produced with the best culture and care in vineyard and cellar.

2601. G. W. Siegfried, Rauenthal, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The strikingly elegant quality of these wines was pronounced very superior.

2602. F. P. Buhl, L. A. Jordon, Deidesheim, & G. Schellhorn-Wallbillich, Forst, Germany.

PALATINATE WINES.

Report.—The undoubted merits of the grand wines exhibited found the fullest appreciation, and gave a high idea of the excellent culture of the Palatinate vineyards.

2603. I. B. König Widow, Rauenthal, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The "'62 Rauenthal Auslese" was found superior in quality and unsurpassed in bouquet.

2604. Schultz & Reuter, Rüdesheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—A "'61 Rüdeshemer" selected grape wine found unanimous appreciation as one of the finest Hocks submitted.

2605. Wilhelm Zais, Wiesbaden, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

2606. H. I. Fendel, Lorch, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—The good quality of the wines exhibited proves the careful culture of the vines, and good treatment.

2607. J. Forst, Johannisberg, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for elegant style and quality.

2608. Louis Feis, Deidesheim, Germany.

WINE.

Report.—Commended for good quality of his Palatinate wines.

2609. Fritz Lade, Geisenheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The wines were found perfect in body, flavor, and style.

2610. Fried. Seyler, Deidesheim, Germany.

PALATINATE WINES.

Report.—Commended for very superior quality, natural flavor, and body.

2611. Winkel & Rothenbach, Rüdesheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for elegant style and flavor.

2612. B. Rosenstein, Wiesbaden, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Some of the samples showed all the qualities of grand Hocks of the best vintages.

2613. Franz Travers, Lorch, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for striking flavor and good style.

2614. Meyer & Coblenz, Bingen, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—The Scharlachberg wine was found full in body, possessing a striking flavor and the distinctiveness of a well-grown wine.

2615. Baron von Cunibert, Oestrich, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The wines were found excellent in every respect.

2616. G. C. Kesler & Co., Successor, Esslingen, Germany.

SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—The wines show good quality, and a happy combination of body and elegance.

2617. F. Josef Lang, Würzburg, Germany.

SPARKLING WINE.

Report.—A red sparkling Franconia wine; was found very superior to the usual style of red sparkling wines.

2618. Hoehl Brothers, Geisenheim, Germany.

SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—The sparkling wines are well made; they show superiority of flavor and excellent constitution.

2619. Rhenish Sparkling Wine Co., Schierstein, Germany.

SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—A sparkling Johannisberg, showing the characteristics of good Rhine wine; well made up in a most pleasant sparkling wine. A champagne wine called "Rhinegold" was found delicate in style.

2620. Friedr. Kehrmann, Coblenz, Germany.

RHENISH SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality of the sparkling wines.

2621. Dietrich & Co., Rüdesheim, Germany.

SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—The average quality of the samples submitted ranks high.

2622. J. M. Vornburger, Würzburg, Germany.

FRANCONIA SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—The wines show body and clean pleasant style, and are carefully prepared.

2623. J. Oppmann, Würzburg, Germany.

FRANCONIA SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—One of the samples was found the best Franconia sparkling wine submitted; full in body, superior in style and elegance.

2624. Wilhelm Rasch, Oestrich, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for high quality, body, and aromatic flavor.

2625. C. J. B. Steinheimer, Oestrich, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for great delicacy and excellent quality in every respect.

2626. Johann Klein, Johannisberg, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for softness and elegance.

2627. Prince Richard of Metternich-Winneberg, Johannisberg, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—The specimens exhibited of this excellent growth showed superior quality.

2628. Erwin Brück, Assmannshausen, Germany.

RED WINES.

Report.—The "Assmannshauser" exhibited was found noble in flavor and full in body, and proves the careful culture of the vines.

2629. Jung & Co., Rüdesheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for the great delicacy and prominent flavor of their "'61 Rüdesheimer Berg Auslese."

2630. Rothe & Thorndike, Geisenheim, Germany.

RHENISH WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

2631. Labroise Brothers, Neustadt, Germany.

PALATINATE WINES.

Report.—The wines show in a high degree the good quality of well-made Palatinate wines.

2632. Jacob Germersheimer, Lorch, Germany.

WINES.

Report.—Commended for excellent quality and flavor, combined with moderate prices.

2633. Feist Brothers & Sons, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany.

RHENISH STILL AND SPARKLING WINES.

Report.—The quality of the sparkling wines found the fullest appreciation, and could only be designated as excellent in every respect.

2634. Johann Michael Schary, Prague, Austria.

AUSTRIAN FRUIT WINES.

Report.—Commended for the exquisite natural aroma of fruits shown by his fruit-wines.

2635. Franz A. Jálícs, Budapest, Austria.

HUNGARIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the excellent quality of a collection of Hungarian wines.

2636. Franz Pokorny, Agram, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES AND LIQUORS.

Report.—Commended for the excellent composition of his fruit brandies, which in a high degree show the natural flavor of the fruits from which they are distilled.

2637. Transylvania Wine Association, Klausenburg, Transylvania, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the great care taken in rational culture of the vines, as proved by the sound and good condition and fair quality of some of the samples.

2638. Luigi Frizzi, Trento, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the elegant wine of high aroma the exhibitor shows in his "Est Est Est."

2639. Josef Ganz, Dornberg, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for good condition and high aroma.

2640. August Schenkel, Lukaufzen, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—The sample "'74 Jerusalemer" was distinguished by fragrance and elegant style.

2641. A. Schwartzner's Successors, Vienna, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for a very noble and fine "'52 Tokay Ausbruch," and for the good condition of the wines exhibited.

2642. F. Auchmann, Marburg, Styria, Austria.

STYRIAN CHAMPAGNE.

Report.—Commended for very superior quality and good flavor.

2643. A. von Kriehuber, Marburg.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for good condition, delicacy, and body.

2644. First Dalmatian Wine Co., Spalato, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for the good quality and fine natural flavor of the "vino di Spalato soprafino."

2645. Franz Perko, Marburg, Styria, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for very careful treatment and pleasant flavor.

2646. J. Römer & Son, Vienna, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—A fine collection of elegant and well-flavored Austrian wines.

2647. Dr. Othmar Reiser, Vienna, Austria.

AUSTRIAN WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

2648. G. Paulsen, Chillan, Chili.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Report.—Commended for a variety of wines, of good promise, and spirits distilled from grapes, of a very commendable character.

2649. N. Meneses, Rosa de los Andes, Chili.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

Report.—A fine, natural champagne, called Chicha, made without sugar and liquor, in splendid condition; and also for some spirits of wine, showing good bouquet and careful distillation.

2650. B. Dupuch, Limaché, Chili.

WINES.

Report.—A collection of red wines, of six vintages, from 1870 to 1875, remarkable for good, sound condition, purity, fine taste, and careful culture. Also a well-flavored, sweet wine, white, of very agreeable taste.

2651. Manuel Infante, Aconcagua, Chili.

WINES.

Report.—A number of samples of "Chicha," a fine, natural, sparkling wine of various vintages, in first-rate condition; cheap, for such a palatable wine.

2652. Campora Brothers, Santiago, Chili.

WINES.

Report.—1. A well-fermented dry Muscatel, of a perfectly natural and fine flavor.
2. A natural champagne-like wine, called Chicha, of good quality.
3. A good wine from the Bordeaux grape.
4. Very sound, mild, palatable white wines, of good bouquet; of various vintages; especially remarkable, those of 1870 and 1872.

2653. Francisco Rojas, Salamanca, Chili.

WINES.

Report.—A variety of good red and excellent white wines; well kept.

2654. Jose Tomas de Urmenata, Limaché, Chili.

WINES.

Report.—A white dry wine, of excellent character and bouquet, and several vintages of claret (Bordeaux grape), of fine flavor, and in good condition.

2655. R. Montané, Limaché, Chili.

WINES.

Report.—A claret of nice flavor and very light body; the best qualities of a good red table wine.

2656. Bardou Job, Paris, France.

CIGARETTE PAPER.

Report.—The cigarette paper, "Job's French Patent," is of the highest quality and beautifully arranged for use.

2657. Deener, Cissel, & Welch, Georgetown, D. C., U. S.

TWO VARIETIES OF FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color fine; strength very great; adapted for bread.

2658. Joaquim Carneiro Leão Queiroz, Pacos de Ferreira, Oporto, Portugal.

TWO SAMPLES OF CORN MEAL.

Report.—Commended for the following reasons:

1. Variety in fineness and color of the samples to suit the taste of customers.
 2. Soundness of the corn used in the manufacture.
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2659. Deener, Cissel, & Welch, Georgetown, D. C., U. S.

FLOUR FROM WINTER WHEAT.

Report.—Color fine; strength very great; adapted for general consumption.

FLOUR AND MILLING MACHINERY.

2660. Edward P. Allis & Co., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S.

SEVERAL MILLING MACHINES; PAIR OF POLISHED CAST-IRON ROLLERS; A CYLINDER MILL.

Report.—*a.* Downton's middlings purifier. Solidly built and adapted to high and low milling.

b. An Affleck's middlings purifier, well adapted to low milling.

c. A Rymal's millstone tryer, well adapted to intended use.

d. A portable run of stones.

All their articles are substantially made, and eminently well adapted to the uses contemplated.

It is the purpose of these hardened polished cylinders to grind the middlings produced in high milling.

The idea of the cylinders is excellent. These cylinders are of superb finish and substantial construction, and well adapted to the intended use.

2661. Ingraham & Beard, Chicago, Ill., U. S.

THREE SCOURERS, SMUTTERS, AND SEPARATORS COMBINED.

Report.—It is the purpose of this combination to purify the wheat by friction among the grains, and upon the roughened surfaces along which they are moved.

Adapted to its purpose, and, by the combination of the separator and scourer, economizes space.

2662. C. K. Bullock, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

OSCILLATING BED STONE BALANCE.

Report.—This machine is excellent in idea, novel, and the device suited to the end proposed.

2663. C. K. Bullock, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

FLOUR PACKER.

Report.—This machine is admirably suited to the purpose intended, and easy to manipulate.

2664. C. K. Bullock, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

MIDLINGS PURIFIER.

Report.—This machine is called the "Garden City purifier." Well adapted to its purpose in low milling.

2665. Howes, Babcock, & Co., Silver Creek, N. Y., U. S.

EUREKA BRUSH POLISHING MACHINE.

Report.—It is the purpose of this machine to free the wheat from all portions not containing flour, and to finish with the aid of beaters and brushes.

Solidly built, and abrades the wheat to any desired degree.

2666. Throops Grain Cleaner Co., Auburn, N. Y., U. S.

GRAIN SCOURER, SMUTTER, AND SEPARATOR; ALSO WHEAT BRUSH AND FINISHING MACHINE.

Report.—*a.* Grain scourer, smutter, and separator,—solid, compact, and easily adjustable.
b. Wheat brush and finishing machine, a vertical cylinder covered with tampico brush, revolving in a horizontally corrugated, adjustable sheet-iron mantle. Adapted to remove to any desired degree the outer coats of the wheat, easily adjustable, simple, and adapted to the purpose intended.

2667. Blake & Walton, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

BRUSH WITH ANTI-FRICTION ROLLERS.

Report.—The rollers are of vulcanized fibre; the idea is good and adapted to prevent the abrasion of the mill spindle.

2668. Baltimore Pearl Hominy Co., Baltimore, Md., U. S.

CORN HULLING AND HOMINY MILL.

Report.—A mill for the removal of the outer coats of the grain of Indian corn and the preparation of hominy.

Commended for compactness, excellence of product, and capacity of production.

2669. Barnard & Leas Manufacturing Co., Moline, Ill., U. S.

A MACHINE FOR PACKING FLOUR.

Report.—Commended as convenient to work, and adapted to use intended.

2670. Howes, Babcock, & Co., Silver Creek, N. Y., U. S.

EUREKA SMUT AND SEPARATING MACHINE.

Report.—It is the purpose of this machine to free the wheat from dust through the action of wing beaters.

It is simple, but little exposed to abrasion, and adapted to its purpose.

2671. John T. Noye & Son, Buffalo, N. Y., U. S.

PORTABLE FLOURING AND GRIST MILLS.

Report.—Commended for simplicity, compactness, and solidity.

2672. Huntley, Holcomb & Hine, New York, N. Y., U. S.

A MIDLINGS PURIFIER; ALSO THREE BRAN DUSTERS.

Report.—They are easy to handle, and adapted to the purpose intended.

2673. John T. Noye & Son, Buffalo, N. Y., U. S.

WORKING MODEL OF A FLOURING MILL.

Report.—A model of sixteen run of stone, in the low milling system, complete in all its details, including separators, smut machines, millstones, elevators, bolts, middlings purifiers, bran dusters; every part in working order, and running connections made, set up, and put in operation by Robert H. Fenwick, millwright.

Commended for its completeness of illustration, and the intelligence and skill with which all its details have been carried out.

2674. Edward Harrison, New Haven, Conn., U. S.

A PORTABLE VERTICAL RUN OF STONES.

Report.—Commended for solidity and good workmanship, economy and adaptability.

2675. Munson Brothers, Utica, N. Y., U. S.

PORTABLE MILL.

Report.—Commended as solidly made and adapted to its purpose. Mill spindle well arranged for lubrication.

2676. D. M. Richardson, Detroit, Mich., U. S.

PATENT WHEAT POLISHER, SCOURER, AND SEPARATOR.

Report.—Object to purify the wheat by repeated beating and friction of the grains. The machines are solid, substantially made, and well suited to the purpose intended.

2677. M. Deal & Co., Bucyrus, Ohio, U. S.

IMPROVED CALIFORNIA SMUTTER AND SEPARATOR COMBINED.

Report.—Is simple, compact, and adapted to the purpose intended, especially for manipulating large stores of wheat.

2678. Eureka Manufacturing Co., Rock Falls, Ill., U. S.

BECKER WHEAT BRUSH.

Report.—This machine purifies wheat with a vertical cone completely covered with brushes within a conical shield.

It is easy to regulate, substantial and compact in construction.

2679. Turner, Parks, & Co., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio, U. S.

MIDLINGS PURIFIER; ALSO SEPARATOR AND SCOURER COMBINED.

Report.—Middlings purifier. Plan good for low milling. Well adapted for use. Separator and scourer combined. Adapted to purpose intended.

2680. Harris Brothers, Elizabeth, N. J., U. S.

SMUT AND SCOURING MACHINE.

Report.—Designed to purify the wheat with a conical and vertical stone through friction, impact, and play of the centrifugal force. The idea is good, the machine simple and adapted to use.

2681. Charles Kästner & Co., Chicago, Ill., U. S.

TWO PORTABLE GRIST AND FEED MILLS.

Report.—Commended as easy to handle, and well constructed.

2682. U. S. Wind Engine and Pump Co., Batavia, Ill., U. S.

MODEL OF A COMPLETE WIND GRIST MILL WITH THREE RUNS OF STONE.

Report.—Fulfills its purpose of illustration, and is admirably constructed.

2683. Barnard & Leas Manufacturing Co., Moline, Ill., U. S.

BRUSH SCOURING MACHINES.

Report.—Commended as adapted to purify and point the wheat by means of conical brush plates, taking advantage of the centrifugal force. The idea is new and good, in accordance with the principles of perfect purification.

2684. Roland, Francis, & Co., Reading, Pa., U. S.

KEYSTONE GRAIN DECORTICATOR AND SEPARATOR, WHOLLY OF IRON.

Report.—It consists of a horizontal disk covered with a steel brush, and a lower disk of cast iron, presenting a surface of a continuous spiral trough.

The idea is good; the machine is solid and lasting, and adapted to the purpose intended.

2685. Blake & Walton, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

FLOUR-MILL BOLT AND FIXTURES.

Report.—The upper part of the interior of the drum is covered with wire brushes to detach the flour from the bran. Adapted to the purpose intended.

2686. Herbert S. Jewell, Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S.

SEPARATOR.

Report.—Commended for solid and superb workmanship, specially to be commended for the adjustability of the screens according to the relative proportions of wheat and oats, or other impurities.

2687. Leonard & Silliman, Bridgeport, Conn., U. S.

MILLS FOR CORN AND OTHER GRAIN.

Report.—Commended for economy of cost and operation, and adaptability to the various purposes for which it is intended, and for superior arrangement for lubrication of spindles.

2688. J. S. Sutcliffe, Bacup, Lancashire, England.

MIDLINGS PURIFIER.

Report.—The machine works well, and the constant cleaning of the sieves by means of automatic brushes is efficient and specially to be commended.

2689. J. Pernollet, Paris, France.

SIX GRADING MACHINES FOR WHEAT.

Report.—Gradation is accomplished in cylinders; commended as simple and good.

2690. Mayer & Co., Kalk-on-the-Rhine, Germany.

FIVE GRADING MACHINES.

Report.—The gradation is effected by means of revolving cylinders. Commended as well adapted to the purpose intended.

2691. Joacks & Behrns, Lübeck, Germany.

IMPROVED FLOURING-MILL STONES.

Report.—High pressure applied to mill stones for preventing loss of flour, dust, and explosions, and for cooling the product in low milling, by conducting a current of air through the eye of the upper stone and out between the stones. Above is a series of folds of flannel to catch the dust.

Commended as exceedingly well adapted to the purpose intended.

2692. L. Dassonville de St. Hubert, Namur, Belgium.

LARGE BURR STONES, DRESSED AND UNDRESSED.

Report.—Commended as of superior quality, large size, and in solid blocks.

2693. Heidegger, Wegmann, & Co., Zurich, Switzerland.

SILK BOLTING CLOTHS.

Report.—A great variety of grades and excellence of fabric of silk bolting cloths.

2694. Egli & Sennhauser, Zurich, Switzerland.

SILK BOLTING CLOTHS.

Report.—The exhibit includes forty-nine grades of bolting cloths. Commended for variety and excellence of fabric.

2695. Dufour & Co., Thal, St. Gallen, Switzerland.

SILK BOLTING CLOTH.

Report.—Commended for the large variety and perfection of fabric in the bolting cloths exhibited.

SIGNING JUDGES OF GROUP IV.

The figures annexed to the names of the Judges indicate the reports written by them respectively.

W. C. KERR, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 419, 420, 1036, 1037, 1038, 1039, 1040, 1041, 1042, 1044, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1050, 1051, 1052, 1053, 1071, 1075, 1076, 1077, 1079, 1080, 1081, 1082, 1083, 1084, 1085, 1086, 1087, 1092, 1093, 1094, 1095, 1104, 1105, 1106, 1107, 1108, 1109, 1110, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 1118, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1122, 1123, 1124, 1125, 1126, 1127, 1128, 1129, 1131, 1132, 1133, 1134, 1135, 1136, 1137, 1138, 1142, 1143, 1144, 1146, 1256.

G. F. SECCHI DE CASALI, 8, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 395, 429, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 455, 456, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 480, 505, 518, 519, 542, 593, 594, 712, 1139, 1140, 1141, 1170, 1171, 1172, 1174, 1195, 1204, 1210, 1211, 1216, 1217, 1218, 1243, 1244, 1255, 1343, 1361, 1363, 1369, 1389, 1390, 1391, 1392, 1413, 1432, 1436, 1444, 1483, 1484, 1485, 1486, 1487, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1495, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514, 1515, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1676, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681, 1682, 1683, 1684, 1685, 1686, 1687, 1688, 1689, 1690, 1691, 1692, 1693, 1694, 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698, 1699, 1700, 1701, 1702, 1703, 1704, 1705, 1706, 1707, 1708, 1709, 1710, 1711, 1712, 1713, 1714, 1715, 1716, 1717, 1718, 1719, 1720, 1721, 1722, 1723, 1724, 1726, 1744, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1840, 1861, 1953, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2568, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573.

E. H. VON BAUMHAUER, 9, 10, 11, 12, 408, 457, 503, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 903, 904, 1247, 1248, 1364, 1445, 1459, 1460, 1564.

RYLAND T. BROWN, 28, 74, 75, 93, 108, 109, 110, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 193, 199, 203, 223, 364, 365, 367, 403, 404, 418, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 670, 876, 1033, 1175, 1176, 1177, 1178, 1179, 1183, 1184, 1185, 1186, 1187, 1188, 1189, 1190, 1191, 1196, 1197, 1198, 1199, 1201, 1202, 1203, 1212, 1227, 1228, 1229, 1230, 1231, 1232, 1233, 1234, 1235, 1236, 1237, 1238, 1239, 1240, 1241, 1242, 1245, 1246, 1249, 1250, 1251, 1284, 1330, 1331, 1332, 1333, 1334, 1335, 1358, 2658.

TH. SEGELCKE, 29, 30, 127, 671, 672, 673, 674, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 713, 714, 715,

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NICOLAU J. MOREIRA, 37, 38, 39, 40, 190, 402, 440, 442, 499, 504, 507, 508, 509, 512, 546, 547, 548, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 667, 668, 669, 877, 1338, 1339.

H. G. JOLY, 53, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 189, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 441, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 506, 513, 549, 550, 551, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 874, 875, 1026, 1027, 1058, 1059, 1060, 1061, 1062, 1064, 1065, 1066, 1067, 1068, 1069, 1070, 1072, 1073, 1074, 1091, 1096, 1097, 1098, 1099, 1100, 1101, 1102, 1103, 1130, 1147, 1148, 1149, 1150, 1151, 1153, 1154, 1155, 1156, 1157, 1158, 1159, 1160, 1161, 1162, 1163, 1164, 1165, 1166, 1167, 1168, 1169, 1173, 1192, 1193, 1194, 1205, 1206, 1207, 1208, 1219, 1220, 1221, 1222, 1223, 1224, 1225, 1226, 1257, 1259, 1353, 1482, 1494, 1670, 1671.

WALTER S. GREENE, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 198, 758, 766, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 784, 785, 786, 798, 799, 801, 803, 814, 815, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 825, 836, 847, 856, 857, 858, 861, 1743, 2005, 2657, 2659.

E. MARTELL, 54, 401, 458, 459, 510, 511, 514, 515, 516, 517, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 543, 544, 545, 1209, 1252, 1253, 1258, 1260, 1261, 1273, 1274, 1275, 1276, 1277, 1278, 1279, 1280, 1281, 1282, 1283, 1336, 1337, 1340, 1341, 1342, 1344, 1345, 1346, 1347, 1350, 1352, 1394, 1463, 1465, 1466, 1467, 1468, 1469, 1470, 1471, 1472, 1473, 1474, 1475, 1476, 1477, 1478, 1479, 1480, 1481, 1488, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1672, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, 1810, 1811, 1812, 1813, 1814, 1815, 1816, 1817, 1818, 1819, 1820, 1821, 1822, 1823, 1824, 1825, 1826, 1827, 1828, 1829, 1830, 1831, 1832, 1833, 1834, 1835, 1836, 1837, 1838, 1839, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860.

L. B. ARNOLD, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 184, 185, 186, 706, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 905, 906, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000, 1001, 1002, 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011, 1012, 1013, 1200, 1349, 1360.

JAYME BATALHA REIS, 183, 500, 501, 502, 569, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 731, 1348, 1453, 1454, 1455, 1456, 1457, 1458, 1461, 1462, 1532, 1561, 1562, 1565, 1566, 1662, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128,

2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456.

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RUSTEM EFFENDI, 366, 368, 421, 452, 453, 454, 675, 783, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 826, 828, 838, 855, 859, 860, 862, 863, 1288, 1289, 1329, 1362, 1411, 1430, 1431, 1503, 1504, 1533, 1563, 1866, 1883, 1884, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983.

JULIUS WEGELER, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 1254, 1267, 1268, 1269, 1285, 1286, 1379, 1380, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1617, 1618, 1619, 1620, 1621, 1622, 1623, 1624, 1625, 1626, 1754, 1755, 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, 1760, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781, 1782, 1783, 1784, 1785, 1792, 1793, 1794, 1795, 1796, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647.

J. D. IMBODEN, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 767, 768, 774, 782, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 800, 802, 816, 824, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 864, 1323, 1324, 1325, 1326, 1327, 1328, 1351, 2656.

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JUAN MORPHY, 1078, 1412, 1862, 1867, 1868, 1869, 1877, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1881, 1882, 1886, 1947, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2007.

SUPPLEMENT TO GROUP IV.
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REPORTS
OF
JUDGES ON APPEALS.
—

JUDGES.

JOHN FRITZ, Bethlehem, Pa.
EDWARD CONLEY, Cincinnati, Ohio.
CHARLES STAPLES, JR., Portland, Me.
BENJ. F. BRITTON, New York City.
H. H. SMITH, Philadelphia, Pa.

COLEMAN SELLERS, Philadelphia, Pa.
JAMES L. CLAGHORN, Philadelphia, Pa.
HENRY K. OLIVER, Salem, Mass.
M. WILKINS, Harrisburg, Oregon.
S. F. BAIRD, Washington, D. C.

1. Henry Maillard, New York, N. Y., U. S.

DRAGÉES.

Report.—Dragées of a great variety of forms and flavors, showing superiority in quality and artistic shapes.

2. Napoleon Dubrul, Cincinnati, Ohio, U. S.

METALLIC CIGAR MOULDS.

Report.—Commended for utility and adaptation to purpose intended.

3. I. Landsberger & Co., San Francisco, Cal., U. S.

CALIFORNIA CHAMPAGNE FROM NATIVE GRAPE.

Report.—Commended for progress in the manufacture of champagnes.

4. Edward Heaton, New Haven, Conn., U. S.

MEDICINAL FOOD—"IMPERIAL GRANUM."

Report.—Commended for utility and adaptation to purpose intended.

5. R. C. Kinney & Sons, Salem, Oregon, U. S.

FLOUR.

Report.—Commended for excellent quality and fitness for shipment to other climates.

6. Charles G. Am Ende, Hoboken, N. J., U. S.

SALT FOR PRESERVATION OF ANIMAL SUBSTANCES.

Report.—Commended for a cheap and simple method of preserving raw and cooked meats without canning.

7. New York Desiccating Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

DESICCATED COCOANUT.

Report.—Commended for a preparation of cocoanut that has stood the heat of summer, and after soaking is fresh and fit for the trade purposes for which it is intended.

8. Henry C. Blair's Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., U. S.

PREPARED WHEAT FOOD, AND PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS.

Report.—Commended for utility, quality, and fitness for purpose intended.

9. H. A. Chalvin & Co., New York, N. Y., U. S.

LIQUEURS OR CORDIALS, AND BRANDIED FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for an extended exhibit of steam distilling apparatus, herbs, plants, and seeds, bottles, panniers, and rattan covers, all prepared in the United States, for the manufacture and dispensing of every variety of cordial as well as brandied fruits. These cordials possess fine flavor, strength, and purity, showing marked skill and ability in their preparation, fully equaling the imported articles in beauty and quality.

10. Swallow & Ariell, Victoria, Australia.

BISCUITS.

Report.—Commended for variety and good quality.

11. Theodore Meinhard & Son, Venezuela.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS.

Report.—Commended for purity and genuineness of compound.

12. Juan José Barrinso Lopez, La Victoria, Canary Islands.

MALVASIA WINE.

Report.—Commended for good quality and flavor.

13. Giuseppe Cantanzaro, Palermo, Sicily, Italy.

LICORICE.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

14. Cesare Fantozzi, Foligno, Italy.

LIQUORI DE QUATTRO FRATELLI.

Report.—Commended for liquors or cordials of good quality.

15. Baron A. Porcari, Palermo, Italy.

GRAIN, OLIVE OIL, AND PRESERVED AND FRESH FRUIT.

Report.—A fine exhibit of olive oil, preserved fruits, grain, and wine, of excellent quality, the product of his farm.

16. Brenna Santo, Como, Italy.

ELIXIR VOLTA.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

17. Vitiello & Torrese, Torre del Greco, Italy.

WHITE AND RED WINES.

Report.—Wines of Italy, of good quality.

18. Pietro Giacone, Palermo, Italy.

MARSALA WINE.

Report.—Commended for excellent quality.

19. Liccioli Filippo & Brother, Florence, Italy.

RED AND WHITE WINES.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

20. Pietro Ruffini, Florence, Italy.

CORDIALS.

Report.—Commended for good quality.

21. Luigi Cillario, Bologna, Italy.

VERMOUTH BITTERS (WORMWOOD).

Report.—Commended for good quality as bitters of wormwood.

22. Rufus Usher, Bodicote, Oxfordshire, England.

RHUBARB.

Report.—Commended for success in cultivating rhubarb for medicinal purposes, and creating a quality that compares favorably with the best roots.

23. Thomas Smith & Co., London, England.

ORNAMENTAL CONFECTIONERY.

Report.—Commended for a superior and fine collection of gum paste vases, bouquets, wreaths, and ornaments for wedding cakes, very nicely worked. Great and elegant variety of costume mottoes.

24. Gerber & Co., Thun, Switzerland.

CONDENSED MILK.

Report.—Commended for good quality and utility.

25. Delchevalerie, Egypt.

VARIOUS SEEDS, DRIED FRUITS, AND GARDEN PRODUCTS.

Report.—A fine exhibit, well arranged, and showing great care in the variety of the collection.

26. Hivert, Pellevoisin, & Godet, La Rochelle, France.

LA ROCHELLE BRANDY.

Report.—It is of three vintages,—one fifteen, one ten, and one six years old. It is employed to flavor “high wines” and other liquors, and not for drinking alone. Commended for quality and fitness for purpose intended.

27. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons, Port Spain, Trinidad.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS.

Report.—Commended for purity and genuineness of compound.

28. T. K. Bennett, Victoria, Australia.

PRESERVED MEATS.

Report.—Commended for good quality and flavor; well preserved and well canned.

29. Alexander McPherson, Brisbane, Queensland.

AUSTRALIAN FIBRES.

Report.—Commended for an interesting exhibit of various kinds, among which the *Sida Retusa* may be specially mentioned for its properties resembling hemp.

30. W. H. Hayes, Queensland.

CANDIED AUSTRALIAN FRUITS.

Report.—Commended for good quality, having stood the test of a hot summer, unchanged.

31. Poole & Hunt, Baltimore, Md., U. S.

MACHINE FOR MIXING CONSTITUENTS OF ARTIFICIAL FERTILIZER.

Report.—Commended for satisfactory adaptation to the purpose intended.

32. J. E. Hetherington, Cherry Valley, N. Y., U. S.

HONEY AND WAX.

Report.—Commended for a beautiful display of honey-combs and samples of honey of excellent color and taste, as well as for a large display of wax of superior quality; also for a very superior style of package, patented 18th of July, 1876, specially adapted for the necessities of production, as shown by the exceedingly well filled combs. Mr. J. E. Hetherington's apiary is probably one of the largest in the United States, having sold during the running year over 76,000 pounds of honey.

SIGNING JUDGES OF SUPPLEMENT TO GROUP IV.

The figures annexed to the names of the Judges indicate the reports written by them respectively.

HENRY H. SMITH, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 30, 31.

SPENCER F. BAIRD, 6, 11, 27.

COLEMAN SELLERS, 10, 12, 23, 28.

B. F. BRITTON, 29.

E. OLDENDORFF, 32.

