ποίας δ' έορτάς, ἔνθεν οὐ κεκλαυμέναι πρὸς οἶκον ἴξεσθ' ἀντὶ τῆς θεωρίας; ἀλλ' ἡνίκ' ἄν δὴ πρὸς γάμων ἤκητ' ἀκμάς, τίς οῧτος ἔσται, τίς παραρρίψει, τέκνα, τοιαῦτ' ὀνείδη λαμβάνων, ᾶν τοῖς ἐμοῖς γόνοισιν ἔσται σφῷν θ' ὁμοῦ δηλήματα;

1490

1495

1491 In L factum est ἴξεσθ' ex ἥξετ' (non, opinor, ex ἥξεθ',) et habent ἥξετ' B, E, V⁴. Natum est illud haud dubie ex ἥξετ' in v. 1489. Contrario errore T in v. 1489 ἴξετ' praebet, cum praecurrerent scribentis oculi ad ἴξεσθ' in 1491. **1493** τίς οἶτος ἔσται γ' ος Ε: τίς οὖτός ἐστιν ος παραρρίψει coniecit Elmsleius, quod

moments a domestic disgrace, such as that which the sisters inherited, would be most keenly felt. In Athenian law-courts the fact of association at festivals could be cited in evidence of family intimacy: Isocr. or. 19 § 10 έως μεν γάρ παίδες ήμεν, περί πλέονος ήμας αὐτοὺς ἡγούμεθα ἢ τοὺς ἀδελφούς, καὶ οὕτε θυσίαν οὕτε θεωρίαν (public spectacle) οὖτ' ἄλλην ἑορτην οὐδεμίαν χωρὶς άλλήλων ήγομεν. Isae. or. 8 § 15 καὶ εἰς Διονύσια εἰς ἀγρον ἡγεν ἀεὶ ἡμᾶς, καὶ μετ' ἐκείνου τε ἐθεωροῦμεν (in the theatre) καθήμενοι παρ' αυτόν, καὶ τὰς έορτὰς ήγομεν παρ' ἐκεῖνον πάσας. It was the Attic custom for a bridegroom Θεσμοφόρια έστιῶν τὰς γυναῖκας, to provide a banquet at the next Thesmophoria for the women of his deme (Isae. or. 3 § 80), and also φράτορσι γαμηλίαν είσφέρειν, to provide a banquet for his clansmen when his bride was introduced into his φρατρία (or. 8 § 18). 1490 κεκλαυμέναι, only poet.: later poets and Plut. have κέκλαυσμαι: the poet. δεδακρυμένος also occurs in later prose, Plut., Lucian, etc. The festivals were religious celebrations, which would be polluted by the presence of persons resting under an inherited ayos (cp. note on 240). Some word or act reminds the daughters of Oedipus that they are thus regarded, and they go home in tears. Greek sensitiveness to public notice on such occasions might be illustrated by the story in Her. of the affront offered to the deposed king Demaratus by his successor Leotychides at the Spartan festival of the γυμνοπαιδίαι (6. 67). Demaratus drew his robe over his head, and left the theatre: κατακαλυψάμενος ηιε έκ τοῦ θεήτρου ες τὰ εωυτοῦ οἰκία. Contrast the effusive public greeting which Electra imagines herself and Chrysothemis as receiving ἔν θ' ἐορταῖς ἔν τε πανδήμω πόλει (El. 982). 1491 άντι της θεωρίας, in place of the sightseeing (for which they had looked). $\theta \epsilon \omega \rho i \alpha$ is (1) subjectively, a sight-