

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, March 16. *The Daily Chronicle* reports from Washington, that General Wood's Report presented to Congress led to an attack on the Government; Senator Bacon declaring in the Senate that the so-called battle was no more than a massacre of the natives, and that the American people does not wish the Army to be employed for such purposes. Similar attacks were made in House of Representatives. From many quarters the recall of General Wood was demanded.

LONDON, March 16. *Daily Mail* reports from Tokio, that according to an official communication a Naval officer, Kimura, has invented a system of wireless telephony.

PARIS, March 16. Under the Presidency of Francois Coppée a meeting attended by over 6000 persons took place in the St. Paul Gymnasiums. After many excited speeches against the Ministry it was decided to form a league of Catholic opposition.

BJESTOCK, March 16. The private Banks are apprehensive of an attack by armed bands, and demand the protection of building by armed Police.

SEBASTOPOL, March 16. The authorities have established military guards at the local Banks and Credit Institutions, and posted sentries in the pay-offices.

MADRID, March 16. The King and Queen of Portugal have taken their departure.

NEW YORK, March 16. On the Denver Rio Grande Railway two passenger trains collided at midnight near Portland. It is feared that 150 persons have lost their lives. The carriages caught fire and most of the victims perished in the flames.

A WOMAN AS MINISTER OF EDUCATION.

Nowadays, when the political recognition of the claim of women to the rights of a citizen is being discussed in all civilized States, it may serve a useful purpose to call attention to those States in which the question has been solved and all logical deductions from it been accepted.

To these States, assuredly, belongs Colorado, for here even the highest offices of the State are held by women. The well known Dutch woman doctor, Mrs. Aletta H. Jacobs, a champion of woman's rights, passed some time in the United States with a view to studying on the spot the American movement for the emancipation of women. During her visit she was enabled to make the acquaintance of Mrs. Helen Grenfell, Minister of Education in Colorado.

Mrs. Jacobs denotes a whole chapter in her book, entitled "Uit het leven van Meerkwaardige Vrouwen", to this very interesting woman. In Colorado, as in all American States, the holders of the higher offices are appointed by popular vote. It is, therefore, sufficiently remarkable that Mrs. Grenfell, upon whom the popular choice fell in 1896, has since then been twice re-elected. That Mrs. Grenfell has filled her office to the complete satisfaction of all is apparent from the fact that she has always been unanimously elected by all parties. On the occasion of the last election, the democratic assembly of voters decided to nominate her to the office of "State superintendent of Public Education". One voter questioned if this was feasible for the democratic party, to select Mrs. Grenfell as their candidate, since the lady was not a member of the party.

The Governour of Colorado, who himself had just been proposed for re-election, rose and in a fiery speech pointed out that Mrs. Grenfell had never done anything inconsistent with democratic ideas, and that she unquestionably deserved the complete confidence of the party. He concluded his speech with the words: "Mrs. Grenfell is the most feminine of women and at the same time stronger than all you men put together."

And she was re-elected, and became the head of the Education Board in Colorado. The county superintendents of the 57 districts of this State, and, in fact, the whole *personale* of the educational staff are subordinate to her.

Of the many reforms, for which the State has to thank Mrs. Grenfell, one is famed viz. the especial care with which she has transformed the elementary schools into institutions in which the tiny scholars are only too pleased to pass their time. For 1600 American children she founded agricultural schools, and many of the reforms introduced by her have been imitated in other States of the Union.

Mrs. Grenfell and the female voters of Colorado have also introduced other excellent reforms and improvements, which speak for the social political standing of women. For instance, the law under which the giving of alcohol or tobacco to children under 16 years of age is an indictable offence. But it is not the children who drink or smoke that are punished, but their parents or the persons who give them the alcohol or tobacco.

The American women are rightly enough proud of their country woman, who has filled the post of Minister of Education with such signal success, and as a woman, lives a happy family life, and as a citizen, is prized so highly by all the voters, male and female alike.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.

March 17th. 10.0. a.m. Matins.
 March 18th. III. Sunday in Lent. 8.0. a.m. and 12.0. m. d. Holy Communion. 11.0. a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0. p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
 March 19th. 10.0. a.m. Matins.
 March 20th. 10.0. a.m. Matins.
 March 21st. 9.15. a.m. Holy Communion. 10.0. a.m. Matins, Litany and Address.
 March 22th. 10.0. a.m. Matins.
 March 23th. 8.0. a.m. Holy Communion. 10.0. a.m. Matins, Litany and Address.
 March 24th. 10.0. a.m. Matins.

Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.
 Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichsstrasse. Sunday, March 18th. Holy Communion 8.0. a.m. Sunday School 10.0. a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon 11.0. Afternoon Service and address 5.30. Topic: "Haydn, the Father of Symphony." Lent Services: Tuesday and Thursday at 4.0. p.m. Friday at 10.0. a.m. Confirmation Address 3.0. p.m. Sundays. Confirmation by the Bishop of New York Easter (April 15th.) Revd. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhardstrasse 2, at the corner of Bismarckstrasse and Winkelmannstrasse. — Services every Sunday at 11.0. a.m. and 6.0. p.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month. — Revd. J. Davis Bowden, Minister, Bernhardstrasse 2, I.

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GERMAN SOUTH WEST AFRICA.

Herr von Lindequist, the Governour, in his speech at the banquet given in honour of the Emperor's birthday, made reference to a former utterance concerning the possibility of ultimately, by strenuous effort, making South West Africa bear comparison with the neighbouring territory under British control. "Some people have suggested that the English may take it amiss that we should set before us so high a goal. In the first place, after many years practical experience of British countries, I have far too high an opinion of the Englishman's good sense, than to share the fear of timid souls that our British neighbours might be surprised at our endeavours to prevent German South West Africa being behind English South Africa; and indeed they would be the less surprised since they know full well the value of the country, and know, too, that, should we fail to bring it to a condition of prosperity equal to that obtaining in other parts of South Africa, the fault would lie not with the country, but with the dwellers in the country. For commercial reasons our neighbours will recognise the importance of the development of our territory. A people so far sighted, commercially, cannot have failed to appreciate how valuable it has been to the British merchant, farmer and manufacturer to have a solvent German neighbour in a period of severe commercial crisis such as broke out in South Africa

after the Boer war. There is room in South Africa for both peoples. The high roads we are making, will in time, we hope, reach the frontiers, and that will mean the formation of a still closer tie than exists today between the two countries and their inhabitants. Only then will the farmer have no further cause for anxiety where to place his produce, only then will the work, to which our imperial master made reference in his speech from the throne, have reached its conclusion".

A "MODEL" FLEET.

One of the most interesting gifts with which the Kaiser and Kaiserin were presented on their silver wedding day was received from the rowing and sailings clubs in Germany. Ever since his accession to the throne His Majesty has encouraged all water sport with a view to developing an interest in the navy among his subjects, and his interest in the rowing and sailing clubs have secured the "wet-bobs" many privileges.

Their gift took the form of a fleet of eight ships made entirely of silver, small models varying in length from 20 in. to 45 in., and being perfect in every detail. The fleet represents the most interesting crafts from the eleventh century to this day, and shows the historic developments from the Viking boat to the Kaiser's racing yacht, the Meteor. Among the specimens is the old Norman vessel, with shields and colours, the *Lübische Kogge*, which was the great merchantship in the days of the Hansa glory. Then there is the Venetian galley, the large rowing boat of the Renaissance, in which the prisoners were placed chained in irons and made to row to their destination. Also Nelson's "Victory", and so on, including the latest novelties of the present day.

The Emperor was charmed with the gift as a sign of appreciation of his efforts regarding the navy, and he is now deliberating whether he will keep the models in his palace and use them as table decorations on State occasions, or whether he will lend them to the Museum to be seen and enjoyed by the people.

THE ARREST OF HENNIG.

The murderer Hennig arrived at the Stettin station in Berlin on Thursday evening. An enormous crowd had gathered on the platform filled with curiosity to see the notorious criminal. When the train rolled in Hennig was seen seated in a 2nd class compartment guarded by three policemen. He was at once hurried off to a cab which was in waiting, and conveyed to the Potsdam station, whence he was removed to Potsdam. It was remarked that he no longer resembles his photograph. He is very thin and pale; his hair could not be seen owing to the bandage on his head, but his moustache is darker than it was and much stronger. His blue eyes stood out in strong contrast to his pale, wan face. During the whole journey he did not utter a word. That he felt himself completely safe in Stettin is apparent from the fact that the very night before his arrest he was drinking in a restaurant, and then taking a cab he drove through the streets shouting out, "Hennig everywhere"; on the other hand he was constantly occupied in buying disguises and as late as last Sunday bought a false beard.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 15th of March, 1906.

Miss E. Stryhes, Liverpool, H. Angermann.
 Miss H. Wilkins, San Francisco, H. Bellevue.
 Mr. A. N. Wilkins, San Francisco, H. Bellevue.
 Mr. H. H. Wilkins, San Francisco, H. Bellevue.
 Mr. C. Mayer jr., Indianapolis, H. Bellevue.
 Mr. D. Phillip, New Zealand, H. Bellevue.
 Mr. E. Theomin, New Zealand, H. Bellevue.
 Mr. A. L. Mielich, New Zealand, H. Bellevue.
 Mr. E. Wheelwright, New York, H. Continental.
 Mr. H. Morgan, Montreal, H. Continental.
 Mr. A. Tourangeau, Montreal, H. Continental.
 Mr. W. L. Hinman, Chicago, H. Europäischer Hof.
 Miss D. Fay, Berlin, H. Europäischer Hof.
 Mr. T. Jones, Boston, H. Europäischer Hof.
 Mr. O. Plant, London, H. Europäischer Hof.
 Mr. W. Scoles, London, H. Europäischer Hof.
 Mr. C. Scoles, London, H. Europäischer Hof.
 Mr. C. Dana, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
 Mr. A. H. Durban, New York, H. Grand Union.
 Mr. O. Linnert, New York, H. Grand Union.
 Mrs. G. Howard, Los Angeles, H. Grand Union.
 Mr. D. Murray, Los Angeles, H. Grand Union.
 Mr. A. Worsnop, Halifax, H. Hoeritzsch.
 Mr. and Mrs. E. Tanner, St. Gallen, H. Hoeritzsch.
 Mr. M. Lomax, Beckhamstedt, P. Ill.
 Mrs. E. Lomax, Beckhamstedt, P. Ill.
 Mr. A. v. Bülle, Consul, London, P. Ill.
 Mr. A. v. Bülle, Legat. Secretary, Vienna, P. Ill.
 Miss M. Eggers, Columbus, P. Ill.
 Mrs. M. Eggers, Hannover, P. Ill.
 Mr. and Mrs. R. Beck, London, H. du Nord.
 Mr. C. Müller, America, H. zum Schweizer Keller.
 Mr. C. H. Lee, New York, H. Stadt Weimar.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Weather, rainy. Temperature, below normal. Barometer, medium pressure. Wind, N.W.

Mr. for M opinion them by fa trade withou Count the p marine assert on in countr entire of a rival of For tw the res ment i dustrie been a the fas ousting routes, marck system no effe dustry met w had be iron la shipbu which land. was fo facts, a Govern ment 1 At the ing the home r materia builder their ac possible Essen, 5 of any office c as to v apply. many a shipbuil year by employ were 71 in Geru foreign; plates u fact the eally ce few year increase as Mr. employe to 19,46 Mr. Br of Grea by reaso ing, by operation But the mor can guid whole co it, many in a Le article, scientific Germany is not r How oft