



**III. German Industrial Arts Exhibition Dresden 1906**  
 From May 12th to October 30th  
 Ausstellungs Palast in the Stübel Allee.  
 Season tickets, available for all concerts in the grounds, 6.00. Family tickets, 4.00. Each additional member of the Family, 3.00. The tickets can be obtained at the Exhibition and in the "Invalidendank" See Strasse 5.

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Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German, French and Latin.  
 A small number of resident pupils taken. German and French resident governesses.  
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 Direct importation from Habana, largest stock, lowest prices.  
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 with protruding tongues," was the great tank for lustration, or "the bronze sea." The chief parts of the edifice were "the council chamber," and the "judgment hall." In the private apartments were "the banquet chamber," with its golden table and couch. Here the god and his consort fed "upon white bread, honey, milk, wine, and pure butter"—foods untouched by fire—"and each day the pious ruler replenished their table." In the inner part of the building was the harem, where the goddess Bau dwelt, attended by "seven virgins." There was a garden full of beautiful trees and flowers, which cast a pleasant shade, and in the branches of which doves rested. Here also was "the fountain of pure water from which the gods drink." Musicians are mentioned, who played on harps, pipes, and cymbals and on the great horn of the god. Adjacent to the temple-palace were stalls for cattle, including "the great famous bulls that none could pen, and the sacred cows of the moon god." There were folds for sheep and goats and tame gazelles. Here, too, was the stable of the sacred ass of the god, who drew his chariot, and the house of his driver, for the horse was not known as yet. Parks, lakes, and ponds alive with fish were in the domain. Such is the picture of a Babylonian palace, which we see through this description of the temple built by Gudea some four thousand years ago.

**ROYAL BELVEDERE**  
**Grand Concert Daily**

by the Royal Belvedere Orchestra, under the direction of Herr Willy Olsen.

The Concerts begin on Week Days at 7 p.m. on Sundays and holidays at 5 p.m.  
 Admission, at the Gate, 1 mark, or 50 pf. if the ticket is bought beforehand at any of the cigar-shops of the firm WOLFF, Prager Str., See Str., Post Platz. At the Bureau of the Royal Belvedere 10 tickets may be had for 3 marks. Admission to the Side Terrace and Pavilion free.

As to the life of the people, there is a passage in the second cylinder which is of immense value. On the day the Divine King entered his new temple, an octave of festival was proclaimed, a period of joy and peace, thus described:—During seven days the female servant was equal with her mistress, and the man servant on par with his master in his city. The strong and the weak lay side by side. On the evil tongue the wicked words were changed to good, and all evil was turned from the temple. All paid attention to the laws of Nina-Nin-girsu, the orphan was not oppressed by the rich, and the widow suffered not from the mighty." It is curious to notice how closely this happy state in the days of Gudea agrees with that in the golden age of Khammurabi, some five centuries after. One special point to be noticed is the precedence given to women: the wife and mother precede the husband and father, and the maid servant the man servant, and the goddess is often mentioned before her consort.

**THE AFRIKANDER IDEAL.**

A most interesting article came to hand in the last mail edition of the "Transvaal Leader," the writer using the nom de plume, "Afrikaner." It is a startling warning with regard to Afrikaner ideals, and is startling in its pessimistic suggestion as to the possibilities of the future.  
 The writer points out that in spite of all efforts the present Transvaal Government has not found it possible to penetrate the silence of the veldt. From officials come divergent opinions. "One sees nothing in their present conduct but an honest purpose to accept the change, and to make the best and the most of it. Another is troubled over reports of secret meetings in the twilight of the Highveldt dawn, and universal and undisguised hostility to his friendly advances." It is, however, clear that the public utterances of the Boer leaders give no true indication of the true state of Boer feeling. But the bedrock opinion of the best informed is that there will be fresh fighting within ten or fifteen years. There will be "a future uprising of Afrikanerdom. It will be racial on the face of it, but it is hoped, not without reason, that a very large proportion of Uitlanders, English and European, will be ready to throw in their lot with the effort when the time comes."

Meanwhile, the treatment meted out to the National Scouts has been such that in the event of another war all Afrikaners will be "bitter-enders." The humiliating confession and plea for forgiveness prescribed by the United Church has removed the bar of excommunication, but it has not secured renewed social recognition. The ex-National Scouts are still marked men, boycotted by the rest of their kind. It is generally argued by the Afrikaners that it was the services of these men which rendered the conclusion of the war possible, for all Boers insist on "the remarkable and astonishing deterioration of the English as fighters since '80 and '81. Not only was their helplessness on the veldt and their inability to use every veldt advantage more marked, but there was deterioration in fighting value, pure and simple. . . . The officering was very weak, both in the higher ranks in the general devising of plans and also in the lower executive ranks." This deterioration, they argue, will continue; so time fights for the Afrikaner cause.

"There is to be a general Afrikaner rising from the Cape to the Zambesi, for the purpose of throwing off British supremacy. It is to be on the face of it an Afrikaner versus British struggle. But there will be a vast number of Britishers by descent who will willingly throw in their lot when the case is a free and Republican South Africa." They will be promised "a complete revolution in the present mining system. . . . All mines must be confiscated, the precious metals and stores will be declared to belong . . . to the State. The mines will be worked on a purely Socialistic basis." It is a sign of the times that a kind of a general death-bed homily written by Andrius Pretorius, the founder of the Republic, has been unearthed, and certain sentences of it claimed as prophecies. Two downfalls of the Republic were foretold, after which "God himself shall take the sword in hand, and no violence shall be done to the independence of the Republic again 'until the end of the everlasting hills.'" Another factor in the case is the effort to retain the "taal." "The movement to keep the Afrikaner tongue strong and pure, to raise it to the dignity of a recognised and written language; the struggle to retain and establish an independent Afrikaner system of education, where the Afrikaner language and history would be taught from the Afrikaner point of view—all those efforts are directed to the preservation and strengthening of the nationality." The same purpose underlay the

successful efforts made to retain the bywoners in the country and to damp the trek spirit; and it is that which underlies the deliberate reticence of the Boers. One writer thinks, and his view is borne out by the troubles in Natal, that the Afrikaner will now make common cause with the blacks against Englishmen. The writer says that he expects contradiction, that his views will be explained away. His last statement is one that is most extraordinary. "It seems to me," he writes, "a thing beyond doubt that this great upheaval will be succeeded by as great a moral revolution in Afrikanerdom. Its exact form must necessarily be a mere matter of guessing; but judging from past experiences, I am inclined to think it will be a great religious revival."

**LATEST TELEGRAMS.**

**Berlin, May 9.** According to direct reports received here from Valparaiso, the earthquake referred to by American papers was not felt here.  
**Paris, May 9.** The carpenter who was arrested in connection with the bomb explosion at Mont Rouge, declared to the Commissary of Police that neither he nor his associates are anarchists, but adherents of the "Action directe", the Syndicate of the revolutionary strike movement, that they are determined to pursue their aims at any cost, and that, if they cannot obtain by lawful means what they demand, they will resort to terrorism and even to bombs.  
**Paris, May 9.** A search of the lodgings of the three men arrested yesterday in connection with the explosion of an infernal machine at Mont Rouge has shown that they are not anarchists, but they remain in custody.  
**Paris, May 9.** In a fort at Vincennes an artilleryman was arrested, as he was in the act of filling his bread-bag with gun cartridges.  
**St. Petersburg, May 9.** The *Russki Invalid* states, that the Commandant of the rear-guard of the Manchurian army, Nadarow, has been appointed Governor of the Steppes district.  
**St. Petersburg, May 9.** The *Russki Invalid* further reports the appointment of Lieut. General Seliwanow to be Governor General of Irkutsk, and that of Major General v. Schaffhausen, the head of the Railway Administration, to be Minister of Communications.  
**Bologna, May 9.** In compliance with the decision of the Workmen's Committee, the men employed in factories here have gone on strike, as a protest against the proceedings in Turin. Almost all the shops are closed, and the tram-cars are guarded by police.  
**Turin, May 9.** The Workmen's Committee have issued a notice that work is to be resumed this afternoon.

**LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN**

- up to the 8th of May, 1906.  
 Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Fischer, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Miss R. Fischer, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Mr. and Mrs. J. Lewis, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Miss N. Parke, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Mr. C. von Heygendorff, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Mr. B. Wertheimer, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Mr. A. Zeimer, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Miss G. Penhale, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Miss J. Penhale, New York, H. Bellevue.  
 Mr. and Mrs. Batdorf, New York, H. Continental.  
 Mr. H. Melthak, Brooklyn, H. Continental.  
 Mr. and Mrs. Shodbolt, Detroit, H. Continental.  
 Miss T. Dewez, Melbourne, H. Europäischer Hof.  
 Mr. S. Levy, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.  
 Miss P. Jeckyll, Munstead, H. Weber.  
 Mrs. D. Knatchbull, Babington, H. Weber.  
 Mrs. E. Jones, New York, H. Grand Union.  
 Mr. and Mrs. H. Ward, Boston, H. Grand Union.  
 Mr. K. Chapman, New York, H. Grand Union.  
 Mr. A. Brachi, London, H. Grand Union.  
 Dr. R. Beach, New York, H. Grand Union.  
 Dr. H. Frey, Davos, H. Hartig.  
 Mr. J. Shaw, and Family, Liverpool, H. Hoeritzsch.  
 Mrs. E. Terry, Annapolis, P. Ilm.  
 Mrs. Pryce-Phillips, London, P. Ilm.  
 Mr. D. Norman, London, P. Ilm.  
 Mr. P. Ducean, London, P. Ilm.  
 Mr. N. v. Raven, London, P. Ilm.  
 Miss A. Leeb, London, P. Ilm.  
 Mr. A. Mang, and Family, Baltimore, H. Imperial.  
 Mr. R. Selge, Manchester, H. Kaiser Wilhelm.  
 Mr. L. Walls, London, H. Monopol.  
 Mr. L. Peek, London, H. Monopol.  
 Miss F. W. Lewis, Mile End, P. Rudeloff.  
 Miss J. Lewis, Mile End, P. Rudeloff.  
 Miss V. Lewis, Mile End, P. Rudeloff.  
 Mr. J. Jørgensen, London, H. Savoy.  
 Miss E. Prethy, London, H. Savoy.  
 Mr. A. J. Drexel, London, H. Savoy.  
 Mr. J. Rockenschuss, London, H. Weber.

**WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY**

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.  
 Weather, unsettled. Temperature, normal. Barometer, low. Wind, very changeable.