

THE DRESDEN DAILY

Office:
Struvestr. 5^L
open 9-6 o'clock.
Telephone: 1755.

51° 3' 13"
N. Latitude.



13° 44' 15"
E. Longitude.

Expedition:
Struvestr. 5^L
geöffnet von 9-6 Uhr.
Fernruf: 1755.

№ 106.

DRESDEN, Tuesday, June 12, 1906.

10 Pfennig.

"THE DRESDEN DAILY" will appear every morning except on Mondays and days following public holidays. It will be sent to any address in Dresden on payment of a Quarterly Subscription of 3.4. The subscription may commence at any time.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

THE NATAL REVOLT.

Pietermaritzburg, June 9.

It is officially stated that the Government is in communication with Dinizulu, who has expressed a wish to come to Pietermaritzburg and interview the Governor. Ill-health, however, prevents him from travelling, and he is therefore sending several of his most trusted indunas to discuss the whole situation.

The Government is raising 500 irregulars in Cape Town and 200 in Natal to relieve the Militia in the field. The Government has accepted an offer of assistance from the Indian community, and has requested them to provide a company of stretcher-bearers.

With Col. McKenzie, June 9.

Sigananda's people have scattered, the majority hiding in caves, while the bolder spirits joined Bambaata. Two companies trekked at night to join Mehlokazulu. After the fight on the 3rd inst. the rebels consulted a witch doctor, who said that his former decree had failed because they fought in the open. He advised them to fight only in the bush.

Durban, June 10.

The English forces have inflicted a severe defeat on the rebels; Mehlokazulu and 200 natives were killed and many wounded. The English lost one officer killed and one officer and 10 men wounded.

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA.

Paris, June 10.

It is announced today, on high authority, that Admiral Fournier is going to London, where he will be the guest of King Edward.

Among other things, the Admiral is charged with a special mission to study the question of the participation of French warships in the coming Anglo-Russian naval fêtes, and to discuss the subject with the British naval authorities.

It is believed here, at the Ministry of Marine, that it would be possible that French cruisers might accompany the English squadron to Russian waters, and return later with the Russian warships to England.

A FIRE AT SOUTHAMPTON DOCKS.

Southampton, June 10.

A serious fire broke out in the Docks today, whereby a large ware-house and several railway trucks were burnt. The damage is estimated at a million pounds sterling.

THE ENGLISH FLEET.

Alicante, June 10.

The English Mediterranean fleet anchored here yesterday.

DEATH OF "DICKY" SEDDON.

Sidney, June 10.

The Prime Minister of New Zealand, Sir Richard Seddon, died today on board the steamer which was conveying him from Australia to New Zealand.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

THE CHICAGO SCANDALS.

New York, June 10.

Dr. Milnes, formerly Federal Inspector of the Chicago meat Trust arrangements, accuses Mr. Wilson, Agricultural Secretary, in the *Herald* of having been cognisant for years of the disgraceful conditions of the meat Trust arrangements, and of having suppressed reports.

A STEEL MAGNATE'S SUICIDE.

Pittsburg, June 10.

Thomas O'Connor Jones, one of the leading steel magnates of Pittsburg has shot himself. He was only 36 years of age and it is stated that a fear that he was becoming insane prompted him to take his own life.

Georg Seltmann

Photographic goods-
Gruner Strasse 3
Close to Pörschke Platz and near the Exhibition.



Highly recommended
for all photographic requisites.

English Films and Plates.

Developing, printing and all kinds of photographic work done quickly and well at moderate prices.

TROUBLE IN THE SOUTH.

Guatemala, June 9.

Insurgents from San Salvador crossed the boundary into Guatemala, but were driven back by the troops. The Government of Guatemala has, in consequence of this occurrence, broken off relations with San Salvador.

EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

Lancaster (Pennsylvania), June 9.

An explosion occurred today in a dynamite factory at Pequea destroying the factory, killing eleven and severely injuring five persons.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE GRAND PRIX DE PARIS.

Paris, June 10.

The President of the Republic was present at the races at Longchamps today. The large crowd gave him a very cordial greeting. The Ministers and many of the *corps diplomatique* were on the President's stand.

Result of the race:

Major Eustace Loder's *Spearmint* by Carbine-
Maid of the Mint Dillon 1
M. Joubert's *Brisecoeur* by Brio-Christiane Carter 2
M. de Monbel's *Storm* by Ermak-Storny . . . Parframent 3

The race was expected to fall to Maintenon, Mr. Vanderbilt's chestnut, which won the Chantilly Derby, and has never been out of the first three whenever it has run.

Spearmint, who has now brought off the nice double of the English Derby and the Grand Prix was bred by Sir Tatton Sykes and sold to Major Loder for 300 guineas on the same morning that four of his paddock companions realised collectively the sum of 8,350 gs. He is the first horse sired by Carbine, who was imported from Australia by the Duke of Portland, to win a classic race. The last time an English owner carried off the Grand Prix was in 1886 when Mr. Vynner won the race with *Minting*.

THE AMNESTY IN FRANCE.

Paris, June 10.

The Government scheme for an amnesty will apply to the persons condemned on account of the strikes in Pas de Calais and Fresonneville, but will not include the Paris postmen. The Ministerial Council leave it solely to M. Barthou the Minister to take what decision he may think fit as to the reinstatement of these men.

ANARCHISTS IN THE SOUTH OF FRANCE.

Paris, June 10.

In consequence of an announcement that in the last few days large numbers of anarchists have made their appearance in various French sea-port towns between Cette and the Spanish frontier, the chief of the Parisian political police has gone to Montpellier to take the necessary steps for the surveillance of anarchists.

THE AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN DELEGATIONS.

THE EMPEROR'S SPEECH.

Vienna, June 10.

At today's ceremonious reception of the members of the Delegations at the Hofburg the Emperor replied to the address of the President of both Delegations in the following words:

"The assurance of loyal devotion which you have given me, fills me with sincere satisfaction, and I return to you my most cordial thanks. Our relations with foreign Powers have, during the long period which has elapsed since the last sitting of

the Delegations, maintained their absolutely peaceful character. The reckless attack on the King and Queen of Spain has filled me with deep indignation, and I return thanks to a good Providence which has warded off the serious danger from the distinguished young couple. The alliance with the German Empire concluded more than a quarter of a century ago, remains today as formerly, by reason of its defensive and conservative stamp, a valuable guarantee of peace, the preservation and cultivation of which enjoy our especial care. At the visit paid me a few days ago by the Emperor William our intimate friendly relations were once more renewed. Equally friendly are our relations with our other ally, the King of Italy, with whom we find ourselves in welcome agreement in respect of matters that mutually concern us. The understanding we have arrived at with Russia, our close friend, with the object of the restoration of order in the Balkan Peninsula, is in full force and has already borne good fruits. Even if the situation in those districts still leaves much to be desired, it has, beyond all question, improved, and we have, above all, been able to avoid serious complications. The bitter struggle between Russia and Japan has been, to our sincere joy, ended by a peace honourable to both sides, thanks to the unselfish mediation of the President of the United States. The question of the economic opening of Morocco and the share which European States are to take in it, had threatened during the past year to lead to serious complications. We rejoice that the Conference summoned at Algeiras to deal with these differences has succeeded in finding an entirely peaceful solution. As before, so in the future, the leading principle of our foreign policy will be the maintenance of peace in Europe and especially in the Monarchy. The war department remains with respect to the current requirements for the maintenance of the army and navy within the limits of last year's estimates. For the quicker procurement of arms and other war material, which could no longer be postponed, as well as for the speedier delivery of ships and armour plating, further instalments will, according to programme, be asked for. The steady progress in the Occupation Territory has gone on during the past year; important reforms in all branches of the administration have been carried out or are projected. There are still, however, many difficulties in modern development, as for example, the strike of workmen, recently ended, which affected many industries. The railway line connecting Serajewo with the Servian and Turkish frontier in the South East is finished and will be open for traffic on July 1. While I recommend to you patriotic zeal and tried insight, I bid you heartily welcome."

AN ANTI-HUNGARIAN DEMONSTRATION.

Vienna, June 10.

In today's second plenary sitting of the Hungarian Delegation the voting for the committees was taken. During the voting some men who had taken part in a Christian Socialist meeting in the Town Hall appeared before the Palace of the Hungarian Minister where the Hungarian Delegation is sitting, and made a demonstration. The President accordingly suspended the sitting. On its resumption the Prime Minister Dr. Wekerle declared in answer to several complaints that he considered it quite out of the question that such things happened with the cooperation of the Austrian Government. They must not regard the affair as if it was a demonstration of the Austrian people. The sitting was then suspended for the constitution of the committee. On its resumption a motion that the Hungarian and Croatian flags should be hoisted on the Hungarian Ministerial building during the sitting of the Delegation was passed without a division. Many speakers expressed the opinion that the Austrian Government had had no part in the demonstration. The sitting then closed. Tomorrow the committee of Foreign Affairs will sit and the Minister will make a statement.

A later telegram states that during the demonstration a knife was hurled through an open window

of the Ministerial building. It flew close by the head of the Chief of the Hungarian Press Bureau, Herr Abranyi, Member of the Ministerial Council. The Austrian Prime Minister Baron von Beck, called on the Hungarian Prime Minister this evening to express his great regret at the demonstration made in front of the Palace of the Hungarian Delegation. Baron von Beck stated at the same time that a searching enquiry would be held, that the offenders might be punished.

THE TRIPLE ALLIANCE.

Rome, June 9.

The *Giornale d'Italia* writes: "The declarations of confidence, friendship and alliance, exchanged on June 6 between Vienna and Rome can be received by us only with the greatest satisfaction. We and our friends have always regarded the Triple Alliance as a great instrument of peace, and we believe today too, that this great compact cannot be loosed without endangering the peace of Europe." The paper continues that it must be the task of the Sonnino Ministry to remove the irritation prevailing in Germany against Italy since the Algeiras conference.

The *Tribune* says with reference to a remark of the *National Zeitung* that the King had, as a matter of fact, said not: "I ask my two allies" but "I ask the two allies". "It is a question here of a dispute about a word, since the whole telegram of the King clearly shows that he approves of the assurance of the solidarity of the two Emperors."

KING ALFONSO ON THE OUTRAGE.

Madrid, June 9.

In reply to the address of the President of the Chamber at the reception yesterday, the King said: it is deplorable that efforts to improve the lot of the needy are met by incomprehensible criminal acts. Those efforts will not, however, be hindered by the mistaken notions of a certain class of criminals, and the wisdom of Parliament will surely find a solution that will guarantee security to the Spanish people, and protect their means of living from the ill-judged actions of disordered minds. To this end co-operation with the public authorities of other countries is necessary.

THE HERKOMER MOTOR CONTEST.

Vienna, June 10.

The competitors in the Herkomer Contest entered today on the fourth stage of their journey, from Vienna to Klagenfurt. 112 automobiles started at intervals of one minute, beginning at 5 o'clock in the morning. The last motor started at 6.51.

Vienna, June 10.

The Herkomer Contest. A serious accident has happened. In going round a curve near Schottwien on the Semmering road automobile No. 3 broke a wheel. The disabled car was run into by the next behind, No. 11, an axle and wheel of which were broken by the collision. The car No. 51, which was closely following No. 11, in the effort to clear the wreck, ran into the bank and was damaged in the fore part of the frame. No one was hurt, but all three motors had to retire from the contest.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

MORE RIOTS.

Warsaw, June 9.

Armed bands destroyed about twenty shops of the Brandy Monopoly this evening. Three persons were killed and seven wounded during the rioting.

Warsaw, June 10.

The court martial last night sentenced four political prisoners to death.

It is now known that during yesterday's fight over the destruction of the shops of the Brandy Monopoly 6 persons were killed and 18 wounded.

Eupatoria, June 10.

A gang of unemployed today attacked an engine factory and a steam mill in the neighbourhood of Eupatoria. The neighbours removed the sacks of meal on carts. The mill was completely gutted by fire. As the police were unable to cope with the rioters a company of soldiers was despatched to restore order; the damage is estimated at 100,000 Roubles.

AN AGRICULTURAL UNION.

Odessa, June 10.

A union of agriculturalists of the Province of Cherson has been formed, with the object of selling corn direct to foreign countries.

THE RUSSIAN MINISTRY.

St. Petersburg, June 10.

The Vienna political correspondence bureau published yesterday a telegram from their Petersburg correspondent in which the resignation of the Goremykin Ministry is spoken of as apparently a *fait accompli*. The *Birschewija Wjedemosti* in its evening issue prints in black type the news: "The Goremykin Cabinet resigned last evening. The Czar's decision is not yet known." Both the Vienna telegram and the paper's announcement belong to that species of sensation mongering the authority of which is not confirmed; in higher

circles there has been no talk of the retirement of M. Goremykin and his colleagues.

MORE RUMOURS DENIED.

St. Petersburg, June 10.

The *P. T. A.* announces that the rumours appearing in many Russian papers that the Russian Government intend to issue a new foreign loan are without foundation. Pure invention too is the article in *Das Zwanzigste Jahrhundert* entitled "The search for the golden fleece" in which mention is made of a presumably confidential commission of Count Witte to conclude a foreign loan with the help of the former Minister, M. Durnovo. The statement appearing in the above paper and in the *Nascha Gisz* that the Finance Ministry have received a telegram from Count Witte in which he remarks on the reports of foreign bankers in reference to the further realisation of the last 5 per cent Russian loan of 1906, is pure invention. Neither the Ministry nor the Finance Minister have received any telegram from Count Witte.

RIOTING IN TIFLIS.

Tiflis, June 10.

Yesterday morning on the Bazaar square of the town of Eriwan a dispute took place between two Mussulmen and then between two Armenians. A panic ensued among the mob. Shots were fired into houses and shops. Troops were summoned to restore order in which they were successful, and many of the rioters were arrested. 11 Armenians and 2 Mussulmen were killed and 11 persons wounded in the riot. Both sides demand that the guilty should be arrested and tried by court martial.

ARREST OF AN ANARCHIST.

Petrosény (Hungary), June 10.

A man coming from Roumania has been arrested here, on whom were found anarchist writings, many false passes and letters in cypher. One of the latter, dated May 31 appears to be concerned with an attempt to murder European rulers. The man has been sent to Buda Pesth.

NEWS FROM ITALY.

THE POPE.

Rome, June 10.

The Pope, accompanied by the court dignitaries, proceeded today to St. Peters for the veneration of the lately canonised Father Buenaventura of Barcelona. The act was witnessed by 6000 invited guests. The Pope is enjoying the best of health.

MORE EARTHQUAKES.

Rome, June 10.

Earthquakes were felt today in Pizzo, Tropea, Messina, and Reggio di Calabria.

Monteleone, Calabria, June 10.

Two sharp shocks of earthquake occurred here last night, causing the inhabitants to rush out of their houses. No damage was done.

THE CONGO STATE.

The report of the Committee appointed in the affair of the Congo, is accompanied by two letters in which the King approves of the measures laid before him and claims the Congo State as his own, since it was created by him and with his own resources; any interference by foreigners would be an usurpation. In the letters a wish is expressed that Belgium should take over the Congo State with all its burdens and its advantages, as soon as a suitable moment has arrived; the letters combat the idea that a parliament or responsible Government should be given to the Congo State. Further, an increase in the grant for fighting the sleeping sickness is demanded, and the abolition of slavery and the prevention of the introduction of alcohol are again called to mind. Finally a loan is announced which can be drawn upon when necessary.

In the official journal of the Congo State the report on the measures proposed by the Commission of Enquiry is published. These measures consist, among others, of an extension of the landownership of natives, of the removal of the tax on labour or production, of an amelioration of the portage system, and of the recognition of the principle that the State, in conjunction with the companies, is alone allowed to undertake warlike operations. It is also contemplated to introduce a tax on the earnings of the companies, to erect schools for native artisans, and to improve the legal system &c.

Latest Telegrams on page 4.

RECORD IN LINERS.

The blue riband of the Atlantic, wrenched from British liners by the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, and retained by the Kronprinz Wilhelm and the Deutschland, has been secured to Germany for a decade by the Kaiser Wilhelm II., with its record speed of twenty-three and a half knots, total indicated horse-power of 38,000, gross tonnage 20,000, moulded depth of 52ft. 6in., and 72ft. breadth.

In length, this Atlantic greyhound was not so great an advance upon the Oceanic, Britain's premier high-speed vessel; but in all else, and especially in

the three knots advantage of her minimum average speed, it has been another case of Eclipse first and the rest nowhere.

The Cunard Steamship Company, under agreement with the British Government—signed, sealed and delivered as far back as 1903—will change all this in the launching of the twin leviathans, the Lusitania and the Mauritania, at Clydebank and at Wallsend respectively. From Thursday, when the Lusitania was launched on the Clyde, England became Mistress of the Seas, and the Kaiser Wilhelm II. will have to dip her flag to the new Cunarder in acknowledgment of the transferred leadership of the magnificent Atlantic fleet. The recovery of this prestige has been no half-hearted affair. It has been not a question of merely getting the nose of the new Cunarder in front of her great German rival at Sandy Hook. The superiority from today will be visible and marked, the observed of all observers. Formidable as the task of improving upon a speed of twenty-three and a half knots has been, it may be accomplished with an ease which will only too effectually hide from all but the expert intelligence the exceptional drafts which have been made upon constructive skill, ingenuity, inventive genius, enterprise and expenditure in the achievement.

At the outset, then, a few striking facts may be stated concerning the cost, in brains, labour and hard cash, of the recapture by England of the blue riband of the Atlantic. Under the Cunard agreement with the Government, each of the liners whose huge hulls are now conspicuous objects on the Tyne and the Clyde will cost £1,300,000—a million and a half, one may be sure, by the time the inevitable "extras" have been covered. Thirty thousand tons of material will be wrought into each vessel before the task of the shipbuilders is done. To ensure, a clear gain of but one knot in speed the indicated horse-power of the Cunarders will be 68,000, instead of 38,000—over 75 per cent. in excess of that of the Kaiser Wilhelm.

It follows as a matter of course that the German vessel's dimensions will be considerably exceeded all round. The "Lusitania" and her sister ship will be 790ft. in length over all, 88ft. broad, and 60ft. 6in. moulded depth—which means that they will be 84ft. longer, 16ft. greater in beam, and 8ft. in depth, with a displacement of 40,000 tons, as against 36,000 tons.

These colossal figures will convey their own impressive facts to those who go down to the sea in ships. But, as most people still, by circumstances or through a perfectly natural preference, remain in the sailors' contemptuous category of landlubbers, some more popular method of conveying a sense of the new wonder which is being wrought in the marine engineering world must be sought. Standing on the just rivetted plates of the liner deck, the spectator looks down what is literally a lane of iron with a far distant glimpse of the haze over the river on the edge of which the sixty-ton stern frame—a single casting—rests. When the captain of the Lusitania paces his bridge, his eyes will be about 110ft. above the line of the keel of his vessel.

Down either of the four monster funnels of the liner two North-Eastern engines could run abreast. The volumes of smoke will issue from these gaping mouths at a height of 154ft. above the keel. And, the consumption of coal per day will attain the respectable total of 1,000 tons, so that each journey across the Atlantic—now rapidly approaching the ideal of four days and a half—will mean quite a presentable little coal bill for the Cunard Steamship Company to pay.

If the two masts of the Lusitania, rising 210ft. above her keel, were placed beside St. Paul's Cathedral, they would show 2ft. above the two corner towers. Every feature of the leviathans is, indeed, on the grand scale, and the Americans, to whom the greatest thing on earth, whether it be circus or waterfall, makes instant appeal, will be delighted beyond measure with the new Atlantic toys. Take the chain-cables by way of further illustration. They are unquestionably the largest ever cast for any ship. Each of the iron links is 22 1/2 in. in length, 3 3/4 in. in diameter at the smallest part, and weighs 160lb. Tested at Lloyd's proving-house with a strain 100 per cent. above Admiralty proof-strain, a tension of over 370 tons, the full power of the testing machine being applied, the links remained unbroken.

Above and beyond all the other departures which have been made in the design of the new Cunarders, however, the deliberate adoption of steam turbines, instead of reciprocating engines, with four shafts and propellers, is that fraught with the greatest significance. Sir William H. White has said that it "involves an experiment of great novelty; but it has been undertaken after full inquiry, and promises to be successful, while its potential advantages are very considerable."

"LAYING RECORD."

Mrs. Westwood, of the village of High Easter, near Chelmsford, England, owns a hen which recently laid two eggs within two hours. This prolific bird, whose unfeminine name is "Jimmy", has also on previous occasions laid an egg in the morning and another one in the evening.

ROY
This ev
Second d
Siegfried
The Wan
Alberich
Blime
Fafner
Brünhild
Erda
Voice of
PLAT.
loved by
whom he
him the
Blime weid
as the Wa
never know
forget the
Fafner, in
warns him
dragon, an
Tasting it,
tells him
that Mime
Ring and
Brünhild
Wotan is
over the
Siegfried's
and Wotan
Gods", St
who, discov
Compose
(See the
Carl Tittm

RC
This c
Tr
Der Herr
Raphael
Gabriel
Michael
Mephisto

Faust...
Wagner,
Mephisto
Der Erdg

Handwerl
Lieschen,
Agathe,
Dienstmä

Bürger...
Schüler...
Ein Bettl
Ein Alte
Ein alter
Ein junge
Ein Schül
Frosch...
Braucher...
Siebel...
Altmeyer
Eine Hex
Meerkater
Margarete
Valentin,
Frau Mar
Ein böser

H^{ch.} W^{m.} Bassenge & Co.

12, Prager Str. **Bank.** 12, Prager Str.

Payments on all Letters of Credit. Exchange of Circular-Notes,
Cheques and foreign money at most favourable rates.

Postal Orders. English and American newspapers.

Office hours 9—1, 3—6, Saturdays 9—3.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 6, ending about 10.15

SIEGFRIED.

Second day to the Trilogy: "Der Ring des Nibelungen."
By Richard Wagner.

Cast:

Siegfried	Herr Burrian.
The Wanderer	Herr Perron.
Alberich	Herr Plaschke.
Mime	Herr Rüdiger.
Fafner	Herr Wachter.
Brünnhilde	Frau Wittich.
Eda	Fräul. v. Chavanne.
Voice of the wood-birds	Frau Wedekind.

PLOT. Siegfried, Sieglinde's son, has been brought up in the forest by the dwarf Mime, Alberich's brother. He questions Mime, whom he instinctively hates, about his mother. The former gives him the fragments of Siegmund's sword, and Siegfried, bidding Mime weld them anew, rushes into the woods. Wotan, disguised as the Wanderer, appears and tells Mime that only he who has never known fear can forge the sword. Siegfried returns and forges the sword, while Mime promises to teach him what fear is. Fafner, in the guise of a dragon is guarding his gold; Wotan warns him of Siegfried's approach. Siegfried arrives and kills the dragon, and in doing so gets a drop of it's blood on his finger. Tasting it, he understands the language of the wood-bird, which tells him to seek for the Tarnhelm and the Ring, and warns him that Mime is going to try to poison him; Siegfried obtains the Ring and kills Mime. The bird then tells him of the sleeping Brünnhilde and he sets out to find her, preceded by the bird. Wotan in vain seeks counsel of Eda, the earth-mother, how to avert the impending doom of the gods, and attempting to bar Siegfried's way with his spear, Siegfried shatters it with his sword, and Wotan retires to Walhalla to await the "Twilight of the Gods". Siegfried plunges through the fire, awakens Brünnhilde, who, discovering that he is Sieglinde's son, yields herself to him.

Composer: Richard Wagner, born 1813, died 1883.
(See the Standard-Opernglass by Charles Annesley; for sale at Carl Tittmann's bookshop, Prager Strasse 19, price 3.80 50 A.)

Tomorrow, Wednesday, at 7.30 p.m.

RIGOLETTO.

ROYAL THEATRE NEUSTADT.

This evening, beginning at 6, ending after 10

FAUST.

Tragedy by Goethe. Music by Arno Kleffel.

Prolog im Himmel.

Der Herr	.....	.....
Raphael	.....	Fräul. Diacono.
Gabriel	.....	Fräul. Serda.
Michael	.....	Frau Salbach.
Mephistopheles	.....	Herr Mehnert.

Der Tragödie I. Teil.

In five Acts.

Cast:

Faust	.....	Herr Wiecke.
Wagner, sein Famulus	.....	Herr Müller.
Mephistopheles	.....	Herr Mehnert.
Der Erdgeist	.....	Herr Winds.
Handwerksburschen	.....	Herr Olbrich.
Lieschen, Agathe, Dienstmädchen	.....	Herr Jächter.
Bürger	.....	Herr H. Neumann.
Schüler	.....	Herr Helsing.
Ein Bettler	.....	Herr René.
Ein alte Bauer	.....	Frau Gasny.
Ein junger Bauer	.....	Fräul. Leder.
Ein Schüller	.....	Fräul. Dettmer.
Frosch	.....	Fräul. Krüger.
Brandner	.....	Herr Wogritsch.
Siebel	.....	Herr Höhnert.
Altmeyer	.....	Herr Walther.
Ein Hexe	.....	Herr Dettmer.
Meerkater	.....	Herr Leichert.
Margarethe, ein Bürgermädchen	.....	Herr Ricken.
Valentin, ihr Bruder	.....	Fräul. Schendler.
Frau Marthe, ihre Nachbarin	.....	Herr Eggert.
Ein böser Geist	.....	Herr Taudien.
		Herr Gebühr.
		Herr Gunz.
		Herr Huff.
		Herr P. Neumann.
		Herr Bauer.
		Frau Firl.
		Susi Gassert.
		Elsa Ricken.
		Fräul. Egenolf.
		Herr Decarli.
		Fräul. Platt.
		Fräul. Ulrich.

Tomorrow, Wednesday, at 7.30 p.m.

DER BIBERPELZ.

REPertoire OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

OPERA HOUSE.

Thursday: Götterdämmerung. 6 p.m.
Friday: Hoffmann's Erzählungen. 7.30 p.m.
Saturday: Carmen. 7 p.m.
Sunday, June 17th: Evangelimann. 7.30 p.m.
Monday, June 18th: Undine. 7.30 p.m.

SCHAUSPIELHAUS.

Thursday: Die Braut von Messina. 7.30 p.m.
Friday: Agnes Bernauer. 7 p.m.
Saturday: Die Welt, in der man sich langweilt. 7.30 p.m.
Sunday, June 17th: Wilhelm Tell. 7 p.m.
Monday, June 18th, closed.

RESIDENZ THEATRE.

Schauspielgesellschaft des Direktors Paul Linsemann:

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

DEMI MONDE.

Comedy in five Acts by Alexander Dumas son.

Cast:

Vicomtesse von Vernières	.....	Alwine Arendt.
Marcelle, ihre Nichte	.....	Elsa Sarto.
Valentine von Santis	.....	Henny Alsen.
Susanne Baronin d'Ange	.....	Nina Sandow.
Olivier von Jalin	.....	Willy Hagen.
Raymond von Nanjac	.....	Hans Stock.
Marquis von Thonnerins	.....	Ernst Legal.
Hippolyte Richond	.....	Georg Mendel.
Sophie, Susannens Kammermädchen	.....	Lena Waltin.

Tomorrow, Wednesday, at 7.30 p.m.

DEMI MONDE.

THE ROYAL BELVEDERE.

Programme for this evening: —

1. March, "Alt Berlin"	.....	F. v. Blon.
2. Overture, "Die vier Haimonskinder"	.....	Balfe.
3. Scene from Act III. of "Tannhäuser"	.....	Wagner.
4. "Lichtertanz und Hochzeitszug" from the opera "Feramors"	.....	Rubinstein.
5. Overture, "Das Nachtlager"	.....	Kreutzer.
6. "Wie berührt mich wundersam", Trumpet solo (Herr Brückert)	.....	Bendel.
7. Selection from the opera "La Juive"	.....	Halévy.
8. Overture, "Czar und Zimmermann"	.....	Lortzing.
9. Vorspiel to Act IV "König Manfred"	.....	Reinecke.
10. Waltz, "Weaner Madln"	.....	Ziehrer.
11. Nigger Serenade	.....	Pryor.



PAUL MARCUS, Architect

DRESDEN-STREHLEN, Mockritzer Strasse 6.

Telephone 548.

Buildings erected, restored or altered.

Excellent testimonials as to efficiency of work. Designs and Estimates at reasonable charges.

THE RING. Enormous audiences filled the Opera House on Saturday and Sunday to witness the performances of the first two parts of the *Ring*. In *Rhinegold* chief interest centred in Herr Burrian's assumption of the role of Loge. Clad in the traditional flame robes and with a curious satyr-like make-up, the short straggly, wispy beard giving a marvellously impish touch to his appearance, Herr Burrian was always a fantastic and interesting figure, but his conception of the part is too much in the vein of low comedy to be altogether satisfying. The new arrangement of the final scene was much admired. The old solid-looking rainbow bridge, over which the Gods processed to Walhalla and which offered no illusion whatever to any one sitting above the parquet, inasmuch as the steep steps on which the Gods were standing were plainly visible, has now been done away with and across a new back cloth on which is depicted a very imposing Walhalla, is painted a transparent rainbow, which has the advantage of looking really like a rainbow, and as the gods only arrive at its foot as the final chord sounds the illusion is no way spoiled.

The performance of the *Walküre* was in every way a very fine one. Frau Wittich and Herr Perron were in excellent voice and the vast audience was moved to great enthusiasm by their magnificent and convincing rendering of the final scene.

LOCAL.

DRESDEN LAWN TENNIS CLUB.

We omitted to mention that at the recent tournament prizes were kindly presented by H. E. Viscount and Lady Gough, Mrs. Greene, Mrs. Gould and the Rev. M. S. and Mrs. Farmer.

We regret that we did Mrs. Faunce, who played an extremely steady game throughout the tournament, an injustice. In reporting her match against Comtesse E. Soumarokoff we stated that she lost two sets to love. As a matter of fact three sets were played, of which Mrs. Faunce won one, being the only lady to take a set off Comtesse E. Soumarokoff.

Mr. Gould had hard luck in the tournament, being on the wrong side of the draw, and in both the open and handicap singles finding Mr. Rhodes opposed to him in the semi-final. Had he been on the other side of the draw, he would most probably have been in both finals and got a prize, instead of having to go empty away. He and his partner were by no means at their best in the men's doubles and should certainly have reached the final, instead of being knocked out in the first round. Baron J. v. Huppmann was playing very wildly and perhaps wastes too much energy on a terrific first service which too often fails to come off.

The mixed doubles supplied the two closest matches of the whole tournament. In the second set of their third round Miss K. Virgin and Mr. Rhodes had a ding-dong match against Mrs. Faunce and Baron P. v. Knorring, no less than 22 games being played before the former pair took the set. In one game Rhodes took the advantage point five times running, but each time v. Knorring's service was too good for his partner and the score was brought back to deuce. Another close match was that between Baroness L. v. Knorring and the Rev. M. S. Farmer and Miss Greene and Baron J. v. Huppmann. The first set was played in the late afternoon and Miss Greene and her partner took the set after a hard fight by 11 games to 9. Unfortunately the light was so bad that the Committee were forced to postpone the finish of the match till next day, when Baroness v. Knorring and Farmer found their opponents a bit off their game and took two sets off them 6-2, 6-2.

In the four events for which he had entered Mr. Rhodes won 180 games and only lost 91. In the ladies' handicap singles Comtesse E. Soumarokoff's average was even better, as she won 52 games to 22.

ROYAL BELVEDERE

Grand Concert Daily

by the Royal Belvedere Orchestra, under the direction of Herr Willy Olsen.



The Concerts begin on Week Days at 7.30 p.m. on Sundays and holidays at 5 p.m.

Admission, at the door, 1 mark, or 50 pf. if the ticket is bought beforehand at any of the cigar-shops of the firm WOLFF, Prager Str., See Str., Post Platz. At the Bureau of the Royal Belvedere 10 tickets may be had for 3 marks, up to 6 p.m. Admission to the Side Terrace and Pavilion free.

First-rate institution for

Breathing exercises, Hygienic Gymnastics, Singing.

Recommended by doctors.—Private Lessons and classes.

Bianca Morill, Dresden, Räcknitz Strasse 1. 4—5 p.m.

Your Photograph on a postcard!

From 1.80 a dozen.
12 Cabinets from 3.80 a dozen.
12 Cartes from 1.80 a dozen.
Enlargements of any photograph
Richard Jähmig, Marien Strasse 12.
Bring this advertisement, we give you one picture free!

AIR, LIGHT, AND SWIMMING BATHS

combined with out-door Gymnastics and Games.

"Air baths" in the open, and electric-light baths under a roof, are recognised means of natural hygiene; swimming baths abound, if they might with advantage be much increased in number; the combination of gymnastics with air baths and swimming baths is in a greater or less degree the rule. But as yet there are only few establishments, if any but the one here to be described, where provision is made at once for "bathing" at will in air and sunshine (when the clouds allow) or in water, and for exercising the limbs *al fresco*, not only with the help of gymnastic apparatus, but in games.

The narrow-gauge railway from Radebeul (ten minutes by train from the Dresden-Neustadt station) to Moritzburg and Radeburg winds up the picturesque and shady Lössnitzgrund. About half-way, where the ravine widens sufficiently to admit of the formation of a boating lake, a summer Restaurant and play-ground, there is a station (Lössnitzgrund); and near it a small placard may be noticed, pointing out the way to "Bilz, Luft-Licht-Bad". If that indication be followed, a few minutes' stroll through the wood up the West bank of the ravine brings the pedestrian to the main entrance of the new Bilz public open-air gymnasia *cum* swimming baths and parks—for there are two similar establishments, one being for families and ladies, the other for men and boys. Another hundred paces or so, and the two separate entrances are reached, one on either hand.

On two breezy hill-tops, so high and so sheltered that they cannot be overlooked, pleasantly undulating and delightfully wooded where the ground has not been cleared of timber, these parks and play-grounds have been laid out, at great cost and with true love of nature. The idea is that, once within the precincts, the "bather" exchanges the garb of town or country for that of the sea-shore or bathing machine, and then proceeds to pass unlimited time (so far as the rules go) in swimming, or basking—on wooden couches if he likes them, or on turf or sand—in swinging, in playing skittles, or tennis, or in gymnastics.—There are a large number of cabins for undressing and dressing. On the "family" hill there is a children's "carrousel", and among the woods many posts have been set up for hammocks.

The terms are very moderate; ranging from 4 Marks for a monthly ticket to 30 Pfennigs for a single admission, or 20 Pfennigs for a child.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 1st Grenadier Regiment No. 100. The band plays about 12.40 p. m. in the Neustadt.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 9th of June, 1906.

Mr. and Mrs. Fr. Feil, Philadelphia, H. Bristol.
Prof. E. Westergaard, Edinburg, H. Bristol.
Mr. G. F. Painter, London, H. Bellevue.
Mr. F. G. Painter, London, H. Bellevue.
Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Rumpp, Philadelphia, H. Bellevue.
Mr. R. Corbisson, New York, H. Bellevue.
Mr. W. Benjamin, New York, H. Bellevue.
Miss E. Prentico, New York, H. Bellevue.
Mr. J. Brandt, New York, H. Bellevue.
Mr. J. Powell, London, H. Bellevue.
Mr. W. Wright, Manchester, H. Bellevue.
Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Günther, Baltimore, H. Bellevue.
Mr. and Mrs. G. Günther, Baltimore, H. Bellevue.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Mac Coman, Liverpool, H. Bellevue.
Mr. J. M. Kerr, and Family, Melbourne, H. Stadt Berlin.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Rosicky, Omaha, H. Central.
Dr. A. H. Schmolke, New York, H. Curländer Haus.
Miss L. M. A. Mac Ketric, New York, H. Curländer Haus.
Miss I. L. Kaufmann, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
Miss E. Thompson, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
Miss F. Levene, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. A. Steinberger, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. A. R. Katz, Baltimore, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. and Mrs. D. Abbes, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. W. A. Lentillon, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mrs. L. N. Asiel, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. G. Webster, Manchester, H. Grand Union.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Stadler, New York, H. Grand Union.
Mr. E. Husklason, London, H. Grand Union.
Mr. W. H. Harrison, London, H. Grand Union.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Lange, St. Louis, H. Hospiz.
Mr. C. Andersch, Grand Rapids, H. z. d. vier Jahreszeiten.
Mr. and Mrs. Andersch, Grand Rapids, H. z. den vier Jahreszeiten.
Miss Willis, Nottingham, H. z. den vier Jahreszeiten.
Mr. M. Doppall, London, H. z. den vier Jahreszeiten.
Mr. H. Susmann, Manchester, H. Monopol.
Mr. P. Enulle, America, H. Neustädter Hof.

Hotel Victoriahöhe, Loschwitz
Hotel and Pension.
Wonderfully fine view. Excellent cooking.
Exquisite attendance.
Wines and beers from the best firms.
English spoken.

Güntz Swimming Bath

Telephone 4413 3 Elbberg 3 Telephone 4413

(close to Amalien Platz)

Trams to all parts of the town.

Two large Swimming Baths, for Ladies and Gentlemen

open all day long.

Competent Swimming Instructors.

Season Tickets.

Irish-Roman and Russian Baths

(reserved for ladies on Wednesday).

Private Baths. 2 Classes.

Special room for washing dogs.

WORCESTER HOUSE SCHOOL

preparatory for Schools and Universities.

Thorough English education.

Instruction in English or German.

Boarders received.

Private instruction if desired.

H. VIRGIN, M. A. Oxford. Gutzkow Strasse 19.

Established 1836
Schramm & Echtermeyer, Dresden-A.
15, See Strasse (Minister Hotel) Telephone 2595. 27, Landhaus Strasse Telephone 3285.
500 brands of cigars
from 24 Marks to 15000 Marks per thousand.
Direct importation from Habana, largest stock, lowest prices.
250 kinds of cigarettes. Tobacco. Briar Pipes.
Catalogues sent free on application.

Bed-feathers and Down

Quilts of all kinds manufactured
Old established business

Osmar Fröhner formerly O. Neduschka
9 Scheffel Strasse 9.

Kurhaus Klein-Zschachwitz

Hotel and Restaurant.

Opposite the Royal Castle at Pillnitz.

Delightful summer Resort. Large Pinewoods.

Pension from 5.80 upwards.

Every Wednesday

Grand Military Concert in the Waldpark.

Proprietor: Joseph Heinrich.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH,
Wiener Strasse.

Wednesday, June 13th. 11.0 a. m. Matins and Litany.

Thursday, June 14th. *Corpus Christi Day*: 8.15 a. m.

Holy Communion. 9.0 a. m. Matins.

Friday, June 15th. 11.0 a. m. Matins and Litany.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN,

Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Friday, June 15th. Service at 10.0 a. m.

Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

A young man engaged in business wishes for lessons in English from a young Englishwoman in order to perfect his knowledge of the English language. Address J. at the Office of this paper.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German French and Latin.

A small number of resident pupils taken. German and French resident governesses.

Private instruction if desired.

Miss Virgin, Schnorr Strasse 80 (Villa).

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH LIBRARY.

This Library is open on Sundays from 9.45 to 10.45 a. m. Subscription 75 Pf. per month, or 2 Marks for three months, or 5 Pf. per volume per week.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Paris, June 11. With reference to a communication from the Minister of Marine, M. Thomson, to Senator Destourelles, that the statement and a formal proposal to be made by the Government in regard to the limitation of the expenditure on the Fleet will be couched in moderate terms, it is rumoured in Parliamentary circles that the United Socialists have resolved, in the course of the next interpellation debate on the general policy of the Cabinet, to raise a general discussion on the question of disarmament.

Barcelona, June 11. The Theatre of Arts was destroyed yesterday evening by fire; twenty-one firemen were injured in the efforts to save building and its contents.

London, June 11. The King has expressed a wish to the Anglo-German Friendship Committee to entertain to luncheon at Windsor the German Press representatives who will shortly visit England.

London, June 11. According to the *Daily Telegraph*, the Government does not intend to commence the construction of the ironclad of the "Dreadnought" type which is included in the programme for this year.

The *Standard* states that the Secretary of State for War has determined to reduce the Infantry by 10,000 men, and the Royal Artillery by 48 batteries, but to increase the irregular artillery forces.

London, June 11. The correspondent of *The Times* in Tokio reports that disturbances have broken out in the provinces of Kangwoon and Tschalla, in Corea.

The same journal hears from Russia that Russia has consented that the Russian Consul General shall receive an *exequatur* from the Mikado.

Paris, June 11. The Archbishop of Avignon has issued an appeal to his diocese, asking for small sums for his clergy and in particular for the aged and ailing priests. At the same time he announces that, so soon as the instructions of the Pope are received, he will endeavour to found a great Union of priests and laymen which will, by collections and contributions, devise means for saving the clergy of his diocese from want.

London, June 11. The *Daily News*, in an article welcoming the representatives of the German Press who are to arrive here in the course of the week, recalls the efforts that have been made on both sides to improve the relations between Germany and England, and concludes: "It is easy to overrate the effect of such courtesies, and, in a case where two peoples disagreed in principle, they would amount to deliberate hypocrisy. But with two peoples who, as we believe, are at bottom of one mind, such attempts to bring the relations of good comradeship to the point of expression should serve to promote mutual respect and mutual understanding, both of which make for peace".

Innsbruck, June 11. At the dangerous places on the Zirler mountain, field telephone apparatus has been erected by the military so that case any accident should happen during the Herkomer contest intelligence may be quickly transmitted.

St. Goarhausen, June 11. The goods train No. 6,701 from Biechofsheim to Cöln, which does not stop at St. Goarhausen, last night—in consequence of the engine-driver not obeying the signals which were against him—ran at full speed into a goods train which was being shunted here. The terrific shock threw 26 trucks off the line, and a fire broke out, presumably owing to the ignition of chemicals. A brakeman was killed, and a train-conductor, an engine-driver and a brakeman were injured. Both lines were blocked. The traffic is being carried on by changing from one train to another. It is hoped that one line will be cleared by 10 o'clock this morning.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Weather, clearing. Temperature, below normal. Barometer, pressure medium. Wind, NE.