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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

KING EDWARD'S VISIT TO AUSTRIA.

Vienna, August 13. H. M. King Edward is to arrive in Vienna on September 7th, and is to be the guest of the Emperor at Schönbrunn. On the following day His Majesty will leave Vienna en route to England.

MR. ROOT'S TOUR.

Monte Video, August 13. Mr. State Secretary Root left Monte Video this morning on an Argentine gun-boat for Buenos Ayres where he will remain five days. Later he will proceed to Chili.

THE KAISER'S AMERICAN GUESTS.

Wilhelmshöhe, August 13. His Majesty the Emperor received this morning the American Ambassador, Mr. Charlemagne Tower, Mr. Speyer and Mr. Ridder. All three gentlemen joined the Royal luncheon party.

THE HEALTH OF THE SULTAN.

Constantinople, August 13. Information received from court circles states that the health of the Sultan has distinctly im-

proved; for half an hour yesterday His Majesty was occupied with State affairs, and in the afternoon took a walk in the Palace gardens, accompanied by Osman Bey, Lord Chamberlain. The Turkish newspapers appearing today, con-

tain no official reports on the Sultan's health, because they are absolutely forbidden to publish any such. As to the fact that the last Selamlik was not held, the Turkish newspapers received official information that the Sultan, in consequence of a severe chill on the advice of his medical attendants, did not hold the Selamlik, but this information was shortly afterwards withdrawn and not published. All the High Church Dignitaries have ordered that prayers for the Sultan's health should be offered in the local churches. In reply to repeated questions as to the Sultan's condition at the Yildiz Kiosk yesterday, it was stated that enquiries were no longer necessary, and would, therefore, not be welcomed.

THE ANTI-GREEK RIOTS IN BULGARIA.

Constantinople, August 13. The Occumenical Patriarchate handed to all the Embassies yesterday a protest against the anti-Greek riots in Bulgaria.

Sophia, August 13. Further news from Anchialo confirms the reports already received as to the disturbances there. The Greeks have barricaded themselves in the churches and in the larger houses. Fighting lasted until 5 p. m. The town Prefect repeatedly challenged the Greeks to give themselves up, but without success. Finally troops sent from Burgas were introduced into the town. Anchialo has been burnt down, with the exception of some 30 houses; all the public buildings have fallen victims to the flames. The Greek Bishop met his death in the burning Metropolitan building. The number of dead and wounded is not yet known. The Greek population have fled into the mountains. The excitement prevailing in the district of Burgas which is, for the most part, inhabited by Greeks, gives rise to the fear that further rioting may occur; numbers of shops have already been destroyed and the windows of private houses smashed.

An anti-Greek demonstration took place in Kermenli yesterday. According to private information a mob, enraged at the Greeks, attacked the house of a Greek. The military were summoned and an officer is said to have cut down three of the demonstrators.

The Ministry has determined to adopt the most stringent measures to prevent any further disturbances. The military have been ordered to shoot down the rioters without mercy. Further, the



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Ministry has voted a sum of 100,000 francs for the homeless in Anchialo and has ordered more troops to be sent there.

Vienna, August 13. The Neue Freie Presse learns from Sophia that a serious collision has taken place at the frontier post of Potaritsa between a Turkish and a Bulgarian Patrol. Two Turkish soldiers were killed, and a Bulgarian wounded.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

TRADE IMPROVING AGAIN.

St. Petersburg, August 13. Advices from Nijni Novgorod report that the business at the fair there, which was exceedingly dull, has sensibly improved. Bielostok firms have received important orders, which, however, they are unable to execute in consequence of the unrest among the workmen.

A REPORT LACKS CONFIRMATION.

St. Petersburg, August 13. The announcement of a foreign newspaper containing a report of an unsuccessful attempt on the life of the Grand Duke Nikolai Nikolajewitsch in the camp at Krasnoje Selo, has not been officially confirmed.

ANOTHER MURDER.

Warsaw, August 13. M. Derofiejef, assistant of the chief of the depot of the Vistula railway has been shot. His assassin escaped.

TO GUARD THE POST.

Kief, August 13. From tomorrow on, on all trains of the South West Railway, behind the Post van, will run a special coach, occupied by a detachment of troops; in this coach will be placed all money and valuables forwarded by post.

THE SULTAN OF MOROCCO TO TOUR.

Tangirs, August 13. Rumours are constantly rife here that the Sultan will shortly leave Fez. Some political excitement prevails in Murakesch and Rabat, and it is believed the Sultan will visit these towns in the course of his tour.

CHINO-JAPANESE TRADE.

Pekin, August 13. The Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs, Viscount Hayashi, has informed the Chinese Government that Japan is ready to make preparations for establishing a Chinese customs house in Dalny, and demands from China that similar arrangements should be made on the frontier stations in Northern Manchuria, in order that trade on the Russian and Japanese railways may be placed on an equal footing.

ANTI-MILITARISM IN FRANCE.

Paris, August 13. The manoeuvering period of the 105 th Territorial regiment in Grenoble concluded with an antimilitary demonstration against Lieut. Colonel Frolient, who had refused to cancel the sentences passed on several fathers of families who had been summoned to serve. The demonstrators, singing the Marseillaise, proceeded to the Town Hall, and compelled the civil authorities to intervene with the Ministry of War.

SERIOUS FIRE IN LEIPZIG.

Leipzig, August 13.

A fire has broken out at the head telegraph office here. All the telegraphic connections were destroyed with the exception of those with Halle and Dresden. Telegraphic communication with Berlin, after being interrupted for two hours, has been restored.

The fire was due to a short circuit and was speedily extinguished; the cables affected were the main cables; the damage was repaired by 4 p. m.

Latest Telegrams on page 4.

NOTES FROM ALL QUARTERS.

The damage done by the Colorado River in Texas-the worst disaster since the Galveston flood, the cables tell us-is another reminder that Nature sometimes demands toll where she is in the habit of conferring benefits. At any rate, her actions bear that interpretation for the moment. It must seem a terrible business to the fellaheen when the Nile overflows its banks; still worse to the Chinaman when his great river spreads for miles over his fertile fields. But in the end the profit to the race is the greater for these occasional perils. When the great Colorado River proper was fighting its battle with the Gulf of California it deposited a solid bank of material from the mountains and hills 200 miles long, shutting off the upper portion of the gulf to form an inland sea. This in time dried up and left a desert, into the heart of which the river is now being conducted by canals to make that desert blossom as the rose.

The son of the Egyptian priest Aphazies, who is supposed to have lived thirteen hundred years before Christ, that is about the reign of King Sesostris, could hardly have dreamed what strange adventures his body would have to go through in our days. A well known French col Cairo for his mummy; but when it arrived he discovered to his dismay that it was in an extremely bad state of preservation. As he wished to have only the best specimens in his collection, he resolved to part with it again, only keeping for himself the bangles, precious stones and other ornaments which he found on the mummy. After he had removed these he handed over the mortal remains of the son of the priest Aphazies to his manservant with orders that they should be given to any rag-man, thinking thus to get rid of them. This the servant did; he made a neat parcel of the head, body, arms and legs of the mummy, and gave it to a rag-man of his acquaintance. The honest chiffonier, however, thought the whole business very suspicious; he dared not undo the parcel, for he felt quite distinctly through its outer cover that it contained the parts of a human body. It was immediately clear to him that some fearful crime must have been committed, and that he had been made use of to conceal the traces of the deed. He immediately related his discovery to a policeman, and they both set off as fast as possible, followed by a large crowd, to the Police Station. Here, amid universal suspense, the mysterious bundle was carefully opened. But the superintendent was an educated man, and knew what Egyptian mummies usually look like. Enlightened and relieved the conscientious rag-man went home, but the remains of the son of the priest Aphazies were consigned to the catacombs of Paris, where they will at last find, after three thousand years, their last, well-merited resting place.

A fresh attempt is to be made in the near future to discover the resting place of the mortal remains of Leonardo da Vinci. For this object