

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

No 280.

DRESDEN, SUNDAY, JANUARY 6, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

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Swimming Baths: for ladies Wednesday and Saturday 10-1, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday 2-5; the remaining days for gentlemen.
Turkish Baths: for ladies Monday and Friday 6-1, Wednesday 2-8; the remaining days for gentlemen. Baths of every description.

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

H. M. S. DREADNOUGHT.

London, January 4.

H. M. S. Dreadnought left her moorings at Portsmouth this morning for a three months cruise. Several Admiralty officials are on board and others will join the ship at Gibraltar.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

New York, January 4.

It is announced from Washington that President Roosevelt and his Cabinet are in agreement as to the course to be followed in Cuba. The American military strength will be maintained at about its present force, which in the opinion of the War Department is sufficient for almost any development of the situation, and the elections will proceed according to programme. There will be no attempt to interfere with the freest exercise of the ballot, and the defeated party will be expected to accept the result. The threatened revolt of the Moderates will be sternly suppressed, if it should be attempted, and the new Administration will be given every opportunity of proving its capacity. All this is in accordance with the pledges given by Mr. Taft during his temporary Governorship.

If in the end the Liberals, for everybody assumes that they will win at the elections, should prove incompetent to rule the island, an American Protectorate will be instituted without disguise, and it is understood that the Cuban Moderates would acquiesce in it, as it would preserve all that they cherish most, including their flag, while safeguarding their material interests. This plan was favourably discussed in Congressional quarters in Washington yesterday, as the most practical, and as calculated to give this country pretty well all that it wants with the least amount of trouble. Whether the Cuban Liberals would acquiesce is for the moment a matter for speculation. The general belief here, and also, it is said, in Havana, is that they would give some trouble at first, but that the island would gradually settle down under the new order of things.

Meantime, Governor Magoon has ordered that vigorous measures be taken against the bands of bandits who are moving about the interior and terrorising the people. Numerous destructive fires on sugar plantations are attributed to these marauders, who, however, are difficult to deal with effectively. It is alleged by some of the Havana correspondents that the bandits are being encouraged by the Moderates, in order to force the hands of the Washington Administration, and it is not improbable that there may be some foundation for the allegation.

NAVIGATION OF THE PACIFIC.

New York, January 4.

Considerable confusion and some wrecks, says a dispatch from San Francisco, have been caused by a change in many of the currents in the Pacific Ocean, brought about by the several earthquakes in April and May last. The variations have been so numerous that it has become necessary for the Government to revise its charts, and it has required sailing masters navigating the ocean from this coast, to make a new study of the currents they are likely to meet.

The Government put the work of recharting the ocean into the hands of a competent officer, who sailed in the brigantine "Galilee" for the purpose. The vessel is built without the use of metals, so that the delicate magnetic instruments aboard will not be affected.

ENGLISH ENTERPRISE IN NEW ORLEANS.

New York, January 4.

Advices from New Orleans state that within the past few days the sale has been concluded to

several English cotton manufacturers of 5,000 acres of cotton land in that State. Some weeks ago it was announced that representatives of the Lancashire and Manchester Cotton Spinners' Association had selected large tracts of land for cotton culture in both this State and Mississippi. The purpose of the association is to themselves raise cotton, believing in this way they may land it in England cheaper.

A RHINELAND DISASTER.

Frankfort o. M., January 4.

A serious accident took place last evening owing to the collapse of a shaft during the construction of the Hunsrück railway Boppard-Kastellaun between Lamscheid and Leiningen.

In the neighbourhood of Sauerbrunn two workmen were buried by falling earth. In order to rescue them if possible the building firm hurried a number of navvies to the scene of the disaster. When these men attempted to force their way into the back of the collapsed shaft, huge masses of earth fell and buried some 30 or 40 navvies. The firm of Grün and Bissinger sent further rescue parties to the spot. By evening the corpse of one workman had been recovered; two other corpses could only be partially uncovered. The buried men belong for the most part to the surrounding villages.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE WAR AGAINST THE CHURCH.

Paris, January 4.

A telegram to the *Matin* from Rome says: "The *Italia* and the *Giornale* announce the publication at an early date of a Papal document of great importance on the affairs of the Church in France. The Pope will explain his reasons for not accepting the new law on the exercise of the right of worship, and will renew his advice to Catholics to offer legal resistance, and maintain a passive attitude without violence. His Holiness will exhort the faithful to remain united, and to obey the bishops and the Vatican, and will conclude by expressing his confidence in the decisive victory of the Church."

The *Figaro* states that the new plenary assembly of bishops, announced for the 15th inst., will not take place till some days later, probably on January 22.

The *Echo de Paris* announces that the Sisters of the Assumption, who received notice of expulsion on Friday last, are making preparations for

their departure. Each of the twenty houses of this order will make for the nearest foreign country. They will be divided up among Spain, Italy, Belgium, and England.

NEW FRENCH SUBMARINES.

Paris, January 4.

The *Eclair* learns that a diver employed at the Arsenal at Cherbourg, named Genty, has invented a safety apparatus for submarines. He was introduced by M. Antonin Dubost and two other Senators to M. Thomson, to whom he offered to test his apparatus even at a depth of thirty metres. Genty was warmly congratulated by the Minister and the admirals and engineers present on his invention, which is both ingenious and simple.

The *Matin* announces that the Navy Department has ordered the construction of four submersible boats, which will be incontestably superior to all similar vessels afloat at present. Their displacement will be 800 tons, and they will attain a speed of 15 knots on the surface and 10 knots below the water. The designs for these boats, which were adopted after competition, are by four naval engineers—MM. Bourdelle, Hitter, Radiguet, and Maurice.

A DEBUT FAILS.

Paris, January 4.

The Marquise de Morny, who is 40 years old, appeared last night on the stage at the Moulin Rouge in a pantomime composed by her and entitled "An Egyptian dream of two friends"; she was hissed off the stage by members of Clubs sitting in the front rows. Straw dolls, rabbits, bladders and evil smelling concoctions were thrown on to the stage from the auditorium. The Marquise and her partner, the beautiful but very eccentric Collette Willy remained on the stage. A regular rough and tumble took place in the cloakroom.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

THE POLITICAL UNREST.

St. Petersburg, January 4.

According to the returns supplied by the Teachers' Head Office, no fewer than 940 teachers have suffered from the Reactionary party's methods, and many country districts are entirely without schoolmasters, who have been banished to far distant places. The lot of these exiles is most piteous, especially in the case of those schoolmasters who have been banished across the Siberian frontier to Naryn, on the Obi, 205 miles north-west of Tomsk, for the cold at Naryn is now standing at 57 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit.

With the approach of the elections to the next Duma, the Government crusade against the Press grows stronger; on all sides newspapers are being suppressed or confiscated, and their editors are being locked up; it is no uncommon thing for an outspoken editor to have to answer to from 30 to even 50 cases of offences against the Press Laws. Official circulars issued by the Secret Police are appearing in many newspapers forbidding public institutions to subscribe to the Opposition organs, such as the *Russ, Oko*, and similar plain-speaking journals, while the authorities are ordered to take all measures to prevent such newspapers from being distributed among the people. Enormous masses of revolutionary literature have been sent out broadcast throughout the Empire of late. Since Christmas Day (New Style) all suspected luggage has been searched carefully by the police, and a great deal of seditious literature has been confiscated. During the Duma elections the local authorities will have the right to allow, or to forbid, at will, the sale of newspapers published here or in Moscow.

THE LIDVAL CASE.

St. Petersburg, January 4.

The committee of enquiry into the Gurko-Lidval affair, under the Presidency of M. Golubeff, has drawn up its report and will lay it before the Czar after the Russian Christmas festival.

THE SERBIAN MONARCHY.

Belgrade, January 4.

The Government organ *Sawoprava* announces that the intrigues which have begun to be woven about the Serbian throne by various foreign journals appear to be directed at preventing, or at all events rendering difficult, the issue of a Servian loan. As to an alleged conspiracy the journal states that in Servia as everywhere else there are discontented people, who can play no rôle owing to their political past. But at the present time in the public opinion of the country there is lacking every foundation for a conspiracy. The assumption



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that the present sound regime could be overturned by a secret conspiracy is contrary to all common sense.

THE MOROCCAN SITUATION.

Tangier, January 4.

The War Minister, El Gebbas, is waiting 12 kilometres south of Tangier for the arrival of two Mahallas coming from El Kaar, in order to cut off Raisuli's retreat should he attempt to cut his way through southward to the Marabout of Abdel Salem in the Beni Mschar tribe. Zinat would thus be placed between the two Mahallas. Raisuli could not break out westwards to Arzila which is guarded by a portion of the first Mahalla, and it is equally impossible to go eastwards to Riff, where his enemies are encamped.

This evening at 6.30 a message was received by semaphore from Cape Spartzel that flames were to be seen in the direction of Zinat, and firing could be heard.

Paris, January 4.

The report of a morning journal that an expeditionary force is shortly to be found for service in Morocco, is declared by the War Ministry to be without foundation.

Paris, January 4.

The Moroccan Government steamer "Saidi" with a Krupp gun and 150 men on board has left Tangier harbour for Arzila. This fairly strongly fortified town, which has again been occupied by Raisuli's supporters, will, in case of need, be bombarded. Raisuli's Mercenaries have seized the richest people in the town as hostages. The captain of the "Saidi" has been ordered not to take his ship too near the coast off Arzila, as it is feared that mines have been laid.

Latest Telegrams on page 6.

FEDERATED AUSTRALIA.

The Sydney correspondent of a contemporary writes that, contrary to the popular idea, the lot of a candidate for the Commonwealth Parliament is not always an enviable one. If he be desirous of a seat in the Senate as the representative of any particular State, he finds himself compelled to canvass it as a single constituency, no matter how extensive its area. In this he may be assisted by other candidates selected by his party, but remains severely handicapped by the expenses he is legally allowed to incur being ridiculously limited; less, in fact, than the cost of an aldermanic contest in a London municipality. The provincial newspapers have been heavy losers by this arrangement, as it practically prevents the publication of election addresses in their columns. At the same time, however, it precludes the possibility of journalistic blackmail. It has also largely reduced the amount of election printing, and prevented a federal election from becoming a kind of harvest-time for the bill-sticker. The underlying idea of the arrangement was the prevention of wealthy candidates from enjoying an advantage over their poorer rivals. It necessitated, however, the adoption of a safeguard against blackmail, in the shape of bogus nominations; and this is provided in the form of a deposit of £25 by each candidate, which is forfeited if a certain proportion of votes be not obtained. This provision constitutes, for obvious reasons, one of the great grievances of the Socialistic-Labour Party. The disappearance of the printed electoral address has formed the opportunity of "political wobblers," enabling them to cut their coats according to their cloth, by framing the addresses in different portions of the State to meet the apparent views of the meetings attended by them, any inconsistencies detected by hostile critics being laid on the shoulders of local press-men.

With respect to elections for the House of Representatives, the work is somewhat easier, each State being divided into a given number of electorates on a population basis; although in the thinly-inhabited interior a candidate may find it necessary to ride a hundred or more miles to secure a few votes; at the same time incurring the risk of being lost in the bush. It is here that the motor car is beginning to prove an invaluable assistant, enabling candidates to address two or three meetings every twenty-four hours, and making them independent of railway and coaching timetables. There can be no question that the motor car is destined to become an important factor in future federal elections. At least such is the opinion of Mr. G. H. Reid, ex-Prime Minister, who employed the new mode of conveyance during his electioneering tours in Victoria and Queensland. One candidate, unable to obtain the use of a motor car, had to perform a wearisome journey of over a thousand miles, occasionally on foot, but mostly in borrowed conveyances, often of a most primitive description. Numerous as are the polling places in each constituency, they are often so far apart in the pastoral and agricultural districts that many electors cannot attend; but this difficulty is largely met by the system of postal voting. This year the date of the elections was fixed, in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Constitution, at a time when the Australian harvest is in full swing, but the electors are to be asked to sanction an amending clause, which will enable the elections to take place in the late autumn.

The electoral meetings, as a rule, have been well attended, especially those addressed by Mr. G. H. Reid, whose remarkable powers of good-humoured repartee have made him popular even with his opponents. At first, he found his meetings interrupted by organised bands of Socialists, but the great body of the Labour party, to their credit, refused to countenance this kind of thing, and it speedily became largely discontinued. But there has been a wearisome monotony in most of the addresses, no matter from what platform they were delivered; and it has been found impossible to awaken anything like enthusiasm among the great body of electors. In fact, to many of them "Socialism" and "Anti-Socialism" are mere words, the real signification of which they fail to understand. In several of the country districts a large number of the women voters have declared their intention of not going to the poll. "We didn't want votes, and didn't ask for them," is their cry, and these feminine malcontents, who wish to leave politics severely alone, constitute the great difficulty with which the Women's Electoral Leagues have to contend. It may be different with the next generation, but, at present, many Australian women do not regard with favour the exercise of the electoral franchise to which they have become entitled.

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GENERAL NEWS.

(From our London correspondent.)

King Edward and Queen Alexandra are enjoying their visit to Chatsworth, which was only slightly marred at first by the inclemency of the weather.

The Duke and Duchess of Devonshire know their Majesties' taste so thoroughly that it is no matter for surprise that their visits become more and more frequent and extended.

Arrangements had been made not only for shooting, but also for golf and motoring, therefore much depends upon the state of the weather.

There was much secrecy attached to the amateur theatrical performance until the last moment. Those to take part in it were Miss Muriel Wilson, Mrs. Willie James, Lord Duncannon and Mr. A. J. Scott, Gatty.

Servia is to have another monarch, as the days of King Peter's reign are evidently numbered. Prince Arthur of Connaught has been suggested as a foreign prince is being sought for, but I do not for a moment believe that the Duke of Connaught will allow his son to accept this throne.

In compliance with the new Act which came into force last Tuesday all dogs must wear a collar with the owner's name and address on it. A lady in Scarborough who is a lover of dogs has given an order to a local saddler to supply collars to all those dog owners who are too poor to buy them themselves.

Although improvement is reported in the condition of Samuel Aitchison, the Belfast lad who was discovered dying in an empty house, on Sunday night, it has not been considered prudent to question him much at present. He has, however, stated that he was taken away and put in the dark by some big men.

Following closely on the death of the Baroness Burdett-Coutts, comes the announcement of the loss of another great philanthropist in Mrs. Josephine Butler, the well known reformer and writer.

Mrs. Butler, who was about 76 years old, had long since retired from public life. She had published many useful books and pamphlets on social questions.

In 1850 she was married to the Rev. George Butler, afterwards Canon of Winchester. She was a Northumberland Grey and her father was a cousin of the Earl Grey who was associated with the first Reform Act and the abolition of slavery.

English Hair cutting
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Fashionable Atelier.

Mr. Edward Bird has vacated Clarehaven Lodge, Newmarket, where Mr. Victor Gilpin has taken up his abode.

It was found impossible to race at Manchester this week so that the excellent meeting for the

New Year arranged to be held there, had to be abandoned.

Major George Hamilton Heaviside, who died on November 27 last, has left a set of fifty coloured sporting engravings by Halken with the book descriptive of them, to Lord Algernon Gordon Lennox.

Miss Bessie Featherstone, "principal boy" in the pantomime of "Aladdin" at the Tyne Theatre, Newcastle, died on Tuesday last after a few days illness. She caught a chill on the opening night.

The American jockey O'Connor heads the list of winning jockeys on the flat last year in Germany, twenty ahead of W. Warne who has lost his riding license. Boardman has done well and is fourth on the list.

It was astonishing to see the South Africans defeated by Cardiff in their football match on Tuesday last. After the many fine victories they have gained in England their form on this occasion can scarcely be accepted as correct.

Allowing that the South Africans were by no means stale, it is most probable that the climatic surroundings and the ground were ill suited to them and it will be remembered that they met Scotland under similar difficulties.

Cardiff not alone succeeded in compassing their downfall but did so by 14 points, which would make them out to be absolutely their superiors.

At Manchester, for the League Championship, a most interesting game was witnessed, in spite of the weather, between Manchester United and Aston Villa, the former winning, no doubt luckily, by one goal to none.

Another attractive game was that fought between Sheffield Wednesday and Woolwich Arsenal which resulted in a draw of one goal each. Bartlett, one of the Wednesday half backs, was badly injured, but they played up pluckily with ten men.

Everton were opposed by Bury at Goodison Park and although Bury tried hard to equalise the score at the finish, they suffered defeat by one goal to none.

Newcastle United gained a one sided victory over Derby County by two goals to none, and Bolton Wanderers beat Liverpool by three goals to none. There was a draw between Blackburn Rovers and Preston North End, and Middlesbrough won a poor game from Birmingham by one goal to nothing.

The match between Sunderland and Notts County had to be put off owing to the ground at Sunderland being quite unfit for play.

It is stated that Princess Henry of Battenberg will be met at Biarritz by the King of Spain, who will accompany her to Madrid, where she may remain until after the accouchement of her daughter.

The charge preferred against George Gourlay, the driver of the Scotch express which ran into a stationary train at Elliot Junction, was that of intoxication. After the charge was read Gourlay emphatically denied that he was intoxicated.

Some time must elapse before Gourlay can be tried if the Crown, after all, sees fit to proceed with the charge. He is sixty years old and evidently feels his position very acutely.

The Royal Military College at Sandhurst is shortly to be considerably enlarged in order to afford accommodation for twice the present number of cadets. The main object is to enlarge the number of officers in the cavalry and the infantry.

Once more the road between Brighton and Rottingdean has been rendered dangerous through heavy falls of cliff. The Brighton Sewers Board have decided to expend a sum of £2,000 for the construction of groynes to protect the cliffs, and the owners of the large school for young ladies, on the road, have agreed to give £1,000 for the same purpose.

Lord Shaftesbury has been elected Lord Mayor of Belfast.

Mr. Michael Pette, who twenty years ago landed penniless in New York and was forced to enter a poor house to avoid starvation, has just sailed to Europe to purchase art objects for his new house, which cost him £25,000, at Woodhaven, Long Island. He became a millionaire through speculating successfully in land and houses.

Mr. Edward Terry the well-known actor and Mr. E. T. Reed the artist are among the thirty-seven new justices of the peace, who took the oath at the opening of the Surrey Quarter Sessions.

At Queen's Hall New Year's Day concert Miss Maria Philippi was heard in grand voice. She is a most artistic contralto.

Princess Victoria of Schleswig Holstein, who is an accomplished golfer, has been elected captain of the Sunningdale Ladies' Golf Club in the place of Lady Alice Stanley, who has resigned.

Chatsworth House was in a complete blizzard on Wednesday last in consequence of which the King did not join the guns at midday as expected.

The guns were Count Mensdorff, Lord Elehs, Earl de Grey, Earl of Gosford, Earl of Mar and Kellie, Lord Stanley, and Col. the Hon. H. C. Legge. The Duke of Devonshire who carried a gun at the start did not continue shooting.

There was some golf on the same afternoon. Ben Sayers in his professional capacity being present, with some members of the house party. Other professionals engaged at Chatsworth are Taylor and White.

A supposed Italian Anarchist has committed suicide by shooting himself in a remote field at Plumstead. Great care seems to have been taken to avoid leaving any clue to identification, an Italian Anarchist newspaper found in his pocket gives the idea that he was an anarchist.

America manufactured 38,000 motor cars last year, the number in 1900 being 3,500 only. One hundred and thirty-four persons were killed by motor car accidents during the year.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen are at present in Rome and are to be received today by the Queen of Italy, Lord Aberdeen had a long audience with King Victor Emanuel on Wednesday.

According to the special request of the late Lord Delamere Beresford his body is being brought over from America and will be interred in the family vault at Curraghmore.

Under the patronage of the Prince and Princess of Wales a children's ball in aid of the League of Mercy will take place at the Hotel Cecil on January 12. Prizes are to be awarded to the best dressed girls and boys.

Mr. H. K. Avory, Clerk to the Central Criminal Court, has gone to Egypt on leave of absence, in consequence of ill health. His duties are taken by Mr. Henry Read, his deputy.

I am pleased to state that the health of Mr. A. J. Balfour has considerably improved. He joined the royal party at Chatsworth last Wednesday and seems to have derived benefit by the change.

The Post Master General has appointed Mr. A. M. Ogilvie to be an Assistant Secretary to the Post Office, in the place of Mr. J. Ardron C. B. retired.

Lady Leng landed in Liverpool by the "Majestic" from New York and proceeded to London. She brought over the ashes of the late Sir John Leng which were sent on to Scotland to be interred at Newport, Fife.

It has been arranged that the marriage ceremony of Mr. Walter Burn and Miss Cavendish-Bentink will be performed at St. Margaret's, Westminster, on Feb. 9 by the Rev. Edgar Sheppard, Sub-Dean of the Chapels Royal.

Mural drinking fountains in every large town and city of the United Kingdom will be placed to immortalise the memory of Sir Wilfrid Lawson. The organiser of this scheme is Mr. T. Kiffin Freeman of Bedford Row, W. C.

Mrs. D'Oyley Carte's latest protégée, Miss Marie Wilson, who has been playing a small part in "The Yeomen of the Guard" has been promoted to the chief part of Elsie Maynard. Miss Wilson is only 17 years of age and has a delightful voice which is really improving daily.

Many poor persons in Dublin will suffer by the failure of an institution known there as "White's Bank". It was really a pawnbroking establishment kept by a Mrs. White who lent money as well as accepting small deposits and paying interest. The liabilities are about £12,000.

Mr. Baker has wired to say that he is making arrangements to return home. The Governors of the Tooting Church Institute Slate Club have expressed themselves as being delighted that their affectionate letters have induced Mr. Baker to return to them.

It has been arranged that King Edward will spend March in Biarritz at the Villa Bellefontaine. He may visit Madrid in the first week of April for three days, prior to taking a cruise in the Mediterranean.

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Northern Counties Education League died last Wednesday morning suddenly from heart failure after an illness of ten days duration.

At Chatsworth on Thursday soon after eleven the King accompanied by the Duke of Devonshire drove across the Park to join the guns. His Majesty shot with un-erring aim and kept his loader well occupied.

NOTES FROM ALL QUARTERS.

There recently entered Tufts College, Medford, Mass., as a freshman, a lad who holds the record as the youngest collegian in the country. He is (says the New York Tribune) Norbert Wiener, 11 years old, of No. 11, Bellevue-street, Medford Hillside, and the son of Professor Leo Wiener, of Harvard, and he will be graduated, if all goes well, three years before the average youngster begins to think of entering college, or, in fact, is through high school. He knew his alphabet when he was 18 months old, and began to read when three years old. When he was eight he was reading Darwin, Huxley, Ribot and Haeckel, along with the works of other scientists and philosophers. His father is assistant professor of Slavonic languages at Harvard, and young Norbert is himself well versed in the languages taught by his sire at that institution. Although far advanced in his mental development, young Wiener is in every other way a normal,

healthy boy, fond of outdoor sports, especially swimming and baseball. He has been brought up a strict vegetarian, like the rest of his family, and to this his father largely ascribes his healthy and vigorous bodily condition. The lad was born on November 26, 1894, at Columbia, Mo., where his father was then connected with the Missouri State University, but most of his life has been spent in Cambridge, U.S. He had only three years and a half of schooling—half a year in the kindergarten, one year in the elementary grades, and two years in the high school. He passed all his entrance examinations at Tufts last June, including those in trigonometry, botany, and physiology. In college he will make philosophy his major study, and during his freshman year he will also take up history and differential and integral calculus. The father says he would rather have a boy who is not so brilliant, as it would be easier to plan for him, but he adds:—"What can I do? He knows enough to enter college. He is well and strong. He doesn't study too much; he is even lazy at times. What can I do but just let him go?" His father has been at Harvard for 11 years, and is a native of Russia, educated at Warsaw, Minsk, and Berlin. He has lived in America for 25 years. His mother is an American from the West.

Probably the matter will not come into court, but a curious thing has just happened in a big provincial city in England in respect of a legacy which should have materialised, but probably will not. A wealthy lady, driving home with a friend last week, said to her companion, "I am going to send tomorrow for my lawyer and add a codicil to my will." The friend, knowing the lady to be a woman of firm character, and not given to amendments of this description, expressed surprise at the news. "The fact is," said the first speaker, "I have made up my mind to leave ten thousand pounds to our Women's Hospital here. I have just been making myself familiar with the details of their work. I find that they have need of this sum, and I am going to bequeath it to them." She went home and died that same night. The will had not been altered. The hospital, in all likelihood, will not get its money. Legally that hospital has no claim upon the estate of the dead lady; morally it has. The world gives us now and then men who hold a moral claim higher than a legal. Very much the same sort of thing happened over the will of Lord Hertford. To Sir Richard Wallace he devised his French property, his paintings, and all the rest of his estate of which he was free to dispose. In that form the will was found to read when it was opened after the Marquess's death. But there was one man who knew that that will ought not to have stood unamended. The Marquess had expressed to Sir Edward Blount his determination to vary some of the provisions. Sir Edward, being an intimate friend of Wallace, mentioned the matter to him. "Give me the particulars and the names," said Wallace. The facts were given by Sir Edward as to two bequests which had been intended, amounting to £60,000. In a moment Wallace wrote cheques for the sum, and effect was given to the dead man's wishes, in spite of the will he left.

Boulogne the other day witnessed an incident of the dog muzzling regulations which has not yet probably been experienced in England. A poor beast of a dog, abroad with his jaws free, was being tracked down by a gendarme when M. Sironi, who, besides being a local professor of standing, is a lover of dogs, observing the situation, and "cruel only to be kind," gave the animal a switch in the ribs which sent it in flight at full speed. In this way it escaped the gendarme, who then turned to vent his wrath on the professor, whom he would have arrested but for the combined resistance which the latter and his son-in-law, Dr. Trombaceo, were enabled to offer. Escaping to the professor's villa, they managed to imprison several officers who pursued them in an out-building, whence an escape was only obtained by leaping from a high window. The two gentlemen have been summoned, but it is generally hoped that nothing more will be heard of the escapade, which is attributed to the over zeal of the policemen.

Remarking on the fact that Christmas as a religious festival has survived longer in the North of England than in the South, a writer in the Gentleman's Magazine says he remembers a certain old rector who established a curious custom. Every year he gave a Christmas-tree to the school-children, and the tree (heavily laden with gifts and candles) was placed in the side aisle of the church, and there remained from Christmas Eve to the Epiphany. All day long the church doors were thrown open wide that the village children might creep in and out to look at the tree, and touch the toys with curious fingers; but never was a toy, a candle, or even an orange found missing when the tree was at last carried in triumphal procession to the old school-house, and there stripped of its glittering treasures. One little crippled boy had a notion that these were the very gifts that the Wise Men brought from the East, but that the Christ-Child, being now a grown man, had sent them to the rector to dispose of.

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 6, ending about 10.30

Tristan und Isolde.

Opera in three Acts by Richard Wagner.

Cast:

Tristan	Herr v. Bary.
King Marke	Herr Perron.
Isolde	Frau Wittich.
Kurwenal	Herr Scheidemantel.
Melot	Herr Höpfl.
Brangäne	Fräul. Schäfer.
A young sailor	Herr Jäger.
A shepherd	Herr Kruls.
A steersman	Herr Nebuschka.

PLOT. Tristan has been over to England to woo the princess Isolde for his uncle King Marke. Isolde loves Tristan, and finding him cold to her, attempts to poison herself and him; but Brangäne her attendant changes the poison for a love-potion. Under its influence, Tristan and Isolde have secret interviews after her marriage with Marke, but they are betrayed by the King's friend Melot. Tristan attempts to escape with Isolde, but is severely wounded by Melot. Kurwenal, his faithful servant, takes him to Brittany, and they watch in vain for a ship which is bringing Isolde to nurse him. When it comes in sight Tristan tears off the bandages from his wound and expires in Isolde's arms. King Marke has followed her, and Kurwenal kills Melot when he enters. Marke mourns over Tristan, and Isolde pours out a song of greeting to her beloved and falls dead at his side.

Composer: Richard Wagner, born 1813, died 1883.
(See the Standard-Opernglas by Charles Annesley; for sale at Carl Titzmann's bookshop, Prager Strasse 19, price 3,40 \$0.4).

Tomorrow, Monday,
beginning at 7, ending about 10

Die Zauberflöte.

Opera in two Acts. Music by W. A. Mozart.

Cast:

Sarastro	Herr Wachter.
Tamino	Herr Grosch.
Sprecher	Herr Puttlitz.
First Priest	Herr Nebuschka.
Second Priest	Herr Kraeger.
The Queen of the night	Frau Abendroth.
Pamina, her daughter	Fräul. Seebe.
Three Ladies	Fräul. Bischof u. G. Fräul. Eibenschütz. Fräul. v. Chavanne.
Three Fairies	Fräul. Keldorfer. Fräul. Wenzel. Fräul. Schäfer.
Papageno	Herr Kiess.
Monostatos, a Moor	Herr Erl.
Papagena	Fräul. v. d. Osten.
Two men in armour	Herr Hafner. Herr Büssel.

PLOT. Prince Tamino is implored by the Queen of the Night to save her daughter from the High Priest, Sarastro. Accompanied by Papageno, he sets out. Papageno has been punished for telling lies, by having a lock set on his lips. The three ladies of the Queen of the Night take it off, on his promising to lie no more, and give him an instrument made of silver bells, and to Tamino they give a golden flute. These instruments are to be played if their possessors are in danger. The Queen's daughter, Pamina, is being courted by Monostatos, a negro servant of Sarastro's. Papageno rescues Pamina, but is pursued by Monostatos and others, whereupon Papageno plays his bells and all begin to dance. Tamino reaches Sarastro's castle, where he is informed that the High Priest is no villain, but as good as he is wise. Sarastro punishes Monostatos, but tells Tamino that he and Pamina cannot be united until they have given proof of their constancy. Tamino agrees to undergo any test, though the Queen of the Night tries to deter him. Tamino is initiated into the mysteries of Isis. Pamina asks to share his further trials, and together they walk through fire and water unscathed, while Tamino plays his flute. Papageno, being lonely, is about to hang himself, but, being reminded of his bells, he rings them, and Papageno appears, the counterpart of himself. The Queen of the Night tries, with the aid of Monostatos, to regain Pamina, but in vain. Pamina is united to Tamino and Papageno to Papagena.

Composer: Mozart, born 1756, died 1791.
(See the Standard-Opernglas by Charles Annesley; for sale at Carl Titzmann's bookshop, Prager Strasse 19, price 3,40 \$0.4).

REPertoire OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

OPERA HOUSE.

Tuesday: Zar und Zimmermann. 7.30 p. m.
Wednesday: Figaros Hochzeit. 7 p. m.
Thursday: Fidelio. 7.30 p. m.
Friday: III. Symphony Concert. Serie B. 7 p. m.
Saturday: Tannhäuser. 7 p. m.
Sunday, January 13th: Oberon. 7 p. m.
Monday, January 14th ?

SCHAUSPIELHAUS.

Tuesday: The Ideal Husband. 7.30 p. m.
Wednesday: Der Bibliothekar. 7.30 p. m.
Thursday: The Ideal Husband. 7.30 p. m.
Friday: Die Jungfrau von Orleans. 7 p. m.
Saturday: Doctor Klaus. 7.30 p. m.
Sunday, January 13th: Dornröschen. 2.30 p. m.
The Ideal Husband. 7.30 p. m.
Monday, January 14th: Die Journalisten. 7.30 p. m.

Arrangement by F. Ries.

Thursday, January 17th, at 7 p. m. in the Palmengarten

Song Recital

by

Frania Lewinger.

At the piano: Herr Severin Eisenberger.

Tickets at 4, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ marks from F. Ries, Kaufhaus, from 9-1, 3-6. Seats can also be ordered from Ad. Brauer (P. Plöner), Neustadt.

ROYAL THEATRE NEUSTADT.

This afternoon, at 2.30, ending 4.30

Dornröschen.

Märchen mit Gesang und Tanz in sechs Bildern.
Nach dem gleichnamigen Märchen bearbeitet von C. A. Görner.

Musik von Stiegmann. Ballett von August Berger.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending 10.30

The Ideal Husband.

Comedy in 4 Acts by Oscar Wilde.

Cast:

The Earl of Caversham, K. G.	Herr Müller.
Viscount Goring, his son	Herr Stahl.
Sir R. Chilton, Bart. Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs	Herr Wiecke.
Vicomte de Nanjac, Attaché at the French Embassy in London	Herr Leichert.
Mason, Butler to Sir R. Chilton	Herr Höhner.
Phipps, Lord Goring's servant	Herr Huff.
James, Harold, Footmen	Herr Walthen.
Lady Chilton	Herr Taudien.
Lady Markby	Frau Salbach.
Countess of Basildon	Frau Ulrich.
Mrs. Marchmont	Fräul. Verden.
Miss Mabel Chilton, Sir Robert's sister	Fräul. Werner.
Mrs. Cheveley	Fräul. Serda. Fräul. Lissl.

Tomorrow, Monday,
beginning at 6.30, ending about 10.30

King Lear.

Tragedy in five Acts by Shakespeare.

Cast:

Lear, King of Britain	Herr Mehnert.
Goneril, Regan, Cordelia, daughters to Lear	Fräul. Lissl. Fräul. Salbach. Fräul. Verden.
King of France	Herr Tiller.
Duke of Burgundy	Herr Gebühr.
Duke of Albany	Herr Dettmer.
Duke of Cornwall	Herr René.
Earl of Gloster	Herr Müller.
Earl of Kent	Herr Eggerth.
Edgar, son of Gloster	Herr Decarli.
Edmund, natural son of Gloster	Herr Froböse.
Curan, a courtier	Herr Leichert.
Doctor	Herr Bauer.
Pool	Herr Wiecke.
Oswald, steward to Goneril	Herr Gunz.
A messenger	Herr Taudien.
A knight in Lear's following	Herr P. Neumann.
An old man	Herr Helsing.
A herald	Herr Huff.
A captain	Herr Wogritsch.
A Nobleman attendant on Cordelia	Herr Walthen.
A servant to Cornwall	Herr Höhner.



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RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This afternoon, at 3.30

Robinson Crusoe.

Abenteuermärchen in 8 Bildern und 1 Weihnachts-apotheose, frei bearbeitet von Carl Witt.
Musik von Bruno Brenner.

This evening, at 7.30 p. m.

Die lustige Witwe.

Operette in 3 Acten. Musik von Franz Lehár.

Cast:

Baron Mirko Zeta, pontevdrinischer Gesandter in Paris	Carl Friese.
Valencienne, seine Frau	Rosa Habler.
Graf Danilo Danilowitsch, Gesandtschaftssekretär, Kavallerie-Lieutenant d. R.	Oskar Aigner.
Hanna Glawari	Käte Hansen.
Camille de Rosillon	Carl Reinhart.
Vicomte Cascada	Bruno Bellmann.
Raoul de St. Bricole	Emil Gähd.
Bogdanowitsch, pontevdrinischer Konsul	Adolf Braunstein.
Sylviane, seine Frau	Netta Lassen.
Kromow, pontevdrinischer Gesandtschaftsrat	Alexander Olbrich.
Olga, seine Frau	Lina Meyer.
Pritschitsch, pontevdrinischer Offizier in Pension	Carl Wilhelmi.
Praskowia, seine Frau	Martha Brede.
Njegus, Kanzlist bei der pontevdrinischen Gesandtschaft	Carl Knaack.
Lolo	Marie Wildmeyer.
Dodo	Jenny Baumgarten.
Jou-Jou	Cécilie Weigel.
Frou-Frou	Charlotte Treuth.
Clo-Clo	Herta Schroth.
Margot	Elsa Isold.
Ein Diener	Camillo Randolph.

Tomorrow, Monday, at 7.30 p. m.

Kater Lampe.

REPertoire OF THE RESIDENZ THEATRE FOR THE WEEK.

Tuesday: Die lustige Witwe. 7.30 p. m.
Wednesday: Robinson Crusoe. 3.30 p. m.
Die Landstreicher. 7.30 p. m.
Thursday: Die lustige Witwe. 7.30 p. m.
Friday: Fatinitza. 7.30 p. m.
Saturday, January 12th: Robinson Crusoe. 3.30 p. m.
Die lustige Witwe. 7.30 p. m.

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DEEPENING THE RHINE.

The American Consul at Kehl, in a report to the Washington Bureau of Manufactures, says that the long-talked-of regulation of the River Rhine between Mannheim and Strassburg will soon be an accomplished fact, as the three governments, namely, Alsace-Lorraine, Baden and Bavaria, have come to an understanding, and voted the money necessary for deepening the channel sufficiently to enable boats to reach Strassburg during all seasons. Some years ago extensive stone docks were built at Kehl and Strassburg for the accommodation of vessels coming up the Rhine, but these docks are practically useless during the stage of low water, which usually exists for a period of from 100 to 200 days each year.

Since 1892 the tonnage arriving by the Rhine has increased from 11,513 tons to 807,194 tons in 1905. Bringing freight up as far as Strassburg will reduce the cost of transportation from all ocean points into south-west Germany and Switzerland. By deepening the canals and other waterways, Strassburg will also have communication by water into France and Belgium.

CAUGHT BY A DOG.

Two Paris burglars owe their detection and capture to the sagacity and courage of a dog. They had broken into a warehouse in the Rue Oberkampf, when a dog next door, by sustained and furious barking, aroused his master, and the latter, perceiving signs of the warehouse having been broken into, went for the police; while the dog, taking up his position before the door prevented all exit. Two men tried hard to get past him, even firing several pistol shots, which luckily missed, but the dog held his ground and kept them in until the police arrived. They were then secured.

LOCAL.

The concert arranged for the benefit of the Vincentius Verein by Herr von Schuch takes place tomorrow, Monday, at 7 p. m. in the Vereinshaus. The artists assisting will be: Fräulein Serda of the Royal theatre (recitation), Frau Wedekind, Dagmar Walle-Hansen (piano) from Christiania, Herr Perron, Herr Anton Tiller of the Royal theatre (recitation), Konzertmeister Georg Wille ('cello), Mr. Eduard Lankow, Fritz Nusser and Richard Wohrab ('cello), and Hans von Schuch ('cello). The programme will include: Grieg's sonata in A-minor for piano and 'cello; Händel's recitative and air from "Xerxes" (Ombra mai fu); songs: Schubert's "An die Musik"; Gaynor's "Slumber Boat" sung by Mr. Lankow. Herr Perron will sing the following songs by Schumann: "Mein altes Ross"; "Der Schatzgräber"; "Die Hütte"; "Ins Freie".

The following is the programme of an English recitation evening to be given in the Palmengarten on Saturday next at 3.30 p. m. by Miss Evelyn Heepe, under the auspices of the German Philological Society.

- (1) Kingsley: The three Fishers.
- (2) Shakespeare: Henry V. (Act III, Sc. 4; Act V, Sc. 2).
- (3) Dickens: David Copperfield (Chapt. 44: David and his Child-Wife; Chapt. 53: Death of Dora).
- (4) The mysterious Portrait (Anonymous).
- (5) Shakespeare: The Merchant of Venice (Act III, Sc. 1).
- (6) Barry Pain: A happy Afternoon.

Miss Heepe is a gifted elocutionist who has been very favourably noticed by the English and German Press.

A critic in the *Lady* writes that

Miss Evelyn Heepe is a linguist of no mean capacity, since, besides English, she speaks French and German perfectly. She also makes a feature of broken English selections, and these are among her most successful endeavours. Miss Heepe has studied with the talented Mr. Max Behrend, late Director of the German Theatre in London, and has given numerous recitals in Germany itself, one in the presence of H. R. H. Princess Beatrice of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, who also gave her patronage to last week's entertainment. Among the German pieces were Heine's "Der Arme Peter" and Baumbach's pretty little poem "Das Veilchen," whilst Miss Heepe's excellent French was heard in the famous scene from Henry V. between Princess Katharine and the King. A charming selection was Bradshaw's "Marguerite," and Miss Heepe gave telling and dramatic accounts of the story of Sydney Carton's death ("The Tale of Two Cities") and of Poe's "The Bells."

A new Concert Hall is to be opened in the Neustadt, at the corner of Haupt Strasse and Obergraben No. 2. The official name of the building is to be the Dresden Kammermusiksaal, and it will be inaugurated on the 9th instant, Wednesday next, by the Berlin Trio—consisting of Professor Schumann, Professor Halir and Herr Dechert, who have not yet been heard here—in a chamber music performance, preceded by the recital of a prologue written by Herr Georg Irrgang.

The Hall will hold an audience of 200, and is intended for chamber music and solo concerts given by artists who reckon rather on giving an intimate character to their work. The building is well suited to its purposes and tastefully decorated. Palms and laurels adorn the entry, handsome chandeliers afford good light, and costly mirrors and hangings heighten the effect. The artists' room is in immediate connection with the Hall.

Mr. William A. Becker of Chicago, who is to give a pianoforte recital at the Palmengarten on Tuesday evening next with a programme containing works by Beethoven, Schubert, Chopin, Liszt, and Schumann, is an artist distinguished for fine conception and feeling as much as for masterful technique; a pianoforte poet and tone painter, in the words of a leading Dresden critic writing of one of Mr. Becker's last concerts in the Musenhaus.

As the Queen Dowager Carola took her departure from the Neustadt station for Dornreichenbach on Thursday last, one of the attendants, Peter Glausch, who had been nearly thirty years in Her Majesty's service, was seized with a heart-attack on the platform. Hofrat Dr. Heyde, summoned by telephone, arrived promptly but only to certify the man's death from heart disease. Glausch was 54 years of age, and leaves a family well provided for.

Visitors to the Royal Gallery will have noticed that one of the "living landmarks" of Dresden has disappeared in the person of Mr. Schmeisky, the "portier", who has retired from service since the 1st of January. When a couple of years ago a book of "Dresden Types" appeared, the well known "portier" was among the principal characters delineated. Mr. Schmeisky has probably seen a greater number of people in his day than any other civilian, since he has faced the crowds of visitors all but daily for the last thirty four years. He distinguished himself in the wars of 1866 and

1870, so that he had already received all possible decorations long ago. But the heartiest good wishes of all the officials accompanied him as he left them, not one of the oldest of them approaching Mr. Schmeisky's long term of service by four years.

An English edition of the Guide to the Dresden Gallery, "Moderner Cicerone Dresden I", written by Prof. Dr. Hans W. Singer of the Royal Print Room, is to appear shortly. Like the German edition it will contain one hundred small half-tone reproductions of the most famous pictures in the Gallery.

At the Press Ball "Wild West" which is to take place on February 1, the side halls of the Exhibition Palace will present a charming spectacle. In various sale-rooms faithfully copied from American originals by the painters Professor Simonson-Castelli, v. Hamme, Hängel, and Leisching, visitors to the festival will be able to buy lovely souvenirs of the occasion, or to regale themselves with light refreshments. A great number of young ladies of Society and the favourite lady artists of the Royal Opera and Theatre have signified their willingness to act as saleswomen, in order to help on the charitable work of the festival. Thus will be seen and admired in new rôles: Frau Krull, the "Salome" of the Dresden opera, and Fräulein Politz, "the Maid of Orleans". Crowds will gather round Frau Salbach, the esteemed heroine of the Schauspielhaus, Frau Bleibtreu and Fräulein Verden, and will gladly remain where Fräulein Irene v. Chavanne, Frau Abendroth, Fräulein Eibenschütz, and Fräulein Keldorfer are reaping fresh laurels in fields new to them.

The co-operation of so many lady artists will alone lend special attraction and charm to the Press Ball "Wild West", and will stamp the festivity as first-class in every respect.

The Ganklerfest which the students of the Royal Academy of Arts will hold on the 28th of this month in the whole interior of the Exhibition Palace, is expected to be a brilliant affair and, as the first of the great Carnival fêtes, to offer many and peculiar attractions. Our young artists are endeavouring, in high spirits and with strenuous work, to make this charitable fête so amusing that the visitors shall themselves receive the greatest amount of the benefits it brings. The number of visitors who have announced their intention of coming to this "Dresden Congress" from all parts is already great beyond expectation. Besides a real good German merry-go-round (without steps) which will be set up on the fête "Green" and be kept constantly going, there is to be an American travelling circus which, with the rapidity of a Barnum and the "certain-surety" of a Bailey will establish its arena immediately after its arrival; and whose international artists—all of whom appear in Dresden for the first time—are preceded by extraordinary renown (in special "Reklame" vehicles). For the many guests from India and the Far East an Oriental street will be built, in which they will exhibit gipsy arts, and charm their snakes and frogs; until the muezzin from the minaret of the neighbouring mosque calls the faithful to Arabian coffee (or Mocha), or where the dancing of Indian nautch girls and champagne (more or less dry) may be enjoyed. Thereby the visitors will be enabled to take in the "Living History of Art" which will be presented in a tent opposite, and which will reproduce in a tangibly plastic and highly coloured form the development of modern art from Manet-Monet to the near future.

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The Löwenapotheke, the well known dispensing chemist's establishment at the corner of the Altmarkt and Wilsdruffer Strasse, passed on Thursday into the possession of the city authorities, and the City Council has leased it to Dr. Ottomar v. Mayenburg. Herr v. Mayenburg received his first practical education in pharmacy in the Schlossapotheke in Chemnitz from 1882 to 1885, and, after passing his pharmaceutical examination, practised in Spremlingen, Thun, Neuchatel and San Remo. From 1889 to 1891 he studied pharmacy at the University of Leipzig, and then became the sworn chief dispenser and Manager of the Hofapotheke in Dresden.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the Schützen regiment No. 108, whose band will

play in the Neustadt about 12.30. Tomorrow the guards will be furnished by the 1st Grenadier regiment No. 100, and the band will play in the Schloss Platz about 12.40.

A sad accident from fire occurred on Friday in the second floor of the house Flemming Strasse No. 2, where an invalid widow had carelessly placed a child of nine weeks old so near the fireplace that a piece of burning wood flew or fell out of the fire on to the infant's basket cradle, and set it and the bed-clothes on fire. The child was so severely injured by burns on the face, arms, and other parts of the body that it can scarcely recover. The fire spread but was extinguished by the fire brigade; the child was conveyed to the hospital.

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up to the 5th of January, 1907.

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- Mr. M. E. Sinclair, London, H. Bellevue.
- Mr. C. Dietz, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
- Mr. A. Stevens, Oxford, H. Hospiz.
- Dr. and Mrs. Fern-Robbins, Urbana, P. Kotschy.
- Mr. and Mrs. L. Werner, London, H. New York.
- Mr. H. Payne, London, H. Hoeritzsch.
- Mr. C. Westermann, New York, H. z. d. vier Jahreszeiten.
- Miss M. Poston, New York, H. New York.
- Mr. W. Fiegel, New York, H. New York.
- Mr. E. Fiegel, Berlin, H. New York.
- Miss R. Davis, London, P. v. Oertzen.

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SHIPPING-NEWS.

When American Mails are due in Dresden:
Jan. 7th by steamer "Philadelphia" (American Line).
" 12th " " "La Lorraine" (French Line).

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FAST EXPRESS STEAMER SERVICE:

- S. S. "Kronprinz Wilhelm", via Southampton and Cherbourg, January 8th.
- S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse", via Southampton and Cherbourg, January 15th.
- S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II.", via Southampton and Cherbourg, January 29th.
- S. S. "Kronprinz Wilhelm", via Southampton and Cherbourg, February 12th.

TWIN-SCREW MAIL S. S. SERVICE:

- S. S. "York", direct, January 12th.
- S. S. "Neckar", direct, January 19th.
- S. S. "Cassel", direct, January 26th.
- S. S. "Main", direct, February 2nd.

From Genoa:

- S. S. "Königin Luise", via Naples and Gibraltar, Jan. 17th.
- S. S. "König Albert", do, Jan. 31st.
- S. S. "Prinzess Irene", do, Febr. 14th.
- S. S. "Neckar", from Naples via Gibraltar, March 1st.

For Baltimore:

- S. S. "Hannover", direct, January 10th.
- S. S. "Frankfurt", direct, January 17th.
- S. S. "Oldenburg", direct, January 24th.
- S. S. "Weimar", direct, January 31st.

TO EGYPT, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA:

- S. S. "Bremen", from Genoa via Naples to Australia, January 8th.
- S. S. "Prinzess Alice", from Genoa via Naples, Jan. 16th.
- S. S. "Prinz Ludwig", from Bremen via Southampton, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, January 16th.
- S. S. "Bülau", from Bremen via Southampton, Genoa, Naples to Australia, January 23rd.
- S. S. "Zieten", from Hamburg via Southampton, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, January 31st.
- S. S. "Prinz Regent Luitpold", from Bremen via Southampton, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, February 13th.

MARSEILLES—ALEXANDRIA:

- From Marseilles: Naples: In Alexandria:
- S. S. "Schleswig" Jan. 9th Jan. 11th Jan. 14th.
 - S. S. "Hohenzollern" Jan. 16th Jan. 18th Jan. 21st.
 - S. S. "Schleswig" Jan. 23rd Jan. 25th Jan. 28th.
 - S. S. "Hohenzollern" Jan. 30th Febr. 1st Febr. 4th.

GERMAN MEDITERRANEAN-LEVANT-LINE.

From Marseilles and Genoa via Naples to Piräus, Smyrna, Constantinople, Odessa and Nicolaieff:

- S. S. "Stambul", from Marseilles, January 12th.
- S. S. "Pera", from Genoa, January 19th.
- S. S. "Galata", from Marseilles, January 26th.
- S. S. "Scutari", from Genoa, February 2nd.

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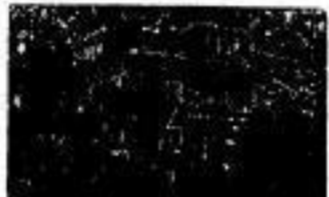
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CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.
Sunday, January 6th. The Epiphany. 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 m.d. (Choral) Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Carols.
Monday, January 7th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Tuesday, January 8th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Wednesday, January 9th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.
Thursday, January 10th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Friday, January 11th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.
Saturday, January 12th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.
Sunday, January 6th. (Epiphany.) Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.
The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winkelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. and at 6 p.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister, Bernhard Strasse 2, I.

STATISTICS IN CONFLICT.

A curious conflict of statistics is revealed by the facts as to crime in France. On the surface everything looks rose colour. The population of the prisons in 1896 was 43,448. This year it had sunk to 23,393, or a diminution by about one-half. The improvement looks enormous, but in fact it is not. There is on the contrary a question as to whether any improvement really exists, since the number of crimes committed has greatly increased. More serious still, the efficiency of the system of detection seems to decline. In 1905 there were 87,000 undetected penal offences, and in 1904 the number was 103,000.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Boppard, January 5. Doctors and a gang of workmen started from here yesterday for the scene of the accident. The work of rescue is rendered very difficult by continual slipping of earth.
Boppard, January 5. Up to 6 o'clock this morning ten dead bodies and fifteen injured persons, including three children, had been recovered from the ruins. It is thought that from fifteen to twenty victims are still lying buried under the earth.
Coblenz, January 5. According to a telegram published by the Koblenzer Zeitung, with reference to the accident on the line of the Hunsrück railway under construction, the persons buried under the debris include some spectators who were watching the rescue operations from a neighbouring hillock. It seems that the hillock, which was composed of loose rock and schist, could not bear the weight of the people collected on it, particularly as there had been a sharp frost during the night followed by a thaw that had washed away a good deal of the foot of the slope.
Paris, January 5. The Prefect of the Département Seine et Oise, in taking the inventory of the theological seminary at Versailles, found a sum of 250,000 francs in French Rentes and railway bonds. As no declaration has been made of the founding of an association culturelle, the money will be applied to charitable purposes in Versailles.
Frankfort o. M., January 5. The New York correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung, telegraphing from New York at 7.20 a. m. January 5, says: "Life-rafts of the Pacific steamer 'City of Panama', fully provisioned but without any human freight, have been driven ashore not far from Pescadero, in California. It is feared that the steamer has gone down with all hands and 100 passengers. A hurricane is raging. Drifting ship's wreckage can be seen."

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY
of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.
Light westerly winds, less cloudy, no heavy showers, cooler.