The Daily Record

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DRESDEN, SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

MR. HALDANE AT EDINBURGH.

Edinburgh, January 10. Mr. Haldane, Secretary of State for War, as Lord Rector of the University, made a speech today before a very large assemblage, and referring to what had been accomplished in Japan and Germany by organisation and civilisation, said that no nation need be anxious for great leaders if it were animated by an enthusiastic sense of duty and if it possessed men actuated by similar devotion to duty.

THE AUSTRALIAN ABORIGINES.

Adelaide, January 10. Professor Klaatsch of Heidelberg delivered a lecture today before the scientific congress of Australia on his ethnological investigations among the blacks of North West Australia. He confirmed Dr. Roth's report as to the maltreatment of the natives and said that the relations between the whites and blacks could only be compared with the horrible state of things existing in Tasmenia be-tween 1820 and 1830, which ended with the extermination of the blacks. He had witnessed the entry into Wyndham of prisoners who had travelled three or four hundred miles with chains round their necks.

THE AMEER OF AFGHANISTAN IN INDIA.

Agra, January 10. This morning the Ameer of Afghanistan paid a formal visit to the Earl of Minto. The Viceroy conducted the Ameer to a silver throne in the Hall of Audience, where were assembled many distinguished persons, among them Lord Kitchener.

During the afternoon the Earl of Minto returned the visit of the Ameer, who had sent his body guard to act as the Viceroy's escort. In receiving the Viceroy the Ameer said that he regarded his Shamiana (ornamental tent) as Afghan territory the time being, and he bade the Viceroy most heartily welcome in his domain. The Viceroy expressed his satisfaction that the Ameer of Afghanistan had thus welcomed him in his own country and thanked the Ameer for sending his body guard. The Ameer replied that to protect the life of his friend was his first duty.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

THE PROCEEDINGS AGAINST RAILWAY

MAGNATES. New York, January 10.

Public interest in the investigation now being held by the Inter-State Commerce Commission into the doings of the Railway King, Mr. Harriman, has steadily increased from the day the inquiry commenced until today. It is the main subject in the newspapers, and in public discussion. Nobody supposed that a magnate of Mr. Harriman's magnitude would ever be seriously tackled by the Commission, and now there is a universal disposition to give the whole of the credit to President Roosevelt.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission has extensive investigating powers and is using them just now with no little effect, but it will be for the Federal Government, when the time comes, to take effective action upon the Commission's report. That gross irregularities have already been proved is not denied in any quarter. Much that has been long suspected has now been proved, but what has caused the greatest surprise up to the present is the discovery that Mr. William Rockefeller, brother of the Standard Oil magnate, should have been directly concerned in Mr. Harriman's operations.

It is more than probable that there will be some lively scenes when Mr. Harriman takes the stand, which, it is hoped, will be in the course of | France have no substance in fact.

the next few days. After the Inter-State Commerce Commission has completed its present investigation at Chicago it is coming to New York. Wallstreet is by no means enamoured at the prospect. The price of every stock with which Mr. Harriman is, or was, connected has been steadily declining, and there may be bad breaks at any moment. Everybody seems to be unsettled and nervous to a degree over this matter.

Chicago, January 10. The Governor of the State of Illinois has sent to the State Legislature a letter demanding that a sum of money should be voted to defray the costs of proceedings against the Illinois Central Railway, to be instituted to recover from the Railway outstanding taxes. The amount of the taxes is said to be about five million dollars. The District Attorneys of the United States who conducted an enquiry into the methods of the Harriman railways have stated that orders will be issued to prevent the distinguished persons connected with the Union Pacific Railway from leaving the country.

ACCIDENT IN A STEEL FACTORY.

Pittsburg, January 10. In consequence of an explosion a smelting furnace in Mr. John Laughlin's steel works burst today. Of the thirty five men working near the furnace three were killed and seven seriously injured. The remainder are unaccounted for and it is feared that they were burnt by the stream of smolten metal.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE CHAMBERS.

Paris, January 10. At today's meeting of the Chamber of Deputies M. Brisson was again elegted President by 338 to 83 votes; M. Etienne replaced M. Caillaux as Vice-President; the retiring Vice-Presidents MM. Bertrand, Rabier and Cruppi were re-elected.

In the Senate MM. Guérin, Lourties, Leydet and Monis were re-elected Vice-Presidents,

THE WAR AGAINST THE CHURCH.

Paris, January 10. At today's meeting of the Cabinet Council M. Guyot-Dessaigne, Minister of Justice, stated that proceedings would be taken in the Cour de Cassation against M. Lambert, President of the Court in Troyes, for having, while delivering a judgment, used the words: "In consideration of the fact that the State has appropriated all the property of the Catholic priesthood."

It is reported from Rome that the Vatican has received information that the French Prime Minister, M. Clémenceau, intends to read aloud in the Chamber several of the confiscated documents of Mgr. Montagnini, relating to the policy of the Holy See towards France and other States. The news has caused a certain sensation at the Vatican.

Rome, January 10. It is rumoured that a letter from the Pope to the French Bishops and the French people will be published tomorrow in Rome and Paris.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Paris, January 10. The Temps announces that an exchange of messages has taken place today between the wireless telegraphy station on the Eiffel Tower and Berlin. It is considered possible that in this direction a regular wireless connection can be established. The Eiffel Tower station already communicates with England. Besides this new apparatus is to be procured which may allow of telegraphic connection with Algiers.

At the Cabinet Council held today in the Elysée Palace M. Barthou, Minister of Public Works, announced that an enlarged Parliamentary Committee would finish next week the draft of the regulations for carrying on wireless telegraphy.

THE VATICAN AND THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

Rome, January 10.

In contradiction of various rumours the Tribune states that the Italian Government has received no communication from Foreign Powers, with reference to the participation by the Holy See in the next Hague Conference. The same journal further declares that the reported negotiations between the Vatican and Italy with respect to the anti-clerical movement connected with the recent occurrences in

EARTHQUAKE IN SCANDINAVIA.

Upsala, January 10. Last night at 1.33 a.m. the seismograph here registered an earthquake lasting 20 seconds. The movement of the apparatus was so slight that it had to be observed with a magnifying glass.

Göteborg, January 10. Two violent earthquake shocks were felt in the Kovnsjö-Mellerud district at 1.30 a.m. A similar shock was felt at the same time in Strömstad.

Christiania, January 10. News comes from towns on either side of the Christiania Fjord that more or less violent earthquake shocks were felt at 1.30 a.m. At Frederiksstad a less violent shock was felt at 12.15, and a stronger one at 1.30.

Arvika, January 10. Last night at 1.35 a violent earthquake shock, waking people out of their sleep and shaking the houses, was felt here. Similar shocks and subterranean noises are reported from the neighbour-

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

THE REIGN OF TERROR.

Lodz, January 10. The murderous attack on the Chief of the Gendarmerie, General Shadjko Andrejev (not Patko as was at first announced), was made by 10 men armed with revolvers who fired their weapons simultaneously. Of the three soldiers who accompanied the General, two were seriously and the third slightly wounded. Some Cossacks, who happened to be passing, fired at two persons who ran away and who were supposed to belong to the murderers. They were hit and conveyed to a hospital dangerously wounded.

St. Petersburg, January 10. A court martial that assembled today in the Fortress of SS. Peter and Paul condemned the murderer of General Pavlov to be hanged. The murderer refused to divulge his name and occupation. On hearing the news of General Pavlov's murder the Czar wrote "The loss of an honest reliable man whom it will be difficult to replace."

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE SERVIAN CROWN PRINCE.

Belgrade, January 10. When out duck shooting yesterday in the Save, the motor-boat conveying the Crown Prince sprang a leak and began to sink. The Crown Prince and his companions saved themselves by swimming ashore. Returning to Belgrade the Prince retired to bed and soon recovered completely from his immersion.

THE MOROCCAN AFFAIR.

Madrid, January 10. The Minister of Foreign Affairs has been informed from Tangier that the Sultan has addressed a Note to the Corps Diplomatique requesting that Europeans should be forbidden to cross the boundary of the town of Tangier. Only in this way could accidents be avoided which would be attributed solely to want of foresight.

Tangier, January 10. It is believed that the tribes, frightened by the action of the War Minister, El Gebbas, will decline any further to shelter Raisuli. The only hope for Raisuli in that case would be to flee to the Beni Messara tribe near El Ksar, whither the Mahalla could not follow him owing to the difficult nature of the country.

NEWS FROM PERSIA.

Teheran, January 10. In consequence of the death of the Shah the embassies' flags are at half mast. The shops remain open as do the Government offices and the military school, where the sons, grandsons and nephews of the late monarch are being educated. The corps diplomatique expressed its sympathy to the Grand Vizier today .-

Two officials of an English firm, the one an English, the other an Austrian subject, were attacked yesterday by Persian Cossacks while they were repairing the Nazarich bridge on the way to Kum. The Englishman's hat was shot through, but both escaped without injury.

A messenger with Foreign office despatches from the English Embassy was held up by an

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armed band in the neighbourhood of Kasvin; later the band let him go and lay in wait for the post coming from Europe.

Latest Telegrams on page 4.

GENERAL NEWS.

(From our London correspondent.)

Parliament is to be opened in London by King Edward on Feb. 12. in full Dress ceremonial. Next week will, according to present arrangements, be spent by His Majesty at Sandringham where he will remain until the Queen and all the available members of the Royal family assemble at Windsor Castle for the memorial service on the anniversary of Queen Victoria's death.

Today (Saturday) the King intends to be present at the lecture given by the Duke of Abruzzi, which may cause him to remain in town until Monday.

Remarkable confessions of incendiarism were made at Walthamstow by three boys. F. Dudley aged 13, Albert Dudley aged 10 and Harry Brown, who were schoolboys, were charged with attempting to set fire to the Edward-road schools, Walthamstow.

All three boys confessed their guilt and showed that in spite of their youth they were extremely cunning and artful. The evidence was unsatisfactory and they were remanded to the workhouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Leopold de Rothschild have been entertaining large parties at Ascott near Leighton Buzzard to celebrate the coming of age of their second son Mr. Evelyn de Rothschild.

The death of the Shah of Persia really took place on Tuesday evening although no public announcement of the fact was made until Wednesday. Very favourable descriptions of the character of the new Shah reach London, which augurs well for the future of Persia.

It is amusing to read the opinions of different London tradesmen respecting the effect which the proposed Channel tunnel would have upon their businesses. The drapers appear to be opposed to it, but they may be wrong and in any case this time the scheme appears certain to be pulled through.

One of the most polite and yet most daring burglars ever known to the London police is believed to have been the man captured at a pawnshop in the Strand. He is known as William Pearson, or John Wilson, is a ship's steward and a ticket of leave man, and his exploits and escapes have been extraordinary.

For postal deliveries Southampton will be found much more advantageous as the port of the Atlantic liners than either Queenstown or Liverpool, for there can be no doubt that the bulk of the mails is addressed to London.

During the visit of the King and Queen of Denmark to England early in May, they will come as State guests of King Edward and Queen Alexandra to Buckingham Palace. There will be a Court ball at the Palace, a State banquet and a gala performance at the Opera. They will also be entertained by the Lord Mayor and Corporation at 'the Guildhall.

Two marriages, which are not yet publicly announced, in the English royal family are likely to take place during the summer season. It would be premature to discuss either at present.

The funeral of Sir Henry de Bathe took place on Wednesday last at West Stoke. Chichester. Sir Hugo is already on his way home.

In the world of billiards C. Dawson has greatly distinguished himself this week. He put in a very fine performance on Tuesday afternoon in his heat with E. Diggle at the saloon in Soho Square. In the middle of a superb unfinished break of 383 he took the lead.

The Surrey and East Midlands football match will be played at Northampton on the 17th inst. and not on the 16th as had been arranged.

Burnley are training for their cup-tie with Aston Villa at Blackpool. The ground at Turf Moor is being rebanked and enlarged, but there is some grumbling at the increased price of admission.

The new ground and stand on Portman-rd, Ipswich, is to be used for the first time for the Southern Counties' Championship match between Suffolk and Cambridgeshire. This match will decide the championship of the Eastern Division.

A record assembly of warships will gather together next month at Lagos for the combined British manoeuvres, which are to take place off the coasts of Spain and Portugal.

An ex-Army officer, when told there was a fire last week at a Strand Hotel where he was staying, declined to rise from his bed. Force had to be used in order to save him.

The Gazette announces the promotion of Major-General Lord Dundonald, C. V. O., C. B. to the rank of Lieutenant-General in succession to Sir Bindon Blood, K. C. B., promoted. Lord Dundonald passes over seven major-generals.

Major Sir Matthew Nathan, K. C. M. G., Royal Engineers, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Hongkong and its dependencies, is appointed Lieut-Colonel for distinguished service of an exceptional nature, other than in the field.

The Grand Duke Michael of Russia accompanied by the Countess Torby and family left London on Tuesday last for Cannes.

Mr. Hwafa Williams left England for a short visit to the United States on Thursday by the "Kaiserin Augusta Victoria."

Mr. Henry Lee-Warner has been entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Austen Chamberlain at The Paddocks. Swaffham.

At a meeting of the directors of the Tooting Church Institute Slate Club on Tuesday, Mr. C. H. Baker, the secretary, who was for some time missing, was present. He will continue to be hon manager of the institute, and will remain a governor of the slate club.

There is in the bank £6,000 of which £2,000 is not claimed, therefore all demands will be met. The savings bank is to be discontinued. All deposits are to be paid in full, with interest at a fair rate, not at the 8 per cent formerly paid. The 1/- section of the slate club will be discontinued. The 6d and 3d sections will go on as before.

The Fish and Game Protective League of New York has arranged for the introduction of a Bill making it illegal to kill frogs during certain months of the year.

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Yesterday I reported a mystery of a punt at Kingston on Thames. This has been solved. For it was discovered that the Home Park Golf Club which is on the other side of the river from Surbiton, had been broken into, and the boot and balls were identified as part of the booty.

It is stated that the same club was also broken into on the previous Thursday when the gentlemen's quarters were ransacked.

Mr. Keene has presented the skeleton of his famous race-horse Sysonley to the Natural History Museum of New York. It will be mounted to represent a race-horse going at full speed.

Few young actors made their mark more quickly in the United States than Mr. E. H. Sothern, who will shortly be seen in London at the Waldorf Theatre. He is the second son of the late famous actor and left England for the States about twentytwo years ago.

Miss Julia Marlowe will accompany Mr. Sothern to London and they will both appear in "The Road to Yesterday" which has met with so much success in America.

At the Central Criminal Court last Tuesday Edward de Marney, who was convicted at the October Sessions of publishing obscene libels and conspiring to publish them in "Judy", surrendered to his bail to receive sentence. The Common Sergeant said it was not a case for a fine and sentenced him to two months imprisonment in the second division.

THE TRANSVAAL CONSTITUTION

The new Constitution for the Transvaal has recently been published as a Parliamentary Paper. The main provisions of the Letters Patent provide for a Legislature consisting of a Lower House—a Legislative Assembly, and an Upper House—a

Legislative Council. The Assembly is to consist of sixty-nine Members, elected by the voters in the electoral divisions delimited by the West Ridgeway Commission. Every white male British subject over twenty one years will have the suffrage. A scheme of automatic redistribution is provided, since there is a biennial registration of voters, followed by a redivision of electorates. The Second Chamber-the Council-is to consist for the present of fifteen Members, nominated by the Governor. No special qualifications are required for membership, save thirty years of age and a three years' residence in the Colony. The Members are to hold office nominally for five years, but after four years the Legislature-that is, the Council and the Assembly together-have power to pass a law providing for an elected Second Chamber. If no such law is passed, the Council may go on indefinitely in five-year tenures of office.

The most important of the remaining provisions concern the nature of the legislation and the safeguards added by the Imperial Government, but a good point is that by which a Minister who accepts office does not vacate his seat. English is to be definitely established as the official language, for, though both English and Dutch are allowed in the debates, and though the papers circulated to Members must be in both tongues, yet all the proceedings of both Houses are to be recorded in English. Certain types of legislation are specially reserved for the consideration of the Imperial Government. One is any law whereby "persons not of European birth or descent" may be subjected to special disabilities and restrictions; this is clearly intended to meet the case of the British Indians, and we are glad that the Government have had the courage to give their policy that logical fulfilment which we advocated last week. On the Chinese labour question, the Letters Patent forbid the issue of any fresh licenses or the renewal of any contracts under the Labour Importation Ordinance, 1904. They also lay down that on the termination of one year from the date of the first meeting of the new Legislature that Ordinance and all regulations made under it shall cease to be of effect. A fresh Ordinance will therefore be necessary to provide for such Chinamen as may be left in the Colony, and this the Imperial Government reserve for their special sanction.

A Board is to be created, consisting of three members resident in the Colony and nominated by the Governor, in which is vested the administration of that part of the Crown lands set apart for settlement. The Board will deal with all settlement funds in hand and all future grants for the purpose, make advances to settlers and receive repayments, and, in general, act as stewards of the Crown lands, responsible only to the Governor and the Imperial Government. The Members will hold office for five years, unless they make a previous arrangement with the Government of the Colony, subject to the ratification of the Secretary of State. It is a bold experiment, perhaps, to give autonomy at one stroke of the pen to a country which has had no experience of free institutions, in which there is not a great number of possible statesmen available, and in which there is every prospect of a Dutch majority. But, this admitted, it may be conceded that the Constitution is quite satisfactory. The provisions dealing with the Intercolonial Council and the new Land Board seem to meet the case; and it is a matter of rejoicing that the Government have not neglected the solemn warning of Lord Milner about their duty to those who have staked their all on the good faith of Britain. On the question of reserved legislation, the provisions are no more than an explicit statement of a right which is implicit in all Constitutional grants. It is a statement of policy, not a novelty of law. At the same time, it is a matter which requires very cautious handling. There may be every hope that the Transvaal will not introduce any new Labour Ordinance with servile conditions, and that it will see the justice of the British Indians' case and refrain from any short-sighted and anti-Imperial policy towards them. But it must be borne in mind that England has made it a free Colony, and must sedulously avoid any appearance of dictating to the new Govern-ment. The one point on which there may be a doubt is the constitution of the Legislative Council. A Second Chamber elected on a proportional basis was greatly to be preferred and it is hard to see the objections to this plan. If it is said that there are too few possible Members in the Transvaal to make election practicable, it might be replied that the same applies à fortiori to nomination. In the latter case, too, all the blame of creating a weak Second House will fall on the Imperial Government. Election, to be sure, is promised in four years' time, after two redistributions of constituencies have taken place. By that date it may be hoped that the progressive elements in the country will have so grown that the character of the elected Council will be beyond question.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate westerly winds, mostly dull, frequent showers, temperature not much altered. the way ject

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LOCAL.

The recitations by Miss Evelyn Heepe in the Palmengarten this afternoon will be honoured by the presence of the Queen Dowager Carola, and will begin punctually at 3.30 o'clock.

His many Dresden admirers will be glad to learn that Herr Burrian pleased the critical Metropolitan Opera House audience in New York very much by his performance of the rôle of Siegfried in the opera of that name. The New York Tribune says that "it was a performance which lifted Carl Burrian to a plane that he had not occupied before. He disclosed a remarkably inspiriting conception of the forest lad Siegfried, acted with much understanding of the internals as well as the externals of the drama, and with his companion (Frau Fleischer-Edel) let his passion pour like a lava stream through the final love scene."

The firm of Bierling in Dresden were the only exhibitors from abroad to receive the highest diploma at the International leather workers exhibition in St. Petersburg.

The Scotch pianist Mr. Frederick Lamond gave his second and last Beethoven recital in the Palmengarten on Thursday evening. A pianist must have more than ordinary reproductive talent and magnetic power to hold the rapt attention of an audience in an evening wholly devoted to the works of one

Mr. Lamond is one of the chosen few who have these qualities, and although we can take exception to some of his readings of Beethoven, it must be admitted that no pianist of today can surpass him as a Beethoven player, except perhaps Eugen d'Albert. The beautiful sonata in A-flat op. 110, composed in 1821, the manuscript bearing the inscription December 25th (truly a fine Christmas gift to the musical world), was splendidly interpreted by Mr. Lamond, particularly the first move-ment, which was full of poesy. The wonderfully melodious Fugue at the close was given great expression and a full cantabile tone. The Sonata (Les Adieux, l'absence et le retour) was played quite in keeping with the Bülow traditions, with the exception of the introductory Adagio which was not ethereal enough. The gentle sadness in it must be just whispered. The Allegro was given with all the required passion, and the exquisite monologue passage at the close of the second movement (l'absence), which is somewhat akin to Act 2nd scene 2 of "Tristan and Isolde", was beautifully played, and the chord announcing "the return" was like a jubilant cry. The subsequent dialogue was exquisitely depicted, and the brilliant bravoura passages were played with the fiery excitement t at this movement requires. The first movement of the familiar and much played Waldstein Sonata op. 53 was somewhat dragged, and the lovely second theme was not sung sufficiently well. The last movement, however, was a "tour de force". The C-minor variations, the fantasy op. 77 and the charming G-major Rondo, were also finely played, and the applause at the close of the concert was

At the second subscription concert of the Royal Conservatorium, which is to be given in the Vereinshaus on Thursday the 17th instant at half-past 7 o'clock, a comedy-Overture for orchestra, composed by Baron Karl v. Kaskel, will be performed for the first time. Fräulein Erika Besserer, a violinist from Berlin, will play the violin Concerto

very enthusiastic, but Mr. Lamond refused to grant

an encore. - H. M. F.

(6) Overture, "Tannhäuser"

Cards of admission may be obtained at the Royal Conservatorium, Landhaus Strasse 11, II.

The programme of this evening's Symphony Concert at the Gewerbehaus, will be as follows:-

(1) Overture, "Donna Diana"
(2) Valse triste, "Frühlingslied" (first time)
(3) Ballet Suite, "Le Cld"
(4) Symphony No. 5
(5) Concerto in F-sharp minor for violin and orchestra (Herr Korb) Massenet. Beethoven.

It has now been settled that the next Herkomer automobile contest will take place in Saxony and start in Dresden. The Ministry of the Interior has fortunately given its consent to the removal of the so-called "Abschläge" which are dips, or almost ditches, crossing the sloping roads for the purpose of carrying off water. The Ministry shows more

consideration for the most modern vehicle than certain people who decline to remove these out-ofdate and superfluous contrivances from the mountain roads. There was danger at one time that the contest could not take place in Saxony owing to the existence of these "dips", which were obviously extremely dangerous to automobiles. Now however, that permission has been given, the Saxon Automobile Club will supply the necessary funds for their removal. The cars will start from Dresden and proceed via Freiberg, Chemnitz, Zwickau and Leipzig to Eisenach.

Marta Senger, the well-known portrait and landscape painter, has opened a new afternoon course. at her studio, Bürgerwiese 22, IV, between 5 and p. m. for drawing and water colours of lay figures in costume. In summer time the course will be conducted in the open air.

The students will also be able to draw heads from life in order to complete their decorative drawings of figures.

Frl. Senger, who has long had an Art School in Dresden, studied with Stauffer, Koner and Professor Ritter.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 1st Grenadier Regiment No. 100. The band plays about 12.30 p.m. at the Schloss Platz.

NEW BOOKS.

Tauchnitz Edition, next week: The Lady Evelyn, 1 vol., by Max Pemberton, author of "A Woman of Kronstadt", &c.

A Barrister's Courtship, 1 vol., by F. C. Philips, author of "As in a Looking Glass", &c. On sale at Carl Tittmann's bookshop, Prager

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending about 10

Fidelio.

Opera in two Acts. Music by Ludwig van Beethoven.

To the contract of the contrac	
Don Fernando, Minister	Herr Wachter
Don Fizarro, Governor of a State-	
prison	Herr Plaschke.
Florestan, a prisoner	Herr v. Bary
Leonore, his wife, under the name	
Fidelio	Frau Wittieh.
Rocco, gnoler	Hore Pains
marceline, his daughter	Fraul Scehe
vaquino, porter	Horse Radicor
First prisoner	Herr Grosch.
First Second prisoner	Herr Büssel.
TATE COURSE AND	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

PLOT. Florestan has incurred the enmity of Pizarro, governor of the prison, by whom he has been thrown into a dungeon. His faithful wife, Leonore, disguised as a man, with the name Pidelio, takes service with the gooler Rocco, whose daughter Marcelline falls in love with her, believing her to be a man. Leonore fails to find her husband among the prisoners. Pizarro, hearing of the advent of the Minister, Florestan's friend, orders Rocco to kill him and on Rocco's refusal determines to murder him himself. Rocco is ordered to dig a grave and confides in Fidelio, who gets permission to help him and is horrified to see the emaciated condition of her husband. She decides to die with him and on Pizarro attempting the murderous deed, she flings herself in the way and frustrates him; the Minister's opportune arrival turns the tables on Pizarro who is imprisoned in Florestan's place. Composer: L. van Beethoven, born 1770, died 1827.

> Tomorrow, Sunday, at 7 p.m. Oberon.



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REPERTOIRE OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

OPERA HOUSE.

Morday: Die Regimentstochter. 7.30 p. m. Tuesday: Carlo Broschi. 7.30 p. m. Wednesday: Traviata. 7.30 p.m. Thursday: Moloch. 7 p.m. Friday:

Der Freischütz. 7.30 p. m. Mignon. 7.30. Saturday: Sunday, January 20th: Der Rattenfänger von

Hameln. 7.30. Monday, January 21st: Oberon. 7 p. m.

SCHAUSPIELHAUS.

Monday: Die Journalisten. 7.30 p. m. Tuesday: Des Meeres und der Liebe Wellen.

7.30 p. m. Wednesday: The Ideal Husband. 7.30 p.m. Thursday: Das alte Heim. For the first time. 7.30 p. m.

Friday: Das alte Heim. 7.30 p. m. The Ideal Husband. 7.30 p. m. Sunday, January 20th: Dornröschen. 2.30 p. m. Das alte Heim 7.30 p.m. Monday, January 21st: La Robe rouge. 7.30 p.m.

ROYAL THEATRE NEUSTADT.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending after 10

Doctor Klaus.

Lustspiel in fünf Acten von Adolph L'Arronge.

_ CRST;	
Leopold Griesinger	Herr P. Neumann.
sune, dessen Tochter	Fräul. Verden.
Max von Boden, deren Gatte	Herr René.
Doctor Ferdinand Klans	Herr Müller.
Marie, Griesinger's Schwester, seine	
Frau	Fraul. Diacono.
Emma, deren Tochter	
Referendarius Paul Gerstel	Herr Gebühr.
Marianne, Haushalterin bei Griesinger	Frau Bleibtreu.
Lubowski, Kutscher) bei Doctor	(Herr Fischer.
Auguste, Dienstmädchen / Klane	Federal Lodge
Frau von Schlingen	Frau Firle.
Anna	Print Cabon War
Behrmann	Fräul. Schendler.
Colmar) -	Herr Walther.
Jacob Bauern	Herr Huff.
Colmar, Bauern	(Herr Höhner.
Ein Kutscher	Horr Woitech
Eine Kammeriungfer	Frank Knicov
Em Studenmadenen	Renal Salancidae
Ein Lohndiener	Herr H. Neumann.
	merr H. Neumann.

Tomorrow, Sunday, afternoon, at 2.30 p.m.

Dornröschen.

At 7.30 p.m. The Ideal Husband.

RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This afternoon, at 3.30

Robinson Crusoe.

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

Die lustige Witwe. Operette in 3 Acten. Musik von Franz Lehár.

Else Isold.

Baron Mirk	o Zeta, pontevedrinischer	
Gesandte	r in Paris	
Valencienne	, seine Frau	Carl Friese,
schaftssel	o Danilowitsch, Gesandt- kretär, Kavallerie-Lieute-	Rosa Habler.
nant d. R		Oskar Aigner.
Hanna Glav	WATI	Käte Hansen.
Camille de	Rosillon	Carl Reinhart.
Vicomte Ca	scada	
Raoul de S	t. Brioche	Bruno Bellmann.
Rogdanowit	sch, pontevedrinischer	Emil Gähd.
Konsul	scu, pontevedrintscher	
Sylviana -	1	Adolf Braunstein.
Sylviane, se	ine Frau	Netta Lassen.
aromow, po	ntevedrinischer Gesandt-	
echartarat		Alexander Olbrich.
Otga, seine	Frau	Lina Meyer.
Pritschitsch	. Dontevedrinischer Offi-	
zier in Pe	nsion	Carl Wilhelmi.
Craskowis,	seine Fran	Martha Brede.
Njegus, Kan	zlist bei der pontevedri-	
nischen G	esandtschaft	Carl Knaack.
Lolo		Marie Wildmeyer.
Dodo		Jenny Baumgarten.
Jou-Jou		Chellio Weigerten.
Frou-Frou	Grisetten	Charlette Tours
Clo-Clo	(4) (4)	Harte Cabrette.
Margot	2 2	Herta Schroth.

Ein Diener Camillo Randolph. Tomorrow, Sunday, at 3.30 and 7.30 p.m. The same performances.

SLUB Wir führen Wissen.

NOTES FROM ALL QUARTERS.

According to a writer in one of the French medical journals, the abuse of tobacco is liable to have very serious consequences, one of which is partial or total loss of sight due to nicotine poisoning. This "amblyopia," as it is termed, has this curious feature that it is accompanied by no lesions of the eye discernible with the highly-perfected instruments which are available nowadays. The same remark applies to the forms of amblyopia due to alcohol, lead, quinine, loss of blood, and hysteria. While it is difficult to state the precise moment at which excess commences in the consumption of tobacco (its quality, the method of smoking it, the age of the smoker, and his greater or less susceptibility to the toxic agent all being factors in the consideration of this question), it can at least be stated that strong tobacco, containing eight to nine per cent. of nicotine, is much more dangerous than mild tobacco, with only two to three per cent. of the alkaloid. However that may be, it is safe to assert that for an adult in good health the amount of 20 grammes a day is excessive, and that it renders him liable to "accidents" due to poisoning. Nicotine amblyopia never comes on suddenly: it is developed slowly, and especially when the patient, owing to the bad state of his stomach, suffers from defective nutrition. The affection is revealed to the patient by the difficulty experienced in reading. Objects seem to be enshrouded in a sort of grayish mist. Then coloured luminous sensations are observed which tint objects in red, green, or blue. Finally the keenness and the power of seeing at a distance diminish progressively to the extent of almost complete blindness. The two eyes are not affected at the same time, although this occurs sometimes. Nicotine amblyopia is often allied with alcoholic amblyopia, due to the abuse of spirits, and the fact of seeing better at night than by day, and even of having one's sight clouded in a bright light (which has been attributed to tobacco poisoning) is rather the effect of alcohol. A good precaution for a smoker to take is to use only very dry tobacco. This facilitates the decomposition of a great part of the nicotine by heat; whereas, when the tobacco is damp, this decomposition does not take place, and the smoke contains all the nicotine of the tobacco. The inferior qualities of tobacco always contain more nicotine than the superior qualities, and that because the methods of manufacture used for the former are not of the best. In view of these considerations it is well that all smokers should know that the consumption of tobacco may be prejudicial, not only to their health, but also to their sight, and that it is advisable to set a limit to the amount they smoke. As soon as they experience visual troubles, however slight, it is necessary that they should hearken to this admonition and immediately curtail, if they cannot completely cease gratifying, their habit.

It will certainly be news to most people that New York is a short cut for telegrams between London and Paris, and between London and Berlin. However, the fact is vouched for. The messages are received at an agreed address in New York, and are immediately passed on for London, Paris, or Berlin, as the case may be. The reason for this amazing roundabout to save time is curious. New York time being about six hours behind European time, its wire connections with Europe are almost unoccupied during our forenoon, while during the same time European wires are often congested. Via New York, therefore, is a "short cut," but an expensive one.

Miss Miriam Edwina, a handsome girl of nineteen years, has created a sensation in Wallstreet, New York. She explained that she was the possessor of a promising soprano voice, but was too poor to pay for lessons, and had decided to raffle herself. On the raffle tickets was printed the following agreement: "For the purpose of assisting the completion of the musical education of Miss Edwina, I agree to pay the sum of (so many) dollars. If this number be the lucky one, all interests being mutual, matrimony may be considered." One member of the Stock Exchange, a morning paper states, drew the "lucky" number, 210, and had to pay the equivalent number of

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.

Saturday, January 12th. 10.0 a.m. Matins. Sunday, January 13th. I. Sunday after Epiphany. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins, Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong.

Monday, January 14th. 10.0 a.m. Matins. Tuesday, January 15th. 10.0 a.m. Matins. Wednesday, January 16th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and

Gewerbehaus Orchestral Concerts.

Conductor: Herr Kapellmeister Olsen. Every Thursday, Saturday and Sunday at 7.30 p.m. Admission 1 mark.

Shakespeare-Dickens Recitation.

Miss Evelyn Heepe from London. Saturday, January 12, from 31 to 41 p.m. at the Palmengarten. Tickets (1 mark) in Kaufmann's Buchhandlung, See Strasse 3.

German lady French, English and Italian gives lessons. Fräulein Noack, Werder Strasse 28.

> = Miniature Painting.= Portraits on ivory from life or photograph. H. M. Mist. Studio Helmholtz Strasse 2, I.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German. French and Latin.

A small number of resident pupils taken. German and French resident governesses. Private instruction if desired.

Miss Virgin, Schnorr Strasse 80 (Villa).

Eremitage.

Distingué Wine-Restaurant. Quite up-to-date. Moritz Strasse 16, I. Tel. 4298. Propr. F. Hofmann. First-class French, Viennese and Russian cooking.

Luncheons at moderate prices. Dinners from 2 marks upwards. Specialities of every season. Hot Suppers till 3 a.m.

Wines from J. F. Brems & Co. (by appointment to the King). Magnificent International Concert daily. Dinners and Suppers served off the premises.

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= Excellent table. = Comfortable home. =

Pension Unity, Lüttichau Strasse 26, l. Highly recommended.

Pension LE RICHE Nürnberger Platz 3, II.

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Pension Weidmann Reichs Strasse 2, II.

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Pension Kosmos Strehlener Strasse 10, I, close to Hauptbahnhof.
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preparatory for Schools and Universities.

Thorough English education.

= Instruction in English or German. ====

Boarders received.

Private instruction if desired.

H. VIRGIN, M. A. Oxford. Gutzkow Strasse 19.

Thursday, January 17th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 10.0 a. m. Matins.

Friday, January 18th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.

Saturday, January 19th. 10.0 a.m. Matins. Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L. Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Sunday, January 13th. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.

Friday, January 18th. Service 10.0 a.m. The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winckelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. and at 6 p.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.-The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister, Bernhard Strasse 2, I.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH.

The chaplain and organist are most anxious to obtain lady recruits for the choir. It is proposed to perform a sacred Cantata on a Sunday towards the end of Lent, and to do this it is absolutely necessary to obtain more trebles and altos. There must be many ladies in the large congregatio which fills the church every Sunday morning, who are able and willing to assist the choir. They are urgently requested to do so, and to give their names to the clergy after either service tomorrow, or to Mr. Mallinson, the choirmaster, at his residence Dippoldiswaldaer Gasse 13, IL

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 11th of January, 1907.

Mr. Neirath, London, H. Europäischer Hof. Mr. J. Brevithik, Manchester, H. de France, Mr. and Mrs. W. Gordon, Hamilton, H. Stadt Gotha. Miss L. B. Riley, Winnipeg, P. Rudeloff. Miss M. Riley, Winnipeg, P. Rudeloff.

Curhaus Weisser Hirsch

Hotel and Pension. Large Restaurant with beautiful garden. Spacious glass verandah and Café. Excellent cuisine. Wines of the best firms.

A. Wiesner.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Paris, January 11. The Maire of Avignon has made a discovery in the Palace of the Popes, in that town. In a room formerly occupied by Pope Clement VI., under a coating of whitewash, portions of a beautiful fresco of the 14th century have been laid bare. The further work of bringing the fresco to light will be carried on under professional

Strasburg, January 11. The local papers report that twenty workmen have lost their lives in a fire which occurred in a factory at the village Geis-

Briansk, January 11. A passenger train which left this station last night fell down a high embankment. The number of victims is not known, but it must in any case be considerable.

Paris, January 11. Captain Cotten, the leader of the Commission for fixing the boundary between Cameroon and the French Congo State, has arrived at Bordeaux. He states that the work of the Commission has lasted 16 months and been carried out under great difficulties owing to the unhealthiness of the climate and the hostility shown by the natives. The members of the Commission were often obliged to make use of their weapons. The best relations had always prevailed between the French and German commissioners.

Proprietor, Publisher and Responsible Editor: Willie Baumfelder.-Printer: Buchdruckerei der Dr. Güntsschen Stiftung.

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