

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

№ 289.

DRESDEN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

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TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

THE RACE PROBLEM.

New York, January 15.

It is, perhaps, fortunate that few people of normal intelligence take Senator Tillman seriously as a politician. Even some of his personal friends, and he has a good many, regret that he does not confine his energies to farming, in which he is admittedly an expert. These ideas underlie all the editorial articles in which the newspapers yesterday and today deal with the eccentric senator's speech on Saturday on the "nigger" problem.

That problem is serious enough, in all conscience, but its solution will not be hastened by intemperate appeals to prejudice and race hatred and incitements to murder, with which Senator Tillman's speech was studded. The senator's fine white susceptibilities have, it seems, recently been outraged by President Roosevelt's declarations that the nigger is actually a man and a brother, entitled, at least, to the elementary rights of citizenship. Senator Tillman will not accept this view, even in theory. The nigger, in his opinion, is an inferior being, who must be resolutely kept in his place, which, as ordained by God and nature, is that of hewer of wood and drawer of water to the white man. That is the position as defined by Senator Tillman in the Senate of the United States in his advanced year of grace.

The average citizen is accustomed to read Senator Tillman's bloodthirsty orations on the nigger question with amused interest, and then to shrug his shoulders, and pass on to other topics. But in the South where the nigger reads and thinks nowadays, those same words exasperate men to madness, and blood will have to be shed in the process of teaching the nigger to know his place. Senator Tillman's outbreak is the more to be deprecated just now, because he managed to drag into his wild oration references to the San Francisco school question, which, if reproduced in the Japanese newspapers, might seriously affect the relations between this country and Japan. Senator Tillman does not place the Japanese brown man much above the moral and intellectual level of the American black man, and consequently the action of the San Francisco authorities has his most enthusiastic approval.

HEAVY WEATHER.

Frankfort o. M., January 15.

The *Frankfurter Zeitung* announces from New York that vast quantities of snow have fallen in the North West and many railways are snowed up.

THE OIL TRUST PROSECUTION.

Frankfort o. M., January 15.

The *Frankfurter Zeitung* learns from New York that 900 charges have been brought by the authorities of Ohio State against the Oil Trust and its leading officials; the fines inflicted may amount to 60 million dollars.

SPEECH BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Washington, January 15.

In a speech delivered in the National Convention for the extension of the commerce of the United States abroad, the Secretary of State, Mr. Elihu Root, said that he personally was in favour of a policy of maximum and minimum tariffs; the United States and other countries were approaching the same standpoint. With regard to international relations, the general tendency among the nations was towards mutual respect, consideration for each other, and the wish to live in harmony. The speaker then advocated closer commercial relations with the American republics whose populations speak the Latin tongues, and said, with reference to the countries in the Caribbean Sea: "We do not wish to take them ourselves, and we

do not wish that any foreign nation should take them. The United States will never annex Cuba, so long as the Cubans do not give up their efforts to govern themselves."

A REPORT CONTRADICTED.

Berlin, January 15.

The *Nordd. Allg. Zeitung* writes: "German newspapers have taken from the English Press a report that the Empress, with Princess Victoria Luise and the younger princes, was expected to make a stay at the sea-side bathing place Felixstowe at the end of July or beginning of August next. This announcement is erroneous. The statement that the Kaiser often stayed in Felixstowe when a boy is also incorrect; nor is there any truth in the assertion that Scarborough and Lowestoft are now being thought of as places to be visited by Her Majesty in the summer of this year."

A SERIOUS EARTHQUAKE IN JAMAICA.

New York, January 15.

The *Associated Press* announces via St. Thomas: "A report from the cable station at Holland Bay, Jamaica, states that a violent earthquake occurred there on January 14th. The town of Kingston is destroyed, many lives have been lost. The shocks continue. Fire broke out in Kingston immediately after the first shock. The people are camping in the open air. The suffering is great. The cable station was also destroyed."

The *Associated Press* learns that the town of Kingston in Jamaica has been destroyed by an earthquake. Many persons have lost their lives. The cable to Kingston as well as that to Panama via Jamaica is broken. The land telegraph has been restored up to five miles from Kingston. The *Western Union Telegraph Company*, which first spread the news of the earthquake, received it from its St. Thomas representative.

London, January 15.

The colonial office has received a despatch from Holland Bay, Jamaica, announcing that the outbreak of fire which followed the earthquake destroyed the military hospital. Among the dead are 40 soldiers and several of the most prominent citizens including an English ex-Ambassador, Sir James Ferguson. No other person of the English, American or Canadian colonies is missing. The town is quiet. The Governor is leading the rescue parties. No news is to hand of further shocks.

New York, January 15.

Further reports from St. Thomas do not confirm the first intelligence of the wide area devastated by the earthquake. Only isolated buildings, among them the chief hotel in Kingston, were destroyed, and several others injured. The loss of human life will hardly reach 100. On the other hand several hundred persons were injured. The fire in the town was not extinguished by the afternoon but it is hoped that it will be by evening. On the North side of the island no damage has been done by the earthquake.

It is further announced that telegraphic communication with Bermuda was interrupted last evening.

New York, January 15, 5 p. m.

No further news has been received up to now of the earthquake in Kingston, as the cable communication is still interrupted.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE SENATE.

Paris, January 15.

In the discussion on the Post Office estimates M. Simyan stated that a committee consisting of representatives of the Ministries of War, the Marine and the Colonies will be appointed to deal with wireless telegraphy. The problem must await its final solution, but France possessed apparatus equal in value to that of other nations. The estimates were then passed.

The Foreign Office estimates were then considered and M. Charles Dupuy gave a resumé of the chief political events of the year 1906. He alluded first to the *entente* with England which was the result of a fortunate, cordial understanding and stated that the international gendarmerie in Macedonia would long continue their regime. In discussing the situation in Morocco, he said that as soon as the Sultan had seen the French and Spanish ships off Morocco he had come to the conclusion that order must be restored. They could

only hope that he would remain firm in his determination and would be successful.

The speaker continued: "Let us remain cool and keep our eyes open. (Loud applause.) In my opinion France has received a mandate from Europe to make out of Morocco for Europe that which perhaps she would have been justified in making out of it for herself."

M. Dupuy then discussed the armament question and said that he was struck with the constant efforts of other countries to secure their safety. England, of whom it was said that she had decreased her outlay on the army and navy, was still much concerned with national defence. He regretted the efforts being made on the other side of the channel to hinder the construction of a channel tunnel which ought to unite England and France.

THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.

Paris, January 15.

The anti-semitic Deputy M. Lasies reproached the Government with having recklessly destroyed the Seminaries and with having unjustifiably confiscated the diocesan treasuries, which, he said, had nothing to do with religion. He expressed the hope that M. Briand, whom he dubbed a Jacobin, would be won to sounder views.

The Christian Democrat Deputy Abbé Lemère also attempted to adduce proofs that the diocesan treasuries had no religious character, and were simply intended to secure to the aged a morsel of bread. He challenged the Government to allow the priests to turn these treasuries into relief depots on a mutual basis.

M. Briand reminded the House that pensions and money payments in favour of the priesthood had been provided by the State, and that the Diocesan treasuries were public undertakings and fell under the conditions of the "Lex Briand". It was the Church that had left its old people in the lurch, and the Pope had so clearly recognised this, that he had granted the Catholics indulgence for it. He concluded with the assurance that the property of the aged would not be confiscated. (Loud applause on the Left.)

The simple Order of the Day approved of by M. Briand was adopted by a show of hands. Abbé Lemère's proposal was referred to a committee.

THE WAR AGAINST THE CHURCH.

Paris, January 15.

The Bishop's Assembly was opened this morning in the Chateau de la Muette at 10.30. Hundreds of spectators watched the arrival of the Bishops, who numbered eighty. After the singing of the Veni Creator the Assembly, under the Presidency of Cardinal Archbishop Lecot, began its labours by appointing committees. Plenary sittings will only be held in the afternoons.

The Assembly sent the Pope a telegram expressing its loyalty and obedience.

At the afternoon sitting the discussion of the conditions of a general organisation of divine service took place.

FRENCH RAILWAYS.

Paris, January 15.

M. Barthou has appointed a Committee charged with enquiring into improvements of the connection between French railways and those in central Europe and north Italy. M. Picard is president of the Committee.

RIOT IN A CIRCUS.

Paris, January 16.

There was a violent disturbance in the Métropole circus last evening because a boxing competition that had been announced did not take place. The public threw chairs into the arena and broke all the windows of the building. Order could only be restored with the help of the police.

FIRES IN ITALY.

Milan, January 15.

During the last few days large forests in the vicinity of Morese have been totally destroyed by fire. Many villages were threatened but were able to be saved. The populace believe in incendiarism are in a state of great anxiety. The damage exceeds half a million lire.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

THE REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT.

Odessa, January 15.

The Police have made a domiciliary search in the local University to discover electoral appeals of the revolutionary party. The search was fruitless.

The news appearing in foreign journals of an attempt on the life of the Persian Consul General, M. Saitehensko, is devoid of foundation.

Simbirsk, January 15.

M. Aladjin, a former member of the Duma, has been struck off the list of electors.

AN EXPLOSION CAUSED BY CARELESSNESS. *St. Petersburg, January 15.*

Last evening at 10.30 an explosion took place in the municipal Credit Bank. Fire broke out; lives were lost; details are lacking.

Later.

The explosion in the building of the city Credit Company was due to the carelessness of a man who was repairing the gas-pipes in the basement. The vaulted roof of the basement and part of the staircase are destroyed. The employer responsible for the work of repair was buried under the ruins of the basement roof and three other persons were injured. The digging-out operations are rendered difficult by the injury to the roof of the house, and a further collapse of the building is feared.

THE SWEDISH PARLIAMENT.

Stockholm, January 15.

The Reichstag met today. The ex-President has been re-nominated by the King. The Reichstag will be formally opened by the Crown Prince today.

THE POPE AND RUSSIA.

Rome, January 15.

The announcement of a French journal that negotiations are proceeding between Russia and the Holy See with reference to the establishment of a nuntiature in St. Petersburg, is stated from reliable sources to be unfounded.

THE MOROCCAN CRISIS.

Tangier, January 15.

The news that Ben Mansur has been arrested has been declared untrue; a full pardon has been granted to him. The man arrested in Tangier is an active agent of Raisuli by name Sartar. The Mahalla is at present in Zinat. The Pasha of Tangier has placed posts round the city. Raisuli is said to be still with the Caid of Beni Sur. In a raid on the rebels and Raisuli's property some thousand head of cattle were captured, which will be sold in Tangier.

Ben Ghazi, Commandant of the Mahalla, has again in a letter to the representatives of the Powers advised that Europeans should not leave Tangier during the progress of the negotiations. He particularly recommends them not to approach Zinat, whither numerous tourists are continually resorting. In future no one will be able to pass the police posts placed round the precincts of Tangier.

THE SMYRNA INCIDENT.

Constantinople, January 15.

The Porte informed the English Embassy yesterday that Kiamil Pasha had left the English Consulate in Smyrna; the news lacks confirmation.

THE ARMY IN MANCHURIA.

Frankfort o. M., January 15.

The *Frankfurter Zeitung* reports from Tientsin that Yi-y-shang has been appointed organiser of the army in Manchuria.

SUICIDE MANIA IN VIENNA.

Vienna, January 15.

A perfect epidemic of suicides is raging here. Since January 1st, 68 cases of suicide have occurred, the majority being successful.

A TIBETAN RAILWAY.

London, January 15.

The *Morning Post* learns from Shanghai that the Pekin authorities have ordered the Szechuan Viceroy to discuss with the Chinese Resident in Tibet the question as to how money can best be procured for the construction of a railway from Szechuan into the interior of Tibet. It has further been decided that certain Tibetan towns should be opened to foreign trade.

RAILWAY COLLISION.

Rome, January 15.

A rather serious railway accident occurred at Sarmato. A train consisting of two carriages full of passengers and two trucks laden with timber, coming from Pianello, ran into a train from Piacenza carrying sand. Twenty persons were injured, two of them seriously.

Latest Telegrams on page 4.

GENERAL NEWS.

(From our London correspondent.)

It is satisfactory to learn that there was absolutely no foundation for the report circulated on Saturday last, that the Committee of Imperial Defence had decided that the Channel Tunnel would be prejudicial to the national security.

No meeting of the Committee has taken place, since the Bill was deposited and it will not come

under consideration until the first week of the Session. It is quite likely that if the Bill obtains a second reading, it will be referred to a joint committee of both houses.

Opinions in England continue to differ considerably concerning the advisability of having the Channel Tunnel, but the majority appear to be in its favour. In France there is a general desire for its construction.

A terrible train outrage occurred on Sunday on the International express from Italy to France. The victim was an Englishwoman, a Miss Susan Lowe, a nurse residing in New Cavendish Street who has recently been travelling abroad with a patient.

Miss Lowe was travelling from Genoa and was murderously attacked in the Mont Cenis Tunnel by a man who was the only other occupant of the compartment. Thinking no doubt that he had killed his victim he leisurely robbed her of her money and jewellery and decamped. The hammer used by her assailant has been found in the railway carriage.

The Very Rev. Robert Herbert Story D. D. Principal of Glasgow University expired on Sunday at his residence, in the university, at the age of seventy-one. Dr. Story was a very clever and learned man and was educated at Edinburgh, St. Andrew's and Heidelberg.

Only a little dog remains of the survivors of the British ship "Penguin", which was wrecked on Saturday at the mouth of the Elbe in full view of two lightships. The tug "Vulcan" went to its assistance and when near the wreck a sailor threw a dog and a bundle of clothes on to the tug.

The captain shouted to the crew to jump into the sea which they would not do and he steamed back to the lightships to fetch a lifeboat. No sooner was the lifeboat started than a great wave overwhelmed the vessel which heeled over and all the twenty-five hands perished.

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Mr. Sidney Lee speaking at a meeting of the English Association, said Americans were more accurate readers and writers of English than the English themselves.

Mr. Balfour has returned to London from Whittinghame, East Lothian, and is completely restored to health. He has been entertaining a large party including many of his own relatives.

The Prime Minister will remain at Belmont Castle, till within a few days of the re-assembling of Parliament. He will not after all go abroad as was originally intended.

Improvement of late has been noted in the case of the injured jockey A. Birch. His medical attendant held a consultation on Monday with Sir Victor Horsley as to the possibility of removing the patient.

A part of the famous Rowfant Library will shortly be brought back to England from America. It was purchased after the death of its owner and collector Mr. Frederick Locker Lampson.

Americans generally admit that much better prices are obtained in London for rare books than in any American town.

The accident which befell the Crown Prince of Portugal when exercising in the riding school at Lisbon last Saturday has fortunately not proved of a serious nature, as there is no great injury. The King and Queen of Portugal sat by his bedside throughout the night of the mishap.

Miss Florence Wakeling a pretty telephone operator, about 21 years of age, was shot at Brixton last Saturday night by her lover and died Sunday morning, a few hours later.

Over 480,000 persons attended the English Cup ties on Saturday and the gate monies amounted to £15,182. Thirteen football matches of the 32 were drawn, and will have to be replayed.

Of course the most sensational one played was the meeting of Newcastle United and Crystal Palace. The victory of the latter, although one of the greatest surprises of the football season, was by no means in the nature of a fluke.

King Edward is to be represented at the funeral of the Queen of Hanover next Sunday by the British Ambassador, and Queen Alexandra by the Duke of Teck.

A record week was established by the Duke of Beaufort's Hounds who finished on Saturday by killing four foxes, one after a grand gallop of an hour and a half from Draycott to Christian Malford.

Both the Duke of the Abruzzi and Sir Ernest Cassel were received by the King at Buckingham Palace on Sunday last.

Lord Marcus Beresford, the Hon. Sidney Greville, and Capt. Walter Campbell also had the honour of being received by His Majesty.

Prince Arthur of Connaught celebrated his 24th birthday on Sunday. The betrothal of His Royal Highness is, I hear, likely to be announced on the return home of the Duke and Duchess of Connaught.

Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein returned to Germany from Cumberland Lodge, Windsor Great Park, on Saturday, in order to resume his duties with the Prussian Hussars of the Guard at Potsdam.

It is stated that many of the Chinamen pouring into England are really criminals and that the papers shown by them to immigrating officers, are in fact their prison discharges.

The Marquis of Lansdowne not only celebrated his own birthday on Monday last but that of his eldest son the Earl of Kerry. Lord Lansdowne is sixty-two and Lord Kerry thirty-five. The latter is in the Irish Guards.

Amongst the visitors to the Savoy Restaurant on Sunday evening were Lord Dalmeny, the Hon. T. C. Agar Robartes, the Earl and Countess of Craven and Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin.

A fearful experience has been had in Russia by an English lady, Mrs. Hamilton and her niece Miss Isabella Gasston whose house at Kertch was entered by masked robbers who took all their jewellery and money. The gang have been captured.

On Monday there was a slight improvement in Lord Thring's health, although there was no increase of strength.

A letter from Mr. Chamberlain states that his health is progressing quite satisfactorily and that he hopes soon to resume his public duties.

Sir George Doughty left for Bombay on Sunday night from Grimsby Station where a number of friends assembled to wish him "bon voyage". He will visit Calcutta, Burmah and Ceylon and on the return journey will make a short tour in Egypt. His arrival home is not expected until early in April.

At hockey Cheshire drew with Northumberland (2-2), and Yorkshire beat Lancashire (5-2).

An exciting scene was witnessed in Plymouth Sound on Saturday when the White Star Liner "Ionic" left for New Zealand. When on the move a small boat containing three persons pulled across her course. The "Ionic" went astern and the bluff of her bow just grazed the little craft. One of the occupants (Miss Radford) jumped into the sea and was rescued by a passenger from the liner.

Advices from New York say that the Sugar Trust and its principals will be called upon to defend a criminal action and civil suits for damages amounting to twenty millions of dollars.

The prospectus of the Egyptian Mail Steamship Company (Limited) was issued on Tuesday last. The company was formed to establish a line of British steamships to supply the demand created by the increased number of passengers to Egypt for a rapid first-class service.

A fatal explosion occurred on Monday morning at Mayfield, Staffordshire, at Messrs. Simpson's cotton spinning mills, causing considerable damage. The engine driver, Henry Allen, was blown over the engine and killed on the spot. Half the employés are temporarily thrown out of work.

The destroyer "Wear", which was in collision with the West Hartlepool steamer "Etna" off Beachy Head on Saturday night, reached Stokes Bay late on Sunday night. The "Wear" is badly damaged and will be docked at Portsmouth.

Apartments have been secured in Biarritz for King Edward at the Hotel du Palais and not, as originally suggested, where His Majesty stayed last year.

H. W. Bassenge & Co. Bank.

Prager Strasse 12.

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A syndicate has just purchased the Palace Hotel at Ostend with the object of converting it into a Kursaal.

The Secretary of State for India has appointed Lieut.-General Sir Charles Comyn Egerton, G. C. B., D. S. O., Indian Army, to be a member of the Council of India, in the place of General Sir J. J. H. Gordon, K. C. B., whose term of office has expired.

Latest reports say that Senator Tillman has undoubtedly increased race hatred by his recent speeches, whether amongst the Indians, Mongolians, or negroes in all parts of the United States and has thus increased the difficulties of adjusting the relationship between the Caucasians and these races.

LOCAL.

The prices of seats in the Royal Schauspielhaus on Monday the 21st and Tuesday 22nd January, when Madame Suzanne Després with the company of the Théâtre de l'Oeuvre from Paris will give performances, will be as follows: I. Rang balcony and amphitheatre first and second rows, and I. Parkett, 12 marks; I. Rang balcony and amphitheatre third and fourth rows, I. Rang boxes, and middle Parkett, 10 marks; II. Rang middle and side balcony, and second Parkett, 8 marks; II. Rang middle gallery, 7 marks; II. Rang side gallery, 6 marks; III. Rang balcony, 4 marks; III. Rang middle gallery first to third rows, and the seated and standing gallery of the II. Rang, 3 marks; III. Rang middle gallery fourth to sixth rows, 2 1/2 marks; III. Rang side gallery, 1 1/2 mark; III. Rang standing places, 1 mark; Orchestra seats, and Proscenium boxes on the Parkett tier, 15 marks. The advance sale of tickets for these performances will, as an exception, begin on Saturday next at 10 o'clock, at the box-office of the Schauspielhaus.

The programme for this evening's orchestral concert in the Gewerbehaus will be as follows:
(1) Overture, "Zauberflöte" Mozart.
(2) "Rondo all Ongarese" Haydn.
(3) "Ständchen" (first time) Switersky.
(4) Ballet Music from "The Queen of Sheba" Goldmark.
(5) Overture, "Struensee" (first time) Meyerbeer.
(6) Violin Concerto (Herr Korb) Mendelssohn.
(7) Tonbilder, "Die Walküre" Wagner.
(8) Introduction and Siciliana from "Cavalleria Rusticana" Mascagni.
(9) Waltz, "Ehret die Frauen" Silber.
(10) Solvejgs Song, from the II. Peer Gynt Suite Grieg.
(11) March, after motives from "Carmen" Trenkler.

On Saturday evening next Svendsen's Symphony No. 2, in B-flat, will be performed; the violin solos will be played by Fräulein Matthes.

The placard of the Press Ball "Wild West" has been completed lately, and attracts a good deal of notice. It represents a red Indian in his war-paint mounted on a white horse and looking into the far distance. The white horse and its red-skinned rider, wrapped in a buffalo robe and adorned with eagles' feathers, stand out strongly against the deep blue sky that spreads over the endless prairie. To the left dancing forms are seen and to the right an Indian village of wigwams. This showy and effective placard was designed by the Dresden painter Richard Leischling, and printed in colours by the Wilhelm Hoffmann company; it is to be seen on the advertisement pillars, in two hundred of the better-class restaurants of the city, and in some three hundred shops, stations, etc.

In connection with the Press Ball "Wild West" three special post-cards have been designed by the Dresden painters v. Hammer, Hänsel, and Leischling. The copious Festival programme has a coloured title-page, executed by the painter Voitus v. Hammer, the subject being a cow-boy, mounted on a fiery steed, and pointing to a festive procession at the head of which waves the Stars and Stripes banner. The subscription lists are already filling, though there are still fourteen days before the Ball.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 1st Grenadier Regiment No. 100. The band plays about 12.40 p.m. in the Neustadt.

CONCERT NOTICES.

The third Lewinger chamber music concert, which was to have taken place yesterday evening at the Palmengarten, stands postponed to Friday evening January 22, at the same place.

The second subscription concert, choral and orchestral, of the Royal Conservatorium will take

place this evening, 7.30 o'clock, at the Vereinshaus. The soloists will be: Fräulein Erika Besserer (violin), Herr Rudolf Feigerl (pianoforte), Fräulein Strauch and Plagewitz and Herr Kipper (song). Tickets may be obtained at the Royal Conservatorium, Landhaus Strasse 11, II.

Jacques Thibaud (violin), in conjunction with David Blitz (pianoforte) from Rotterdam, will give an only concert, in the Palmengarten, on Saturday, February 2.

The second "performance evening" of the Tonkünstler Verein is fixed for tomorrow Friday at the Gewerbehaus, beginning at 7 o'clock. The programme will be as follows:

(1) *Divertimento*, in B-flat, for violin, oboe, bassoon, violoncello, and double-bass, by Michael Haydn (died 10th of August 1806). According to a chronological and thematic list of the works of Michael Haydn, which was discovered by Professor Otto Schmid in the Benedictine monastery of Kremsmünster, this *divertimento* was composed in 1774. It will now be produced for the first time.
(2) *Adagio and Allegro* in A-flat, for pianoforte and horn, op. 70 of Robert Schumann.
(3) Quintet in C, op. 163 of Franz Schubert, for two violins, viola, and two violoncelli.

No more cards of admission are available.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 7, ending about 10.15
Moloch.

A musical tragedy in three Acts.
Words and music by Max Schillings.

Cast:
Hiram of Carthage Herr Scheidemantel.
The King of Thule Herr Perron.
Teut, his son Herr v. Bary.
Wolf, the King's friend Herr Plaschke.
Belleda, the Queen Fräul. v. Chavanné.
Theoda, a young girl Frau Krull.
A soldier Herr Kraemer.
A young man Herr Büssel.

PLOT. Hiram of Carthage has brought the image of Moloch to Thule with the idea of gaining power over the people and inducing them to wreck vengeance on Rome for having destroyed Carthage. He is unexpectedly aided in his plans by Teut, the King's son who, in spite of the remonstrances of Wolf, his father's friend, and of Theoda his betrothed, declares himself ready to yield unquestioning obedience to Moloch; and most of the people follow his example. His mother Belleda is horrified and has a vision in which she sees Teut lying dead. But even her warnings are of no avail, and Teut and the people induced by Hiram's promise of a rich and speedy harvest, turn to tilling the soil and sowing grain. They get into a state of fanatic, ecstatic frenzy as Hiram sacrifices a ram before the image of the God. Desiring to yet further gain the predominance over the people and so advance his plans of vengeance on Rome, Hiram convinces the people that in devotion to Moloch they must cut down the sacred yew tree, the symbol of Thule's prosperity. He himself is about to bury his axe in the tree's trunk when the King appears, and is on the point of slaying him when Teut throws himself between the two men, but bids his father consecrate his sword to Moloch. The King indignantly refuses and, in spite of the remonstrances of Theoda, Teut is about to fight with his father, when his filial feelings overpower him and he throws away his sword. The King does likewise, and he and Teut wrestle, the people calling on Moloch to aid the latter. Their prayers are heard, for Teut overcomes his father who, being refused death, goes sorrowfully away accompanied only by Theoda. Teut takes his father's sword and lays it at the feet of Moloch's image. Hiram sees his complete success at hand and, although Teut, horrified by the news that his mother, in despair at her son's apostasy, has committed suicide, wavers for a moment, Hiram soon recalls him to his allegiance. Some months pass and a bountiful harvest has been gathered in; the people have built ships and are on the point of setting out to make war on Rome, when Teut encounters Theoda who has penetrated the grove of death. In his fanaticism he is about to kill her, but his love for her is too strong and in a flash he is convinced of his own error and realises that Hiram's stories of Moloch's power have merely been suggested by his own ambition. He turns against Hiram who, distraught



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at the prospect of losing his revenge on Rome, hurle himself from the cliffs into the sea. The people, still obsessed by Moloch, when they hear of Hiram's death set upon Teut, but they are driven back by Wolf who, unaware that Teut has come to his senses, stabs him in the side. The King and Theoda only arrive in time to witness his death.
Composer: Max Schillings, born 1898.

Tomorrow, Friday, at 7.30 p.m.

Der Freischütz.

ROYAL THEATRE NEUSTADT.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending 9.30

Das alte Heim.

Comédie in drei Acten von Gustav Esmann.

Cast:

Theodor Rabe, cand. phil. Herr Fischer.
Urania Rabe, seine Schwester Frau Bleibtreu.
Erik Rabe, cand. jur., beider Neffe Herr Wierth.
Emmy Rabe, beider Nichte Fräul. Verden.
Olesen, Erik's Onkel Herr Bauer.
Fritz, stud. ing., sein Pflegesohn Herr Gebühr.
Tram, stud. med. Herr René.
Majorin Vogel Fräul. Lissl.
Asta, ihre Nichte Fräul. Serda.
Mortensen, Grundstücksmakler Herr Gunz.
Petermann, Gutsverwalter } bei Herr Huff.
Hansen, Stubenmädchen } Rabe's Frau Pirle.
Drasdrup, Mamsell } Fräul. Schendler.

Tomorrow, Friday, at 7.30 p.m.

Das alte Heim.

REPertoire OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

OPERA HOUSE.

Saturday: Mignon. 7.30.

Sunday, January 20th: Der Rattenfänger von Hameln. 7.30.

Monday, January 21st: Oberon. 7 p.m.

SCHAUSPIELHAUS.

Saturday: The Ideal Husband. 7.30 p.m.

Sunday, January 20th: Dornröschen. 2.30 p.m.

Das alte Heim. 7.30 p.m.

Monday, January 21st: La Robe rouge. 7.30 p.m.

RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

Die lustige Witwe.

Operette in 3 Acten. Musik von Franz Lehár.

Tomorrow, Friday, at 7.30 p.m.

Fatinitza.

DRAMATIC NOTES.

LONDON THEATRES AND AMUSEMENTS.

(From our London correspondent.)

"NELLY NEIL".

This eagerly looked for production of Mr. C. M. S. McLellan's was presented by Mr. Frohman at the Aldwych Theatre last Thursday evening with Miss Edna May in the title rôle. To say that the plot is the least bit clear would be sheer pervariation, and all that can be remarked in that way is that in many instances it resembles the "Belle of New York", and that Mr. Ivan Caryll has furnished it with some of his best music which will alone cause this musical comedy to become popular. I am quite unable, however, to pronounce "Nelly Neil" to be anything like the success it was expected to prove, and it is the music, singing, and acting only of which it is possible to give a favourable notice.

Still Mr. Caryll does not seem to have given us anything very new in his music, as in each air there appears to be something which reminds us of those that have gone before and which appear to be somewhat familiar. Everything in the play is Miss Edna May and Miss Edna May is everything. This is the easiest way to describe the new piece as it stands, as very few of the other actors are afforded much opportunity of distinguishing themselves. Mr. Dagnall, Mr. Robb Harwood, Miss Mollie Lowell and Miss Mary Brough made as much as was possible of poor parts, whilst Mr. Joseph Coyne, an American comedian, was admirable and really deserves great encomium. He is the possessor of a nice voice and has quite an agreeable manner. Miss Kitty Gordon also leaves nothing to be desired and her talent really merits a far better part than she has to play. The five beautiful dresses worn by Miss Edna May as "Nelly Neil"



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Programme.
I.
The Doctor's Rabbits.
The stolen Bride.
II.
Green Love.
The Spring Fairy.
Catching tunny Fish.
Heinrich and Gretchen.
III.
International Dances.
Switzerland in Winter.
The Theatre fire-brigade.

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are alone perfect dreams for the ladies who visit the Aldwych Theatre.

At Hick's Theatre "My Darling" will be produced on March 4 with Miss Ellaline Terris in the title rôle.

This week and next "Alice in Wonderland" will be played at the Prince of Wales' Theatre every afternoon, including Saturday.

The winter season of French plays at the Royalty Theatre has now been definitely arranged by Mr. Gaston Murray. The first four weeks will be used for M. Coquelin aîné, M. le Bargy, M. Georges Berr and Mlle. Jeanne Granier.

From February 18 to 23 Mlle. Marthe Brandès will again be seen, prior to her return to the Comédie Française. M. de Feraidsy will also be here and will play in "Les Affaires Sont Les Affaires". The season will conclude from March 4 to 9 with the visit of Mme. Jane Hading.

Mr. Matheson Lang having been obliged to fulfil a prior engagement to play "Othello" at Manchester, Mr. Cyril Keightley has been engaged by Mr. Bourchier to play Macduff in the matinées of "Macbeth" at the Garrick Theatre.

Mr. James Welch will return to London at the end of the month and will by arrangement with Mr. Frank Curzon open Wyndham's Theatre on Tuesday the 29th inst., with Miss Harriet Jay's farce "When Knights were Bold."

Mr. Tree's programme of this year's Shakespearean festival which is to commence April 22 will include "Julius Caesar", "Hamlet", "Twelfth Night", "The Tempest", "The Merry Wives of Windsor" and "The Winter's Tale".

Neither of the last two productions at the Court Theatre "The Reformer" and "The Campden Wonder" has quite reached the standard usual at that play-house. The acting, however, is so perfect that even a fair play can be witnessed at the Court Theatre with satisfaction.

Messrs. Maskelyne and Devant are just now giving a new three act magical play at St. George's Hall, entitled "The Magicians Heart". The play is by E. Nesbit and the part of the Magician is being played by Mr. David Devant.

Mrs. Langtry (Lady de Bathe) having resumed direction of the Imperial Theatre is seeking through her agent, Mr. Edward Michael, to sub-let it for a long or short period.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH,
Wiener Strasse.

Thursday, January 17th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion.
10.0 a.m. Matins.

Friday, January 18th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.

Saturday, January 19th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN,
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The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

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LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Paris, January 16. M. Pichon, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, in an interview with a representative of the *Matin*, said with reference to the next Hague Conference that, thanks to the experience of last year, it will improve the process of arbitration and those instruments in particular which have already done valuable service, viz. the international committees of examination. There was therefore justification for setting great hopes on the result of the next Conference.

Manila, January 16. The islands of Leyte and Samar were devastated by a typhoon on January 10. On Leyte more than 100 lives were lost, and all the dwellings on the East coast of Samar were destroyed.

Paris, January 16. It is reported, with reference to yesterday's meeting of the bishops, that some of the prelates urged the formation, in order to make sure of divine service, of associations based on the common law. That expedient, according to the *Figaro*, was nevertheless opposed by the majority of the episcopate, in consideration of the views that had been expressed from the Vatican.

Odessa, January 16. The corn exported from Odessa in the past year amounted to 90 million poods, exceeding the 1905 total export by 15 million poods.

London, January 16. The Admiralty have issued orders for the cruisers "Brilliant" and "Indefatigable", which are on the North American station, to proceed to Kingston, to assist in the work of rescue.

Tangier, January 16. The *Agence Havas* reports that, according to information supplied by natives, the Beni Saur tribe are negotiating with the Maghzen for pardon for the tribe and for Raisuli who, forsaken by all his followers, is as a prisoner amongst them.

London, January 16. The Colonial Office estimates the number of persons killed in the Kingston earthquake at 30, and the number injured at 300.

New York, January 16. According to a telegram from Holland Bay, Jamaica, published by the *Sun*, many houses in the poorer parts of Kingston collapsed at the first shock. Fire broke out at once in the quarter round the harbour and spread rapidly among the ruins of the waggon sheds. Owing to the extraordinary confusion that prevailed, the efforts of the fire brigade were paralysed. Thus the fire made great progress on the harbour front before anything could be done to stop it. The population rushed into the streets at the first shock. Many of the fugitives were buried under the walls as they rocked and fell. The injured were conveyed to the General Hospital, which had escaped injury. The Governor, Sir J. A. Swettenham, took instant measures to abate the panic. Later intelligence is to the effect that the fire was to some extent mastered at an advanced hour on Monday night, but that it continued to burn among the ruins of the part of the town in the neighbourhood of the docks.

London, January 16. The Colonial Office has received the following telegram from the Governor of Jamaica: "A violent earthquake has caused great damage to the buildings of Kingston. A conflagration which ensued has not yet been subdued but is confined to about one sixteenth of the town, including the harbour surroundings and warehouses. The field hospital is destroyed. Among the 30 killed there is no officer, but Major Hardyman is severely hurt. About 300 injured persons have been received into the General Hospital, which is much over-crowded. The violence of the conflagration is diminishing. The Myrtle Bank Hotel is destroyed. The telegraphic communications with the town are broken. Slight shocks continue."

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Light westerly winds, less cloud and rain, somewhat cooler.