

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

No 296.

DRESDEN, FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

BAD ALBERTSHOF 7, Sedan Strasse 8 Swimming Baths: for ladies Wednesday and Saturday 10-1, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday 2-5; the remaining days for gentlemen.
10, Werder Strasse 9 Turkish Baths: for ladies Monday and Friday 6-1, Wednesday 2-8; the remaining days for gentlemen. Baths of every description.

The First Daily Paper published in Germany
in English.

Office: Dresden, Steube Strasse 51

Telephone: 1755.

Subscription for Dresden and the whole of
Germany and Austria:

1 mark a month.

THE KINGSTON DISASTER.

London, January 23.

Reuter's Bureau announces from Kingston that since January 14th two severe earthquake shocks have occurred and two more were felt on Tuesday morning. Many buildings collapsed and great anxiety prevails among the populace. No further loss of life has occurred.

THE SWETTENHAM INCIDENT.

Washington, January 23.

That President Roosevelt intends to pass lightly over the Swettenham incident is shown by the following Note from the representative Secretary of State to the English Chargé d'Affaires: "I have the honour to confirm the receipt of your note of yesterday in which you communicate the instructions of the Foreign Secretary, Sir E. Grey, in the matter of the Jamaica incident. I hasten, in the name of the President to assure you that our Government values to the highest degrees the generous and ready courtesy and consideration shown by Sir E. Grey in his despatch, and also the cordial sentiments of your Government. The knowledge that it has been granted to our country to give practical proof of its friendship for your people at this time of need affords the President the liveliest satisfaction."

THE NEW IRISH SECRETARY.

London, January 23.

It is now officially announced that the Rt. Hon. A. Birrell, hitherto President of the Board of Education, becomes Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland in place of the Rt. Hon. James Bryce appointed Ambassador at Washington. Mr. R. McKenna, hitherto Financial Secretary, succeeds Mr. Birrell on the Education Board.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Washington, January 23.

President Roosevelt has sent a special message to Congress pointing out how very desirable it is to provide by legislation for the subvention of shipping and commercial enterprise in the building of large and fast steamers and the establishment of rapid steam communication with South America and the East. The President says that his attention has been particularly drawn to this subject by the information which the Secretary of State, Mr. Root, collected during his recent tour in South America. That information shows that this vast territory in the South, which ought to stand in the closest commercial relations with the United States, has scarcely any direct communication with them, its commercial connections being almost entirely with Europe. The Bill that has been laid before Congress is in no sense an experiment, but based on distinguished precedent, as, for instance, on the contract which the British Government not long ago made with the Cunard Company. It was not consistent with the dignity of the United States that their main commerce with the East should be left in the hands of their competitors. South America must be won for the commerce of the United States, and that commerce must have its own communications with Hawaii and the Philippines.

The President of the Panama Canal Commission, Mr. Shonts, has resigned his office; President Roosevelt very reluctantly accepted the resignation.

COLD IN ITALY.

Unusual cold prevails throughout Italy. Large masses of snow have fallen, presenting an unusual natural phenomena in Rome and Naples. In Milan today the thermometer fell to 7 degrees below zero, Celsius, in Rovigo to 10, in Livorno to 4. The trains on the Rome-Naples line are held up by snow.

THE HAGUE PEACE CONFERENCE.

The Hague, January 23.

The local correspondent of Reuter's Bureau states that Professor von Martens who, at the instance of the Czar, is paying a series of visits to the European cabinets in order to obtain information on various preliminary questions relating to the Hague conference, will be accompanied on his tour by Baron de Nolde, Secretary in the Russian Foreign Office, an expert in the domain of international law. After visiting the Hague the Professor will go to Rome and Vienna. No date for the opening of the Conference will be fixed until Professor von Martens has laid before the Russian Government a report on his mission. In view of this circumstance and owing to the necessity of grants being made by the various Powers to their representatives at the Conference, it is expected that the Conference will not begin before the middle of the summer.

It is denied officially that the Netherlands Ambassador in Vienna has informed a reporter of the *Neue Freie Presse* that the question of the neutrality of the Netherlands will be discussed at the second Peace Conference. The Ambassador merely expressed his own views on the neutrality of small States and attached no practical but purely theoretical importance to them.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs made a definite statement in the Lower Chamber on December 12th last that there would be absolutely no discussion at the peace Conference of the question of the neutrality of the Netherlands.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE WAR AGAINST THE CHURCH.

Paris, January 23.

The official journal will publish tomorrow the constitution of an *association cultuelle*, which is to be called the French Catholic Apostolic Church. The *Association* will have its quarters in the former Barnabite monastery.

A decree is also published whereby the archiepiscopal Palace in Paris is placed at the disposal of the Labour Ministry.

AN ECHO OF THE DREYFUS CASE.

Paris, January 23.

The army commission is to lay a proposal before the Government whereby those officers of the Reserve and Territorial army cashiered for complicity in *l'affaire Dreyfus*, especially M. Reinach, member of the commission, will be reinstated.

DIPLOMATIC CHANGES.

Paris, January 23.

The President of the Republic has approved the following appointments: M. Jules Cambon, hitherto Ambassador in Madrid, has been appointed Ambassador in Berlin, in the place of M. Bihourds who retires. M. Revoil, hitherto Ambassador in Berne, will go to Madrid. Senator d'Aunay has been appointed Ambassador in Berne. The Ambassador to Denmark, M. Crozier, moves to Vienna, Count Horrie de Beaucire being appointed Ambassador in Copenhagen.

STUDENT RIOTS IN AUSTRIA.

Lemberg, January 23.

Some days ago the Ruthenian students at their matriculation at the University here declined to take the oath in the Polish language. This morning some 200 students, armed with sticks and clubs, made their way into the Aula of the University where promotions were going on, and damaged the furniture, the portraits of the Rectors and the gas fittings, and then continued their work of destruction in the adjoining premises, the University office, the lecture rooms and corridors, breaking the windows and piling up benches dragged from the lecture rooms in the porter's lodge. The Secretary of the University was severely wounded in the head by blows from a stick. The rioters refused to give up their identification papers. When the police attempted to arrest the ringleaders at the entrance gate, 150 students professed themselves ready to go to the police station and submit to cross examination.

The immediate cause of the disturbance was the refusal of the Rector to grant the use of the Hall to the Ruthenian students for the purpose of holding a meeting. The Polish lecturers in the University have determined to prevent the Ruthenian students by force from entering the University.

ITALY AND THE RELIGIOUS ORDERS.

Rome, January 23.

The *Agencia Stefani* announces from Constantinople: the Italian and French Governments yesterday handed to the Porte Notes couched in similar terms, announcing that the following religious establishments belonging to the Dominican mission in Constantinople and Smyrna and to the Franciscan mission in Tripoli and Barca have finally passed into the protection of Italy: the church, school and monastery of the Dominican fathers in Galata; the monastery and chapel of the Dominican fathers, and school of the Dominican sisters in Yedi-Kouli; the Dominican establishments in Makiskeni and Smyrna; Franciscan establishments in Tripoli, La Miscia, Datrara, Homs, Ben Ghazi and Derna.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

THE REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT.

Warsaw, January 23.

Several persons attacked a mail van at Andrzej station in the Kjelze district and shot the soldiers guarding the mails. The post office official managed to remove his cash to a safe place.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS.

St. Petersburg, January 23.

The Minister of Marine, M. Birilef, has handed in his resignation which has been accepted. Admiral Dichov, Adjutant General, is to be appointed Naval Commander in Chief and his assistant, who is not yet nominated, will be entrusted with the charge of the Ministry.

RELIEF FOR THE JEWS.

Moscow, January 23.

It has been decided as a temporary measure to hand to Jewish merchants trade permits for 1907 without demanding from them police passes suffering them to remain in a place and carry on business. This order remains in force until the question has been decided in the Senate.

THE MOROCCAN CRISIS.

Tangier, January 23.

The report of the resumption of operations against the Caid Zellal of the Benim Suar tribe, to whom Raisuli fled, is confirmed. The Mahalla has been reinforced by the troops occupying Arzila and by Ben Mansur's men and has moved to Zellal's residence, 10 miles off. The Wadrass tribe is also to join the Mahalla. All the troops will take part in a decisive engagement today at which, it is said, the War Minister El Gebbas will be present.

The French battleship "Suffren" put to sea today.

Later.

The Mahalla while on the march set fire to all the huts lying in their path. The War Minister El Gebbas has decided not to grant a pardon to the Caid Zellal on account of his disloyalty.

Finest handpainted Dresden China
A. E. Stephan 4, Reichs Str. 4

Succ. to Helena Wolfohn Nachf. 2 minutes from Hauptbahnhof.
Manufacturer & Exporter to Highest recommendations.
the American & English trade. Most reasonable prices.

LOCAL.

The establishment of the firm F. Olivier in Prager Strasse was yesterday honoured by a visit of the Archduke and Archduchess Ferdinand of Austria.

Reports from Southern Europe show that an abnormally low rate of temperature prevails. The thermometer stands at 3° F. in Trieste and at 9° F. in Constantinople. Extraordinary cold weather, too, prevails in Italy, and so much snow in the streets of Rome and Naples has rarely been seen before. The temperature in Milan on Tuesday morning was 21½° F., in Rovigo 14° F. and in Livorno 23° F.

On Saturday the 26th, Miss Watson will lecture on Rembrandt, his Life and Works, illustrating with a large number of fine prints and photographs. Like all the preparatory lectures, this one will be held in Miss Watson's rooms at Uhland Strasse 38 II, commencing promptly at 11.30, and will be followed on Tuesday by a visit to the Gallery for further study of the artist's works.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Grenadier Regiment No. 101. The band plays about 12.40 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.