

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

No 308.

DRESDEN, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

BAD ALBERTSHOF 7, Sedan Strasse
16, Werder Strasse

Swimming Baths: for ladies Wednesday and Saturday 10-1, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday 2-5; the remaining days for gentlemen.
Turkish Baths: for ladies Monday and Friday 6-1, Wednesday 2-3; the remaining days for gentlemen. Baths of every description.

The First Daily Paper published in Germany
in English.

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Germany and Austria:

1 mark a month.

DEATH OF LORD GOSCHEN.

London, February 7.

George Joachim Goschen, 1st Viscount, son of William Henry Goschen, a London merchant of German extraction, and of Mrs. Goschen, the foundress of All Saints' Church, Dresden, born in London, 10th August 1831, died this morning.

He was educated at Rugby under Dr. Tait, and at Oriel College, Oxford, where he took a first-class in classics. He entered his father's firm of Fröhling & Gösechen, of Austin Friars, in 1853, and three years later became a director of the Bank of England. His entry into public life took place in 1863, when he was returned without opposition as member for the City of London in the Liberal interest, and this was followed by his re-election, at the head of the poll, in the General Election of 1865. In November of the same year he was appointed Vice-President of the Board of Trade and Paymaster-General, and in January 1866 he was made Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, with a seat in the Cabinet. When Mr. Gladstone became Prime Minister in December 1868, Mr. Goschen joined the Cabinet as President of the Poor Law Board, and continued to hold that office until March 1871, when he succeeded Mr. Childers as First Lord of the Admiralty. In 1874 he was elected Lord Rector of the University of Aberdeen. Being sent to Cairo in 1876 as delegate for the British holders of Egyptian bonds, in order to arrange for the conversion of the debt, he succeeded in effecting an agreement with the Khedive. In 1878 his views upon the County Franchise question prevented him from voting uniformly with his party, and he informed his constituents in the City that he would not stand again at the forthcoming General Election. In the following August he attended the International Monetary Conference at Paris. In 1880 he was elected for Ripon, and continued to represent that constituency until the General Election of 1885, when he was returned for the Eastern Division of Edinburgh. Being opposed to the extension of the franchise, he was unable to join Mr. Gladstone's Government in 1880; declining the post of Viceroy of India, he accepted that of Special Ambassador to the Porte, and was successful in settling the Montenegrin and Greek frontier questions in 1880 and 1881. He was made an Ecclesiastical Commissioner in 1882, and when Sir Henry Brand was raised to the peerage in 1884, the Speakership of the House of Commons was offered to him, but declined. During the Parliament of 1880 till 1885 he frequently found himself unable to concur with his party, especially as regards the extension of the franchise and questions of foreign policy; and when Mr. Gladstone adopted the policy of Home Rule for Ireland, Mr. Goschen followed Lord Hartington and became one of the most active of the Liberal Unionists. His vigorous and eloquent opposition to Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule Bill of 1886 brought him into greater public prominence than ever, but he failed to retain his seat for Edinburgh at the election in July of that year. On the resignation of Lord Randolph Churchill in December 1886, Mr. Goschen, though a Liberal Unionist, accepted Lord Salisbury's invitation to join his Ministry and became Chancellor of the Exchequer. Being defeated by Mr. Nevill, a Gladstonian Liberal, at Liverpool, 26th January 1887, by seven votes, he was elected for St. George's, Hanover Square, on 9th February. His Chancellorship of the Exchequer during the Ministry of 1886 to 1892 was rendered memorable by his successful conversion of the National Debt in July 1889. With that financial operation, under which the new 2½ per cent. Consols became known as "Goschens", his name will long be connected. Aberdeen University again conferred upon him the honour of the Lord Rectorship in 1888, and he received a similar honour from the University of Edinburgh in 1890. In the Unionist opposition of 1893 to 1895 Mr. Goschen again took a vigorous part, his speeches both in and out of the House of Commons being remarkable for their eloquence and debating power. From 1895 to 1900 Mr. Goschen was First Lord of the Admiralty, and in that office he earned the highest reputation for his businesslike grasp of detail and his statesmanlike outlook on the naval policy of the country. He retired in 1900, and was raised to the peerage by the title of Viscount Goschen of Hawkhurst, Kent, on 17th December.

KING EDWARD IN PARIS.

Paris, February 6.

President Fallières gave a déjeuner today in honour of Their Majesties King Edward and Queen Alexandra; all the Ministers were present.

THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN.

New York, February 6.

The Press is displaying a more rational tone in its comments on the Japanese dispute. The statements issued at Washington, and cables from Tokio

show that the Japanese Government is maintaining a strictly correct attitude. Japan relies on the justice of her claim and her faith in the President's power to persuade the Californians that they are in the wrong. The President, in the course of his conferences with the Californian Congressional Delegation at Washington, has gone some way in this direction. His interviews with the Mayor of San Francisco and other local officials, who are now on their way to the capital, may complete the work. Indeed, it may be said now that all the leading San Francisco officials realise that they must give way. Their efforts will now be directed towards securing some modification of the immigration laws against the Japanese, to sweeten the bitterness of defeat on the school question. However much disguised, the surrender to Japan will be repugnant to the majority of Californians, and the Congressmen and others concerned are bound to lose popularity with the ignorant electorate.

KING LEOPOLD IN A CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.

A local journal announces that the carriage in which the King of the Belgians was driving collided today with a tramcar, the coachman having failed to hear the bell rung by the driver of the tram. The pole of the King's carriage broke through a window of the tram, but no one was injured. The King received a severe shaking, being thrown into the corner of the carriage, but he remained uninjured.

THE CARLSBAD SPRINGS IN DANGER.

Vienna, February 6.

The Commission appointed by the Minister of Agriculture, with the concurrence of the Minister of the Interior and the Minister of Commerce, to examine the regulations which the authorities have issued for the protection of the Carlsbad medicinal springs against danger from the subterranean works in progress in the Carolina mine, has declared, in a preliminary report dated the 31st of January, that the continuation of the pumping operations in the Marien II. mine, and in the Britannia mine at Königswerk near Falkenau, will endanger the existence of the Carlsbad springs. The mining authorities have therefore, in accordance with the proposals of the Commission, ordered the construction of waterproof dams in both the shafts of the Marien II. mine, which involves the cessation of mining work in those shafts. The Minister of Agriculture informed a deputation of mine-owners that the Government will at all times be prepared to protect the just interests of mining, and is fully aware of the importance of the decision that has been pronounced; but that the fact must be borne in mind that in this case it is a question also of the maintenance of the Carlsbad springs which, as unique of their kind and the common property of humanity, must absolutely be guarded from all danger.

COSIMA WAGNER'S HEALTH.

Cannes, February 6.

Frau Cosima Wagner, accompanied by her son, has arrived here for a stay of some weeks.

DEATH OF A CHURCH DIGNITARY.

Paris, February 7.

Monsignor Hautin, Archbishop of Chambéry, died this morning.

ATTEMPT TO MURDER KING MILAN'S SON.

Constantinople, February 6.

An attempt was made yesterday on the life of the illegitimate son of King Milan of Serbia, George Christitch, by stabbing him with a dagger. The attempt failed, as the dagger struck Christitch's notebook and only caused a trifling wound. The motive for the deed is unknown.

THE MOROCCAN DIFFICULTY.

Tangier, February 6.

The Mahalla has fought a series of engagements against the tribes of the Dulabs, Beniesien and Dareloujari. They have lost 3 men killed and several wounded and captured numerous cattle. The rebels' losses are unknown.

The Gentil scientific mission arrived here today.

Finest handpainted Dresden China

A. E. Stephan

Succ. to Helena Wolfohn Nachf.
Manufacturer & Exporter to
the American & English trade.



4, Reichs Str. 4

2 minutes from Hauptbahnhof.
Highest recommendations.
Most reasonable prices.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

THE NEBOGATOV COURT MARTIAL.

St. Petersburg, February 6.

The Czar has confirmed the sentence of the court martial on Admiral Nebogatov and other accused naval officers; Admiral Nebogatov was condemned to ten years confinement in a fortress, and the other officers to various terms of similar imprisonment.

THE DUMA ELECTIONS.

St. Petersburg, February 6.

Up to the present 1,423 electors have been chosen for the Imperial Duma. 389 are Monarchists or their adherents; 239 are Moderates including 145 Octobrists; 498 are Members of the Left including 150 Cadets; 49 are Nationalists including 30 Poles and 13 Zionistic Jews; 151 are Independents and the political proclivities of the remaining 97 are unknown.

THE FAR EAST.

St. Petersburg, February 6.

The war party here is greatly displeased at the action of the Imperial authorities in having decided to abolish the post of Viceroy of the Far East. It has been announced officially that the withdrawal of the Russian troops from Manchuria has made it no longer necessary for Russia to appoint a supreme authority in Trans-Baikalia, the Amur Territory, and the Maritime Province on the Pacific coast line.

The *Dalny Vostok* gives a very gloomy picture of the state of Kharbin; in fact, it calls that town "a dying town", and remarks that although several large buildings, the railway station, a school, and a few hotels give the place an imposing air from a distance, yet a closer inspection reveals the terrible state of affairs. The buildings are neglected and falling to pieces; the walls are cracked, and many roofs have fallen in; the Chinese sneak about the town at will, and the general impression is that the place will soon be abandoned to its former owners, for, after all, Russia can have no interest in spending vast sums of money on a town in Manchuria.

THE AMUR RIVER.

St. Petersburg, February 6.

The Poutiloff Works here is about to establish a large shipbuilding yard on the Amur River in the Far East, so that it can execute the Government orders for torpedo-boats and river gun-boats for service with the Pacific Squadron. The assistant-manager of the works is about to go out to the Amur territory for the purpose of studying the local conditions with a view to selecting a suitable site, and workmen and engineers have been asked to enter their names for employment in the projected shipbuilding yard.

AN OCTOBRIST MURDERED.

Kursk, February 6.

This evening a landed proprietor by name Plokhoff, an active agent of the Octobrist party, was murdered in his library; his servant was wounded. The crime is believed to have been political as money and valuables were left untouched. The murderers, three in number, succeeded in escaping.

THE FEHIM PASHA INCIDENT.

Constantinople, February 6.

By order of the Sultan, Fehim Pasha, Adjutant General and Head of the Secret Police, whose punishment is demanded by the German Ambassador in consequence of his theft of the cargo of a German ship, is to be subjected to an enquiry which will extend to crimes committed by him years ago. Meanwhile Fehim is in his own house under police surveillance and his men have been dismissed.

THE MOTHER'S MISTAKE.

A sad mistake was made by a mother who came from Leicester to London with her little son to see "Sindbad" at Drury Lane. By some means they found themselves at Covent Garden, where "Lohengrin" was being given. The opening of the opera somewhat depressed them, but the boy brightened when Lohengrin appeared drawn by the swan. "Look at Sindbad chasing the duck!" he exclaimed, to the horror of those near him. When it at length dawned upon the mother that she was not at Drury Lane she went out and explained to the manager. In compensation Mr. Frank Rendle offered her two tickets for the next fancy dress ball at Covent Garden.

GENERAL NEWS.

(From our London correspondent.)

A concert in aid of the sufferers in Jamaica was given at Covent Garden on Sunday night by the principals of the German Opera Company. The temptation scene from "Parsival" was conducted by Herr Leopold Reichwein whilst Frau Felia Litvinne sang the music of the sorceress Kundry and M. Ernest van Dyck that of Parsival.

Prof. Weiss gave a very instructive lecture on "Anglo-German Relations in Science and History" at the annual meeting of the London branch of the General German Language Association held at the Holborn Viaduct Hotel.

Both the English and German nations, he said, were branches of the same Teutonic stock, which, in the course of centuries, had changed less in Great Britain than in Germany and he pointed out that over 60 per cent of the words used by Shakespeare were of Saxon origin. In conclusion he expressed the hope that Carlyle's well-known ideal of Anglo-German brotherhood would be realised.

The Marchioness of Hastings died on Sunday last at Long Walk House, Windsor, after a short illness.

She was the only daughter of the second Marquis of Anglesey and was considered the peerless beauty of her day and was first engaged to be married to Mr. Henry Chaplin in 1864, but one day when out driving with him, she stopped at Messrs. Swan and Edgar's in Piccadilly and went out by a door in Regent Street where she met the late Marquis of Hastings and there and then went off and married him.

It was three years later that Mr. Chaplin had his revenge when he won the Derby with *Hermil* whilst the Marquis who ran *Lady Elizabeth* lost a fabulous amount over her and finally died a ruined man a year after.

His widow married Sir George Chetwynd and leaves two daughters and a son, the elder daughter being the widow of the late eccentric Marquis of Anglesey.

The Duke and Duchess of Portland purpose leaving Welbeck Abbey next month for their London residence, and on March 3 will go on a yachting cruise in the Mediterranean with the Duke of Sutherland on his famous yacht the "Catania". The party will remain away until early in May.

King Edward has sent a beautiful wedding present to Miss Evelyn Cavendish-Bentinck whose marriage to Mr. Walter Burns takes place on Saturday next. The present consists of a handsome amethyst and diamond pendant and it is accompanied by an autograph letter of congratulation.

At the Adelphi Theatre "The Bondman" is soon to be withdrawn and "The Prodigal Son" will take its place with most of the members of the original company including Mr. Frank Cooper, Mr. Henry Neville, Mr. Austin Melford and Miss Lily Hall Caine. Mr. Walter Hampden will play Mr. Alexander's part.

It is satisfactory to learn that great improvements are to be made at Ludgate Hill railway station. There is to be an alteration in the platform accommodation in order to relieve the main line traffic. Whereas there are now two platforms, one will be taken away, and the other is to be extended and when complete will be 450 feet long and 32 feet wide, and will be raised above its present level.

If, as is announced, the Prince of Wales takes luncheon with the Lord Mayor at the Mansion House as Master of Trinity House on March 13. His Royal Highness' stay on the Continent after the opening of Parliament cannot be of very long duration.

The total number of patients in hospital through the terrible earthquake at Kingston, Jamaica, is 219; no deaths in the hospital have been reported nor have there been any more shocks.

An order has been placed by the Dominion Line with Messrs. Harland and Wolff of Belfast for a 14,000 tons twin-screw steamer to be employed in the company's Liverpool and Canadian ports passenger service. It is to be called "The Alberta".

Count Paul Wolff-Metternich, the German Ambassador, has accepted an invitation to be present on the 15th inst. at the annual dinner of the Newcastle-on-Tyne Chamber of Commerce and will respond to the toast of the German Emperor and the German Empire.

A remarkable robbery of the great rubber mat in front of the entrance to the Savoy Hotel, on the Thames Embankment, was perpetrated on Saturday evening last. It weighed about 30lbs. and measured eight feet by three feet. Two page boys are always on duty there and declare that they never saw anyone loitering about.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell will next appear in London in the series of afternoon performances of "Hedda Gabler" at the Court Theatre which commence on March 5.

German
French
Italian
Spanish
Swedish

taught by first-class native teachers.

Berlitz School

Prager Strasse 44, I.

Telephone 1055.

From San Francisco comes the news that Mr. Schmitz, the mayor and the members of the Board of Education, have started for Washington to discuss the Japanese question with President Roosevelt.

There are many rumours with regard to the motive of King Edward's visit to Paris, but there is absolutely no truth in the assertions of some foreign journals that it is directed against Germany. On the contrary it is one of the King's dearest wishes to create a better understanding between Germany and France.

G. WIRSING, American Dentist. Graduate of the Milwaukee Medical College (Dental Department), Sidonien Strasse 106, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 9967

It is, unfortunately, foolish newspaper reports and evil imaginations which tend to create so much mistrust and ill feeling, and it is quite certain that King Edward will do his utmost to meet the views of his nephew, the German Emperor. Both desire universal peace and the private visit of the King and Queen to Paris can only do good generally.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra after a motor trip to Versailles on Monday where they inspected the pictures and art treasures and lunching at the Hotel which was formerly the residence of the Marquise de Pompadour returned to Paris where they dined with a party of friends at the Café Anglais. A box had been engaged for their Majesties at the Renaissance Theatre where they witnessed the performance of M. Henry Bernstein's "Le Voleur" the English rights of which have been purchased by Mr. George Alexander.

An agreement between France and the Vatican is eagerly sought by King Edward who is believed to have sent the Duke of Norfolk to Rome as his intermediary.

Prince Edward of Wales is now at Sandringham and his journey there is specially notable as he travelled alone from Marlborough House for the first time in his life and seemed to enjoy the privilege of independence.

Alice Wittmund Recital of Fairy Tales

accompanied by old songs

Saturday, February 9th, at 5.30 p.m.

Saal der Kaufmannschaft, Ostra-Allee 9.

Tickets 2 marks, Children 1 mark

(to be obtained from

Richter's Kunstsalon (Holst) Prager Strasse.

Lady Victoria Grenfell succumbed to typhoid fever contracted in Mexico about four weeks ago, on Monday night at Government House, Ottawa. She was the eldest daughter of Earl Grey and married Mr. Arthur M. Grenfell in 1901. The remains of Lady Grenfell will be sent to England in the "Empress of India" which sails today.

Mr. Francis Alexander Hamilton of Brent Lodge, Finchley, whose death at ninety-two years of age occurred last week, left property valued at over a million. Mr. Hamilton was a partner in the firm of Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co., American and foreign bankers. One of his daughters is Frances, Lady Legard, widow of the late Sir Charles Legard, M. P.

Mr. James Bryce the new British Ambassador to the United States, leaves England on the 13th inst. to take up his duties.

Schramm & Echtermeyer Grocers

10b, Sidonien Strasse 10b
(corner of Prager Strasse).

Breakfast and other Teas.
Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate.

English and German Biscuits.

Tinned Meat, Fish and Vegetables.

Preserved Fruit, Marmalade and Jams

English Pickles and Sauces.

Wines, Liqueurs, &c.

At a meeting of the special committee appointed by the Corporation of London in connection with

the reception to the Colonial Premiers at the Guildhall in April, Mr. Ernest H. Lamb, M. P., was appointed chairman of the committee.

Of the jury in the Thaw trial the youngest is a little over thirty years of age and the eldest sixty-five and nearly all are married men. It is stated that Mrs. Thaw when examined as witness will make some startling revelations.

The Duchess of Marlborough with her two sons left England on Tuesday for a six week's stay in the Riviera. They have gone to the Hotel Bristol at Beaulieu with Mr. and Mrs. Percy Belmont and Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, junior.

Wood Street, Cheapside, was once more the scene of a conflagration which broke out on the evening of Monday last. The fire occurred in the centre of a square formed by Wood-street, Milk-street, Gresham-street and Cheapside and but for the timely arrival of the brigade might have proved one of the worst known of late in London.

Although no lives were lost, the fire did serious damage estimated at between £80,000 and £100,000. The suffering firms include Beecroft, Sons and Nicholson; Ashford and Ashford; Horwood; Farmer; Pannerin; Goodwin; Collett; Bell Bros; and Mair, Clark and McLee.

Others who experienced loss and damage were Messrs. Victor Jay; M. Spiegel, David Moos and Co.; R. Peebles and Co.; Elfroth and Scholtz; Haensel and Gruneberg; A. H. Wooley and Co; Rix and Co.; and C. Simiand and Co.

It is generally believed that the fire started in the rooms occupied by Messrs. Farmer, who are silk and velvet agents. It was extinguished at 9 p. m. and was one of the most rapidly consuming on record.

On the occasion of the visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to Glasgow on April 23, to open the addition to the University, the Prince will also lay the foundation stone of the addition to Glasgow Royal Infirmary.

At Holy Trinity Church, Sloane Street, where Mr. Ralph Macair was married to Miss Dorothy Elizabeth Howard on Monday last, the bride was given away by her stepfather, General Sir Redvers Buller. The reception held by Lady Audrey Buller was largely attended.

The bride looked charming and very graceful in her robe of white-satin and lace, whilst the elder bridesmaids were dressed in grey blue crepe with hats to match and there were two little girls in white with wreaths of variegated convolvulus on their heads; two small pages were in attendance on the bride.

At the concert organised by Miss Janotha for the benefit of Dr. Barnado's Homes, at Grosvenor House, Princess Henry of Battenberg was present, and songs of her composition were sung by Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Earle. The Princess was unable to remain long in consequence of other engagements.

Princess Alexander of Teck has consented to open the annual exhibition of the Royal Amateur Society which will be held at Hyde Park House, by permission of Lady Naylor Leyland on March 7. to 10. inclusive.

The King is lending four beautiful engravings of George III's children to the loan section of the exhibition.

Mr. and Lady Mary Holt, are now in Ireland and intend staying at Kilruddery for some weeks as it has been lent to them by the Earl of Meath. Mr. Holt only recently returned from a wild game expedition in the Rocky Mountains.

Mr. James, the novelist, has recently revisited his native America and the impressions gathered by him in "The American Scene" show that as a traveller he is quite as good as a novelist.

So serious is the coal famine in London becoming that a further rise of two or three shillings a ton is anticipated. The enormous increase in the export of coal accounts for this very largely.

The Corporation of the City of London have before them a proposal to remove the fish market from Billingsgate, where Edward III. established it, to Shadwell, and a committee has been instructed to investigate and report on the suggestion.

In consequence of the recent heavy weather in England, there has been a great scarcity of fish at Grimsby. The prices of several kinds of fish are just now the highest which have been obtainable for many years.

More than £35,000 is left in charities under the will of Miss Frederica Crokat who lived at Chester-place, Hyde Park. The bequest is subject to life interests.

The alarm caused at Glasgow and at Belfast at the spread of the cerebro-spinal meningitis has by no means become less, as the malady continues to add to its victims and seems even to baffle the doctors.

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Payments on all Letters of Credit.
Exchange of Circular-Notes,
Cheques and foreign money at most favourable rates.
Postal Orders.
English and American newspapers.
Office hours 9-1, 3-6, Saturdays 9-3.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH,
Wiener Strasse.

Friday, February 8th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.
Saturday, February 9th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Sunday, February 10th. *Quinquagesima*. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Litany.
Monday, February 11th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Tuesday, February 12th. Shrove-Tuesday. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Wednesday, February 13th. The first Day of Lent commonly called Ash Wednesday. 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins, Litany and Communion Service. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Thursday, February 14th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Friday, February 15th. 10.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Address.
Saturday, February 16th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN,
Reichplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Friday, February 8th. Service 10.0 a.m. Special Meeting at Rectory, address on Christian Work 3.0 p.m.
Sunday, February 10th. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.
Wednesday, February 13th. Ash Wednesday. 11.0 a.m. 4.0 p.m.
Thursday, February 14th. 4.0 p.m.
Friday, February 15th. Litany 10.0 a.m. Special Meeting and address at Rectory 3.0 p.m.
The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winkelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. and at 6 p.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister, Bernhard Strasse 2, I.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

THE BRITISH LEGATION: Elisen Strasse 5 c. Minister Resident: *The Viscount Gough*.
THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16. British Consul: *H. Palmié, Esq.*
THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p. American Consul General: *T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.*

LOCAL.

The second (orchestral) concert of the Royal Conservatorium will take place this evening at the Vereinshaus at half-past seven o'clock. The programme was given in our yesterday's number. Tickets may be obtained at the Royal Conservatorium, Landhaus Strasse 11, II.

There are still some tickets to be had for the Subscription Dance to be held at Moczinsky Strasse 21 on Monday evening next at nine p.m. For obvious reasons not unconnected with the commissariat department early application for tickets is desirable. It is hoped that ladies will appear at the dance masked; such concealment of the features in the case of gentlemen, however, is not desired.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Grenadier Regiment No. 101. The band about 12.40 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.

THE WRONG BIRD.

A professional rat-catcher, being recently called to another place (says "Harper's"), entrusted a number of ferrets to the care of a neighbour. Upon his return he found, to his disgust, that, owing to the carelessness of the neighbour, several ferrets had escaped from custody. The rat-catcher thereupon proceeded to bring a claim against the caretaker. The magistrate before whom the suit for damages was brought dismissed the case. "No doubt," said he to the caretaker, "you were wrong to leave the doors of the cages open; but, on the other hand," added he, turning to the rat-catcher, "you were wrong, too. Why didn't you clip the wings of the ferrets?"

PIANOS KAPS
KAPS NIPP
Nipp-Flügel
Ernst Kaps, Dresden.
Pragerstrasse, Eingang Waisenhausstrasse 14, rechts

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 7, ending 9

IV. Symphony Concert. Series B.

- PROGRAMME.
(1) Symphony No. 5 in B-flat A. Bruckner.
(For the first time.)
(2) Violin Concerto in A-minor A. Dvorak.
Soloist: Henri Marteau.
(3) Overture to "Bevenuto Cellini". H. Berlioz.
Rehearsal this morning at 10.30.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7 p.m.

Oberon.

ROYAL THEATRE

NEUSTADT.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending after 9.30

Das alte Heim.

Comödie in drei Acten von Gustav Esmann.

Cast:

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| Theodor Rabe, cand. phil. | Herr Fischer. |
| Urania Rabe, seine Schwester | Frau Bleibtreu. |
| Erik Rabe, cand. jur., beider Nefte | Herr Wierth. |
| Emmy Rabe, beider Nichte | Fräul. Verden. |
| Olesen, Erik's Onkel | Herr Bauer. |
| Fritz, stud. ing., sein Pflegesohn | Herr Gebühr. |
| Tram, stud. med. | Herr René. |
| Majorin Vogel | Fräul. Lisal. |
| Asta, ihre Nichte | Fräul. Serda. |
| Mortensen, Grundstücksmakler | Herr Gunz. |
| Petermann, Gutsverwalter | Herr Huff. |
| Drasdrup, Mamsell | Frau Firlé. |
| Hansen, Stubenmädchen | Fräul. Schendler. |

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

Der Raub der Sabinerinnen.

REPertoire OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

OPERA HOUSE.

Sunday, February 10th: Il Demonio. 7.30 p.m.
Monday, February 11th: Margarete. 7 p.m.



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SCHAUSPIELHAUS.

Sunday, February 10th: Wallensteins Tod. 7 p.m.
Monday, February 11th: Gyges und sein Ring. 7.30 p.m.

RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

Der arme Jonathan.

Operette in 3 Acten. Musik von Carl Millöcker.

Cast:

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| Mr. Vandergold | Heinrich Werk. |
| Tobias Quikly, Impresario | Carl Friese. |
| Cattalucci, Componist | Alexander Olbrich. |
| Brostoloni, Bassist | Bruno Bellmann. |
| Dr. Dryander, Professor | Ignaz Janda. |
| Harriet, seine Nichte | Käte Hansen. |
| Graf Novalsky | Emil Gähd. |
| Arabella, seine Schwester | Ellen Hohenfels. |
| Holmes, Advocat | Adolf Braunstein. |
| Jonathan Tripp | Oskar Aigner. |
| Billy } bedienstet bei Vandergold | Carl Knaack. |
| Molly } | Rosa Habler. |
| François, Inspector in Monaco | Martin Riden. |
| Big | Ida Kuttner. |
| Grant | Marie Wildmeyer. |
| Hunt | Grete Herder. |
| Cooper | Carla Mira. |
| Toward | Hanni Baumgart. |
| Bodger | Elly Berg. |
| Cox | Charlotte Treuth. |
| Wonder | Eise Isold. |
| Black | Linu Meyer. |
| Wilson | Clara Haass. |
| Fooling | Jenny Baumgarten. |
| Field | Cäcilie Weigel. |
| Hume | Elsa Jahrow. |
| Meyers | Ninette Wolff. |
| Barrant | Martha Goetz. |
| James, Diener bei Vandergold | Alfred Mauthner. |
| Ein Sheriff | Carl Wilhelm. |
| Ein Hausbeamter | Camillo Randolph. |
| Ein Croupier | Erwin Hartmann. |

Tomorrow, Saturday, afternoon, at 3.30 p.m.

Robinson Crusoe.

At 7.30 p.m.

Die lustige Witwe.

CURRENT TOPICS IN AMERICA.

(By letter dated January 26th, from our New York correspondent.)

SAN FRANCISCO AND THE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Mr. Kahn, Californian Member of Congress, spoke yesterday in the House of Representatives of the way in which the Fire Insurance Companies, which were hit by the San Francisco catastrophe, had fulfilled their obligations. He criticised adversely the attitude of the German companies. He stated that at the time of the fire 118 companies had effected insurances on property in the destroyed district. Of these, with the exception of 30, all were American companies; among the foreign companies were 17 English, 6 German, 2 Scotch and 1 Canadian, 1 Austrian, 1 Swedish and 1 New Zealand company. Most of the American companies paid their losses in full with the result that their treasuries were emptied and some of them actually went bankrupt. He complimented the English and most of the American companies and added that the non-English foreign companies had attempted to evade their liabilities and that most of them had withdrawn their business from the State. In the case of the German and Austrian companies, however, those insured would, he stated, through the mediation of the German courts and the State Department, probably receive 50 cents in the dollar or more. "Not a single one of the German companies," said Mr. Kahn, "which carried on business in San Francisco before April 18, 1906, has redeemed its policies with 100 cents to the dollar. This is in strong contrast to the 17 English companies which carried on business in that city and nearly all of which paid their liabilities in full. Three German companies repudiated all liability immediately after the fire and withdrew their business in the State. Up to the present these companies have not paid a single dollar on the policies issued in San Francisco."

95,000,000 DOLLARS NAVAL ESTIMATES.

Should Congress accept the naval estimates in the form recommended by the Committee for naval affairs of the House of Representatives, the American navy will receive a substantial increase. The

principle has been laid down that in future a battleship of the largest dimensions, after the pattern of the British battleship "Dreadnought", is to be built every year. Already last year the construction of such an armoured colossus was provided for. The Committee now recommends the construction of a second. The whole estimates for the navy amount to 95 million dollars and that apart from the construction of torpedo boat destroyers and 2 million dollars for submarines. Washington circles have recently deprecated the idea that America by the construction of great battleships wishes to surpass the "Dreadnought" class, but it cannot be denied that America like Japan has been spurred to greater efforts by the construction of the "Dreadnought". The naval budget also provides for the recruiting of 3,000 additional sailors and 900 additional marines.

THE GERMAN AMERICAN COMMERCIAL TREATY.

Some days ago the journals published an announcement from Washington that it was intended to introduce a resolution in Congress whereby the President would be invited to approach the German Government for the purpose of prolonging the provisory commercial treaty. This announcement is, to a certain extent, in harmony with other announcements which have recently gone the round of the newspaper world, namely that the State Department would have to arrange the extension of the provisory treaty until the next session of Congress. The *New York Tribune*, which counts as the organ of the State Department, makes a further contribution to the much discussed chapter of the "German American tariff question" in the form of a noteworthy leading article. The article begins by asserting that it is perhaps too late to expect from Congress in its short session further legislative measures calculated to set German American commercial relations on a permanent basis which would satisfy both countries, but all the signs tended to show that the differences which a year ago caused so much irritation would be peaceably settled. Much has been accomplished by diplomatic negotiations in order to explain to one country the attitude of the other. The journal expresses the opinion that certain grounds of complaint can be removed by alteration of the customs regulations, and the concessions granted by the Dingley Tariff Law on a small number of articles such as pictures, tartar, &c. might be renewed.

On the other hand the *Herald* announces today that the President has already expressly stated that he will send a special message to Congress on the German American Tariff question and that he will put upon Congress the whole responsibility for the solution or non-solution of this problem. The attacks on the "stand patters" have broken out again in the House of Representatives and six petitions have been introduced which seek to obtain the requisite number of signatures for the purpose of summoning a Republican Caucus at which the Tariff question will be discussed. It has already been pointed out in various quarters that the "stand patters" and their allies are seeking to postpone the discussion of the general tariff question until the next Presidency campaign or even later.

SOLDIERS AND THEIR UNIFORM.

The cases in which soldiers have been "cut" socially simply because they are wearing uniform are increasing to a remarkable extent. They show at the same time that the uniform enjoys no respect in civil life. Each case is followed by legal proceedings and in one case the President himself put up a sum to cover the costs. Now a new case has been brought to the notice of the State Department by General Grant, Commander of the Eastern Military Department. The complaint is directed against the proprietor of a roller skating rink in Plattsburgh, N. Y. who refused entry to six soldiers from the barracks there though they were ready to pay the customary entrance fee. The man at the ticket office is said to have told them that admission was refused to soldiers in uniform. The occurrence is described as a breach of the civil rights of New York State according to which no one who conducts a public place for recreation may make any distinction to the disadvantage of any particular class. The War Department has empowered the Commander of the Plattsburgh garrison to institute proceedings against the proprietor of the skating rink.

THE THAW TRIAL.

In the whole United States at the present moment one might say that there is but one topic of conversation, and that the trial of Harry Thaw for the murder of the famous architect and millionaire Stanford White. Americans always take a great interest in criminal trials, which form the most popular reading in the sensational papers. But no trial has ever aroused such general interest as the Thaw trial which has just begun. In fact one might almost term the interest morbid. The actual proceedings have not yet commenced, the selection of the jurymen is still going on, a task as difficult as it is tedious, since the counsel for the prosecution as well as those for the defence are setting to

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Marien Strasse 12.

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The Daily Record
Dresden
Struve Strasse 5, I.

Ernst Müller
Dresden, Schoffel Strasse 29, parterre, I. and II. Etage.
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Comfortable home, excellent board 4 marks a day.—English cooking.

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Excellent situation. Splendid board.

Pension Unity, Lüttichau Strasse 26, I.
Highly recommended.

Pension Weidmann
Reichs Strasse 2, II.

Best situation. Excellent board. Comfortable rooms.

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(SAXON SWITZERLAND.)	Hotel Quisisana &c.
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work with the utmost caution, lest any juryman should be accepted who in any way may be considered to favour or show animus against the prisoner. In order to prevent any illegal influence being exercised on the jury during the course of the trial they will be strictly guarded, even when outside the court of justice. When they take their meals and in the evening, when they return to their hotel, several court officials will always accompany them. The newspapers contain practically nothing save the accounts of the trial and are publishing pictures *en masse* of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, the murderer's wife, who may be said to have been the cause of the murder. All eyes in court are turned on her, a beauty of the first rank. On her evidence will depend the fate of her husband, who is imbued with the confident hope that he will be able to justify his deed by an appeal to the so-called "unwritten law". His wife will be called upon to tell in the witness box an unvarnished tale of the relations which existed between her and White prior to her marriage with Thaw. Next to Mrs. Thaw the murderer's mother is the chief object of attention. When her son married the young Evelyn Nesbit, who had grown up in a free atmosphere and was full of *joie de vivre*,—after he had played the central rôle in various orgies in which she participated,—all relations between the mother and the son seemed to have been broken off, so embittered was the former by her son's marriage. But he was her favourite son, she forgave all his escapades, forgave him and received his wife as a daughter in her house. And now four women are endeavouring to save the millionaire's son from the electric chair; his mother, his wife and his two sisters. They present a pathetic picture in court. The Press of America, England and France, in which two latter countries Thaw lived with his wife before their marriage, is represented in court, ample telegraph, telephone and cable facilities being granted to the reporters. A huge crowd collects daily before the court building in vain seeking to enter the court which is already almost filled with reporters.

A MODERN DON JUAN.

The Rome newspapers are full of a Don Juan story of a young French duke's mesalliance. The young man is Duke Delamark of Rochemaure, who while travelling in Greece became so enamoured of the beauty of a young Greek lady of the middle class named Marika Karusos, that without the parental sanction, which is essential in France, he married her. His father promptly cut him off, and after leaving him for more than a year dependent on his father-in-law induced him to desert his wife, now a mother, and for more than twelve months she has not known his whereabouts, while his father is in Rome trying to get the Vatican to annul the marriage. The Greek Minister opposes, and a keen struggle is in progress.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 7th of February, 1907.

Miss G. Leve, New York, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. and Mrs. W. Franksen, New York, H. Europ. Hof.
Mr. G. Hogen, New York, H. New York.
Miss A. Harrison, Westmorland, H. Weber.
Miss M. Harrison, Westmorland, H. Weber.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate easterly winds, clearer skies and dry weather; somewhat colder.