

# The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

No 337.

DRESDEN, FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

**BAD ALBERTSHOF** 7. Sedan Strasse 8. Swimming Baths: for ladies Wednesday and Saturday 10-1, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday 2-5; the remaining days for gentlemen. 10. Werder Strasse 9. Turkish Baths: for ladies Monday and Friday 6-1, Wednesday 2-8; the remaining days for gentlemen. Baths of every description.

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## THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

London, March 13.

The official announcement that General Botha intends to take part in the Colonial Conference was greeted with general applause from all parts of the House.

Mr. Smeaton, Liberal, Member for Sterlingshire, asked if the Persian Government had declared itself satisfied with the draft of the Anglo-Russian agreement and requested information as to the terms of the agreement. The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Sir E. Grey, replied that he could give no information with regard to an agreement with Russia or any other Power, which was not yet concluded.

In the course of the sitting Mr. Hogan, Nationalist, Member for North Tipperary, moved a resolution that the exceptional legislation operative in Ireland under the name of the "Coercion Act" should be repealed. The Attorney General for Ireland, Mr. Robert Cherry, said that the present Government when it took the helm, resolved to discontinue the enforcement of the Coercion Act, and to rely on the ordinary laws. Under the ordinary laws the cases of agrarian crime in Ireland had diminished and the police reports showed that with one exception all districts in Ireland were in a peaceable and satisfactory condition. Mr. Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, cordially welcomed the resolution and said that as long as the present Government was in power the Coercion Act would be dead and buried. (Applause.) The Government would repeal the Act at the earliest opportunity offered them, but in his opinion it would be better to devote the present session to the reform of the Irish administration which had been already announced in the Government's programme. The resolution was carried by 252 votes to 82.

## LORD W. NEVILL IN TROUBLE AGAIN.

London, March 13.

Lord William Nevill was brought up before Mr. Smith, magistrate, at the Westminster police court charged with fraudulent manipulations in the matter of reacquiring jewels to the value of £400 pledged with a pawnbroker. Lord William's behaviour when arrested leaves little doubt that he will be convicted.

## THEFT AT AN EXHIBITION.

London, March 13.

Last evening some gold bars valued at £1,600 sterling were stolen from a glass case in the South African Exhibition; the bars were made of the first gold discovered in Bechuanaland. It is said that five men entered the Exhibition shortly before it closed, and while four of them diverted the attention of those present, the fifth took the glass case and hid it under his coat and vanished after pushing by some ladies standing near.

## THE LATE BOER RAID.

Capetown, March 13.

The sentence of death passed on Retief and Potgieter for taking part in Ferreira's raid into Cape Colony last November has been commuted into 15 years penal servitude. Piet Ferreira, John Ferreira and Jooste will not be executed, but will be sent into penal servitude for life.

## NEWS FROM AMERICA.

### THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN.

New York, March 13.

Some concern is expressed in responsible quarters at what promises to be a recrudescence of the San Francisco School dispute trouble. During the past week or two dispatches from Tokio have been published here suggesting that the Japanese Government is not altogether satisfied with the outlook, and these statements have been uniformly declared by the State Department to be unworthy of credence. But now it is officially admitted at Washington that there is a screw loose, and that it will not be a very easy job to tighten it up, so

that the diplomatic machinery may once more run smoothly.

It has been the fashion to maintain that all the trouble has been due to the action of the Labour organisations on the Pacific Slope, but it is becoming painfully evident that the objections to the presence of Japanese are not confined to any particular class. The fruit growers who find Japanese labour cheap and intelligent, form, to all appearance, the only exception to the otherwise universal dislike of Japanese immigrants. It must not be forgotten either, when considering this problem, that the hatred of Chinese, Japanese, and Koreans is deeply seated in the popular mind throughout the Union, and that the exclusion of all Asiatics is an integral plank of all the great Labour Unions.

All intelligent Americans are asking themselves how the matter will end, and it is a significant fact that the subject is never discussed publicly or privately, without the question being asked, "How will England, in view of her treaty obligations, act, in the event of 'trouble' arising?"

Washington, March 14.

The School authorities of San Francisco have informed President Roosevelt that the order whereby Japanese children were separated from other children has been rescinded.

President Roosevelt will, in consequence, sign an order today bringing into force the Amendment to the immigration law whereby the issue of immigration passes to coolies will be stopped.

## NEWS FROM FRANCE.

### THE "JENA" DISASTER.

It appears that most of the victims of the "Jena" disaster are Bretons. The editorial offices of the Brest journals, which have had posters with the latest news from Teulon posted on the walls, have been continually besieged by a large crowd of persons, most of them women, whose relations were on board the ill fated ship.

The solemn funeral of the victims of the disaster will probably take place next Saturday. It is now hoped that the number of those missing will prove to be less than 114, the latest official figure, since many of the crew were ashore at the moment of the explosion.

The "Jena" is lying in dock with water up to her water line. The condition of the vessel is better than had been feared; she lies on an even keel and at first sight one would not know she had been damaged. Round the ship are floating various objects, among them many of the stocks on which she was resting when the dock was dry. The quays are piled with debris of various kinds, especially shells and pieces of iron, still hot, which give forth an unbearable stench. The forward part of the ship is uninjured.

On Wednesday the Minister of Marine, M. Thomson, visited the "Jena" getting on board by means of a temporary landing stage placed there by the salvage parties. No private person is allowed entrance to the quays, since fears are entertained as to the safety of the inner walls of the dock which might collapse under the weight of a large crowd. The Minister's visit lasted nearly an hour and at its close he had all the surviving officers of the "Jena" introduced to him and questioned each of them as to their impressions of the disaster. M. Thomson then visited the 36 wounded men lying in hospital; he gave them consolation, questioned them as to their experiences and promised to pay a second visit when he would confer Orders on those who had distinguished themselves by especially brave conduct.

Serious as the damage to the "Jena" undoubtedly is, some of the officers are of opinion that it will be possible to repair the ship, and that even if she can no longer occupy a place in the active war fleet, she will be able to be employed as a coast defence or training vessel. No accurate information can be obtained as to the causes or details of the catastrophe, for all the eyewitnesses, both officers and men, give such varying accounts of the number of the detonations and the direction from which they came that it is impossible to base on their statements any theory which would account for the explosion. Popular

opinion connects the disaster with the explosion of the Lagolian powder magazine in 1898, which also claimed many victims, since in both cases it was the same kind of powder that exploded and both disasters occurred in March.

A commission presided over by Admiral Germinet has been appointed to enquire into the disaster.

In the after part of the "Jena" an enormous hole is visible in the outer skin of the vessel; this served to a certain extent as a safety valve, since through it the gases escaped and the total destruction of the ship was prevented. M. Thomson again visited the vessel on Thursday while the salvage parties were at work. He then proceeded to the barracks where the calling over of the roll proved that 110 men, i.e. with the officers 118 men, are missing and presumably have lost their lives, but there is still a possibility that some of them are with relatives ashore.

According to the Paris *Journal des Debats* the view prevails in naval circles that the theory that the explosion was caused by spontaneous combustion is untenable. One is rather inclined to believe that the disaster was the result of a criminal outrage and this view is strengthened by the fact that the explosion took place aft, where all the officers' cabins are, and during the pause before the roll call, i.e. at a moment when there was ample time to make the necessary preparations. The force of the explosion, be its cause what it may, seems to have been tremendous. A number of granite blocks fell in the town itself. In the Rue St. Michel a mass of granite, weighing from 10 to 15 lbs., fell on the roof of a house and crashed through the ceilings of the 3rd and 4th stories.

Many Sovereigns and Ministers of foreign countries have telegraphed their sympathy to President Fallières. H. M. the German Emperor has sent the following telegram to the naval attaché Admiral Siegel: "Please express in my name to the Minister of Marine my heartfelt sympathy with the victims of the terrible catastrophe on the 'Jena'. May the Lord comfort their poor relatives. I know Admiral Manceron personally. Wilhelm I. R."

The President of the Italian Chamber at its meeting on Thursday expressed in the name of the House, the deep sympathy of the Italian people with France.

## THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

Brussels, March 13.

At today's meeting of the Chamber of Deputies M. Janson expressed a wish that the Hague Conference should discuss the question of disarmament. He cordially welcomed the initiative of England which had shown so noble an example by giving autonomy to the Boers.

M. de Favereau, Foreign Minister, said that the Chamber could only regard with joy each step in the direction of peace. Belgians had, however, always remained neutral in international questions and could take no steps in this matter.

M. Janson then introduced an Order of the Day congratulating England on an initiative.

## THE MURDER OF M. PETKOFF.

Sofia, March 13.

Since the statements of the murderer of M. Petkoff are very contradictory, the difficulties in the way of establishing the identity of his accomplices, if he had any, are increased. There are, however, unequivocal proofs that a conspiracy of discontented, anarchistic elements, whose threads reach into the Provinces, exists. Numerous arrests have been made; an enquiry is being held in secret, but there is absolutely no suspicion that political parties are implicated in the conspiracy.

## NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

### THE REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT.

Charkoff, March 13.

While the police were searching the room of a student today a bomb exploded there. An officer, three constables and two private persons were killed and six other persons were wounded.

Jaroslavl, March 13.

A young man in students dress today attempted to murder the Governor, M. Rinski-Korssakoff, but failed in his attempt. He had obtained admission to the Governor's room, under pretence of bringing him an invitation to a concert. The Governor, who realized the young man's intention in time, seized him by the throat and held him fast until some other people came, who deprived him of his weapon. Several cartridges were found in his pocket.

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## GENERAL NEWS.

(From our London correspondent.)

King Edward went for a walk through Biarritz on Tuesday morning, and in the afternoon drove out in a motor-car. Among those who had the honour of being invited to dine with the King Tuesday evening was Sir M. de Bunsen, the British Ambassador in Madrid.

The Empress Marie and the Queen on Monday visited the National Gallery, the National Portrait Gallery, and the Wallace Collection in Manchester-square. All formalities were avoided, and in each case the officials were informed of their Majesties' intention only just before they were due to arrive. Their Majesties left Buckingham Palace at noon, and drove by motor car first to the National Gallery in Trafalgar-square. No guide was needed, for the Queen has paid many visits, and was well able to direct her sister's attention to all that was most likely to interest her. The Royal ladies went into every room in the British and foreign sections, side by side with casual visitors, many of whom were quite unaware of their identity. The visit lasted about an hour, their Majesties then proceeding to the National Portrait Gallery. Shortly before two o'clock their Majesties returned to the Palace. After luncheon they drove in a closed pair-horse carriage to Manchester-square, and spent over an hour in inspecting the Wallace Collection in almost absolute privacy, afterwards returning to the Palace.

The Queen and the Dowager Empress of Russia left Buckingham Palace for Hatfield shortly before one o'clock on Tuesday attended by the Marchioness of Lansdowne, and two other members of their suite. The latter went in advance in a motor car, the Queen and the Empress following in a second car. Their Majesties made the journey by road, via Finchley and Barnet, arriving at Hatfield in time for luncheon. During the afternoon they made a tour of inspection of the historic Elizabethan mansion, and were to return to town Wednesday evening.

The official reception to the colonial representatives will be given, on behalf of His Majesty's Government, by Countess Beauchamp, at 13, Belgrave-square, on April 15, the day upon which the Conference is to be opened. The Premiers will also be entertained at dinner before the party by Earl and Countess Beauchamp.

The Prince of Wales, who was present at the annual meeting of the Royal Naval Fund, held at the Royal United Service Institution, subsequently inspected Rubens' famous painting, in the banquet hall of Whitehall Palace, which is now being thoroughly cleaned.

A fancy dress ball for children on the same lines as that given last year with so much success at the Queen's Hall, will be given by the London Entertainments Committee of the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, in aid of that society, on Tuesday, June 11, from three o'clock till eight p. m., at the Wharnclyffe Rooms, Hotel Great Central.

Lord and Lady Llangatock are to entertain at the Hendre, Monmouthshire, at Easter, a ballooning party, consisting of members of the Aero Club. Three balloons will go up—the Venus, of 42,000 cubic feet capacity, jointly owned by the Hon. C. S. Rolls, Mr. Moore-Brabazon, and Mr. Warwick J. Wright, and which has taken part in several races in this country; the Nebula, a new balloon of 45,000 cubic feet capacity, owned by the Hon. Mrs. Harbord, and which recently crossed the Channel; and the Midget, the smallest balloon in England, made of Japanese silk, of 17,000 feet capacity, owned by the Hon. C. S. Rolls.

The torpedo school ship "Defiance," at Devonport, is about to be extended by the substitution of the cruiser "Spartan" for the corvette "Perseus" for instructional purposes. The work of adapting the "Spartan" has been carried out jointly by the artisan staff of the "Defiance" and the Dockyard. A workshop and lecture room have been provided, and space is also set apart for instruction in the use of submerged torpedo tubes. The cost of the conversion amounts to about £14,000. The addition of the "Spartan" to the "Defiance"—the two being joined up by a communication bridge—will correspond with the twenty-first anniversary of the parent ship in her present position in Devonport Harbour.

Prebendary Kempe, who for more than 40 years was rector of St. James's, Piccadilly, died on Monday afternoon at his residence in London. He had just completed his 97th year.

The 2nd Royal Sussex Regiment, which arrived home from Crete on Tuesday sent the last of the men from Southampton next day to Belfast. The battalion takes with it a Cretan ibex, which was presented to the corps by Prince George of Greece as a mark of his appreciation of its services. This regimental pet stood the rough weather in the Bay of Biscay very well, and is in fine condition. The battalion has been twenty-four years abroad, and

thousands of men have passed through the ranks, out and home, during that time. The returning strength of the battalion is 640 of all ranks.

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The Countess of Stradbroke, who is to be congratulated on the birth of a son, is already the mother of a trio of lovely little daughters, the Ladies Pleasance, Catherine, and Betty Rous. The infant born at Henham Hall on Sunday is her second son, his elder brother, who takes the title of Viscount Dunwich, being four years old next month. The elder boy had the Queen as his god-mother, for Lady Stradbroke is a much esteemed friend of her Majesty, being the granddaughter of the late Mme. de Falbe, so old a confidante of Queen Alexandra.

Lady Stradbroke is a very handsome woman, with fine features and masses of black hair. The daughter of General Keith Fraser, she married Lord Stradbroke in 1898, and as a young bride was noted for her magnificent jewels, many of which came from Mme. de Falbe, and included splendid diamonds and rubies. She has a great reputation as a hostess, and at her husband's Suffolk seat has entertained the Prince and Princess of Wales.

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#### PARIS IN DARKNESS.

The Paris correspondent of the *Globe* gives a graphic account of the inconvenience caused by the recent strike of electricians in that city. "I have," he says, "seen a good many strikes of various kinds in Paris, but none so successful—and so disastrous—as the strike of electricians which has just terminated. Electricity has so entered into the daily life of the inhabitants of Paris that it is not possible to dispense with it suddenly without causing an immense amount of inconvenience. The first to feel the effects of the revolt of the electricians were the business houses, the cafés, and the general public. When the light went out I happened to be in the office of a well-known American solicitor in the Boulevard Haussmann. Suddenly the light in his room was extinguished, and when he rang for an explanation the office-boy informed him that the light had gone out all

**G. WIRSING, American Dentist.** Graduate of the Milwaukee Medical College (Dental Department).  
Sidonien Strasse 10b, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 9987.

over the place. Then the "secteur" was rung up, and it was learned that the workmen had gone off in a body, and that the prospect of getting any more electricity that evening was very remote. Later I called at the Opera to see how things were progressing there. I found everything in the greatest confusion. The manager was invisible, and at the foot of the staircase leading to the artists' quarters a man with a lantern was walking melancholically and fro, and refusing access to an angry group of dressers, "ouvreuses," and supers, who had arrived to go on duty. Round in the front of the Opera House a score of people, whose numbers were every moment increasing, were impatiently demanding admission, entirely oblivious of the fact that the electricians had gone on strike. The same thing was going on all over the city. The aggregate losses caused by the absence of electric light and power must have been very considerable. An army of workmen, whose machinery depends on electricity, were thrown out of employment for two days, shop employes who are paid by commission on the sales lost a part of their usual earnings through the enforced idleness, thousands of dinners and receptions were countermanded, restaurant and hotel-keepers were deprived of considerable

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patronage, flower-sellers also suffered prejudice, and the newspapers and those who produce them were among the heaviest sufferers by the strike. The Post Office came off very badly, and at the Bourse and all the branch offices oil lamps

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took the place of the usual illuminant. At the General Post Office candles were stuck in the necks of bottles, and when there were no more bottles available, potatoes were brought from the Central Markets adjoining and utilised as temporary candle-sticks. Those who could fall back on gas fared better, and the homely lamps which had been relegated to the lumber-room were thankfully brought out and made to serve again. The workmen who engineered the strike may be congratulated on the success which attended their efforts, but it may well be doubted if it is a success which will do them any lasting good. If exasperating a population of three millions of people is anything to be proud of, then they may legitimately feel pleased with themselves. But when the time comes to consider their demands, the inconvenience to which so many people, who were innocent victims of their manoeuvres, have been put will be remembered against them."

### CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH,  
Wiener Strasse.

Friday, March 15th. 10.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address.  
Saturday, March 16th. 10.0 a.m. Matins. 5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.  
Sunday, March 17th. *V. Sunday in Lent.* 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 m.d. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 4.30 p.m. Evensong. 6.0 p.m. Special Service of Sacred Song and Music "Haydn's Passion."  
Monday, March 18th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.  
Tuesday, March 19th. 10.0 a.m. Matins. 5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.  
Wednesday, March 20th. 9.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.  
Thursday, March 21st. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 10.0 a.m. Matins.  
Friday, March 22nd. 10.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.  
Saturday, March 23rd. 10.0 a.m. Matins.  
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.  
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN,  
Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Friday, March 15th. 10.0 a.m. Litany. 3.0 p.m. Lecture in Rectory: The Story of Ancient Gezer as told by recent excavations of the Palestine Exploration Society.  
Sunday, March 17th. *V. Sunday in Lent.* Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and recital 5.30 p.m.

#### NINTH RECITAL

(1) Tenth Organ Concerto (in D) . . . . . Händel-Guilmaut.  
I. Adagio. Allegro.—II. Aria.—  
III. Allegro (quasi presto).  
(2) Violoncello and organ: "Kol nidrei" . . . . . Bruch.  
(3) Fantasia in C, op. 16, No. 1 . . . . . Caesar Franck.  
I. Poco lento.—II. Allegretto cantando.—III. Quasi lento.  
Adagio.  
(4) Violoncello and Organ: "Abendlied", op. 85 . . . . . Schumann.  
Offertory (Improvisation).  
Soloist: Herr GEORG WILLE, cello.

Tuesday, March 19th. 4.0 p.m. Service and address.  
Thursday, March 21st. 4.0 p.m. Service and address.  
Friday, March 22nd. 10.0 a.m. Litany. 3.0 p.m. Bible Instruction in Rectory.  
The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

#### PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winkelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister, Bernhard Strasse 2, I.

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**ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.**

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending 10

**Manfred.**

Dramatic poem in four parts by Lord Byron. Music by Robert Schumann.

**Cast:**

Manfred	Herr Wiecke.
Chamois hunter	Herr Blankenstein.
The Abbot of St. Maurice	Herr Müller.
Manuel	Herr Huff.
Herman	Herr Gebühr.
The witch of the alps	Fräul. Politz.
Armanes	Herr Decarli.
Nemesis	Fräul. Ulrich.
Astarte	Frau Salbach.
First	Fräul. Lissl.
Second	Fräul. Diacono.
Third	Frau Firlé.
Spirit of the air	Fräul. v. Chavanne.
Water spirit	Fräul. v. d. Osten.
Spirit of fire	Herr Jäger.
Earth spirit	Herr Nebuschka.
Demons	Herr Perron.
First	Herr Höpfl.
Second	Herr Puttitz.
Third	Herr Rains.
Evil Spirit	Herr Walther.
	Herr Leichert.
	Herr Eggerth.

There is no plot to "Manfred", the poem lacking all dramatic form. The subject of it is as follows: Manfred, alone in his castle at midnight summons the spirits and bids them give him forgetfulness; they refuse but on his asking them to appear in mortal shape, one of them appears as a beautiful woman, Manfred tries to clasp her in his arms but the figure vanishes, and Manfred falls senseless to the ground. We next see Manfred on the Jungfrau; he determines to spring from a cliff but is prevented by the Chamois hunter. Act II opens in the Chamois hunter's hut where Manfred unfolds his gloomy views of life. The scene changes to an Alpine valley. Manfred summons the Witch of the Air and craves the boon of forgetfulness from her, but on his refusing to obey her implicitly, she too vanishes. Manfred appears before the throne of Armanes and refuses to bow before him. He bids them invoke the spirit of Astarte, who appears and promises that the next day shall end Manfred's earthly ills. The Abbot of St. Maurice endeavours to persuade Manfred to take a less gloomy view of life. Manfred dismisses him and retires to a lonely tower. The Abbot again makes his way into Manfred's presence. The spirits appear and endeavour to tear Manfred away but he defies them. They disappear and Manfred expires, the Abbot's final words being: "He's gone—his soul has taken its earthly flight, Whither? I deem to think, but he is gone."

Copies of the poem may be obtained at Carl Tittmann's bookshop, Prager Strasse 19. Price 20 J.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

**Hoffmann's Erzählungen.**

**MUSIC.**

One of the most successful song recitals of this season was given in the Palmengarten on Wednesday evening by Fräulein Elena Gerhardt, with the valuable assistance of Herr Professor Arthur Nikisch.

Fräulein Gerhardt—who hails from Leipzig and has sung with great success in Berlin, London and Paris—has developed into a singer of the first rank. She has an excellent vocal organ at her command and she charms with her fine interpretative talent, whether it be in songs by Beethoven and Schubert or the modern composers Wolf, Brahms and Strauss. She was in splendid form on Wednesday evening and aroused her audience, which was a large and musical one, to the utmost enthusiasm. The programme was a test one and consisted of many of the pearls of song literature both old and modern. Some of the most satisfying and best song numbers were Schubert's "Gretchen am Spinnrad", Schumann's "Schöne Freude", Brahms' "Das Mädchen spricht" and "Der Schmied"—the latter was repeated—Weingartner's "Lied der Ghawāze", which was given with fine colouring and expression, and Strauss' "Wie sollten wir geheim sie halten", which formed a fitting climax to a most interesting and unique programme of songs and evoked a storm of applause. Herr Professor Nikisch's accompaniments on a fine Blüthner grand were most masterful in every respect.—H. M. F.

The slow-going horsed omnibus has its admirers. A correspondent of the *Chronicle*, alighting from one, of which he was the third passenger, remarked to the conductor on the lack of "fares". "Yes," the conductor answered, "it's always the same now. But them sort," jerking his thumb up to a young couple on the back seat, "we can always depend on them. Yer can't go too slow for 'em!"

**ROYAL THEATRE**

**NEUSTADT.**

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending about 9.45

**Adam Asper.**

Lustspiel in einem Act von Anna Haverland.

**Cast:**

Robert Langfeld, Schriftsteller	Herr Dettmer.
Eva, seine Frau	Fräul. Verden.
Grete, deren Freundin	Fräul. Serda.
Schönheim, Verleger	Herr Huff.

**Hauptmann Blomet.**

Lustspiel in drei Acten von Emille Bergerat.

**Cast:**

Hauptmann Blomet	Herr Stahl.
Adrien von Mandane	Herr Wierth.
Micheline, seine Frau	Frau Basté.
Clodomir, Kammerdiener	Herr Gunz.
Justine, Kammerzofe	Fräul. Werner.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

**Mirandolina.—Der Diener zweier Herren.**

**REPERTOIRE OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.**

**OPERA HOUSE.**

Sunday, March 17th: Oberon. 7 p.m.  
 Monday, March 18th: Die Fledermaus. 7 p.m.

**SCHAUSPIELHAUS.**

Sunday, March 17th: Adam Asper.—Hauptmann Blomet. 7.30 p.m.  
 Monday, March 18th: Gyges und sein Ring. 7.30 p.m.

**RESIDENZ THEATRE.**

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

**Frühlingsluft.**

Operette in 3 Acten. Musik von Johann Strauss.

**Cast:**

Dr. Gustav Landtmann, Rechtsanwalt	Heinrich Werk.
Emilie, seine Frau	Käte Hansen.
Vincenz Kniekebein, Rentier, Emilien's Vater	Carl Friese.
Apollonia, seine Frau	Ida Kattner.
Felix, Kniekebein's Neffe	Bruno Bellmann.
Berta, Apollonia's Nichte	Ellen Hohenfels.
Baron von Croisé	Adolf Braunstein.
Ida, seine Gemahlin	Berta Menzel.
Hildebrandt, Maier	Oskar Aigner.
Max	Carl Wilhelm.
Windel	Alexander Olbrich.
Dietrich	Hans Füssler.
Hellwich	Erwin Hartmann.
Hanni, Dienstmädchen	Anton Gampert.
Nazi, Kellner	Rosa Habler.
Dannhauser, Restaurateur	Curt Knanek.
Isabella Neprelli, Präsidentin d. Klubs geschiedener Frauen	Ignaz Janda.
Louise	Martha Brede.
Helene	Elsa Jahrow.
Eugenie	Cäcilie Weigel.
Stella	Jenny Baumgarten.
Irene	Carla Mira.
Ein Kellner	Lina Meyer.
	Leopold Bäumlér.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

**Die schöne Marseillerin.**



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**DRAMATIC NOTES.**

**LONDON THEATRES AND AMUSEMENTS.**  
(From our own London correspondent.)

Last week was remarkable for the introduction of novelties at various theatres in London. Want of space prevents our entering into details of all these productions which commenced on Monday with Miss Madelaine Lucette Ryley's adaptation of "La Belle Marseillaise" with the English title of

**"THE GREAT CONSPIRACY"**

at the Duke of York's Theatre which was naturally crowded with a large number of friends to welcome Mr. John Hare on his essaying the rôle of *Napoleon*. Mr. Hare was as perfect as ever in his acting, but scarcely conveyed the idea of the strength of the great Corsican's personality. On the other hand there was every reason to congratulate Miss Irene Vanbrugh for her splendid impersonation of *Jeanne* in which she once more showed what a great actress she really is. The play is well worth seeing for the acting alone, is nicely mounted.

On Wednesday evening Miss Gladys Unger's four act comedy

**"MR. SHERIDAN"**

was produced with a certain amount of success at the Garrick Theatre. According to rumour the author was only in her teens when she wrote it and it gives plenty of evidence that the writer is naturally gifted with a brilliant future in store for her. Miss Unger is indeed fortunate to have obtained such a good West-End theatre for this production and the more so, since the principal character is delineated by such a fine actor as Mr. Arthur Bourchier, who bore the burden of the play on his shoulders most cheerfully, and in *Mr. Sheridan* showed us a character genial, humorous and replete with sentiment. Miss Alexandra Carlisle showed youth and charm as *Esther*, a character which really requires little else. Tribute is also due to the acting of Mr. Sydney Valentine, Mr. Walter Pearce, Mr. Arthur Whitby, Miss Nancy Price, Miss Pamela Gaythorne, and Miss Helen Rous in the small parts allotted to them.

Undoubtedly the great event of the week in theatrical circles occurred on Friday night when the new play

**"JOHN GLAYDE'S HONOUR"**

was seen for the first time publicly at St. James's Theatre. Mr. Alfred Sutro, the author of this play, must feel more than gratified by its brilliant reception and once more Mr. George Alexander has scored a great success at his theatre. The scene of the play is laid in Paris and Mr. George Alexander scores as the suffering and dishonoured husband, *John Glayde*, although the idea is somewhat far-fetched that he should readily accept the situation, and give over the wife who has deceived him to the man she really loves, even offering to make provision for her so that she may never want. No outraged husband could possibly do more unless it was a case of wishing to get rid of his wife. Through all this difficulty Mr. George Alexander acted in perfect style and has never been seen to greater advantage. Miss Eva Moore as the erring wife, *Muriel*, quite dispels the idea of being either wicked or sinful, and really gave the impression of being a loving tender wife when she was receiving the endearing attentions of her husband, a few minutes only prior to a meeting with her lover. Miss Henrietta Watson very cleverly impersonated the *Princesse de Castagnary* from Chicago, and Mr. Michael Sherbrooke was excellent as *John Glayde's* secretary as was Mr. Norman Forbes as a man of the world. It is safe to predict one of those long runs usually associated with a good play and good performance.

The last and by no means the least of last week's productions was that on Saturday at the Lyric Theatre of Messrs. Horace Hodges and T. Wigney Percyval's

**"THE LITTLE ADMIRAL"**

This is in a prologue and three acts and is very cleverly written. In the prologue the *Little Admiral* dies, the character being excellently represented by Mr. A. E. George. The play proper opens in the rooms of the young *Lieutenant Anthony Addenbrooke* who is the grandson of the *Little Admiral* to whom he has bequeathed a large sum of money, a fact known to *Anne Churchill* a governess who has designs on securing the lieutenant and his fortune. Mr. Lewis Waller

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entered into the part of the young scapegrace hero with great gusto and thoroughly succeeded in pleasing his audience in everything he did, indeed it is impossible to bestow too much praise on his efforts. Miss Evelyn Millard as *Anne* was absolutely delightful from first to last when after making full confession, she was received with loving effusion by the hero. As the audience, which was a representative one, never ceased to applaud, another success has to be recorded.

Miss Lena Ashwell who has returned from America was present at the first performance of "The Great Conspiracy" at the Duke of York's Theatre. She has brought back some plays from America, but is going away for a holiday in order to recruit her health.

At Easter under Mr. Charles Frohman's management Miss Marie Tempest will appear at the Comedy Theatre, in Mr. Clyde Fitch's four-act play "The Truth" and she has been rehearsing it for some days past.

In consequence of the return of Sir Charles Wyndham shortly to the Criterion Theatre, Miss May Pallfrey will have to transfer the performances of "Three Blind Mice" to another theatre.

All the difficulties existing at the Waldorf Theatre have been amicably settled between Mr. Benbrick Blanchard and the representative of Mr. Edward Sothorn and Miss Marlowe, as Mr. Blanchard has kindly permitted them to have the Waldorf on April 22. He will produce "The Gipsy Girl" there on March 22 and will remove it to another West-end theatre, which will be found by Messrs. Shubert on April 22.

Mr. Rowland Buckstone, who is in the Sothorn-Marlow company, is not as I have seen erratically stated the grandson of the celebrated Mr. Buckstone of the Haymarket Theatre who died many years ago. He is the third son of the deceased actor and possesses a considerable amount of his father's ability.

Mr. Charles Cartwright and Mr. Gerald Lawrence are about starting a tour with a version of "David Copperfield" entitled "Dan'l Peggotty", by H. Kellett Chambers a brother of Mr. Haddon Chambers. They opened at the King's Theatre, Hammersmith on Monday.

A new play will be delivered by Mr. Cecil Raleigh to Mr. Charles Frohman in a fortnight's time. The chief part is for a woman and it is to be presented both in London and in New York.

Miss Fay Davis having finished her American season is now in London and will not return at once to the United States. It is whispered that she may be seen in the metropolis prior to her return.

## LOCAL.

His Royal Highness the Crown Prince Georg, with the Princes Christian and Heinrich and attended by Baron O'Byrn, visited the establishment of the firm Olivier yesterday morning and made some purchases.

All who are interested in the Third International Horticultural Exhibition in Dresden this year have heard with great pleasure that it will be opened by His Majesty King Friedrich August. A valuable prize will also be given by the Kaiser, though no particulars with regard to it have yet been made known. Other prizes that have been offered are as follows: four large Prize medals by the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha; a prize of honour by the *Leipziger Gärtnerverein*; a prize of honour by the *Feronia society*; a similar prize by the *Gärtnerverein für Dresden*; four plaquettes by the *Verein zur Förderung Dresdens und des Fremdenverkehrs*; a prize of honour by Herr Leumer, of Cossebaude, a retired gardener. It is very gratifying to note that much interest in the Exhibition is evidenced abroad. Exhibits from Belgium and France, of a kind that will add greatly to the attractions of the show, have already been promised.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the Infantry Regiment No. 177. The band plays about 12.30 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.

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### SIMPLICITY INDEED!

In France there have just been found two men of full age who until a week ago had never been on a railway. The story comes from Chateauroux, and it reads like a page from Samuel Lover or Charles Lever. Handy Andy never played queerer pranks of simplicity. The two men are uncle and nephew, named Leroux, aged respectively 52 and 23. A near relative at Bourges having to undergo a severe surgical operation, their desire to see him prompted a journey by the new railway, which they had heard "is faster than by road." They were to go to Bourges, but just because the train kept going they went the long through journey to Montlucon, and only stopped there because it happened to be the terminus. However, they finally got to Bourges, and then it was a question of the journey home. They had heard somebody speak of a return ticket which could be cut in half, and in Mrs. Gilpin's spirit of a frugal mind, caught eagerly at the idea. Blaming their own ignorance severely for having bought two tickets on the outward journey, they now bought one single ticket, and having divided it between them took their seats with the air of men who "know their way about." What happened when they came face to face with the irate ticket-collector is perhaps better passed over in silence. The magistrate swallowed the plea of Arcadian simplicity for the nephew, but could not be got to believe it for the uncle, who has been fined 15s, besides the sum due on fares.

An answer received by a customer of the Army and Navy Auxiliary Stores:—

With reference to your order for . . . Setting Ducks' Eggs . . . the Secretary begs to state that the goods are not in stock, but have been ordered of the Manufacturers, and shall be forwarded as quickly as possible. The usual time for executing an order of this kind is about . . . 4 or 5 days.

## LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 14th of March, 1907.

Mr. J. Hall, London, H. Europäischer Hof.  
Mr. R. Gordon, London, H. Europäischer Hof.  
Mr. and Mrs. M. Jägerhuber, New York, H. Europ. Hof.  
Mr. F. Walsh, Philadelphia, H. Europäischer Hof.  
Mr. H. Klotz, Philadelphia, H. Europäischer Hof.  
Miss T. Leeper, Melbourne, P. Hübler.  
Miss C. Leeper, Philadelphia, P. Hübler.  
Mr. and Mrs. B. Mathisen, Rochester, H. New York.  
Miss G. Fuller, London, P. Schaumberger.  
Miss N. Meech, London, P. Schaumberger.  
Miss L. Annasley, Albany, P. Schaumberger.  
Dr. and Mrs. V. Watson, Marshfield, H. Trompeter-schlösschen.  
Mr. A. Witkowski, London, H. Weber.

## LATEST TELEGRAMS.

**Paris, March 14.** The supposition that the disaster on board the "Jena" is attributable to a criminal act, finds no credence as yet from the Press. On the contrary, the opinion is general that the explosion was due to spontaneous ignition of the so-called "black powder". The *Echo de Paris* states that attention has long been drawn by Naval officers to the fact that the kinds of powder introduced in the Artillery are too liable to chemical changes. An Artillery officer on board the "Jena" lately wrote a letter to a comrade on that subject, and added: "Some fine day we shall be blown into the air".

**Toulon, March 14.** Last night a heap of fearfully burnt and mutilated bodies, about 50 in number, was found in the ammunition chamber in the stern of the "Jena". Most of the wounded are suffering fearfully. According to a newspaper reporter, it is possible that a case of powder was left open, and exploded by a spark from a short electrical circuit.

**Innsbruck, March 14.** Fresh snow has fallen in North Tyrol. In many places the immense masses of snow give rise to great danger from avalanches. The Hochfinstermünz road has been blocked by fresh avalanches.

## WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate westerly winds, rather dull, frequent showers, somewhat warmer.