

# The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

№ 341.

DRESDEN, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

**BAD ALBERTSHOF** 7, Sedan Strasse 10, Werder Strasse  
Swimming Baths: for ladies Wednesday and Saturday 10-1, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday 2-5; the remaining days for gentlemen.  
Turkish Baths: for ladies Monday and Friday 6-1, Wednesday 2-5; the remaining days for gentlemen. Baths of every description.

The First Daily Paper published in Germany  
in English.

Office: Dresden, Steuss Strasse 51

Telephone: 1755.

Subscription for Dresden and the whole of  
Saxony and Anhalt:

1 mark a month.

## KING EDWARD AND KING ALPHONSO.

Madrid, March 18.

The Prime Minister today confirmed the announcement that King Alphonso will meet King Edward at Cartagena between the fifth and tenth of next month.

## THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

London, March 18.

Sir Howard Vincent, Conservative, Member for Sheffield, called the attention of the House to the low price of Consols, and asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer whether, in view of the fact that in the memory of the present generation the national credit had never sunk so low, any steps would be taken to restore the said credit. Mr. Asquith replied that he fully recognised the serious character of the set-back in the capital value of Government loans, which had taken place in the last few years, but said that he could not agree that England's credit was lower than ever before as far as the recollection of the present generation went back. He pointed out that the old 3 per cent consols never stood at a premium for any length of time. The price of 100 for a 3 per cent stock corresponded to 83 1/2 for a 2 1/2 per cent stock, while the lowest price recently reached by consols was scarcely under 84 1/2. The many causes which contributed to the fall in prices, not only of Government loans, but also of other first class securities, were international in their effect and independent of the influence of the Government. Among them might be mentioned the increased tightness of money and the rate of interest affected by it in consequence of the extraordinary industrial and commercial activity at home and abroad, as well as the necessity of replacing capital destroyed by the San Francisco earthquake and other unfortunate occurrences. On the other hand, the gigantic increase in the country's outlay, the neglect to set aside adequate sums for wiping out debt and the readiness which outlay for new obligations had been incurred, had undoubtedly had an unfavourable influence on the national credit. The Government proposed therefore—and they were already dealing with the matter—to lower the estimates, to increase the sinking fund, and to avoid the issue of loans for naval and military objects which must be paid for out of the current estimates.

To a question by Mr. J. Lonsdale, Conservative, Member for Mid Arnaugh, as to how and when the subject of limitation of armaments could come up for discussion by the Hague Conference, the Parliamentary Secretary of the Local Board, Mr. Runciman, replied that he could not say how this or any other question could be placed on the agenda of the Conference until the final invitations to take part in it had been issued. The Powers who would take part in the Conference would have to come to an understanding beforehand with reference to the proceedings of the Conference as to this question.

## JEWEL THIEVES ARRESTED.

New York, March 18.

Two men were arrested on reaching harbour today on a charge of attempting to smuggle diamonds and other jewels to the value of 25,000 dollars through the customs. At the request of the London police authorities the men are detained in arrest as it is believed that the jewels are part of those, 35,000 dollars in value, stolen in a recent robbery in London.

## NEWS FROM FRANCE.

**TRAGIC DEATH OF A FAMOUS CHEMIST.**  
M. Marcelle Berthelot, the world renowned chemist, died under tragic circumstances on Friday evening. For some time past his wife had been seriously ill. On Monday afternoon M. Berthelot attended a meeting of the *Académie Française* of

which body he was secretary, and returned to the sick bed of his wife. He then went to his laboratory and while busy at work there news was brought him that his wife had passed away, and he fell dead on the spot. Some time ago he said to his son "Should your mother die I will not survive her." M. Berthelot would have been 80 years old in October next and had long been recognised as one of the leading chemists of the day. He was particularly famous for his researches into the nature of fat compounds, of explosives and for his experiments in Thermo-chemistry.

It is said that the Cabinet will decide at today's meeting to give the late chemist M. Berthelot a public funeral. The whole Press unites in paying an extremely warm tribute to the deceased scientist, dwelling on his services to science and to his country. The Radical papers proudly emphasize the fact that M. Berthelot was always in the foremost rank of the defenders of the Republic and of free thought.

## A BANK THIEF ARRESTED.

The criminal police arrested today in the neighbourhood of the *Credit Lyonnaise* the fugitive bank cashier Wendelin Müller who misappropriated large sums in Spire. When arrested he had 400 francs on him. It is believed that he has deposited considerable sums in various banks. Müller will be retained in custody until the extradition proceedings are settled.

It is known that Müller's defalcations amounted to a million marks. A reward of 300 marks was offered for his arrest.

## THE "JENA" DISASTER.

The *Journal des Debats*, which recently published rumours that the "Jena" catastrophe was due to a criminal outrage, learns from Toulon that in the ammunition chamber of the 22 mm gun on board the "Jena" a corpse was found. Since all access to that part of the ship was strictly forbidden, the circumstance leads to the conclusion that the ammunition chamber was insufficiently guarded.

## THE LORRAINE MINING DISASTER.

Bishop Benzler of Metz arrived at Klein-Rosseln early on Monday morning and visited the hospital, where he offered consolation to the injured and gave them his episcopal blessing. At 10 a. m. took place the funeral of 16 natives of Klein- and Gross-Rosseln. In the funeral procession, which was headed by school children with the parish priest, walked the Bishop, who bestowed his bless-

ing on the sorrowing crowd that lined the route. Behind him came the coffins, each borne by six men and followed by large numbers of relatives of the victims of the disaster. Various public officials were in the procession which was closed by many miners, all carrying lighted mine-lamps. A short service took place in the church, many wreaths being deposited on the coffins, among them one from H. M. the German Emperor.

In consequence of the increasing decomposition of the bodies still in the mine the difficulties in the way of the rescuers are considerably increased.

Of the twelve severely injured miners 7 are dead and it was feared that the remainder would succumb to their injuries in the course of Monday.

## THE MURDER OF M. PETKOFF.

Sofia, March 18.

Fresh arrests of persons suspected of complicity in the murder of M. Petkoff are taking place daily.

One of the murderer's accomplices, a reporter of the *Balkansku Tribuna*, by name Geroff, has admitted that the conspirators demanded of a certain Blaskoff, a can manufacturer at the Arsenal, that he should supply them with bombs, with which M. Petkoff and the other Ministers were to be murdered in the Ministerial room of the *Sobranje* or in the Sessions hall. Blaskoff has confirmed this statement and alleges that he refused to supply the bombs.

## ROBBERY IN A SWEDISH TRAIN.

Malmö, March 18.

The postal official in the mail-coach of a train running between Malmö and Simrishamn was dangerously wounded today by a masked man armed with a revolver. The man stole a packet containing 3,000 kronen and several registered letters and jumped from the train.

## THE MOROCCAN CRISIS.

Tangier, March 18.

The Maghzen has not as yet, in spite of the representations of the French Consul, given any kind of satisfaction in the matter of the attacks made recently by natives in Fez on the French engineer M. Girancourt.

The Pasha of Tangier has placed an emergency guard at the town gate on the Socco. This guard will be empowered to arrest tramps of whatever nationality. This is an infringement of existing treaties and led to a serious incident today. Several Frenchmen, who had broken out of a stronghold at the French Embassy, were surrounded by soldiers and ordered to remove their head coverings. The reason given was that the arrest was desired of a Spaniard who had been wounded in the head in a fight. The Frenchmen made a protest and the French envoy has vigorously demanded the rescindment of the order; this demand has been complied with.

The Diplomatic corps met today and discussed the incident.

According to reports from a good source, the Pretender has sent a Caliph with a strong detachment of cavalry to the support of Raisuli who is said to be still in the Ukmass district, some miles from Tetuan. The War Minister Gebbas purposes sending 600 men to Tetuan tomorrow.

## MUSIC.

The sixth and last Chamber Music Concert by the Petri Quartet was given on Monday in the Palmengarten. It was attended by a large audience, and several prominent local musicians were present. The programme contained quartets by the great "Triumvirate" Haydn (G-minor op. 74), Mozart (D-major) and Beethoven (E-flat op. 127) and the Petri Quartet fully sustained their high reputation for excellent *ensemble* and balance of tone, particularly in the Haydn and Beethoven quartets. The *Allegro ma non troppo* from the Haydn quartet was played with the most careful attention to dynamic effect and finish in detail; the same might be said of the beautiful *Largo*; and the characteristic humour of Haydn was well depicted in the *Finale*. The glorious *Adagio* from the Beethoven Quartet was played with all the beauty of tone and depth which this movement demands, moreover the *ensemble* was most satisfactory and the individual playing of each member of the quartet excellent. We shall look forward next season to the concerts of this splendid combination.

H. M. F.

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