

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

№ 343.

DRESDEN, FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

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THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

London, March 20.

Mr. Runciman, in reply to a question, informed the House that the British Minister in Teheran had reported that the guards of the Russian legation in Teheran and of the Russian Consulate in Tabris and Urmia had been slightly increased. Similar steps on the part of the English Government were at present considered neither necessary nor desirable.

The Prime Minister moved certain amendments to the procedure relating to the discussion of the individual clauses of Bills. Under the system existing at present the discussion in detail of Government measures takes place before the whole House; by the new amendments all proposals with the exception of those relating to finance or to exceptionally important measures are to be handed over for discussion in detail to special committees. The Prime Minister said that his proposals would give the House new life and new strength.

This afternoon a number of suffragettes again attempted to force their way into the precincts of the House of Commons, but were prevented by the police, who found it necessary to arrest 66 of them.

ATTACK ON A SOUTH AFRICAN BANK.

Johannesburg, March 20.

Two men armed with revolvers today made a daring attack on the local branch of the National Bank in Harrison street. Levelling their weapons, the men demanded the cash in the bank. The bank officials and the two men exchanged shots; one of the latter was shot in the mouth and overpowered; his companion was also secured. One bank official was shot in the arm.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

THE CENTRAL REPUBLICS.

New York, March 20.

President Roosevelt is being urged that the moment is opportune for this country to intervene in the war now proceeding in Central America. It is more than probable, however, that the struggle will be over before such intervention can be brought about, as, according to the most trustworthy reports, Nicaragua has repeatedly beaten the forces of Honduras, and the Honduran rebels, who have had the support of Nicaragua, are now in full possession of the capital, with the legal President in full flight. The accounts as to the origin of this sanguinary little war are still conflicting, and the part taken by the other Central American Republics is still in doubt, although it is positively asserted that all of them are more or less implicated.

In view of the disregard shown by the disputants to the advice of the Governments of the United States and Mexico, it is suggested that the Honduran Provisional Government shall be boycotted, and a reversion to the *status quo ante* be insisted upon. But practical men say that would be carrying sentiment too far, and that there is not the slightest reason why accomplished facts should not be recognised frankly and fully. The agent of Honduras in Washington contends that his country has been the victim of a piratical and treacherous attack, and he has called attention in particular to the buccaneering exploits off the Honduran coast of a flotilla of Nicaraguan so-called warships.

Very little has reached here of the proceedings of these vessels, but it is alleged that they have been quite contrary to civilised warfare and international law. Full information has been requested from Mr. Philip Brown, Secretary of the United States Legation at Tegucigalpa, who, as far as can be made out, has been having a lively time, having been present at a number of fights.

FINANCIAL UNREST.

New York, March 20.

The Banker Isaac Seligmann had an interview with President Roosevelt today, in the course of which the latter declared his readiness to take any step by which he might restore confidence; he did not, however, see what he could do; he was not responsible for the attitude of the legislative bodies of the individual States to the railways, and he regretted that attitude. He said that he was inclined to meet the railway companies halfway; he had the utmost confidence in Mr. Secretary Cortelyou and he would not interfere with any steps he might take.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE "JENA" DISASTER.

Paris, March 20.

A memorial service was held today in Notre Dame in memory of the victims of the "Jena" disaster. The coadjutor of the Archbishop of Paris, Mgr. Annette, celebrated mass. The Minister of Marine was represented at the service which was attended by many deputies and senators.

At today's meeting of the Senate, M. Monis moved that a Commission of nine members should be appointed with full powers to enquire into the "Jena" disaster, and also into the other disasters which have happened to the fleet in recent years. The Minister of Marine, M. Thomson, said that the Government would agree to this and would give the Commission their cordial cooperation. He stated that the Commission of naval officers has described as incorrect the idea that the explosion took place in the after powder magazine of the "Jena" and has confirmed the view that the disaster was due either to a short circuit, or to a fall of shells, or to changes that had taken place in the chemical condition of the explosives. All the ammunition had been examined last September, and the artillery staff did not believe that the explosion was caused by decomposition of the powder. The enquiry must be conducted seriously and in cold blood. After some discussion a Commission of 12 was appointed.

THE CHAMBER.

Paris, March 20.

The House today rejected by 578 votes to 154 a proposal of Abbé Gayraud (Catholic Republican) that religion should be unrestricted in the naval and military hospitals. The motion was caused by the fact that a priest, summoned to the bedside of one of the men, injured by the explosion on the "Jena", was refused admittance to the hospital. M. Thomson, Minister of Marine, said that religion was unrestricted and that priests were admitted to the bed-sides of those patients who had desired to see them, in accordance with the regulations of the hospital.

In the further course of the sitting M. Jaurès introduced his motion demanding the appointment of a commission of 22 Members to examine the political scope of the Montagnini papers. The motion also called for the immediate publication of all the documents in order to defeat the ends of mischievous articles and to make clear the provocative attitude of Rome.

M. Castelnau from the Right opposed the motion, characterising it as unworthy of France and illegal.

M. Denys Cochin (Conservative) reminded the House of the intervention of Austria-Hungary, alluded to the excitement which had pervaded the diplomacy of Europe, denied that the papers were important and reproached the Government with tyrannising over consciences.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Pichon, formally denied that any excitement had arisen among European diplomats. He pointed out that on January 20th he had refused to hand over the papers of Mgr. Montagnini to an advocate. In the most courteous way he had suggested that it would be better if a foreign embassy would undertake to represent the interests of the Holy See. Some days later the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador had visited him and told him officially that his Government had no desire to interfere in the conflict between France and the Vatican. The Ambassador

had then asked if the Government would object in any way, should the Austro-Hungarian Government ask to be allowed to take over the papers of the former Nuntiatore. The Government had no objection to handing over the papers to the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador; those were all the facts of the case. All the papers lodged in the former apartments of the Nuntius Lorenzelli or described by Mgr. Montagnini as dating from a time anterior to the breach of diplomatic relations were handed to the Austro-Hungarian Embassy without the Government having cognisance of their contents.

M. Pichon added that the Government were perfectly justified in their expulsion of Mgr. Montagnini, who possessed no official capacity, and the Pope's claim to jurisdiction over the Catholics in France was directly opposed to the constitution of the country. He denied that the Diplomatic Corps disapproved of the action of the Government. No Power had replied to the Pope's protest.

M. Pichon concluded: "No foreigner may shelter himself beneath diplomatic privileges in order to organise a conspiracy." (Loud applause.)

M. Clémenceau denied that they need spare the weaver of a plot because he was a priest.

The Chamber adopted M. Jaurès' motion by 370 votes to 164.

UNREST IN ROUMANIA.

Czernowitz, March 20.

News comes from the frontier districts that the peasant disturbances in Roumania, especially in the northern part of Moldavia, are increasing. The town of Burdujeni has been destroyed. Some 3,000 Jewish fugitives have taken refuge in the neighbouring towns of Itzkany and Suczawa on the other side of the frontier. The disturbances in the Roumanian town in the vicinity of Synoutz continue. Some 2,000 rioters are on the march to Mihaileni where violence is hourly expected. From there too, Jewish fugitives, mostly women and children, are crossing the frontier for safety. The capital of the district, Jassy, is being besieged by 30,000 peasants. The garrison is too weak to be able to oppose the large force. 300 peasants have attacked Pacurani but were driven back with great loss by the soldiers. The War Minister has ordered the mobilisation of the 4th army corps and the Chamber has approved of his suggestion to call up all the reserves for 14 days. A regular pitched battle lasting several hours has taken place at Bohoshani between poor Jews and peasants; on both sides there were killed and wounded. Drunken soldiers took part in the looting, demolished houses and fraternised with the mob. The distress is appalling. The movement is spreading and threatens to extend over the whole of upper Moldavia.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

THE DUMA.

St. Petersburg, March 20.

The Labour group and the Moderate group of peasants demand that an agrarian committee shall be formed before anything else. The finance and Budget committees were discussed and it was decided to postpone the election of these committees. A proposal to nominate a special committee for organising relief in the famine-stricken districts led to a long debate. The Deputy of the Don district, Kaklugin, said that even among the Cossacks there was famine and many Cossacks were forced to beg. M. Fedoroff, Deputy for St. Petersburg city, said that it was necessary to adopt radical reforms in fighting the famine, since mere relief measures led to nothing in a country which like India and China is a classic land of famine.

In the further course of the speeches many speakers, mostly peasants, made violent speeches, making all possible suggestions without making any definite proposal for relief in the congested districts.

M. Roditcheff pointed out the impossibility of direct relief by the Duma, and demanded of the Deputies to proceed in accordance with the law which allowed them and indeed made it their duty to demand an account and to control the department existing in the Ministry of the Interior for the relief of famine, and to exercise the functions of a parliamentary body. The question of the appointment of a relief committee occupied all the rest of the sitting. Professor Kisewitter of Moscow associated himself with M. Roditcheff's remarks and pointed out the necessity of controlling the relief measures of the Government. He concluded by saying "If we see mismanagement, we shall not

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ery to the Government and the Prime Minister 'Hands up' but 'Get to work.'"

M. Purishkewitch, Member of the Union of the Russian people, at first declined to speak, at which much applause broke out. He then ascended the tribune and said: "It is clear that the Parties of the Left derive the main portion of their tactics out of the question of the famine. Their goal is to form a general staff of revolution in the Duma." In the course of his speech he declared that he could not understand the existence of the revolutionary socialists in the Duma since outside the Duma they were persecuted as a rebellious party and as injurious to the country.

In the end M. Rodicheff's motion to postpone the discussion of the formation of a relief committee was carried, and the House adjourned.

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GENERAL NEWS.

(From our London correspondent.)

The Duke of Westminster celebrated his twenty-eighth birthday on Tuesday last. He was only twenty when his grandfather, the late Duke, died. In his immediate family circle he is called "Bend Or" after the celebrated horse which won the Derby of 1880 for his grandfather. The Duke and Duchess have been married six years and have two children, a son and a daughter.

April 3 is the actual date fixed for the departure of King Edward from Biarritz, and Queen Alexandra will meet him at Marseilles, whence their Majesties will proceed to Cartagena in the Royal yacht to pay an official visit to the King of Spain.

It is also anticipated that the King and Queen of Italy will arrange to be at Naples when the "Victoria and Albert" reaches there, so that there may be an interview between their Majesties and King Edward.

After a somewhat lengthened visit to Marlborough House the Princess Louis of Battenberg and her young daughter, Princess Louise, went on Monday to pay a visit to Prince and Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein at Cumberland Lodge, Windsor.

It is reported that both Lord Rosebery's sons are likely to become engaged this year. Lord Dalmeny has long been one of the most eligible of elder sons and his brother, the Hon. Neil Primrose, is already quite wealthy, having inherited more money and property since the death of his relative Miss Cohen.

Arthur Preston and Charles Rehner, the two men who were arrested at the request of Scotland-yard on the arrival of the liner "Amerika," at New York, were there charged with stealing £5,000 worth of jewellery from Tiffany's and other jewellers in the West End of London and were remanded on bail of £2,000 each. In the afternoon they were again brought up when a further charge was preferred against them of bringing stolen property into the State of New York.

On Saturday the first public dinner in America in honour of Mr. Bryce, the British Ambassador to the United States, will be given by the Pilgrims of the United States.

The death is announced of the Venerable Samuel Williams, Archdeacon of Hawke's Bay, after sixty years service in the Church Missionary Society.

In all probability the appointment of the Duke of Connaught to the Mediterranean as Commander-in-Chief will take place in September, when Malta will be his headquarters. His elder brother, the late Duke of Edinburgh, was for a long time in Malta where his daughter, Princess Melita, now the Grand Duchess Cyril of Russia, was born.

Prince Arthur of Connaught and Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein arrived in London from Sweden on Tuesday night.

Good news comes from Arcachon of the greatly improved health of the Hon. Whitelaw Reid, the American Ambassador, who has derived considerable benefit from his sojourn in the South of France.

The next extension of the Tube railways in London to be opened will be the Angel, Islington, to Euston on April 11.

After a long and terribly anxious time the relatives of Mr. Lionel Brough have been able to report a decided improvement in the condition of the veteran actor who, nevertheless, remains very weak and restless.

Today the great event of the day in England will be the race for the Grand National Steeplechase at Aintree near Liverpool. The issue appears likely to be fought out between Drumcree, Eremon and Wolf's Folly.

According to a Reuter Johannesburg telegram, General Botha and his staff will leave South Africa on board the "Carisbrook Castle" on March 27th to take part in the Colonial Conference.

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At Fulham, the Association football match between England and Wales resulted in a draw, each side having scored one goal. Wales really played a magnificent defensive game, and their improvement is one of the greatest features in the Association football world.

Penny postage to the United States would no doubt become very popular in England. Mr. Asquith, asked by Mr. Henniker-Heaton whether there was any chance of reciprocity in such a movement, replied that there was good hope that the United States would reciprocate if the offer came from England.

There is to be a meeting today (Friday) at 2.30 in the Great Hall of Cannon-street Hotel to hear an address by Mr. T. Hallett Fry upon the need of reform in the incidence of income-tax, and of a reduction of the tax itself. The meeting is called to advocate the differentiation of earned and unearned incomes, and the graduation of incomes up to £1,000 a year.

For the Aero Club exhibition of flying-machines, which will be held at the Agricultural Hall from April 6 to 13, one hundred entries have been registered. An interesting feature of the exhibition will be the practical tests to which the machines will be submitted.

Millie Marsh who was brought up to receive sentence for perjury in the Lewis-Brady case, was simply bound over and sent to a home, which was understood to be at Leicester. Miss Pankhurst, the well-known suffragist, also offered to take charge of Marsh.

G. WIRSING, American Dentist. Graduate of the Milwaukee Medical College (Dental Department).
Sidonien Strasse 10b, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 9967.

Mr. William Clarkson, the London theatrical costumier, was nearly arrested last Saturday as a dangerous anarchist by the Boulogne police. He was on his way to Paris with a number of bombs which are to be used in Mme Sarah Bernhardt's forthcoming production of "Faust", to produce the flashes of light which were so effective in Sir Henry Irving's production at the Lyceum Theatre. It took quite half an hour to explain and satisfy the officials that the bombs were harmless.

It is considered probable that when the Premier, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, retires, which he is likely to do at the end of the year, his place will be filled by Mr. Birrell.

AFTER LUNCH AND BEFORE.

Cases occasionally come before the Courts in which no such serious problem is presented, but in which unexpected difficulties still arise. One such was at an assize in the North some years ago, where a very distinguished judge, now dead, presided. The facts were as simple as A. B. C. The prisoner, a hot-blooded foreigner, annoyed at being reproved by his master for bad work, had picked up a piece of metal and thumped that master over the head until he almost knocked out his brains. He was indicted for unlawfully wounding. His lordship had just lunched when the case came on, and had returned to the Bench at peace with all the world. And, having to sentence the prisoner, he showed the greatest perplexity and distress. He had never had a more painful or difficult case. He wept a little, and put the man back for consideration of his sentence. Next morning, the first man called was the metalswinger. There were no tears from the Bench this time. "You have very properly been found guilty of a most wanton assault," said his lordship, "which might have been attended by the most serious results. I have no hesitation in sentencing you to nine months' imprisonment with hard labour."

LOCAL.

We hear that Herr Burrian has received an invitation to create the part of *Herodes* at the first performance of Strauss' "Salome" in May next. As Herr Burrian has leave in that month he has accepted the invitation. Frau Destinn will be the *Salome*.

At the sacred concert held in Zittau on March 17th to celebrate the Tercentenary of Gerhardt, the bass solos in Bach's difficult cantata "Ich sah in Gottes Herz und Sinn" was sung by Herr Otto Stock, a pupil of Herr Eduard S. Mann. The local journal writes: "We must not omit to mention that Herr Stock delighted his hearers with a wonderful, rich, mellow voice that remained full and clear even in the lower register."

RAILWAY FARES IN GERMANY.

The new railway tariff comes into force throughout the German Empire on the first of May and its provisions, from their novelty and importance, will be of great interest to the travelling public. In general it may be said that although travelling will be somewhat more expensive, the rates have been equalised and simplified. The main principles of the new tariff are the creation of a single ticket at half the price of a return ticket, the limitation of extra charges as far as possible to the main express through trains, simplification of the baggage system and payment for forwarding luggage.

Fares. In future the fares per kilometre will be: 1st class 7 pf.; 2nd class 4.5 pf.; 3rd class 3 pf.; 4th class 2 pf. This is the same rate as has been paid hitherto for return tickets. On this scale it will be easy to reckon the cost of a journey, but it must be remembered that to it must be added the amount demanded by the railway ticket tax.

Additional fares. For certain classes of express trains additional fares must be paid. In first and second class carriages the charge will be for 75 kilometres or under, 50 pf.; 76 to 150 kilometres, 1 mark; over 150 kilometres 2 marks; in the third class the rates will be half these.

Tickets. Return tickets will be no more issued, but a passenger can buy a double ticket the latter half of which can be stamped "return", but may only be used on the day or day after purchase.

Reserving seats. A passenger may reserve a seat from the point of departure, provided he has a ticket available for the journey. The ticket will be stamped "Pl." on the back.

Season tickets. Sunday tickets, monthly tickets, schoolboys', workmen's and children's tickets will still be issued, but holders of monthly tickets will have to buy additional tickets for certain express trains.

Breaking journey is still permitted everywhere. Return tickets purchased before May 1st will be available until June 15th but not after that date.

Luggage registration. Luggage will no more be conveyed free. Formerly 25 kilograms were conveyed free but now the charge will be: 1-50 kilometres 20 pf.; 51-300 kilometres 50 pf.; further 1 mark.

Luggage weighing between 25 and 35 kilogram will cost from 1-50 kilometres 20 pf.; from 26 to 50 kilometres 25 pf.; from 50-100 kilometres 50 pf.; for each further 50 kilometres 25 pf. Luggage weighing 36-50 kilogram will cost, up to 25 kilometres 40 pf.; up to 50 kilometres 50 pf.; up to 100 kilometres 1 mark; for each further 50 kilometres 50 pf. more.

The above tariff is considerably simpler than heretofore.

Bicycles. Up to 100 kilometres a passenger may buy a bicycle ticket, beyond that distance the machine must be registered. With a ticket the passenger must take his machine himself to the luggage van.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 1st Grenadier Regiment No. 100. The band plays about 12.30 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.

CHILD MURDERERS.

The youth who has confessed to murdering a fellow-servant on a Cheshire farm is of an age at which boys often go wrong. Herbert Spencer at the same period of life might, under provocation, have become a wastrel. There is a strain of primal savagery left in most males, though it does not crop out at the same time in every one. A Liverpool jury a few years ago had to decide an appalling case. Two boys, aged respectively nine and eight years, had murdered a playmate. They first decoyed him into an unfinished building, which, lacking a roof, had permitted water to collect to a considerable depth in the cellar. Floating on this was a plank, which they persuaded the little fellow to mount. They pushed him into the water several times, stripped him of his clothes, pushed him in again, then finally held his head under for five minutes to make quite sure that he was dead. They parted his garments between them, and went home happy. All that the jury could do was to find that the children were not responsible for their actions, and declare them not guilty of murder.

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DRAMATIC NOTES.

LONDON THEATRES AND AMUSEMENTS.

(From our own London correspondent.)

Nothing has occurred during the past week of striking importance in the theatrical world, the first novelty having been the production of Mr. H. A. Vachell's new play

"HER SON"

for matinee performances at The Playhouse, no doubt with the idea of placing it in the evening bill, after the run of "Toddles" is finished, should it prove a success, which is doubtful.

The change of programme at His Majesty's Theatre has at least been beneficial to those who wish to see Mr. Tree in the reproduction of "The Red Lamp", a piece which affords a part exactly suited to him. It is almost to be regretted that this play is not included in the list of those selected by Mr. Tree for his forthcoming visit to Berlin.

In the one act play "The Van Dyck" produced last Saturday night in conjunction with "The Red Lamp" at His Majesty's Theatre, Mr. Tree is also seen to great advantage and Mr. Weedon Gro-smith shares the honours with him.

The next production of Miss Julia Neilson and Mr. Fred Terry will be "Matt of Merry-mount"; but it will not be played for some time as "The Scarlet Pimpernel" is still proving a little gold mine, much as this remarkable success has astonished even Mr. Fred Terry.

Mr. Bransly Williams of music-hall fame as an interpreter of Dickens' and other characters, intends to venture into a more exalted sphere at one of the theatres. He will perhaps produce a version of "The Red Axe", the novel by the Rev. S. R. Crockett.

In the new piece at the Gaiety Theatre, called "The Girls of Gottenburg", the subject is entirely German. Miss May de Sousa returns from America to play the rôle of the German girl.

Miss Vesta Victoria had an excellent reason for extending her stay in the United States for a few weeks after her contract had expired, since she is now receiving the remarkable salary of £600 per week. She is really a far greater favourite there than even Miss Marie Lloyd and has broken all records in New York and Brooklyn.

Playgoers will rejoice to learn that Mr. Edward Terry, who has so long been absent from the London stage, will as soon as possible return to his own theatre in the Strand, in an entirely new play. He cannot get into Terry's Theatre just now as it is occupied, but he is meanwhile choosing between three new pieces which he will present in London.

Miss Lena Ashwell's new play is Miss Grace Isabel Colbron's translation of "Liebelei" which has been running in the United States under the title of "The Reckoning". She will also give a London production of Mr. Victor Mape's play, "The Undercurrent".

Miss Maxine Elliott returns to London early in the autumn, and will here present a new play by Mr. H. V. Esmond. She cannot remain long in London as later on she is due in America to appear in a new play by Haddon Chambers.

Mrs. Madge Carr Cook, the American actress, will head the company appearing in "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch" at Terry's Theatre on April 21. The production has been arranged by Messrs. Liebler and Company, the well-known American entrepreneurs. The play is specially American in character.

When "The Snow Man" is produced at the Waldorf Theatre next month, Mr. Willie Edouin will be found in the caste, having been secured for it by Messrs. Shubert.

The Shaftesbury Theatre will be re-opened next month with Mr. Walter Slaughter's musical comedy "Lady Tatters".

Matinees on Thursdays and Saturdays have been arranged of "The Great Conspiracy" by Mr. John Hare, as it has been doing so well at the Duke of York's Theatre.

Saturday, March 30 is the date fixed for the re-opening night of the Lyceum Theatre with Mr. Walter Howard's new romantic drama "Her Love Against the World."

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At the Scala Theatre, a play written by Mr. Alfred C. Calmoun entitled "The Judgment of Pharaoh" will be produced at an early date.

Unfortunately Mr. Charles Hawtrey has not recovered sufficiently to appear at the Haymarket Theatre in the production of "The Palace of Puck" and his place will be taken by Mr. Fred Kerr. As this piece will be played in Easter week, the last night of "Peter's Mother" will be Saturday next.

The new ballet at the Empire will most probably be ready by the end of April. There will be three scenes and being in the picturesque time of Queen Anne, there is a chance for another gorgeous display such as one is accustomed to expect at the Empire.

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Today closed.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7 p.m.

Public rehearsal of the Palm Sunday Concert.

ROYAL THEATRE NEUSTADT.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending after 10

Iphigenie auf Tauris.

Schauspiel in fünf Acten von Goethe.

Cast:

Iphigenie	Frau Salbach.
Thoas, König der Taurier	Herr Mehnert.
Orest	Herr Wiecke.
Pylades	Herr Wierth.
Arkas	Herr Müller.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

Der Compagnon.

REPertoire OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

OPERA HOUSE.

Sunday, March 24th: Palm Sunday Concert. 7 p.m.

SCHAUSPIELHAUS.

Sunday, March 24th: Julius Caesar. 7 p.m.



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RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

Frühlingsluft.

Operette in 3 Acten. Musik von Johann Strauss.

Cast:

Dr. Gustav Landtmann, Rechtsanwalt	Heinrich Werk.
Emilie, seine Frau	Käte Hansen.
Vincenz Knickebein, Rentier, Emilien's	
Vater	Carl Frieser.
Apollonia, seine Frau	Ida Kattner.
Felix, Knickebein's Neffe	Bruno Bellmann.
Berta, Apollonia's Nichte	Ellen Hohenfels.
Baron von Croisé	Adolf Braunstein.
Ida, seine Gemahlin	Berta Menzel.
Hildebrandt,	Oskar Aigner.
Maier,	Carl Wilhelm.
Max,	Alexander Olbrich.
Windel,	Hans Füssler.
Dietrich,	Erwin Hartmann.
Hellwich,	Anton Gampert.
Hanni, Dienstmädchen	Rosa Habler.
Nazi, Kellner	Curt Knaack.
Dannhauser, Restaurateur	Ignaz Janda.
Isabella Neprelli, Präsidentin d. Klubs	
geschiedener Frauen	Martha Brede.
Louise,	Elsa Jahrow.
Helene,	Cécile Weigel.
Eugenie,	Jenny Baumgarten.
Stella,	Carla Mira.
Irene,	Lina Meyer.
Ein Kellner	Leopold Bäumler.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

Alt-Heidelberg.

MUSIC.

The concert season is rapidly drawing to a close and with the dawn of spring musical people are occupied with final concerts, especially those of music schools, while looking forward to the performance of Beethoven's ninth symphony and Bach's Passion Music. The last concert of the Lewinger Quartet for this season took place in the Palmengarten on Wednesday, evening when a magnificent programme of chamber music was presented; consisting of Beethoven's string quartet op. 18, Tschaiowsky's string quartet in E-flat-minor op. 30, and Dvorák's piano quintet, the last played by Herr Alfred Grünfeld from Vienna and the Lewinger Quartet. The playing of the Quartet in this concert was distinguished by refinement and excellent balance of tone; qualities which were most marked in the performance of the *Scherzo* in the Beethoven quartet and the *Andante funebre e doloroso ma con moto* from the great Tschaiowsky quartet, which is a colossal and most impressive composition. The beautiful *Allegretto vivo e scherzando* from the same composition, and which is a most difficult movement, was given with finish and exactness. Herr Grünfeld's playing in the charming Dvorák quintet was admirable. His work was distinguished by all the excellent qualities for which he is well known on both sides of the Atlantic, and he, as well as the Lewinger Quartet which gave excellent support, received an ovation. Four chamber music concerts are announced for next season.—H. M. F.

The tenth and final concert of the Royal Conservatorium at the Gewerbehause on Wednesday evening was honoured by the presence of Her Royal Highness the Princess Johann Georg, and attended by an audience "Philharmonic" in numbers and spirit.

The programme opened and closed with a piano-forte performance: the first being two movements—*Andante sostenuto* and *Allegro scherzando*—of Saint-Saëns' op. 22 for piano-forte with orchestra, played in good plain concert style by the soloist, a pupil of the class Vetter, and well accompanied under the direction of Herr Striegler. The closing number was a new work, or parts of one, for piano-forte with orchestra, by the Russian composer Eduard Schütt—an *Andante tranquillo* strongly contrasted by a rousing *Allegro risoluto*, the latter original and modern both in conception and handling, and requiring very precise inter-action between soloist and orchestra. Both movements were played with perfect understanding and technical certainty by a pupil of the class Kronke, and on the whole successfully by the orchestra. Another new work, for grand orchestra alone, was a Fest-Overture, in D, by a former pupil of the composition class Draeseke—under-world music, abounding in startling phrases and weird tone combinations and effects which, if not all new, were ingenious and striking; a work which must have cost Herr Striegler and his orchestra class much pains in rehearsal, for its performance was surprisingly good. Two instrumental solos, for

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trumpet and harp respectively, were exceedingly well rendered; the first, a trumpet Fantasia with orchestra (J. Arban) by a pupil of the class Fricke in Hussar uniform; the second, a "Concertino in G-minor" by the famous harpist Oberthür, played by a gifted lady pupil of the class Frau Berzon. But what gave special éclat to this Schluss-Konzert of the winter term 1906-1907, was the brilliant singing, by two pupils of the class Orgeni, of the beautiful duet "O welche Lust"—from "Aschenbrödel", by the Maltese composer Isouard. This was a performance that it would not be easy to match, by two soprano voices of exquisite quality, highly cultivated and well rehearsed. The singers were Fräulein Martick and Fräulein Strauch. The former also sang with great success the Rosina Aria from "Il Barbiere". The "Jewel Song" from Gounod's "Faust" was well and sympathetically sung, though in a different style, by a pupil of Frau Söhle's class.—G.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.

Friday, March 22nd. 10.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.
Saturday, March 23rd. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Sunday, March 24th. *Palm Sunday.* 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 m.d. (Choral) Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
Monday, March 25th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Tuesday, March 26th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Wednesday, March 27th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Thursday, March 28th. *Maundy-Thurs.* 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.45 a.m. (Choral) and 11.0 a.m. Choral Matins. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Friday, March 29th. *Good Friday.* 9.0 a.m. Matins, Litany and Ante Communion. 12.0 m.d. to 3.0 p.m. The three Hours Service. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Saturday, March 30th. *Easter Even.* 9.0 a.m. Matins and Ante Communion. 6.0 p.m. Festal Easter Evensong Carols.
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

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Friday, March 22nd. 10.0 a.m. Litany. 3.0 p.m. Bible Instruction in Rectory.
Sunday, March 24th. *Palm Sunday.* Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.
Monday, March 25th. *Holy Week.* Service and address 4.0 p.m.
Tuesday, March 26th. Service and address 4.0 p.m.
Wednesday, March 27th. Service and address 4.0 p.m.
Thursday, March 28th. Holy Communion 11.0 a.m.
Friday, March 29th. *Good Friday.* Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. and 4.0 p.m.
Saturday, March 30th. *Easter Even.* Service 10.0 a.m.
The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

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THE CLIMBING RABBIT.

There may not seem anything sufficiently significant to startle a continent in the fact that a swarm of rabbits have learned to "climb" wire palisading. When, however, it is considered that the continent said to be alarmed is Australia, then it may be understood that something out of the common is toward. After the drought, the rabbit is the greatest enemy the Australian farmer has, and if it takes to climbing over the only protection he is able to set up, he may as well take down his netting and come back to England. But do these rabbits climb? Miles and miles of netting, many feet high, surround a farm, ranch, or whatever it may be, and, generally speaking, this keeps out the pest. But now and again sheer numbers overwhelm even this guard.

It has been shown that in the course of four years, supposing that each successive generation lived and reproduced, 1,274,840 rabbits would result from the family of one doe. That astounding figure may give some idea of the appalling number of rabbits in Australasia. As many as 27,000,000 have been destroyed in a single year; millions are got rid of by wiring-off the pools at which they drink; incalculable hordes have been poisoned and trapped. But, in spite of everything—in spite of the million pounds which New South Wales alone has expended in the attempt to exterminate the pest—the land teems with rabbits. In a dry season they eat their way towards a farm. Swarms get up to the palisading and die there; swarm upon swarm follows on; layer dies upon layer, in sight of the food within the wires. And at last, though tons of dead bodies may be carted away—at last there comes a rush so vast that the heap of carcasses overtops the wires, and the last-comers do get over. May not this be the explanation of the alleged climbing?

One man turned rabbits loose in West Australia not a great many years ago—and did nearly as much harm as Hargreaves did good when he found gold. Seven rabbits were turned loose in New Zealand; the myriads of rabbits of today are the result. And yet, while the rabbit lords it over Australasia in North Devon they are over-run with the rabbit's natural enemy—the stoat. A couple of months ago these creatures had become so numerous that they adventured into the villages by daylight and killed poultry before the eyes of their owners. On Sir John Amory's estate alone nearly a thousand stoats have been killed. What would they not be worth "down under"! The worst of it is that if North Devon were to ship off its surplus to Australia, the result might not be permanently effective. With such a plethora of food the stoat family would last but a few generations.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 21st of March, 1907

Miss M. Hartwell, Utah, P. Becker-Oplitz.
Miss R. Kimball, Utah, P. Becker-Oplitz.
Miss A. Tounnin, London, H. Bellevue.
Mr. B. Rothe, London, H. Bellevue.
Mr. E. E. Cook, London, H. Bellevue.
Miss S. E. Davis, Philadelphia, H. Deutscher Herold.
Mr. G. N. Black, Boston, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. H. H. Pitman, Boston, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. C. B. Pitman, Boston, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. E. S. Doughty, Plauen, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. T. E. Phillips, London, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Hutchinson, New York, H. Eur. Hof.
Baron P. v. Widmann, London, H. du Nord.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

THE BRITISH LEGATION: Elisen Strasse 5c.
Minister Resident: The Viscount Gough.

THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.
British Consul: H. Palmié, Esq.

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p.
American Consul General: T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

London, March 21. The House of Commons had an all-night sitting for the first time this Session. The subjects of discussion were the Finance Bill, and the Articles of War which are voted annually.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate westerly winds, sky clearing, generally fine, somewhat warmer.