

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

№ 344.

DRESDEN, SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

BAD ALBERTSHOF 7, Sedan Strasse 2. Swimming Baths: for ladies Wednesday and Saturday 10-1, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday 2-5; the remaining days for gentlemen. 10, Werder Strasse 3. Turkish Baths: for ladies Monday and Friday 6½-1, Wednesday 2-3; the remaining days for gentlemen. Baths of every description.

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THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

London, March 21.

The Lord President of the Privy Council, Earl Crewe, in answer to a question, stated that the Government were opposed to the contemplated Channel tunnel on the ground that it would be hostile to the general welfare of the country. Even if it were accepted that the danger connected with the scheme could be guarded against by military measures, in the opinion of the Government a feeling of insecurity would remain throughout the country, and that feeling would find expression in a demand for the increase of the naval and military forces of the country. This permanent feeling of uneasiness and, indeed, of anxiety, even if it lacked all foundation, could make itself felt in a highly disadvantageous manner both from a political and commercial point of view, while, on the other hand, there would not be advantages to trade and industry to counterbalance these disadvantages. For that reason the Government, who otherwise would regard with approval any extension of intercourse with neighbouring States, were opposed to the scheme. On the other hand it might be pointed out that attention would now be directed to the improvement of the cross-channel connection by means of ferries such as existed in other parts of the world.

This statement of Lord Crewe's, as representing the Government, was received with general applause and Lord Lansdowne expressed his approval of the Government attitude.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

London, March 21.

The discussion on the Mutiny Act was still going on in the small hours, and although the sitting had lasted 21 hours already there seemed every probability that it would last still longer, since the Government had announced its intention of concluding the discussion at a single sitting. The cause of the long sitting was the rage of the Opposition at the action of the Government at taking at 11 p. m., when the sitting ordinarily closes, the army Mutiny Act and Mr. Haldane's army Bill. The estimates were read a third time at 2 a. m., and since then the Opposition continued to obstruct by every means known to Parliament the progress of the Mutiny Act. This measure, which is introduced annually, is not in itself a contentious Bill, but it is often used by the Opposition as a means of obstructing Government business.

At 4 a. m. the House was still sitting, the session having lasted 25 hours without a break. A violent altercation took place between the Prime Minister and Mr. Balfour, the latter accusing the leader of the House of not having kept his word with regard to the conduct of business. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman indignantly denied having been guilty of such conduct, and said that the Government had no intention of giving way in a matter in which they were fully in the right, and they would proceed with the business according to their published programme.

The sitting came to an end at 6 a. m. when, after a debate of 27 hours, the Mutiny Act was allowed to pass.

The Prime Minister, with reference to the Channel tunnel, made a similar statement to that made by Lord Crewe in the Upper House. Mr. Balfour spoke approvingly of the attitude of the Government in the matter. In consequence of the Government attitude, the proposals for the construction of a Channel tunnel will have no chance of acceptance and will probably be withdrawn.

The House then adjourned.

THE SUFFRAGETTES.

The women arrested yesterday for creating a disturbance in the precincts of the House of Com-

mons were today condemned to pay fines of £2 or in default go to prison for from fourteen days to a month; all the women expressed their intention of going to prison.

AN IMPERIAL GIFT.

The Dowager Empress of Russia has made a donation of £10,000 to the Red Cross Society, with the proviso that the interest on the capital shall be employed in supplying three prizes to be given to persons inventing the best methods of aiding the wounded on the field of battle or at sea.

THE CHINESE ON THE RAND.

Pretoria, March 21.

The Earl of Selbourne delivered an address at the opening of the Transvaal Parliament today in which, among other things, he said that the Ministry was determined as soon as possible to take measures to prevent the employment of Chinese coolies in the mines.

HOLDING UP THE NILE.

Cairo, March 21.

The Ministerial Council has determined to raise the Assouan dam, in order to raise the height of the water held up by the barrage, by 21 feet. The extended irrigation which will ensue will raise the value of the cotton crop by 3½ to 4 millions sterling annually. The work is expected to take six years.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

THE SITUATION IN VENEZUELA.

New York, March 21.

According to a correspondent of the *Herald*, President Castro, of Venezuela, has made a marvelous recovery from his serious illness, and has resumed the active work of his office, his *locum-tenens*, Gen. Gomez, retiring with quite touching grace. Simultaneously comes the news that a revolution has broken out under the leadership of Gen. Penalosa. There have been so many false alarms of risings in Venezuela during the past five or six months, that people here had begun to think that Castro's position was impregnable, and that the Republic had entered upon a long period of peace and prosperity. But information from trustworthy sources suggests a very different picture. There seems warrant for the statement that the relations between Venezuela and Colombia are far from satisfactory, the former suspecting the latter of aggressive designs upon the territorial integrity of Venezuela. Influences are at work at Washington in the interests of peace, but the United States Government is said to be in bad odour both at Caracas and at Bogota.

The Colombian Government has never forgiven this country for the double-dealing which brought about the proclamation of the Colombian State of Panama as an independent Republic, while President Castro is known still to cherish an almost fanatical hatred of the United States Government and people. The fact remains, too, that the various foreign claims, American and European, upon Venezuela remain unsatisfied, and to all appearance will so continue as long as Castro remains in power. Any attempt to enforce them will arouse all the old trouble, but there is reason to believe that steps are even now being taken with that end in view, as the result of representations to the Washington Government from half the European capitals.

MUNICIPAL CORRUPTION.

San Francisco, March 21.

The Grand Jury have preferred charges of bribery against a number of municipal officials who have been mentioned in connection with various municipal scandals. Among the accused is Mr. Abraham Ruef, a leading politician, who is accused of having induced the Corporation by bribery to grant concessions in the tramways, telephone and gas companies. The State District Attorney states that his present charges are only a commencement in the revelation of municipal corruption in San Francisco in which millionaires and other citizens have had a share.

THE FIGHTING IN CENTRAL AMERICA.

It is announced from Washington that the Nicaraguan army is threatening the capital of Honduras; it is rumoured also that the coastal towns are at the mercy of the enemy's fleet. The United States' squadron in Central American waters has been reinforced.

An announcement from the seat of war of Thursday's date confirms the report of a victory of the

Nicaraguan troops over the Honduras and San Salvador forces; hundreds of dead were left upon the field of battle. The Nicaraguans captured many prisoners, 2,000 rifles and much ammunition. They are also said to have occupied the Honduras harbour town La Ceiba.

The English war corvette "Shearwater" lying at Victoria, B. C., has been ordered to Central American waters to protect British interests.

The American gunboat "Marietta" has landed troops to protect American interests in Frujillo, La Ceiba and Puerto Cortes.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE CHAMBER.

Paris, March 21.

At today's sitting M. Allemane moved a resolution with regard to the strike in Nantes and demanded the appointment of a parliamentary commission of enquiry. The Prime Minister expressed his regret that a striker had been killed, explained the circumstances which had led to this event, and declared that an enquiry would be made to ascertain who was responsible. He added that the law would be enforced, even if a gendarme had killed a striker. He concluded by requesting the House to reject M. Allemane's resolution. The latter spoke again and said that if the Chamber had regarded the interests of the workmen such regrettable incidents would not occur. The speaker concluded by saying: "Justice sleeps as soon as it is a matter of the workmen". His motion was rejected.

The Parliamentary Commission appointed to examine the Montagnini papers consists of 7 Socialists, 11 Socialist Radicals or Radicals, 3 Members of the Democratic Left, one Member of the Republican Union and one Independent Member, Abbé Lemire. Besides these, the ex-Minister of Marine, M. Pelletan, and the well known Socialists MM. Jaurès and Rouanet, belong to the commission. All the members of the commission favour speedy publication of the papers; some wish to make an exception in the case of documents which have no political bearing but are of a purely private nature. The commission is to meet tomorrow.

THE MURDER OF M. PETKOFF.

The enquiry into the matter of the murder of M. Petkoff has afforded abundant material for a prosecution of his murderer and three accomplices.

UNREST IN ROUMANIA.

The *Agence Roumaine* describes the announcements of the newspapers with regard to the peasant movement as exaggerated. Only in Upper Moldavia has there been some disturbance among the peasants acting in opposition to the farm-leaseholders' Trust. The War Minister, as a precautionary measure, has called up the reserves and reinforced the troops. On the other hand the *Neue Wiener Abendblatt* gives a long list of serious outrages that have taken place in Moldavia. It reports from Jassy that 300 peasants appeared at the Paourari barrier on the 19th and attempted to force their way into the town. The barrier was guarded by only 10 cavalry men. A fight ensued, but in the end the soldiers managed to disperse the peasants who showed stubborn resistance. Among the peasants, who in a perfect fury attacked the officers with clubs, were several reservists. Patrols were sent out and found that 40,000 peasants were marching on Jassy. The patrols were at once reinforced, and telegrams were sent to Bucharest asking for more troops. Strong reinforcements are on their way to Jassy from Bucharest and Bolschani.

Advices from Czernowitz report that over 300 estates on the Austrian frontier have been ravaged. Some 10,000 persons are homeless, and the flight into Austria is steadily assuming larger proportions; 4,000 persons are camping in the open. The peasants are planning a great *coup* for Sunday. They are marching about in regular companies of about 1,500 men each. The Roumanian Government announces that they are taking steps to protect life and property. In many districts famine prevails. The peasants are rapidly nearing the frontier which is guarded by gendarmes. In Valnij the peasants appeared before the prefecture and demanded land at cheap prices; when this was denied them they began to demolish the prefecture. The military fired and killed many of the peasants. At Dageni the peasants attacked a railway train and robbed the passengers.

The *Politische Correspondenz* announces from Bucharest: If one regards the movement that has

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broken out in Roumania as a specifically denominational one, the events of the last few days apparently justify that view. But in reality only a curious concatenation of circumstances have led to the fact that the agrarian movement is now directed with the utmost fury against the Jews. The Roumanian large landed proprietors are chiefly to blame for this development, since their main object has been to draw as large as possible an income from their property in the most comfortable way possible. Since they were not allowed to sell their property to foreigners, they have, without regard to the fate of the peasant population, given over their property to Jewish tenants who, as can be imagined, used their leases without paying any attention to the economic welfare of their sub-tenants, the peasants. Thus it came about that the hatred of an element of the populace standing on a lower rung of the ladder of civilisation turned by degrees against the fellow-believers of their landlords. The metamorphosis of the agrarian movement into an anti-Semitic one is unquestionably due to the excesses of the Liberal party and to foreign agitators. The simultaneous outbreak of excesses in districts far apart from each other, and the uniform cooperation of the population of these districts speaks for the existence of a regular organisation, which must be conducted by outsiders. The Government has at once displayed great energy. All available troops have been sent to the scene of the disturbances and in the Jassy district the reserves were at once called out, as the movement grew in importance. The measures taken are a guarantee that the movement will soon be at an end.

THE MOROCCAN CRISIS.

News from reliable sources states that Raisuli has left Tazerut and with 50 camel riders has joined the Pretender near Geluan. Raisuli's baggage has arrived at Zaouia where Caid El Bar has promised to assist him.

GENERAL NEWS.

(From our London correspondent.)

Princess Victoria arrived in London on Tuesday night and will no doubt join the Queen and the Dowager Empress of Russia at Sandringham, if they prolong their stay there, instead of returning to town this week.

A dinner party was given by the Prince and Princess of Wales on Tuesday evening at which Count Paul Wolff-Metternich, the German Ambassador, Count Alexandre de Benckendorff, the Russian Ambassador, M. de Villa Urrutia, the Spanish Ambassador and Mme. de Villa Urrutia were present. The Italian Ambassador and the Countess de Benckendorff were unavoidably prevented from accepting their Royal Highnesses' invitations.

The Princess of Wales attended the St. Patrick's-day sale and exhibition of Irish industries at the Ritz Hotel. Her Royal Highness arrived very punctually, and looked well in a costume of violet velvet, with a toque of the same shade, with emerald and diamond earrings and a jewelled shamrock brooch. She was received by the Marchioness of Londonderry and inspected every stall, buying lace from Lady Londonderry, linen from the Countess of Beehive, embroidery from Georgiana, Marchioness of Downshire, tweeds from Lady Arthur Hill and the Countess of Lucan, and baskets from the Dowager Countess of Arran.

Sir Francis Bertie, British Ambassador at Paris, has returned to the Embassy from the South of France, but Lady Feodorovna Bertie is remaining at Monte Carlo for some days longer.

The Hon. Derek and Mrs. Keppel have been staying at Cannes on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Drexel at the Villa Victoria.

A plain indication was given by Mr. Balfour that the House of Lords would throw out any measure of Home Rule for Ireland which the Government might pass. This was the declaration he made to a deputation arranged by the Irish Unionist Alliance and the Ulster Unionist Council, which waited on him at Carlton-gardens, Pall Mall, and was introduced by the Duke of Abercorn.

Sir Joseph Ward, Prime Minister of New Zealand, is the first of the Colonial Premiers to arrive in London for the conference. He came from Paris with Lady Ward and Miss Eileen Ward.

Prizes were won by both King Edward and Queen Alexandra at the Manchester Dog Show. Their Majesties are both particularly fond of dogs, of which they naturally have quite a large kennel of various breeds.

An examination just made of Harold's Bridge, picturesquely situated near Waltham Abbey, shows that, although it was built in 1062 by King Harold, it remains in a fine state of preservation.

Lord Ludlow, the treasurer of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, has received a third donation of £1,000 from the Worshipful Company of Goldsmiths,

being a special grant made by that company in aid of the rebuilding fund.

The stranded Elder Dempster liner "Jebba" seems to have thus far suffered little from the effect of the heavy seas breaking over her for so long. According to experts there is no chance of salving her, and she still lies on the rocks near Bolt Tail.

Great consternation has been caused in America, throughout the entire State of Delaware, through the disappearance of the little son, aged four, of Dr. Horace Marvin, a prominent resident. There seems no doubt that the child has been kidnapped, and every effort is being made to find him.

Hugo Borack

English spoken. Purveyor to the Court. English spoken.

4, See Strasse 4,

corner of Zahns Gasse.

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Novelties of the season.

More than 100,000 persons visited the exhibition, just closed, of South African products, in the Royal Horticultural Hall, Westminster. The exhibits have been removed to Amsterdam, where the show will be opened on March 25.

The second reading of the Channel Tunnel Bill has now been fixed definitely for April 25.

Since Mr. Stuart-Wortley, chairman of the Grand Committee which has been considering the Deceased Wife's Sister Bill, brought up the report of the measure from that body last Tuesday afternoon; the supporters of the Bill are very sanguine that it will be passed.

G. WIRSING, American Dentist. Graduate of the Milwaukee Medical College (Dental Department). Sidonien Strasse 10b, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 997.

The Prime Minister says that the Government will not disappoint the expectations of the Radical members so far as the House of Lords is concerned, and will lose no time in giving effect to the proposition declared in the King's Speech.

In the Ladies Inter-Varsity Hockey match played on the Richmond Athletic Ground, Cambridge defeated Oxford by seven goals to nothing. Playing against a strong wind, the Cambridge ladies scored twice in the first half. They monopolised the play in the second half, and added five goals. Miss Gibbons shot four of the points, Miss Virgo two, and Miss Cooper one.

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Coffee, Cocoa, Chocolate.

English and German Biscuits.

Tinned Meat, Fish and Vegetables.

Preserved Fruit, Marmalade and Jams.

English Pickles and Sauces.

Wines, Liqueurs, &c.

The British Fleet will leave Malta to accompany King Edward on his Mediterranean cruise on April 5 or 6.

General Booth is now staying in Ottawa as the guest of Earl Grey, since his arrival there from Montreal.

Mr. Ernest Carpenter, who is about to open the Lyceum Theatre in London, is almost certain of success as he knows exactly what is needed to please a London audience. He says a shilling pit is the "want of the hour."

Mr. Henry White, who had been spending the past week in London, was to leave for Paris on Thursday in order to take up his duties as American Ambassador in France.

Lord William Nevill has been committed for trial on a charge of theft from Mr. Alfred Fitch, a pawnbroker of Sloane-square.

RESULT OF THE "GRAND NATIONAL".

(By special wire from our own correspondent.)

The Grand National steeplechase, the Blue Riband of English cross-country racing, was run at Aintree, Liverpool, yesterday with the following result:

Mr. Stanley Howard's b g EREMION, by Thuries-Daisy	A. Newey.	1.
Mr. H. Hardy's b g TOM WEST, by Old Buck-Mother Shipton	H. Murphy.	2.
Mr. W. Nelson's PATLANDER	?	?

SIGNS AND WONDERS.

If the members of the Duma were nearly as superstitious as the average Russian is supposed to be, the fall of the ceiling in their chamber would be attributed, not to jerry-builders or negligent or malicious officials, but to occult influences from which a warning ought to be drawn. And were they to do so we could scarcely blame them, seeing that in matter-of-fact England a host of practical-minded women stopped work last week because some crazy jade predicted that that very day disaster must overtake their place of business. Women, it may be said, would be more likely to yield to superstition than men; the majority of them believe in fortune-telling by cards, by the tea-cup, and by the hand. But men are not free from similar ideas. Miners strike work at the revival in the pits of stories as old as the records of superstitious beliefs. Others for a mad belief will bring a great undertaking to a standstill. This latter happened on the Dover Harbour works. There a man was killed in an accident. His fellows struck work, saying that the next man who resumed labour on the same site would immediately die.

The fall of the Duma ceiling has not been attended by sequel mysterious enough to kindle alarm in the minds of those who look for any but a material explanation. That is well, though it robs the diarist of an opportunity of adding to his store of coincidences. Professor Goldwin Smith treasured up for years, and gave to the world quite recently, a coincidence in connection with the defeat of Gladstone at Oxford. "It is true, I believe," he writes, "that on the day of his rejection the Bible fell out of the hand of the statue of James I. on the gate tower of the Bodleian—an omen of the separation of the Church from the State. The stone being friable, the fall was not miraculous, though it was curiously apt." This has a parallel in an event at Derry, where, on the day that the Catholic Emancipation Act was passed, the sword fell from the hand of the statue of the Rev. George Walker.

BAITING.

A case in the Courts of which we are to hear more recalls a story with a happier issue. Thomas Coutts, when his bank was not the great power which it has since become, heard one night at dinner from another banker that a certain nobleman had asked and been refused a loan of £30,000. Coutts either knew more than the man who had declined, or was prepared to risk it, for that night after dinner he went round to the house of the nobleman and said to his steward, "Tell his lordship that if he calls on me in the morning he may have what he requires." The nobleman did call, and was accommodated, merely upon his note of hand. "I will retain only £10,000," he said. "With the other you will be pleased to open an account in my name." Within a few months the new depositor, an estate in the meantime having been sold, had £200,000 to his credit with Coutts, and had introduced to him several wealthy clients, and had so favourably reported of him that George III opened an account with him.

The banker had to learn, however, that if the King approved generosity to his friends, he could not tolerate the extension of the same friendly spirit to all men. He learned that Coutts was reported to have advanced Sir Francis Burdett £100,000 towards his election expenses. He sent for the banker, and asked if this dreadful thing were true. It was. The King immediately closed his account with Coutts, and transferred it to a Windsor banker. The latter made such good use of his Majesty's money that when he failed the King was quite a considerable creditor. If the King's money went from Coutts's, the King's secrets did not. In a certain safe, together with documents damning enough to have hanged half a hundred men when capital punishment was more common, were certificates and other instruments which, if published, would have given the lie to the King and his Ministers, and have made the Georges as contemptible in the eyes of their contemporaries as they have become in the eyes of posterity.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

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MUSIC.

The concert given by the pianist Herr Ignaz Friedman, and Herr Konrad von Zawilowski (baritone) from the Royal Opera House of Vienna in the Palmengarten on Thursday evening was attended by a very small audience, much too small for the merits of the programme; which was, however, too long, lasting for two hours and twenty minutes. Herr Friedman has a marvellous technique, well adapted for bravura work and brilliant playing. His touch is clear and he can shade well, but often goes beyond the limit in *forte* playing. His playing of the difficult Paganini variations by Brahms was distinguished by contrast and fine dynamic shading, and Liszt's Don Juan Fantasie by great bravura. A Sonata Eroica by Vitezlav Novak in three movements was well played, but is weak as a composition and very reminiscent of other Slav composers, particularly Tschaiikowsky and Rubinstein. Herr von Zawilowski has a baritone voice of great power, but the tones at times sound husky and forced. He is a singer of temperament, and he gave some groups of Brahms and Wolf songs with splendid comprehension and expression. Those especially worthy of note were Brahms' "Vier ernste Gesänge" and Wolf's "An die Geliebte", "Peregrina II" and "Er ist's". Herr Friedman accompanied very well, but was often too loud owing to the piano-cover having been left open.

H. M. F.

An eminently enjoyable Musical Soirée was that given at the Europäischer Hof on Thursday, when Herr Wiggert, of the Royal Opera orchestra, with the powerful support of Herr and Frau Pretzsch and a well known amateur, made life very pleasant for an hour or more to about 100 invited guests. Herr Wiggert himself "sang" on the cornet a selection of compositions ranging from an Agnus Dei by Bizet, and Reinhold Becker's setting of the hymn "Nearer, my God, to Thee", to "Old Folks at Home". Herr Wiggert is a fine artist, and has evidently made a study of the singing capabilities of his instrument. His tone has a peculiarly rich, full softness, and he is a master of *legato* and of finely shaded expression. He played eight numbers (including the *Liebeslied* from "Walküre" and an Aria from "Samson and Delilah", as well as the above-named) and all were alike rendered with faultless technique and taste. In response to many recalls at the end of the programme he played "My old Kentucky Home" with full appreciation and pathos. Frau Pretzsch charmed everyone by her singing of Schumann's exquisite "Nussbaum" and Petri's "Wiegenlied". Herr Pretzsch's accompaniments were, as usual, delightful.—G.

The programme of the last Symphony Concert at the Gewerbehauis this evening will be as follows:

- (1) Overture, "Figaros Hochzeit" Mozart.
- (2) Romanze Appassionata for violin, viola, 'cello and harp Kempter.
- (3) I. Orchestral Suite from the music to "Peer Gynt" Grieg.
- (4) Septett (by request) Beethoven.
- (5) "Einzug der Götter in Walhall" (by request) Wagner.
- (6) Capriccio italien Tschaiikowsky.

Next Tuesday's concert will be the last "Wagner evening". The last concert given by the Gewerbehauis orchestra before starting on their Skandinavian tour will be on Easter Tuesday. Up to the 14th of April inclusive the regular Gewerbehauis concerts on Thursdays, Saturdays, and Sundays will be continued by the band of the 2nd Grenadier regiment No. 101, conducted by the bandmaster, Herr Schröder; tickets bought in advance will be valid up to that date, which ends the season.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 1st Grenadier Regiment No. 100. The band plays about 12.40 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.

POLICE DOGS OF NANCY.

The two dogs which the police of Nancy have already trained in the park of St. Mary will shortly be reinforced by two others which are coming from Brussels. The police during their rounds at night in the suburbs of the picturesque city will be accompanied by a dog, which has been thoroughly trained to assist and protect the constables in their lonely patrols. The two new dogs will have completed their course of instruction by the fall of the year. These dogs are trained to know the uniform more than the man, and although on the best terms with a constable in uniform, the animals will, if told, seize a policeman in mufti.

CHINESE CAPTURE FROM BRITISH CRUISER.

It is usual for British ships going home at the close of a commission to fly an enormous paying-off pennant. That of the cruiser "Diadem", on leaving Hong Kong lately, says the *Singapore Free Press*, was about a thousand feet long, tapering from about 2ft. wide at the mast head to a matter of half an inch or so at the tail end, which was decorated with a bladder, beautifully gilt, and inflated with hydrogen to help the free end of the pennant to fly light. Just on coming out of Hong Kong the pennant fouled the rigging of a Chinese junk. With alacrity the sailors of the junk cut off about a hundred feet of the "Diadem's" pennant, including the golden sphere. Then one of the Chinese climbed the mast of the junk and made the annexed portion of the pennant fast to the mast head. The junk sailed gaily into Hong Kong with the captured trophy from the "Diadem" flaunting boastfully in the breeze.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 7, ending 9.15

Public rehearsal of the Palm Sunday Concert.

PROGRAMME.

- (1) (a) *Verwandlungsmusik und Schluss-scene* of the 1st Act of Parsifal R. Wagner.
- (b) *Charfreitagssonnen* out of Parsifal
- (2) Symphony (No. 9, D-minor, op. 125) Beethoven.

Tomorrow, Sunday, at 7 p.m.

— Grand Palm Sunday Concert. —

ROYAL THEATRE NEUSTADT.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending 10

Der Compagnon.

Lustspiel in vier Acten von Adolph L'Arronge.

Cast:

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| August Voss, Fabrikant | Herr P. Neumann. |
| Mathilde, seine Frau | Fräul. Diacono. |
| Adele, deren Tochter | Fräul. Serda. |
| Oskar Schumann, Adele's Bräutigam | Herr René. |
| Bernhard Voss, Kanzleirat | Herr Müller. |
| Fanny, } seine Töchter | Fräul. Leder. |
| Betty, } | Fräul. Kaiser. |
| Cécile, } | Fräul. Bergen. |
| Ferdinand Winkler | Herr Gebühr. |
| Witwe Lerche | Frau Bleibren. |
| Louise, deren Tochter | Fräul. Verden. |
| Marie, Dienstmädchen bei August Voss | Fräul. Schendler. |
| Friedrich, Hausdiener | Herr Huff. |
| Tante Röper | Fräul. Guinand. |
| Gleichenberg, Buchhalter | Herr Leichert. |
| Semmelmann, Kassierer | Herr Walther. |
| Der Prediger | Herr Eggerth. |
| Sturm, Rechtsanwalt | Herr v. Strauwitz. |
| Dr. Lind | Herr Höhner. |
| Frau Dr. Lind | Frau Firlé. |
| Kaufmann Böller | Herr Carstena. |
| Frau Böller | Fräul. Schneider. |
| Arbeiter | Herr Piltz. |
| | Herr Jüchtzer. |

Tomorrow, Sunday, at 7 p.m.

Julius Caesar.



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RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

Alt-Heidelberg.

Comedy in five Acts by Meyer-Förster.

Cast:

- | | |
|---|--------------------|
| Karl Heinrich, Erbprinz von Sachsen-Karlsburg | Willy Schröder. |
| Staatsminister v. Haugk, Exzellenz | Ignaz Janda. |
| Hofmarschall Freih. v. Passarge, Exzellenz | Gustav Christ. |
| Dr. phil. Jüttner | Carl Friese. |
| Lutz, Kammerdiener | Carl Knaack. |
| Graf von Asterberg, } vom Korps | Rudolf Opel. |
| Karl Bilz, } „Sachsen“ | Emil Gähd. |
| Kurt Engelbrecht, } | Carl Wilhelm. |
| Bansin, } | Camillo Randolph. |
| von Wedell, Saxo-Borussé | Bruno Bellmann. |
| Rüder, Gastwirt | Alexander Olbrich. |
| Frau Rüder | Martha Brede. |
| Frau Dörfel, deren Tante | Ernest Münchelm. |
| Kellermann | Adolf Braunstein. |
| Käthe | Käthe Franck-Witt. |
| Schölermann, } Lakaien | Hans Füssler. |
| Glanz, } | Reinhold Barthel. |
| Reuter, } | Martin Rüden. |
| Ein Musikus | Bernhard Lohse. |

Tomorrow, Sunday, at 7.30 p.m.

The same performance.

NEW BOOKS.

Tauchnitz Edition, to appear on 28th instant:
The Whirlwind. 2 vols. By *Eden Phillpotts*, author of "Sons of the Morning."
At Carl Tittmann's bookshop, Prager Strasse 19.

"TEMPORA MUTANTUR," &c.

An announcement now made respecting Mr. Grover Cleveland recalls one of the stormiest Presidential elections in American politics—though in what may be described as a pleasantly inverted sense. Those who can carry their memories back to the contest of 1885 need not be told how furiously the battle of parties waged and how little in the way of personal defamation was spared to the two antagonists. However, Mr. Cleveland came out uppermost, with the added satisfaction of being perhaps the first Democrat President since the Civil War. Since then he has had the rare honour of a second Presidency, and now the rancours of faction are so far stilled that men of all parties propose to honour his 70th birthday by instituting a national annual holiday in his honour.

ANOTHER FORT CHABROL.

France is never very long without its "Fort Chabrol," and now there is another. It is again a case of a rural caretaker, in the village of Mesnel, near Rouen, who has barricaded himself in his own house, like the gamekeeper at Uisseau did two or three years ago, and bids fair to stand a long siege. The poor fellow is an object for pity. Some few years ago he sustained a fracture of the skull, and has latterly shown signs of losing his reason. A few days ago his wife had to leave him, and next morning, on the Mayor going to the house expecting to find the man dead, as a couple of shots had been heard during the night, he was met with threats. The man has several guns and revolvers and large quantities of cartridges and provisions. Police are there in force, but nothing can be done at present.

RUSSIA AND THE JEWS.

A special correspondent of the *Jewish Chronicle* tells a horrible story of the outrages practised with impunity on the Jews in Russia, and of the persecution to which they are subject in almost all parts of the empire. He says:—"I have collected data for the months of June, July, August, September and October of last year, and have personal information of 120 cases of outrages on Jewish girls and women, whose ages range from 10 to 65. This is happening at present in South Russia without pogroms and in tranquil times." The whole air of Russia, says the writer, is poisoned with anti-Semitic bacilli; only three Jews have been elected to the new Duma, whereas in the first there were twelve. He sums up as follows:—"The situation of the Jews in Russia is not better than before, and in some respects it is worse, because the Jews have behind them outrages and see before them pogroms and a sea of blood which will not be less serious than their predecessors."

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH,
Wiener Strasse.

Saturday, March 23rd. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Sunday, March 24th. *Palm Sunday.* 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 m.d. (Choral) Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
Monday, March 25th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Tuesday, March 26th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Wednesday, March 27th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Thursday, March 28th. *Maundy-Thursday.* 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.45 a.m. (Choral) and 11.0 a.m. Choral Matins. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Friday, March 29th. *Good Friday.* 9.0 a.m. Matins, Litany and Ante Communion. 12.0 m.d. to 3.0 p.m. The three Hours Service. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Saturday, March 30th. *Easter Even.* 9.0 a.m. Matins and Ante Communion. 6.0 p.m. Festal Easter Evensong Carols.
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L. Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN.
Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Sunday, March 24th. *Palm Sunday.* Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.

Holy Week.

Monday, March 25th. Service and address 4.0 p.m.
Tuesday, March 26th. Service and address 4.0 p.m.
Wednesday, March 27th. Service and address 4.0 p.m.
Thursday, March 28th. Holy Communion 11.0 a.m.
Friday, March 29th. *Good Friday.* Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. and 4.0 p.m.
Saturday, March 30th. *Easter Even.* Service 10.0 a.m.
Sunday, March 31st. *Easter Day.* Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. 5.30 p.m. Service and Cantata.
The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winckelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister, Bernhard Strasse 2, I.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.
THE BRITISH LEGATION: Elisen Strasse 5 c. Minister Resident: *The Viscount Gough.*
THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16. British Consul: *H. Palmié, Esq.*
THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p. American Consul General: *T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.*

NOVELTY IN VENGEANCE.

A case of outrage prompted by vengeance that was remarkable in all its details has taken place at the village of Noyou, near Compiègne. One of the rustics, named Vilette, a man aged 77, had conceived a deep grudge against the local ironmonger whom he became determined to injure, and took means which certainly seemed to combine suicide with murder and havoc. The absolute failure to achieve any of the three but the last constitutes the case a positive novelty. He went into the shop and placed on the counter a small iron box, into which, on the ironmonger appearing, he fired a revolver. There was an explosion, and the interior was wrecked, but neither man was injured, and the shopkeeper, seizing Vilette, held him till the police arrived.

THE ROMANCING INDIAN CHIEF.

There is an amusing sequel to the visit to England of the three Red Indian chiefs from British Columbia, who were received by the King at Buckingham Palace. On their return one of them, Chief Joe Capilano, told Chief Joe Bradley, of the Tsimpian tribe, a highly-coloured story of the gorgeous magnificence with which he had been received by the King, who, according to Capilano, had declared that all the forests and the seas and the mountains were theirs, and that whatever the police might do, the Indians were at liberty to appropriate them if they chose. Chief Bradley related all this to his tribesmen, and a serious revolt against the local police authorities was threatened, and eventually it was found necessary to arrest him on a charge of fomenting rebellion.

Gewerbehaus Orchestral Concerts.

Conductor: Herr Kapellmeister **Olsen.**
Every Thursday, Saturday and Sunday
at 7.30 p.m. Admission 1 mark.

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in Villa of Sedan Strasse, I. Etage, most beautifully situated in the best and healthiest quarter, offered by Fr. M. Riese at once. Apply: Sedan Strasse 45, II.

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SENDIG-DRESDEN,	HOTEL Europäischer Hof 265 ROOMS.
SENDIG-NURNBERG,	HOTEL Württemberger Hof 250 ROOMS.
SENDIG-SCHANDAU, (SAXON SWITZERLAND.)	SENDIG'S Hotel Quisisana &c. 150 ROOMS.

BERLIN. Unter den Linden, 17-18. BERLIN.

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Comfortable home, excellent board 4 marks a day.—English cooking.

Pension LE RICHE

Nürnberg Platz 3, II.

First-class Family Pension.

Excellent situation. Splendid board.

Pension Unity, Lüttichau Strasse 26, I.

Highly recommended.

Pension Weidmann

Reichs Strasse 2, II.

Best situation. Excellent board. Comfortable rooms.

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Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German, French and Latin.

A small number of resident pupils taken. German and French resident governesses.

Private instruction if desired.

Miss Virgin, Schnorr Strasse 80 (Villa).

BY TOBOGGAN TO CHURCH.

Two tobogganists—Herr A. Meyer and Fräulein Schwarz—have celebrated their wedding in an original manner at their native mountain town, Payrbach, near Vienna. Owing to the unusual length of the winter the streets of the town are deep in snow, and the wedding procession slid down a steep hill from the bride's house to the church on seven toboggans decorated with pine branches and flowers.

A MUSEUM OF CLOTHES.

Paris is to have a new museum of an interesting character. It will be located on some unoccupied land bordering upon the Champ de Mars, and will come into existence without State aid. The museum owes its origin to the painter M. Maurice Lenoir, who is the president of the *Société de l'Histoire du Costume*; M. Maurice Mambron, the well-known writer fills the vice-chair, and among other distinguished members of the society—the patrons of the museum—is M. Edouard Detaille, the painter. The exhibits will consist of a wonderful collection of costumes, depicting the various costumes from the middle ages down to the end of the nineteenth century, which will be displayed on life-sized models.

MEMOIRS OF A BRIGAND.

A Sicilian paper has begun the publication of the memoirs of the brigand Salomone, whom the Sicilian police have long been hunting in vain. The MS., which consists of 150 pages, arrived in the ordinary way through the post, with a request for its publication and a promise of payment. "People should know," observes the outlaw, "who Salomone is and why he became a brigand." He then relates his history, the local history of small townships in Sicily, and the persecutions and exactions to which the peasantry are subjected by the holders of petty offices. For exerting himself to organise the peasantry against these local tyrants, Salomone was subjected to a persecution which ended in arrest on a false charge. With his escape from gaol and the traps set to catch him began his brigand's career.

A CROCODILE HUNT.

The scare which has been raised round Perpignan, on the subject of a crocodile haunting the marshes and creeks of the region, appears, after all, to have some foundation in fact. Fishermen have reported finding traces of the monster about Saint Nazaire, and the prefecture has verified their reports. The Mayor of Canet has been directed to organise a battue to avert the danger caused to the maritime population. To account for the presence of such unlikely game on the French coast, it is explained that the British steamer "Bolton Hall", which recently foundered not far from Canet, was from the West Coast of Africa, and is said to have had a crocodile on board.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 22nd of March, 1907.

Mr. H. C. Wilson, London, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. H. Vyth, London, H. Europäischer Hof.
Miss L. Du Bois, San Francisco, H. Europäischer Hof.
Miss E. Morrison, San Francisco, H. Europäischer Hof.
Miss E. Price, San Francisco, H. Europäischer Hof.
Miss E. Graham, San Francisco, H. Europäischer Hof.
Miss J. Francis, Providence, H. Europäischer Hof.
Mr. and Mrs. Brinton-Coye, Philadelphia, H. Europ. Hof.
Mr. R. Red Kirk, Minneapolis, Härtig's Carlton Hotel.
Miss D. Red Kirk, Minneapolis, Härtig's Carlton Hotel.
Mr. J. Red Kirk, Minneapolis, Härtig's Carlton Hotel.
Mrs. S. MacGibbon, Montreal, P. Schadewell.
Miss M. MacGibbon, Montreal, P. Schadewell.
Mr. A. Wiedemann, San Francisco, H. Monopole and Metropole.
Miss H. Salsieh, Milwaukee, H. Weber.
Miss E. Brown, Milwaukee, H. Weber.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Rogers, Boston, H. Weber.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

St. Petersburg, March 22. Thirty members of the Duma, including MM. Durnovo, Stürmer, Stischuski, and the former Minister M. Birikoff, have in the Imperial Council addressed a question to the Minister for Home Affairs as to whether an enquiry has been set on foot with regard to the illegal meetings that took place in the St. Petersburg and Moscow Universities on the 5th of March: as to who is responsible for their having been permitted; and whether those who are to blame will be called to account. The interpellation is the first that has been brought forward in the Imperial Council since its reconstruction.