

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

No 355.

DRESDEN, SUNDAY, APRIL 7, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

BAD ALBERTSHOF 7. Sedan Strasse 7. **Swimming Baths:** for ladies Wednesday and Saturday 10-1, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday 2-5; the remaining days for gentlemen. 16. Werder Strasse 8. **Turkish Baths:** for ladies Monday and Friday 6-1, Wednesday 2-8; the remaining days for gentlemen. Baths of every description.

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THE QUEEN'S HOLIDAY.

H. M. Queen Alexandra left London on Friday morning accompanied by her sister the Empress Dowager of Russia and by Princess Victoria. Crossing to Calais, the journey was continued to Longuean, Department Somme. Here the sisters parted, Queen Alexandra proceeding to Paris en route for Toulon where she will join King Edward, who arrived there on Friday evening. The Empress Dowager of Russia continued her journey to Biarritz.

ACCIDENTS ON THE "DREADNOUGHT".

During her recent trial cruise it appears that two boiler explosions took place upon H. M. S. "Dreadnought". The first occurred in the Gulf of Aranci and resulted in one boiler being useless for the rest of the cruise; the other took place during the trip home from Trinidad. Three stokers were severely scalded.

LORD LISTER'S 80TH BIRTHDAY.

Lord Lister received a small deputation of doctors and scientists on Friday, who warmly congratulated him on attaining the age of eighty. Presents of flowers and congratulatory telegrams have reached the octogenarian savant from all quarters of the globe.

THE GRIMSBY LABOUR RIOTS.

On Friday morning some 100 dock hands arrived from Hamburg. They wished to proceed to London or Liverpool, but having no railway tickets they assembled in front of the railway station and exciting scenes took place, many arrests being made by the police. The nine dock hands arrested for disturbing the peace on Thursday were ordered to pay small fines by the magistrate.

The Great Central Railway has expressed its willingness to convey to London, free of charge, the dock hands who on their way back from Hamburg are stranded in Grimsby.

THE CAPE AND GERMANY.

Negotiations have been resumed between Germany and Cape Colony, with reference to the cost of maintenance of the black rebels who during the rebellion in German South-West Africa crossed the frontier and were interned in Cape Colony.

The Cape Government demands a considerable sum, which Germany on constitutional grounds refuses to pay; the Cape claims that the rebels were interned at Germany's request.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

THE SOCIALIST DEFEAT AT CHICAGO.

New York, April 5.

Municipal ownership of public utilities alias rank Socialism has just received a knock-down blow at Chicago. The Democratic Socialist Mayor, Mr. Dunne, has been thrown out of office with ignominy, and the Republican anti-Socialist ticket has been triumphantly endorsed by the people. Mr. Dunne was elected a couple of years ago, as the result of a ferocious campaign, in which the Municipal Ownership League, now known as the Independent League, took the leading part, and it was exultantly announced that the social millennium was at hand.

One of the first things done by Mr. Dunne was to send to Glasgow for Mr. Dalrymple, the manager of the municipal tramways in that city, in order that he might give advice to the Chicagoans as to the municipalisation of their tram system. Mr. Dalrymple was not much impressed by what he saw, and bluntly said so while in Chicago. Some months later, in the report which he furnished, he spoke in equally plain terms. It was, he said, hopeless to expect Chicago to do much in the municipal ownership line until the "political pull"

system had been eliminated from the Municipal government. That system still flourishes, however, in Chicago and elsewhere, and the presence of a reforming Mayor at the head of affairs, has in no marked degree improved the government of Chicago, or the lot of the masses of its citizens.

During the elections which have just resulted in a Socialist débâcle a marked revulsion of popular feeling was made manifest. People asked what had become of the manifold blessings which were to have resulted from Mr. Dunne's election. As far as the man in the street could see, "graft" continued to be king in the municipal administration of the city. Mr. Dunne did his best, it is claimed, to clean out various filthy stables, but his success has not been conspicuous, and so tens of thousands of citizens returned to their normal political allegiance, from which they were seduced by Socialist promises which have not been redeemed, with the result that the Republicans are once more in control of the second city of the Union. A good deal was heard during the fierce electoral struggle of the way in which London was alleged to have "thrown off the Socialist incubus," while the Socialist "Reformers" never tired of citing the cases of a number of English and Scottish towns, which it was claimed had municipalised the public utilities with abounding success.

Incidentally a number of big libel actions have arisen out of the fight, or rather have been threatened, but it is not likely that now these threats have served their purpose anything more will be heard of them on either side.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE MONTAGNINI LETTERS.

The Netherlands Ambassador, M. v. Stuers, paid a visit to the French Foreign Minister, M. Pichon, on Thursday. Certain journals state that this visit was in connection with the publication of the Montagnini correspondence. In his report Mgr. Montagnini repeated several sharp remarks of M. v. Stuers on the ecclesiastical policy of France. In well-informed quarters, however, it is stated that M. v. Stuers merely requested M. Pichon to establish the untruth of the statements attributed to him in the Montagnini papers.

It is officially stated that during the diplomatic reception on April 3 M. v. Stuers, at an interview with M. Pichon merely alluded to the publication of the letters and expressed his regret that Mgr. Montagnini should have attached too much importance to casual and inaccurately reported conversations. The Ambassador could not have protested on April 3rd against the publication of the papers referring to him, since they only appeared on Friday morning.

It is rumoured that the French Minister in Monte Video, M. Lemarchand, who according to the Montagnini papers was guilty of indiscretions and of having violated official secrecy in favour of Mgr. Montagnini, will be brought before a disciplinary Court, in order to have an opportunity of clearing himself of these charges.

The committee of the Chamber entrusted with the examination of the Montagnini papers will be represented at the legal proceedings against the curé Jouin, at which the papers will be read.

THE HAMBURG DOCK DISPUTES.

The local journals announce that pamphlets bearing the signature "The Executive Committee +++" have been scattered broadcast in the docks and among the ships. These pamphlets call upon the German workmen to leave the ships apportioned to the English labourers who are ready to work, as soon as possible, as in the next

few days these ships will be blown into the air. The papers only attach to the incident the importance of a threat not seriously meant.

THE INTERLAKEN MURDER.

It is feared that some attempt may be made in terrorist-anarchist circles to liberate Tatjana Leonieff from prison. For that reason the Berne authorities have ordered the prisoner to be transferred to Lenzburg, where the prison is surrounded by high walls. Many of the large hotel keepers have been informed by constant visitors that they prefer to stay in places where there is no probability of their being murdered, since murder was being to lightly punished in Switzerland.

THE MURDER OF THE BULGARIAN PREMIER.

The examining magistrate in Sophia has concluded his enquiry into the circumstances of the murder of M. Petkov. As principal to the crime Petrov will be charged with murder and as accessories. Ikonov, the publisher of the *Balkanska Tribuna* and the Editor of the same journal Gerov, as well as ex-employés of the Agricultural Bank. Chranov and Bojadshieff, will have to stand their trial. Under the Bulgarian law all these defendants if convicted may be condemned to death. R. Petkov's widow has brought a civil action for 100,000 francs damages against the murderer.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

THE DUMA.

The debate on the Budget still continues. M. Purishkevitch, President of the League of really Russian people, amid general hilarity, asked questions of the most varied nature and said among other things that he was no friend of the Cabinet because M. Stolypin was a Constitutional Minister, while he, the speaker, was a champion of autocracy. Amid interruption and laughter from all sides of the House he quoted all kinds of proverbs and concluded by demanding that the Duma should work.

The remarks of the next speaker, Count Bolrinsky, monarchist, also caused much amusement.

M. Shirsky, revolutionary Socialist, associated himself in the name of his party with the remarks of former Social Democrat speakers and proposed to reject the motion for the appointment of a budget committee, since, otherwise, the impression might be aroused in Russia and abroad that the Duma was co-operating with the Government, whereas the Government treated the Duma as subordinate and incompetent.

The President then read a proposal whereby the plenary sittings of the Duma will be limited to three a week in order to give members of committees, who have not time to get through their work, opportunity to hold more sittings.

Should this proposal be carried, the Duma will only meet in future on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

THE ST. PETERSBURG GARRISON REINFORCED.

The St. Petersburg garrison has recently been reinforced by four regiments drawn from the vicinity. For possible disturbances the town has been divided into four districts. The Prefect of St. Petersburg, General Dratsheffsky, has been given chief command.

JAPAN'S NEW WAR-SHIP.

A Japanese Commission is on its way to England to conclude arrangements with a British firm for the construction of a battleship, which will surpass in dimension all existing battleships. Her displacement will be 21,000 tons and her cost £2,250,000. The ship will contain several novelties in the way of armament.

INNOCENCE IN ESPIONAGE.

Probably the most innocent "spy" who ever plied the trade has just been arrested at Amiens. His simple mode of procedure was to stop soldiers and civilians in the streets, bluntly asking them questions as to the garrison, the regiments, the entraining arrangements, and other details, which, on his being promptly arrested, were found to correspond to a printed list of questions found in his lodging. The prisoner, who seems to have been what Americans term a "white man", explained that a stranger whom he met in Brussels had given him money to take him to Amiens and the list of questions, the answers to which he was to post to a given address. This he had done, but an injunction to be careful in his work had been less understood.



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