

# The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

№ 435.

DRESDEN, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

The First Daily Paper published in Germany  
in English.

Office: Dresden, Steube Strasse 52

Telephone: 1755.

Subscription for Dresden and the whole of  
Germany and Austria:

1 mark a month.

## THE RECENT VISITS OF ENGLISH JOURNALISTS TO GERMANY.

The English journalists, who took part in the recent trip to Germany, were present on Wednesday at a luncheon in London, presided over by the President of the English journalists, Sir F. Wilson, who was recently knighted by His Majesty. After several speakers had congratulated Sir F. Wilson on the honour paid him, he made a speech in which he said that he believed that His Majesty had bestowed upon him the honour of knighthood in order to recognise the political services rendered by the English journalists who took part in the recent trip to Germany. He expressed his heartfelt satisfaction at seeing those who took part in the German tour once more assembled together, which showed that the pro-German sentiments aroused by their wonderfully friendly reception in Germany still lived in them and were highly treasured by them. Other speakers spoke in similar terms.

A cordial congratulatory telegram was sent to the Duke of Trachenberg, informing him that the English journalists remembered with the liveliest joy and gratitude the kindness shown them in Berlin and everywhere in Germany.

## THE LAND WAR IN IRELAND.

At Woodford Petty Sessions Court two cases of cattle scattering were heard. In the first case six men were charged with having, on May 30, driven the cattle and sheep of J. W. Connor and John W. Donnelly off the lands upon which they were grazing. The evidence for the Crown disclosed the usual offence. The defence called no evidence. The solicitor for the accused, indeed, admitted that his clients had been driving the cattle belonging to two graziers, but he asked that the cases should be adjourned for six months; in "the interests of peace". The Crown Solicitor opposed the suggestion. The people in the locality were disaffected. The idea uppermost in their minds was that they had a right to do as they liked. The bench consulted, and the Chairman announced that a majority of the court was in favour of making the following order:—The defendants to enter into recognisances to keep the peace and to be of good behaviour for twelve months, themselves in £20 each, and two sureties of £10 each, and in default to be imprisoned in Galway Gaol for one month. The defendants declined to enter into recognisances, and they were removed in custody to the accompaniment of the cheers of their friends.

In the second case 26 men were charged with having, on June 8, at Carrow, Cavanagh, and in several other districts, driven cattle and sheep off grazing farms. The defence called no witnesses to rebut the testimony of the Crown. The Chairman said the majority of the court was in favour of returning the prisoners for trial to the next assizes for the County of Galway. The prisoners were then allowed to stand out on giving bail for their appearance at the Assizes, themselves in £20 each, and two sureties in £10 each. The defendants and some of the magistrates were cheered on leaving the court house. Other magistrates who had taken part in the proceedings were groaned at with great vigour.

## THE DUBLIN JEWEL ROBBERY.

There is absolutely no development in the jewel robbery. The Dublin local papers complain bitterly of the reticence of the police and Castle officials, but it is plain to see that the reticence is not assumed. There is no information, consequently they have none to give.

Dublin newspapers quote freely from London journals, thus bearing out their previous complaint that the first news came from London.

The case is in the hands of the most skilful Irish detectives, who are working hand in hand with Scotland Yard, but the recovery of the jewels is as hopeless as that of the Ascot Gold Cup.

**OTTO MAYER**  
Photographer  
38 Prager Strasse 38  
Tel. 446.  
By appointment to T. M. the King of Saxony  
and the Emperor of Austria.  
**Superb artistic work.**  
Moderate terms.

Prager Strasse 35  
**MÜLLER & C. W. THIEL**  
Linen Store  
Saxon Damask  
Hand-embroidered work.

**Pfund's** unskimmed milk. 1st quality  
only Pasteurised and purified, therefore  
free from bacilli of any kind.  
Delivered free. Depots in all parts of the city.  
**Pfund's Dairy, Dresden.** Telephone:  
3831 & 3832.

**Finest handpainted Dresden China**  
**A. E. Stephan** 4, Reichs Str. 4  
3 minutes from Hauptbahnhof.  
Highest recommendations.  
Most reasonable prices.

## THE UNREST IN INDIA.

Two men by name Hassain and Gaffur have been arrested in Barisal for inciting to boycott English goods, and are charged with sedition. It is believed that the paragraph relating to sedition may be enforced in view of the nature of documents found by the Calcutta police in Hassain's house. The affair is causing great sensation among the Bengalees, since Hassain has been actively engaged in the boycott movement and has been on most intimate terms with the leaders of the movement. It is also believed that Hassain occupies a distinguished position under the "National Volunteers".

## DYNAMITE OUTRAGES ON THE RAND.

The Crown hotel in Boksburg has been destroyed by a dynamite explosion which was heard all over Johannesburg. Many residents in the building were hurled a considerable distance without being seriously hurt.

Later telegrams state that further explosions have occurred, which have caused great uneasiness. Near the shaft of the Casson mine two tin canisters filled with dynamite exploded without doing any damage; a fruitless attempt was also made to destroy the shaft of New Modderfontein mine.

## NEWS FROM AMERICA.

### THE U. S. AND JAPAN.

A telegram from Tokio announces that the journal *Hotshi Schimbun* will retract its published account of an interview with Admiral Sakamoto, in which the Admiral was said to have spoken disparagingly of the American fleet; at the same time the journal will publish an interview with an anonymous naval expert in which he speaks in terms of warm appreciation of the efficiency of the American navy and the excellence of its gunnery.

The announcement of a Tokio journal that the Japanese Ambassador will be recalled is declared officially to be untrue.

The State Department and the Japanese Embassy in Washington stoutly deny the truth of the announcement that Japan has made a categorical demand for satisfaction from the United States on account of the treatment of Japanese in San Francisco.

Admiral Jamamoto, who has arrived in New York from Europe, has stated that in his view friendly relations between Japan and the United States will be of long duration. The present storm would bury itself in the waters of the Pacific.

With reference to the rumoured acquisition by America of a naval base in Magdalena Bay, the New York correspondent of the *Globe* cables that the Japanese scare has caused to be revived the very old controversy as to the need for more

bases for the United States Navy in the Pacific. Captain Mahan and other experts have from time to time called attention to this important matter, and have cast covetous eyes upon Magdalena Bay on the coast of Lower California, which, of course, is Mexican territory. By the courtesy of the Mexican Government, the American Pacific Squadron is allowed to have coal hulks anchored in the Bay, and indulge in target practice and drill there, but the Naval Forward School are now, not for the first time, asking for more than this. It is not believed that they will get it.

There is a strong patriotic party in Mexico, which has always disapproved of the pro-Washington policy followed by President Diaz and his various Cabinets. The members of the party opposed the coaling facilities accorded in Magdalena Bay, as constituting a dangerous precedent, and the present agitation here for the actual acquisition of Mexican territory is regarded as emphasising that danger. Most certainly any proposal by the Washington Cabinet involving the actual cession of territory would be passionately resented in Mexico and if President Diaz should entertain it, if made, he would be brought face to face with civil war. Many millions of American dollars have been invested in Mexico, but the American is disliked and distrusted there, and this regrettable fact has been emphasised from time to time by "incidents", which have occasionally given some trouble to the diplomats.

All this is well known at the State Department at Washington, but it is quite conceivable that the acquisition of Magdalena Bay may be regarded in the not very remote future as a matter of such overpowering high national policy as to justify the taking of all risks, even the supreme risk of war. Students of international politics are of opinion that the rise of Japan to the status of a Great Power has already brought this question of naval bases in the Pacific for the United States Fleet within the range of practical politics.

## THE WAR AGAINST THE TRUSTS.

According to a Report published in Washington on Wednesday, the Justice Department intends to nominate administrators for those corporations found guilty of breaches of the Anti-Trust Law. According to the latest reports only two trusts, viz. the Powder Trust and the Tobacco Trust come in question at present. If the Department succeeds in carrying out this plan individual cases will doubtless be brought before the Higher Court on appeal.

The Government has initiated proceedings against the Tobacco Trust in the Federal Court. The charges are levelled against the English Imperial Tobacco Company, the British-American Tobacco Company, and many other Companies, that form a Trust. The Government demands that every defendant company shall confine itself to its own property or to the share property in any company which it dominates, and that the Imperial Tobacco Company shall cease to carry on business within the jurisdiction of the United States until it ceases to regard the conditions of its agreements with the American Companies. The Government further demands that certain of the defendant Companies shall be forbidden to carry on foreign or inter-State trade, or else that an administrator shall be appointed to bring their business into harmony with the Law.

## A FOUNDRY COLLAPSES.

The London journals of Thursday report the collapse of a large foundry in Philadelphia. It is said that 40 persons have lost their lives and that 15 corpses have already been extricated from the débris.

## HARRY THAW'S MENTAL CONDITION.

It is reported from New York that Harry Thaw is a physical and mental wreck, according to the latest reports.

The effect of his close confinement and impatience at the slowness of the District Attorney in calling his second trial have told upon his fortitude and strength, but he stubbornly refuses to see a doctor.

Attendants at the Tombs have noted symptoms of impending collapse for more than a week. He has lost flesh, he sleeps little, his nervousness prevents him from thinking or occupying himself consecutively, and his appetite has gone completely.

The efforts of the Thaw family to raise money for the second trial have led to the failure of a Pittsburg firm of architects, upon whom a demand was made for the prompt payment of a loan of £20,000 from Mrs. William Thaw.

## ALINARI'S photographs of the most famous works in the Dresden Gallery, to be had in all Art shops.

### THE KAISER'S HOLIDAY.

The Fourth British Naval Squadron is to call at the Norwegian ports of Trondhjem and Bergen, sometime before July 15. As His Majesty the German Emperor, who is an honorary Admiral of the British Navy, will be cruising in his yacht, the "Hohenzollern," in the Norwegian waters during that time, he will visit the British Squadron in question.

### THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

At Wednesday's sitting of the fourth Committee, appointed to discuss the inviolability of private property at sea, M. Beernaert announced a proposal of his country having for its object first, the replacement of confiscations by sequestration, secondly, the principle of settling the question of compensation in the peace treaty, thirdly a veto on treating mercantile sailors as prisoners of war and fourthly, a veto on destroying mercantile ships without previous warning.

In the course of an extremely lengthy debate China supported the American proposal, which aims at the abolition of the right of privateering, as did Sweden without, however, glossing over the difficulties of carrying the proposal into practice.

Brazil associated herself on this point with the view of Freiherr v. Marschall, regretting that the questions of blockade and contraband were not first considered.

M. Bourgeois brought in a proposal referring particularly to the abolition of the right of taking prizes.

Freiherr v. Marschall stated that Germany did not oppose, but supported the abolition of this right, provided that questions relating to blockade and contraband were settled first.

M. Beernaert expressed his satisfaction that Germany reserved a free hand with reference to her future attitude.

The Argentine Delegates were in favour of retaining the right of privateering.

It was decided to vote on the American proposals before the others. The discussion was held to be closed as far as the American proposal was concerned. The debate on the main question was adjourned for 8 days.

### THE BERLIN ART ROBBERY.

On Wednesday evening the picture representing the Czar Nicolas I. with a military suite, which was stolen from the national gallery, was returned by letter post to the gallery authorities.

### RESCUE OF A TOURIST.

A private telegram to Berlin from Füssen (Bavarian Alps) states that the tourist Herr Betzmann, who had fallen over a precipice on to a ledge of rock, was reached, with the help of over 200 yards of rope, by Hans Daumüller of Kempton, and lowered to a place of safety after being 45 hours on the friendly ledge that had broken his fall.

### MORE EARTHQUAKES REPORTED.

The Hamburg seismological station again reports a violent earthquake of two hours duration, which must have taken place 13,000 kilometres away.

If the oscillation is not submarine, and if it took place upon an inhabited portion of the globe, it must have had a disastrous effect.

It began at 8.3 p.m.: the main oscillation took place about 8.40, the most violent shock shortly before 8.53, the pendulum of the instrument moving nearly 6 millimetres. The oscillation ended shortly after 10.

### NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

#### AGRARIAN UNREST.

With reference to the peasant disturbances in the Ladoga canal district it is announced that some 200 peasants had thrown a rope across the canal in order to stop the traffic of tug-boats. The police were prevented from approaching the rope by volleys of stones and the leader of the police was actually attacked. He gave the order to fire and two peasants were killed and 20 wounded; four of these latter have since died and seven more are in imminent danger.

Similar disturbances have occurred on the Bjelostroff canals in the Novgorod district. Men have been killed and wounded there also.

#### EUROPE TO TOKIO BY RAIL.

The International sleeping-car Co. is organising a service of through sleeping-cars between Europe and Tokio. The cars will run on the Siberian railway *via* Charbin, Mukden, and Vidshu to Fusan, thence by steamship to Shimonoseki, and on to Tokio by rail.

#### THE MOROCCAN CRISIS.

The Beni-Aros and Benida tribes have sent their chiefs to the Commandants of the Shereefian army

to assure them of their loyalty and to ask for instructions in case Raisuli should attack them. This step is regarded as a sign that Raisuli would find himself in a dangerous situation should he attempt to move.

### LONDON LETTERS.

(From our correspondent.)

"TOUT EST PERDU, FORS L'HONNEUR, ET..."

London, July 9.

It is now some time ago that I, in my innermost consciousness, reached an inevitable and mournful conclusion. The Weather Clerk has become irretrievably hopeless. I really do not care to inquire whether he is suffering from senile decay, degeneracy in fact, like most of us nowadays—more or less—or whether he has suddenly developed some midsummer madness subversive of all mundane ideas hitherto generally accepted ament our sublunar seasons and their usual seasonableness. Is he in league with unwieldy and to our small way of thinking wholly superfluous sun spots, a "dark moon" (about which we are still in the dark ourselves, however many luminaries may have striven to enlighten us), or some other Dark Power in the Universe, just to annoy or tickle the jaded mortals somewhat by means of earth—or other quakes, chilly blasts and icy downpours, from day to day?

### The Royal Court Pharmacy.

English and American Dispensary.

Prescriptions—Patent medicines—Mineral-waters  
Schloss Strasse, opposite the Royal castle

Who knows? Who truthfully cares to know? Supposing we *did* know, would it bring us any the "forrader"? To me, personally, it is "all same-same" as the Chinaman said. We have to accept the hopeless Weather Clerk as we might any other deplorable necessity of mundane life, consider it an absolutely settled matter that there is to be no so-called summer, and prepare at once for the winter, as the autumn is already with us.

**G. WIRSING, American Dentist.** Graduate of the Milwaukee Medical College (Dental Department).  
Sidonien Strasse 10 b, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 9907.

That has been the wise policy of our large Drapery Establishments in London and in our principal provincial centres of business. They have commenced their summer sales this year much earlier than usual, so as to get rid somewhat of their accumulated stocks of summer goods. Now, if only at the sea-side and along the Thames, in its upper reaches especially, where nearly every trader, be he hotel keeper, boat owner, refreshment or other contractor, &c. is bankrupt or wending rapidly his way towards Carey Street, could follow the example of our shopkeepers and sell out, it would not, perhaps, be the worst thing they could do.

But in most cases that is just what the sea-side and the Thames people cannot or will not do. Houseboats are now to be had for almost nothing, steamers, electric launches, sailing and rowing-boats "go begging" as the saying is. And Henley? ... Well, what can *that* have been this season?

### The International Pharmacy Reichs-Apotheke

Bismarck Platz 10, next the Main Railway Station. Phone 151.  
Physician's Prescriptions accurately dispensed by qualified chemists only.  
All foreign and native Patent-Medicines, Mineral- and aerated waters.  
Soaps, Toilet-articles &c. Special-laboratory for urin analysis.  
Free delivery to all parts of the town.

There are other unmistakable signs that we have already entered the period of "silliness" which in other years does not commence until after about the middle of August, with the giant gooseberry and the equally enormous sea serpent. Here is the *Daily Telegraph* already in the field with its "hardy annual": the topic of the day, beginning to yield its columns of letters to the Editor, six weeks or so before the usual starting time, and being complimented upon the fact by Sir Douglas Straight in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, as doughty a champion of "forwardness" in journalism as any of the "newspaper crew" among us.

I am inclined to agree with Sir Douglas that the journalistic *flair* of the *D. T.* has been of the happiest kind upon the present occasion, in start-

ing a discussion in its columns ament a topic which is fore- and uppermost in the public mind at the present time.

For, the question posed in the customary introductory letter to the Editor is—"What is the matter with our young men?" "Slackness"—"Emeritus" writes—"as a generic term for nervelessness, want of tone, absence of ardour, of keeness, of "go," has, I believe, been practically invented by our gilded youth—and they are the best examples of it themselves. What do they do with their time? They do not study harder than they used to do—that much can assuredly be taken for granted. They have not become more serious, more thoughtful, more sedentary in their occupations. They do not cultivate the simple life. It would be useless to find in them brilliant examples of the Nonconformist conscience, either at its best or its worst. They are supposed to be athletic, to have no other thoughts but for outdoor exercise or sport. If they are inclined to vaunt themselves on anything, it is on the fact that they love an existence in the open air, and can do most things with ease which involve the use of hands and legs. And the melancholy fact is that not even in their chosen pastimes are they beyond a fair second-class level. They are too slack to take pains. Most things are "a bore". Sceptical of things that move the world, sceptical of thought, sceptical of sentiment, sceptical of emotion, sceptical even of love, they end by being sceptical of themselves. They have not the energy to take pains in their own darling pursuits, in which, more and more every year, they are being beaten by "the foreigner."

"I frame this general indictment against our youth on the evidence of the last few weeks. Perhaps it was the melancholy privilege of some of your readers to go to Lord's and see the cricket match between Oxford and Cambridge. If so, what is the verdict at which they arrived? Did anyone ever see such sinewless, weak-kneed, emasculate cricket? Of course, the weather was execrable. But what of the young men, the pick of our Universities, dallying with the sport in which their famous predecessors put such a vast amount of pluck, skill, and determination? Oxford was quite a poor side, and Cambridge, although they eventually proved the winners, were very little better. They scraped, and hesitated, and made feeble pokes with the bat. They were palsied with nervousness or inability—it really does not matter which—and seemed only too thankful if they saved their duck's-egg and came out with a glorious score of 5!"

Then, after this dashing attack on the latest cricket at Lord's—which was anything but cricket—"Emeritus" goes on without mercy:

"What besides is the record of the last few gloomy weeks? At Henley, Belgium claims for the second year in succession the supreme prize. The sculling championship—though that, of course, is a professional matter—belongs to Australia. Australia again, in the person of the redoubtable Mr. Brookes, wins highest honours in lawn tennis. Mr. Jay Gould, an American, holds the amateur championship in tennis. France, and M. Massey, defeat all competitors at golf. In Rugby football New Zealand and South Africa show us the way. The South African cricketers easily dispose of some of the best of our county teams. In all forms of running America beats us with ease. Italians or Frenchmen are the victorious cyclists. Canada secures the Kolapore Cup for shooting. Mrs. Kieran, of Australia, is the most efficient swimmer. And none of our young women seem able to cope with Miss Sutton, of America, at Wimbledon. It is a humiliating record."

Nor is this *D. T.*: "Croaker" about the degeneracy of our gilded youth at the present time the only one. There are lamentations everywhere in the same spirit, and to the same effect. Far be it from me to underrate them, but it strikes me that there is a good deal of exaggeration in them, as well.

The broad fact about the whole matter is, as far as sports are concerned, that the Englishman could not expect to maintain his supposed "supremacy" over foreigners in this matter any more than in other matters. Those foreigners have lived and learned, and victories over them are now much more difficult to achieve than in former days. That is the chief lesson to be learned from successive defeats, at Henley and elsewhere.

#### BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.  
Chargé des Archives. *E. C. Trench, Esq.*

THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.  
British Consul: *H. Palmié, Esq.*

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p.  
American Consul General: *T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.*

LETTERS V  
PA

My dear—

You asked town I have need bother ever been has long been its charming the Arno of leries, its of tecturally a shops with Street or th this fair of Strasse which Broadway in the Nevski the famous windows of are more goods displa It is a favo frame enha this you w Prager—for ample and e always a glu you some i and their c haus Strasse once directe shop window it is full o and all tha heard in Be over this sa

The adjoin chitecturally Arcade, muc No shop in D does the estab known to yo Here in the ing the Pra tions in the else to deliq What need vards when confections. the mere n apparel, for those latest suitings, coll ing and up lightly turns establishment of Dorndorf pumps, the tennis shoes, here, first in Gloves? o shop, where reindeer skin Germany work and s Württemberg wonderful pu Cigarettes metropolis o heard of the More about

A lawsuit markable wa ling is now rendered the with it of a stances are young officer into an agr dealers to f tures, he fir and the dea value. After plied for th ground of fr under the v them a pros has ordered the works o preessionist se

# Hch. Wm. Bassenge & Co.

## Bank.

Prager Strasse 12.

Payments on all Letters of Credit.

Exchange of Circular-Notes,  
Cheques and foreign money at most favourable rates.

Postal Orders.

English and American newspapers.

Office hours 9-1, 3-6, Saturdays 9-3.

LETTERS WRITTEN BY A LONDON MERCHANT  
PASSING THROUGH DRESDEN.

Dresden, July 1907.

My dear—,  
You asked me to write you something about the town I have now reached in my travels. I hardly need bother to tell you what everyone who has ever been in Germany knows, viz. that Dresden has long been dubbed the "German Florence", from its charmingly picturesque situation on the Elbe, the Arno of Saxony, from its magnificent art galleries, its opera, its fine streets so pleasing architecturally and distinguished for their wonderful shops with contents that go far to rival Regent Street or the Palais Royal. Of all the Streets in this fair city none of course can rival Prager Strasse which, like Bond St., Collins St. in Melbourne, Broadway in New York, Unter den Linden in Berlin, the Nevski Prospect in St. Petersburg is one of the famous streets of the world. In the shop windows of none of the streets I have mentioned are more attractive or indeed more alluring goods displayed than here in the Prager Strasse. It is a favourite saying of yours that a beautiful frame enhances the value of the picture, and this you would at once admit was true of the Prager—for so we dub Prager Strasse—shops so ample and even noble are the windows. You were always a glutton for detail, so I will try and give you some idea of the chief shops in the Prager and their contents. We will start at the Waisenhaus Strasse end and your attention will be at once directed to a fine corner building, and the shop window will have a familiar look to you, for it is full of the latest things in Tennis costumes and all that appertains to sport. You will have heard in Berlin the name Esders, and here it is over this same shop.

The adjoining building is especially noticeable architecturally joined as it is with the Central Theatre Arcade, much in the style of the old Lowther Arcade. No shop in Dresden makes a more artistic display than does the establishment of Messrs. Hirsch, already well-known to you in Brussels, Cologne and Hamburg. Here in the three magnificent show windows facing the Prager, are displayed those artistic creations in the way of gowns, hats, mantles and all else to delight the fashionable ladies of Dresden. What need to visit Paris and her sun-lit boulevards when here is the *demier cri* in Parisian confections. Close by is an establishment where the mere male may array himself in gorgeous apparel, for at Messrs. Tuchler you can obtain those latest things in cinnamon and bronze green suitings, collars, ties, hosiery, all English, fascinating and up-to-date. From clothes one's fancy lightly turns to shoes, and here we have a branch establishment of the world renowned Breslau firm of Dorndorf. Street walking shoes to dancing pumps, the smartest of patent leather foot gear, tennis shoes, golf-boots, &c. &c., can all be obtained here, first in quality and reasonable in price.

Gloves? of course, here we are at Mr. Roeckl's shop, where are the very latest things in suede, reindeer skin, kid, &c.

Germany has long been preeminent for metal work and so we must not omit to glance at the Württemberg Metal Industry and admire the wonderful purity of line of the copper work.

Cigarettes did you say? Why, Dresden is the metropolis of the cigarette. Haven't you ever heard of the Jasmazi brand? Of course you have. More about it in my next.

Your old friend  
J. Jones.

### ART AND BUSINESS.

A lawsuit in which art-collecting is in a remarkable way mixed up with accusations of swindling is now before the Paris courts. The case is rendered the more sensational from the association with it of a name famous in history. The circumstances are that Prince Berthier de Wagram, a young officer of Chasseurs, some time since entered into an agreement with two well known picture-dealers to found a great business in modern pictures, he finding £160,000 in several instalments and the dealers each furnishing pictures of equal value. After paying out £60,000 the prince applied for the cancelling of the contract, on the ground of fraud, the pictures of his partners being under the value declared. He has begun against them a prosecution for swindling, and the Court has ordered a seizure of accounts to ascertain what the works originally cost. They are of the impressionist school.

**Mühlberg**



**Tennis, Golf, Hockey**

Depot of Messrs:  
Slazenger & Sons, F. H. Ayres, F. A. Davis, Mass & Co.  
Prosser & Sons, William Thomlinson, William Sykes,  
Jaques & Son, and German makes.

Special Sport-House  
By appointment to the Court.  
**Herm. Mühlberg,** Wall, Weber, Scheffel Streets.

**Mühlberg**

**Dresden Art-Salon** Prager Strasse 22 pt.  
I. & II.—Entrance free.

**Baumcher & Co. Rubber Tubs!**  
See Strasse 10.

**OPERA BAGS** Cairo-House  
Prager Strasse 10 & 12.

**Jams, Preserves,** in pots and 10-lb. tins  
Arno May, Lübau, Saxony.

**Pension Donath** Lüttichau Str. 13,  
I. and II.  
5 min. from station.—Entirely renovated.

## SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German,  
French and Latin.

A small number of resident pupils taken. German and  
French resident governesses.

Private instruction if desired.

Miss Virgin, Schnorr Strasse 80 (Villa).

**Ernst Müller**

Dresden, Scheffel Strasse 29, parterre, I. and II. Etage.

Glass, Porcelain, Majolica,  
Stoneware, Faience.

**Toilet articles.** Paul Finster, Struve Strasse,  
corner Christian Strasse.

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

CLOSED.

## ROYAL THEATRE.

NEUSTADT.

CLOSED.

## RESIDENZ THEATRE.

Gastspiel der Schauspielgesellschaft  
des Directors Linsemann:

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

**Maria Magdalene.**

Trauerspiel in 3 Acten von Friedrich Hebbel.

Cast:

Meister Anton, ein Tischler . . . . .	Walther Blenke.
Seine Frau . . . . .	Rosa Laasner.
Clara, seine Tochter . . . . .	Nina Sandow.
Karl, sein Sohn . . . . .	Paul Barleben.
Leonhard . . . . .	Max Thomas.
Ein Sekretär . . . . .	Walther Tautz.
Wolfraum, ein Kaufmann . . . . .	Georg Mendel.
Adam, ein Gerichtsdiener . . . . .	Ernst Legal.
Ein zweiter Gerichtsdiener . . . . .	Robert Babinsky.
Eine Magd . . . . .	Gertrud Guder.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p.m.

Lady Windermeere's Fächer.

## LOCAL.

Among the paintings exhibited in the Dresden Art Salon, Prager Strasse 22, is a splendid portrait of a lady by Ed. Löbl.

The following artists are also represented by important works: Trübner of Karlsruhe, Gari Melchers of Paris, Raupp, G. v. Hax, Grütznor, Schmützer, Franke, Roubaud, Gaiser of Munich, Salines of Rome, Keller-Reutlingen, &c.

This evening at the Central Theatre "Verwehte Spuren" a comedy in 3 acts by Victorien Sardou, arranged for the German stage by Oscar Blumenthal, will be performed for the first time. The play will be repeated nightly for the present, while on Sunday at 4 p. m. "Husarenfieber" Kadelburg's and Skowronnek's amusing comedy will be repeated for the 48th time at reduced prices.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the Schützen Regiment No. 108. The band plays about 12.30 p. m. at the Schloss Platz.

In the *Fundamt* of the *Königliche Polizei direktion*, Schiess Gasse 7, found articles—such as jewellery, gold or notes, purses, umbrellas, sticks, coats, clothing, bunches of keys &c.—which have been lost in the streets or squares or left in droschkes, and been given up, are kept.

The public are hereby informed of the arrangements of the *Fundamt*, and in particular that it is advisable to enquire for lost articles frequently within twelve months after the loss.

Finders of articles are reminded that they are compelled by law to give immediate notice of the finding of any article of the value of from three marks upwards, at the *Fundamt* or at the office of the Police district in which the finder resides.

It is urgently recommended that the loser of an article should make enquiry at the *Fundamt* personally, and not by a deputy who is insufficiently and perhaps not at all acquainted with the lost property.

Special lost property offices are established:

for the tram-lines at Georg Platz 5;

for the omnibuses at Werder Strasse 35 and at the Hauptbahnhof.

### NEWS FROM GERMAN SPAS.

From Kissingen, the world-renowned Spa and favourite resort of Prince Bismarck, we hear that the ever increasing number of visitors shows how Kissingen's fame is spreading; no less than 12,820 persons in 9,468 parties having been there this year.

Neuenahr, rapidly becoming so fashionable among Rhenish watering places, has never been so full as this year. Godesburg too, in the Siebengebirge, not far from Bonn the fair home of the Borussia students, has been particularly full this summer. Balloon ascents, a summer theatre and the customary concerts serve to amuse the visitors, 4,000 of whom had been registered up to July 4th.

Bad Ems, so favoured by the old Emperor William, we will mention in the near future.

The "Spa of Spas" in the lovely valley of the Oos, Baden-Baden, whose luxury has become proverbial, whose international life not only in the race-week is a household word, is rejoicing in an unprecedented number of English and American visitors.

At the "Englischer Hof" are: Mr. G. H. H. James, London, Mr. B. S. James, London, Mr. and Mrs. Th. Holschneider, and family, Mexico, Mrs. Henrietta Fallert, New York, Mr. Joseph Fallert, New York, Mrs. R. Hochstadter, New York, Mrs. A. Steinam, New York, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Salomon, New York, Mr. and Mrs. Gust. Bunzl, New York, Miss Madeleine Bunzl, New York, Master Walter Bunzl, New York, Mr. Ernest Hecht, Chicago, Miss Hecht, Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur E. Hill, Chicago, Mr. T. E. Browne, Valparaiso, Mr. J. Sulzberger, New York, Mr. and Mrs. Leo Wahr, Annasbor, U. S. A., Mrs. H. Wahr, Annasbor, U. S. A., Miss Luella Schmidt, Annasbor, U. S. A., Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Robertson, London, Mr. Edward M. Bannerman, England.

Our Royal Saxon Bad Elster, which still keeps its reputation among gouty and rheumatic patients, is much frequented this year by English and Americans; over 5,646 visitors are there at present, many of them English and Americans e. g.: Henry Körber, St. Louis, Hotel Reichsverweser. Mrs. Mary Fulsberg, New York, Albrechtshof. M. I. O. Einsteimdo and family, Villa Heygendorf. Mrs. Betz, Mrs. Dr. Wood, New York, Villa König Friedrich August. Miss M. Wood, Hull, Villa Klopfer. Polizeipräsident

Vincent mit Frau, Bombay, Albrechtshof. Geh. Legationssekretär Daehne und Frau, Villa Sieglinde. Miss Julie Mann, New York, Villa König Johann. W. J. Hochs and wife, New York, Villa Wahnfried. Karl S. Stern, Milwaukee, Hotel de Saxe. I. C. Schröder, Porto Alegre, Villa Carola. Mrs. N. Nandel, New York, Königliches Kurhaus. Miss M. Lepps, New York, Königliches Kurhaus.

Bad Wildungen has for years been recognised as an important Spa for kidney diseases; numerous distinguished physicians practise there and every care is taken to entertain the visitors, of whom 4,000 are now in residence.

Reichenhall, the favourite Spa in the Bavarian highlands, has been visited by 5,211 persons this year, as against 5,088 on the same day last year.

The idyllically situated Salzbrunn in Silesia, the home of the poet Gerhart Hauptmann, has up to the present welcomed 9,048 visitors this year. We would call the attention of those of our visitors who think of visiting Salzbrunn to the wildly romantic scenery of the Fürstenheimer Grund.

Picturously situated in the incomparably beautiful Rheingau, the pride of every German, lies Langenschwalbach, the favourite resort of many a German Prince. The Spa is specially recommended for consumption, diseases of the heart, and female disorders. Besides drinking the waters at the Weinbrunnen and Stahlbrunnen, visitors may take the natural carbonic acid baths in the new and comfortably fitted out Moorbäder institution.

SCIENCE.

An English critic takes the scientists to task for their abuse of long words. Their Latin and Greek jargon has driven out plain English, so that even popular science is scarcely understood of the people. Looking up the word "Idiodactylae" in the *Standard Dictionary*, to his immediate enlightenment, he found that it meant "a phalanx of coliomorphic oscine birds." Even the most widely read writers on science are sinners in this respect. Mr. Romanes, in speaking of plant life, says: "All the multicellular organisms propagate themselves not exclusively by fission or gemmation, but by sexual fertilization." Which translated into common English means that the higher plants multiply not only by division and buds, but by seed. A little further on, Mr. Romanes speaks of the "undifferentiated-plasm of the first ontogenetic stage." Such words are simply staggering.

Time was when the child could express his idea of the world's make-up thus simply:

"Little drops of water,  
Little grains of sand,  
Make the mighty ocean,  
And the pleasant land."

Nowadays, to meet the full requirements of polysyllabic science, he must paraphrase it thus:

Infinitesimal particles of saline humective fluidity,  
Minute corpuscles of non-adhering, inorganic matter,  
Conjointly cause to exist the unmeasurable expanse of aqueous sections,  
And the resplendent superficial area of dry solidity.

WILL OF PRINCESS CLEMENTINE.

The Princess Clementine, described as one of the three cleverest women in Europe, who left estate in England valued at £98,580, made a will, which opens—

"I ask all those who have loved me to pray for the repose of my soul. I ask pardon of all those whom I have offended. I thank my well-beloved children, my brothers, and my friends for the affection which they have shown me during my life time. I ask my children to remain united among themselves in memory of their mother who has loved them so much, and who blesses them with all her soul. May God protect them! I desire to be buried without any autopsy being made, in the Catholic church of Coburg, by the side of him whom I tenderly loved, and to whom I hope to be reunited in Heaven."

HIDDEN GOLD.

Workmen carrying out repairs in an empty house at Bedminster, Bristol, found a heap of silver and gold coins hidden beneath a boarding in the front room. They seized handfuls of money apiece and hurried out of the building to tell their good fortune to their companions. The news quickly spread, and some children rushed into the house and rummaged about, gleaming a small amount of cash that had been overlooked. It is believed the hoard totalled upwards of £100. The tenants of the place had been John Bryant, milkman, and his wife. The man died three months ago, and the widow remained in the house until lately. She said she knew nothing about any hidden treasure.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN up to the 11th of July 1907.

- Mr. and Mrs. A. Kayser, Oakland, H. Stadt Berlin.
- Mr. and Mrs. J. Martens, Oakland, H. Stadt Berlin.
- Mr. L. Whitehead, London, H. Stadt Gotha.
- Mr. S. C. Shortlidge, London, H. Hohenzollernhof.
- Mr. H. Heiderbach, Chicago, Jahr's Hotel.
- Mr. G. Bohnstengel, Dodge City, H. Ritterhof.
- Mr. W. Kruger, Cincinnati, H. Stadt Rom.
- Mr. and Mrs. W. Rohlfis, San Francisco, P. Kinze.

ROYAL BELVEDERE Grand Concert Daily

by the Royal Belvedere Orchestra, under the direction of Herr Kapellmeister Willy Olsen.



The Concerts begin on Week Days at 7.30 p. m. on Sundays and holidays at 5 p. m.

Admission, at the door, 1 mark, or 50 pf. if the ticket is bought beforehand at any of the cigar-shops of the firm WOLF Prager Str. See Str. Post Platz. At the Bureau of the Royal Belvedere 10 tickets may be had for 3 marks, up to 6 p. m. Admission to the Side Terrace and Pavilion free.

C. A. Klemm, Augustus Strasse. Music Library, largest stock of Pianos for hire. Steinway pianos.

SENDIG-DRESDEN,	HOTEL Europaischer Hof
SENDIG-NURNBERG,	HOTEL Wurttemberger Hof
SENDIG-SCHANDAU, (SAXON SWITZERLAND.)	SENDIG'S Hotel Quisisana &c.

BERLIN. Unter den Linden, 17-18. BERLIN.

Hotel Westminster QUIET. FIRST CLASS HOTEL. SELECT. Rooms from 3,50 marks upward. Lift. Favourable Terms for Board. Electric Light.

Grand Hotel de Rome BERLIN. Unter den Linden 39 opposite the Royal Palace. Baths — Splendid Restaurant and Drawing Rooms. — Lift. Mostly frequented by English and American Families.

Franzensbad. Kopp's Hotel Königsvilla. Salzquellenstrasse near the Morgenzeilpark. Modern, distinguished, first class Hotel managed by the Proprietor Mr. Kopp. By appointment to H. I. H. the Archduke Franz Ferdinand.

Hotel Kroh Karlsbad I. Cl. House.

Marienbad. Bohemia. Season from the 1st of May to the 30th of September. 30,000 Visitors, 90,000 Tourists. Prospectus gratis from the Bürgermeisteramt.

Marienbad. Park Hotel Waldmühle. First class, splendid position in the midst of its own park. World-famed Restaurant. Motor Garage. Own Automobile. Heinrich Krause, Proprietor.

Marienbad, Hotel Weimar Temporary Residence of H. M. King Edward VII.

Prague, Hotel Victoria, family Hotel. Moderate Prices.

Nuremberg. Private Hotel and Pension Trefzer. First class family Pension situated in the best and most central part of the town, close to the station. Large, airy rooms. Good cuisine. All home comforts. Electric light. Baths. Pension by the week or day. Moderate prices. Marie Trefzer, Proprietress.

J. J. Rupprecht sel. Sohn Königstrasse 76. — NUREMBERG — Established 1727. Purveyor to the Bavarian Court. Importer of Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco. Directly imported Havana Cigars. German manufactured Cigars. English, American, French and Turkish Tobacco and Cigarettes. American chewing tobacco. Agent of the Red Star Line.

PRAGUE. Hotel Archduke Stephan. Wenzelsplatz. First Class. The only new house in the town, with every comfort possible at low charges. Mostly frequented by English and Americans. 130 Rooms and Salons (fireproof). Fitted up with Electricity, Lifts, Steam Heating, Telephone &c. Grand Café a speciality. Centre of the town. Close to the Royal Museum. 6 minutes to the Station. English spoken. Cook's Coupons accepted. W. Hauner, Prop.

TEPLITZ. Hotel Altes Rathaus. In the best position. Highly recom. to English & Americans. Mod. Prices. English spoken. Auto Garage. Franz Dittrich, Prop.

WORCESTER HOUSE SCHOOL preparatory for Schools and Universities. Thorough English education. Instruction in English or German. Boarders received. Private instruction if desired.

H. VIRGIN, M. A. Oxford. Gutzkow Strasse 19.

MINIATURES. Portraits on Ivory from life or photograph. H. M. Mist. Studio Helmholtz Strasse 2. I.

Pension Kosmos Streblener Strasse 10, I, close to Hauptbahnhof. Comfortable home, excellent board 4 marks a day. — English cooking.

Kodaks! Wunsche-Lang corner Moritz & Ring Str.

Prismatic binoculars. Gebr. Roettig, Prager Strasse 5. By appointment to His Majesty.

Jewelry. Georg Pleissner, Rosmarin Gasse 2, corner Schloss Str.

LIQUEUR LODIN Lode Brothers Grunaer Strasse 22.

Toast Bread Carl Roeder, By appointment to the Saxon Court. Galerie Strasse 2.

"Picardie" restaurant in the Grosser Garten. Favourite resort of Foreigners.

Jungborn Ferdinand Strasse 18 pt. Vegetarian House. Best vegetarian diet on the principles of Dr. Lahmann.

Horlick's Malted Milk for infants, invalids, the aged and travellers. Depots at Dresden: The International Pharmacy Reichs-Apotheke, Gebr. Schumann and George Baumann, and every other pharmacy. Sample and prospectus sent free on application by Horlick's Malt-Milch Co., G. m. b. H., Halle a. S.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Bodö, July 11. The German Emperor has arrived here. The weather is mostly dull. All well on board.

Paris, July 11. It is reported from Narbonne that all the communal administrations of the sub-Prefecture have withdrawn their resignations.

At the port of Gravelines, in consequence of a partial strike among the dock labourers, the employers decided on a lock-out. When they wished to send the ships to Calais to be unloaded there, the strikers opposed them and blocked the harbour in spite of the efforts of the gendarmes. Reinforcements have been sent from Dunkirk.

Paris, July 11. The *Echo de Paris* states that the French Ambassador to the United States, M. Jusserand, has arrived here, and handed to M. Pichon, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, the American proposals for a treaty of commerce.

Tangier, July 10. Raisuli's followers some time ago plundered a caravansary on the road to Elksar. Four hundred soldiers who were sent to the place plundered the tribe that had supported Raisuli's people, killing four and wounding fourteen of the tribe. The soldiers lost one killed.

Tangier, July 10. Reports from Kaid Maclean state that the Elkmes tribe will treat with the Sultan for pardon for themselves and Raisuli.

Marina, Government of Tomsk, July 11. Prince Borghese arrived here at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon with two companions from Peking, and started again at 4 o'clock this morning.

St. Petersburg, July 11. The *P. T. A.* states that the reports published in foreign and Russian papers of political arrests in the military camp at Krasnoje Selo, are entirely unfounded.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH. Wiener Strasse.

Friday, June 12th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany. Sunday, July 14th. VII. Sunday after Trinity. 8.0 and 10.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Litany.

Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L. Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN. Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse. Sunday, July 14th. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m. The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winckelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister. Bernhard Strasse 2, I.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute. Light airs, mostly dry but rather dull, cool.

It is a London Union. 2 paign an All the I be repre largest as to moder legate wh years. Th of the Ni London v escaped stances, i main offi to be ope scribed b

The G spondent ministrati respecting been repu repudiate of their r having m subject. I made sho Administr scare just for a litt ledged pu be comfor If that thought, l Few peop ful in th tended to manent p in its obj to the nev party in J life by t American have been One of controver Hague, by in the op Hague Co Japanese boycott of cott again would hit the blow jaw. Am well are c tions in once it sh The W Roosevelt that there the Pacif against J that the I making o tion, and that he sh At a l Japanese S made a s relations b not be dis It is re article on fleet the c as to the but adds importance sident Ro regard to