

# The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

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10 PFENNIGS.

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## THE KAISER'S VISIT TO ENGLAND.

The *Kölnische Zeitung* learns that the War Minister, General von Einem, will accompany H. M. the Emperor on his forthcoming visit to England. The War Minister will thus comply with wishes expressed in England originating in the personal relations existing since last year's German manoeuvres between him and the English Secretary of State for War, the Rt. Hon. J. B. Haldane.

## THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

The Deceased Wife's Sister Bill has passed its second reading, as has the Patents Bill.

## THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Sir Charles Dilke, Liberal, Member for the Forest of Dean, desired information as to the steps to be taken by the Cape Government in pursuit of the negotiations with the German Government relating to the frontiers of Damaraland and Bechuanaland.

Mr. Winston Churchill replied that no negotiations had been carried on with Germany respecting the Bechuanaland frontier. Certain questions had cropped up relating to the carrying of the Anglo-German agreement of 1890, as far as it extended to the Orange river. The English Government had made certain proposals with a view to the settlement of these questions; the proposals were under consideration by the German Government. In the mean time the Cape Government would take no steps in the matter.

## GERMAN CADETS IN QUEENSTOWN.

The German Vice-Consul at Queenstown gave a banquet on Tuesday on the occasion of the visit of the German training ship "Stein". German and English officers attended the banquet as did the leading citizens and the Lord Mayor of Cork. The Vice-Consul proposed the toasts of T. M. King Edward and the Emperor William, which were drunk with great enthusiasm. The Lord Mayor of Cork proposed the health of the commander of the "Stein", Captain Meurer. The latter replied by toasting the English navy, expressing his gratitude for the hospitable reception according to German ships in all British harbours and alluding in cordial terms to the approaching visit to England of H. M. the Emperor.

## THE WAR-POET AND THE PEACE-PRIZE.

Paris journals are protesting against the rumoured award of the Nobel peace-prize to Rudyard Kipling. It is pointed out that it is an irony to bestow upon a poet who glorifies war the money of Nobel, the friend of peace.

## THE MORENGA INCIDENT.

In the Cape Parliament the Prime Minister, Dr. Jameson, in reply to a question by Mr. Merriman, made the following statement: "When Morenga gave himself up he was disarmed and interned on the peninsula. But when the hostilities in S. W. Africa ceased the Cape Government could no longer keep him under surveillance. Germany demanded his extradition, but the Cape Government did not feel justified in yielding to this demand. Morenga had claimed to be set at liberty; he said that he desired to settle in Cape Colony and the Cape Government informed the German Consul General of this. The latter offered to grant Morenga leave to return to South West Africa, but Morenga declined his offer. It was then agreed, in the presence of the German Consul General, that Morenga should remain in Cape Colony so long as he behaved himself. He was not, however, permitted to cross the frontier without an official pass. For private reasons Morenga wished to settle in Upington. The Government agreed, and gave instructions to the authorities as well as to the police to keep Morenga under surveillance. Later it was discovered that

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he had gone to Kenhardt and thence to the frontier. The police pursued him and would have captured him had not the difficulties of the road existed."

The Prime Minister informed the House that the Cape Government and the German authorities were working in complete harmony. The Cape Government had assured the German Imperial Government that they would do their utmost to help the Germans. In a telegram just received from the Governor of S. W. Africa gratitude was expressed to the Cape Government for the measures taken. In conclusion Dr. Jameson said "We extremely regret this unfortunate incident; we have done our utmost to aid our neighbours and shall continue to do so."

## NEWS FROM AMERICA.

### THE PRESIDENT AT PROVINCETOWN.

At the laying of the foundation stone of a memorial in memory of the landing 300 years ago of the English Pilgrim Fathers, at Provincetown, Massachusetts, on Tuesday, President Roosevelt made a speech in which he said that the desire was ever growing in the United States that no one should amass a great fortune by means of special privileges or illegal actions. He was in favour of a national corporations law for bodies engaged in commerce between the individual States; with respect to the regulation of the business methods of the railway Companies considerable progress could be pointed out, but it was no time to call a halt. The Government must inspect and supervise the railway Companies in the same way as the National Banks. In his view it would in the end come to the Government passing laws allowing business combinations for definite objects, formed in full publicity and approved of by Government and Congress. The Government's aim was to find some workable method by which the condemnation of the Trust leaders in case of legal proceedings might be assured.

In conclusion the President said that there was at the present time a feeling of unrest all over the world, which was noticeable in all stock exchanges especially in the New York exchange. He believed that the causes of this unrest were not confined to the United States and were not dependent on any one action of the Government. Possibly the determination of the Government to punish certain wealthy wrong-doers was partly responsible. But it could not be demanded that criminals, be they rich or poor, should not be prosecuted. The Government would, however, take no steps whereby the



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innocent shareholders and the public at large would quite undeservedly, if only to an unimportant extent, have to share the punishment of the wrong-doers.

## MR. TAFT AND THE TRUSTS.

Mr. Taft has signalled his departure Westward by publicly admitting that he is a candidate for the nomination of the Republican party for the Presidency of the United States, in succession to Mr. Roosevelt. Any doubts, therefore, as to the reality of Mr. Roosevelt's decision not to accept nomination are now considered to be finally set at rest, and this, of course, gives added importance to Mr. Taft's sayings and doings. In this connection it is known by those behind the political scenes that Mr. Taft's attaches much more importance than Mr. Roosevelt has appeared to do to the support of the Administration by the great financial houses and business corporations, and he will certainly take an early opportunity of publicly indicating his position on this subject.

In particular, it is expected that he will make it his business, before he embarks for Manila, to repudiate recent remarks of Mr. Bonaparte, the United States Attorney-General, which have been taken to indicate that the present Administration is in favour of appointing Federal Receivers over the properties of corporations like the Standard Oil, which have been found guilty of infractions of the Inter-State Commerce Law. This is thought to open up such a prospect of Government ownership of "public utilities" and of State Socialism generally, that sober middle-class men, who are the backbone of the Republican party, are evidently beginning to take alarm, and it is very necessary, from a party point of view, that they should be authoritatively reassured as to the intentions and general policy of the possible successor of Mr. Roosevelt at the White House.

## ARMENIAN CRIMINALS.

The Chicago police have raided an Armenian bomb factory. These Armenians have for a long time been guilty of countless deeds of violence, especially in New York and Chicago. Twenty dangerous murderers and blackmailers were arrested. The ringleader, who was also arrested, admits that the band had conceived the plan of assassinating the Sultan of Turkey.

## THE ANTI-TRUST AGITATION.

The New York Utilities Commission has drawn up stringent regulations against over-capitalisation and the amalgamation of public undertakings.

## NATIONALISATION OF TELEGRAPHS.

The Federal President of the Telegraphists Company has directed a petition to the American and Canadian Governments praying for the acquisition by the State of the telegraph systems.

## THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

The Directors of the Standard Oil Company have circulated a pamphlet among their customers and shareholders, with reference to the fine of 29 millions of dollars that has been imposed upon them. The Directors declare in the pamphlet that the Company has not been guilty of any dishonest trading, and they complain of the subtle manner in which the authorities persistently attack them.

## THE ATTEMPT ON THE LIFE OF THE CZAR.

The trial of 18 persons, charged with having made preparations for an attempt on the life of the Czar, the Grand Duke Nicholas, and the Premier M. Stolypin, began at St. Petersburg on Tuesday before a Court Martial presided over by General Muchin. The proceedings of the Court are not open to the public. The accused, among whom are 7 women, are all under 35 years of age. The reading of the charge occupied about an hour. The accused are divided into three groups, in accordance with the degrees of their alleged guilt; chief among them are Nikitenko, Naumoff, Parkin,



Prokofieva, and Anna Pighit. Most of the prisoners deny their guilt, only a few admitting it. For the taking of evidence four witnesses had been heard up to 9.30 p. m.

#### ITALIAN GAOL-BREAKERS.

Prisoners confined in the Salerno gaol managed to blow down a wall with dynamite and escape into the open air. The Carabinieri, who were quickly summoned, were obliged, revolver in hand, to storm the barricades erected by the gaol-breakers. It was only with the greatest difficulty that they got the upper hand, arrested the mutineers and restored order.

#### THE MOROCCAN CRISIS.

A telegram from Admiral Philibert has reached Paris that the situation in Larrash and Rabat is satisfactory and in Mazagan remains the same. Quiet also prevails in Mogador and Saffi. A violent attack on the Casablanca camp has again been made, but a very effective fire from the "Gloire" aided the infantry in driving back the Moroccan cavalry.

Some 500 men of the Shereefian "elite" troops have arrived at Tangier and may possibly proceed to Mazagan to maintain order.

The French consular authority in Fez, fearing an outbreak of fanaticism among the natives against the French, has made arrangements for the exodus of the French Colony; the French military mission will not, however, leave Fez. The European Colony is extremely anxious. The Maghzen will, if necessary, provide an armed escort for the departing French and other Europeans.

The French Chargé d'affaires in Tangier has received a letter dated August 11, from the Minister of the Exterior, Ben Sliman, who again expresses the Maghzen's regret at the massacres in Casablanca. He declares that the Moroccan population do not yet understand the cause of the presence of French troops in Casablanca; he expresses the hope that the friendly relations between the Maghzen and France will suffer no interruption.

A *Reuter's* telegram has reached London from Casablanca that, according to the estimate of local Jews, the Arabs lost 2,080 killed on Sunday; this estimate, however, is believed to be too high.

*Reuter* also announces from Tangier that the German s. s. "Oldenburg" has arrived bringing some fugitives. These report that last Thursday Saffi was threatened with an attack by Ma-el-Ainin; the Caid, however, rode out and prevailed upon Ma-el-Ainin to continue his march. The population of Saffi are much disturbed; many Europeans, however, remain there, as they have large stores of grain. Mogador is quiet although the exodus continues; order also prevails in Rabat.

The Spanish Foreign Minister declares that England, France, Germany and Spain have authorised their consuls in Fez to leave the capital with their fellowcountrymen, if they are in danger. It is possible that France and Spain will send a Note to the Sultan. At the present they are only preparing a Note dealing with the police. The French and Spanish envoys in Tangier have handed a Note to Sid Mohammed, which will also be communicated to the signatories of the Algeiras decrees.

The *Kölnische Zeitung* learns from Tangier that messengers from Marakesh have reached Mazagan; they confirm the report that the brother of the Sultan, Mulei Hafid, Governor of Marakesh, has had himself proclaimed Sultan. Mazagan is quiet. From all parts of Morocco the Sultan is being petitioned to send an expedition against Casablanca and Ujda.

Of the reports from Morocco published in the Paris journals of yesterday, one from Casablanca stated that Mulei Hafid was on the march to the town with 6,000 men and artillery. The *Matin* reported that at noon on the 19th instant a new attack on the left wing of the French position at Casablanca appeared to be in preparation. The third Mahalla coming from the country round Rabat had taken up a position confronting the French. The *Petit Parisien* writes that the French at Casablanca did not succeed in driving back the Moor cavalry on the 19th instant, and that their position was critical. The *Figaro's* correspondent at Casablanca reported on the 19th that several Spanish officers, discontented at the inactivity of the Spanish troops, had requested General Drude to employ them.

According to a report from Tangier published in London yesterday, the Maghzen had requested the Consuls and all Europeans in Fez to leave the capital, as the Viziers feared disturbances. Two Sheriffs from Wazan would accompany the Europeans to the coast.

The *Agence Havas*, telegraphing from Tangier yesterday, said that on Friday last a soldier called out, during midday prayer in the Grand Mosque in the Dehedid quarter of the town: "God grant victory to our master Mulei Mohammed!" (Mulei Mohammed is a brother of the Sultan Abdul Aziz.) As the proclamation of a new Sultan in the lifetime of the reigning one is the signal for a revolution, the worshippers in the Mosque fled. The shops were shut and a panic ensued. The Jews barricaded themselves in their quarter. The soldier was arrested and punished with the lash.

### CURRENT TOPICS IN AMERICA.

(By letter dated August 7th, from our New York correspondent.)

#### THE NIGHT COURT IN NEW YORK.

For some days past New York has been rejoicing in a police court which keeps open all night. The police court is the court of the small man. It has to deal with all and several. It is the tribunal before which any one that is arrested in first brought. Minor offences can be dealt with by the police magistrate. Persons arrested on a charge of crime must be returned for trial by him either to the special Assize Court or to the Grand Jury; should the latter sustain the charge, the arrested person is tried before the General Assize Court. Disputes between neighbours and all kinds of minor matters are dealt with in the police court, and for many people it is a kind of "maid of all work". By the institution of a night court a long-felt want has been supplied. Persons arrested after the working hours of the day court will no longer be required, as hitherto, to wait in a dark cell in a police-station, until they are brought before the magistrate on the following morning. Immediately on their arrest they will be brought before the "beak" who, if he deems them innocent, will order their immediate release. During the first night 250 cases were brought before the police court—and that too, within 6 hours.

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This makes a minute and a half, on an average, for each case, and in that time complainants, defendants and witnesses must be heard! As at present New York has only one night court, drunkards, pickpockets, prostitutes, vagabonds &c. must all be brought in a police van to the night court in Jefferson market, often miles away. The police, too, must bring their own prisoners before the magistrate. From one police district no less than 13 constables attended with prisoners. This meant that the district in question was deprived of a large number of police, which just now, in face of the serious wave of crime, is hardly reassuring. There is also the fear that night courts in winter will serve certain policemen as warm quarters! There are, therefore, certain disadvantages to the night court. The court, however, has at least this advantage, that it does away with the system of professional sureties, which has been proved a veritable cancer. These sureties lived on the ill-gotten gains of prostitutes and gamblers and often themselves gave information leading to the arrest of such persons, in order to blackmail them for their bail-money. It has been frequently asserted that the police have been hand and glove with these professional sureties—every arrested person if not charged with crime can be released on bail if someone will go surety for him. Scenes such as have occurred in the police courts for years, when poor prostitutes have gone on their knees to professional sureties beseeching them to pay the money for the bail, until they fetch the required sum, will by the institution of the night courts be a thing of the past.

**G. WIRSING, American Dentist.** Graduate of the Milwaukee Medical College (Dental Department). Altona Strasse 10 B, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 8037.

#### JAPANESE IMMIGRATION.

The events in Corea even more than the peaceable assertions of Japanese and American statesmen have taken the sting out of the Japanese situation. As a matter of fact, owing to the development of events in Corea Japan has her hands so full that she has quite forgotten the Japanese situation in America—to the great regret of certain American journals that were devoting themselves to a most truculent brandishing of sabres. But now that the storm has passed the Conservative journals are expressing all kinds of views as to reasons for the excitement generated both here and in Japan. Even that question, which counted as the most ticklish, viz. the question of Japanese immigration, appears from statistics now issued to be so unimportant that it is difficult for any one to believe that either sooner or later it could occasion serious complications with Japan. The idea that America is being so inundated with Japanese as it was at one time with Chinese appears in a remarkable light in view of the immigration statistics, according to which in the year 1900 only 25,536 Japanese were settled on the American continent. In that year 56,234 Japanese settled in Hawaii. From 1892 to 1900, 88,905 Japanese came to the United States, including Hawaii. In the same period more than 1,250,900 immigrants came from Russia and a million and a half from Italy. The idea that in California alone there were 6,500 Japanese appears to have far overshot the mark.

The figures indeed go to prove once more that the Japanese situation is only the bungling work of a small coterie, to whom a war with Japan would be very acceptable.

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#### JUDGE LYNCH IN NEW YORK.

In consequence of the many horrible crimes in New York a feeling of bitterness is making itself apparent, which has already in many cases led to acts of violence. "Judge Lynch" has made his appearance in the city and the police may in future have all their work cut out to protect persons caught in *flagrante delicto* from the violence of the mob. The circumstance that in many cases the police have failed to detect the perpetrators of various revolting crimes is largely to blame for the fact that the mob have been incited to deeds of violence. In various cases furious crowds have taken the law into their own hands and in one case they attacked an innocent person. The slightest cause is sufficient to induce violence on the part of the mob, so great is the excitement and bitter feeling at the host of crimes. Recently, some thousand Italians were returning from a steamer excursion. An Italian woman waiting for her husband saw him stepping from the steamer in the company of another woman. Beside herself with rage she shouted "lynch him". A huge crowd rapidly assembled and in the belief that another outrage had been perpetrated on a child set itself in motion to apprehend the miscreant. A young Italian was among the foremost of those pursuing the supposed miscreant. In their excitement the mob mistook this young man for the flying criminal and stormed round him with the cry "lynch him". From all sides blows rained upon him, his skull was smashed and his jaw broken; countless wounds were on his body when the police freed him from the furious mob. He hardly, indeed, escaped with his life.

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Another victim of the mob was a Swede by name Georg Kestner. He had made an attack on two little girls. He was once seized by the mob. Covered over and over with wounds and absolutely naked—the mob had torn his clothes off him—he was on the point of being hanged to a lamp post, when the police came to his assistance. It was only after a hard struggle that they were able to push back the mob. In the opinion of the police Kestner is not intellectually normal.

A very lamentable case, in which once more the mob set to work in blind fury, but in which the flood of crime played no rôle, took place in one of New York's most crowded streets. A little boy was run over and killed by an automobile in which strangers were being driven through the most interesting parts of the city. The child with others had hung on to the automobile and in his attempt to jump down was drawn under the wheels. From all directions a raging mob rushed up who pressed round the chauffeur and threatened to lynch him for the disaster. At the same time the crowd threw stones and bottles at the chauffeur and inmates of the car, who had no idea what had happened. In their fright they sprang from the car, only to be attacked afresh by the mob, who then tried to set the automobile on fire. The chauffeur was terribly exhausted when the police arrested him on a charge of causing the child's death.

The flood of crime is not confined to New York. From all parts of the country come reports of a shocking increase of crime.

#### AMERICAN DIAMONDS.

If the signs are correct Americans will, in future, derive their supply of diamonds from American soil. In Pike County, in Arkansas State, a diamond field has been discovered, the first real American diamond field. Isolated finds of diamonds have been made in various parts of America as for instance in the moraine deposits in Indiana, Wisconsin and Michigan issuing from the Canadian glaciers. But in the present case it is a question of a diamond field, 600 acres in area. The systematic development of this field which is the property of several capitalists in the vicinity is to be commenced at once.

#### COWARD CONSTABLES.

For the first time in 36 years the charge of cowardice has been brought against members of the New York police force. Two constables were accused of having prevented by their cowardice

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Hans Se Velt Pog Kunz V farrier Konrad tinkers Sixtus E town o Fritz Ko Balthasar terer, Ulrich E balist, Augusti Herman boiler, Hans Se ing w Hans P smith, Walther Frank David, a Eva, Po Magdale

PLOT. Eva, the Eva tells a masters to explain of the G that be r confident Walther gives so into the Walther comes to the other comments o Beckmesser whom Be nurse, th betrothed A general pulls Wa house. T he has dr the table, it in his p telling his place in t of the m his perfor confused then sing victor and Suchs.

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the arrest of a double murderer. One of them was acquitted of the charge at the subsequent enquiry, but the other was adjudged guilty. He was at once dismissed from the force, the manner of his dismissal being highly dramatic. A large number of police were drawn up in the police headquarters. Each man regarded his comrade's cowardice as a personal reproach, for whatever may be urged against the New York police they have never been wanting in courage.

The constable to be discharged had to run the gauntlet, the official marks were torn from his uniform and without further ado he was hurled into the street. A strong theatrical pose marked the whole occurrence.

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 6, ending after 10.30

### Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg.

Opera in three Acts by Richard Wagner.

Cast:	
Hans Sachs, a cobbler,	Herr Scheidemantel.
Veit Pogner, a goldsmith,	Herr Plachke.
Kunz Vogelgesang, a	
furrier.	Herr Erl.
Konrad Nachtigall, a	
tinker,	Herr Nebuschka.
Sixtus Beckmesser, the	
town clerk,	Herr Erwin.
Fritz Kothner, a baker,	Herr Höpfl.
Balthasar Zorn, a pew-	
terer,	Herr Markgraf.
Ulrich Eisslinger, an her-	
balist,	Herr Kruis.
Augustin Moser, a tailor,	Herr Pust.
Hermann Ortel, a soap-	
boiler,	Herr Piehler.
Hans Schwarz, a stock-	
ing weaver,	Herr Wachter.
Hans Foltz, a copper-	
smith,	Herr Ernst.
Walther von Stolzing, a young	
Frankish knight	Herr Burrian.
David, apprentice to Sachs	Herr Rüdiger.
Eva, Pogner's daughter	Frau Nast.
Magdalene, Eva's nurse	Fräul. v. Chavanne.

**PLOT.** Walther von Stolzing, a young knight, is in love with Eva, the daughter of Master Pogner, a jeweller of Nuremberg. Eva tells him her hand is promised to the winner of the prize for a master-song. David, the apprentice of Hans Sachs, a cobbler, tries to explain to Walther what he must do to comply with the rules of the Guild of Meistersingers; but the rules are so complicated that he resolves to sing in his own way. Beckmesser, a clerk, is confident that he will win the contest and marry Eva. When Walther sings his trial song Beckmesser is made marker, and he gives so many bad marks that Walther fails to obtain entrance into the guild, though Sachs perceives the merit of his song. Walther meets Eva at night outside Sachs' shop. Beckmesser comes to serenade Eva, but Sachs sings at his work so loudly, that the other cannot be heard. He implores Sachs to be quiet, and he consents on condition that he be allowed to tap on a shoe whenever Beckmesser makes a mistake in rhythm. The lady at the window whom Beckmesser believes to be Eva is really Magdalene, Eva's nurse, the betrothed of David, and the latter, believing his betrothed is being serenaded, sets on Beckmesser with a cudgel. A general uproar ensues, the apprentices joining in the fight. Sachs pulls Walther into the shop and pushes Eva into her father's house. The next morning Walther sings to Sachs a song which he has dreamed, and which delights the old man: he leaves it on the table, where Beckmesser, who has come in, sees it, and puts it in his pocket. But Sachs discovering this, allows him to keep it, telling him he can sing it if he likes. The singing contest takes place in the afternoon in a meadow, and after the solemn entry of the master-singers, Beckmesser excites universal derision by his performance of the song, in which he gets the words and tune confused with his own serenade of the evening before. Walther then sings the real song, as it should be sung, and is acclaimed victor and rewarded by Eva's hand, while the crowd cheer Hans Sachs.

Composer: Richard Wagner, born 1813, died 1883.  
(See "The Standard-Operagloss" by Charles Annesley; for sale at Carl Tittmann's bookshop, Prager Strasse 19, price 3 & 80 A.)

Tomorrow, Friday, at 7.30 p.m.  
Undine.

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## OPERA HOUSE.

Saturday: Sizilianische Bauernehre.—Der Bajazzo.  
7.30 p.m.  
Sunday, Aug. 25th: Die Zauberflöte. 7 p.m.  
Monday, Aug. 26th: Der fliegende Holländer.  
7.30 p.m.

## ROYAL THEATRE.

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## RESIDENZ THEATRE.

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This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

### Demi monde.

Schauspiel in 5 Acten von Alexander Dumas Sohn.

Cast:

Vicomtesse von Vernières	Mia Thomas.
Marcelle, ihre Nichte	Erna Nitter.
Valentine von Santis	Elvira de Miot.
Susanne Baronin d'Ange	Nina Sandow a. G.
Olivier von Jalin	Max Thomas.
Raymond von Nanjac	Paul Köllner.
Marquis von Thonnerins	Hans v. Wolzogen.
Hippolyte Richond	Georg Mendel.
Sophie, Susanne's Kammermädchen	Lucy Böhlke.
Diener bei Olivier	Robert Babinsky.
Diener bei der Vicomtesse	William Schwarz.

Tomorrow, Friday, at 7.30 p.m.

### Die Haubenlerche.

## CENTRAL THEATRE.

This evening, beginning at 8, ending after 10

### Die Diebin (Leah Kleschna).

Ein Stück in vier Aufzügen von Mc. Lellan.

Cast:

Paul Sylvaine, Abgeordneter	Otto Ottbert.
General Berton	Paul Arndt.
Madame Berton	Ernestine Rosen.
Raoul, 1 Kinder des Generals	Otto Pahlau.
Claire, 1 Kinder des Generals	Frieda Schulz.
Kleschna, genannt Monsieur Garnier	Rudolf Senius.
Leah, seine Tochter	Rosa Klaus.
Schramm	Richard Bendey.
Sophie Chaponnière	Lucie Wacker.
Baptiste, Diener	Otto Walther.

Tomorrow, Friday, at 8 p.m.

The same performance.

## REPertoire OF THE CENTRAL THEATRE FOR THE WEEK.

Saturday: Bühne und Welt. 8 p.m.  
Sunday, August 25th: Sherlock Holmes 3.30 p.m.  
Bühne und Welt. 8 p.m.

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See Strasse 10.

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Travelling Articles. Camille Entlein.  
Waisenhaus Strasse 23.

Brühl & Guttentag. — Artistic needle work. —  
Embroideries, Prager Str. 20.

Adolf Beck. Specialist in hair treatment by electricity.  
Massage. — 32 Christian Strasse.

Gallery Pictures, Albums & Postcards. L. Hauptmann  
Schloss Str. 20 & Weiss. Hirsch.

Art Photographer. Schiffer & Genscheidt  
Bismarck Platz 6.

## THE TERROR OF OYSTER BAY.

The village of Oyster Bay, says the *New York Sun*, has had its share of freaks and nature fakers, but the latest is a cobbler on East Mainstreet, who can imitate the cries of animals so realistically that John Burroughs or President Roosevelt would be deceived. The cobbler is Tom Scruggs, and he recently moved into a little shop directly in the rear of the Executive offices. Tom's proficiency in nature-faking, while at first a matter of interest and wonder, developed into a nuisance to the executive force under Secretary Loeb, who was the first to discover the cobbler's peculiar talents.

The shoe shop being considerably off the streets the sounds could not be heard by the passers-by, but they floated into the open windows of the Executive office all day, and the noise was distracting, to say the least.

Mr. Loeb was sitting at his desk one day when he heard a peculiar cry as of a dog in distress. He went to the window but could see nothing, and a few minutes later the sound was succeeded by a particularly vituperative parrot. The secretary knitted his brows in annoyance and called to one of the clerks to close the window.

It being a hot day, however, the window had to be reopened. Then several birds began to sing. This wasn't so bad, as the sylvan sounds had a sort of soothing effect. But when a plaintive tom-cat began to yowl the secretary threw his pen down in disgust.

"A menagerie must have come to town", he muttered, "but I don't see why it should camp directly under our window."

The secretary grew more interested, however, when he found it impossible to locate the sounds. They came from directly under the office window, but whenever he looked into the yard it was vacant. The thing took on an uncanny aspect, and the office force began to get nervous.

"There's a wolf out there or I will eat my hat," said Assistant Secretary Latta.

"I've heard hyenas," remarked Chief Stenographer McGrew, "and I'll bet a watermelon that there's one down in the yard there somewhere. You can't fool me when it comes to wild animals."

"There certainly are a dog, a cat, a parrot, and several birds," added William Dulaney, "a circus must have struck town."

Just then a rooster began to crow lustily. "The wonder is," said Mr. Loeb, "that they should camp out here instead of in the vacant lot near the depot."

For a time everything was quiet, but then a dog began to bark furiously, and then the weird hoot of an owl broke the stillness. "This was answered by the clucking of innumerable hens, and then a lot of pigeons began to coo. It was too much for the President's secretary, and he went out to investigate. After a half-hour's search he returned, perspiring and nervous.

"I can't find a doggoned thing," he announced. "If this keeps up I'm going to move back into the woods somewhere. If we can't find quietness in Oyster Bay, where will we find it?"

Just then the long, sonorous low of a cow smote the air, and a horse began to whinny. In a few minutes a sheep's bleat came through the window, and that settled it.

"I'm going to find that noise or resign," said Mr. Loeb.

After a long search, guided by occasional sounds of wild and tame beasts, Mr. Loeb and his staff came upon Tom Scruggs sitting peacefully on his bench in his little cobbler shop.

"Have you got any wild animals in here?" asked one of the clerks.

Tom chuckled, and then uttered a quick warning. Right at his ear the clerk heard the hiss of a snake. He jumped about four feet, and then looked round cautiously. The cobbler was still grinning, but the jig was up.

When the force closed in on him he admitted cheerfully that he was the author of all the strange noises. Long practice had made him extremely proficient, but when he heard that his little diversion was giving annoyance he promised to cut it out. Force of habit is strong with Tom, however, and every little while he forgets himself and lets out a howl.

## WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate north-westerly winds, dull rainy, cool.



## LOCAL.

This evening "Die Diebin" (Leah Kleschna) a play in 4 Acts by McLellan will be performed for the last time but one in the Central Theatre.—On Saturday, the 24th, the first performance will take place of "Bühne und Welt", a play in 4 Acts by Fride Grelle. The rôles in this most absorbing play will be undertaken by Mesdames M. Sonia, H. Margot and F. Schulz and by Messrs. P. Arndt, R. Benday, W. Froese, B. Klein, H. Kolmetz, O. Ottbert, O. Pahlau, J. Schrotky, R. Senius, F. Sommer, A. Stadthagen, and O. Walther.

The programme of this evening's orchestral concert at the Royal Belvedere, will be as follows:—(1) Overture, "Der Edelknecht", Kreutzer; (2) "Festlicher Aufzug und Chor", Lichtenstein (first time); (3) Mandolinständchen, "Der Zaunkönig" (first time); (4) Potpourri, "Die Fledermaus", J. Strauss; (5) Prologue, "Der Bajazzo", Leonevallo; (6) Romance for violin with orchestra, Beethoven; (7) Orchestral Suite, "Silvia", Delibes; (8) Overture, "Ritter Blaubart", Offenbach; (9) Quintet, "Die Meistersinger", Wagner; (10) Waltz, "Auf ins Metropol", Holländer; (11) Galop, "Sturzwelle", Faust.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Grenadier Regiment No. 101. The band plays about 12.30 p.m. in the Neustadt.

## CHURCH SERVICES.

## ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH.

Wiener Strasse.  
Friday, August 23rd. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.  
Saturday, August 24th. S. Bartholomew. 8.15 a.m.  
Holy Communion. 9.0 a.m. Matins.  
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.  
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

## PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winkelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister. Bernhard Strasse 2, I.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.  
THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.  
Minister Resident: Mansfeldt de Cardonnel Findlay, Esq. C. M. G.

THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.  
British Consul: H. Palmié, Esq.

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p.  
American Consul General: T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.

## NEW BOOKS.

Tauchnitz Edition, to appear August 30:  
The Marriage Lease, 1 vol., by Frank Frankfort Moore, author of "I forbid the Banns" "The Jessamy Bride", &c.  
At Carl Tittmann's bookshop, Prager Strasse 19.

## Great Bargains!

Considerable Reductions!  
Clearance Sale  
of useful and ornamental  
hand-painted  
CHINA

designed and painted in own studios.

Heufel & Co.

Bürgerwiese 8.  
Show-windows:  
Portikus Strasse.  
No shop.

Anger's I. Dresden Special  
brown bread Dietetic  
food bakery

Dresden, Ammon Strasse 49  
Corner of Rosen Str. Tel. 6640.

Anger's Graham bread  
for Stomach troubles

as supplied to the Court of Saxony.

Anger's Aleuronat bread,  
Faste and Macaroni

for diabetes and bowel disorders.

Anger's Kinderzwieback  
Forwarded to all

parts of the city and abroad.

Kaiser Keller An der Mauer 5  
next tea bar, newly opened!

Winzerstuben, formerly Goldtröpfchen,  
Breite Strasse 12. Tel. 1940.

American drinks. Meals served à l'anglais.

## Question of Fate.

I love all beautiful things in the world. Was born to prepare an heaven on earth for a girl. To accomplish this my highest ideal, I wish to enter into communication with beautiful girl, preferably blonde, with view to matrimony. Am North German, of singularly distinguished appearance (5 ft. 8), in the twenties. Expect money. Going to be architect. Possess all qualities calculated to make existence happy. They say I have noble features. She who will give me her hand must like myself regard love as greatest happiness, be of commanding figure, chic and strikingly beautiful. Moderate fortune desirable. No anonymous answers. Photograph, description of circumstances address "Mitfühlendes Herz" Hausenstein & Vogler. Strictly private.

Every shop where

English is spoken  
should take in and advertise in

The Daily Record

Struve Strasse 5, I.

MINIATURES.

Portraits on ivory from life

or photograph. H. M. Mst.

Studio Helnholtz Strasse 2, I.

ROYAL BELVEDERE  
Grand Concert Daily

by the Royal Belvedere Orchestra, under the direction of Herr Kapellmeister Willy Olsen.

## Royal Conservatorium

Instruction given at:  
Landhaus Str. 11, II., Werder Str. 22, pt.  
Bautzner Str. 22, I., Haydn Str. 9, I.  
52nd year. All branches of musical and theatrical instruction. Full courses or single lessons. May be commenced at any time. Terms begin April 1st and September 1st. Prospectus and list of instructors from the Directorate.

## SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German French and Latin.

A small number of resident pupils taken. German and French resident governesses.

Private instruction if desired.

Miss Virgin, Schnorr Strasse 80 (Villa).

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Master-school of piano playing.  
After the methods of Franz Liszt and Hans von Bülow.  
Studio: Lindenau Strasse 35 II.

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Rendezvous of English and Americans. English spoken.

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DRESDEN,  
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HOTEL  
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265 ROOMS  
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BERLIN. Unter den Linden, 17-18. BERLIN.

## Hotel Westminster

QUIET. FIRST CLASS HOTEL. SELECT.  
Rooms from 3.50 marks upward. Lift. Favourable Terms for Board.  
Electric Light.

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Baths — Splendid Restaurant and Drawing Rooms. — Lift.  
Mostly frequented by English and American Families.

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I. Cl. House.

## Marienbad. Bohemia.

Season from the 1st of May to the 30th of September  
30,000 Visitors, 90,000 Tourists.  
Prospectus gratis from the Bürgermeisteramt.

## Marienbad. Park Hotel Waldmühle.

First class, splendid position in the midst of its own park.  
World-famed Restaurant. Motor Garage. Own Automobile.  
Heinrich Krause, Proprietor.

## Marienbad, Hotel Weimar

Temporary Residence of H. M. King Edward VII.

PRAGUE. Hotel Archduke Stephan. Wenzelsplatz. First Class. The only new house in the town, with every comfort possible at low charges. Mostly frequented by English and Americans. 130 Rooms and Salons (fireproof). Fitted up with Electricity, Lifts, Steam Heating, Telephone &c. Grand Café a speciality. Centre of the town. Close to the Royal Museum. 5 minutes to the Station. English spoken. Cook's Coupons accepted. W. Hauner, Prop.

## Prague, Hotel Victoria, family Hotel.

## Nuremberg. Private Hotel and Pension Treffer.

First class family Pension situated in the best and most central part of the town, close to the station. Large, airy rooms. Good cuisine. All home comforts. Electric light. Baths. Pension by the week or day. Moderate prices.  
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Königstrasse 76. NUREMBERG Established 1727.  
Purveyor to the Bavarian Court.  
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TEPLITZ. Hotel Altes Rathaus. In the best position. Highly recom. to English & Americans. Mod. Prices.  
English spoken. Auto Garage. Franz Dittlich, Prop.

The Concerts begin on Week Days at 7.30 p.m.  
on Sundays and holidays at 5 p.m.

Admission, at the door, 1 mark, or 50 pf. If the ticket is bought beforehand at any of the cigar-shops of the firm WOLF Prager Str. See Str. Post Platz.  
At the Bureau of the Royal Belvedere 10 tickets may be had for 3 marks, up to 6 p.m. Admission to the Side Terrace and Pavilion free.

Café de Paris, Newly opened!  
See Strasse. In Louis XVI. style.  
A veritable lion of the City.

Pension-Internationale BERLIN W. 50  
Nürnberger Strasse 6, II.  
First class family home. Excellent board from 4 marks a day.

Dresden Tea rooms, !! Newly opened !!  
Prager Strasse 50, I. High class, distinguished tea rooms.

THE RIGHT ANSWER.  
Mr. R... Boy, is there any fashionable wine-parlor here in Dresden?  
Boy. Yes, Sir, the very nice people go to the Moschertstrasse, 27 Landhaus Strasse.  
Mr. R... Can I take ladies there?  
Boy. Certainly; the rooms are beautifully furnished and quite according to American taste.  
Mr. R... And the cookery, it's German, I suppose?  
Boy. You can dine there, Sir, just as if you were at home.

New! American Drinks New!  
Victoria Strasse 3.

Pension Kosmos Streblener Strasse 10, I.  
close to Hauptbahnhof.  
Comfortable home, excellent board 4 marks a day.—English cooking.

Perfumes. Georg Häntzschel  
2 Struve Strasse 2.

Hot Cheese Straws Carl Roeder,  
By appointment to the Saxon Court.  
Galerie Strasse 2.

## PRINCESS HENRY OF PLESS.

By the death of the Duke of Pless, head of one of the oldest and also one of the richest of Silesian families, his eldest son, Prince Henry of Pless, succeeds to the title and a fortune of several millions sterling. Princess Henry of Pless, as is well known, is the daughter of Col. Cornwallis West. They have been married sixteen years, and their son and heir, Prince John Henry XVII, is in his seventh year. The new Duchess of Pless, who is very popular in Berlin society, is a charming type of English beauty.

## "BUT PAGANINI WAS THE MAN."

It was because of Dr. Joachim's retiring disposition and quiet ways that there are so few "stories" to be recalled in connection with his long career. He himself related one apropos of playing in Manchester. After a concert he was smoking a cigar on the railway platform when a working man, having eyed him for some time, approached and asked for a light. Tapping the great violinist on the shoulder he remarked, "But Paganini was the man." "I never felt so small in my life," said the violinist when telling the story. So far as England is concerned, Joachim made his first appearance there when he was twelve years of age. He appeared at Drury Lane at a benefit of the "poet Bunn," and played Ernst's "Otello" fantasia between the acts of "The Bohemian Girl." He was described on the programme as "the celebrated Hungarian boy," and although the critics were loud in his praise, it was not until he appeared later in the same season at a Philharmonic concert under Mendelssohn's direction that his playing of the Beethoven Concerto proclaimed his splendid powers.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN  
up to the 20th of August 1907.

Miss E. Walker, Glasgow, H. Angermann.  
Mrs. H. Walker, Glasgow, H. Angermann.  
Mr. A. von Doenhoff, New York, H. Angermann.  
Mr. and Mrs. L. James, London, H. Deutscher Herold.  
Miss A. Riesenberg, St. Louis, P. Kinze.  
Miss A. Guye, St. Louis, P. Kinze.  
Mrs. A. Guye, St. Louis, P. Kinze.  
Miss E. Guye, St. Louis, P. Kinze.  
Mrs. A. Krohnstover, Milwaukee, P. Krause-Mosolff.  
Mr. F. Krohnstover, Milwaukee, P. Krause-Mosolff.  
Rev. C. H. Shrimpton, Athol, P. Schadowell.  
Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Shrimpton, Athol, P. Schadowell.  
Mrs. I. W. Poince, Dayton, P. Schadowell.  
Mrs. A. D. Poince, Dayton, P. Schadowell.  
Mr. R. Wightman, Toronto, P. Schadowell.  
Mrs. C. Wightman, Toronto, P. Schadowell.  
Miss L. Robertson, Greensboro, P. Schadowell.  
Mr. G. H. Ropes, Detroit, P. Schadowell.  
Mr. N. E. Robinson, Washington, P. Schadowell.  
Mrs. L. D. Baker, Elmira, P. Schadowell.  
Miss H. Spaulding, Elmira, P. Schadowell.  
Miss E. Porter, Greensboro, P. Schadowell.  
Mrs. E. W. Matthews, Middleburg, P. Schadowell.  
Mr. and Miss P. A. Welker, Baltimore, P. Schaumberger.  
Mrs. I. Reeder, Baltimore, P. Schaumberger.  
Miss A. Reeder, Baltimore, P. Schaumberger.  
Miss E. Parlett, Baltimore, P. Schaumberger.