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and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

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THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.—THE SCOTTISH LAND BILL.

The Secretary of State for India, the Rt. Hon. J. Morley informed the House of the appointment of a Government Commission to enquire into the question whether for financial and administrative purposes the relations between the head Government, the Provincial Governments and the Indian authorities subordinate to these latter could be simplified and improved by decentralisation, in a manner that would bring the executive power into closer relationship with local circumstances without endangering the strength lying in uniformity.

In reply to a question relating to the Scottish Land Bill, the Prime Minister said that the Upper House had shown a cynical disregard of the wishes and needs of the people of Scotland, as they were represented by Scotch Members in the House of Commons. The Bill would be very soon reintroduced into the Lower House and passed as soon as possible. The Government would then request the Upper House either to unequivocally reject the Bill or to accept it with sensible amendments. (Loud applause on the Ministerial benches.) Mr. Balfour replied that the whole matter was intentionally calculated to create strife with the Upper House. (Opposition cheers.) After a short, but heated debate, the matter dropped.

GERMAN CRUISER VISITS IRELAND.

The German cruiser "Freya" has arrived in Queenstown from Ireland and will make a stay of some days.

THE NEW SOUTH WALES CUSTOMS DISPUTE.

As a result of the incident caused by the confiscation of a consignment of wire-netting destined for the New South Wales Government in consequence of a refusal to pay the customs duty, the Federal Government and the New South Wales Government have appealed to the Federal Court against each other.

CANADIAN TELEGRAPHISTS.

The *Frankfurter Zeitung* learns from Montreal that all danger of a strike of Canadian telegraphists is over. The officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway have signified their willingness to remain at their posts.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

The *Globe* learns from its New York correspondent that Wall-street and the kerb operators are making gallant efforts to derive comfort from President Roosevelt's speech, delivered at Provincetown. That prices should rise on the strength of such an oration by the Chief of the State is pretty conclusive proof of the artificial character of the movement, and to some extent justifies Mr. Roosevelt's taunting references to machine-made distress on the Stock Exchange. Nevertheless, conservative business men are beginning to complain that the President is overdoing his part, and that he does not take into proper account the effects of his words upon interests, quite apart from Wall-street, in America and abroad.

For one thing the feeling of uncertainty and consequent disorganisation in the railway world is having deplorable consequences in such directions as the suspension or actual abandonment of much needed extensions and the maintenance of equipment at the highest level. The Companies simply cannot raise the necessary money, and this inability is certainly not primarily due, it is contended, to the economic situation in the States, or to the troubles generally of the European money markets. Mr. Roosevelt, like Mr. Taft, declared that he had no desire to interfere with honest

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business, but neither could have said less than that, and such platitudes do not mitigate the uneasiness aroused by the President's violent denunciations of financiers and manufacturers with whose methods he is not in agreement.

Nor is the position improved by the methods adopted by Mr. Roosevelt's Attorney-General, Mr. Bonaparte. This gentleman, it is complained, is displaying a marked tendency to ape the style and follow the methods of his masterful chief, while not possessing the President's courage, determination, and popularity. Mr. Bonaparte threatens without following up threats by action, he talks too much to the newspaper reporters, and generally seems to be too fond of the glare of the lime-light. His predecessor in the Attorney-Generalship, Mr. Knox, was less of a politician and more of a lawyer, and the contrast between the two men is held to be damaging to the Administration.

GREAT JEWEL ROBBERIES.

Mail bags containing valuables estimated to be worth 250,000 dollars, have been stolen from a mail train on the Burlington Railroad.

Beyond the fact that the robbery must have taken place while the train was running between Denver and Omaha there is not the slightest clue for the police to work on.

It is stated that this is the biggest mail robbery in the history of the country.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

The drafting Committee of the Arbitration Court Committee passed the second reading of the Anglo-German proposal, with amendments suggested by France and the United States, relating to the establishment of a prize Court; the only dissentients were the Brazilian Delegates.

THE MOROCCAN CRISIS.

Reuter's Bureau learns from Casablanca that a strong detachment of mounted Arabs surrounded the town early on Wednesday morning and attacked the French, position in spite of a galling fire directed at them from land and sea. The French sent out a small force before which the Arabs withdrew; after a short time, however, they rallied, and crossing the open plain with marvellous rapidity made a fresh attack, which failed owing



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to the destructive artillery fire. After another interval a strong force stormed down the valley against the French infantry. The mounted Arabs advanced some two miles in close order under heavy fire, and approached within 400 yards before they were driven back. Another unsuccessful attack was made on the West side.

The Spanish Foreign Minister has received a despatch confirming the report that Muley Hafid has been proclaimed Sultan.

According to an announcement in a London journal from El'Ksar the Mahalla of El Merani attacked Raisuli on Monday. The latter repulsed the Mahalla, which withdrew in disorder from the Ukmass country.

It is announced from reliable sources in Tangier that all Europeans in Fez have left for the coast.

Admiral Philibert telegraphed on Thursday that order prevails generally. He is in hopes that the majority of the Daukala tribes near Mazagan will remain quiet. The report of the proclamation of Muley Hafid as Sultan has not been officially confirmed. In Casablanca the Moroccans, under cover of a dense fog, attacked the French camp on Thursday morning. When the fog dispersed they were fired on both from land and sea and suffered heavy losses. General Drude's troops at 2 p. m. occupied several hills lying some 5 kilometres from the camp and exercising violent pressure on the Arabs, forced them to retire precipitately Southwards.

A *Reuter's* telegram of Thursday from Casablanca reports that the Moroccans are showing great activity and throughout Wednesday night kept up an unceasing fire on the outposts stationed round the town. In the early morning the battle-ships steamed along the coast, bombarded villages and farms which were sheltering the enemy, reducing them to ashes, but caused little disquiet among the Arabs who retired behind the hills which lie between the villages and the towns.

The *Kölnische Zeitung* learns from Tangier that within the next few days the French, English, and Spanish Colonies will leave that town. The German Colony has not yet decided whether it will also leave for the coast.

In the fighting at Casablanca on August 21 a captain and 11 men were wounded on the French side. An ordnance officer of General Drude was wounded by three shots and another officer was severely wounded in the abdomen. The cruiser "Gueydon" bombarded the small fortress of Fedhala to the North of Casablanca, which served as a place of refuge for the rebels.

The temporary Chargé d'Affaires of the French Consulate has made urgent representations to the Pasha whereupon the latter took all necessary steps to pay the soldiers their back pay, and to provide them with cartridges.

The *Matin* announces that the War Minister will at once despatch an air-ship detachment with 6 captive balloons to Casablanca. The same journal learns from Casablanca that Muley Hafid has written to the tribes which took place in the recent fighting, promising to join them with a number of adherents to lead the resistance against the French.

THE FRENCH PRESS ON MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

According to *L'Eclair* the Spanish Ambassador has protested against certain malicious statements as to the bearing of the Spanish force at Casablanca. Spain, true to the task she has undertaken, desires to organise the police in the coastal Towns, that everything may be in order by the arrival of Colonel Müller on September 20th.

The *Radical* claims to know that the programme of the French Government has been subjected to no alteration. No expedition into the Interior will be undertaken, but attention will be paid only to the exigencies of the present situation.

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The *Echo de Paris* announces from San Sebastian that the Spanish Government has lodged protests with the French Government against the language used in various French journals concerning the Spanish troops.

The *Journal* learns from Tangier that it has been proved that the tribes in the neighbourhood of Casablanca are procuring war material.

The *Matin* announces: The fighting at Casablanca on August 19 lasted half an hour. The Artillery scared away their assailants. It is said that 4,000 Moroccans are encamped before the town and General Drude declares it impossible to drive them away without a reinforcement of 1,500 men. The Spanish troops still refuse to take part in the fighting. On the other hand, the *Matin* publishes an article in which it states that General Drude is satisfied that his forces are sufficient; there is no question of an expedition into the interior, but of taking absolutely necessary precautionary measures. There is complete agreement with Spain and the international situation is excellent.

The *Petit Parisien* announces from Casablanca that the tribes in the Interior continue to send thousands of mounted men thither.

M. CAMBON VISITS PRINCE BÜLOW.

M. Cambon, French Ambassador to the Court of St. James, left Paris on Thursday *en route* for Norderney where he will visit Prince Bülow. Before leaving M. Cambon had an interview with the French Foreign Minister, M. Pichon.

THE ATTEMPT ON THE CZAR'S LIFE.

The military district Court on Thursday finished the hearing of witnesses in the conspiracy trial. Among others the father of Prokofieva was examined; his son was killed last winter in the Grand Hotel, St. Petersburg, for refusing to admit the police into his room and firing on them. According to the father's evidence, his daughter was not the legal wife of Sazunoff, the murderer of Plehve.

At the evening sitting the Court was occupied with the expert evidence as to the documents found on the accused and confiscated. Their examination confirmed the correctness of the facts elicited at the preliminary enquiry as to the guilt of the accused.

KING ALFONSO'S TOUR.

The King and Queen of Spain arrived at Pau on Thursday and were to leave yesterday for Caunterets, Department Basses Pyrenées.

JUSTICE FROM THE MAFIA.

The Rome correspondent of the *Chronicle* recounts a monstrous deed of vengeance executed by the Mafia in Sicily.

Early in the present year the corpse of Michael Volo, a noted cattle robber, was by chance discovered in a disused sulphur mine. His widow had already gone to live with her brother-in-law, Luigi Volo, an old gaolbird, whose three brothers openly accused him of having compassed Michael's death, with the woman's aid. The police had to drop the case through insufficiency of evidence.

The three brothers of Luigi Volo thereupon had recourse to the secret tribunal of the Mafia, to which they denounced Luigi. The Mafia decreed Luigi's death, and told off an associate to decoy the condemned man to a lonely cottage beside a river.

There the three brothers awaited Luigi, whom they bound hand and foot and blind-folded, and led him out upon the terrace to die. Then they bore his corpse to a sequestered nook in the forest, where a delegation of the Mafia joined them at eventide to assist in the solemn ceremony of cremating the corpse.

SERVIAN BANDITS.

The *Frankfurter Zeitung* learns from Belgrade that in the Posharevatz district public safety is endangered by the sudden appearance of a band of robbers excellently armed. The band, led by ex-gendarmes, in the most barefaced way robbed several rich people in well-to-do districts and evaded pursuit.

THE ROUMANIAN PREMIER VISITS FOREIGN STATESMEN.

The Roumanian Prime Minister, Demeter Sturdza, after finishing his cure in Carlsbad, visited the German Imperial Chancellor, Prince Bülow at Norderney, and took the opportunity of a two days' stay in Vienna to pay a visit to the Foreign Minister, Freiherr v. Aehrenthal. The perfectly friendly relations existing between Austria Hungary and her neighbour State and the intimate relationship of Roumania to the Central European Powers make it obvious that the meeting of the two statesmen was the occasion of an exhaustive discussion of questions of the day, and that in particular considerable light was thrown upon the Balkans question, upon the development of which under the wise guidance of King Carol Roumania forms an effective factor of great influence in the best conservative sense. The two statesmen are said to

have parted in the most cordial manner with the satisfactory impression of the complete agreement of their views touching this matter.

G. WIRSING, American Dentist. Graduate of the Milwaukee Medical College (Dental Department). *Silesien Strasse 10b, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 9987.*

TURKO-PERSIAN AFFAIRS.

In contradiction of the report that Turkey, in her desire to settle the Persian frontier dispute, had caused the despatch of Commissaries from both countries to Urmia, it is stated in Persian circles that in all steps and negotiations up to the present there has been no mention of Urmia. The French Embassy has also made friendly overtures to the Porte for the settlement of the frontier dispute.

In Persian diplomatic circles the rumour is current that the Turkish Ministerial Council has laid before the Yildiz for approval the resolution respecting the withdrawal of Turkish troops from the recently occupied Turkish territory. An Irade touching this question has not, however, yet been issued. In consequence the Porte was unable to answer the latest representations of the Turkish Ambassador on the subject.

A WILHELMSHÖHE CAPTIVE.

The recent meeting at Wilhelmsöhe between King Edward and the Emperor William has prompted Comte Fleury to contribute to the *Gaulois* some further details as to the life led by Napoleon III. and his suite when confined in the castle, where a few days ago another event, destined in all probability to become historic, took place. Comte Fleury bases his narrative on notes written by his father General Fleury who, after his return from Russia, paid several visits to the ex-Emperor and was also in correspondence with several persons in Napoleon's entourage. The Emperor's captivity was shared, among others, by Prince Joachim and Murat, by Generals Prince de la Moskowa, Comte Reille, Castelau de Vaubert de Genlis, the doctors Conneau and Baron Corvisart and many others. Life at Wilhelmsöhe was monotonous and uniform. "But the Emperor is here the object of the most punctilious hospitality", writes General X... to General Fleury. "It is plain that someone in Berlin (it was the Empress Augusta) takes care that nothing is wanting to a man that has suffered such misfortune." Everywhere he is reminded of his childhood's happy years. Although he was quite young when Napoleon the Great stayed at the brilliant Court of King Jerome, he had always retained those days in his memory and many an object recalled those luxurious days to him. For instance, on the day after his arrival as he was strolling, gloomy and depressed, through the castle rooms he suddenly came upon a youthful likeness of his mother, Queen Hortense. The Emperor was so upset that he expressed a desire to be left alone; when, half an hour later, he rejoined the gentleman of his suite he was cheerful and at ease and a happy smile lit up his pale face.

Napoleon was in the habit of rising between seven and eight and when he was dressed he would take a cup of tea at the open window even in the most severe weather. Then he began to feed the numerous sparrows in the park with bread crumbs; the birds in the end became so confident and cheeky that they would perch on his hand when he was shaving and often enough he let the razor slip out of his hand. After his toilette Napoleon would sit at his writing table and write private letters without a break until 10 o'clock. From 10 to 11 he would read any letters that had arrived and the English, German and Belgian newspapers to keep himself informed as to events in France; French newspapers arrived but seldom. At 11 o'clock the Emperor appeared at the simple *déjeuner* and chatted to the officers on the latest news from the seat of war. Colonel Hepp, an Alsatian by birth, then translated to the officers those military reports in the German papers, marked by the Emperor with a red pencil. A walk in the

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park, usually lasting about an hour and a half, then followed; the Emperor then withdrew into his private apartments and remained alone, reading and writing industriously till 5 o'clock. He then dressed for the formal dinner at which, like the other gentlemen, he appeared in evening dress with the Order of the Legion of Honour upon his breast. The dinner was simple and short, the only beverage being a light moselle. At table only French servants waited,—another attention of the Empress Augusta. Coffee was then served in the smoking room, while the last post was examined. Often the Emperor would retire after a quarter of an hour, but sometimes he remained longer, when

an aide-de-camp in order to distract his thoughts from the sad present, would read aloud to him scenes or passages from Corneille, Racine, Lamartine, Victor Hugo or de Musset, to which the Emperor listened abstractedly. By nine o'clock at latest the Emperor had retired and would remain awake for hours putting his notes in order or writing down the impressions of the day. He worked at a brochure "on France's relations to Germany", which appeared later with the name of the Marquis de Gricourt upon the title-page, and at a larger work on "The military organisation of North Germany". At the New Year the Emperor received telegrams of good wishes from all the rulers of Europe, with the exception of the German Princes. But on their behalf Graf Monts, Governor of Cassel, appeared and expressed in the name of the King of Prussia and his allies wishes for the "future good relations between the various States of Germany and France." The Empress Augusta wrote a letter to the Emperor, who was also deeply moved by an address signed by 30,000 French prisoners; but what touched him most of all was the receipt of two little bunches of half-faded violets which in some inexplicable way arrived from besieged Paris. The Emperor took the flowers, which bore the inscription "from a grateful working-man's family" to Chislehurst with him later on. Visitors arrived in greater numbers than the Emperor liked and many a visitor from France who announced his arrival beforehand received a somewhat abrupt reply. After the fall of Metz the leaders of the fallen army came to Cassel. The meeting was painful to a degree; the Emperor embraced and kissed Marshal Canrobert several times. Napoleon was much concerned at the fate of his soldiers. He divided all the money he had with him at Sedan among them. His whole fortune was 260,000 francs. To the Empress he wrote "I am proud that I have fallen from the throne without having deposited money abroad." The one ray of light in the captive's life was the visit of the Empress Eugenie who, accompanied by Comte Clary, arrived at the end of October at Wilhelmsöhe. The Emperor was completely surprised by the visit. *Quelle vienne! Quelle vienne!* he cried, when Clary told him that the Empress was in the Park. He wished to rush out, but it struck him that too stormy a welcome might make a somewhat theatrical impression and he received his wife as quietly as if she had only parted with him a few hours before. The Empress was much hurt by this apparent indifference, this coldness. But when the door had closed behind her, Napoleon threw himself weeping into her arms; "our meeting was heart breaking" wrote the Empress to Fleury. On March 20 1871 Napoleon left Wilhelmsöhe after bestowing, through General Reille, souvenirs upon all the servants in the castle, jewels or gold coins. The officers of the garrison were deeply moved at his departure, one of them a Captain von S. wept like a child...

SPORTING NOTES.

As was only to be expected the test match between England and the S. Africans ended in a draw. The Colonials failed to do much with Blythe's bowling and their first innings closing for 178, they were 117 runs behind. England, on going in again, attempted to force the pace, but at first their efforts met with disaster for Hayward and Fry both left when 6 runs had been scored. Nor did misfortune end there for 14 runs later Tyldesley was well taken at cover. R. E. Foster and Braund, however, put a different complexion on the game, 69 runs being added before Foster was caught. Jessop had eight balls producing 11 runs, but after his departure wickets fell fast, the innings closing for 138. The S. Africans had to get 256 runs to do it in. They started by hitting wildly, but Hirst was bowling too well and though Faulkner hit terrifically hard for his 42, bad light stopped the match, with South Africa still wanting 93 with five wickets to fall.

Germany's hopes of annexing the Gold Cup at Baden-Baden have been dashed to the ground, for Herr Weinberg's *Fels* went lame after a trial gallop and will not be a starter for the race. *Hammurabi* remains, as the only German horse to throw down the gauntlet to the French horses.

The Belgian sportsman Baron Pierre de Crawhez intends to institute a new Gordon Bennett motor race to replace the Ardennes race. He has written to the proprietor of the *New York Herald* for permission to present a cup with the name "Gordon Bennett Cup". He states that the cup will be raced for under rules agreeable to all countries. The rules meant are those recently accepted by the Ostend Conference.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate westerly winds, mostly dry but rather dull, temperature not much altered.

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending after 10

Sizilianische Bauernehre.
(Cavalleria rusticana.)

Opera in one Act. Music by Pietro Mascagni.

Cast:

Santuzza, a young country-woman	Frau v. Falken.
Turiddu, a young peasant	Herr Sembach.
Lucia, his mother	Frau Bender-Schäfer
Alfio, a waggoner	Herr Plaschke.
Lola, his wife	Frau Nast.

PLOT. Turiddu a Sicilian on return from military service finds his former sweetheart Lola engaged to the rich Alfio. He consoles himself with Santuzza who adores him. Lola flirts with Turiddu, rousing Santuzza's jealousy. She appeals to Turiddu in vain and then denounces him and Lola to Alfio, who after challenging him to a duel in the Sicilian fashion by biting his ear, kills him. Santuzza falls fainting to the ground.

Composer: Pietro Mascagni, born 1868.

Der Bajazzo.

Drama in two Acts with Prologue. Book and Music by Leoncavallo.

Cast:

Canio, Leader of a village Comedy troupe (Bajazzo)	Herr Burrian.
Nedda, his wife (Colombine)	Fräul. v. d. Osten.
Tonio, comedian (Taddeo)	Herr Höpfl.
Beppo, comedian (Harlekin)	Herr Rüdiger.
Silvio, a young peasant	Herr Kiess.
Two country-people	(Herr Erl. Herr Büssel.

PLOT. Canio, head of a band of travelling actors, is very jealous of his wife Nedda. Nedda repulses Tonio the fool, and meets her lover Silvio, a peasant. Tonio fetches Canio, but he is too late to see Silvio's face; he is about to stab Nedda, but Beppo the harlequin intervenes. The actors give their little play to the villagers. Nedda is supping with her lover, when Taddeo (Tonio) announces the approach of her husband Bajazzo (Canio). Nedda who is only acting, refuses to tell the name of the man who supped with her, but Canio grows more and more serious and finally, in a fit of passion, stabs Nedda; and hearing Silvio's name on his dying wife's lips he kills him too, when he rushes up.

Composer: Leoncavallo, born 1859.

(See "The Standard-Operaglass" by Charles Annesley; for sale at Carl Tittmann's bookshop, Prager Strasse 19, price 3 M 80 A.)

Tomorrow, Sunday, at 7 p.m.

Die Zauberflöte.

OPERA HOUSE

Monday, Aug. 26th: Der fliegende Holländer.
7.30 p. m.

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Monday, September 16: Geographie und Liebe.

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CENTRAL THEATRE.

This evening, beginning at 8, ending after 10

Bühne und Welt.

Schauspiel in 4 Akten von Frido Grelle.

Cast:

Rolf Freimann	Otto Ottbert.
Julius, sein Bruder	Rudolf Senius.
Siegfried Langen, Bureauchef des Hoftheaters	Otto Pahlau.
Der Intendant	Richard Bendey.
Hensen,	Adolf Stadthagen.
Müller,	Joh. Schrotky.
Gellert,	Herm. Kohlmetz.
Riedel,	Otto Walther.
Kerzen, Regisseur,	Bruno Klein.
Berndorff,	Walther Froese.
Schmidt, Inspizient,	Friedr. Sommer.
Fräulein Landau,	Frieda Schulz.
Fräulein Zühren,	Hedwig Margot.
Nelly Raun,	Marianne Gonin.
Schlicht, Amtsgeistlicher	Walther Froese.
Otto, Rechtsanwalt	Paul Arndt.
Behrens, Polizeidiener	Hans Grohberger.
Möhren, Gefangenwärter	Bruno Klein.
Dr. Heinz	Otto Walther.

Tomorrow, Sunday, afternoon, at 3.30 p.m.

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At 8 p.m.

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RESIDENZ THEATRE.

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This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

Jugend.

Drama in drei Acten von Max Halbe.

Cast:

Pfarrer Hoppe	Hugo Werner-Kahle.
Annechen, seine Nichte	Erna Nitter.
Amandus, ihr jüngerer Stiefbruder	Hans v. Wolzogen.
Kaplan Gregor von Schigorski	Paul Barleben.
Hans Hartwig, ein junger Student	Walther Tautz.
Maruschka, Dienstmädchen	Johanna Becker.

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Comfortable home, excellent board 4 marks a day. - English cooking.

LOCAL.

During the past week the audiences at the Opera House have been unusually large, night after night. This was only to be expected when it is reflected that the operas down for performance included such favourites as "Werther", "Lohengrin", "Carmen", "La Bohème", "Hoffmann's Erzählungen", "Fidelio" and the "Meistersinger". It is but seldom that we are privileged to hear such a number of masterpieces, all so beautiful in their way, one after another, and though at this time of year the natives of Dresden, so to speak, are more conspicuous at the Opera than later in the season, when the foyer between the acts seems entirely occupied by English or Americans, visitors to Dresden have been seen occupying the same seats night after night. Several of the leading artists, who have returned from their well earned holiday like "giants refreshed with wine", have repeated familiar successes. Both in "Werther" and "La Bohème" Frau Nast and Herr Burrian gave magnificent performances, while in the latter opera Herr Scheidemantel made, as ever, a splendid *Marcel*. With ripening experience Fräulein v. d. Osten's *Carmen* continually improves, the *abandon* and *verve*, with which she plays the part are wonderfully Southern and, it must be confessed, in great contrast to the stolidity of the *Escamillo* as portrayed by Herr Platschke. "Hoffmann's Erzählungen", as usual, delighted the audience, Frau Wedekind being entrancing in the first and second Acts. Herr Höpfl was the evil genius of *Hoffmann*, but his performance cannot, of course, be compared with that of Herr Perron in the part. Frau Wittich has not been singing lately, so Frau Krull sang *Elsa* and *Leonora* and gave great satisfaction. The performance of the "Meistersinger" in Dresden has long been a household word. With Herr v. Schuch conducting what we are tempted to call the finest orchestra in the world, with a cast which for all round excellence could hardly be excelled, it is no wonder that the enthusiasm aroused by Wagner's masterpiece is unbounded. Wonderful as the performance is as a whole, Herr Scheidemantel's *Hans Sachs* remains, as it has done any time these ten years, a vocal and histrionic triumph such as has seldom been equalled. He is everything that Wagner meant to convey to us. The essence of manliness, honesty, gentleness, broad-mindedness; a man "foursquare to all the winds that blow". His every gesture is a study, while on Thursday evening his voice remained vigorous and sonorous to the very end of an extraordinarily exacting rôle, and the glorious eulogy of German art with which the opera concludes has never been more finely sung. Proof as it is of Herr Scheidemantel's artistic versatility it is difficult to believe that this dignified, loveable *Hans Sachs* is being impersonated by the same individual who a night or so before was the volatile *Marcel* in *La Bohème*. Of the other performances in the "Meistersinger" none is more entirely in the picture than Herr Rüdiger's *David*, which for light-heartedness and boyishness is well-nigh unequalled. Granted that the costume is not one in which Herr Burrian looks his best, and indeed when from the top of the stairs in *Sachs'* room he sees *Eva*, he makes anything but a dignified appearance, his attitude like that of a London policeman stopping the traffic being absolutely comic, his singing of the *Preislied* and indeed throughout the opera was superb. Frau Nast has toned down her performance of *Eva*, she is less "skittish" and in consequence all the more acceptable. Herr Erwin shows a tendency to overact *Beckmesser*, which is a pity. Particularly in the opening scene of Act III, he clowns too much to our taste. The sextet which closes that scene was as magnificently sung as ever. The whole performance remains the best or at least one of the best of the many fine performances to be seen at the Dresden Opera.

During the recess one of the artists has slightly modified her name, Fräulein Schäfer having become by her recent marriage Frau Bender-Schäfer. Mr. E. Lankow is leaving Dresden, having accepted a more remunerative engagement at the Frankfurt Opera.

"Bühne und Welt", a play in 4 Acts by Frido Grelle will be performed this evening for the first time at the Central Theatre. Tomorrow there will be two performances. At 4 p.m. "Sherlock Holmes" will be given for the last time at reduced prices, while at 8 p.m. "Bühne und Welt" will be repeated. On Wednesday evening the summer season will close with a final performance of "Bühne und Welt".

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This evening's orchestral concert at the Royal Belvedere is the Benefit of the esteemed conductor Herr Willy Olsen. The programme—which contains very attractive selection from the compositions of Grieg, Tschai-kowsky, and Wagner—is as follows:—(1) Overture, "Im Herbst", Grieg; (2) Symphony No. 1 (Winterfreuden), II. and III. movement, Tschai-kowsky; (3) Tonbilder, "The Flying Dutchman", Wagner; (4) "1812", Overture solennelle, Tschai-kowsky; (5) Elizabeth's Prayer, "Tannhäuser", Wagner; (6) I. Suite from "Peer Gynt", Grieg; (7) Vorspiel und Isolde's Liebestod, "Tristan und Isolde", Wagner; (8) Capriccio Italien, Tschai-kowsky.

The programme of next Monday evening's concert will be:—(1) March, "Rückkehr der Fahnenkompagnie", Blon; (2) Overture, "Der Waffenschmied", Lortzing; (3) Andante from the "Paukenschlag", Symphony, Haydn; (4) Waltz, "Ballsirenen" Léhar; (5) Concert Overture, Rietz; (6) Intermezzo from the Ballet "Naila", Delibes; (7) Tonbilder, "Das Nachtlager in Granada", Kreutzer; (8) Overture, "Die Stumme von Portici", Auber; (9) Waltz, "Wenn die Liebe neu erwacht", Cremieux; (10) Erny Intermezzo, C. May; (11) Galop, "Windsbraut", Gundlach.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Jäger Battalion No. 13. The band plays about 12.20 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.

In the *Fundamt* of the *Königliche Polizeidirektion*, Schless Gasse 7, found articles—such as jewellery, gold or notes, purses, umbrellas, sticks, coats, clothing, bunches of keys &c.—which have been lost in the streets or squares or left in droschkes, and been given up, are kept.

The public are hereby informed of the arrangements of the *Fundamt*, and in particular that it is advisable to enquire for lost articles frequently within twelve months after the loss.

Finders of articles are reminded that they are compelled by law to give immediate notice of the finding of any article of the value of from three marks upwards, at the *Fundamt* or at the office of the Police district in which the finder resides.

It is urgently recommended that the loser of an article should make enquiry at the *Fundamt* personally, and not by a deputy who is insufficiently and perhaps not at all acquainted with the lost property.

Special lost property offices are established: for the tram-lines at Georg Platz 5; for the omnibuses at Werder Strasse 35 and at the Hauptbahnhof.

American Bar Lila Hölle.

Scheffel Strasse 32.
English Buffet.—Cocktails.—Flips.—English Cooking.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH.
Wiener Strasse.

Saturday, August 24th. *S. Bartholomew*. 8.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 9.0 a.m. Matins.
Sunday, August 25th. *XIII. Sunday after Trinity*. 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 m. d. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Litany.
Wednesday, August 28th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.
Friday, August 30th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN.
Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Sunday, August 25th. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.
The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winckelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister. Bernhard Strasse 2, I.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.
Minister Resident: *Mansfeldt de Cardonnel Findlay, Esq. C. M. G.*

THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.
British Consul: *H. Palmié, Esq.*

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p.
American Consul General: *T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.*

ROYAL BELVEDERE Grand Concert Daily

by the Royal Belvedere Orchestra, under the direction of Herr Kapellmeister Willy Olsen.



The Concerts begin on Week Days at 7.30 p. m.
on Sundays and holidays at 5 p. m.

Admission, at the door, 1 mark, or 50 pf. If the ticket is bought beforehand at any of the cigar-shops of the firm WOLF Prager Str. See Str. Post Platz. At the Bureau of the Royal Belvedere 10 tickets may be had for 3 marks, up to 6 p. m. Admission to the Side Terrace and Pavilion free.

C. A. Klemm, Augustus Strasse.
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Steinway pianos.

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Prager Strasse 50, I. High class, distinguished tea rooms.

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By appointment to the Saxon Court.
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Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German French and Latin.

A small number of resident pupils taken. German and French resident governesses.

Private instruction if desired.

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SENDIG-NURNBERG,	HOTEL
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30,000 Visitors, 90,000 Tourists.
Prospectus gratis from the Bürgermeisteramt.

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First class, splendid position in the midst of its own park.
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Moderate Prices.

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First class family Pension situated in the best and most central part of the town, close to the station. Large, airy rooms. Good cuisine. All home comforts. Electric light. Baths. Pension by the week or day. Moderate prices.
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J. J. Rupprecht sel. Sohn

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English cooking

Chambres séparés. Porter and ale.

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next See Str., newly opened! **American Bar.**

Winzerstuben, formerly Goldtröpfchen.
American drinks. Meals served à l'anglais.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

New York, August 23. The *Associated Press* announces that Mr. Root, who is suffering from over-work and physical exhaustion, has gone to a sanatorium at White Plain.

Tangier, August 23. It is rumoured that in consequence of disturbances which have broken out in Fez, all the Europeans have left the city.

Newcastle, August 23. The firm of Armstrong states that the report that they have received orders from the Russian Government for the construction of battle-ships to the value of nine millions sterling is untrue.

Paris, August 23. A note of the *Agence Havas* denies the report that differences of opinion have arisen between France and Spain with reference to an expedition into the interior of Morocco. The understandings between the Governments of Paris and Madrid has never been disturbed. France has never proposed any expedition into the interior of Morocco, nor has she wavered in her determination to undertake no such expedition.

Marseilles, August 23. The S. S. "Admiral", of the German East African line, arrived here today, having on board thirty fugitive Jews, Spaniards, and French from the Moroccan harbours.

Perth, West Australia, August 23. The Prime Minister has sent a telegram to the Federal Treasurer, Sir W. Lyne, in which he states that the West Australian Government regards with grave anxiety the effect of the new Customs tariff on the development of the State, since thereby the necessities of life are rendered considerably dearer. Local journals attack the new tariff, and some propose an alteration of the Constitution with a view to obtain financial self-government.

HONOURED THE WRONG MEN.

An amusing incident occurred in connection with the Esperanto Congress at Cambridge. The Legion of Frontiersmen, who are now in camp there, arranged a military tournament for the amusement of the visitors. Two officers of the French Army had signified their intention of being present, and all arrangements were made for their reception. Two foreign officers arrived, and as they were escorted to the enclosure to be presented to the mayor the band struck up the French national anthem. A few minutes later it became known that the officers were not Frenchmen. One of them came from Madrid and the other from the East Indies. When one of the French officers appeared later he was not in uniform, and the band, anxious to avoid another mistake, did not attempt a repetition of the French national anthem.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 22nd of August 1907.

Mr. and Mrs. Cross, Cincinnati, H. Stadt Berlin.
Mrs. A. Lichtner, Sydney, H. de France.
Mr. O. Schimmer, London, H. Stadt Görlitz.
Mrs. G. Wallis, Bridgefort, H. Stadt Gotha.
Mrs. E. Williams, Baltimore, H. Stadt Gotha.
Mrs. E. Streicklauer, Bridgefort, H. Stadt Gotha.
Mr. O. Berend, London, H. Ritterhof.
Mr. and Mrs. W. Wertsch, San Francisco, H. Sachs. Hof.
Mr. H. Staeps, Milwaukee, H. zum Schweizerkeller.
Mr. C. B. Brewster, New York, H. Weber.
Mr. M. Brewster, New York, H. Weber.
Mr. G. Brewster, New York, H. Weber.
Mrs. E. Comegys, Philadelphia, H. Weber.
Mrs. E. Comegys, Philadelphia, H. Weber.
Miss E. Comegys, Philadelphia, H. Weber.
Mrs. M. Bone, Neu-Seeland, P. Schadewell.
Mrs. F. R. Davis, Brooklyn, P. Schadewell.
Mrs. F. R. Turner, New York, P. Schadewell.