

In fact, Richard Mansfield was something of a tyrant. Even his leading ladies did not always have a happy time during their engagements, and had to suffer as other members of the company did from the severity of his criticisms. At the moment when they had to appear on the stage they would sometimes be reduced to the verge of tears.

At the same time, it must be said that Richard Mansfield never spared himself.

A FALSE ALARM.

NO CHOLERA IN HUNGARY.

A despatch from Buda Pesth states that the reports of Cholera having broken out in the Komitat Marmaros are untrue. The two cases reported from Alsosivo have proved to be dysentery and there have been no deaths. The Austrian Government has sent medical inspectors to the Russian frontier on account of the outbreak of Cholera in that country.

DEATH OF EDWARD GRIEG.

Edward Grieg died at Bergen at 3.30 a. m. yesterday. He had been staying at the Hotel Norge for some days and intended to go to Christiania on Tuesday. On that day, however, he felt so ill that he was taken to hospital, where he died. His wife was with him all night.

Edward Hagerup Grieg was born at Bergen, 15th June 1843. In spite of the fact that his family was of Scottish origin, Alexander Greig (*sic*) and his wife having emigrated from Fraserburgh to Norway more than a century ago, Grieg was the foremost and most typical representative of Scandinavian music. He visited England in 1888, 1891, 1894 and 1896, receiving the degree of Mus. D. from the University of Cambridge in 1894.

MONTE CARLO MURDER.

The Marseilles Court has received from the Monaco Court a copy of the marriage certificate of the Goolds, which proves indisputably that Marie Girodin is the lawful wife of Vere Goold, and that therefore she has lost her French nationality, and can be extradited.

If no instructions to the contrary are received from Paris the Public Prosecutor intends to close the affair by giving orders for the two prisoners to be handed over at once to the Monaco authorities.

THE STRIKE IN ANTWERP.

About 200 foreign labourers who arrived at Antwerp to replace the strikers were attacked by a mob upon leaving the railroad station. The police were obliged to make use of their weapons.

Antwerp, September 3.

The attacks upon the police continue. One policeman has been fatally injured by a stone thrown at his head. Some bales of cotton have been set on fire.

Antwerp, September 3. Later.

The unrest has continued until this evening; trucks are being continually attacked by the strikers. The police interfered several times and dispersed the crowds. At 6 o'clock they made an attack on the mob with drawn swords; a panic ensued. The Civic Guard was called out.

THE KING OF SPAIN.

NOT TO BE OPERATED UPON.

Paris, September 3.

Agence Havas reports from San Sebastian that the newspaper announcement that Dr. Moore of Bordeaux had arrived in San Sebastian in order to perform an operation on King Alfonso was untrue. The visit is said to be of a purely friendly nature and has been planned for a long time.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

SPEEDY JUSTICE.

Nikitenko, Sinjavski *alias* Purkin, and Naumoff, who on August 29 were condemned to be hung for the conspiracy against the life of the Czar, were executed on Tuesday.

THE CHOLERA.

The cholera conditions in Astrakhan, Samara, Kasan, Stawropol, Sysran and along the Volga are unchanged. There are five new cases in Novgorod. The danger of the spread of the plague by merchants coming from the Fair is very great.

THE KING OF SIAM.

A MUNIFICENT GIFT.

Homburg v. d. H., September 3.

The King of Siam presented a building for the newly bored spring which is to bear his name. The building is to be in a Siamese style of architecture.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE IN THE LOUVRE.

Paris, September 3.

A young girl today slashed with a pair of scissors the picture "Holy Mass in the Sixtine

Chapel" by Ingres. The pope and three of the cardinals had their eyes put out in the picture. Asked why she had done it, the girl said she wanted to be taken into custody.

Stringent measures will now be taken to prevent similar acts in the future.

G. WIRSING, American Dentist. Graduate of Medical College (Dental Department), Madison Strasse 10b, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 6987.

MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

ITEMS FROM THE PARIS NEWSPAPERS.

The *Matin* states that the situation in Morocco has been under discussion by the Ministry with reference to the effect of the withdrawal of the troops of the Maghzen and the activity of Raisuli. According to the same paper, a small Moroccan force made an attack on the Spanish camp on September 1st.

The *Colonial Dispatch* states that the Ministers for War and for the Colonies have conferred together with the result that a brigade of colonial troops and a native Sudanese rifle regiment formed from the reserves will be held in readiness for service in Morocco.

SERIOUS ENGAGEMENT.

On Sunday a French reconnoitering force left the camp at 1 p. m. and encountered the enemy at 3 p. m. After reinforcements had arrived great losses were inflicted upon the Moroccans; according to unconfirmed but trustworthy reports, the Mahalla of Taddert was dispersed. The French lost five men and one officer.

Hüttig's modern photo apparatus.

Dark-room free of charge. Expert attendance. Plates bought of the firm developed gratis.

Anton Profflich, Dresden, Marien Str. 15.

FRENCH ADMIRAL'S REPORT.

Admiral Philibert has made the following Report: Quiet prevails in Mazagan, the tribes thereabouts being only slightly interested in the present agitation. The negotiations of the officials of Mazagan and Casablanca with envoys from Muley Hafid still continue. A serious engagement took place near Casablanca. The Moroccans near Taddert and Mzab have been scattered. The warships "Gloire" and "Gueydon" took part in the fight, firing about 60 shots from guns of all calibers.

NEWS FROM FEZ.

London, September 4.

The *Daily Telegraph* reports from Casablanca: Letters from Fez bring the news that the Foreign Minister, the second representative of the Sultan in Tangier, Gassam, and the brothers Tazzi, have been murdered. The brothers Tazzi were accused of having been intent only on augmenting their own fortunes, and of having caused the ruin of the country.

Jubilee Dog Show

on Saturday the 7th and Sunday the 8th of Sept.



in the Exhibition Palace

Dog Races and Trials of Dogs trained to military and police service (pursuit of criminals, rescue of drowning persons, searching for the wounded &c.)

Military Concert from 4 to 10 p. m. in the Exhibition Park.

LETTERS FROM THE MAGHZEN.

Paris, September 3.

Le Temps hears from Tangier that two messengers of the Maghzen had arrived and brought three letters to El Torres with instructions to forward them, as quickly as possible, to Muley Hafid, to the Kaid Aissa ben Omar, and to the Kaid of the Anflus.

MULEY HAFID'S PROCLAMATION.

Paris, September 3.

The papers publish the text of Muley Hafid's proclamation which was read in the Mosques of Mazagan. It says that Mussulmans who regarded the occupation of Udjda as a joke worthy of derision had left their brothers without help; thus the enemy, when they came to know the weakness and impotence of the present Sultan who had given himself up to amusements, had taken possession of the great Moroccan port Casablanca, had driven out the inhabitants, and sent many ships to attack other ports. The enemy designed to possess himself of Fez and Marakesh. Muley

Hafid adds in the proclamation that he had yielded to the unanimous wish of the Mahomedans to call him to the Sultanate in order that he may protect their interests and drive the enemy into the sea, and had accepted their election. His flag had been welcomed with joy and his accession to the throne publicly proclaimed. He had prayed God to support him in carrying out the work laid upon him.

SPAIN TO SEND MORE TROOPS.

Paris, September 3.

The *Liberté* reports from Madrid that the Spanish Government, in pursuance of an agreement with France, had decided to occupy Tangier, Tetuan, Larrash, and Ksar el Kebir with troops, for the protection of the Europeans in those towns until the Moroccan police were fully organised.

LATER NEWS.

Tangier, September 4.

The tribe of Beni Tassen have declared themselves in favour of Muley Hafid, and threaten to attack and plunder Larash if his proclamation is not accepted.

Paris, September 4.

According to newspaper reports, the Ministerial Council has considered a proposal of Muley Hafid, made to General Drude, in which he undertakes to restore order if the Powers will recognize him as Sultan. Otherwise he would proclaim a holy war. The Ministerial Council has decided to apply to the Powers for advice, but to send the necessary reinforcements to General Drude in any case.

Cologne, September 4.

The correspondent of the *Kölnischer Zeitung* in Tangier telegraphed: No operations are planned against Casablanca. The new Bashaw of Marakesh, a brother of the influential Kaid of Glausa, is to lead an expedition, including artillery, against Fez.

Paris, September 4.

In the engagements on August 28 and September 1 the Moroccans are supposed to have lost 800 men.

MORE SERIOUS FIGHTING.

Casablanca, September 4.

A reconnoissance made yesterday afternoon beyond the chain of outposts led to a hot engagement with the tribes encamped in the surrounding country, who lost heavily. The loss on the French side was six killed and seventeen wounded. Among the killed were Major Prévost of the Foreign Legion and a Lieutenant of tirailleurs.

The Löwen-Apotheke founded 1560

On the Altmarkt corner Wilsdrufferstraße. Prescriptions made up by qualified Englishman. English and American specialties on stock

The Anglo-Saxon Pharmacy.

EARTHQUAKE SOMEWHERE.

The apparatus at the seismographic station at Hamburg registered an earthquake on September 2nd at 5.03 p. m., lasting four hours; the centre of the disturbance lies in a south-westerly direction at a distance of about 9,200 kilometers. The chief movement began at 5.40 p. m. The two greatest shocks, which from the extent of the deflections must have been very destructive, occurred at 5.44 and 5.53 p. m.; deflections of nearly 20 millimetres were registered. The earthquake ceased at 9 p. m.

Paris, September 4.

It is reported from Constantine, Algiers, that an earthquake destroyed many buildings, among them two mosques, in Porte Ben Irmame. A young girl was taken out dead from under the débris.

NEWS FROM TURKEY.

The Porte has received dispatches from Samos protesting against the deposition of Prince Karathodoris. The departure of the new prince, Georgiades, who was to leave on Tuesday, has been deferred.

MINE DISASTER.

Bochum, September 3.

At the Dannenbaum mine three miners were cut off by a caving-in of the shaft last night. During the rescue work a pipe was forced through the caved-in portion of the shaft by which communication was established with the imprisoned men. This afternoon the rescue was effected; the three men were uninjured.

American Bar Lila Hölle.

Scheffel Strasse 32.

English Buffet. Cocktails. Flips. English Cooking. English spoken.

BREWERS STRIKE.

Augsburg, September 3.

All the brewery men here struck because one brewery refused to negotiate with their employees.