

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

No 496.

DRESDEN, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1907.

10 PFENNIGS.

The First Daily Paper published in Germany
in English.

Office: Dresden, Steube Strasse 51
Telephone: 1755.

Subscription for Dresden and the whole of
Saxony and Austria:

1 mark a month.

THE KAISER'S VISIT TO ENGLAND.

London, September 19.

At today's meeting of the City of London Council, the Lord Mayor in the chair, a resolution was unanimously adopted, on the occasion of the German Emperor's visit to England to beg His Majesty's acceptance of the freedom of the City of London in a golden casket at the Guildhall. It was also resolved to decorate the streets through which the Emperor and Empress will drive on their way to the Guildhall. The reception at the Guildhall will be followed by a luncheon presided over by the new Lord Mayor.

MR. HALDANE ON THE VALUE OF SCIENCE.

Liverpool, September 20.

In a lecture delivered here yesterday the Minister of War, Mr. Haldane, spoke of the value of scientific ideas to Governments, and cited, as examples worthy to be followed in the turning to account of such ideas, the German Government, the German General Staff, and the treatment of the St. Gothard or tunnel sickness. Mr. Haldane expressed his opinion that it must be recognised that the Germans are more capable than the English of grasping general ideas.

THE MISSING CROWN JEWELS.

Freeman's Journal in Dublin reports having received information from London that the London authorities expect to have the crown-jewels which were stolen in Dublin castle restored to them in a few days. The seeming apathy of the police in the matter creates a good deal of comment. It is rumoured that three days after the discovery of the theft the police were instructed by the Home Office to make no attempt at recovery of the jewels.

VALUABLES STOLEN FROM A PEER'S MANSION.

Cromer, September 19.

Valuables, among them costly royal and imperial presents, belonging to Lady Suffield were stolen from Harbord House. There is no trace of the thieves.

THE VANCOUVER RIOTS.

DRASTIC MEASURES THREATENED IN VANCOUVER.

Victoria (B. C.), Tuesday.

The Vancouver Asiatic Exclusion League states that the Dominion Government will be allowed a reasonable period to pass a relieving measure in respect of Asiatic immigration, and that then the League will adopt drastic measures.

A special meeting will be called to arrange another parade to test the action of the authorities.

Branches of the league are being formed in the principal cities along the coast.

An International Convention of exclusionists will be held in Vancouver in October.

The Japanese bill for damages in the riots amounting to £1,500 has been sent to Ottawa.

ABROGATION OF TREATY DEMANDED.

Winnipeg, Tuesday.

The Trades and Labour Congress in session here today unanimously passed a resolution calling upon the Dominion Government to demand from Great Britain the abrogation, so far as Canada is concerned, of the Anglo-Japanese treaty under which Japanese are allowed to enter the Dominion.

The Congress complained that if Asiatic immigration into British Columbia continues white labour will soon be supplanted in the mines, fisheries, and lumber camps, and the province will ultimately be lost to the Confederation.

Letters from the Japanese immigration agent to an important colliery in British Columbia, offering

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to supply Japanese labour to supplant the white workers, were read, and caused great indignation. In the discussion which followed a strong feeling was expressed in favour of excluding all undesirable immigration.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

PREMIER TENDERS HIS RESIGNATION.

Perth (W.A.), September 18.

Owing to the rejection yesterday by the Legislative Council of the Land Tax Assessment Bill, the Premier has tendered his resignation to the Governor, who has refused to accept it under the circumstances. The Ministry is reconsidering the matter.

Later.

The Premier stated in the Legislative Assembly that his resignation had not been accepted, the Governor recognising that the Ministry commanded the Assembly's confidence. Parliament will be prorogued tomorrow, but will reassemble shortly. It is understood that the Land Tax Bill will be reintroduced.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

MR. ROOSEVELT AND A THIRD TERM.

New York, September 18.

A great stir has been caused in all political quarters by the announcement made by the Herald's Washington correspondent to the effect that President Roosevelt's friends admit that there is one conceivable circumstance which would induce him to accept nomination for another term.

It is rather curious that the point should be raised at this particular moment, when the Courts of Law are emphasising the undoubted fact that the President's policy of curbing irregular and illegal Trust business methods has been successful all along the line. There must be some political purpose in it, and that purpose cannot be friendly towards Mr. Roosevelt. It may be taken as certain that the question has not now been raised by any member of the Administration. The President and Cabinet are one in the opinion that Mr. Taft is the best man to unite the various sections of the Republican party, and thereby to secure the nomination at the National Convention next summer. That would give security for the continuance of the policy with which the name of



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ATLANTIC RECORDS.

Several of this morning's newspapers give prominence to reports to the effect that the Hamburg-America liner "Deutschland", which, of course, still holds the Atlantic record, is now on her way here, straining every nerve, so to speak, to place even a higher record to her credit. The local officials of the line will not admit that the big German is trying to do anything out of the way, but the general opinion is that the newspaper reports are about right. The "Deutschland" has a very large following here, and her admirers have made their voices felt even in the midst of the immense volume of praise that was raised over the "Lusitania's" first performance. They have maintained that the Cunarder's trip from Queens-town to New York cannot be regarded as a "maiden" voyage at all, seeing that while the "Deutschland" established her maiden record after undergoing only an ordinary trial trip, the "Lusitania" must have steamed not less than three thousand miles before she eventually started on her maiden voyage improperly so-called.

The Germans and their American supporters, therefore, maintain that the "Deutschland" still holds all the records that she has possessed for several years past, and they evidently expect that she will accomplish something surprising on her present trip. Meantime, the "Lusitania" undoubtedly holds the record as a show ship, for she has been boarded by thousands of enthusiastic visitors since her arrival last week.—*The Globe.*

MARK TWAIN AND THE "LUSITANIA."

New York, September 18.

There was enormous competition for the passes issued by the Cunard Company on Monday to inspect the "Lusitania", more than five thousand persons availing themselves of the opportunity.

Among the visitors were Mark Twain and Mr. Ralph Ashcroft, who were guests of Lieut. Robert B. Irving, of the Cunard Line.

Dr. Clemens evinced the keenest interest in everything he saw, and when the tour of inspection was concluded, drew a long breath, and said, "he guessed he'd have to tell Noah all about it when he met him."—*The Globe.*

HEAT WAVE IN NEW YORK.

New York, September 18.

The temperature in New York yesterday was 85 degrees. The air was close and oppressive, and three cases of prostration were reported from the hospitals. The heat wave seems likely to continue.

EARTHQUAKE IN CALIFORNIA.

Redlands, September 20.

A sharp shock of earthquake occurred here at 5.45 p. m. yesterday. No damage has as yet been reported.

THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY.

New York, September 19.

Mr. Tilford, the treasurer of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, has deposed that Mr. Rockefeller had owned 256,854 out of 972,500 shares of the Old Standard Oil Trust. The dissolution of the trust had begun in 1892 but was not finished in 1899. Mr. Rockefeller had received 80,173,445 dollars in dividends between 1899 and 1906 inclusive.

Evening Post states that Mr. Rogers, one of the principal shareholders in the S. O. C., had engaged himself to the extent of 40,000,000 dollars in the projected Tidewater Railway in Virginia, which is to run parallel to the Norfolk and Virginia line.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT IN MEXICO.

Mexico, September 20.

Near the station Encarnacion on the Mexico—El Paso line an express train collided with a goods

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train. 32 people are reported to have been killed and 83 severely injured. No details have been made officially known as yet.

UNREST IN THE ARGENTINES.

Buenos Ayres, September 19.
In accord with President Figueroa Alcorta the Chamber passed a Bill providing for the intervention of the Government in the province of Corrientes, which has been in a revolutionary state for more than a month. Sr. Labos, the Finance Minister, has resigned his post owing to differences of opinions.

ILLNESS OF THE GRAND DUKE OF BADEN.

We regret to announce the serious illness of the Grand Duke of Baden, the oldest reigning Prince in the German Empire. The bulletin published at Mainau on the 19th was as follows: "The illness of the Grand Duke consists in an inflammation of the bowels (colitis) which was at first painful and accompanied by fever. The condition of His Royal Highness has not materially improved up to today. The subjective condition is variable. The night's rest is frequently disturbed. The pulse in proportion to the temperature of the body is very rapid and irregular."

A bulletin issued at 11 p. m. on the same day as the above is of a graver character; it runs: "In the course of the forenoon today the condition of the Grand Duke appeared for a time to be trying to improve. In the afternoon there was a renewed increase of fever, and weakness set in which still continues. The Royal patient dozes a great deal. The pulse is weak, irregular, and very rapid."

G. WIRSING, American Dentist. Graduate of the Milwaukee Medical College (Dental Department).
Silesia Strasse 10 b, corner Prager Strasse. Tel.: 2052.

THE INTERNATIONAL MINERS' CONGRESS.

Salzburg, September 19.
The international Miners' Congress was engaged today with the question of the limitation of coal production, as to which the following resolution had been moved by the Belgian delegates: "Coal production shall be internationally regulated by the International Federation of Miners." The resolution was opposed by the delegates of North America and by some of the English delegates. The latter declared themselves opposed to the limitation of coal production and export, which would be obviously injurious for the workers; they would therefore vote against the resolution. On the question of mining legislation the British Federation of Miners had framed a resolution which runs: "We are of opinion that the laws as to the safety of work in mines can be much improved, and we bind ourselves constantly to press on the Governments of our respective countries the necessity of better laws that shall serve to increase the safety of the lives of workers in mines." The English delegate pointed out that the British Government had recognised the necessity of improving the laws for the protection of miners by the appointment of a Royal Commission, which included representatives of the British Federation of Miners. The Commission would shortly visit the Continent to study mining conditions there.

The Congress adopted a resolution moved by the German and Austrian delegates respecting the employment of children in mines, in the following terms: "The employment of children under 14 years of age in the mining industry shall be prohibited by law, as also the employment underground of young persons under 16 years."

The Belgian, as well as the German and Austrian delegates, voted for this resolution; the delegates of other countries abstained from voting, as they had no mandate on the question—the British delegates, in view of the fact that their school regulations practically exclude the employment of children under 14 years of age, and the delegates from North America with the remark that their annual Congress had already adopted the 16 years limit which had already become law in individual States.

On the question of the employment of women in mines a German delegate said that in Germany the employment of women in mining works was increasing instead of diminishing. An English delegate declared himself in favour of the abolition of female labour in mines, saying that a woman in mining work is socially in a worse position than women in other industries and that she is prevented from fulfilling her maternal duties. The following resolution was then adopted: "The employment of female workers in mining works shall be prohibited by law." On the question of the nationalisation of mines the delegates of almost all the countries represented expressed themselves in favour of nationalisation, as the State, although sometimes a worse employer than the private individual, would in any case put an end to private competition and prevent the working-out of mines to the point of entire exhaustion. The resolution moved by the German and Austrian delegates ran: "The nationalisation of mines is desirable, in order to ensure the profits of the working to the nation and to prevent all spoliation work in mining; but

the free right of coalition must be secured to the workers." Both resolutions were adopted. The resolution moved by France and Belgium stood thus: "The Congress is of opinion that mining rights shall not be granted to private persons. In the interests of the nations the mines shall be worked for the benefit of the working class and of the country."

RUSSIAN NEWS.

ANOTHER TRAIN ROBBERY.

Tambov, September 19.
A train in which two bank messengers were travelling was attacked last night by seven robbers. One messenger was robbed of 24,000, the other of 20,000 roubles. The accompanying police officer was slightly wounded. The robbers escaped.

THE NEW DUMA.

St. Petersburg, September 19.
Among the 560 confidence men elected in the Government of Moscow 3 are members of the Party of Real Russian People and 24 social democrats. Of the remainder 63 are members of the Right, 28 Monarchists, 341 Moderates, 96 are members of the Left, and 4 of the Extreme Left. 165 of them had been elected confidence-men for the elections for the second Duma.

BUBONIC PLAGUE ON THE SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

St. Petersburg, September 19.
A little girl three years old was taken to hospital at the station Manchurija on the Siberian Railway, suffering from bubonic plague.

THE MURDER OF HERR SILBERSTEIN. 800 MEN ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.

Lodz, September 19.
On suspicion of having murdered their employer, Herr Silberstein, all the workmen of his factory, some 800 men, were taken into custody.

A renewed strike has broken out in the spinning factories.

THE IMPERIAL YACHT "STANDART".

It is reported from Helsingfors that the Imperial Yacht "Standart", which ran on to a bank near Hangö, is afloat again.

MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

Mulai Amin, the Sultan's uncle, paid his respects to the French ambassador, M. Regnault, in Casablanca, and offered his services in the restoration of order.

Since the Sultan Abdul Asis' departure from Fez no unfavorable news has been received from there.

Le Temps reports from Fez that at the second halt on his journey to Rabat the Sultan Abdul Asis dismissed his Grand Vizier Gharit and appointed Ben Sliman in his stead. El Mokri, the Moroccan delegate at the Algeiras conference has been made Foreign Minister in Ben Sliman's place.

ALARMING REUTER REPORTS.

London, September 19.
Reuter reports from Mogador: The foreign consuls are of opinion that the French ships do not suffice for the protection of the Europeans and have therefore taken independent measures for the guarding of European settlements.

MULAI HAFID'S PROPOSAL.

London, September 19.
Mulai Hafid has sent despatches to the representatives of the Powers wherein he accepts all treaties and agreements contained in the Algeiras Act, at the same time demanding that the European Powers should desist from causing unrest in Casablanca and that the French troops be withdrawn from there. On the other hand he promises that the Shauja tribe shall be punished and peace with the French Government shall be restored.

MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

London, September 20.
The Tribune hears from Tangier that War Minister Gebbas will be succeeded by Ben Bagdadi. Mohamed El Torres has fallen into disfavour.

The same journal reports that the customs authorities in Tangier have received orders to send 50 cases of arms and 100,000 cartridges to Rabat.

LETTER FROM SIR H. MACLEAN.

Tangier, September 18.
A private letter received from Kaid Maclean states that he is well, but nothing is officially known regarding his release. The Sultan is expected to arrive at Rabat on Saturday. The last Europeans have now arrived from Fez. They are three Italian officers. They state that all was calm at Fez when they left.

THE MONTREUX BANK ROBBERY.

Lausanne, September 19.
The perpetrators of the murder of the cashier M. Guedel arrived here under a strong police escort. They have admitted their Russian nationality and declared they would make an open confession to the *procurateur général*. A large crowd had gathered in front of the police station and threatened violence to the murderers.

SIR A. CONAN DOYLE'S MARRIAGE.

A QUIET CEREMONY.

THE BRIDAL PAIR COMING TO DRESDEN.
Sir Arthur Conan Doyle was married last Wednesday afternoon to Miss Jean Leckie, daughter of Mr. James B. Leckie, of Blackheath, at St. Margaret's, Westminster.

The wedding was a very quiet one, says the *Evening Standard*, at the wish of both parties, the name of the church not being made public beforehand. The guests invited to St. Margaret's were either relations or old friends.

The Rev. C. Angell officiated, his son, Master Branford Angell, acting as page to the bride, who was also attended by Miss Lily Loder-Symonds and Miss Leslie Rose as bridesmaids.

Miss Leckie was given away by her father, while Sir Arthur's brother, Captain Innis Doyle, R. F. A., acted as best man.

Others present at the church were Mrs. Leckie (mother of the bride), Mrs. Doyle (mother of the bridegroom), Mr. P. Steuart Leckie, Dr. Malcolm Leckie, Mr. R. Durant Leckie, Colonel and Mrs. Wilmer White, Mrs. Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. Claxton, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hornung, Colonel and Mrs. Stratton Boulnois, and Mr. A. H. Wood.

MR. GEORGE EDALJI PRESENT.

At the reception given by Mrs. Leckie afterwards at the Whitehall Rooms a prominent figure was Mr. George Edalji, whose cause Sir Arthur has so ably championed. Sir Arthur's son and daughter, Miss Mary and Master Kingsley Doyle, were also present. Many authors and their wives came to the reception, too, including:—

Mr. and Mrs. Barrie, Mr. and Mrs. Jerome, Mr. and Mrs. Percy White, Mr. and Mrs. Coulson Kernahan, Major and Mrs. Philip Trevor, Major and Mrs. Arthur Griffiths, Mr. and Mrs. Burgin, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Barr, Mr. and Mrs. Bram Stoker, Mr. and Mrs. Frankfort Moore, Major and Mrs. Guggisberg, Mrs. Campbell Praeger, Mr. Morley Roberts, Mr. Frank Bullen, Mr. Max Pemberton and Mr. J. C. Snaith. Other well-known people to be seen were Sir Robert and Lady Cranston, Sir John Langman, Sir E. Brabrook, General and Mrs. Russell, Professor and Mrs. Churton Collins, and Mr. Adolf Tuck.

THE PRESENTS.

The presents, which numbered over one hundred, included some very fine jewellery given by Sir Arthur to his bride, the principal pieces being a diamond tiara and a diamond and emerald bracelet. The bride's gift to the bridegroom was a gold half-hunter watch.

The bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Leckie, gave a diamond pendant, a grand piano, and a cheque; Mrs. Doyle and Captain Doyle, Sir Arthur's mother and brother, a collection of valuable silver; Mr. Malcolm Leckie, a cheque; and Mr. and Mrs. Challis, a cheque.

Mr. Frank Bullen sent a painting of "The Cachalot," with a note that it gave him great pleasure to give Sir Arthur his best-prized possession. Mr. A. Twidle, who illustrated Sir Arthur's latest novel, "Sir Nigel," sent a painting by himself of the last scene in that book.

THE BORDER BURGHS GIFT.

Other gifts were as follows:—
Authors' Society, to its chairman, a pair of silver claret-jugs.
Mary and Kingsley Doyle, silver jewel-casket.
Mr. Max Pemberton, clock.
Mr. and Mrs. Claxton, dressing-case.
Mr. and Mrs. T. Henderson, silver tray and tea-service.
Mr. E. W. Hornung, gold-mounted writing-case.
Mr. A. P. Watt, silver standard lamp and candle-sticks.
Mr. George Edalji, Shakespeare's and Tennyson's works.
Professor and Mrs. Churton Collins, silver cigar-case.
Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Jerome, silver inkstand.
Sir Gilbert Parker, silver cigarette-case.
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Barr, writing-case.
Mr. Alfred Parsons, A.R.A., water-colour painting.
Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Money-Coutts, silver flask.
Mr. P. S. Leckie, diamond pendant.
Major and Mrs. A. Griffiths, old silver salt-cellar.
Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Barrie, pendant.
Mr. and Mrs. Coulson Kernahan, whisky decanter.

Sir Arthur is also to receive a present, the exact form of which is not yet settled, from the Conservatives of the Border Burghs, which constituency he contested at the last general election.

After the reception, Sir Arthur and Lady Conan Doyle left for the South Coast, en route for Paris and Dresden, where they will stay for a month or two months.

Oskar Giebler, Saddler

Dresden-A., Georg Platz No. 10
Special maker of first-class Saddlery and Harness.
Tourist requisites. Offenbach leather goods.

UNREST IN PERSIA.

Teheran, September 19.
In today's Parliamentary Sitting the Government was again sharply attacked on account of its inactivity in the matter of the boundary violations by Turkey. Influential Members announced their intention of calling upon the people to provide arms and outfit for a sufficiently strong force if by Saturday nothing had been done.

The suggestion to raise a volunteer corps was received with acclamation by several delegates of patriotic unions who were present at the sitting. The population of Asserbeidjan is very restive and the excitement is constantly growing.

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Yester prices, cautious tions "d although way Ser ment of in the Worker night. Why lived, e decision October the rea speculate tween n to be fluence "bulls" prices; "turn" knife" way Ser panies made b railway itself, a

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LONDON LETTERS.

(From our correspondent.)

THE RAILWAY CRISIS.

London, September 17.

Has the long predicted and often postponed Railway Crisis at last arrived? On Saturday it was confidently asserted by a Press Agency that the members of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, whose energetic secretary is Mr. Richard Bell, M.P., had resolved to organise a general strike.

This could not be true, for general strikes are never organised and announced like that, at a moment's notice, and the report was promptly contradicted. Nevertheless, Railway Stocks had already heavily declined on the Stock-Exchange by from 1 to 3 points.

That the said rumours emanated from "bear head-quarters" was, therefore, likely enough. Nor was this rendered less probable by the following paragraph from one of our market reports:

"Although the falls are severe, it is interesting to note that there has been no selling by genuine investors, the declines being mainly due to a precautionary marking down of prices by dealers in the market."

"Precautionary marking down of prices by dealers in the market" is a delicious way of putting it!

Yesterday there was a short-lived recovery in prices, mainly caused by repurchases of those cautious dealers who had "marked down" quotations "as a precaution", when it was found that, although there might be a general strike of Railway Servants later on, there was not an announcement of such a strike to be commenced forthwith in the speech of Mr. Richard Bell at the Railway Workers' Meeting in Manchester on Sunday night.

Why the recovery in Railway Stocks was short-lived, can be easily explained. It is true that a decision is only to be reached by the end of October next, but this is scarcely an advantage to the real holders of our Railway Shares, albeit speculators may benefit by the uncertainty. Between now and the end of October, there is sure to be all manner of rumours and reports to influence Stock-Exchange prices. One day a set of "bulls" will propagate "peace rumours" to raise prices; another day the "bears" will have a "turn" and declare that it is to be "war to the knife" between the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants and the great British Railway Companies who refuse not only to grant the demands made by that Society for its members and other railway servants, but also to recognise the Society itself, and negotiate through its Executive.

What has been called the Railway Workers "Charter", as promulgated last January at Birmingham, contains the following demands:

That ten hours be the maximum working day for all other classes of railwaymen, excepting plate-layers.

That no man be called out for duty with less than nine hours' rest.

That a minimum of rate and a quarter be paid for all time worked over the standard hours.

That a minimum of rate and a half be paid for all time worked between twelve midnight Saturday and twelve midnight Sunday.

That Christmas Day and Good Friday be regarded as Sundays.

That, independent of Sunday duty, a week's wages be guaranteed to all men whose conditions of service compel them to devote their whole time to the companies.

That an immediate advance of 2s. per week be given to all grades of railwaymen who do not receive the eight-hour day.

That all grades in the London districts be paid a minimum of 3s. per week above the wages paid in country districts.

That the system of working with only one man in motor cab be abolished on electric railways.

No doubt, if it were merely a question of bargaining about these terms, a "way out" might ultimately be found. But the real *cardo quaestionis* is the demand made by the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants to be recognised as a *bona fide* Trade Union, representing the Railway Workers of the U. K. in general.

Last February, in submitting the demand for recognition of their Union, the men said that

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 6, ending about 10.15

Siegfried.

Second day to the Trilogy: "Der Ring des Nibelungen." By Richard Wagner.

Cast:

Siegfried Herr Burrian.
The Wanderer Herr Perron.
Alberich Herr Plaschke.
Mime Herr Rüdiger.
Fafner Herr Rains.
Brünnhilde Frau Wittich.
Erda Frau Bender-Schäfer
Voice of the wood-birds Frau Nast.

PLOT. Some years have elapsed and Siegfried, the only son of Siegfunde, has been brought up in the forest by the dwarf Mime, Alberich's brother. He questions Mime, whom he instinctively hates, about his mother. The former gives him the fragments of Siegmund's sword, and Siegfried, bidding Mime weld them anew, rushes into the woods. Wotan, disguised as the Wanderer, appears and tells Mime that only he who has never known fear can forge the sword. Mime attempts to forge the sword himself but fails and Siegfried forges it himself, while Mime promises to teach him what fear is by taking him to the wood where Fafner is guarding the gold; at the same time Mime prepares a poisonous drink which he purposes to give to Siegfried when once the dragon is killed, that he may himself obtain the Ring. Wotan warns Fafner of Siegfried's approach. Siegfried arrives and kills the dragon, and in doing so gets a drop of its blood on his finger. Tasting it, he understands the language of the wood-bird, which tells him to seek for the Tarnhelm and the Ring, and warns him that Mime is going to try to poison him; Siegfried obtains the Ring and kills Mime. The bird then tells him of the sleeping Brünnhilde and he sets out to find her, preceded by the bird. Wotan in vain seeks counsel of Erda, the earth-mother, how to avert the impending doom of the Gods, and attempting to bar Siegfried's way with his spear, Siegfried shatters it with his sword, and Wotan retires to Walhalla to await the "Twilight of the Gods". Siegfried plunges through the fire and awakens Brünnhilde, who, discovering that he is Siegfunde's son, yields herself to him.
Composer: Richard Wagner, born 1813, died 1883.

Tomorrow, Sunday, at 7.30 p.m.

The Women of Fogaras.

Radloff & Böttcher
By appointment to the Royal Court of Saxony.
23 Waisenhaus Strasse 23
opposite Victoria Salon.
Special Linen House for Americans.

REPertoire OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

OPERA HOUSE.

Sunday, September 22nd: The Women of Fogaras. 7.30 p. m.

SCHAUSPIELHAUS.

Sunday 22nd: Die Nibelungen. 7 p. m.
Monday 23rd: Zriny. 7.30 p. m.

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ROYAL THEATRE.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending 10

Der Veilchenfresser.

Lustspiel in vier Akten von G. von Moser.

Cast:

Oberst von Rembach, Commandant einer Festung Herr Müller.
Valesca, dessen Tochter Fräul. Verden.
Sophie von Wildenheim, Witwe Frau Basté.
Frau von Berndt Fräul. Diacono.
Victor von Berndt, Husarenoffizier, ihr Neffe Herr Wierth.
Reinhardt von Feld, Referendarius Herr Gebühr.
Frau von Belling Frau Firle.
Herr von Golewsky Herr René.
Herr von Schlegel Herr Arnold.
Herr von Dorn Herr Walther.
Johann, Diener } bei Frau } Herr Taudien.
Minna, Kammerjungfer } von Berndt } Fräul. Schendler.
Diener des Obersten Herr Höhner.
Diener bei Frau von Wildenheim Herr v. Strauwitz.
Peter, Husar, Victor's Bursche Herr Tiller.
Erster } Unteroffizier Herr Fischer.
Zweiter } Herr Ricken.
Freiwillige Herr Melzer.
..... Herr Richter II.

Tomorrow, Sunday, at 7 p.m.

Die Nibelungen.

Hugo Borack

English spoken. Purveyor to the Court. English spoken.

4, See Strasse 4,

corner of Zahna Gasse.

Morley's and all other kinds of English Merino.

Woolen underwear.

Flannel shirts. Ladies' Jerseys.

Knitted Waists.

English and German knitted Goods.

Fast-colour black Hosiery for Ladies, Gentlemen and children.

Shawls, Shetland veils, Wool and Silk, Skirts, Caps, Felt Shoes and Slippers.

Novelties of the season.

probably the companies did not understand that the proposed deputation would be composed of men in their own employ, accompanied by the general secretary. Again, in July, they said that by the term "recognition" it was not proposed to interfere in any way with matters affecting discipline.

But with the exception of the North-Eastern, all the leading railway directorates have refused to recognise the Amalgamated Society in negotiations over hours or wages.

The attitude of the directors was clearly brought out at the recent meetings of the Companies' shareholders. In effect all the Directors resist the men's demands because, as they say:

Their men are not dissatisfied.
Grievances are always listened to.
The Trade Union is not discouraged.
Working expenses do not permit wholesale increases of wages.

It would be destructive of responsible railway control to allow the Trade Union to intervene.

What, it may be asked, is the strength of the army ranged under the banner of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants?

At the end of last year it was 53,407. Its accumulated funds then amounted to £305,491, which is an average of about £6 per head. The total, however, has substantially increased since this year, new members having joined in large

RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

Künstlerblut.

Operette in 2 Akten und 1 Vorspiel von Leon Stein und Carl Lindau.

Musik von Edmund Eysler.

Cast:

Tobias Blank, Pumpmaschinen-Fabrikant	Carl Knaack.
Alfred, sein Sohn	Ludwig v. d. Bruch.
Sillemann, Blank's Compagnon	Adolf Braunstein.
Bethulia, dessen Frau	Ida Kattner.
Mia, deren Tochter	Berta Menzel.
Franz Torelli, Komiker	am Leopoldstädter Theater
Nelly Leissner, Soubrette	Carl Friese.
Dr. Clusius, Untersuchungsrichter	Carl Wilhelm.
Major Leissner, Nelly's Vater	Alexander Olbrich.
Bradner, Alfred's Freunde	Bruno Bellmann.
Friedrichs	Emil Gähd.
Alfons Mayer	Alfred Schuricht.
Ada, seine Frau	Ninette Wolff.
Wendel, Bühnenportier	Ignaz Janda.
Rosa	Else Käppler.
Mary	Marie Wildmeyer.
Lilly	Hanny Baumgart.
Karla	Else Isold.
Adelheid	Charlotte Treuth.
Erster } Herr	Martin Riden.
Zweiter } Herr	Richard Maynusch.
Ältere Dame	Sophie Sander.
Jüngere Dame	Jenny Baumgarten.
Der Vater	Richard Hornuff.
Die Mutter	Cäcilie Weigel.
Ein 12jähriges Mädchen	Elisabeth Hohlfeld.
Erster } Stutzer	Hans Lynar.
Zweiter } Stutzer	Hans Füssler.
Jean, Diener bei Blank	Reinhold Barthel.
Käthe, bedientet bei Major Leissner	Cäcilie Weigel.
Anna, Nelly's Garderobiere	Ria Harth.
Erster } Theaterarbeiter	Hugo Hugolin.
Zweiter } Theaterarbeiter	Josef Bauer.
Ein Wagenrufer	Gustav Christ.

Tomorrow, Sunday, afternoon, at 3.30 p.m.

Der Bettelstudent.

At 7.30 p.m.

Gasparone.

numbers, and at the Trades Union Congress the strength of the Society was said to be over 100,000.

A month ago Mr. Bell, in an interview, dealt with the Companies' argument that the demands of the A.S.R.S. had not the support of the whole or even a large majority of the railway servants of the United Kingdom.

"That argument," said Mr. Bell, "proceeds upon the assumption that every person in the employment of a railway company is entitled to join the A.S.R.S. That is not the case. Out of 581,000 railway employes, considerably less than half are eligible for membership. The membership of our union is confined almost entirely to the men engaged in the manipulation of the traffic.

"Those who are entitled to join do not number more than 220,000, and our membership is over 100,000 strong.

"There is another point to be remembered," added Mr. Bell, "and that is that societies outside the A.S.R.S. which are directly concerned with the work of transportation are joining in this movement. There are large numbers of goods and cartage men in the Carmen's Union of London, Manchester, and other towns, the General Railway Workers' Union, and other kindred societies who are behind us."

Here are some figures which show the enormous material interests at stake. They are taken from an official return covering the year 1906, presented to both Houses of Parliament:

Length of railway lines open for traffic in the United Kingdom, 23,074 miles.
 Authorised capital £1,385,799,000.
 Paid up capital, £1,287,375,000.
 Number of passengers carried, exclusive of season-ticket holders, 1,240,333,000.
 Quantity of goods carried, 488,689,000 tons.
 Number of miles travelled by trains, 414,217,000.
 Gross receipts from passenger traffic and mails, £49,882,000.
 Gross receipts from goods traffic, £58,393,000.
 Total gross receipts, £117,242,000.
 Working expenditure, £72,837,000.
 Net receipts, £44,405,000.

It is obvious that, if it came to a real fight between the Railway Companies and Mr. Bell's Society, it would be both a prolonged and a fierce fight, involving many industries, hundredthousands of people, and causing enormous material losses, direct and indirect.

The fewest, however, anticipate such a dire and wholesale struggle. First of all, it is not at all certain that the majority of those participating in the coming strike ballot will vote for a general strike. Then, supposing a majority did vote for a general strike, there may be a strong minority against such a rash course, and that would settle the matter. Serious consequences are only to be feared in case of a unanimous vote, and this is scarcely likely to ensue.

Besides which, much may yet happen between the present time and the end of October in the direction of peace with honour on both sides.

LOCAL.

H. M. Friedrich August was present at the manoeuvres of the XII. Army corps nearly every day this week. On Monday last his horse being restive the King in mounting had a fall, happily without being hurt. He mounted again immediately and attended the manoeuvres to the end.

Mr. and Mrs. George Robert Ryan of Ireland have arrived in Dresden on a visit to Consul General and Mrs. St. John Gaffney and will spend some days motoring in Saxon Switzerland. Mrs. Ryan is the only sister of Mr. St. John Gaffney.

In a meeting on Thursday of the 79th Congress of Natural Scientists and Doctors it was decided to hold the next congress in Cologne in 1908.

The exhibition at the Exhibition Palace, Stübel Allee, in connection with this Congress, is open today and tomorrow from 8—12 a. m. and 2—6 p. m. and is well worth a visit. Entrance fee 1 mark.

The music at the Vespers service in the Kreuzkirche at 2 o'clock this afternoon will be as follows:

(1) Pièce heroïque, for organ, César Franck.
 (2) "Kommt zu mir alle", for bass solo, choir, and organ, from F. Draeseke's op. 60—"Christus. Ein Mysterium in einem Vorspiel und 3 Oratorien." (The second oratorio "Christus der Prophet", 1st part, No. 4, "Die Heilung des Gichtbrüchigen.") (3) Franz Liszt's "Angelus", arranged for organ by Fr. Volbach. (4) F. Draeseke's "Das Vaterunser", for bass solo, choir, and organ, from the mystery "Christus" op. 60 (second oratorio, 2nd part, No. 1). The performers will be the Kreuz Choir; the soloists Herr Victor Porth (bass), Herr Alfred Sittard, organist of the Kreuzkirche. Conductor, Herr Cantor und Musikdirektor Otto Richter.

In Emil Richter's window, Prager Strasse 13, is to be seen Max Klinger's newest work, "Epitha-

ROYAL BELVEDERE Grand Concert Daily

by the Royal Belvedere Orchestra, under the direction of Herr Kapellmeister Willy Olsen.



The Concerts begin on Week Days at 7.30 p. m.
on Sundays and holidays at 5 p. m.

Admission, at the door, 1 mark, or 50 pf. if the ticket is bought beforehand at any of the cigar-shops of the firm WOLF Prager Str. See Str. Post Platz. At the Bureau of the Royal Belvedere 10 tickets may be had for 3 marks, up to 6 p. m. Admission to the Side Terrace and Pavilion free.

Dresden Tea rooms, !! Newly opened !!
Prager Strasse 50, I. High class, distinguished tea rooms.

C. A. Klemm, Augustus Strasse.
Music Library, largest stock of Pianos for hire.
Steinway pianos.

Travelling Articles. Camillo Enterlein,
Waisenhaus Strasse 23.

Brühl & Guttentag. — Artistic needle work. —
Embroideries. Prager Str. 20.

Tickets for 5th series 152nd Royal Saxon Lottery.
To be drawn Oct. 2nd till 22nd.
Busch & Co.
Waisenhaus Strasse 25, opposite Victoria Salon.
Telephone 1754.

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German
French and Latin.

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French resident governesses.

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close to Hauptbahnhof.
Comfortable home, excellent board 4 marks a day. — English cooking.

MINIATURES.
Portraits on ivory from life
or photograph. H. M. Mist.
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Thorough English education.

Instruction in English or German.

Boarders received.

Private instruction if desired.

H. VIRGIN, M. A. Oxford. Gutzkow Strasse 19.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH.
Wiener Strasse.

Saturday, September 21st. S. Matthew A. E. and M.
8.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 9.0 a.m. Matins.

Sunday, September 22nd. XVII. Sunday after
Trinity. 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 m.d. Holy Com-
munion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0
p.m. Evensong and Litany.

Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN.
Reichsplatz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Sunday, September 22nd. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m.
Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. After-
noon Service and address 5.30 p.m.

The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse
and Winckelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at
11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the
month.—The Rev. J. Davis Bowden, Minister, Bern-
hard Strasse 2, I.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.
Minister Resident: Mansfeldt de Cardonnel Fin-
lay, Esq. C. M. G.

THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.
British Consul: H. Palmié, Esq.

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Am-
mon Strasse 2, p.

American Consul General: T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Light airs, clearing up, dry, fairly bright, light
frost on high ground.

lamia", which has just been published. This wonder-
ful work of the great Leipzig master, which Frau
Elsa Asenijeff has wreathed with a poem of equal
beauty comprises 16 engraved vignettes; the origi-
nal pen-drawings are for the most part in the
collection of engravings (Kupferstichkabinett) in the
Royal Dresden Gallery, in a folio ornamented by
the master's own drawings. The publication of
this work, which was announced long ago, will be
an inexhaustible source of enjoyment to the many
friends of the artist and is for the art world a
great event.

In the wrestling at the Central Theatre on
Thursday evening Pierrard, the French "Colossus"
and champion, overcame the Austrian champion
Randolfi in 9 minutes. The pair were well
matched in point of build and weight. Jackson,
the light weight champion of Scotland, had no
chance against the world-champion Bech-Olsen, of
Denmark, but made a good stand for 15 1/2 minutes.
The contest between the Servian giant Antonitch
and the finely built young Russian, Romanoff, was
undecided at the end of the half-hour allowed; the
Servian's methods provoked frequent protests
from the spectators but were declared by the re-
feree to be allowable.

The fixtures for this evening are: Romanoff,
Russia, v. Antonitch, Servia, who will wrestle to a
finish; Dirk v. d. Berg, Holland, v. Pierrard,
France; Schneider, Berlin, v. Sturm, Berlin;
Randolfi, Austria, v. Sauerer, Bavaria.

The programme of this evening's orchestral
concert at the Royal Belvedere will be as follows:
(1) Ouverture zur Oper "Das Glöckchen des Ere-
miten", Maillart; (2) Benedictus, Rost; (3) Mazurka
brillante, Liszt; (4) Introduction und Chor der
Friedensboten aus der Oper "Rienzi", Wagner;
(5) Beethoven-Ouverture, Lassen; (6) Ideale, Romanze,
Tosti; (7) Tonbilder aus der Oper "Der Troubadour"
(a. W.), Verdi; (8) Drei Orchesterstücke aus der
Musik zu "Sigurd Jorsalfar", Grieg; (9) Vergissmei-
nicht, Intermezzo, Maebeth; (10) Monte Christo-
Walzer, Kotlar; (11) Lebenswecker, Galopp, Coraggio.

In the *Fundamt* of the *Königliche Polizeidirektion*, Schiess Gasse 7, found articles—such as
jewellery, gold or notes, purses, umbrellas, sticks,
boas, clothing, bunches of keys &c.—which have
been lost in the streets or squares or left in
droeshkes, and been given up, are kept.

The public are hereby informed of the arrange-
ments of the *Fundamt*, and in particular that it
is advisable to enquire for lost articles frequently
within twelve months after the loss.

Finders of articles are reminded that they are
compelled by law to give immediate notice of the
finding of any article of the value of from three
marks upwards, at the *Fundamt* or at the office
of the Police district in which the finder resides.

It is urgently recommended that the loser of an
article should make enquiry at the *Fundamt* per-
sonally, and not by a deputy who is insufficiently
and perhaps not at all acquainted with the lost
property.

Special lost property offices are established:

for the tram-lines at Georg Platz 5;
for the omnibuses at Werder Strasse 35 and
at the Hauptbahnhof.

FIRE IN BERLIN: TWO LIVES LOST.

In a fire in the Lehrter Strasse two people were
suffocated, and fifteen seriously injured. The fire
broke out in a dwelling in which children had
been left without supervision; they played with
matches and so caused the disastrous fire. The
Emperor was very much shocked at the news and
sent the officer commanding the Castle guard to
make enquiries and a report.

CARD-SHARPERS ARRESTED IN SWITZERLAND.

SUPPOSED TO BE AMERICANS.

In a first class Hotel at Bern two American
card-sharpers were arrested just after they had re-
lieved a gentleman of 2,600 francs. The police
think they have secured two swindlers, who have
been "wanted" for years by the police of London,
Paris, Monte Carlo, and Ostende.

LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 20th of September 1907.

Prof. J. Ferguson, Glasgow, H. Stadt Berlin.
Miss G. Harrison, Reading, H. Hospiz.
Mr. G. Lawson, Atlanta, H. Palmengarten.
Mr. B. Walthour, Atlanta, H. Palmengarten.
Dr. and Mrs. Warden, California, P. Baumann-Riesel.
Dr. and Mrs. E. Snell, Coventry, P. Görnemann.