

# The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

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1 mark a month.

## MR. CAMPBELL BANNERMAN AND PEACE.

In a speech delivered at Dunfermline, Scotland, on Tuesday, Mr. Campbell Bannerman touched upon the foreign relations of Great Britain and said that the Government had always used their best efforts in the cause of peace, friendship and arbitration. The British people disclaimed all hostility and aggressive ideas. The agreement with Russia regarding Asiatic interests was in accordance with the policy of the Liberal party in the last 13 years; it would only promote peace and friendly feelings and moreover would save expense.

## TURBINE STEAMER FOR HARWICH—HOOK.

The first turbine steamer intended for the Harwich—Hook line was launched on Tuesday at Clydebank. She was named "Copenhagen", her speed is 20 knots, she is 343 feet long, 43 feet in breadth and is to carry 300 passengers.

## AMERICAN NEWS.

### THE FUTURE OF "WIRELESS."

New York, October 21.

Although the newspapers here are still giving plenty of space to eulogies of Mr. Marconi's latest achievements in the matter of trans-Atlantic radio telegraphy, says a *Globe* correspondent, they are not showing any marked disposition to abandon the cables as the means of carrying their news dispatches. The cables are speedy and sure, and owing to the absence of a Press rate for messages between this country and the wireless station in Canada, cablegrams continue to be cheaper than marconigrams. It yet remains to be seen whether the wireless transmission can be maintained for prolonged periods at high pressure, as in the case of the cables.

Nobody here doubts that Marconi's time will come in due course, but meantime the cable companies will, it is declared, continue to exist, and to pay dividends. That is certainly the opinion of the shrewd capitalists and business men who control the Commercial Cable Company and the allied organisation in this country, the Postal Telegraph Company, for they have just completed the laying of a new direct cable between New York and Cuba, on the expiration of the monopoly long enjoyed by the Western Union Cable Company. The new cable opens for ordinary public business today. Wireless communication between Cuba and the United States has been in existence for some time past, but this has not frightened the cable people from proceeding with their enterprise, which was projected several years ago.

So far as can be ascertained, no serious efforts have been made to reach a friendly understanding between the old order of things and the new, and so there is every prospect of a prolonged and bitter struggle between the cable companies and the wireless companies.

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## FINANCIAL CRISIS IN NEW YORK.

New York, October 22.

The bankers, brokers, and men of business, when they reached their offices early this morning, were prepared for any further development of the financial situation. Instead of the relief and satisfaction with which they commenced business yesterday, considerable nervousness set in today in consequence of the disclosures in the affairs of the Knickerbocker Trust Company. The reports current last night and published in this morning's newspapers to the effect that the National Bank of Commerce had declared that it would no longer act as the Agent of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, coupled with the retirement of Mr. Charles M. Bazney from the Presidency of that institution, contributed to disturb the general feeling even more than it had been disturbed last week by the Morse and Heinze incident. The very extensive business transactions of the Knickerbocker Trust Company, with its deposits of 60,000,000 dollars, gave to the changes that have taken place in the executive of that institution, a much more serious complexion than had resulted from the changes in the relatively small Morse-Heinze concern.

New York, October 22.

According to its latest settlement for the Knickerbocker Trust Company, the debit of the National Bank of Commerce at the Clearing House amounts to 7,000,000 dollars.



## Peters-Furs

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New York October 22.

A run on the chief office and some of the branch offices of the Knickerbocker Trust Company began this morning. Among the crowd who pressed to withdraw their money were many women. As the run had been foreseen, an increased number of cashiers were on duty, to pay out the money as fast as it was demanded. At the branch office in the Bronx quarter of the city, the arrival of two waggon loads of specie had a tranquillizing effect on a portion of the waiting crowd.

New York, October 22.

The Knickerbocker Trust Company stopped payment to their deposit creditors at 12.30 p.m. The second vice-president announced that the Company could get no more coin that day but that it was perfectly solvent, and would resume payments tomorrow.

New York, October 22.

When the Knickerbocker Trust Company stopped payment for the day, the creditors who were waiting, about 300 in number, became immensely excited and refused to leave the bank. In the branch office in the Harlem quarter, the crowd of creditors insisted so energetically on getting their money, that the police had to be called in to clear the premises.

New York, October 22.

The secretary of the Treasury has authorized the distribution of 6,000,000 dollars among the leading National banks in New York, as Government deposits.

New York, October 23.

After a conference with representatives of the most important local Banks Mr. Cortelyou, Secretary of the Treasury, stated that the treasury would apply its resources to supporting legitimate business interests, in every possible way, and that its measures would be prompt and thorough. After the conference it became known that the Knickerbocker Trust was hopelessly insolvent and that it would receive no support. It transpired further that the Trust Company of America had asked for support which had been most liberally promised. In the opinion of the assembled bankers the situation of Wall Street has improved and no further difficulties are expected; those Trust Companies which yet would need support would be assisted.

## PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ON THE CRISIS.

In a speech delivered at Nashville, Tennessee, on Tuesday, President Roosevelt declared that his policy could not in any way be made responsible for the crisis in Wall-street. All he had done had had for its object the exposure of wrong-doing. He could not be made to answer for the consequences in individual cases. His determination was to adhere strictly to his policy during the remaining sixteen months of his presidency.

## THE AUSTRIAN EMPEROR.

An official statement by the Lord Chamberlain was published yesterday. We are glad to say it confirms the favourable reports as to the condition of his Majesty's health. According to this statement the Emperor has been a victim to an attack of infectious bronchitis accompanied by fever. Tuesday was the fifth day that the patient had no fever, and as the appetite and the strength are satisfactory, and the catarrh is abating, it may be assumed that the Emperor is reconvalescent unless unforeseen complications should arise.

## THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

Before leaving the Hague Mr. Nelidoff, the president of the Conference just closed, sent a telegram to Queen Wilhelmina who is staying at Dobbin in Mecklenburg. In reply Her Majesty telegraphed:

The Finest Habana Cigars, English cigarettes and tobacco. L. Woll, Prager Str. 48.

"I thank your Excellency and the other delegates for the telegram just received. I was very glad, indeed, to have the second peace conference assemble in my Residence, and I again assure you, that it will be a great pleasure to me to be able to extend a hospitable reception to future conferences."

#### VIENNA TO BUDA PESTH BY ELECTRICITY.

A Hamburg banker and a representative of the Dresdner Bank submitted a new project for an electric railway between Buda Pesth and Vienna to the Hungarian Minister of Commerce. The project, which provides for an expenditure of 200 million marks, is to be financed by several German banks.

**H. Wirsing, Zahnarzt.** Sidonien Strasse 10b, corner Prager Strasse.  
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#### NEWS FROM FRANCE.

##### ARTIFICIAL DIAMONDS AT THE ACADEMIE DES SCIENCES.

At Monday's sitting of the *académie des sciences* M. Lapparente, the permanent secretary, exhibited various crystals produced by means of an electro-chemical process by the chemist M. Charette, which appear to have all the properties of a diamond. The Academy commissioned two of its members to examine these specimens both chemically and mineralogically.

##### THE PLAGUE IN DUNQUERQUE.

The medical officer of the port has pronounced two sailors on the S.S. "Provencia" from Tunis to be suffering from plague. All the other sailors as well as the men engaged in unloading the ship have been inoculated with anti-plague serum.

##### THE FRENCH DIRIGIBLE BALLOON.

The French dirigible airship "Patrie," which has been considerably enlarged, made an ascent on Tuesday in calm weather, lasting two hours and a half. The ship travelled from Meudon to Paris, and carried eight people.

**The International Pharmacy**  
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#### MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

##### SPANISH EMBASSY TO BE RECEIVED BY ABDUL ASIZ.

The Spanish Minister of Marine has given orders for the battleship "Pelayo", at present lying at Cadiz, to proceed to Tangier on October 25, there to take on board the Spanish Embassy and to convey them to Rabat as soon as the Sultan will make arrangements to receive them.

##### MULAI HAFID'S AGENTS ON A WILD GOOSE CHASE.

The two agents of Muli Hafid left the Hague for London on Tuesday. They had hoped to meet some of the chief delegates to the Conference at the Hague, but were disappointed.

##### THE ALGECIRAS ACT HOLDS GOOD.

At a Ministerial Council in Paris on Tuesday M. Pichon, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, stated that France and Spain were perfectly agreed; both countries would adopt measures in common for the suppression of smuggling of arms into Morocco, and would issue identical circulars to the signatory Powers, proposing the appointment of an international commission for the examination of claims for compensation in respect to losses at Casablanca. M. Pichon further reported on the Conference of M. Regnault, the French Ambassador, with the Sultan Abdul Asiz.

Paris, October 22.

At a committee meeting of the Chamber M. Pichon stated that the relations of France to all Powers were entirely what could be wished. The French Government recognised only Abdul Asiz as Sultan. The Representatives of France, M. Regnault, General Liautey and Admiral Philibert had met the Sultan, and France had secured considerable advantages in respect to the Algerian frontier.

## American Bar Lila Hölle.

Scheffel Strasse 32.  
English Buffet. Cocktails. Flips. English Cooking. English spoken.

Madrid, October 22.

The Minister of State declared in the Senate that both Spain and France had instructed their consuls to recognize Abdul Asiz only. Señor Sanchez Roman, Liberal, who was Minister of State during the

Algeciras Conference, intends to interpellate the Government in respect to Spain's policy in Morocco. The Minister, however, requested him to postpone his interpellation until after the publication of the red book. In reply to a question he stated that the impossibility of recruiting natives had been the only cause of the international police not being organised. Spain had sent a military force which was no larger than the native police which was to be formed.

Owing to dissolution of partnership

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#### RUSSIAN NEWS.

##### THE EARTHQUAKES.

A rather violent earthquake was felt on Monday morning in the Transcaspien district; the earth cracked. In the evening several shocks, less severe, were felt.

Samarkand, October 22.

Slight shocks of earthquake were felt here last night at 10.45 and 11, and at 5 this morning.

##### REVENGE FOR PARTY DISLOYALTY.

While two young men were sitting in a restaurant at Warsaw on Tuesday afternoon, four men entered, shot the two dead without a word and fled. The men killed had formerly belonged to the revolutionary faction of the Polish Socialist party, but had lately taken service with the political police and had betrayed some of their former comrades.

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##### INNOCENT VICTIMS OF MILITARY PATROL SEVEN PEOPLE KILLED IN THE STREET.

On Tuesday night a military patrol met five suspicious looking men in Kladowa street at Lodz and called out to them: "Hands up." As the five fled, however, the patrol fired, but instead of hitting the men they killed seven passers-by, three women and four men. The firing caused a terrible panic in the neighbouring streets.

##### JEALOUSY AND REVENGE.

As the widow of a carpenter was tending the grave of her husband, whose second wife she had been, the man's first wife, whom he had divorced, appeared and fired several shots at her, wounding her severely but not fatally. Jealousy and revenge were the motives; the second wife had urged the divorce.

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#### CHURCH SERVICES.

##### ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH. Wiener Strasse.

Friday, October 25th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.  
5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.

Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.,  
Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

##### PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winckelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. Prof. D. W. Simon, D.D., will conduct the Services until further notice.

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#### MR. TAFT AND THE JAPANESE QUESTION.

There is a certain irony in the fact that the Secretary of War, the most active member of President Roosevelt's official family, as the Cabinet is familiarly termed, has to do almost exclusively with peace matters. He is an angel of peace in the truest sense of the word, and has practically but little time for the study of the handiwork of war, so much is his attention taken up by peaceful missions. When the temper of the Cubans was inflamed a little while ago, Mr. Taft was sent by the President to the Pearl of the Antilles to restore order. And that mission of his was crowned with the highest success; his fame as an angel of peace in Cuba cannot be dimmed by the circumstance that the Cubans now and again feel some inclination for revolution. But, in the case of the little revolutions in Cuba of late years, one cannot rid oneself of the suspicion that they are got up in business circles, in order to bring about the permanent occupation of the island by the United States, since those circles feel that their interests are much better assured under an American protectorate than under Cuban autonomy. For the present, however, the American Government has absolutely no wish to burden itself with another "white elephant" by taking charge of Cuba; it has enough to do at this moment with the Philippines.

Much more important than the American War Minister's Cuban mission was his peace mission to Japan. In spite of the assurances that Mr. Taft's visit to Japan would bear no official character, it was from the first assumed that he would have important conferences with the Japanese statesmen on the subject of the Japanese question in America. That assumption has been more than confirmed by the speech which Mr. Taft delivered at Tokio. He spoke as the direct mouth-piece of President Roosevelt, and one can hardly be mistaken in concluding that his mission in Japan was always regarded in Washington as the most important part of his tour. From that mission the intimate personal relations existing between the President and the Secretary of War are evident anew, and the hearty reception given to Mr. Taft by the people and the Emperor of Japan was no doubt given to him as Mr. Roosevelt's follower. The Japanese mission, as is plain from the Tokio reports, was a thorough success and, so far as diplomacy and official assurances of friendship are taken into account, the reports of a war being imminent between Japan and America are but a phantom. It has already been pointed out that Japan has no objection to offer, and cannot object, to Uncle Sam's sending his Atlantic Fleet into the waters of the Pacific Ocean. The reports from Tokio are unanimous that Mr. Taft has not discussed this question officially with any of the Japanese Ministers, inasmuch as it is regarded as a purely American question.

Nevertheless, the black prophecies in which some of the United States journals indulge, especially the New York Sun, as to the despatch of the Atlantic Fleet, are sufficiently striking. The Sun is firmly convinced that, by the sending of the fleet, President Roosevelt wishes to conjure up a war with Japan. The dark forebodings of the Sun were favourably received in London. The Sun was formerly the exponent of American Jingoism; but the journal has now turned completely round, otherwise it would have been more pleased with the despatch of the Fleet. Its frequent violent attacks on the President and its opposition to the fleet being sent are, however, to be explained by the fact that the Sun is now controlled by certain Wall-street magnates who are not at one with the President in his Trust policy, and who take every opportunity of picking holes in his coat. The despatch of the fleet gives these gentlemen a fine opportunity. The opposition of the Sun now appears in an entirely different light. At first quite a number of the newspapers pronounced the sending of the Fleet under present circumstances to be an imprudent step, but they were not led into making such attacks on the President as appeared in the Sun and a few other journals.

It might appear remarkable that, at the very time when Mr. Taft was talking, in Tokio, of the friendly sentiments entertained by Americans for Japan, President Roosevelt, in a series of speeches, was strongly insisting on the necessity of increasing the Naval power of the United States; and attempts were not wanting to connect that object with the Japanese question. But it should be remembered: first, that the President has always advocated the strengthening of the fleet, as a necessity for the due protection of the long stretch of American coast; and secondly, that the speeches referred to had been prepared at Oyster Bay some time before. The President's treatment of the Japanese question—in which, as will be remembered, he laid no little blame on the State of California—has so far given no reason for the supposition that, while he was energetically urging the strengthening of the American Navy, he had any particular foreign country in mind. He certainly takes up the position that America should at all times be armed, and to that doctrine he has repeatedly given expression.

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## Gewerbehaus Orchestral Concerts.

Conductor: Herr Kapellmeister Olsen.

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### LOCAL.

The I. Philharmonic Concert. That the compilation of the programme is one of the chief difficulties of a concert, every concert-giver knows; and, in order to secure perfect uniformity of style in the series of numbers, concert-givers have of late been glad to take advantage of the rule of producing the works of one composer only at a single concert. But happily a beginning has been made in perceiving that such rigorous strictness tends to degenerate into an aimless sport if it is made the rule, and programmes so "purified" are reserved for memorial ceremonies. Mr. Frederick Lamond, who enjoys a world-wide reputation as an unsurpassed Beethoven player, is aware of that, and, as this first Philharmonic Concert fell on the 96th anniversary of Franz Liszt's birth, he played none but compositions of that grand master of the pianist's art. But he is not the right man for Liszt's "virtuosity," he is too distinguished a musician to wish merely to shine as a flashy virtuoso. His unfailingly sure and perfectly balanced technique is not meant to be paraded for itself alone; and showy technique, as such, is just what Liszt's E-flat Concerto requires—a work, the not very deep substratum of which only forms the musical foundation for sparkling fire works of stupendous virtuoso skill. But in this creation of his we see—more almost than in the dazzling virtuoso effects in which Liszt indulges in his Rhapsodies, or in the Schubert works which he delighted, not in the best taste, in "touching up"—what unheard-of innovations he introduced into pianoforte composition, with what amazing "diabolical" dexterity of hand and finger he enriched the art of the pianoforte-player. Mr. Lamond did well, therefore, to choose for this Liszt anniversary just such works as show in so exceedingly demonstrative a manner the enormous progress in the technical culture of the virtuoso which Liszt inaugurated and accomplished. The public applauded the excellent pianist very warmly, but not with that spontaneous enthusiasm which the wonderfully artistic interpretations of Mr. Lamond are wont under other circumstances to call forth. The uniformity of the programme, however, which Mr. Lamond had intended, was sorely marred by the performances of the famous Munich baritone Herr Fritz Feinhals, who sought to win the favour of the Dresden public by singing the "Heiling" Aria by Marschner and the Scene and

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Proprietor **Karl Günzel.** 1 minute from the Postplatz.

air "Erhebe dich" from Verdi's "Ballo della Maschera". That object was not in very good taste, being contrary to the spirit of the occasion; nor was it wise, since here in Dresden, of all places, Herren Perron and Scheidemann are resident, the artists par excellence whose world-renowned masterly interpretations of these pieces are unsurpassable. The grand voice of Herr Feinhals, with its magnificent timbre, although it shines in youthful vigour, cannot compel success of itself. Above all he lacks depth of conception, and exhaustive creative power. The voice, moreover, is too unwieldy and not sufficiently capable of modulation to accommodate itself to all the delicate shades of ever-changing expression. Under these disadvantages the song numbers suffered specially, inasmuch as their poetic sense was not fully brought out, in spite of the admirable assistance which Herr Pretzsch rendered at the pianoforte. Herr Olsen has remodelled his orchestra to such advantage and has gathered round him such a band of efficient artists, that the orchestral refinements of the Overture of Schubert's forgotten opera "Alfonso und Estrella" were easily exhibited, so making of this piece quite a special treat. With this "renovated" and reliable orchestra Herr Olsen was able also to accompany the soloists far better than in former years, and it was only occasionally that one had a painful impression that accompaniments are not Herr Olsen's strong point.

Dr. Max Neuhaus.

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending 10

### The Women of Fogaras.

Comic opera in 3 acts by Victor Léon.  
Music by Alfred Grünfeld.

#### Cast:

King Matthias	Herr Sembach.
Michael of Orszagh, peer of the realm	Herr Puttlitz.
Magdala, Countess Honay	Frau Nast.
Paul Rosto, Gespan of Fogaras	Herr Nebuschka.
Augustin Paradeyzer, a student	Herr Rüdiger.
Marjanka, maid to the Countess	Fräul. v. d. Osten.
Verona, goose-herd	Frau Wedekind.
Boriska	Fräul. v. Chavanne.
Mariška	Frau Lehmann I.
Gisza	Fräul. Olbrich.
Sari	Frau Wenzel.
Anuska	Frau Scheer.
Juliska	Fräul. Reinel.
Bathory	Herr Büssel.
Kosztia	Herr Lindner.
Roszyonyi	Herr Engelhardt.
Kaniszay	Herr Piehler.
Mujko, the King's cook	Herr Scheidemann.
Szobor, gipsy leader	Herr Erl.
A Warder	Herr Seiler.
A Notary	Herr Hahn.
A Captain	Herr Ernst.

**PLOT.** The women of Fogaras lament the absence of their fathers, brothers and husbands, who have been either captured or slain in war in the service of King Matthias of Hungary. They have asked Paul Rosto, Gespan (Governor) of Fogaras, to apply to the King for men, and he has done so, as Augustin Paradeyzer, the schoolmaster, assures them. The King has promised to send men, but wants first to see three samples of Fogaras women:—one with black hair, one with brown hair, and one a blonde. The Governor finds great difficulty in selecting good samples, when Countess Magdala Honay, the possessor of black hair, with her maid Marjanka, a brunette, arrives, and both offer their services, the blonde being found in a little goose-herd girl named Verona. The young King is in love with the Countess. On arrival at his Court the representatives of Fogaras find the King impersonated by the cook, and the cook by the King. The real King and the Countess recognise each other and are united, not a day too soon to comply with the law of the country that, unless married at the age of 25, the King must abdicate.

Composer: Alfred Grünfeld, born 1862.

Tomorrow, Friday, at 7 p.m.  
Figaros Hochzeit.



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## ROYAL THEATRE.

### NEUSTADT.

This evening, beginning at 7, ending after 10

### Die Nibelungen.

Ein deutsches Trauerspiel von Friedrich Hebbel.

#### I. Abteilung:

Der gehörnte Siegfried.  
Vorspiel in einem Act.

#### Cast:

König Gunther	Herr Wierth.
Hagen Tronje	Herr Mehnert.
Dankwart, dessen Bruder	Herr Dettmer.
Volker, der Spielmann	Herr Wahlberg.
Giselher, } Brüder des Königs	Herr Gebühr.
Gereon, }	Herr Jubelsky.
Siegfried	Herr Wierke.
Ute, die Witwe König Dankwart's	Fräul. Ulrich.
Kriemhild, ihre Tochter	Fräul. Tressnitz.

#### II. Abteilung:

Siegfried's Tod.  
Trauerspiel in fünf Acten.

#### Cast:

König Gunther	Herr Wierth.
Hagen Tronje	Herr Mehnert.
Dankwart	Herr Dettmer.
Volker	Herr Wahlberg.
Giselher	Herr Gebühr.
Gereon	Herr Jubelsky.
Wulf, } Recken	Herr P. Neumann.
Truchs, }	Herr Gunz.
Rumolt, der Küchenmeister	Herr Bauer.
Siegfried	Herr Wierke.
Ute	Fräul. Ulrich.
Kriemhild	Fräul. Tressnitz.
Brunhild, Königin von Isenland	Frau Salbach.
Frigga, ihre Amme	Fräul. Lissl.
Der Kaplan	Herr Höhner.
Ein Kämmerer	Herr Walther.

Tomorrow, Friday, at 7.30 p.m.  
Geographie und Liebe.

Dr. Ludwig Wüllner, whose song recital is fixed for Saturday evening next, 7 o'clock, at the Palmengarten, will sing: Beethoven's "Adelaide"; Schubert's "Die schöne Müllerin"; Löwe's "Die Lauer", "Der getreue Eckart", and "Hochzeitslied". At the pianoforte Herr Conrad V. Bos.

The programme of this evening's orchestral concert at the Gewerbehaus will be as follows:—  
(1) Fest-Ouverture, Lassen; (2) Minnelied Markgraf Heinrichs des Erlauchten (1245), Becker; (3) Konzert für Flöte mit Orchester in F-Moll; 1. Satz: Andante, 2. Satz: Allegro, Büchner; (4) Suite International (1. Mal), Tschakowsky; (5) Einzug der Götter in Walhall aus dem Musikdrama "Die Walküre", Wagner; (6) Carmen-Fantasie für Violine mit Orchester, Hubay; (7) Tonbilder aus der Oper "Die lustigen Weiber von Windsor", Nicolai; (8) Ouverture zur Operette "Der Bettelstudent", Millöcker; (9) Scene und Valse du Ballet "Gretchen Green" (1. Mal), Guiraud; (10) Die Nebensonnen, Lied, Schubert; (11) Mit klingendem Spiel, Marsch, Forwerk.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Grenadier Regiment No. 101. The band plays in the Neustadt about 12.30 p.m.

## REPertoire OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

### OPERA HOUSE.

Saturday: Fra Diavolo. 7.30 p.m.  
Sunday, October 27th: Oberon. 7 p.m.

### SCHAUSPIELHAUS.

Saturday: Weh dem, der lügt. 7.30 p.m.  
Sunday, October 27th: College Crampton. 7.30 p.m.  
Monday, October 28th: Der Raub der Sabinerinnen. 7.30 p.m.

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## RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This evening, at 7.30 p.m.

### Fräulein Josette — meine Frau.

Lustspiel in 4 Acten von Paul Gavault und Robert Charvey.  
Deutsch von Max Schoenau.

#### Cast:

André Ternay	Carl Witt.
Théodore Panard	Carl Friese.
Dupré	Ignaz Janda.
Madame Dupré	Ernest Münchheim.
Josette	Gertrud Niehl.
Myrienne	Helene Borchardt.
Totoche	Elisabeth Mödinger.
Jalavert	Alexander Olbrich.
Aristide Valorbier	Reinhold Bauer.
Saint Assises	Emil Gähd.
Madame Saint Assises	Herta Hartmann.
Joe Jackson	Robert Hellwig.
Pitolet	Carl Wilhelm.
Urbain	Carl Knaack.
Léontine	Mascha Kerkoff.
Marie	Käte Wartmann.
Oberkellner	Adolf Braunstein.
Portier	Hans Devil.

Tomorrow, Friday, at 7.30 p.m.  
Der Zigeunerbaron.

## Perfumes

Georg Häntzschel

2, Struve Strasse 2.

## LATEST ARRIVALS IN DRESDEN

up to the 23rd of October 1907.

Mr. C. Hill, Mühlhausen, H. Royal.  
Miss R. Smith, Berlin, H. zum Schweizerkeller.  
Mr. A. Sachse, New York, H. Sachsenhof.  
Miss F. S. Schermerhorn, New York, P. Fricke.  
Miss R. W. Levick, Philadelphia, P. Fricke.  
Mrs. A. R. Posford, Felxtown, P. Schadowell.  
Miss B. Posford, Felxtown, P. Schadowell.  
Miss M. Posford, Felxtown, P. Schadowell.  
Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Robertson, Victoria, P. Schadowell.  
Miss L. Robertson, Victoria, P. Schadowell.  
Miss F. Robertson, Victoria, P. Schadowell.  
Miss L. Robertson, Victoria, P. Schadowell.  
Mr. E. M. Crowe, Cheltenham, P. Schadowell.

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### LONDON LETTER.

(From our correspondent.)

London, October 21.

Considering the wide range of subjects discussed by contemporary writers, it is rather surprising that no one seems to have dwelt upon the pronounced modern tendency to exist subterraneously. The metropolitan resident may aptly be described as a creature of the underworld. Consider the diurnal modus vivendi of the London worker. He breakfasts in a stuffy chamber, usually situated well below street level; traverses the few hundred yards between his abode and the adjacent "tube" or "underground" station, and is whirled through a marvellous maze of tunnels to the scene of his labours in Tom Tiddler's ground. His office, if not actually a furnished cellar, is probably hemmed in on all sides by dingy walls, so that for the air and sunlight, that cannot penetrate the gloom, are substituted the motor fan and electric lamps. At midday our toiler wends his way through dark and devious byways towards his favourite coffee house, where, if he be a smoker, he is once more relegated to the depths, and eats his indigestible lunch in an atmosphere resembling that of an Egyptian sepulchre. At the evening hour, he again travels through miles of burrowings, and finally ends his exhilarating day in the same enervating subterranean chamber which usually constitutes the family living room. The foregoing sketch may be taken as an unexaggerated epitome of the average Londoner's mode of life, so that there is no cause for astonishment when he early falters in the race, and is cast aside like a worn-out glove, to make room for fresh blood from the rural districts, of which there is a never failing supply.

Fortunately, there are unmistakable signs of a reversion to healthier ideals, one result of which is to be seen in the rapid development of semi-rural districts near London, so that it is now possible to enjoy the physical and mental benefits of a country residence, and yet be within accessible distance of the city.

M. Henri Rochefort's retirement from the editorship of *L'Intransigeant* will be hailed with a heartfelt sigh of relief by all sober minded people, as signifying the elimination of a dangerous firebrand from the world of journalism. M. Rochefort is typical of that vanishing school of scribes which made up for deficiency of talent by a superabundance of vituperation hurled at everybody and everything that failed to harmonize with its own usually incomprehensible views. Happily for the world's tranquility, these fiery apostles of abuse are not taken very seriously nowadays. Vitriolic revellings and "there's a head, hit it" controversial methods generally denote an insecure position, or perhaps merely an unsound digestion. Nevertheless, there are still a number of journals in Europe and America which specialize in the reckless misconstruction of motives on the part of political adversaries, and bare-faced mutilation of facts. In Fleet Street the other day a wit was heard to remark, apropos of a certain saffron-hued daily diatribe, that while you might not get your money's worth, you were sure of obtaining your Harmsworth.

**A. K. JANSON, American Dentist.** Graduate from Chicago College of Dental Surgery  
Dresden, Prager Strasse 10, I.  
Specialist in straightening teeth.

Already the shops are beginning to assume a Christmas appearance, the brilliantly decorated windows, crowded with all the good things calculated to gladden the hearts of young and old, present a strange contrast to the dreary aspect of the rain-soaked streets. A walk along Houndsditch, London's great toy and fancy goods entrepot, is a matter of some difficulty these days, owing to the frequent detours it is necessary in order to avoid countless huge packing cases in process of transition between carrier's van and shop. A cursory survey of the great toy stores renders it more and more apparent that the juveniles are catered for in a fashion truly regal. Vast armies of leaden warriors are arrayed in battalions, infantry and cavalry, flanked by batteries of the latest model field guns and all the paraphernalia of martial environment. Miniature Lusitanians and Dreadnoughts plough through paper seas, while the subtle submarine, "warranted to sink and perform evolutions under water", is very much in evidence. Some of the mechanical toys run to a really fabulous figure, so that one can imagine the impending tremors of fond Paterfamilias who will be called upon to supply the wherewithal for the voracious demands of the nursery dictator.

The imperishable plum-pudding, inseparable from English Yuletide festivities the world around, is blossoming forth in all its pristine glory, crowned with holly, and redolent of high wassail. The large

**Instruction in Dressmaking**  
for ladies and young girls.  
Highest references.  
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**Voice Culture and Art of Singing**  
Methods: Lamperti, Garcia, Marchesi.—Recommended by Scharwenka, van der Stucken, Hans Richter, Max Reger &c.  
Streblener Strasse 27, I., at home 11—1, 3—4.

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Walpurgis Strasse 2, II. I.

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**Brühl & Guttentag.**—Artistic needle work.  
—Embroideries, Prager Str. 20.

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Please call bet. 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., or 3—4 p.m.

**Pension Kosmos** Schnorr Strasse 11, I & II  
close to Hauptbahnhof.  
Comfortable home, excellent board 4 marks a day.—English cooking.

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First class family home. Excellent board from 4 marks a day.

### LATEST ARRIVALS IN BERLIN

up to the 23rd of October 1907.

Mrs. Morris, San Francisco, H. Westminster.  
Mr. J. Pourie, New York, H. Westminster.  
Mr. Parry, London, H. Westminster.  
Mr. Bayler, Manchester, H. Central.  
Mr. Burneth, Manchester, H. Central.  
Mr. David, Bonn, H. Central.  
Mr. Race, London, H. Central.  
Mr. Stewart, England, H. Central.  
Mr. Smith, Sheffield, H. Central.  
Mr. Sugden, Manchester, H. Central.

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**Anger's** Graham bread  
for Stomach troubles  
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**Anger's** Aleuronat bread,  
Faste and Maccaroni  
for diabetes and bowel disorders.  
**Anger's** Kinderzwieback  
Forwarded to all  
parts of the city and abroad.

**Mme. de Navarra.**

provision houses are preparing to despatch the succulent compound, encased in tin, to all parts of the globe, so that the Canadian prospector in his frozen mountainous retreat, and the Australian squatter on the sun-scorched bush clearing, may not be debarred from participation in the national confection. The inward qualms, so apt, alas, to follow Christmas fare, may help to mitigate, if but for an hour, the aching "Heimweh" which generally afflicts the exile during his first Christmastide away from home.

"The School for Scandal", revived at the St. James Theatre, is a delightfully refreshing tonic after the neurotic "problem" plays which are everywhere rampant. Sheridan's epigrammatic wit, sometimes a trifle too caustic to be good-humoured, never loses its charm, and the domestic infelicities of Sir Charles Teazle and his bewitching lady, still make the playhouse resound with mirth. A pretty feature of the piece is the minuet introduced into the first act, but after witnessing this dignified old-world dance, one is able to realize its impotence against the fascinations of the sprightly valse. They are both emblematic of their times; eighteenth century tranquility and the feverish activity of modern life. Mr. Edward Compton gives an excellent rendering of the rollicking rake-hell Charles Surface, while Miss Lilian Braithwaite as Lady Teazle, is as dainty and winsome as ever.

Another play has fallen under the ban of the inexorable censor. This is Mr. Granville Barker's "Waste", which was to have shortly been produced at one of the West-end theatres, had license been forthcoming. Exact details of the piece are not yet to hand, but there is reason to believe that Mr. Redford had good grounds for withholding his sanction to its production. Of course the select band of "Intellectuals" will shriek in an ecstasy of rage at this latest act of Philistinism, but they have really none but themselves to blame. It is quite useless to asseverate, as they persist in doing, that all these rejected dramas are inspired solely by the artistic spirit, with which the base herd can have no affinity. There is ample scope for the dramatist on legitimate highways, without a wanton trespassing on to forbidden ground. Art and indecency are utterly divorced, although the "Intellectuals" appear unable to distinguish between the two, thus gainsaying their self-imposed title. The fact of the matter is that these worthies find a peculiar fascination in ascertaining just what amount of tether a long-suffering public will allow them, but the game is rather apt to prove detrimental to their reputation in the long run, and certainly to their pockets. The public does not appreciate the suggestiveness it condoned during the Elizabethan period, a fact which Mr. Bernard Shaw, facile princeps of the "Intellectuals", and all his admiring satellites would do well to ponder. *Tempora mutantur, et nos mutamur in illis.*

### GENERAL BOOTH'S ILLNESS.

#### OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

Telegrams of a somewhat alarming character have been received in London from the United States with reference to the health of General Booth, the head of the Salvation Army. It was stated that on his arrival at Chicago on Saturday he was found to have contracted a severe chill, that he was greatly exhausted, and that he was suffering from fever. A representative of *The Globe* on Monday had an interview at the Salvation Army headquarters in Queen Victoria-street with Colonel Kitching, one of the chief officials, who stated that the General had contracted a chill, and that he was suffering from mental strain due to overwork.

"General Booth", continued the Colonel, "left England on September 13. On his arrival in Canada he at once began to address large meetings. On reaching the United States great gatherings were held in Boston and other large towns on the way to Chicago. Last week he visited Milwaukee, where he delivered a lecture at the Hippodrome, and Michigan. On Saturday he intended to proceed to Cleveland, Ohio, but was compelled to break his journey at Chicago, owing to illness. We have just received a telegram from Chicago stating that our chief is very much better, and that there is now no cause for anxiety. In addition to suffering from a chill and overwork, the recent heat waves in America have had a detrimental effect on the General's health. These sudden changes always affect him, frequently bringing about a slight collapse. We fully believe that he will be able to continue his meetings in a day or two. Several large gatherings have been arranged for this week at Cleveland, Columbus, and Pittsburg. Next week he goes to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and later to New York. He will leave the latter place for Berlin, where meetings have been arranged from November 18 to 22. Then he comes direct to London."

### WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate south-easterly winds, dry with variable skies, colder at night, warm again in the daytime.