

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

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THE ENGLISH CONSERVATIVE PROGRAMME.

The annual conference of the National Union of Conservative and Constitutional Associations is to be held at Birmingham on November 13, 14, and 15, when among other business the report of its council will be considered. Since their appointment in 1906, the central committee of the council have met once a fortnight during the Parliamentary Session, and once a month during the recess; and at these meetings all manner of questions bearing on party policy have been discussed. They are reflected not only in the report of the council, but in the agenda of the Birmingham conference. The party appears to be resolved to combine the tariff reform and anti-Socialist campaigns into a single issue of the first importance, though we imagine it will be compelled to accept the question of the reform of the House of Lords as its battle-ground if the Premier decides, as he has intimated, to appeal to the country next year on that issue rather than on the larger problem chosen by the Conservative Associations. The Liberal party has been placed in an extremely awkward and unenviable situation. The policy of social reform, on which it originally took its ground and to which it has been able at all times to revert under pressure, is slipping straight into the hands of the Conservatives. The latter claim, quite plausibly, that fiscal reform, and the necessary changes involved in it, embody a scheme of social reform unapproachable by the other side, since Free Trade must continue directly to encourage the growth of Socialism, between which and social reform on constitutional, or traditional, lines there is all the difference in the world. Adroitly enough, but with questionable prudence, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has endeavoured to push the reform of the House of Lords to the forefront. It is considered everywhere that he has underestimated the conservative instinct of the mass of the people, and that an election on that issue alone would certainly turn against the Government. On the other hand, were he to accept the challenge of the Unionists and fight an election on the great Imperial issues, he would be driven into the arms of the Socialists, whom he cannot accept and dare not repudiate.

It is obvious, therefore, that the interests of the Conservative party can be secured on either issue, and with a good conscience: it is almost certain that the bulk of the electors are not in favour of a Socialist Government, and it is equally probable that they will not approve of any tampering with the House of Lords. At one point, however, there is danger. If the Liberal Free Traders are afraid of being driven into the arms of the Socialists, the Conservative Free Traders are afraid of being driven into the arms of the Tariff Reformers. Much will depend on the attitude adopted by the conference, at which Mr. Arnold Ward, among others, is down to move the following resolution:—"That the National Union should refrain from assisting any member or candidate who is not in favour of the chief constructive policy of the Unionist party—namely, fiscal reform and colonial preference, as laid down by Mr. Balfour at the Albert Hall on May 3rd 1907." How much will be achieved by a determined stand on this question it is as yet impossible to say. Since Mr. Chamberlain disappeared from party politics the public interest in tariff reform has very considerably diminished. The Trade returns have been satisfactory, and it is on this account difficult to push the wider issues when the Government is doing its utmost to shelve matters of Imperial interest in favour of popular, but always more or less petty, legislation.

The fact is that the present Ministry has sacrificed everything to obtain a hearing: it has played an overture on the big drum. This instrument, so



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indispensable to a general election, but so desolating during the time of power, the Premier has clasped more closely than is consistent either with dignity or effectiveness. It is not that opportunities have been lacking for genuine statesmanship, or that in a few instances really statesmanlike work has not been accomplished. Every unbiassed person will pay a ready tribute to the achievements of Sir Edward Grey, to the tact and to moderation of Mr. Morley, even to the fine ability of Mr. Haldane. But because Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman is fortunate in the members of his cabinet, it scarcely holds true that his general policy is acceptable. He has failed not because, but in spite of his henchmen. While he has been reviling the House of Lords, whose offence was merely that it did its duty while he has tacitly encouraged or, at any rate, not openly discountenanced the spread of inflammatory Socialism, while he has adopted a policy in Ireland which has let loose the disorderly spirit formerly held in check by the Crimes Act he is unwilling to apply, every liberal platform has been emitting intoxicating vapours of self-congratulation. About four times in the week, for example, Dr. Macnamara tells the British nation that there never has been such a party, that there never has been such magnificent fecundity of legislation. Meanwhile one hears nothing of the Government's views on questions of national and Imperial policy. The terrible fiasco of the Imperial Conference will not readily be forgotten in England or across the seas; nor will the country, once its eyes have been opened, minimize the pettiness of a policy which sought in an attack on the constitution a purely party advantage. The eye-opening process has already been begun: Conservatives may look forward with some confidence to the development of election issues; they, at any rate, have nothing to lose, whether it be in interest or in prestige.

Beermugs in Germany have a sort of Plimsoll mark cut in the side, so you can tell when one is legally loaded. When you get your half-litre for two cents the foam must be all above the Government line. Here's where the Kaiser is ahead of T. R.—*Discoveries in Europe.*

MOST THOUGHTFUL.

In order not to offend the susceptibilities of the nations represented at the Hague, the Moors are calling their struggle with the French "a holy War."

THE KAISER'S VISIT TO ENGLAND.

At the urgent request of the King and Queen of England, Her Majesty the German Empress will after all accompany the Kaiser. The news of the Kaiser's intention of spending some time in the Isle of Wight has caused great satisfaction in London.

SETTLEMENT OF THE ENGLISH RAILWAY DISPUTE.

London, November 7.

The Board of Trade has issued a statement to the effect that the dispute between the Railway companies and their employes has been practically settled.

The following decision has been reached: The railway directors and the representatives of the Amalgamated Society have declared their readiness, the former to consider and the latter to submit, all grievances concerning wages and working hours, in an Arbitration Court. The companies will form separate departments to deal with questions relating to employes. Should these not reach mutually satisfactory agreements, the questions and disputes are to be submitted to a central reconciliation committee. If this fails to restore unanimity and peace, the matters in dispute are to be left to the final decision of the Board of Trade.

FAMINE FEARED IN INDIA.

The Viceroy of India telegraphs that slight rains have fallen in Madras and Mysore and heavier ones on the Burmese coast. In other parts it has been quite dry. The failure of rain makes the prospects for the winter rice harvest in Bengal more serious and delays the spring-sowing in most of the provinces. The autumn crop, which also got no rain, is almost entirely spoilt in the United Provinces, as also in the Punjab, Gwalior, Gujarat and the North Deccan. The situation is most serious in the United Provinces.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THE ELECTIONS.

New York, November 6.

In the elections in Massachusetts Mr. Gould, Republican, was elected Governor with a majority of 104,000; in Maryland Mr. Crothers, Democrat, was elected Governor. Mr. Higgins was re-elected Governor of Rhode Island. In Pennsylvania, the Republicans elected Mr. Sheals as State-Treasurer with a majority of 175,000.

New York, November 6.

The elections were quiet everywhere. Kentucky elected a Republican Governor, and in New Jersey a democratic candidate was returned. In the contest for Mayor of Cleveland (Ohio) the Democrat Mr. Johnson, was victorious over the Republican Mr. Burton, who was supported by President Roosevelt and Mr. Taft. Tammany Hall won against Mr. Hearst and all other candidates in the County of New York.

Trenton, New Jersey.

The Republicans claim that their candidate has been elected Governor; a recount will probably take place.

THE TELEGRAPHISTS' STRIKE.

The leaders of the telegraphists' Union in Chicago have resolved to end the strike. In New York a similar decision has been adopted by the Unions.

THE ENGINE IN THE TICKET OFFICE.

CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT.

It has been officially made known that the cause of the railway accident at Dülken was the slippery condition of the tracks in consequence of the dampness, so that neither the putting-on of the brake nor the reversal of the engine by the driver had any effect. The heavy luggage vans were forced with great impetus into the other carriages and telescoped them. The mail van behind the engine was only slightly damaged. The fire brigade came immediately and were very useful in rescuing the injured.

A CURIOUS INTERRUPTION OF A PARLIAMENTARY SITTING.

A curious incident happened at the Sitting of the Chamber of Deputies at Budapesth on Wednesday.

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day last. As the deputy M. Juskan (Croatian) was called upon to begin his speech a voice called out from the gallery. A man began to make a speech in which he accused the Croatian Members of being in the pay of the Austrian camarilla, and demanded the cancellation of their mandates. In spite of repeated warnings of the President the person in the gallery would not be silent, so the sitting was discontinued. In the office where the man was taken to, he turned out to be a watchmaker, by name Meszaros, who had once before caused a like scene during the sitting.

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DUKE OF THE ABRUZZI UNBETROTHED.

A categorical denial is given to the report that the Duke of the Abruzzi is engaged to be married to Miss Catherine Elkins, of West Virginia. There is not the slightest foundation for the rumour.

A FALSE RUMOUR SPREAD ABROAD.

The report emanating from the Paris Press that the daughter of the late Field Marshal M. Bazaine was attacked and maltreated by a steward on board the S. S. "Kronprinzessin Cecilie" and then had left the steamer at Santander is, on the face of it, without foundation. The North-German Lloyd says that the S. S. "Kronprinzessin Cecilie" plies only on the New York line and can therefore not be calling at Santander. Nothing is known at the North-German Lloyd of the event.

AN AIR-SHIP FOR RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, November 6.

A special committee has been charged with the work of constructing a dirigible air-ship, the envelope of which is to be made of exclusively Russian products.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY.

Breslau, November 6.

A small farmer in Alland, named Neuhauser, who returned drunk to his home, began quarrelling with his wife, and seizing the lighted petroleum lamp, threw it at her as she sprang to one side. The room was ablaze in a moment, and in a short time the whole place was burnt down. Neuhauser, and three children between 4 and 9 years of age, were burnt to death. The wife was rescued, but so badly burnt that her life is in danger.

MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

Paris, November 6.

The yellow book on Morocco consists of 405 pages and contains 530 documents, covering the diplomatic proceedings from January 1906 to October 1907. Telegrams from Morocco describe the situation in Mazagan as quiet. The Shereefian garrison in Mogador is 1200 men strong, with one piece of artillery and 2 machine-guns.

Emil Schubart

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BEHIND THE SCENES.

It is rumoured that the Republic of Switzerland and two of the Balkan States are about to signify formal acceptance of the British proposals as to the exchange of naval secrets.—*Punch*.

PREMIER AS LORD WARDEN.

A report is current in Dover that the Prime Minister will succeed the Prince of Wales as Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports.

This appointment would be very popular in Dover, where Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman has spent much time. The post has been filled by some distinguished Prime Ministers in the past.

H. Wirsing, Zahnarzt. Sidonien Strasse 10b,
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BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.
THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.
Minister Resident: *Mansfeldt de Cardonnel Findlay, Esq. C. M. G.*

THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.
British Consul: *H. Palmié, Esq.*

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p.
American Consul General: *T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.*

THE LIBRARY TABLE.*

By H. C. B.

Thrilling adventures and charming love-passages, seasoned with a *souppçon* of somewhat extravagant buffoonery, are bountifully supplied in Mr. Crawford's tale of Constantinople, and although the book does not give evidence of very deep thought or preparation, the interest never flags. In one respect at least, however, the author does not appear to have used his undoubted talent to the best advantage. Few writers of Mr. Crawford's facility would have ignored the temptation to enlarge upon local colour to a considerable extent with a background so fascinating and many-hued as Constantinople, and we have learned to appreciate the author's descriptive powers which are so admirably displayed in his works dealing with sunny Italy. Unfortunately, the modern reader of novels is apt to skip all passages extraneous to the note of human interest, which probably accounts for the lack of pen pictures in the work under discussion. *Arethusa* deals with a single dramatic episode rather than a series of incidents, the entire period occupied by the romance numbering only a few weeks.

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The character from which the book takes its title is that of a young girl who voluntarily sells herself into slavery, in order to provide sustenance for the family by whom she has been adopted. Carlo Zeno, a former Venetian soldier of fortune, whose many scars fail to disguise his noble character and soft heart, receives a commission from a friend to procure him a white slave from the Constantinople market. The redoubtable Carlo becomes the purchaser of Zoë—which, by the way, is the heroine's true name—but smitten by her marvellous beauty and unmistakable evidence of noble birth, he is undecided whether to let such a *rara avis* pass out of his own possession. From this stage the story rapidly develops and a little-known historical event is exploited with breathless interest and excitement. Zoë's father, by adoption, has been put to death in a barbarous manner by the usurper Andronicus, owing to his unwavering loyalty to the unfortunate Emperor Johannes, who has been imprisoned by his unnatural son in a lofty and a practically inaccessible tower.

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Zoë loved her supposed parent ardently, and burns for vengeance on the monster Andronicus. Fate gives her an opportunity by bringing her into touch with the imprisoned Emperor's adherents, and she influences Carlo Zeno to attempt a rescue of the imperial captive. After hair-breadth adventures he is made prisoner by the troops who are disappointed at the abortive attempt to destroy the usurper. Previous to this, Carlo Zeno and his beautiful slave have mutually discovered their love, and we are treated to a masterly love scene. Eventually Zoë is successful in liberating her lover, and Johannes also regains his throne, while Zeno receives as a reward for his endeavours the Island of Tenedos as a gift to his beloved Venetian Republic. Furthermore, Zoë is discovered to be the daughter of an exalted Venetian family, so that her social standing overcomes the last obstacle to marriage with her quondam master. The romance ends quite conventionally, but the reader is left somewhat in the dark as to the ultimate fate of several characters who are apparently given undue prominence in the recital. There is much irrelevant matter throughout the book, which also bears not a few signs of superficiality. Altogether, while "Arethusa" is a novel of more than ordinary merit, it is impossible to accept it as a criterion of the author's ability, for it ranks far beneath such of his books as "Saracinesca", "Casa Braccio", and many more. Several striking sentences, however, stand out in the pages of this work, such as the following: "..... But the truth is that no man ever really understood any woman. It is uncertain whether any one woman understands any other woman; it is doubtful whether any woman understands her own nature; but one thing is sure beyond question—every woman who loves a man believes, or tells him, that he helps her to understand herself. This shows us that men are not altogether useless." This somewhat cryptical asseveration, though dealing with a hackneyed theme, at least has the merit of being originally expressed.

* *Arethusa*, by F. Marion Crawford, Tauchnitz Edition No. 3997/8, 2 volumes.

AMERICAN NOTES.

The Winter-time will soon be here
With all its frigid days;
And coal men will resume once more
The error of their weights.
Town Topics.

THE QUAKER CITY.

The old Academy of Music has probably seen its best days, and Philadelphia is likely to soon possess an opera house worthy of the city. Mr. Hammerstein has long been simmering with the project, and now that he has corralled such energetic and influential backers as G. Heide Norris, Andrew Wheeler and Alexander van Rensselaer, the new building may almost be regarded as *un fait accompli*. The site viewed with most favour is at Broad and Poplar streets, where the old Harrah mansion now stands. The sole disadvantage of this locality is owing to its not being more adjacent to Market Street, but this is only prejudice, and in every other way a more desirable site could not be chosen. In view of the fact that the prehistoric Academy of Music has long been an eyesore to the many devotees of grand opera in Quakerville, it is devoutly to be wished that enterprise will overcome all scruples and obstacles, and give Philadelphians an opportunity of hearing operatic masterpieces in more worthy environment than that afforded by the present archaic and unwholesome opera house.

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WASHINGTON.

The capital has fairly donned its garb of autumnal-winter gaiety, most of the diplomatic corps having opened their official residences. Winter residents are streaming in from all quarters, and everything seems to foretell a most brilliant season. It is unfortunate that Madame Hauge, the popular wife of the Norwegian minister, is compelled to return to Europe owing to indisposition. Both the minister and Madame Hauge expect to be absent until next Spring, the Legation, in the interim, being controlled by Mr. Skyback, the Secretary, who is a shining light socially. The ministerial absence, however, is more regrettable when it is remembered that the palatial residence recently erected by him is now ready for occupancy, and everybody deplores the vanished vision of much entertaining that was confidently anticipated. The first Turkish Ambassador accredited to the United States recently arrived in the Capital, in the person of Mehmed Ali Bey. The mission was but lately raised from a legation to an embassy, synchronising with the advancement of the American diplomatic representative at Constantinople to the rank of Ambassador. Great things in the social way are expected from Mehmed Ali Bey and his charming wife who, though the mother of five children, is still young and attractive.

A. K. JANSON, American Dentist. Graduate from Chicago College of Dental Surgery
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Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews of the University of Nebraska has raised a storm about his ears by reason of his recent speech at Washington, advocating the hanging of newspaper editors for the heinous crime of criticising the downtrodden millionaires. This injudicious outburst of cholera may very probably lead to his compulsory retirement from the university.

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GOTHAM.

Mr. W. R. Hearst, the newspaper proprietor, has been "letting himself go" in a characteristic diatribe against the London *Times*, on account of that journal publishing certain facts about Mr. Hearst, supplied by its New York correspondent. The owner of the N. Y. *American* is always at home in a controversy of the "mud-slinging" type, but to ears only attuned to the calm, logical method of responsible journalistic argumentation, the unrestrained venom and rank scurrility of Mr. Hearst's cable to the *Times* comes as a distinct shock. The great London daily, however, makes a most telling rejoinder by simply quoting extracts from a speech delivered by Mr. Root at Utica, N. Y., just a year ago, in which he described Mr. Hearst as "a dangerous demagogue", and as "a man not guiltless of McKinley's death". This charge is not new, but its reiteration just previous to the New York elections may have a most prejudicial effect upon the party which, for the moment, is "honoured" with Mr. Hearst's approbation.

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DRESDEN: LOCAL.

Her Royal Highness the Princess Johann Georg yesterday paid a visit to the embroidery store of Herrn Brühl und Guttentag, Prager Strasse 20, and made some purchases.

Concert of Herr Max Vogrich. It may sometimes be doubted whether an unknown composer displays want of prudence or of taste in opening with gigantic works of our tone-heroes a concert that comprises chiefly his own compositions, since these, when measured by such a standard, may not appear to advantage even if they escape falling under the ban of absurdity. But that consideration was here of minor importance; a much worse and without doubt quite unpardonable want of good taste was shown by Herr Vogrich in performing only the first movement of Beethoven's great B-flat sonata, if he felt bound to produce the work at all. But *how* he played it—with uneven technique, with smudgy and confused rhythm—how, with the ridiculous sentimentalism of a spinster of a certain age, he presented only a caricature of this monumental movement! That was enough; one did not want to be still further insulted by the other movements, and was glad when at last the Brahms works were over that were to serve as an immediate introduction to Herr Vogrich's own compositions. Yes, these compositions! They banished at a stroke all the irksome uncomfatableness that the inartistic interpretation of the Beethoven and Brahms works had caused us, and let loose that relieving Olympic merriment in which the man of culture may indulge by way of effective self-defence when his artistic feelings are attacked with inartistic weapons. Herr Vogrich played his own pianoforte compositions, of which the formless "Sarabande und Fuge" and an infinitely comical "Ungarische Gavotte" most clearly revealed the ungainliness and want of taste of the composer, while Fräulein Paula Ueko of the Weimar Opera, with her powerful but not yet fully formed and still guttural-sounding voice, sang some of his songs. Excepting the "Arabisches Lied", which showed a certain delicate *piquanterie* by the use of Oriental intervals, these songs stood on a footing of "equality" with the pianoforte compositions; so that the applause which the singer secured was prompted not only by her artistic merits but by feelings of sympathy. I was heartily sorry for the lady that she had no other object than these songs on which to exercise her artistic intelligence.—Dr. Max Neuhaus.

Dental Surgery and Atelier. DRESDEN-A.
Grosse Zwinger Str. 7, II.
 Proprietor **Karl Günzel.** 1 minute from the Post Platz.

On Saturday, November 9, at 11.30 Miss Watson will lecture in her rooms at Gutzkow Strasse 33, II., on Correggio and the art of Upper Italy. The lecture will be illustrated by photographs and followed on Tuesday by a visit to the gallery for study of the originals of the master.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Grenadier Regiment No. 101. The band plays about 12.40 p. m. in the Schloss Platz.

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ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

This evening, beginning at 7, ending 8.30

II. Symphony Concert, Series A.

- (1) Symphony "Le Midi" Joseph Haydn.
 For the first time:
- (2) Overture to the Fairy Play
 "Christ-Elfein" Hans Pfitzner.
- (3) Symphony (No. 3 in E-flat) Robert Schumann.

Rehearsal this morning at 10.30.

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7 p. m.
Margarethe.

ROYAL THEATRE.

This evening, beginning at 7.30, ending about 10

Goldfische.

Comedy in four acts by Franz von Schönthan and Gustav Kadelburg.

Cast:

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| Joachim von Felsen, Oberst a. D. | Herr Eggerth. |
| Erich, sein Sohn, Oberleutnant | Herr Wierth. |
| Martin Winter | Herr P. Neumann. |
| Emmy, seine Tochter | Fräul. Weiser. |
| Josephine von Pöchlaar | Frau Basté. |
| Wolf von Pöchlaar-Benzberg | Herr Müller. |
| Mathilde von Kosswitz | Fräul. Diacono. |
| Hans Roland | Herr Gebühr. |
| Stettendorf | Herr Bauer. |
| von Kallern, Leutnant | Herr Leichert. |
| Malwine, Kammermädchen v. Frau v. | Fräul. Schendler. |
| Otto, Diener | Herr Höhner. |
| Diener bei Oberst von Felsen | Herr Taudien. |
| Guttman, Verwalter | Herr Walther. |
| Johann, Diener bei Winter | Herr Arnold. |
| Ein Klavierspieler | Herr Jüchtzer. |

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p. m.
Der Lebemann.

REPERTOIRE OF THE ROYAL THEATRES FOR THE WEEK.

- OPERA HOUSE.**
 Sunday, November 10th: Hoffmanns Erzählungen. 7.30 p. m.
 Monday, November 11th: Mignon. 7.30 p. m.
- SCHAUSPIELHAUS.**
 Sunday, November 10th: Die Braut von Messina. 7 p. m.
 Monday, November 11th: Geographie und Liebe. 7.30 p. m.

RESIDENZ THEATRE.

This evening, at 7.30 p. m.

Hugdietrichs Brautfahrt.

Komische Märchenoperette in 3 Acten von Rideamus. Musik von Oscar Straus.

Cast:

- | | |
|---|--|
| Hugdietrich, König von Byzanz | Reli Witzani. |
| Belladonna, eine Fee | Sofie Fritz. |
| Ladislaus, König von Saloniki | Carl Friese. |
| Prinzessin Miki, seine Tochter | Berta Menzel. |
| Prinz Kakerlak von Prinzipien, ihr Verlobter | Oskar Wehle. |
| Schnidbumpfel, ein Drache | Robert Hellwig. |
| Till, Mill, Lilli, Nelly, Amine, Ninette, Elisabeth, Der Kanzler | Käte Wartmann.
Cäcilie Weigel.
Ella Suchy.
Gertrud Gessner.
Ninette Wolff.
Hanni Baumgart.
Elisabeth Hohlfeldt.
Bruno Bellmann. |
| Der Feldmarschall | Hans Lynar. |
| Der Hofmarschall | Alexander Olbrich. |
| Casimir, Mitglieder der Hochzeitskommission | Carl Wilhelm.
Emil Gähd.
Martha Brede. |
| Alcibiades, Mitglieder des Tugendbundes am Hofe von Saloniki | Carl Knack.
Ida Kattner.
Adolf Braunstein.
Richard Weise.
Elisabeth Mödlinger.
Lina Meyer. |
| Laurentia, Lebo von Lebenstein, Laetitia, Kolosovitch, Saldomancopolus, Sissi, Tissi. | |

Tomorrow, Saturday, at 7.30 p. m.
Fräulein Josette — meine Frau.

Hofbräu-Cabaret
 Tel. 198 Waisenhaus Strasse 18 Tel. 198
Director Karl Wolf
Liane Leischner and other artistes.
 Entertainment begins 8.30 p. m.

In consequence of the sudden indisposition of Fräulein Julia Culp her concert has had to be postponed until Thursday November 28, at the Vereinshaus. Tickets taken for the omitted concert at the Palmengarten will be valid for the postponed concert at the Vereinshaus but should be exchanged for fresh tickets at the office of the firm F. Ries—at least so it appears from a rather vague notice issued by the firm, as to which we may have a word to say later.

AMERICAN NEWS.

The after starboard turret of the battleship "Connecticut", has been the scene of a deed of heroism on the part of Lieutenant Pigott Cronan, who deliberately sacrificed two fingers to save the lives of the gun's crew. During recent target practice off Cape Cod, Lieutenant Cronan's eight-inch gun was in action, and had become heated through rapid firing. The loaders were inserting the powder charge into the breech just previous to the closing of the breech block, when the lieutenant suddenly noticed some grains of powder resting on the screw thread. At this moment the massive block was being swung to, and the probability is that had the metal detonated the loose powder, a terrible catastrophe would have occurred, similar to that on the "Georgia" last July. Lieutenant Cronan gave an order to stop the closing of the breech, but it was too late, as the mass of metal was already swinging into the aperture; so without an instant's hesitation, the brave young officer thrust his hand into the opening. This saved the situation, but the hand was so badly mutilated as to necessitate amputation of two fingers. The "Connecticut" is now in Brooklyn navy yard, but Lieutenant Cronan modestly refuses to discuss the incident, although his bandaged hands bears eloquent testimony to his courage. Deeds like the foregoing are apt to be forgotten owing to their lack of glamour and sensation, but it is sincerely to be hoped that the Navy Department will see fit to express its appreciation of this most courageous action in some substantial manner.

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61, Schnorr Strasse.
 Speciality: Good German spoken and taught by the Principals (North Germans). Limited number of Boarders. Day-pupils received. Choice of school-course or private lessons. First class **Music** and **Painting**. French by a **Parisian**.

The financial frenzy which has been raging in Wall Street, and indeed in most parts of the country, is now practically over, so that it is possible for the stockbrokers to take some count of the results. Fortunately for the nation's credit, cool heads were not wanting amidst the flurry occasioned by the Knickerbocker Trust Company's suspension, and the combined efforts of leading financial lights stemmed the tide of disaster in the nick of time. What subtle undercurrents directly contributed to the panic will probably never be fully revealed. That there are ominous indications of uneasiness in the money world cannot be gainsaid, and firms that a year ago were apparently in the heyday of prosperity are now tottering to ruin. To give a most prominent illustration of this it may be mentioned that the Westinghouse Electric Company, during the two fiscal years ended last March, almost doubled its turn-over, from 18 to 33 1/2 million dollars, yet today it is in the receiver's hands. And there are many similar examples, all going to prove the truth of the old maxim "soonest ripe, soonest rotten".—The redeeming feature of the affair, however, has been the public-spiritedness shown by Mr. Morgan and Mr. Rockefeller, who poured funds with generous hands into the threatened quarters, and thereby confined the trouble in its worst stages to New York. The inevitable reaction has now set in, and depositors are hastening to re-invest the cash which they hurriedly withdrew at the first alarm. The New York *World* prints in several languages advice from prominent financiers to depositors, assuring them of regained stability and urging them to cease further withdrawals. The panic is over for the time being, at all events, and the lesson may not be without beneficial results, as an example of the purely ephemeral effects attendant upon artificial impetus to financial and industrial prosperity, given by reckless speculation and a tendency to over-capitalize on an unsubstantial basis.

BERLIN

FURS Robert Kundt, 17, Motz Strasse 17. near the American Church, largest and finest selection.

Sabatier's Art Store. Schill Strasse 13.

American Bar Piccadilly. 16, Französische Strasse Berlin W.

Kurfürsteneck close to Ring Bahnhof Halensee. Prop.: P. Kesten, Traiteur. Dinner 1.25 mark and upwards. Excellent beers.

Talking Machines. Specialty: English & American records. A. Pergande, Maassen Strasse 20.

Max Vetter, Café and Confectionery. Afternoon teas. 103, Potsdamer Strasse.

Fruit and Vegetables. August Knöpfel, Speyerer Str. 24.

Adolph Alberti, Delicatessen. 10, Martin Luther Strasse.

Larded Hares Paul Gräfe
Oderbruch Geese Martin Luther Strasse 80 corner Traunsteiner Str.

Homophones. English tunes. Neue Winterfeldt Strasse 7.

BERLIN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

This evening:		
Royal Opera House	Symphony Concert by the Royal Orchestra	at 7.30
Royal Theatre	King Henry IV.	" 7.30
Deutsches Theatre	Romeo and Juliet. (Kammerspiele) Liebele	" 8
Berliner Theatre	Die Börse	" 8
Lessing Theatre	Der Bund der Jugend	" 8
New Theatre	Die Waffen wieder!	" 8
New Schauspielhaus	Die grosse Gemeinde	" 8
Kleines Theatre	Vater und Sohn	" 8
Residenz Theatre	Ganz der Papa	" 8
Trion Theatre	Fräulein Joseette — meine Frau	" 8
Schiller Theatre O. Char-	Reiterattache	" 8
lottenburg	Hermannschlacht	" 8
Frd. Wilhelmst. Theatre	Waterkant	" 8
Luisen Theatre	Der Freischütz	" 8
Comic Opera	Tiefeland	" 8
Lortzing Theatre	Undine	" 8
Theatre des Westens	Die lustige Witwe	" 8
Every evening until further notice.		
Metropol Theatre	Das muss man seh'n	" 8
Leustspielhaus	Husarenfieber	" 8
Thalia Theatre	Ihr Sechs-Uhr-Onkel	" 8
Theatre an der Spree	Der Aktienbudeker	" 8
Casino Theatre	Biederleute	" 8
Wintergarten	Ruth St. Denis. Spezialitäten	" 8
Apollo Theatre	Sylvester Schäffer jr. Spezialitäten	" 8
Passage Theatre	Paula Wirth. Spezialitäten	" 8
Gehr. Herrfeldt Theatre	Madame Wig-Wag. Es lebe das Nachleben	" 8
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Folies Caprice	Geteilte Liebe	" 8
Carl Haverland Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Urania Theatre	Über den Brenner nach Venedig	" 8

BERLIN: LOCAL.

The American colony of Berlin is stirred up by a painful incident which might have serious consequences. Last week President Hadley of the Yale University as the new Roosevelt professor, and Professor Schofield of Harvard as the new exchange professor, held their first lectures in the large aula of the Berlin University and were introduced by the rector as typical American scholars conveying American ideas to their German students. The Emperor, who had expressed his desire to be present, was prevented from attending by a slight cold, and had sent the Crown Prince to take his place. Shortly after it was ascertained that Professor Schofield is not an American citizen at all, but an English subject. It is true that from a purely academic standpoint he is just as able as any other Harvard professor to represent this oldest university of America. But as the underlying idea of the so-called "Professorenaustausch" as described by the Emperor himself to the American Ambassador, evidently in itself forbids the selection of representatives of foreign nationality, it is clear that a serious blunder has been made by somebody.

There is another complication. According to diplomatic custom, a foreigner can be presented at court or at the Chancellor's house only by the diplomatic representative of his home country, and by nobody else. So in this case, the American Austauschprofessor, representing the oldest seat of learning in the United States, can be introduced in Berlin society, not by the American Ambassador, but only by the representative of his Britannic Majesty! To make things worse, a statement was given by the secretary of Harvard University, replying to cables from Berlin sharply criticising Harvard's action, to the effect that this mistake was not made through simple carelessness, but with a full knowledge of all the facts concerned. The reason given, viz. that by selecting a British subject the academic character of the exchange

was to be emphasized instead of the diplomatic character heretofore maintained, is ridiculous, to say the least. If it is true that the German authorities were not informed of this important point, then it would mean a serious discourtesy, or rather a direct slight to the Government and the Emperor. It is earnestly hoped by all intelligent Americans that this painful affair will be amicably settled and produce no unpleasant consequences. And it is also earnestly to be hoped that President Elliot of Harvard University will be more careful hereafter.

It will be of great interest to American readers that Mr. Ernst Possart, the best living actor and manager of Germany, has expressed his willingness to accept the position offered to him by Madame Nordica. He is to assist her with his advice in all technical questions in building and fitting out the American Bayreuth which Madame Nordica is planning to erect in the Northern part of New York city. And he is to be the stage manager during the first season. His engagement would last from April 1908 till October 1909. Mr. Possart has, as he states, full confidence in Madame Nordica's ability to raise the funds necessary to carry out her plans.

OCEAN RESTAURANTS.

LIVE TROUT ON BOARD SHIP.

Some interesting facts were made public by Mr. W. Harris, who presided on Tuesday over the annual meeting of the Carlton Hotel in Pall Mall, as to the various enterprises in which the company was interested.

After congratulating the shareholders, says a *Globe* report, on the success of the Riz Hotel, in which the company had a large holding, the Chairman referred to their restaurants on the Hamburg-American Line, observing that 18 months ago the manager made arrangements for having live trout in the Carlton Hotel. It was the first time that such a thing had been done in a London restaurant. The Hamburg-American Line set to work to see if they could not accomplish the same thing on the restaurant steamers, and they had succeeded in their efforts. On the last trip of the "Amerika" a large number of trout for the restaurant was carried alive, and kept in perfect condition from Hamburg to New York and half-way back again. Anyone acquainted with the conditions on an Atlantic liner would know that this was a remarkable performance. To supply these fish with fresh water in the same way that they would have to be supplied on land would be impossible; but German scientists evolved the plan, and Siemens and Halske, of Berlin, successfully carried out their ideas. As managers of these ship restaurants, and financially interested in their success, the directors of the Carlton Hotel could not be insensible to the discussion which had lately taken place with regard to the passenger traffic between European and American ports, and any development in this trade necessarily engaged their attention. Vessels crossing to New York at abnormally high speeds could scarcely be regarded as commercial propositions, and as none of the vessels comprising the North Atlantic fleet of the Hamburg-American Line was, or was ever likely to be, subsidised, he had hopes that in the new ships now in construction for the Hamburg-American Line, on which there would be restaurants managed by the Carlton Hotel Company, it would be shown that it was not in catering only that a revolution could be effected. The passenger ship which even approximately met in some very important respects the requirements of the twentieth century, had not yet been built, and left to the majority of those whose profession it was to design, construct, or manage ships, was not likely to be built for many years to come. Meanwhile, although many of the great improvements first introduced on the "Amerika" and the "Kaiserin Auguste Victoria" had been more or less copied, he could at present observe no signs of any serious attempt to compete with the restaurants managed by the company on these two ships.

The Chairman, in conclusion, said that during the last few years the question of having a restaurant and hotel in New York had been discussed at various times. He thought the board would be able to arrange terms which would be of a very beneficial nature to the Carlton Hotel. He moved the adoption of the report.

The Hon. A. G. Brand seconded the motion. Several shareholders were opposed to embarking on an hotel business in New York, on the ground that it was of too speculative a character.

The Chairman, in reply, pointed out that it was contemplated to find only £5,000, while certain Americans would subscribe the bulk of the money. If a large body of the shareholders objected to the scheme he was himself prepared to find the £5,000, provided that he obtained one-half of the benefits accruing.

General satisfaction was expressed at the Chairman's statement, and the report, recommending a total distribution of ten per cent, on the ordinary shares, was adopted.

DRESDEN

DRESDEN CHINA

Clearance Sale of old patterns in Vases, Cups, Plates, and fancy dishes. Richard Wehsener Dresden, Zinzendorf Str. 16.

G. Casimir, Fencing-Master, gives fencing lessons. Ring Strasse 14. Telephone 5960.

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Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German, French and Latin.

A small number of resident pupils taken. German and French resident governesses.

Private instruction if desired.

Miss Virgin, Schnorr Strasse 80 (Villa).

Brühl & Guttentag. — Artistic needle work. — Embroideries. Prager Str. 20.

H. M. MIST Helmholtz Strasse 2, I. MINIATURES. Studio hours 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., or 3-4 p.m.

Pension Kosmos Schnorr Strasse 14, I & II close to Hauptbahnhof. Comfortable home, excellent board 4 marks a day. — English cooking.

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Thorough English education.

Instruction in English or German.

Boarders received.

Private instruction if desired.

H. VIRGIN, M. A. Oxford. Gutzkow Strasse 19.

Durable Trunks. O. Herrmann, Bismarck Pl. 1a, shop 6.

Rebstock Union Bar. American drinks. English cooking. Schösser Gasse 6. Rendezvous of Americans.

First class Shampooing. Ondulation à la Marcell. Manicure. Ladies' and Gents' room. Artistic hairwork. English perfumes, soaps, toilet articles.

Heinrich Schubert, Strehlener Str. 18 close to the station. Tel. 8914.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH.

Friday, November 8th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany. 5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.—Octave of All Saints.

Saturday, November 9th. 10.0 a.m. Matins. Sunday, November 10th. XXIV. Sunday after Trinity. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Litany.

Monday, November 11th. 10.0 a.m. Matins. Ladies' Work Society Meeting, Strehlener Strasse 21. 10.30 to 1.0 o'clock.

Tuesday, November 12th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.

Wednesday, November 13th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.

Thursday, November 14th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion.

Friday, November 15th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany. 5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.

Saturday, November 16th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.

Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L., Hon. assistant Chaplain: The Rev. M. S. Farmer, M. A.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN.

Reichs Platz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Friday, November 8th. Litany 4.0 p.m.

Sunday, November 10th. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m.

Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.

Friday, November 15th. Woman's Auxilliary 3.0 p.m.

The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bismarck Strasse and Winkelmann Strasse.—Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.—The Rev. James Ferguson, Corstorphine, Edinburgh, will conduct the Services during the month of November.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate south-easterly winds, dry and mostly bright, temperature not much altered.