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# The Daily Record

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and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

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10 PFENNIGS.

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## :: BERLIN ::

The song recital of Mrs. Minnie Fish-Griffin, at the Bechstein Hall, made a very favourable impression; first and foremost by the compilation of the programme, which contained songs little known here. If the singer's voice has no very great compass its beautiful tone quality makes up for that deficiency. And this beautiful tone quality, which was particularly noticeable in the chest register, made one forget any defects in attack and execution. That Mrs. Fish-Griffin devoted her art to bringing forward some new songs by the violinist Theodore Spiering, is worthy of mention, although they are of but little value for art. The single exception perhaps was the song "Glückes genug," in which the composer follows the lead of Richard Strauss. This is well and charmingly conceived, and shows the constructive power of the composer in a better light than the other songs.

Herr Eduard Behm's refined accompaniments were much enjoyed.

## Mozart Saal.

Thursday, February 13th, at 8 p.m.

## Popular Liederabend

### Susanne Dessoir

Accompanist, Bruno Hinze-Reinhold

PROGRAMME:

dance, children's and folk songs. (New programme). The tickets at marks 2.— are sold out; tickets at marks 1.50 and 1.— may still be had from Bote & Bock, or Wertheim, and at the Mozart Saal.

## Mozart Saal.

Sunday, February 9, at noon | Monday, February 10, at 7.30 p.m.

## Public Rehearsal | VIII. Grand Concert

### Mozart Orchestra

strengthened to 75 performers,

conducted by Professor **Karl Panzner**

Soloists:

## Stefi Geyer and Hans Bahling

(violin) (baritone).

PROGRAMME:

**Wagner:** Overture, *Polonia*, (first time); *Siegfried Idyll*; *Wotans Abschied und Feuerzauber*. **Brahms:** Violin Concerto. **Strauss:** *Tod und Verklärung*.

**Frau Charlotte Gutdeutsch**, Meth. Kgl. Hochschule. Pianoforte teacher. W. 15, Kaiser Allee 215, Garden house, pt.

**Karl Mayer**, Grossherzog. u. Pflzst. Kammersänger. Teacher of Singing in the Stern Conservatorium. Private lessons in Singing. **Augsburger Strasse 98, I.**

**Albert Ulrich**, Pianoforte teacher. (Private lessons.) Teacher at the Klindworth-Scharwenka Conservatorium. W. 30, Kythäuser Strasse 5, p.

**O. and H. Cassius**, Ansbacher Strasse 40, I. Teachers of Singing. Training of voice and respiration through articulation and voice-inflection.

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## RECOLLECTIONS OF PORTUGAL.

THE LATE KING.

(Specially contributed.)

A more jovial temperament than that of the late Dom Carlos is seldom met with. His genial smile, his good-natured, indolent manner, his keen intelligence, all helped to endear him to those who came into contact with him. In the royal household he was adored alike by the highest officials and the meanest scullions. His young sons clung to him with boundless affection. They loved their mother but idolised their father, who was in the habit of leaving all the necessary parental chiding to the Queen.

As a youth Dom Carlos gave promise of future greatness but the great things expected of him were never realised. Physically, the slim, high-spirited youth developed into fleshy maturity, morally into honest stagnation, and mentally into a state of elegant indifference. He excelled as a sportsman, being almost a perfect shot. He maintained an interest in art and letters and greatly appreciated a good table. He was, besides, fond of every variety of pleasure. This we may forgive him; what we find difficult to forgive is the good-humoured, snobbish lassitude with which he loved to treat State affairs of the utmost importance. Nothing short of a crisis like the one which led to his destruction was ever known to rouse him to a proper sense of responsibility; and when it did, it was too late.

He was not a weak monarch withal, yet who could detect points of strength in his character? It can be said of him as was said of Charles II, "He never said a foolish thing and never did a wise one".

Poor, unfortunate Dom Carlos! a regal crown is not a plaything and it was in his disposition to play.

While our hearts ache for the unfortunate king we cannot remain indifferent to his misunderstood, misguided, misgoverned subjects.—*F. La Quirne.*

## DRESDEN

By order of His Majesty the King a High Mass will be held today, Saturday, the date of the funeral of the late King and Crown Prince of Portugal, at the Catholic Hofkirche. His Majesty will himself attend the service.

His Highness Duke Ernst of Sachsen-Altenburg died at his castle in Altenburg at 1 a.m. yesterday, aged 82.

The late Duke in former years was a frequent visitor to the Royal Saxon Court; he was a General in the Saxon as well as in the Prussian army, and Honorary Colonel of the 12th Jäger Battalion in Freiberg. His successor is his nephew, who was born on August 31st 1871, and has adopted the title of Duke Ernst II. The King of Saxony, accompanied by the Minister for War, Freiherr von Hausen, will attend the funeral ceremony at Altenburg.

His Excellency Herr von Schlieben, who until quite recently was Minister of Education in Saxony, died at his castle, Taubenheim near Bautzen, yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Several organs of the American Press are ventilating a matter at present which concerns a former well-known member of the American colony in Dresden. Dr. Lewis A. O'Brian, a dentist, who was for a long time resident in this city, has divorced his wife on grounds which he alleges to have been established by the evidence of two detectives in his employ. Mrs. O'Brian has left for Europe, where she will reside permanently, her former husband having voluntarily settled an annuity on her. Dr. O'Brian is one of the best known dentists in New York City, and has offices at 542, Fifth Avenue.

The O'Brians were married in Providence, R.I., their home city, in December 1887, and came to live in Dresden, where the doctor soon became famous in his profession. Subsequent events, however, resulted in Dr. O'Brian being ordered to leave the country.

Great sympathy will be felt here for Mrs. O'Brian, who during her lengthy residence in Dresden made many friends by her charming and genial personality.

According to a message to hand from Munich, the Pope has placed Professor Dr. Schnitzer, of Munich University, under the ban of *suspensio a divinis*, on account of his recent article that appeared in the *Internationale Wochenschrift*.

Frau Elena Gerhardt, with the assistance of Professor Nikisch (pianoforte), will sing the following songs at her concert in the Vereinshaus on Wednesday next, the 13th instant. Brahms: "Über die Heide"; "Mädchenlied" (Schwalbe, sag' mir an); "Nachtigall"; "Nachtwandler"; "Die Sonne scheint nicht mehr"; "Der Schmied"; Erich J. Wolff: "Ich bin eine Harfe"; "Fäden"; "Knabe und Veilchen"; Weingartner: "Hochsommer"; Rubinstein: "Frühlingslied"; Tschalkowsky: "O singe mir Mutter die Weise"; "Das war im ersten Lenzesstrahl"; "Das Vöglein"; "Im wogenden Tanze"; "Frühling". R. Strauss: "Ruhe, meine Seele"; "Wiegenlied". H. Wolf: "Liebesglück"; "Und willst du deinen Liebsten sterben seh'n"; "Er ist's".

The Royal Conservatorium gave the first of the series of test performances of this season at the Palmengarten on Thursday evening. Thus an opportunity was given to a number of pupils to show in public what they have learnt so far. The performances were by pupils only, yet of a very satisfactory kind. Sound musical sense and earnest endeavour were evinced by each and all, and the Conservatorium has reason to be well satisfied with the results of its teaching. But one thing was wanting, in all or in nearly all the young performers, viz. marked evidence of an independent artistic personality. By such evidence one would have been more pleased than by the regular and even correctness which characterized the performances as a whole.

(Continued on page 2.)

## GENERAL NEWS.

It is officially announced that in consequence of the snowstorm the overhead telegraph lines to Russia, Eastern and Western Prussia and Posen are mostly interrupted. Also, the communications with Schlesien, Austro-Hungary and Roumania have been affected. Telegrams to and from the localities mentioned are, therefore, considerably delayed.

## NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

## THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

Lord Curzon of Kedleston, referring to the Anglo-Russian commercial treaty, said that all wished for an end of the long-standing differences between the two Governments and peoples, and if the treaty were favourable to both parties and contained conditions which diminished the vitality and duration of those differences, it might be expected to awaken the feelings that the Government desired to evoke. But if its provisions with regard to Afghanistan were of a doubtful nature, with regard to Tibet bad and to Persia still worse, then it could not be expected to have good results. Lord Curzon then proceeded to discuss the treaty in detail.

On behalf of the Government Lord Fitzmaurice, the Parliamentary Secretary of the Foreign Office, defended the treaty in detail in respect to its provisions as to Persia, Afghanistan, and Tibet, and said in conclusion that there was no danger of an aggravation of the internal troubles of Persia or of the difficulty on the Perso-Turkish frontier now that England and Russia were pursuing a common policy. The debate was adjourned until Monday next.

## THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

In the adjourned debate on the Address Sir Edward Grey, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, said that great attention would be paid by the Government to the question of the inviolability of private property at sea. The views of the Government with regard to this question had been clearly expressed in the instructions of the British delegates to the Hague Conference. He did not believe that the attitude of the Government had had the least influence on the question of the diminution of armaments. Supposing the Hague Conference were to come to a decision, and that the Powers signed it, would the House undertake to guarantee that each Power would respect that decision? Would the House feel itself really safe, if war should be declared and England should have no means of protecting her commercial marine? England's means of putting an end to a war depended entirely upon her Navy, and if private property were inviolable he knew not how a war could be terminated. The result of a declaration of the inviolability of private property would be that other countries would be misled to assume that the British fleet was only a weapon of defence. If England deprived herself of the means of bringing pressure to bear on other nations through their commercial fleets, some of the Great Powers would be able at very small risk to declare war with Great Britain. At present the whole world was well disposed towards England, and he did not believe there was a single Power that entertained views hostile to England. (Cheers.) He was speaking, therefore, from an academic point of view only, and not from fear of the danger of war. Under present circumstances the Government must persist in their views and, having due regard to the safety of the country, they could not take upon themselves the risk involved in the proposed alterations.

After further debate this subject was dropped and the Address was voted.

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## DISCONTINUANCE OF THE TRIBUNE.

A London telegram dated yesterday reports that the Liberal daily paper, the *Tribune*, has ceased to appear, owing to financial difficulties.

(The birth of the *Tribune* synchronised with the entrance into office of the present Government, and for two years it maintained a high literary and political standard. Ever since its inauguration, however, there were persistent rumours as to its unsatisfactory financial position. We have been creditably informed, on more than one occasion, that the *Tribune* was incurring a loss on every issue of many hundreds of pounds, and in Press circles its demise had long been anticipated. The only penny daily Liberal organ has now vanished, and already the man in the street perceives in this fact an evil omen for the present Government. Is it indeed the handwriting on the wall?)

## SUEZ CANAL BLOCKED.

Advices from Port Said state that a ferry-boat has sunk in the Canal, the obstruction completely holding up all the steamer traffic.

## NEWS FROM AMERICA.

## THE ALDRICH BILL OPPOSED.

According to a New York telegram the Association of Merchants, representing commercial interests of New York City, have declared their intention of opposing the measure of Senator Aldrich, relative to regulating currency circulation.

## BRITISH STEAMER'S PERIL.

A thrilling scene, says a New York telegram, was witnessed at Montauk Point, Long Island, during the heavy gale this week. A large British steamer, subsequently ascertained to be the "Winifred," was observed to be drifting helplessly on to the rocks, and it was soon seen that she had lost her propeller. Her anchors could obtain no hold, and amid great excitement on shore the vessel came nearer and nearer to a big jagged reef, which rises out of the sea a few hundred yards from land. Just, however, when the vessel and all on board seemed doomed, the anchors gripped the bottom. A life line was afterwards got on board the "Winifred," and 15 passengers were brought ashore in safety.

## NEWS FROM FRANCE.

## FRENCH LINER'S WIRELESS NEWS.

According to a Paris despatch a correspondent of the *Matin*, who was on board the French mail-boat "Lorraine" during its last trip to New York, reports that the wireless installation on the liner exchanged messages on the 5th inst. with British warships, the Eifel Tower in Paris, and also with the French cruiser "Kléber" which is lying at Casablanca, Morocco. The news of the Lisbon assassinations reached the "Lorraine" on Sunday.

## THE PORTUGUESE TRAGEDY.

Lisbon, February 6. It is incorrect that Senhor Franco has fallen into disgrace with the Queen-Mother and Dom Manuel. During the ex-Premier's farewell audience the Queen repeatedly exonerated him from all blame in connexion with the assassinations and assured him of the present monarch's gratitude for his zeal and loyalty.

Lisbon, February 6. The official *Gazette* publishes a communication from the King to the Premier, in which His Majesty states that the financial administration of the royal household will only be arranged on such a basis as is satisfactory to the Parliament.

Madrid, February 6. The former Portuguese Premier, Senhor Franco, has arrived here and will depart again this evening, probably for Paris.

Lisbon, February 7. The Minister for Foreign Affairs has stated to several journalists that he hopes before long complete tranquillity and prosperity will reign in Portugal.

Lisbon, February 7. The deep popular excitement in the city shows signs of subsiding, and will probably disappear very shortly. Public demonstrations of mourning are few in number; the people pursue their everyday vocations, and private residences display no emblems of grief. A marked feature of the situation is the absence of any crape or other signs of mourning on the uniforms of the military. The members of the Queen's suite are urging her to leave the country and spend some months in Spain or England, in order to eliminate as far as possible the effect of the recent tragic occurrences. It is highly improbable, however, that Her Majesty will leave her son during the present period of unrest.

## NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

## PASSENGERS SEARCHED.

All passengers arriving at Sosnowice from Kattowitz yesterday at noon were searched by the Russian police who had gained information to the effect that a large quantity of arms was being smuggled in from Germany. Twelve Browning pistols were found, and two people were arrested and taken to Petrikau.

## JAPAN AND CHINA.

The Chinese customs authorities, say a Hong Kong telegram, have seized a Japanese steamer in the vicinity of Macao, alleging that the vessel was conveying arms intended to be landed on the Chinese coast for the revolutionists.

**A. K. JANSON, American Dentist.** Graduate from Chicago College of Dental Surgery  
Dresden, Prager Strasse 10, I.  
Specialist in straightening teeth.

## CARLSBAD NEWS.

It is reported that the municipal authorities of Carlsbad have accepted a Government proposal for the building of a Central Railway Station at a cost of 2½ million kronen.

## REPREHENSIBLE GLUTTONY.

Paul, a two-year-old leopard in a Paris menagerie, has just eaten a piece off his own tail. This drastic method of making both ends meet was really superfluous, because the greedy brute was actually lunching on a quarter of a horse at the time.

## DRESDEN

The most prominent of the pupil performers was Herr Oscar Fischer, whose quite unusual talent and accomplishment in flute-playing had power to charm. Even the common place qualities of the composition he produced—a Fantasia on motives from "Norma", which Fürstenau adapted to the flute—were invested with importance and agreeable colour by Herr Fischer's art, and easy mastery of the great difficulties of the work.

Of the other pupils, Herr Scheuck also deserves special mention for the well-developed execution and energetic treatment of tone that he displayed in Wieniawski's Violin Concerto in D-minor, so doing much honour to his master, Herr Petri.

The two singers—Fräulein Mittasch, a pupil of Fräulein Gasteyer, and Fräulein Franke, of Frau Söhle's class—possess very sympathetic but not very powerful voices which, however, have not yet acquired the freedom of tone indispensable to the pure enjoyment of their singing.

Of the pianistes, Frau Bohr, a pupil of Frau Rappoldi-Kahrer, is worthy of praise. Her playing demonstrated good teaching and her touch, like that of her teacher, was full of poetry. Unfortunately, Rubinstein's Concerto in G, which was the test of Frau Bohr's capabilities, is musically so unimportant that the talented lady could not show her powers to the best advantage.

Herr Arno Starck conducted the orchestral numbers of this concert with much care and skill.  
M. N.

The I. grand Ski-competition of the *Ski-Verband Sachsen*, in Altenberg. King Friedrich August, the patron of the Verband, will be present with his sons at the grand international jumping competition which is to take place at Altenberg tomorrow at 2 p. m., for the championship of Saxony.

The competition for military patrols will begin this morning at 10 o'clock; no less than six patrols having entered for the race. An hour later the international long race for the championship of Saxony will be started; and at 3 o'clock this afternoon the jumping competition for youths will come off.

The principal races are fixed for tomorrow, Sunday. The programme contains a succession of exciting events, commencing at 10.30. The races for ladies, and others for the military will be of special interest; but the main attraction, no doubt, will be the international jumping competition in the presence of the King and the Royal party, at 2 o'clock. In this the competitors will represent Norway, Austria, and Germany.

Special trains will be run from the Hauptbahnhof as follows. Over the Dresden—Mügelin—Geising line: at 5.50, 6.0, 6.38, 7.25, 7.50, 8.10; by these trains the ground will be reached in time for the first race at 10.30. By the 9.18 train, the course will be reached in time for the jumping at 2 o'clock.

For the Dresden—Hainsberg—Kipsdorf line trains will start from the Hauptbahnhof tomorrow, Sunday, at 6.0, 7.27, 8.7, 8.45, arriving at Kipsdorf at 8.10, 9.14, 9.53, and 10.50 respectively. At Kipsdorf there will be plenty of sleighs, for the drive across to Altenberg.

As a rush is expected for the trains tomorrow morning it will be desirable to be at the station in good time; and the Railway management particularly request that tickets may be taken, if possible, the day before they are to be used.

Shortly before going to press, we hear from a reliable source that the weather at Altenberg is quite favourable for the sports.

At the Central Theatre this evening, at 7.30, *Der fidele Bauer*, an operetta in 1 Vorspiel and 2 Acts by Victor Léon, music by Leo Fall, will be produced for the first time. The composer has been in Dresden for some days in order to supervise the rehearsals, and will conduct this evening's performance.

At 3.30 this afternoon *Christbaums Wanderschaft* by F. A. Geissler, music by G. Pittrich, will be repeated, at reduced prices.

Tomorrow, Sunday, *Christbaums Wanderschaft* will be given in the afternoon at reduced prices, and *Der fidele Bauer* in the evening at the usual prices.

The programme of the music to be performed at the Vespers service in the Kreuzkirche at 2 o'clock this afternoon will be as follows: (1) Sonata for organ (first movement) op. 188 of J. Rheinberger. (2) "O hör' mein Fleh'n", Aria for alto voice from Händel's oratorio *Sampson*. (3) "Dextera Domini fecit virtutem", Motet for five-part choir, by Palestrina. (4) "Was Gott tut, das ist wohlgetan", Aria for alto voice with solo viola, by J. S. Bach, from the Cantata with that title. (5) "Wer unter dem Schirm des Höchsten sitzt", Psalm 91, for four and six part choir, op. 22 of Ernst F. Richter. The Church Choir, conducted by Herr Otto Richter, Kantor and Kgl. Musikdirektor, will be assisted by the following soloists: Miss Mabel Beddoe, from Toronto (alto); Herr Rokohl (viola); Dr. Schnorr (organ) from Carlsfeld i. V.

(Continued on page 3.)

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**BERLIN**  
**CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.**

**This afternoon:**

Schiller Theatre Charlottenburg	Götz von Berlichingen	at 3
Luisen Theatre	Robinson Crusoe	" 4
Berhard-Rose Theatre	Dornröschen	" 4
Urania Theatre	Über den Brenner nach Venedig	" 4

**This evening:**

Royal Opera House	Der fliegende Holländer	at 7.30
Royal Theatre	Das grosse Licht	" 7.30
Deutsches Theatre	Was ihr wollt	" 7.30
	(Kammerspiele) Erdgeist	" 8
Hebbel Theatre	Frau Warren's Gewerbe	" 8
Leising Theatre	Die Wildente	7.30
Berliner Theatre	Operaball	" 7.30
New Theatre	Ferd. Bonn, Simson	" 8
New Schauspielhaus	Wolkenkratzer	" 8
Kleines Theatre	Mandragola	" 8
Residenz Theatre	Bibi	" 8
Trianon Theatre	Baron Toto	" 8
Schiller Theatre O.	Die Hermannsschlacht	" 8
Charlottenburg	Philister. Die Lore	" 8
Frdz. Wilhelmst. Theatre	Sein Prinzesschen	" 8
Luisen Theatre	Des Mädchens Lebensweg	" 8
Comic Opera	Tiefand	" 8
Lortzing Theatre	Die Zauberflöte	7.30
Theatre an der Spree	Hokuspokus	" 8
Berhard-Rose Theatre	Der grosse Gottlieb	" 8
Bürgerl. Schauspielhaus	(closed)	" 8
Lauspielhaus	Panne	" 8
Theatre des Westens	Ein Walzertraum	" 8
Urania Theatre	Cairo und die Pyramiden	" 8

**Every evening until further notice.**

Metropol Theatre	Das muss man seh'n	at 8
Casino Theatre	Die Freuden der Häuslichkeit	" 8
Wintergarten	Spezialitäten (Otto Reutter)	" 8
Apollo Theatre	Mitjau der Moderne. Alexia, Wäizerwahn	" 8
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten (Danny Gärtler)	" 8
Gebr. Hagenfeld Theatre	Papa und Genossen. Salomonisches Urteil	" 8
Walhall Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Felies Caprice	Mal was anders. Dunkle Punkte. Eine anständige Frau	" 8
Carl Haverland Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Thalia Theatre	Immer oben auf (Girardi)	" 8
Felies Bergère	Spezialitäten (Guerrero)	" 8.30

**STOP PRESS NEWS.**

Tangier, February 7. The Spanish Ambassador here, Sr. Llaberia, died last night.  
Paris, February 7. The Government again expressly denies the rumour that the colonial army about to be mobilised is intended for Morocco.

**DRESDEN**

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**

In response to the numerous requests to hand from our readers, we desire to state that we are recommencing the publication of opera programmes in our issue of tomorrow, and will, when space permits, also print the usual synopsis of the plot.

The programme of this evening's Symphony Concert at the Gewerbehäus will be as follows:—  
(1) Overture, "Der fliegende Holländer," Wagner; (2) Violin Concerto in D, Paganini; (3) Symphony, "Im Walde," for the first time since 1890, Raff; (4) "Phaeton," symphonic poem, Saint-Saëns; (5) "Aus Böhmens Hain und Flur," Smetana.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 12th Infantry regiment No. 177. The band plays about 12.40 p.m. at the Schloss Platz.

Whoever has lost or left anything in the streets or squares of this city should enquire for the same at the *Fundamt* (lost property office) of the *Königliche Polizeidirektion*, Schiess Gasse 7.

**PRUDENCE AND THE PROFESSOR.**

"I have here a compound," said the chemistry professor, beaming through his spectacles at his class, "which is of a particularly delicate nature. Improperly manipulated one gramme would wreck this room. Watch my assistant carefully while he conducts the experiment, and I will hurry down to the laboratory to get a fresh supply of litmus paper."

**CHURCH SERVICES: DRESDEN.**

**ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.**  
Saturday, February 8th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.  
Sunday, February 9th. 5th Sunday after Epiphany. 8.0 and 10.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Litany.  
Monday, February 10th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.  
Tuesday, February 11th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.  
Wednesday, February 12th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.  
Thursday, February 13th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion.  
Friday, February 14th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.  
Saturday, February 15th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.  
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.

**THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, Reichs Platz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.**  
Sunday, February 9th. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. 3.30 p.m. Address on Confirmation and the Christian Life.  
Afternoon Service and recital at 5.30 p.m. with the following programme:

- 1) Organ: "Fantasia in C-minor" . . . . . Bach.
  - 2) Sacred song "Prayer" . . . . . Hiller.
  - 3) Organ: "Benediction nuptiale" (op. 9) . . . . . Saint-Saëns.
  - 4) Soprano solo: "Hear my prayer" . . . . . Mendelssohn.
  - 5) Organ: "Caprice in D-minor" (op. 69) . . . . . Max Reger.
  - 6) Offertory in G . . . . . Gullmant.
- Soloist: Fräulein Elsa Müller-Zeidler, mezzo.  
The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

**PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Bernhard Strasse 2, at corner of Bernhard and Winkelmann Strasse.**  
Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.  
Dr. Simon will continue to conduct the services until further notice.

**BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.**

**GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND:** Ambassador the Rt. Hon. Sir FRANK LASCELLES G. C. B. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse. Office hours 11-1.—Consul General Dr. PAUL V. SCHWARZ. Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.  
**THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:** Ambassador, CHARLEMAGNE TOWER Esq. Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception hours 10-1.—Consul General: ALEXANDER M. THACKARA Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60. Office hours 10-1.

**DRESDEN**  
**CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.**

**Royal Opera House.**

Tonight	The Women of Fogaras	at 7.30
Sunday night	Samson and Dalila	" 7.30
Monday night	Tiefand	" 7.30

**Royal Theatre Neustadt.**

Tonight	Zweimal zwei ist fünf	at 7.30
Sunday night	Zweimal zwei ist fünf	" 7.30
Monday night	Die Rabensteinerin	" 7.30

**Residenz Theatre.**

This afternoon	Biond Elfenbein or: Im Zauberreich des Hutibraun	at 3.30
Tonight	Ein Walzertraum	" 7.30

**Central Theatre.**

This afternoon	Christbaums Wanderschaft	at 3.30
Tonight	Der fidele Bauer (1st performance)	" 7.30

**Victoria Salon** . . . . . Variety Performance . . . . . at 8.

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**Museums &c.**  
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Royal Kupferstich Kabinett (Zwinger). Tuesdays, Fridays 10-3 and 7-5, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays 10-3. Sundays and Holidays 11-2 free entrance. Mondays closed.  
Royal Zoological and Anthropological-Ethnographical Museum (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Sundays 11-1, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1-3 free entrance.  
Royal math.-phys. Salon (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays 9-12. 0.50, Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays closed.  
Royal mineral. geol. and prähist. Museum (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 10-12, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1-3, Sundays and Holidays 11-1 free entrance.  
Royal Collection of Porcelain (Johanneum II). Mondays and Fridays 10-2. 0.50, Saturdays 9-2. 1.50, Sundays and Holidays 11-2. 0.25.  
Royal Collection of Sculpture in the Albertinum and An der Frauenkirche 12, I. (Cosel-Palais). In the week (except Saturdays) 9-3, Sundays and Holidays 11-2 free entrance.  
Körner-Museum (Körner Strasse 7). In the week 9-2, Wednesdays and Saturdays 9-1 and 2-5, Sundays and Holidays 11-2. 0.50.  
Royal popular Library (Japan Palais). In the week 9-2 and 4-6 (except Saturdays) free entrance. Sundays and Holidays closed.  
Sächsischer Kunstverein (Brühlische Terrasse). Picture exhibition Fritz Erler. Fresco decorations for the Kurhaus at Wiesbaden etc. Open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., Sundays 11-3. Entrance fee. 1.—; Sundays and Wednesdays. 0.50.  
Galerie Ernst Arnold, Schloss Strasse. Porcelain picture exhibition.

**SHIPBUILDING STATISTICS.**

In 1907 according to the Navigation Bureau reports 1,056 ships with a total tonnage of 502,508 tons were built, as against 1,045 ships of 393,291 tons in 1906. During the first six months of the current fiscal year 575 ships of 259,974 tons were built, as against only 508 of 181,043 tons in the corresponding period of the previous year.

**THE STRENOUS LIFE.**

Monotony is the evil most sedulously avoided by Mrs. Jennie Bigford, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, in her matrimonial career. She has divorced thirteen husbands, and not long ago married her fourteenth. As several days have elapsed since the ceremony, and they are still a united couple, six to four is being freely offered by sporting neighbours that the existing record will this time be lowered.

**THE COMPLEAT SURGEON.**

"What," asked the admiring friend of the great surgeon, "did you operate on that chap for?" "£120." "No, no. What I meant was, what had he got?" "One hundred and twenty pounds," said the great surgeon, dreamily.

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11 a.m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sundays in the month).  
6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.  
Fridays: 11 a.m. Litany.  
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Sundays: 10.15 a.m. Sunday School and Bible Class  
11.30 a.m. Regular Service.  
4.0 p.m. Song Service.  
Wednesdays: 4.0 p.m. Prayer Meeting.—Reading Room and Library open all week from 10.0 a.m. till 6.0 p.m.  
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**BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.**

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**THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:** Ambassador, CHARLEMAGNE TOWER Esq. Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception hours 10-1.—Consul General: ALEXANDER M. THACKARA Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60. Office hours 10-1.

## CURRENT TOPICS IN AMERICA.

(By letter dated January 20th, from our New York correspondent.)

## THE PANAMA CANAL AND ITS COST.

When the first estimates for the construction of the Panama Canal were made in America, the sum of 135 million dollars was regarded as overstepping the mark. But only too soon it became clear that this sum would not by a long way suffice for carrying out this gigantic undertaking. As a matter of fact proportionately as reports of good progress have come to hand, the estimate of the cost has risen. Colonel Goethals, the head engineer of the Canal Commission, appeared recently before the Standing Committee of the House of Representatives in order to report on the progress of the Canal. He stated that the construction was progressing most favourably, that between 30,000 and 40,000 navvies—negroes, Spaniards and Italians—were engaged continually on the work and that the construction of the Canal would cost 300 million dollars. The excavations on the Culebra section, the most difficult part of the work, should, according to the head engineer's calculations, be completed in four or five years. Pessimists gather from this that the construction of the Canal will swallow up 500 million dollars. It is interesting to note that to the Canal is being given more and more the character of a strategical undertaking. President Roosevelt is said to have expressed to a friend his regret that he will have to vacate office in a year's time, for he would gladly have finished the Canal and have brought the construction of a Fleet so far that he would have been able to hand over the country to his successor as the greatest and strongest Power in the world. Stress has more particularly been laid on the strategical importance of the Canal for the American Navy in the last few months, and it cannot be denied that most strenuous efforts are being made to hasten on the construction of the waterway. In the same proportion as the strategical importance of the Canal for the Navy is pointed out is extensive fleet construction championed. Republicans and Democrats alike are striving to be as liberal as possible in questions of financial grants for the Fleet, for these are questions which win whole-hearted support from the people. The epoch-making voyage of the Atlantic squadron to the waters of the Pacific has pushed the question of Fleet enlargement still more into the foreground. For this reason it is quite opportune that a Bill has been introduced into Congress demanding the utmost liberality in naval construction. The Bill is introduced by Lieut. Hobson, a member of Congress, the hero of the "Merrimac" incident in the Spanish-American war. The Bill proposes an annual grant of 50 million dollars for the building of four or five battleships of the "Dreadnought" class. It is quite in accordance with the trend of popular opinion that this Bill, which according to its introducer has the whole-hearted support of the President, has been introduced by a Democrat.

## JAPAN AND THE ATLANTIC FLEET.

The first excitement caused by the resolve to send the Atlantic Fleet to San Francisco has been followed by a period of calmer discussion which represents the despatch of the fleet as a perfectly natural measure of the Government from a naval strategical point of view. When the fleet actually started all parties were at pains to lay stress on its peaceful mission. Psychologically it is interesting to note that the further the fleet goes on its trip, the more easily do pessimistic utterances once more find a hearing, although the Washington and Tokio situation does not give cause for the smallest anxiety. It cannot, however, be denied that an uneasy feeling prevails in certain circles. There is an impression that something is in the air, and the next moment all are striving to convince themselves that everything is peaceful. The wildest alarmist rumours are set in circulation, only to be denied the next minute. Just in the last few days the most preposterous nonsense relating to American-Japanese relations has been served up—the Japanese fleet is lying concealed in the Straits of Magellan, or is waiting not far from Hawaii for an opportunity to make a treacherous attack on the unsuspecting American fleet.—The American Government has demanded guarantees in writing from Japan that the latter should suppress emigration to America—, Japanese spies have been traced—, incessantly the work of strengthening the fortifications at the Philippines is going on, and all harbours have been sown with mines! The contradiction of all these canards is followed by the news that the Atlantic fleet will not remain in the Pacific but will soon return to the Atlantic coast via the Suez Canal; that Japan is making preparations for the visit of the fleet to her waters in order to give ample expressions of Japanese feelings of friendship for America. Reports such as these crop up with bewildering variety. Stress has often enough been laid on the fact that the mysterious secrecy which prevailed when the determination to send the fleet

to San Francisco was first announced contributed much to spreading a certain feeling of uneasiness. It is a question, too, whether the frequency with which the enlargement of the fleet has since then been advocated, coupled with the utterances of prominent men in public life, is not partly to blame for the circumstance that in timorous circles a doubt still prevails as to the peaceful mission of the fleet. Mr. Taft, the Secretary for War, said in a speech delivered recently: "Our fleet must by practice be made ready to be dispatched to any part of the world, and be in a condition when it arrives there to be able to strike should necessity arise. The voyage to the Pacific is no light undertaking for any nation. We have in the Pacific a coast as long as in the Atlantic, and in the Philippines another extensive coast line. When it was rumoured in the Philippines that we intended to go to war with Japan great uneasiness prevailed in the Archipelago. Since they have heard of the voyage of our fleet this uneasiness has been dispelled. The natives have respect for a Government which can take such a step. We mean no harm to anyone, but it is salutary now and then to let the world know that words can be backed up by deeds."

Meanwhile, the inhabitants of San Francisco are making preparations for the reception of the battleships. The city by the Golden Gate is to expend 100,000 dollars in hospitality and the whole population will contribute to this sum. Triumphant arches and pavilions are to be erected, theatrical performances, excursions and sports are to be arranged in honour of the officers and men. During a whole week the city is to be the scene of magnificent entertainments and balls.

## CHIT CHAT.

It may not be generally known that the Charlotte Yonge of French literature fame was the Comtesse de Ségur, and was of Russian origin. Her father was governor of Moscow at the time of the great fire in 1812. Her *Mémoires d'un Ane* and *Les Malheurs de Sophie* have been the delight of thousands of children, and will be for several generations to come. The Comtesse de Ségur wrote these stories and many others (*Les Petites Filles Modèles*, *Les Vacances*, *Pauvre Blaise*, &c.) for the benefit of her grandchildren. She had not previously occupied herself with literature. Her first book was published in 1857, and dealt with health in childhood. This was followed by the series of stories embraced under the general title of *La Bibliothèque Rose*. Other great members of the Ségur family were Marshal Ségur, his son, Comte Louis Philippe de Ségur, a statesman under Napoleon I., author of the well-known *Mémoires*; Comte Octave Henri Gabriel de Ségur, a charming author, whose son married Mlle. Rostopchine; and others who have all acquired some celebrity in the world of letters.

What would we do without our blouses? They befriend us still and so far no caprice of fashion has been able to drive them from us. We have our morning shirts, our afternoon dressy blouses and our evening blouses, both simple and elaborate. We have been so long accustomed to the unlined and untrimmed blouse that we cling to it still, and it has really the preference over most others. Everyone who is anyone or has any pretensions to dress has any number of white ones ready to put on; the more gossamer, however cold the weather, the better. In Paris there is more diversity in the choice, and there are several light smart-coloured blouses that find acceptance. The crêpe de Chine and silk blouses and shirts grow more and more elaborate, and there are the most beautiful glacé bodices, embroidered and inset with lace, ready for anybody who cares to wear them. Young and ingenious people can make delightful blouses for themselves of fine muslin, inset with any morsels of real lace or embroidery they can get and adapt to the purpose. We are coming to a Toby frill, to the high collars, or to the close pleatings that the Medicis and the Tudor dames wore. They are most excellent when one's first youth is past, for they help to hide the wrinkles beneath the chin. Many of the narrow pleatings start from a band of fur, but the collar must be cut straight in the neck. In Paris you often see an embroidered linen collar on a lace blouse. Dyed filet lace blouses to match the gowns are among the new things we all delight in.

The pretty Maori word *Haeremai*, meaning welcome, tends to become quite a household word in the realm of animal gossip. Mrs. Hopkins, one of the most successful exhibitors and breeders of the much-coveted King Charles Spaniel, for some years lived in New Zealand and, on settling in the neighbourhood of Kew, where she has a complete set of well-arranged kennels lined throughout with sheet asbestos, she chose *Haeremai* as the name of her dwelling. The word has now become a prefix by which the dogs are known, such as *Haeremai Sterling*, *Haeremai Cyclone* and so on, the last named being a beautiful tricolour ten-months-old, with a marvellous skull and coat and, of course, quite noseless.

## DRESDEN

Who will procure for a young German in the wine business a situation in England or America this Spring. Address 102a of this paper.

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## MOVEMENTS OF LINERS.

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## YESTERDAY'S REPORTS.

"Prinz Heinrich," from Japan for Bremen, arrived Shanghai Febr. 6th.  
"Bremen," from Bremen for Australia, left Genoa Febr. 6th.  
"York," from Japan for Hamburg, left Southampton Febr. 5th.  
"Prinz Ludwig," from Bremen for Japan, left Naples Febr. 6th.  
"Prinzess Irene," from Genoa for New York, left Genoa Febr. 6th.  
"Bülow," from New York for Bremen, passed Lizard Febr. 6th.  
"Goeben," from Bremen for Japan, arrived Singapore Febr. 7th.  
"Köln," from New York for Bremen, arrived Bremerhaven Febr. 7th.  
"König Albert," from Genoa for New York, arrived New York Febr. 6th.  
"Brandenburg," from Bremen for Baltimore, passed Capes Henry Febr. 6th.  
"Gneisenau," from Australia for Bremen, passed Gibraltar Febr. 6th.

## WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.  
Moderate westerly winds, changeable weather, rain or snow, temperature not much altered.