

Berlin Office:
W., Potsdamer
Strasse 10/11.
Telephone:
VI 1079.

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Dresden Office:
A., Struve
Strasse 5, 1.
Telephone:
1755.

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10 PFENNIGS.

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THE PORTUGUESE ELECTIONS.

While England has been changing its Premier and the Premier has been readjusting his Ministry with all the punctiliousness worthy of the oldest Parliamentary traditions, the elections in Portugal have shewn how the soundest democratic safeguards work out in practice where the political habits of centuries have been anything but democratic. It has been pointed out that both Spain and Portugal got their Constitutions because of the misconduct and misgovernment of their kings, not because of the capacity of their peoples for self-government. The people of the Peninsula, ignorant, superstitious, priest-ridden, illiterate, have always been the victims of tyrants and the tools of agitators; even now three-quarters of the population are unable to read or write; and the Revolutionary elements are drawn less from the peasant classes, who are the worst sufferers from misgovernment, than from those classes which in Russia are called the Intellectuals or Intelligenzia. But even in Portugal the education of the people does not stand still, and the probabilities are in favour not of either of the two orthodox parties, the Regenerators or Progressists, but of the Republicans. The result of the election was foretold in the Portuguese Press, and was foretold correctly; more than this, the actual distribution of seats has been so shrewdly managed by the prophets that in almost every instance the forecast tallies with the fact. It was predicted that sixty-one Regenerators would be returned; the actual number exceeds the expected number by a single unit. It was predicted that fifty-nine Progressists would be returned; the actual number is fifty-nine. So was it, too, with the Independents, the Nationalists, the Francoists, the Dissident Progressists, and the Republicans; in each case the expectation coincided with the result, or at least approximated to it with sufficient closeness. This is remarkable, but it is not the work of the Black Art; it is the work of the traditional Portuguese method; it is, in a word, the Rotativist system. The Constitutional practice of Portugal prescribes that the sweets of office should be shared fairly and in turn by the two Monarchist parties; and that, if the nicely calculated system of securing favourable results should break down in the process of the elections, there should be means in the process of counting the votes by which the pre-arranged distribution of seats should be effected. It had been hoped that the result of last Sunday's election would be able to prove the growth of a sense of political responsibility among the mass of the people; and the assumption would be possible were it not that the correspondence between the forecast and the result is too perfect to leave a shadow of doubt as to the manner in which that result has been attained. It would be acceptable to the good sense of other nations and to the good will which is entertained everywhere, and nowhere more than in England, for the industrious Portuguese people and the ruling House of Braganza if the elections could be regarded as a protest of the people against the terrible events of February. Whether for the reason that no means were afforded for the spontaneous expression of a lively indignation at the excesses of the extreme Republicans, or whether for the reason that the Portuguese people are not yet able to avail themselves of the Constitutional machinery for the expression of their desires, the fact must be accepted that the elections denote no advance in method or intention beyond the accustomed transfer of privileges within the ruling cliques.

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The question arises whether, in view of the events of the last few months, the political authorities in Portugal were well-advised in shaping their course according to the familiar lines; whether, in short, it would not have been securing a tactical advantage, and perhaps a lasting hold on the regard of the people, to disarm the Republican movement of its strongest weapons by putting forward an actual programme of reform, and risking upon it an actual and open battle. Such a course, it must be clear, would have paced the Monarchist parties, and the throne itself, upon a footing of security to which neither can at present lay claim. At the same time, it is equally clear that what, to an outsider, appears an easy and simple solution of a complicated situation, would take a totally different aspect in the eyes of a Portuguese statesman. On no point is speculation more insecure than on the degree in which the Portuguese electorate may be trusted to possess the interest and discrimination necessary to secure an election in its own favour. While we are assured, on good authority, that the Portuguese peasant farmers are neither so indifferent to affairs as Spaniards of the same class, nor so lacking in shrewdness as in education, it is difficult to imagine that the traditions of many years in the abuse of democratic machinery are to be overstepped in a single election. Again, it is extremely doubtful whether such reforms as the Monarchist parties would be in a position to propose could afford a basis of compromise sufficiently broad to hold the minimum of the Republican demands. To exasperate the Republicans while seeming to shew the slightest symptom of a weak or yielding spirit would be fatal to the interests of the Monarchist parties; they would fall, perhaps irretrievably, between their own generosity and the principles of their opponents. The dominating parties have not a guaranteed ascendancy, but they have, what is perhaps more valuable in the strategy of politics, the immediate sympathy of the large mass of the people. Of the two courses open to them, concession or rigidity, they have chosen the latter, probably not from a distaste for reform, but because they know the conditions of the contest and the temper of their enemies. To anticipate such Constitutional development as the country is capable of by offering reforms to oust the reformers would have been to tamper with the very danger they must be most anxious to avoid—namely, the danger by which ignorant peoples, on being taught a little, jump to extreme conclusions.

THE HERMIT OF TREMAGAM.

A well-known character to tourists at Brest has just died in the person of Napoleon Petit, as he was called. For some years past this strange being has led the life of a hermit, living in the ruins of the old Feudal castle of Tremagam, his food consisting chiefly of roots and vegetables. Though his history was shrouded in mystery, it was supposed that he was a broken-down lawyer.

GENERAL NEWS.

NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

KING EDWARD'S STAY AT BIARRITZ.

London newspapers state that King Edward went to Biarritz, solely in consequence of the earnest advice of his physicians, in order to escape the attacks of influenza to which His Majesty has been subject every Spring for some years past.

FRENCH PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO LONDON.

President Fallières is to arrive in London on May 25th, and will be accompanied by M. Pichon, Minister for Foreign Affairs.

SUFFRAGETTES READY FOR WAR.

Miss Christabel Pankhurst, organiser of the Suffragettes, declared recently:—"We are now waiting a declaration of policy from Mr. Asquith on Women's Suffrage, and will do our best to bring it about. His increased responsibilities may make him change his opinion, but if he means war we are ready for war. All our forces are marshalled, and we will fight until we have beaten the new Prime Minister. We are at present turning all our attention to Manchester, anticipating that Mr. Churchill will have to seek re-election. We mean to make Women's Suffrage the issue of that by-election."

THE DRUCE PERJURY CASE.

Mrs. Margaret Jane Louise Hamilton, aged 77, was found guilty of wilful perjury committed at Marylebone Police-court during the proceedings against Mr. Herbert Druce. The judge, Mr. Justice Walton, deferring judgment, she was liberated on bail.

MINING DISASTER.

According to telegraphic information from Bath an explosion took place in a coal-mine at Morton-Hill, causing the death of two miners; more than ten other men are missing.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

THE PRESIDENT RECOMMENDS SPECIAL LEGISLATION AGAINST ANARCHISTS.

President Roosevelt has sent a special Message to Congress, recommending special legislation for the suppression of anarchism and laying before Congress a document drafted by the Attorney General, authorising the Postmaster General to prevent the circulation of anarchist publications through the post. The President gives notice that, in accordance with this document, he will instruct the Postmaster General not to allow the transmission of such publications in future by Post Office officials, and adds that in comparison with the suppression of anarchism every other question shrinks into insignificance. The anarchist is the enemy of society, the enemy of mankind.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE HARRIMAN SYSTEM.

A Salt Lake City telegram says that with reference to the proceedings instituted by the United States Government against the Union Pacific Railroad, the financier Mr. Harriman, and others, the defendants yesterday filed their answer in the Federal Court. They collectively deny the charge that the object of the combine was to restrict competition and to monopolise traffic.

(Continued on page 3.)

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WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate westerly winds, fairly bright but changeable weather, slight showers at times, temperature not much altered.

BERLIN

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Goldsmith will hear with deep regret that they have suffered a severe loss. Mr. Goldsmith's mother died at Milwaukee, Wis., at the age of 94 years, about a week ago. Mr. Goldsmith, who is at present in America, was called to the bedside of the old lady, who had kept all her mental and physical abilities till the very last days of a long and useful life.

Dr. Arthur N. Davis, who has been treasurer of the "American Benevolent Association" for many years, has resigned on account of lack of time. Mr. Alton Derriek has consented to become his successor.

Next Sunday Mr. Pease will read a paper on church music in the American Church, on Motz Strasse.

On Easter Sunday, there will be no afternoon service at the American Church, but instead a sacred concert will take place in the evening.

Mr. Kurt Stark, an American hailing from Milwaukee, and at present connected with the Lessing Theatre, has just signed a very favourable contract with the "Bürgertheater" in Vienna.

Mrs. Ena Heinemann, of Motz Strasse 36, has been confined to her bed with a severe illness for some time.

Last Wednesday afternoon, Miss Hunt gave a tea to her many friends in her apartment, Kleist Strasse 2, the former clubrooms of the American Women's Club.

Six of the larger boys of the "American Boys' Club" have set out for a rather unique Easter tramp. The boys concluded that they would travel to Dresden by rail and start from there for a walk through the "Sächsische Schweiz," for ten days, not spending more than twenty marks for the whole tramp. They provided themselves with food, sleeping bags &c., to camp in the woods if possible, and expect to have the time of their lives. The enterprising young fellows are Alan Pease, Alan Goldsmith, Robert Eirich, Paul Rambo, Dickie Alisheimer and Fred Bushnell. They started for Dresden on Thursday morning.

The sport commission of the German "Luftschiffverband" met in Berlin last Wednesday and decided that the balloons entered by the clubs of Berlin, Cologne and the "Niederrhein" be admitted for the big Gordon Bennett balloon race of October next. Mr. Oskar Erbslöh, who carried the cup last year at the St. Louis race, was selected to lead the Berlin balloon, Captain v. Abercorn, who carried the third prize at the same race, will lead the balloon of the "Niederrheinische Luftschiffverein"; the leader of the third balloon has not yet been selected.

At the same meeting it was announced, that the "Aéro Club of Saint Louis, Mo." has entered a balloon for the Berlin race, by cable.

There is some grumbling among German motor-yachtsmen on account of the dates fixed for the international motor-yacht races of the "British Motor Yacht Club" in connection with this year's Olympic games. The races for boats of all classes are set for the 11th of July, off Southampton. All boats must be entered at the very latest on the 28th of June. It will be very difficult for the German boats to participate if they want to enter the races of the "Imperial Automobile Club" arranged in connection with the Kiel week for the end of June and extending into the first days of July. There will be very little time left for them to get ready for the English races after those in German waters.

How strongly the trade relations between Germany and the United States are affected by the bad times in America will be shown by some very striking figures. During the first three months of the current year the export to America of the district of the Berlin Consulate-General amounted to \$9,877,083 against \$15,849,706 for the same period of last year. The number of invoices certified by the Berlin Consulate-General during these three months was 665 less than last year. The export of the Hamburg district, for the same time, amounted to \$2,991,506 against \$4,990,741 last year. Frankfurt-on-the-Main exported only goods to the value of \$4,444,569 against \$8,824,703. The reduction of the export values of other consular districts is as follows: Cologne, \$503,065; Mannheim, \$399,079; Nuremberg, \$370,778; Düsseldorf, \$359,588; Crefeld, \$344,399; Barmen, \$316,297; Mainz, \$314,657; Stuttgart, \$241,908; Kehl, \$197,762; Bamberg, \$157,644; Aachen, \$127,616; Weimar, \$108,487; Freiburg, \$80,881. The only exception in this mournful procession is the district of Chemnitz, where the export value shows an increase of \$3,891,078 over the first three months of last year. But this is accounted for by the fact that the goods exported from there had been ordered a long time

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ago, while their shipping had been postponed for some reason or other.

Some other equally interesting figures give a vivid illustration of general business conditions in the United States: the figures concerning European emigration to America, which of course is large while times over there are good, and which slackens immediately when they begin to be bad. During the month of March there emigrated from the Port of Hamburg to the United States only 4,525 against 19,299 during the same month of the preceding year; during the first three months of the current year emigration to the United States from Hamburg amounted to only 12,534 persons, against 45,468 during the same period of last year. Still more striking are the figures showing the emigration from Bremen. They are for March of this year only 4,758 against 30,044 of March last year. During the last three months there emigrated from Bremen 11,523 against 58,121 last year. In addition to this reduction of emigration to America, all big steamers are bringing back to Europe labourers who had emigrated before, but were thrown out of employment and now return to their native countries. For instance, early this week there arrived in Bremen alone, with the Lloyd steamer "Main" and with the fast steamer "Kaiser Wilhelm II", more than four thousand re-emigrants. Notwithstanding this heavy exodus of working people, the number of workmen out of work in the United States was recently estimated by the officers of the "American Federation of Labour" at not less than 4,750,000. And it is stated that conditions are becoming worse from day to day!

WEEKLY MUSICAL REVIEW.
By M. O.

Two Scotch ladies, Miss Shand Smith (pianoforte) and Miss Helen MacGregor (violin) gave a concert in the Choralion Saal, their first appearance in public. The former has much talent which, however, requires further training; the latter was more advanced, but not sufficiently so to do justice to Bach's "Chaconne."—Frau Helena Martini (Singakademie) sang some Brahms songs admirably. Her voice no longer possesses its first freshness, but her style and interpretations are effective and would be still more so if there was less movement of the head. Besides the Brahms songs Frau Martini sang Beethoven's Scotch songs to the accompaniments of a Trio—Herr Marienhagen (violin), Herr Malkin ('cello), and Herr Kern (oboe).—Frau Eitelka Gerster, a famous pupil of the famous teacher Mdme. Marchesi, brought forward some of her pupils at the Bechstein Saal. All of them gave proof of exemplary teaching; the young ladies—Käte v. Schuch, Lotti Bachmeyer, Rosa Schaverling, Elfriede Goette, and Charlotte Boerlage—may look forward to a successful future. Arias by Flotow, Bizet, Verdi, and Massenet were heard in such perfection that one may well have supposed that he was listening to experienced artists.—Agnete Tobiesen introduced herself successfully in a pianoforte recital at the Bechstein Saal. Her programme was in itself a recommendation, containing, as it did, the Chromatic Fugue and Fantasie of Bach and the A-flat Sonata of Beethoven. Fräulein Tobiesen's performance of those pieces bore witness to her great earnestness and

musical understanding and, though it was not perfect in all respects, it enabled one to prophecy a bright future for the artist, as the strong points outweighed the weak.—Herr Georg Schumann gave a concert at the Singakademie for the benefit of the Bach museum at Eisenach. The programme contained only works by Johann Sebastian Bach, Friedmann Bach, and Philipp Emanuel Bach. Herr and Frau Professor Kwast exhibited their great skill as pianoforte-players in a Concerto in F for two pianofortes, by Friedmann Bach. The piece was here produced for the first time and, to judge from its character, it will never be heard to much advantage in a concert room. A smaller hall than that of the Singakademie would be more suitable for it. Professor Halir, Herr Karl Klinger, and Professor Schumann united in giving a spirited rendering of a delightful, rosy Sonata by Philipp Emanuel Bach.—Frau Lolo Barnay gave her valuable assistance at the chamber music concert of the Trio consisting of Herren Schnirrlin, Becker, and Eisenberger, earning well-deserved applause by her songs. The excellent Trio were heard in a novelty, a trio in D-minor by Witezslav Novák which we hope to hear again very soon, as it is a gain for chamber music literature. The three artists played it with great élan.

CHURCH SERVICES: BERLIN.

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11 a.m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sundays in the month).
6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
Fridays: 11 a.m. Litany.
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AMERICAN CHURCH, Motz Strasse 6.
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Sundays: 10.15 a.m. Sunday School and Bible Class.
11.30 a.m. Regular Service.
4.0 p.m. Song Service.
Wednesdays: 4.0 p.m. Prayer Meeting.—Reading Room and Library open all week from 10.0 a.m. till 6.0 p.m.
Rev. J. F. Dickie, D. D., Pastor.
(Office hour 1-2 p.m. daily, except Saturday, at Luitpold Strasse 30.)

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

GREAT BRITAIN & IRELAND: Ambassador the Rt. Hon. Sir FRANK LASCELLES G. C. B. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse. Office hours 11-1.—Consul-General Dr. PAUL v. SCHWABACH. Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.

THE U. S. OF AMERICA: Ambassador, CHARLEMAGNE TOWER, Esq. Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception hours 10-1.—Consul-General: ALEXANDER M. THACKARA, Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60. Office hours 10-1.

BERLIN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

This afternoon:		
Schiller Theatre Charlottenburg	Wilhelm Tell	at 3
Bernhard Rose Theatre	Max und Moritz	4
Urania Theatre	Über den Brenner nach Venedig	4
This evening:		
Royal Opera House	Die Hugenotten	at 7.30
Deutsches Theatre	Was Ihr wollt	8
	(Kammerspiele) Lysistrata	8
Royal Theatre	Götz von Berlichingen	7
Berliner Theatre	Wintersport	8
Lessing Theatre	Das Lumpengesindel	8
New Theatre	Die gute Partie	8
New Schauspielhaus	Der Dummkopf	8
Kleine Theatre	Zweimal zwei ist fünf	8
Residenz Theatre	Der Floh im Ohr	8
Comic Opera	Die Fledermaus	8
Trianon Theatre	Tante Cransers Testament	8
Schiller Theatre O.	Der Widerspenstigen Zähmung	8
Charlottenburg	Der Revisor	8
Frdr. Wilhelmst. Theatre	König Heinrich	8
Lortzing Theatre	Der Trompeter von Säckingen	8
Luisen Theatre	Unsere Don Juans	8
Bürgerl. Schauspielhaus	Die Anne Lise	8
Theatre an der Spree	Der Onkel aus Kottbus	8
Bernhard Rose Theatre	Die Loreley	8
Urania Theatre	Die neueren Fortschritte der Farbenphotographie	8
Every evening until further notice.		
Metropol Theatre	Das muss man seh'n	at 8
Casino Theatre	Ein Dorfroman	8
Wintergarten	Spezialitäten	8
Apollo Theatre	Der kleine Chevalier	8
Central Theatre	Ein seltsamer Fall	8
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten	8
Gebr. Herrfeld Theatre	Hausierer-Jockele Endlichalein. Klavier Partie	8
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten	8
Folies Caprice	Mal was anderes	8
Carl Haverland Theatre	Spezialitäten	8
Folies Bergère	Spezialitäten	8.30
Thalia Theatre	Doctor Klapperstorch	8
Hebbel Theatre	Liebe	8
Theatre des Westens	Ein Walzertraum	8
New Operetta Theatre	Der Mann mit den drei Frauen	8
Parodie Theatre	Nachtsyl. Die Rabensteinerin or: Ein Walzertraum. Rosenmontag	8
Trianon Theatre	Seine erste Frau. Die Hand. Charlotte Wiehé	8.30

By grand Opera for the phans Royal C will ha sängerin sängerin Georg C as also senior the Dre the Roy includ be as fo closing and ore ner's Po Herr Ra Sympho on Schil There formanc The sal

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DRESDEN

By permission of His Majesty there will be a grand musical performance at the Royal Opera tomorrow evening, beginning at 7 o'clock, for the benefit of the Fund for Widows and Orphans of members of the Royal Orchestra. The Royal Orchestra, conducted by Kapellmeister Hagen, will have the kind assistance of Kgl. Kammer-sängerin Frau Irene Abendroth, Kgl. Hofopern-sängerin Frau Bender-Schäfer, Kgl. Hofopernsänger Georg Grosch, and Kgl. Kammer-sänger Léon Rains; as also of the *Dreysigsche Singakademie*, the senior choral class of the Royal Conservatorium, the *Dresdner Männergesangsverein*, the chorus of the Royal opera and the choir of the Court church including the boy choristers. The programme will be as follows: (1) a. the transformation music and closing scene of the 1. Act, for solo voices, choir and orchestra; b. "Karfreitagszauber"; from Wagner's *Parsifal*; (Herr Grosch will sing as *Parsifal*, Herr Rains as *Gurnemanz*). (2) Beethoven's Ninth Symphony, in D-minor op. 125, with final chorus on Schiller's Ode to Joy.

There will be a full public rehearsal of this performance this evening at the Opera, at 7 o'clock. The sale of tickets proceeds as usual.

The programme of the test performance by pupils of the Ehrlich School of Music (Director, Herr Paul Lehmann-Osten) in the rooms of the institution Walpurgis Strasse 18 at 7 o'clock this evening, will include: pianoforte pieces by Beethoven, Sgambati, and Lehmann-Osten; songs for soprano by Weber, Schumann, Kleffel and Theodor Kollo; an Aria for soprano from *Freischütz*; a duet for two soprano voices from Delibes' *Der König hat's gesagt*; and Bériot's "Scène de Ballet" for violin. Free tickets of admission may be had on application at the Secretary's office.

The programme of the music to be performed at the Vespers service in the Kreuzkirche at 2 o'clock this afternoon, will be as follows:

(1) Passacaglia and Finale on B-A-C-H for organ, by Georg Schumann. (2) "Wir alle wollen eh' erblissen," chorus of the disciples from the Brockes Passion: *Der für die Sünde der Welt gemarterte und sterbende Jesus*, by Johann Mattheson (died 1681). (3) "Jesus in Gethsemane," scene from the Brockes Passion, for bass solo and organ, by Händel.

(4) "Hertzlich tut mich verlangen," organ Prelude by Dietrich Buxtehude. (5) "Mein Heiland, Herr und Fürst," Aria for mezzo-soprano from the Brockes Passion, by Johann Mattheson. (6) "Ach, wie hungert mein Gemüte," chorus with organ from the Brockes Passion, by Händel.—The Church Choir, conducted by Herr Otto Richter, Kantor and Kgl. Musikdirektor, will be assisted by the following soloists: Fräulein Marie Schaff, mezzo-soprano; Herr Kurt Hartwig, bass; at the organ: Herr Alfred Sittard.

At the Central Theatre today *Der Mann mit den 3 Frauen*, an operetta in 3 Acts by Julius Bauer, music by Franz Lehár, will be given for the 8th time. The performance of this operetta will be discontinued during Holy Week, and resumed on Easter Sunday.

Tomorrow afternoon, at 3.30, *Der fidele Bauer* will be given at half-prices. In the evening, at 7.30, the 25th performance of *Die Dollarprinzessin* will take place, at the usual prices.

On and after Tuesday next the Dresden-Teplitz-Karlsbad express will run as usual during the season at the Bohemian Spa, leaving the Hauptbahnhof at 12.7 noon, Schandau at 12.43 p.m., and arriving at Bodenbach at 1.5 p.m., at Teplitz 2.3 p.m., and Karlsbad (via Komotau) at 4.35 p.m. Through-carriages to Karlsbad of first, second, and third classes, are attached to the train leaving Berlin at 8.5 a.m.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Grenadier Regiment No. 101. The band plays about 12.30 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.

PRESERVATION OF EGGS.

The New York *Tribune* gives an interesting account of a new method of preserving eggs reported by Dr. Campanini to the Italian Chamber of Commerce. His method is to coat the eggs with lard, and thus stop up all the pores. The whites and yellows of the eggs retained their colour perfectly and the taste was not modified in the slightest degree. It is claimed that eggs thus treated and stored in a dry room will preserve their freshness for a year.

DRESDEN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

Royal Opera House.

Tonight, beginning at 7, ending at 9.15

Final Rehearsal for the Palm Sunday Concert.

- (1) (a) *Verwandlungsmusik und Schluss-scene* of the 1st act from "Parsifal" for soli, chorus and orchestra R. Wagner.
- (b) *Karfreitagszauber*, from "Parsifal", for soli and orchestra
- Parsifal: Herr GROSCH. Gurnemanz: Herr RAINS.
- (2) Symphony (No. 9, D-minor, op. 125) with chorus on Schiller's Ode: "An die Freude" Beethoven.

Sunday night Grand Concert at 7

Royal Theatre Neustadt.

Tonight Kimiko Terakoya at 7.30

Sunday night Kriemhilda Raehle " 7

Residenz Theatre.

Tonight Ein Walzertraum at 7.30

Sunday afternoon Alt-Heidelberg " 3.30

Sunday night Der Zigeunerbaron " 7.30

Monday night Fuhrmann Henschel " 7.30

Central Theatre.

Tonight Der Mann mit den drei Frauen at 7.30

Sunday afternoon Der fidele Bauer " 3.30

Sunday night Die Dollarprinzessin " 7.30

MOVEMENTS OF LINERS.

North German Lloyd S. S. Co., Dresden office: FR. BREMERMAN, Prager Strasse 49.

YESTERDAY'S REPORTS.

- "Kleist," from Japan for Hamburg, arrived Hamburg April 9th.
- "Amerika," from Baltimore for Bremen, passed Lizard April 8th.
- "Roon," from Bremen for Australia, arrived Sydney April 9th.
- "Breslau," from Bremen for Baltimore, passed Borkum Riff April 9th.
- "Friedrich der Grosse," from Genoa for New York, arrived New York April 9th.
- "Bülów," from Hamburg for Japan, arrived Naples April 9th.
- "Prinz Eitel Friedrich," from Bremen for Japan, arrived Colombo April 10th.
- "Prinz Heinrich," from Bremen for Japan, left Rotterdam April 9th.
- "Barbarossa," from New York for Bremen, left New York April 9th.
- "Frankfurt," from Galveston for Baltimore, arrived Baltimore April 9th.

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GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued.)

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

MOROCCAN AFFAIRS IN THE MINISTRY.

At a Ministerial Council held in Paris on Thursday M. Pichon informed the Cabinet that quiet now prevailed in the district between Casablanca, Ber Reshid and the French camp. As far as Uled Uyata all resistance had ceased, but Mulai Hafid endeavoured to incite the Mdakra tribe to hostility against the French, by providing them with guns and ammunition; in a like manner he was trying to influence the Caid in the district around Mazagan.

SENSATIONAL AFFAIR AT THE CONCOURS HIPPIQUE.

A painful incident occurred at the *Concours Hippique* at the Grand Palais in Paris, on Wednesday. As M. Leclerc, the gentleman steeplechase rider, was being congratulated by his friends on his success in competing for the Morny prize, a groom who had formerly been in his employ, struck him three times with a riding whip across the face. The man, on being arrested, explained that he had been non-suited in a civil action he had brought against M. Leclerc, and therefore had had recourse to personal means of satisfaction.

ARREST OF ANARCHISTS IN PARIS.

The Paris police yesterday morning arrested three well-known anarchists—Roussel, Kühn, and Roux—as they were drawing a hand-cart along one of the boulevards. The cart contained obviously articles of furniture; but in these, as the police soon discovered, were concealed dynamite cartridges and other explosives. The arrested men declared that they were only carrying out an order to take the

furniture to a given address, but the police believe that they are concerned in preparations for some outrage planned to take place on the 1st of May. Further arrests are said to be in prospect.

THE LATE KING CARLOS.

The *Temps* hears from Lisbon that the Government believes it now knows all the people who were implicated in the conspiracy against King Carlos. The first of the conspiracies aimed at separating the King from his suite, holding him a prisoner till he solemnly promised to summon a Liberal Cabinet, and then conducting him to the Palace. The plot was divulged because too many people knew of it; and thereupon a smaller body of conspirators was formed, with the single programme, "Death to the Dynasty!"

ARREST OF A NOTORIOUS CRIMINAL.

The well-known tramp and highwayman Hausmann, of Tübingen, known as "the Gipsy King"—who with his sweetheart and a band of some 20 gipsies has for years past made the woods of South Germany and Switzerland unsafe—was arrested by the Zurich police in the forest near Kloten on Wednesday last. Hausmann made a desperate resistance and was not overpowered until he had been wounded by a revolver shot and broken his leg in jumping over a brook.

EXEMPLARY PUNISHMENT.

A labourer named Struck who was tried and convicted at the Görlitz Court on Wednesday last for laying heavy stones on the rails of the line between the stations Weisswasser and Schleife, and so endangering the safety of two passenger trains, was sentenced to imprisonment for six years with hard labour. His motive for the deed was revenge on a railway official.

THE CRISIS IN BELGRADE.

As King Peter had summoned the leaders of all parties to a council on Thursday evening, it was expected in political circles that a decision would be come to by the Crown in the course of the evening with regard to the solution of the crisis. All parties are in favour of the dissolution of the Skupschtina, as the Opposition refuses to have any further dealings with the present Government. If the King does not give the Paschitsch Ministry the mandate for the dissolution of the Skupschtina, the Ministers will probably at once tender their formal resignations. In Government circles, however, it was expected that the present Ministry would be charged to carry out the new elections.

THE ELECTION DISTURBANCES AT LISBON.

Eleven people are known to have been killed in the encounter at Lisbon on Sunday last, and the condition of most of the wounded is serious. The Government have ordered an enquiry in order to clear up questions as to the behaviour of the Municipal Guard on Sunday. The opinion is gaining ground that separate provocative demonstrations were made in order to justify the formation of a new Cabinet. The police are said to have fired on the people in the San Domingo church from the Choir. Many of those arrested in the encounter had considerable sums of money in their possession quite out of proportion to their means and state of life. The Press welcomes the enquiry ordered by the Government and condemns the disturbances.

PERSIAN AFFAIRS.

Five of the employées in the Electric Supply Station in Teheran, which belongs to a high official, have been arrested on suspicion of being the perpetrators of the bomb attempt on the life of the Shah.

(Continued on page 4.)

LONDON LETTER.

(From our own correspondent.)

London, April 8.

The statement issued by the Press Association on Friday evening concerning the probable retirement of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, though not very positive in itself, gives a sort of confirmation of rumours which have been much in the air for some time past. When the Premier's illness reached a crisis some two weeks ago, the rumours of retirement gave way to a graver apprehension, but since that time I have not been able to learn that this apprehension was altogether well-founded. It is clear, at all events, that under the circumstances the retention of office on Sir Henry's part must impede both the progress of his own recovery and the efficiency of the Government, which is not organised to the point of acting efficiently without him. Nobody doubts seriously that Mr. Asquith will be asked to take the head of affairs, but there is much speculation respecting the subsidiary changes which are involved. In this connection, the names of Mr. Lloyd George and Mr. Winston Churchill are prominent with the prophets.

The Boat Race is once more to the credit of Cambridge, nor was there much expectation that the result would be otherwise. No doubt, the experts will find abundant reasons of a technical sort to explain away the defeat, but the reasoning of "wet-bobs" is too prolix a matter for mere landsmen to follow. The uninitiated layman will tend to give credence to the theory—or is it a mere superstition?—that the luck gravitates to one of the Universities, and sticks there until some shock removes it to the other, and so on in alternation for ever. It is remarkable that during the last nine years Oxford have only won the Boat Race twice; similarly for the preceding nine years Oxford had an unbroken stretch of good fortune. The years which do not see at least three or four consecutive victories for the same side are exceptional. The explanation is, of course, that the predominance of either of the Universities tends to attract to its banks the best rowing elements from the various public schools where rowing is encouraged; and it is really remarkable how big is the difference to Oxford or Cambridge when the Eton contingent of Freshmen is one of rowing Etonians. For the last decade or so, there can be no question, the best material has been absorbed by Third Trinity.

We are getting very near the opening of the Royal Academy (let us hope it will be as warm and sunny when the day comes as it was last year); for Show Sunday is already a thing of the past week, and before long there will be heartbeatings at the postman's approach in Chelsea and St. John's Wood. One of the features of this year's exhibition will be Mr. Sargent's picture of Mr. Balfour. It has been painted for the Carlton Club, and will be a companion to the portrait of Lord Salisbury there. It is a full-length canvas. Among the other interesting portraits will be one of Mischa Elman by Mr. Solomon J. Solomon. This I had the good fortune to see some months ago, while it was yet in a half-finished state, but it is not possible to question that it is a great success. Painted with all the fine boldness of Mr. Solomon's earlier work, it has caught to the full the fire and energy of the young violinist's pose before his audience. Another portrait of a distinguished man likely to attract attention is Mr. Wolmark's picture of Sir Charles Lucas, the Permanent Under-Secretary for the Colonies.

The success of Mischa Elman as a maturing player is no less signal than his earlier successes as a prodigy. The critics are unanimous in according to him a very high place among living performers, and it would take all the modesty of an ordinary person to outlive the higher flights of praise into which his admirers are rushing. But apparently Mischa Elman is not yet spoiled by admiration. A correspondent who made his acquaintance at a country-house a short time ago writes about him as follows:—Mischa is still quite a boy, and, to tell the truth, all boy. There is something in his features to remind one of Beethoven, but I saw none of the divine melancholy.

On the contrary, Mischa talked, ate, pranced about, played games, fooled with the rest of us, just as Jack and Tom fool, play, talk and eat, when they are home for their holidays. Only when he is busy with his instrument does he become a man. At close quarters the passion, the tremendous feeling he puts into his work, is seen to have a physical expression. When he has finished something that has really interested him, there are tears in his eyes, and he seems to return to his surroundings with a positive start. And I had good opportunity of judging of these things! Mischa has been shielded so thoroughly from the dangers of publicity that this was the first time he had ever stayed at any place without his father's presence to stand between him and adulation—and that was not for more than a day or two, since his father joined the party very soon. The reason of this sudden

STOP PRESS NEWS.

THE KAISER'S MEDITERRANEAN CRUISE.

His Majesty arrived in Korfu yesterday morning at 11, on board the "Hohenzollern".

BRITISH STEAMER WRECKED.

London, April 10. According to a Lloyd report from Las Palmas the S.S. "Hans Wörmann" landed part of the crew of the British S.S. "Star of Japan" which had run aground near the West Africa coast. The captain and the rest of the crew had remained on board of the steamer although she is considered to be lost.

step into independence was that the family were one and all extremely musical, and not in the least likely to praise blindly or overmuch. So, instead of sitting round him with eyes of admiration, one of the boys and two of the girls played duets with him until the walls rang—all of which was very human; for everybody, Mischa not excepted, made an occasional howler, and we all laughed it down boisterously. And then we played pranks until two o'clock in the morning. Such pranks! One of these days posterity will read about them.

GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued.)

SPECULATIVE JAPAN.

According to information by cable from Hong-kong the Chamber of Commerce has addressed a circular to a number of similar institutions in England and China, recommending diplomatic action against the practice planned by Japanese cotton-spinners to enclose lottery-tickets in the cotton-bales, since, by thus encouraging the gambling vice of the Chinese, Japanese commerce would be artificially furthered at the expense of the Indian trade.

THE INDIAN TELEGRAPH SERVICE INTERRUPTED.

The telegraph operators in Upper India have struck, in consequence of the newly introduced alterations of the work-plan. A few of the officials remain to forward the most urgent telegrams, but since Thursday evening at 6 o'clock the offices have been practically without operators. The accumulation of private telegrams is very great, according to advices from Calcutta.

MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

MULAI HAFID ATTACKS GENERAL D'AMADE.

General d'Amade telegraphed to Paris from his bivouac at Settat on Wednesday evening that the bivouac had been attacked at half-past three o'clock that morning by Mulai Hafid's mahalla, made up of the Shereef Buazzani's mahalla, part of the Chiadma tribe from the neighbourhood of Azemur, some Rahanga men from the neighbourhood of Marakesh, and a mixed contingent from the Schaujas. The attack was coolly repulsed, with heavy loss to the Moroccans. General d'Amade then made a counter-attack, and drove the enemy from one hill position to another, some five miles beyond the line of advanced posts. The General's force was accompanied in their advance by the Kalds of the Mzamza and Qulad Harris with their followers. The French loss was one officer and 2 men severely, and five men slightly, wounded.

Further reports from Casablanca say that, by this defeat of Mulai Hafid, the French troops occupying the Settat district have obtained a free hand. In their rear all is quiet, and the communication is open. While Buazzani was making offers of submission on the part of Mulai Hafid he was trying to incite the Mzamza and the Qulad Harris to fight.

INDIAN INK.

A correspondent writes:—"I cannot vouch for the correctness of the article on milking cuttle fishes in your Tuesday's issue, but can say this for certain: 1. there is no such thing as Indian ink; the material referred to is known to dealers and draftsmen as India ink; 2. it is not made from "cuttle fish milk" but from lamp black mixed with gelatin and flavored with camphor. The best sorts are made of camphor soot. Sepia is brown; India ink is black."

(We beg to draw our correspondent's attention to the fact that the "Encyclopaedia Britannica" and "Webster" contradict his statement denying the existence of Indian ink.—Apart from this we admit that the article should have been headed SEPIA.—Ed.)

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Saturday, April 11th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Sunday, April 12th. *Palm Sunday.* 8.0 a.m. and 10.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Litany.

HOLY WEEK.
Monday, April 13th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Tuesday, April 14th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Wednesday, April 15th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and address. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Thursday, April 16th. *Mundy Thursday.* 8.0 a.m. and 11.30 a.m. (Choral) Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Friday, April 17th. *Good Friday.* 9.0 a.m. Matins' Litany and ante Communion. 12.0 m.d. to 3.0 p.m. The Three Hours Service. 4.30 p.m. Evensong.
Saturday, April 18th. *Easter Even.* 9.0 a.m. Matins, ante Communion and Office of Commemoration of all the Faithful Departed. 6.0 p.m. Festal Easter Evensong: Corals.

Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, Reichs Platz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.
Sunday, April 12th. *Palm Sunday.* Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.

HOLY WEEK.
Monday, April 13th. Holy Communion 11.0 a.m. Service 4.0 p.m.
Tuesday, April 14th. Service 4.0 p.m.
Wednesday, April 15th. Service 4.0 p.m.
Thursday, April 16th. Holy Communion 11.0 a.m. Service 4.0 p.m.
Friday, April 17th. *Good Friday.* Service 11.0 a.m. and 4.0 p.m.
Saturday, April 18th. *Easter Even.* Service 10.0 a.m.
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