

The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

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DRESDEN AND BERLIN, SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1908.

10 PFENNIGS.

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GENERAL NEWS.

NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

MR. ASQUITH'S BUDGET SPEECH.

The House of Commons and the galleries were crowded on Thursday afternoon in anticipation of Mr. Asquith's budget speech. His statement was looked forward to with extraordinary interest, as the Government proposal with regard to old age pensions was expected. The right honourable gentleman was loudly cheered on rising. He said that the foreign trade of England had been greater, in volume and in value, in 1907 than in any previous year. That extension was partly due to an international movement, and there were signs everywhere that that movement had begun to ebb at the end of last year. British trade had not, however, suffered any serious blow, and present indications pointed to nothing more than a loss of expansive force. The actual surplus for the past financial year was £4,726,000, which, after certain deductions, would be applied to the diminution of the National Debt. The National Debt had been reduced in the past financial year by nearly 18 millions sterling, and during the current year it would be further diminished by 15 millions sterling; so that on the 31st of March, 1909, its amount would be the same as it was twenty years ago. (Cheers.) If other countries which are supposed to have better financial systems than England are obliged year after year to resort to loans, it was no unsatisfactory reflection for England that in three years she will be in a position to deduct from forty to fifty millions sterling from her national debt. The time had now arrived when a part of the Revenue which had been assigned to decrease the national debt might be devoted to another purpose. The Budget provided for a total estimated expenditure for the financial year 1908/09 of £152,869,000, while the revenue, estimated according to existing principles, would be £157,770,000, which would give a surplus of £4,901,000.

Referring to the old age pensions question, the Prime Minister said a practicable measure must be based on distinctions in respect of age, need, position, and worthiness. The proposal of the Government contemplated a weekly pension of five shillings for persons of 70 years and upwards whose income did not exceed ten shillings a week. He believed the number of such pensioners would not exceed 500,000, and that the cost involved would not be more than 6 millions sterling. The Bill would not come into operation before the 1st of January 1909, and the cost for the current financial year would not, according to the estimate, be over £1,200,000.

The sugar duty, Mr. Asquith announced, would be reduced from four shillings and two pence per hundredweight to one shilling and ten pence. So far as raw and refined sugar were concerned, the reduction would take effect from the 18th of May, and from the 1st of July in respect to confectionery. He had, he said, reduced the duty by that amount in order that the consumer might reap the greatest advantage from the reduction. The loss to the Revenue in consequence of the reduction of the sugar duty would be £3,400,000, and, as the other duties remained almost unaltered, the surplus, after providing for old age pensions, would stand at about £241,000.

According to a later telegram, the Budget was on the whole favourably regarded in parliamentary circles.

FRENCH PRESIDENT'S VISIT.

Orders have been issued for the ships of the Channel Fleet, including the First Cruiser Squadron and the Western Destroyer Group, to welcome the French President on his arrival at Dover on May 25th. The destroyers will put out from Dover to meet the cruiser "Leon Gambetta," in which M. Fallières will cross to England, and will escort her into harbour. The President will travel to London by special train, and will return to France via Dover on May 29th, when parting honours will be rendered by the Channel Fleet.

THE FRENCH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE IN LONDON.

The French Minister of Commerce, M. Cruppi, was present at the annual banquet of the French Chamber of Commerce in London on Thursday. M. Cambon, the French Ambassador, occupied the chair. Among the guests were the Duke of Argyll, the President of the Anglo-French Exhibition, the President of the London Chamber of Commerce, and many other representatives of British and French commerce. Very cordial toasts were exchanged. M. Cruppi expressed the hope of his Government that the good economic relations existing between Great Britain and France might continually develop; he declared there was no rivalry between the two countries in respect to commerce, and dwelt long on the Anglo-French Exhibition, which would, he said, afford a brilliant proof of the community of interests between both countries, and as to which he could prophecy that it would be visited by a great number of French people.

WINSTON CHURCHILL STILL IN DANGER.

The Dundee by-election, polling for which takes place today (Saturday), promises a most exciting contest. Mr. Winston Churchill, rejected at Manchester, turned his steps towards the North, and it was at first assumed that his election as member for Dundee would be practically uncontested. Sir George Baxter, the Unionist candidate, is putting up a hard fight. The correspondent of a London paper says that these are changed days with the Radical agents in Dundee. At former contests they opened committee-rooms, pasted up bills, laid in a stock of tobacco, and sat down and smoked. Now they are at their wits' end. They don't know what to do next. They are scurrying about like a lot of sheep. Canvassing is being carried on on behalf of their nominee in a manner the Radicals never attempted before, and their reports are not giving the party much heartening. The ladies were turned on to the west end, where it was expected they would have a "soft job." But they have been thunderstruck to discover that electors who were looked upon as a certainty for the Radicals turned them away with a "No, thank you." The ladies could only jerk out, "What! you a 'Tory'!"

The Radical candidate is alive to the danger of the situation. When he opened his campaign he asked the electors to ignore all local issues and fight the contest on the broad lines of party principles. But he never misses an opportunity of attacking Socialism, and by this means makes an indirect attack on the Labour candidate. Broad principles were all very well at the start, but the Radical candidate is now a very "local" candidate.

It is difficult to forecast the result. But one thing is almost sure—the Radical candidate is not to get the record vote the President of the Radical Association asked, and Dundee is not to deal the "smashing blow for Liberalism" which Mr. Churchill called on them to deliver. It would be interesting to know the private opinion of the Pre-

sident of the Board of Trade regarding those who advised him to come north to "Radical Scotland and a safe seat."

UNDESIRABLE IMMIGRANTS.

It was explained at the Alien Immigration Board's meeting on Thursday that foreign agents who shipped aliens to Great Britain generally sent them in batches, and gave them a story written out on a card which they were instructed to learn and adhere to when questioned. They were often sent as families, and generally came under assumed names.

The explanation was made in connection with the consideration of the case of a man who had landed in England as Moses Borowitz, and who, after being interrogated by Mr. Francis, J.P., chairman of the board, was informed that the board considered his story a tissue of lies.

The board decided that the man must be deported.

THE INDIAN FRONTIER SITUATION.

The latest news from the north-west frontier to hand at Simla indicates that the unrest is practically eliminated. Several Afghan mullahs have dissociated themselves from the rebellious movement, a circumstance attributed to the influence of the Ameer.

TRADE STATISTICS FOR APRIL.

The Board of Trade statement issued on Thursday respecting the commercial statistics for April shows, as compared with the corresponding month of last year, a decrease of £9,682,792 in imports, and £3,711,528 in exports.

AMERICAN NEWS.

THE GOULD-SAGAN ROMANCE.

According to a telegram from Rome, it is stated on good authority that the application made by Mme. Anna Gould for the annulment of her marriage with Count Boni de Castellane has been examined by the Congregation of the Council, and has been refused. Mme. Gould is now anxious to obtain a personal audience of the Pope, but it is not believed that she will be received by his Holiness.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

A meeting of Republican members of the House of Representatives held in Washington on Thursday passed a resolution in favour of recognising commercial exchanges through the Clearing-House Unions as an orderly security for rectifying the currency in case of need. The meeting further recommended the appointment of a Currency Committee and the introduction of an exchange Bill in the next session of Congress. The Republican party leaders regard the passing of these resolutions by the meeting as a guarantee for the adoption of measures which will not differ essentially from those provided by the Aldrich Bill, excepting that the Clearing-House certificates should in case of need be looked upon as supplementary security for currency.

THE ABRUZZI MARRIAGE.

According to a dispatch from Rome to the Paris *Figaro*, the Duke of the Abruzzi will be promoted to the rank of Rear-Admiral in September, and will resign the command of the warship "Regina Elena" and receive a port command. His marriage with Miss Elkins will then take place. The union will meet with no difficulty, it is understood, either at the Quirinal or at the Vatican. Miss Elkins has abjured Protestantism, and has been a Roman Catholic for over a month. After a year's service ashore the Duke will go to sea in command of a division of the Mediterranean Fleet.

(Continued on page 2.)

BERLIN

It is reported that Emperor William has invited the new American Ambassador, Dr. Hill, to attend the Kiel week. This would indicate that his Majesty will be able to receive from Dr. Hill's hand his credentials before that time. As Mr. Tower is due back by the end of this month, it is more than probable that he will deliver his letter of recall at the time of the grand parades, as we predicted some weeks ago, and that Dr. Hill will present his credentials to his Majesty immediately afterwards.

An interesting reception will be held on May 18th, from 5 to 7 p. m., in the handsome apartments of the Hotel Kaiserhof. The Berlin Association of Foreign Newspaper Correspondents are sending out invitations for this reception to the highest officials of the German and Prussian governments, Army and Navy officers, deputies, captains of industry and commerce, leading journalists, authors, artists, and, above all, to the diplomatic and consular representatives of the different countries, whose papers have special correspondents in Berlin. It will be one of the most important and select social affairs of the season, worthy of the Association which thus makes its first public appearance. An excellent concert by first class artists will add to the brilliancy of this reception.

Professor Benjamin J. Wheeler, who has been selected as the Roosevelt Professor in Berlin for the winter of 1909/10, is a scholar of eminence, his speciality being Greek literature and history. He has studied at several American universities and at Heidelberg, where he graduated as a Doctor of Philosophy. He is also a member of the Imperial Archaeological Institute of Berlin. Since 1899 Professor Wheeler has been president of Berkely university, California.

On May 13th, a dinner will be given in honour of Professor Holland of Pittsburg, Director of the Carnegie Institute, who has brought over the life-sized reproduction of a *Diplodocus* as a present from Mr. Carnegie to the German Emperor. The dinner is being arranged by a committee headed by Kultusminister Holle, Ex-Minister v. Möller, Rektor Stumpf of the Berlin University, Professor Brandl and Professor Dr. Brauer.

This function, which will take place in the Hotel Adlon, is to be considered as a return compliment to both Mr. Carnegie and Director Holland, for the hospitality shown last year to the German guests who accepted Mr. Carnegie's invitation to the opening festivities of his new institution of research. The leading men of German science will do honour to the great American explorer, who has succeeded in excavating from a region in Wyoming the complete skeleton of one of the most gigantic animals of prehistoric times.

Another member of the Carnegie Institute, Mr. Walter McClintock, will lecture today (Saturday) in the "Museum für Völkerkunde," Königgrätzer Strasse 129, as the guest of the Berlin Society of Anthropology, Ethnology and Original History, on the history, customs and folklore of the Blackfoot Indians in the Rocky Mountains of Montana. Mr.

McClintock lived for several years with the famous Algonquin tribe of the Blackfoots, was adopted as his son by their chief "Mad Wolf," and has a fine collection of photographs to illustrate his subject. As Mr. McClintock is not able to speak German fluently, Herr Karl von den Steinen has volunteered to act as interpreter. The lecture will be accompanied by lantern pictures.

What American travelling in Germany or any other part of Europe has not in some way or other made use of the services of the famous *Stangensche Reisebureau*, which is now connected with and managed by the Hamburg-America-Line? Mr. Karl Stangen, the founder of the institution, this week celebrated his 75th birthday, and enjoys excellent health. When the old gentleman, who has travelled over the whole globe, condescends to give his reminiscences of the time when travelling was conducted very differently from nowadays, he is one of the most interesting narrators of adventures.

The Berlin *Liedertafel* (male singing society), at present in Constantinople, were the guests of the Sultan on Wednesday. After a banquet, at which 290 persons were present, the Sultan listened to a song recital in the theatre, and was highly gratified by the performance. Every member of the society received the medal for Art and Science, while the directors and choir master were the recipients of decorative Orders. These honours were presented to the members on the stage of the theatre by Turkhan Pasha. After the performance, his Majesty requested the German Ambassador, Baron von Marshall, to convey to the singers his great pleasure at having listened to their singing, and added that never since he was in Coblenz with the late Emperor Wilhelm had he heard such beautiful singing as that which had been rendered by the *Liedertafel*.

The Sultan subsequently presented to the society, as a souvenir of that evening, a handsome vase, to ornament the headquarters of the society in Berlin, and concluded by wishing the singers luck and prosperity in the future.

CHURCH SERVICES: BERLIN.

S. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Monbijou Garten.
Second Entrance: Oranienburger Strasse 76 B.
Sundays: 9 a. m. Celebration of Holy Communion.
11 a. m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sundays in the month).
6 p. m. Evensong and Sermon.
Fridays: 11 a. m. Litany.
Holy Days: 9 a. m. Celebration of Holy Communion.
The Chaplain: Rev. J. H. Fry, M. A., Savigny Platz 7, Charlottenburg.

AMERICAN CHURCH, Motz Strasse 6.
Nollendorf Platz.
Sundays: 10.15 a. m. Sunday School and Bible Class.
11.30 a. m. Regular Service.
4.0 p. m. Song Service.
Wednesdays: 4.0 p. m. Prayer Meeting.—Reading Room and Library open all week from 10.0 a. m. till 6.0 p. m.
Rev. J. F. Dickie, D. D., Pastor.
(Office hour 1-2 p. m. daily, except Saturday, at Luitpold Strasse 30.)

GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued.)

THE INDIANA HORROR.

The telegram from Laporte (Indiana) which we published yesterday, giving an account of the gruesome find in an untenanted house, is now supplemented by the following despatch: The police of Laporte have just brought to light a series of crimes on the part of a woman, which, for absolute callousness and cold-blooded ingenuity in execution, may rank as among the most notorious in the criminal history of America. The author of these crimes, a Mrs. Guinness, was burned to death with her three children in a fire last April, and it was during subsequent investigations that the discovery of the woman's terrible doings was made. The house may be described as a clearing-house for murders. It would seem as if the deceased carried on what was ostensibly a matrimonial agency, and her movements were so well covered that never once was any suspicion excited on the part of the police authorities, but all the time the woman was in reality conducting a baby farm, though she appears to have accepted the custody of children, both dead and alive. There is more than a suspicion that several bodies which were delivered at the woman's house in trunks were those of children who had already been murdered, and that the deceased merely disposed of them for a fixed fee. When the police arrived at the house they commenced a close search of the premises, and as a result of digging in the yard at the back they unearthed five bodies in an advanced state of decomposition. From documents and various other clues which

have come to hand, it is absolutely certain that at least a dozen victims were made away with. How many unfortunate creatures were murdered altogether will probably never be known. The dead woman had two husbands, both of whom mysteriously disappeared some time ago.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.

The latest information as to the Presidential campaign is that the Republican State Convention of New Jersey has declined to endorse either Mr. Taft or Mr. Roosevelt (assuming that the latter is, after all, prepared to accept nomination). New Jersey is going to play the part of a dark horse, and the Republican delegation to the National Convention at Chicago will go uninstructed, with liberty to vote as the discretion of its members may dictate.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

SEQUEL TO FRENCH STUDENT'S GERMAN TOUR.

A number of students at Sorbonne arranged a demonstration on Thursday against Professor Andler, who recently conducted a party of French students on a tour through Germany. The demonstration was instigated by Nationalist politicians. A counter movement against the manifestation was, however, undertaken by Socialist students, with the result that the contending parties came to blows, but serious developments were frustrated by the interference of the police.

POLITICAL AMNESTY IN PORTUGAL.

On Thursday, says a Lisbon telegram, a sitting of the State Council was held under the presidency

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BERLIN

CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

This evening:

Royal Opera House	Der fliegende Holländer	at 7.30
Deutsches Theatre	Was Ihr wollt	" 8
	(Kammerspiele) Lysistrata	" 8
Royal Schauspielhaus	Die Braut von Messina	7.30
Berliner Theatre	Hofenraths Erben	" 8
Kleines Theatre	Zweimal zwei ist fünf	" 8
Residenz Theatre	Der Floh im Ohr	" 8
Comic Opera	Hoffmanns Erzählungen. R. St. Denis	" 8
Lessing Theatre	Der Raub der Sabinerinnen	" 8
New Schauspielhaus	Der Dammkopf	" 8
Hebbel Theatre	Frau Warrens Gewerbe	" 8
Lustspielhaus	Sein Alibi. Der Brandstifter	" 8
Schiller Theatre O.	Der Weg zum Herzen	" 8
Charlottenburg	Der Widerspenstigen Zähmung	" 8
Thalia Theatre	Die Brunnen-Nymphe	" 8
Theatre des Westens	Ein Walzertraum	" 8
Urania Theatre	Eine Rittfahrt bis zum zweiten Kaktus	" 8
Lortzing Theatre	Die lustigen Weiber von Windsor	" 8
Frdr. Wilhelmst. Theatre	Madame Sans Gêne	" 8

Every evening until further notice.

Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten	at 8
Folies Caprice	Nacharbeit. Ein unheimlicher Besuch. Der ganze Papa	" 8
Carl Haverland Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Folies Bergère	Spezialitäten	8.30
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Casino Theatre	Der Brandstifter	" 8
Wintergarten	Spezialitäten	" 8
Trianon Theatre	Seine erste Frau. Die Hand. Charlotte Wiehü	" 8
Bernhard Reue Theatre	Die Loreley	" 8
Metropol Theatre	Das muss man seh'n	" 8
New Theatre	Ramon der Abenteuerer	" 8
Luisen Theatre	Der Weg ins Verderben	" 8
Apello Theatre	Die süßen Grisetten. Spezialitäten	" 8
New Operetta Theatre	Der Mann mit den drei Frauen	" 8

of King Manuel to consider the Royal proclamation of an amnesty to be granted those guilty of political offences, with the exception of those implicated in the recent regicide. The amnesty was ratified, and officially published yesterday.

MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

Admiral Philibert telegraphs to Paris that, according to reports from Rabat, Mulai Hafid left Urdigah on Sunday to march on Knitra. Other reports state that he is marching straight to Fez, although his troops are few in number.

The news of Mulai Hafid's arrival at Mequinez has yet to be confirmed. It is believed at Tangier that the Pretender still remains at Buznika.

DEADLY CHLOROFORM.

Dr. Freyberger, analysing 74 cases of sudden deaths under the influence of an anaesthetic, says that 45 were males and 29 females. Chloroform was responsible for five times as many deaths as any other single anaesthetic. In 20 cases death occurred before the operation was begun, usually on account of a too great amount of chloroform being suddenly inhaled during the second or excitable stage of anaesthesia. In 32 cases death occurred during the operation, 17 of these from chloroform. In eight cases death came after the operation was finished. Dr. F. W. Hewitt, the well-known anaesthetist, contends that a large number of the deaths from anaesthesia are absolutely preventable, and that the view that a certain percentage of fatalities must occur is erroneous.

H. M. to the B. costly Me

FORMAL

Altho' since the the season more pro Sunday In annual p. Blasewitz, demolishe club hous a "Tafel" Club, whi small, "g single sec three eig water; b small ste demonstra Ruder-Clu Blasewitz trouble of Next S will have house at announce will not but up s poyritz, w the rowin friends.

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2222

DRESDEN

H. M. King Friedrich August has presented to the Bürgermeister of Vienna a large chest of costly Meissen porcelain figures.

FORMAL OPENING OF THE ROWING SEASON.

Altho' row-boats have been seen on the Elbe ever since the first of the year, the formal openings of the season have been delayed until the weather was more propitious and the evenings brighter. On Sunday last the "Dresdner Ruder-Verein" made its annual parade from the handsome boat-house in Blasewitz, down stream to the now nearly totally demolished Augustusbrücke, then up stream to the club house, where the occasion was celebrated with a "Tafel" for the members and their guests. The Club, which has in all over fifty boats, large and small, "general" and private, turned out seven single scullers, eight doubles, twelve fours, and three eights, in all 30 boats and 106 men on the water; besides which the club's motor boat and a small steamer with invited guests took part in the demonstration. Some members of the "Dresdner Ruder-Club" of Cotta rowed up stream to meet the Blasewitzers. The sight was very well worth the trouble of going down to the waterside.

Next Sunday the "Ruder-Gesellschaft Dresden" will have its formal "Anrudern" from the boat-house at the foot of Stephanien Strasse; the hour announced being eight in the morning. The route will not be down stream to the Augustusbrücke, but up stream to Jeremias' restaurant, Niederpoyritz, where there will be a "Frühschoppen" for the rowing and the non-rowing members and their friends.

This club has had about thirty recent accessions to its membership, and the new "four" race boat will take part in Sunday's defile.

Since the opening of the new record book on February 15th of this year, there have been made 163 trips by members of the club. So far, the record as regards number of trips and also of mileage is held by the oldest member (in years)—namely 25 trips and 201 miles.

All three of the clubs here are unusually hospitable as regards giving visitors to Dresden opportunity to pull on oar, or to take the helm, in an all-day tour or an afternoon party; the only condition being that the visitor shall be able to swim—a "hard and fast" regulation of the ever paternal police department, supported by common sense.

A charity concert for the benefit of the Kinderheimanstalt will be given in the Vereinshaus this evening, at 7.30, by the pupils of Frau Auer-Herbeck, with the kind assistance of Herr Hoforganist Karl Pembaur and the band of the 2nd Grenadier Regiment No. 101. The following soloists will take part: Miss Anne Arkady, Miss Mabel Beddoe, Fräulein Käthe Doerper and Fräulein Louise Goemann. Tickets at 4, 3, 3 and 1 marks to be had from the firms of F. Ries and C. A. Klemm.

The programme of the music to be performed at the Vespers service at the Kreuzkirche at 2 o'clock this afternoon, will be as follows:

(1) Buxtehude: Passacaglia for organ, Doric. (2) Hauptmann: "Lauda, anima mia," Offertorium for choir, op. 15. (3) Händel: "Horeh auf der muntern Vögel Lied," Aria for soprano voice with organ from the Oratorio "Josua." (4) Chorale: "Die beste Zeit im Jahr ist mein, da singen alle Vögelein" (Luther). (5) Tartini: Sonata for violin with organ, in G-minor, I. movement. (6) Kopp (1717): "Die Psyche ladet die Waldvögelein zum Lobe Gottes ein," for soprano voice with organ. (7) Döring: "Herr, wir singen deiner Ehre," Motet for 6-part choir, op. 7 No. 2. The Church Choir, conducted by Herr Otto Richter, Kantor und Kgl. Musikdirektor, will be assisted by the following soloists: Frau Trodler-Striegler, soprano; Herr Adrian Rappoldi, violin; Herr Alfred Sittard, organist of the Kreuzkirche.

The programme of the orchestral concert at the Royal Belvedere this evening will be as follows:—(1) March, Der Eroberer, Bobby. (2) Overture, "Les Vêpres Siciliennes," Verdi. (3) Ave Maria, Schubert. (4) 2 Slav dances, Dvorák. (5) Suite from "Frauenlob," Becker. (6) Meditation, Bach.

(7) Tonbilder, "La Juive," Halévy. (8) Feierlicher Zug zum Münster, "Lohengrin," Wagner. (9) Blumen-gefüster, v. Blon. (10) Trombone solo with Orchestra, Massenet. (11) Versailles March, Trenkler.

At the Central Theatre today *Panne*, a comedy in 3 Acts by Rich. Skowronnek, will be given for the 9th time. Tomorrow afternoon, at 3.30, *Sherlock Holmes* will be performed at half-prices, and in the evening, at 7.30, *Panne*, at the ordinary prices.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 1st Grenadier Regiment No. 100. The band plays about 12.30 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.

In the *Fundamt* of the *Königliche Polizeidirektion*, Schiess Gasse 7, found articles—such as jewellery, gold or notes, purses, umbrellas, sticks, coats, clothing, bunches of keys &c.—which have been lost in the streets or squares or left in droshkes, and been given up, are kept.

The public are hereby informed of the arrangements of the *Fundamt*, and in particular that it is advisable to enquire for lost articles frequently within twelve months after the loss.

Finders of articles are reminded that they are compelled by law to give immediate notice of the finding of any article of the value of from three marks upwards, at the *Fundamt* or at the office of the Police district in which the finder resides.

It is urgently recommended that the loser of an article should make enquiry at the *Fundamt* personally, and not by a deputy who is insufficiently and perhaps not at all acquainted with the lost property.

Special lost property offices are established: for the tram-lines at Georg Platz 5; for the omnibuses at Werder Strasse 35 and at the Hauptbahnhof.

CHURCH SERVICES: DRESDEN.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.
Sunday, May 10th. *3rd Sunday after Easter.* 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 m.d. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.—The Week-day Services are suspended during the Chaplain's absence from Dresden, as a holiday.
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M.A., B. C. L.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, Reichs Platz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.
Sunday, May 10th. *3rd Sunday after Easter.* Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.
The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M.A., Rector.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND (Presbyterian), Bernhard Strasse 2, at the corner of Bismarck and Winkelmann Strasse.
Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. and 6 p.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.
Rev. John Lamond, Minister of Greenside Parish, Edinburgh.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.
THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.—Minister Resident: MANSFELD DE CARDONNEL FINDLAY, Esq. C. M. G.
THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.—British Consul: H. PALMIÉ, Esq.
THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Str. 2, p. American Consul-General: T. ST. JOHN GAFFNEY, Esq.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

Depressed by the fact of having an unpronounceable name, a citizen of Cincinnati (U.S.A.), of negro origin, concealed himself in a loft and awaited death by starvation. After a search he was found by his landlady, who failed to shake his determination. When the police were called in he explained in broken accents that his name was Szlawko Mrczsko. He had had several good situations, but invariably the foreman, annoyed at the difficulty in pronouncing his name, sent him about his business. In despair, he resolved to die by slow starvation, the alternative of changing his name not having apparently occurred to him. The persuasions of the police officers, however, combined with the sight of an appetising dish, which the good landlady prepared and offered, succeeded at length, according to a Belgian contemporary, in inducing him to break his long fast.

DRESDEN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

Royal Opera House.

Tonight, beginning at 7.30, ending after 10

Der fliegende Holländer.

(The flying Dutchman.)

Opera in three acts by Richard Wagner.

Cast:

Daland, a Norwegian skipper Herr Puttlitz.
Senta Frau Krull.
Erik, a hunter Herr Sembach.
Mary, Senta's nurse Frau Bender-Schäfer
Daland's mate Herr Grosch.
The Dutchman Herr Kiess.

PLOT. Daland, a Norwegian sailor, anchors on a deserted coast on his way home. Here he meets the Flying Dutchman, who is doomed to wander from sea to sea till he can find a maiden faithful to him. Once in seven years he is allowed to land and seek her. He offers all his wealth to Daland if he may be allowed to woo his daughter, Senta. The picture of the Flying Dutchman, which hangs in Daland's house, has always fascinated Senta until she has gradually come to love him although she is loved by Erik. While the other girls are spinning, she sings to them the ballad of the doomed man who once, when the wind was contrary as he had in vain tried to round the Cape of Good Hope, had sworn that he would try to do so for ever. Senta's father appears with the Dutchman, who woos her and is accepted at once. Erik implores Senta not to give him up, charging her with infidelity. The Dutchman, on hearing this, sets her free and sails away. Senta, having sworn eternal fidelity to him, throws herself into the waves. Immediately the Dutchman's ship sinks, and he is united to Senta in heaven.

Composer: Richard Wagner, born 1813, died 1883.

Sunday night Zierpuppen.—Hänsel und Gretel at 7.30
Monday night Tannhäuser " 7

Royal Theatre Neustadt.

Tonight Vom andern Ufer at 7.30
Sunday night Die Räuber " 6.30
Monday night Der Biberpelz " 7.30

Residenz Theatre.

Tonight Frühlings Erwachen at 7.30

Central Theatre.

Tonight Panne at 7.30

Victoria Salon Cabaret "Roland" from Berlin at 8.

Museums &c.

Royal Picture Gallery. Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 10—3. Sundays and Holidays 11—2 free entrance. Wednesdays, Saturdays 10—3 .A 0.50. Mondays 10—2 .A 1.50.

Royal Kaplertisch Kabinett (Zwinger). Tuesdays, Fridays 10—3 and 7—8, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays 10—3. Sundays and Holidays 11—2 free entrance. Mondays closed.

Royal Zoological and Anthropological-Ethnographical Museum (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Sundays 11—1, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1—3 free entrance.

Royal math.-phys. Salon (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays 9—12 .A 0.50, Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays closed.

Royal mineral, geol. and prähist. Museum (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 10—12, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1—3, Sundays and Holidays 11—1 free entrance.

Royal Collection of Porcelain (Johanneum II). Mondays and Fridays 10—2 .A 0.50, Saturdays 9—2 .A 1.50, Sundays and Holidays 11—2 .A 0.25.

Royal Collection of Sculpture in the Albertinum and An der Frauenkirche 13, I. (Cosel-Palais). In the week (except Saturdays) 9—3, Sundays and Holidays 11—2 free entrance.

Körner-Museum (Körner Strasse 7). In the week 9—2, Wednesdays and Saturdays 9—1 and 2—5, Sundays and Holidays 11—2 .A 0.50.

Royal popular Library (Japan Palais). In the week 9—2 and 4—6 (except Saturdays) free entrance. Sundays and Holidays closed.

Sächsischer Kunstverein (Brühlsche Terrasse). Picture exhibition Fritz Erier. Fresco decorations for the Kurhaus at Wiesbaden etc. Open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., Sundays 11—3. Entrance fee .A 1.—; Sundays and Wednesdays .A 0.50.

Galerie Ernst Arnold, Schloss Strasse. Perman. picture exhibition.

NEW BOOKS.

Tauchnitz edition, to appear May 14th.
"The Human Boy again" by *Eden Phillpotts*, Author of "The Human Boy", "The Whirl-Wind" &c., 1 vol.

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THE QUALITY OF HUMOUR.

The quality of humour, like the quality of mercy, is not strained. Perhaps, like mercy, it comes with the dew from Heaven, to lighten and to refresh. No truly great man has been without it in some form; no man is truly a man who does not possess it. Humour is not merely the ability to crack a joke or the will to sit cackling over the last copy of *Punch*; it is something better and greater; it is the most human of the humanizing elements. Humour rather than virtue kills our pettiness; humour deposes tyrants where swords avail not. Is it not significant that the Devil himself, the most potent destructive agency conceived by humanity, has always been reckoned somewhat of a wag? In his literary personality, he is a wag because he is destructive, although incidentally his destructiveness is wicked destructiveness; with his theological personality we are far from wishing to meddle. "The Devil is a gentleman," ran the Elizabethan superstition, and in those days gentlemen were fond of pranks as well as of gentility. If his pranks served to amuse him they also served to illuminate stupidities; the power to choose victims whose penalty was deserved has been his constant characteristic. Put it into what form you please, the struggle between humour and obtuseness is as old and as worthy as that between Ormuzd and Ahriman; and, search where you will, applying what standards you will, nothing truer shall emerge from analysis than this, that humour is only then perfect and legitimate when it has for its aim the destruction of some stupidity.

Many nervous people laugh because their neighbour slips upon the pavement and falls down; and, as a consequence, one hears it sometimes said that humour delights in the misfortunes of others, that a thrill of self-congratulation on escaping from something ridiculous swells into laughter. Such an analysis is false, and shows a narrow estimate of humour. Not everything at which we laugh is humorous; there are things, the most humorous, which we enjoy with scarcely an outward ripple; there is humour which brings quite a spiritual satisfaction, there is humour which may soften us to the verge of tears. A crowd will roar at a pantaloons' caper; does one therefore think them more humorous than a page of Jean Paul, which one reads with a secret twinkling of the senses and no more? The truest humour has not only the element of righteous destructiveness, which need be on no man's conscience, but that of incongruity. The power of realizing humour and that of expressing it, the varying degrees of good-nature and wit which both demand are not rigidly distributed into receptive and creative sections of humanity. It is much to be grateful for that we can both laugh at a jester and jest with him, that with humour there is more give-and-take than with any other intellectual or emotional activity.

There is no such thing as humour without intellect: stupid and narrow people, who laugh frequently at inanities, may be quite unhumorous; they lack breadth of mind, harmony of the perceptions, a true view of life. Irreverence, malice, obscenity, self-consciousness, tarnish true humour. If there is no such thing as humour without intellect there is no such thing as humour without taste. You cannot destroy, you cannot ridicule till you know right from wrong and just from unjust; no amount of sneering at things beyond the reach of your perceptions will raise you nearer to them if they are worthy. Cheap humour, like cheap sentiment, cheap philosophy, cheap nobility of mind, is a coarsening pursuit: let us not be too ready to shew our superiority by betraying ourselves inferior. It cannot be repeated too often that the readiness of multitudes to laugh is no sign of humour on their part; true humour is as much the portion of ecclectics as true literature or true art. Like the greatest art and literature, only the greatest humour can succeed in being at once great and popular. Between such humour and the cheap trash of ten thousand prints there are infinitely subtle gradations, appeals to intellects vastly unequal by nature and education. But humour, after all, is a matter as much of the emotions as of the intelligence, although bad men as well as good have been found full of humour. Humour which can soothe the roughness of the roughest experience is a quality akin to courage; it is the proof of philosophy. Socrates jested with grave phrases over his poison-cup, and there was humour, if no laughter, in that jesting. One more maxim might perhaps be added: where there is no contact with truth there is no humour. The story of Gulliver's Travels, for instance, is great where a work of almost equal imagination, say Hoffman's tale about the Student Anselmus and his Serpentina, falls short of greatness clearly because it falls short of humour. Humour lies in the world around us as much as in our imaginations.—C.M.K.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate westerly winds, cloudy with slight showers at times, temperature not much altered.

STOP PRESS NEWS.

PRINCE EULENBURG ARRESTED.

Successive telegrams from Berlin announce that orders were issued on Thursday evening for the arrest of Prince Eulenburg for examination on a criminal charge; and that he was conveyed yesterday in a hospital automobile to the Charité Krankenhaus in Berlin, where he is detained in custody for preliminary examination.

GERMAN SHIP TOTALLY WRECKED NEAR NEW YORK.

New York, May 8. The German four-masted ship "Peter Riekmers" which ran ashore on Long Island a week ago has become a total wreck. The crew, who had been in considerable danger, were all rescued without mishap today.

FAMOUS FRENCH AUTHOR DEAD.

Paris, May 8. M. Ludwig Halévy, the famous author and Member of the Academy, died here today.

THE MOST MARVELLOUS OF MACHINES.

In the April number of *Harper's Magazine* Prof. Edward A. Ayres gives a highly interesting account of the functions performed by the brain. The human brain, he tells us, is the most marvellous machine in the world. It occupies less space in proportion to its capabilities than any machine ever invented. It sends a special nerve—160,000 in all—to every ultimate fibre of some five hundred muscles, to many thousand branching twigs of arteries, to every pinhead area of the numerous glands which keep the machine properly oiled, heated or cooled; to some sixteen square feet of skin which is the outpost guard of its castle, with such completeness that the point of a pin cannot find an area unguarded. It possesses special quarters for the reception and translation of a constant stream of vibrations that are the product of all things movable or still in the outer world. On the retina of every open eye is a picture of the outer view, a focussed imprint of every ray of light and colour; and in the Visual Chamber of the Mental Palace stands a Vibrascope, a magic lantern that receives the retinal picture in its billion speeding series of light waves and throws them upon its mental screen as a living, moving picture of light and shade and colour. In the Chamber of Sound is a Vibraphone, over whose active wires passes every wave of sound, from the dripping of the dew to the orchestral fortissimo, from the raucous screech of the locomotive to the sighing of the wind through the meadow grass.

OUR LIBRARY TABLE.*

Madame Sarah Grand has managed to pack into this little volume a goodly number of what she not inaptly terms *Emotional Moments*, and it is, therefore, quite natural that the reader, after turning the last leaf, feels that he has had enough literary emotion to last him twelve months. This must not be taken as adverse criticism, for many of the "Moments" are not lacking in interest, but it is certainly somewhat tedious to digest at one meal a round dozen of short stories all based upon themes more or less neurotic.

Although the denouement cannot claim to be original, we are inclined to award the palm to *A New Sensation*, which is an excellent little tale of the ignominious disaster that befell the machinations of a heartless flirt. The experience of a female prisoner awaiting execution in the condemned cell furnishes the motive of another narrative, and for those addicted to morbid character studies this will appeal with considerable force.

Madame Grand is often interesting, but she is never convincing. Her writings do not possess profundity, though the subjects she selects are almost invariably profound. She essays a problem of human nature with the ephemeral interest of a dilettante, toying with it delicately but not attempting to probe its inmost depths after the manner of George Eliot. In this respect she must be classed with Miss Marie Corelli, but she is free from the supernal sensationalism that characterises the latter's works and forbids their serious reception. It is rather a pity that Madame Grand does not see fit to abandon her rôle of "soul analyst," for which she is not qualified, and enter the more promising field of unpretentious novel writing, where she would certainly occupy a prominent position.

* *Emotional Moments*, by Sarah Grand. Tauchnitz Edition, 1 vol.

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YESTERDAY'S REPORTS.

"Frankfurt," from Bremen for Baltimore, passed Lizard May 7th.
"Kleist," from Hamburg for Japan, left Genoa May 7th.
"Königin Luise," from Genoa for New York, left Genoa May 7th.
"Main," from Bremen for New York, arrived New York May 7th.
"Grosser Kurfürst," from New York for Bremen, left New York May 7th.
"Rhein," from Bremen for Japan, left Port Said May 7th.
"Goeben," from Bremen for Japan, left Rotterdam May 7th.