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The Daily Record

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and THE DRESDEN DAILY. THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

№ 707.

DRESDEN AND BERLIN, FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1908.

10 PFENNIGS.

The Daily Record is delivered by hand in Dresden, and may be ordered at any Post Office throughout the German Empire. It is published daily, excepting Mondays and days following legal holidays in Dresden.

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GENERAL NEWS.

NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

At the sitting on Wednesday the Postmaster General, Mr. Sydney Buxton, informed the House that the United States of America have agreed to the introduction of penny postage between Great Britain and the United States from the 1st of October next.

Mr. Thorne (S.Dem., West Ham) asked the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs whether he would advise the King that His Majesty's visit to Russia should, in the interests of peace, bear no official character.

Mr. J. A. Pease, one of the Junior Lords of the Treasury, replied on behalf of Sir Edward Grey that he could not advise the King in that sense.

On Mr. Thorne thereupon enquiring whether that answer implied that His Majesty's Government approved of the brutal murders in Russia, the Speaker interfered, with the remark that such expressions with reference to a friendly State were improper. The question of the Sugar Convention having been mooted by several members from the Ministerial benches, who complained that the ad-vantages derived by England through being freed from the obligation to impose a duty on imported premium sugar, were nullified by Russia's limiting the export of sugar, Sir Edward Grey explained the considerations which had led the Government to abide by the altered Convention. England's retirement from the Convention would not have prevented its meeting, and then England would have been prejudiced politically, if not also economically. England, being no longer bound by the prohibitive duty clause, might welcome Russia's accession to the Convention. England would not have approved of the limitation of the export of Russian sugar, but whether or not England had taken part in the Convention, Russia would have been induced by Germany to agree to such limitation.

GERMAN VISITORS ENTERTAINED.

On Wednesday evening a banquet took place in honour of the members of the Cologne male singing society, who arrived in London some days ago. One of the German societies in London, the Liederkranz, arranged the banquet, the guests at which included the Lord Chancellor of England, Lord Alverstone, and Lord Lyvedon, the German Ambassador, Count Wolff-Metternich, the members of the Embassy and Consulate staffs, and many members of societies among the German colony.

THE DUKE OF NORFOLK'S HEIR.

The Duke of Norfolk having telegraphed to the Pope the news of the birth of an heir to the Dukedom, the Pontiff has sent a telegram in reply congratulating the Duke, and sending his benediction to the infant and all the members of his Grace's

RESULT OF THE DERBY.

The winner of the Derby Stakes (6,500 sovs.), run at Epsom on Wednesday, was Chevalier E. Ginistrelli's "Signorinetta," ridden by W. Bullock. "Rushcutter" came in second, and "Llangwm" third, while His Majesty's horse "Perrier" was

KIDNAPPING OUTRAGE NEAR LONDON.

An astonishing affair is reported in the London apers as having taken place at Brentford. At 10 minutes to nine o'clock on Tuesday morning, a red motor-car, containing four well-dressed men and the driver, pulled up at the corner of Ealing-road. One, who appeared to take the lead, was a short stout man, wearing a bowler hat, a dark suit, and had a thick moustache which, it is suggested, was false. The second man was tall, clean shaven, and wore a straw hat. The third remained in the car, while the other two left, and those who were in the vicinity presumed they were going to have some refreshment at a neighbouring hotel.

In two or three minutes, however, a boy's piercing screams rang out, and the two men who had left the car were observed to be struggling with a boy about nine years of age, well-dressed, and carrying his satchel on his back. The boy made a desperate resistance, but he was practically powerless in the hands of his two burly captors. He was hustled

Paris * Dresden * New York

are here in great variety to select from.

smart Jackets, rich Neckpieces,

in Sable, Mink, Ermine, Chinchilla, Sealskin, Squirrel, black Lynx, Pony, Fox, &c. &c.

10% Cash Discount to the early buyer.

52, Prager St. H. G. B. PETERS, Furrier.

into the waiting car, and here again his cries broke out afresh. The man who had never left the motor quickly drew a handkerchief from his pocket and placed it over the lad's mouth.

The driver touched the lever, and the motor sped away up the Ealing-road in the direction of Ealing with its five passengers on board. From there all trace of it appears to be lost.

Just after the car had driven away, Police-Inspector Schofield passed, and to this officer William Treadway, the potman at the hotel, who had witnessed the whole incident, related what he had seen. He added that the brutal way in which the boy was hustled into the car aroused his suspicions, and he darted into the hotel with the object of obtaining a knife to plunge into the tyres. But when he returned the car and its occupants had disappeared. One of the masters at the school was close behind the boy, but was so amazed at the turn of events that before he could act the motor had disappeared.

It is elleged that the boy when a baby was taken away by a foster-mother living at Gunnersbury, and that for nine years the mother made no attempt to claim the boy until a few weeks ago. In the meantime the foster-mother, who had grown passionately fond of the lad, refused to part with him, and warned him to be careful. The sequel occurred on Tuesday as related.

"MAURETANIA'S" NEW RECORD.

The Cunard liner "Mauretania," on a voyage from Liverpool to New York direct, has established the world's record in ocean-steaming.

Although using only three screws (the fourth not having been replaced after an accident), she accomplished the passage in 4dy. 20hr. 15min. She left Liverpool at five o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, and reached New York at 7.50 last Monday night. Her daily runs up to noon on Sunday

0.0					Knots			E			Average		
To	Noon	on	Thursday			202						24.44	
**	23	,,	Friday .			621				4		24.81	
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Tota	dist	anos	to Sunda	v		2.078						24.91	

The best westward run of the "Lusitania" and "Mauretania" reads as follows:-

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	Knots	Time	Average Knots
"Lusitania" "Mauretania" .	2,889 2,890	. 4d. 20h. 22m. . 4d. 20h. 15m.	

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

ACCIDENT TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

While riding in company with his wife in Rock Creek Park, Washington, on Tuesday, President Roosevelt's horse reared and fell with its rider down a ten foot slope into a stream, through which the President had just ridden. Mr. Roosevelt immediately regained his footing, apparently none the worse for the mishap.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

The banks of New York intend to form a National Currency Association in accordance with the new currency law respecting the issue of emergency funds in case of need. The preliminary meeting will take place within a few days.

The American Smelting and Refining Company has declared a quarterly dividend of one per cent.

PLAGUE PRECAUTIONS AT CUBA.

A telegram from Havana, via New York, states that Governor Magoon has ordered the closing of all Cuban harbours, with the exception of quarantine ports, to merchandise from Venezuela, in consequence of the plague prevailing in the latter

THE STOCKHOLM PRESS ON THE BERLIN VISIT.

Commenting on the article in the Paris Temps concerning the King of Sweden's speech in Berlin, the Stockholm Aftonbladet writes: "So far as we understand, the calm and well-considered words of the King of Sweden to the Emperor Wilhelm in no wise implied pronounced partisanship with Ger-many, as the Temps read them. Sweden has no idea of placing herself under the protection of the sword of Germany or of any other State, and is under no necessity to do so. In the hour of need she is, of course, grateful for any help that she receives, but she would never ask help of any one. We cannot see that the words of the King can be taken to indicate that he had forgotten that it is the interest of his country to be on good terms with all other States, and to keep apart from the great diplomatic groups of Europe."

THE QUEEN OF SPAIN.

It is announced from Madrid that an interesting event is expected to take place in the Spanish royal family at the beginning of next month.

NEWS FROM FRANCE.

THE ASHES OF ZOLA.

The exhumation of the remains of Emile Zola took place at Montmartre at 7 o'clock on Tuesday evening. The outer shell was found to be damaged, and the coffin was placed in another receptacle for conveyance to the Panthéon. The vehicle containing the remains arrived at the Panthéon an hour later, where it was awaited by a vast crowd. Major Dreyfus was noticed among the spectators. Various demonstrations, both for and against Zola, took place in different parts of the city, but no disturbances occurred.

Later: The street disturbances in connection with the transference of Zola's ashes continued until one o'clock yesterday morning. Police had repeatedly to drive back the students, who engaged in combats amongst themselves. Forty arrests were made.

NEWS FROM RUSSIA.

THE IMPERIAL DUMA.

At the conclusion of the Admiralty and War Ministry council on Wednesday, the Budget Commission of the Duma laid before the House a series of proposals, among others a project for the creation of an effective battlefleet, the reorganisation of naval arsenals, the legislative authorisation of a naval building programme extended over a considerable period, the working-out of a plan for national defence, a complete reorganisation of the highest military administrative departments and of the fortification system, together with a plan for the granting of self-government in the Cossack districts.

THE BAGDAD RAILWAY.

The contracts for the extension of the Bagdad Railway 525 miles to Helif were completed at Constantinople on Wednesday. The section, from Bulgurin, the present terminus of the railway, to Helif 15 miles and 5 furlongs south of Mardin in Upper Mesopotamia, comprises the most difficult part of the whole work, viz. the crossing of the Taurus and Amanus ranges of mountains. On the further side of the latter, from Tel Habesh, a line branches off to Aleppo, whence a line built with French capital leads to Damascus and connects with the Hedjas railway. From the junction at Tel Habesh the Bagdad railway turns across the Euphrates, then down the river from Biredjik and in a direction south of Urfa and Diarbekir. The whole distance from Constantinople to Helif is 990 miles, and from Helif to Basra 720 miles farther.

The Bagdad Railway Company is bound to deliver detailed plans for the construction of the railway within a year, and to complete the section to Helif within at latest seven years afterwards.

(Continued on page 2.)

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A deputation of twelve of the officers of the Swedish Crown Prince's regiment of Hussars in garrison at Malmö arrived at Berlin on Wednesday, with the Commanding Officer of the regiment at its head. All the members of the deputation were received in audience by the Emperor Wilhelm yesterday. They intend to go today to Bromberg, there to pay a return visit to the German cavalry regiment (Neumärkisches Grenadier-Regiment zu Pferd, Freiherr v. Derfflinger 3) of which King Gustav is the Honorary Colonel-in-Chief.

As reflected in the Press public opinion in England is not unanimously favourable to the forthcoming visit of King Edward to the Czar of Russia, at Reval. One journal says that King Edward is rapidly becoming completely his own Minister for Foreign Affairs, and that if affairs of the dimensions of Great Britain's relations with Europe are to be continually relegated to non-representative hands, it will soon be time to drop the pretence of representative government. It is also observed with truth that domestic polities involve the fate of political parties only, but foreign politics involve the honour as well as the fate of the whole nation. In more than one paper there are contained loudly expressed regrets that a professedly democratic and representative Parliament should permit these very highest national concerns to slip out of its hands into areas where criticism, much less control, is practically impossible. Nothing will convince the average Englishman that there is the smallest reason for any closer relationship with Russia. On the contrary, the Czar is generally regarded in a light the reverse of favourable, though the sufferings of the Russian people continue to evoke profound sympathy. It is noteworthy that the very circumstances of the proposed meeting are plainly significant of the relations of the Czar with the Russian people. Even his entertainment of the King of England must take place outside the soil of Russia, outside, in fact, the soil of Europe

The Daily News has sounded and maintained the note of alarm ever since the visit was first mentioned as a possibility, while even the semiofficial Nation heard of it "with mixed feelings." The reports published in our news columns have unmistakably indicated the hostile attitude of the English labour party towards the meeting at Reval, and it is instructive to remark the striking difference that exists between popular opinion in England with regard to the King's meeting with the Czar and that which prevailed prior to and during the recent visit of the German Emperor.

There has recently been a revival of the duel in France. Time was when the affaire d'honneur

used to be almost a weekly occurrence, but we were beginning to think that Mounseer was becoming civilised. A few days ago, however, M. Pierre Lafitte, a Parisian publisher, and M. Pierre Martier, a theatrical manager and dramatic critic, met on the field of honour with pistols in hand, and having exchanged two shots without hitting anything or anybody except the wind, returned home happy with an appetite proper to the occasion. They do say that with French duelling pistols it is impossible to hit a haystack at twenty yards, except by accident, and that to provide against the accident the bullets are made of wax. This may be a slander on the brave; but there is no doubt that the proportion of dead duellists to duels is painfully small. With one dead man per duel, affaires d'honneur would become as rare as birds in last year's nests.

CHURCH SERVICES: BERLIN.

S. George's Church, Monbijou Garten. Second Entrance: Oranienburger Strasse 76 B. 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion. 11 a.m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sundays in the month). 6 p. m. Evensong and Sermon. 11 a.m. Litany. Fridays:

Holy Days: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion. The Chaplain: Rev. J. H. Fry, M. A., Savigny Platz 7, Charlottenburg.

AMERICAN CHURCH, Motz Strasse 6. Nollendorf Platz. Sundays: 11.39 a.m. Regular Service. 4.0 p. m. Song Service.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

GREAT BRITAIN & IRELAND: Ambassador the Rt. Hon. Sir Frank Lascelles G. C. B. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse. Office hours 11-1.—Consul-General Dr. Paul v. Schwabach. Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.

U. S. OF AMERICA: Ambassador, Charlemagne Tower, Esq. Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Recep-tion hours 10-1.—Consul-General: ALEXANDER M. THACKARA, Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60, Office hours 10-1.

George Fergusson, Singing Master. Kleist Strasse 27, III.

Otto Grunow Atelier for portraits. Interiors and exteriors Berlin NW, Schadow Str. 4 & 5, corner of Dorotheen Str. Tel. Amt 1.3984.

M. Barkhausen-Büsing. Piano-Teacher at the Klindworth-Schar-wenka Conserv. Method: Prof. Kwast. Wilmersdorf, Nassauische Str. 6, I.

Gebr. Niendorf, Piano Factory, Luckenwalde b. Berlin.

Show rooms: Berlin SW., Anhalt Str. 15.

Talking Machines. Specialty: English & American records. A. Pergande, Managen Strasse 20.

New Cremona Violins For further particulars, price lists, &c., apply to Wilhelm Bettinger, Manager, New Cremona Co Tauben Strasse 28, Berlin W.

Adolph Alberti. Delicatessen. 10. Martin Luther Strasse.

Every night! ORIGINAL MINSTREL BAR. Every night! Concert by original Coons. Songs and Dances Real American Life. Potsdamer Strasse 106B.

Kurfürsteneck close to Ring Bahnhof Halensee. Prop.: P. Kesten, Traiteur. Dinner 1.25 mark and upwards. Excellent beers.

BERLIN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

	This evening:		
Royal Opera House Royal Theatre	Mignon	et 	7.30 7.30 7.30
	(Kammerspiele) Frühlings Er-		
Lessing Theatre Kleines Theatre Residenz Theatre Comic Opera Bebbel Theatre Lustspielbonse New Royal Opera Theatre	wachen Hopfenraths Erben Der Raub der Sabinerinnen Zweimal zwei ist fünf Der Floh im Ohr Hoffmanns Erzählungen Frau Warrens Gewerbe Die blaue Maus Company of the Imperial Russian Opera: Russalka Vienn, Ensemble: Frau Baronin		8
Schiller Theatre O	Der Herr Ministerialdirektor .	*	8
Frdr. Wilhelmst. Theatre Luisen Theatre Thalia Theatre	Der ungläubige Thomas		8 8 8 8
Metropol Theatre Theatre des Westens	Das muss man seh'n Ein Walzertraum Der Mann mit den drei Frauen		8

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Theatre des Westens	Ein Walzertraum
New Operette Theatre .	Der Mann mit den drei Frauen "
Wintergarten	Spezialităten
Apollo Theatre	Die süssen Grisetten. Spezialitäten
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten
Carl Haverland Theatre	

A trip w the Kreuzki of Dresden Every day may be mad

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GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued from page 1.)

MOROCCAN AFFAIRS.

From Mogador comes the report that on May 29th the Kaid of the Anflus, supported by the Shereefian army, fell upon Mtugni's force and defeated it, inflicting a loss of 150 men and sustaining heavy casualties himself.

NEW ATLANTIC GREYHOUND.

The trial trip at Rotterdam of the new twinscrew steamer "Rotterdam," (24,170 registered tonnage) on Wednesday was a complete success. The big liner attained a speed of eighteen knots. She will make her maiden trip from Rotterdam to New York on June 13th.

METROPOLITAN MISCELLANY.

By John Bull.

An exponent of the new humour inserted an advertisement in a morning paper the other day for warehousemen and packers to start at once, application to be made between 11 and noon to J. B. & Co., 78, Pitfield Street, Hoxton. J. B. & Co. did not authorise this advertisement, nor had they any vacancies of the kind. Nevertheless, three hundred men arose early in the morning, and by 8,30 a.m. were lined up on the chance of getting a job. Curiously, at about 10.30, half-an-hour before the time advertised for interviews, up rolled a Socialist procession bearing a banner with the strange device, "Social Democratic Federation. Shoreditch Branch. Reform delayed is revolution begun." Then an orator of that body proceeded to harangue the deluded populace, and his wear and tear would have been serious if the police had not made a cordon round him. While this was happening, up bobbed a Tariff Reformer, who proceeded to inform the audience that tariff reform meant work for all. Both these gentlemen denied that they had anything to do with the advertisement, and we have no information which entitles us to suspect them.

But we do not think, under the circumstances, that they made many converts.

With reference to "Rita's" action against a Scotch editor for cutting up one of her novels in such a way that she hardly recognised it as her own, we know of one firm in London who employs a staff of four or five men to do this special sort of job. When they receive a novel, they pass it through the hands of a number of more or less ancient ladies, and each of these in turn makes her observations on the alleged merits. If there is a majority for the writer he comes out a winner. Then a man is turned on to the manuscript to take out such phrases as "She pierced him with her eyes," or "She swept through the room," or "He threw himself at her feet." "Curse you!" Curse you!" and so forth. Every vivid word, every idiom which one cannot parse is eliminated; and when he has done with that aspect of the novel, there is nothing stronger in it than "Won't you take a dish of tea?" Then it goes back to the editor; and byeand-bye it returns to the slasher aforesaid with instructions to "cut out three thousand." The three thousand out, the novel is again returned to the editor. By this time, however, somebody has been out canvassing for advertisements, has landed a page and a quarter, and chapter 4 or Chapter 9 won't fit. "Take out 559 words," says the editor, and out they have to come, the slasher counting them as he goes along. And the lamb thus driven to the slaughter never even bleats.

A London contemporary has been publishing an extraordinary article, entitled "The Private Life of the Prince of Wales," which ought to attract a good deal of attention, pleasant or otherwise. Under the pretence of flattering H. R. H., and defending him against detractors, the paper contrives to suggest a number of disagreeable things. The Prince "lives in the shadows." He is "an enforced idler, a person of importance malgré lui." "One reason why the Prince of Wales is the subject of a peculiarly wicked slander is simply because his life is harmless. . . . He has been the object of a venomous slander which merits prompt death. . . . Rumour,

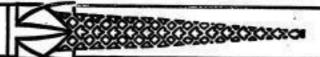
that lying jade, got busy suggesting that the Prince was addicted to a certain habit characteristic of the Georgian period. . . . His private life is peculiar for being singularly private and singularly blameless. He is not a man of large appetite, and drinks little-a small whisky-and-soda with his lunch, and at most a couple of glasses of port after dinner." Now, assuming that the Prince really is a model of abstemiousness, was not it rather unkind and unnecessary to reproduce the rumour to the contrary? Not content with making this innuendo, the writer goes on to suggest selfishness and meanness: "His principal energies are devoted to the management of his affairs rather than forming strong attachments," and our attention is drawn to "his extreme carefulness in all matters." We are further given to understand that his temperament is furtive and that his occupations are petty. "If not exactly shy, he is of a retiring disposition." And what more cruel thing could be said of any man than that he is "an enthusiastic pig-breeder"? But perhaps the gem of the whole article is to be found in the following sentence: "His tastes, and his expenses, are very simple, his postage stamps, his yachting, his shooting, the few blood mares he keeps, and his sons' education being easily within the limit of his income, which ranges closely on £ 100,000 a year." In almost any other monarchical country the writer of all this nonsense would have been locked up very promptly on a charge of less

THE THEREAFTER OF GOLF BALLS.

In the afternoons, when the dishes are washed up, Ciss, according to the Grand Magazine, goes and sits down by the golf-links. There's a place where many of the gentlemen send their balls over-Ciss takes a basket of apples with her, and when a ball comes near her she puts it in her basket under the apples. Then when the gentlemen come to look for it they can't find it, and they think it must have gone down stream. Ciss sells the balls to her young man that lives in the village. He gives her twopence apiece for them, and he sells them himself to the makers for sixpence.



DRESDEN



It was forty years yesterday since Herr von Schuch, who appears to be indispensable to the Dresden opera, wielded the baton for the first time in the Opera House at Graz.

Grand Art Exhibition Dresden 1908. No visitor to the Exhibition, on entering the Sachsisches Haus, will fail to notice the wrought-iron fountain which, with its artistically forged and harmoniously interlaced lattice and trellis work and its boldly poised cover, is an ornament to the court and rises picturesquely from the green of the lawn and the bright colours of the flower-beds. This is, in fact, an object which in its artistic character and picturesque effect is unequalled in the domain of German wrought-iron work. "Der grüne Born," as it is popularly called, was the creation of Michael Fröhlich, a master locksmith and ironsmith at Zittau, and in the year 1679 it was erected on the south side of the market-place of that town. In the middle of the 19th century this ornament of Zittau fell a prey to the modern mania for destruction, and would certainly have disappeared had not a private collector bought it and so saved it to the town. "Der grüne Born" has now found a permanent home in the Zittau town museum.

German amateur photographers have been very successful at an exhibition of amateur photography held at Moscow, having carried off twenty-one prizes out of a total of thirty-five. The remaining trophies were won as follows: France five, Austria and Belgium two each, England, Italy, Switzerland, Denmark, and Africa one each. Two of the highest distinctions have been awarded to Dresden exhibitors, viz. the Dresdner Gesellschaft zur Förderung der Amateur-Photographie, and Herr Ernst Müller, a professional photographer. A silver medal was won by Herr L. Kranzfelder, also of Dresden.

At Leipzig yesterday a gruesome discovery was made by a labourer engaged in cleaning the grating of the Carola Bridge, who came across the body of a female. The woman was evidently the victim of foul play. The only garment on the body was a chemise, but the corpse had been wrapped round with oiled cloth. Shortly before this discovery a basket, such as are carried on their backs by laundry-women, had been found near the same spot, and it is therefore supposed that the body was carried in this basket to the bridge and then thrown over. From the condition of the body it is evident that the deed was committed either during the night or early yesterday morning. The remains were conveyed to the University Buildings, where a post-mortem was to be made.

A trip well worth the trouble is the ascent of the Kreuzkirche tower, whence a magnificent view of Dresden and its surroundings is to be obtained. Every day at 12 noon and 5 p.m. these ascents may be made from door B at the foot of the tower.

It is a natural consequence of the many inventions of new chemical bodies that a great number of our native plants and preparations from them which were formerly held in high estimation by physicians and are still valued by a few of the public, have almost been forgotten. On the other hand, a mania exists for isolating plant constituents supposed to be effectual and bringing them into commerce in chemical combination with chiefly indifferent agents. Apart from the fact that an isolated alkaloid or acid, ethereal oil, and such like is no efficient substitute for the whole drug or its extract, these combinations have almost displaced some of the drugs of the pharmaceutical treasury which for centuries played an important part in medicine formerly. Of no drug is that more true than of valerian which, in the form of tea, lincture, or extract was one of the most valued remedies for nerve troubles. An infusion of valerian with bromic salt added was once an indispensable remedy in the treatment of nervous excitement, and one that seldom failed.

Under these circumstances, many will be glad to lear of two preparations that are now obtainable, one of which contains the efficacious constituents of valerian root in a fluid form, of such strength that one part of this fluid extract is equal to one part of the root. This concentrated extract, in contradistinction to other preparations of the kind,

STOP PRESS NEWS.

THE ASHES OF ZOLA; ALARMING RIOTS.

Paris, June 4. Since 8 o'clock this morning there have been great crowds and demonstrations in the Quartier Latin. Two hundred arrests had been made by 10 o'clock. At 9.15 M. Fallières and M. Clemenceau drove up to the Panthéon to take part in the translation of the remains of M. Zola to the place reserved for them in that historic mausoleum. The President and his Prime Minister were received with cheers, mingled with some whistling. After the conclusion of the ceremony at the Panthéon, Major Dreyfus was wounded by a revolver shot fired at him by a man in the crowd. The man was promptly arrested, and found to be a Nationalist pressman named Gregori, a con-tributor to a Royalist journal.

is prepared by a cold process from the best valerian (not from refuse powder) and contains, also in contrast to the usual valerian infusion, the lighter, more volatile, and more soluble constituents in an unaltered form, and in contradistinction to the commonly known valerian tincture, in a concentrated and comparatively non-alcoholic form.

One teaspoonful of the fluid extract is equal to ten teaspoonsful of the 60% alcoholic tincture. The product, after an improved American receipt, is introduced on the market under the name of Valifluid.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Jäger Battalion No. 13. The band plays about 12.40 p.m. at the Schloss Platz.

In the Fundamt of the Königliche Polizeidirektion, Schiess Gasse 7, found articles-such as jewellery, gold or notes, purses, umbrellas, sticks, boas, clothing, bunches of keys &c .- which have been lost in the streets or squares or left in droschkes, and been given up, are kept.

The public are hereby informed of the arrangements of the Fundamt, and in particular that it is advisable to enquire for lost articles frequently within twelve months after the loss.

Finders of articles are reminded that they are compelled by law to give immediate notice of the finding of any article of the value of from three marks upwards, at the Fundamt or at the office of the Police district in which the finder resides.

It is urgently recommended that the loser of an article should make enquiry at the Fundamt personally, and not by a deputy who is insufficiently and perhaps not at all acquainted with the lost

Special lost property offices are established: for the tram-lines at Georg Platz 5;

for the omnibuses at Werder Strasse 35 and at the Hauptbahnhof.

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DRESDEN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

Royal Opera House.

Tonight, beginning at 7.30, ending 10.15

Der Freischütz.

Romantic Opera in three acts by Friedrich Kind. Music by Carl Maria von Weber.

Ottokar, Bohemian prince Herr Kiess. Kuno, Head forester Herr Nebuschka. Agathe, his daughter Fräul. Seebe. Annehen, her cousin Frau Wedekind. Herr Hummel, Herr Erl. Herr Engelhardt. Herr Markgraf. Herr Ernst. Bridesmaid Fräul. Keldorfer.

PLOT. Agathe is loved by Max, but their marriage depends on the victory of the latter at a shooting contest. He has been shooting badly and his evil genius, Caspar, persuades him to get some enchanted bullets which must be moulded at midnight in the haunted Wolf's Glen. Agathe is warned of approaching evil by the Hermit. She endeavours to restrain Max from going to the Glen. Caspar, whose soul is forfeited to Samiel (Satan) on the following night, promises to give him Max' life, if he himself be spared for a few more years. Samiel agrees, promising him more enchanted bullets, which Caspar moulds in Max's presence in the Wolf's Glen during a terrific hurricane. At the shooting match Max is told to fire at a white dove. Agathe endeavours to stop him, but he firee and she falls apparently lifeless; but she has only swooned and the bullet has killed Caspar, Samiel having power over its direction. Max confesses that he has trafficked with the Evil one, but the Prince, at the Hermit's entreaty, promises him pardon after a year's probation.

Composer: Carl Maria von Weber, born 1786, died 1826.

conducty night		Die Walküre at 6 Der Evangelimann
Monday night		Maurer und Schlosser Zier-
		puppen

Royal Theatre Neustadt. Kriemhilds Rache . . . at 7.30
Mein Leopold 7.30
Zweimal zwei ist fünf . . . 7.30
Kriemhilds Rache 7.30

Residenz Theatre. Tonight Ein tolles Mådel. Pepi Glöckner at 7.30 Saturday night . . . Ein tolles Mådel. Pepi Glöckner " 7.30

Central Theatre. Tonight Saturday night. Sunday afternoon Monday night . .

Museums &c.

Royal Picture Gallery. Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 9-6. Sundays and Holidays 11-2 free entrance. Wednesdays, Saturdays 9-5 .#0.50. Mondays 9-1.#1.50.

Royal Kapferstich Kabinett (Zwinger). Tuesdays, Fridays 9-2 and 7-5, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays 10-3. Sundays and Holidays 11-2 free entrance. Mondays closed.

Royal Zoological and Anthropological Ethnographical Museum (Zwinger). Mondays, Tucsdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Sundays 11-1, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1-3 free entrance.

Royal math.-phys. Salon (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays 9-12 . # 0.50, Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays closed.

Royal mineral. geol. and prähist. Museum (Zwinger). Mondays, Tucs-days, Thursdays, Fridays 10-12, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1-3, Sundays and Holidays 11-1 free ent-

Royal Collection of Porcelain (Johanneum II). Mondays and Fridays 10-2 .4 0.50, Saturdays 9-2 .4 1.50, Sundays and Holidays 11-2 .# 0.25.

Royal Collection of Sculpture in the Albertinum and An der Frauenkirche 12, I. (Cosel-Palais). In the week (except Saturdays) 9-3, Sundays and Holidays 11-2 free

Körner-Museum (Körner Strusse 7). In the week 9-2, Wednesdays and Saturdays 9-1 and 2-5, Sundays and Holidays 11-2 .4 0.50.

Royal popular Library (Japan Palais). In the week 9-2 and 4-8 (except Saturdays) free entrance. Sundays and Holidays elosed.

Sächsischer Kunstverein (Brühlsche Terrasse). Picture exhibition Fritz Erier. Fresco decorations for the Kurhaus at Wiesbaden etc. Open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., Sundays 11—3. Entrance fee .# 1.—; Sundays and Wedneedays .# 0.50.

Galerie Ernst Arnold, Schloss Strasse. Perman, picture exhibition.

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FACTS ABOUT VIVISECTION.

The latest figures dealing with experiments on animals in Great Britain are those for 1906, ordered to be printed May 13th, 1907. This Report has been published by the Research Defence Society. In Ireland, during 1906, so few experiments on animals were made, that we may limit ourselves to the work done in Great Britain.

The number of registered places in Great Britain, in 1906, was 66, if we reckon as one "registered place" the several departments or laboratories of one University. At some places, no experiments were made. Three new places were registered during the year; and three ceased to be registered at

the end of the year.

The number of licensees was 402. This number includes 30 whose licenses expired at the end of February, and who returned no experiments in 1906. Altogether, 123 of the licensees performed no ex-

periments during the year.

The total number of experiments was 46,073. But 43,287 of them, 94 per cent., were inoculations, hypodermic injections, and so forth. It is these experiments, and these alone, which are performed without anaesthetics, under Certificate A. In no case has Certificate A been allowed for an experiment involving a serious operation. Even inoculations, if they involve, as a very few of them do, a small preliminary incision, must be made under anaestheties. In no case has a cutting operation more severe than a superfical venesection been allowed to be performed without anaesthetics.

These 43,287 experiments were mostly inoculations, but a few of them were feeding experiments, or the administration of various substances by the mouth, or the abstraction of a minute quantity of blood for examination. A few of them, about 1 per cent., were made on dogs or cats; and a very few, about 0.1 per cent., were made on a horse, ass, or mule. The vast majority of them were made on mice or guinea pigs. The increase in the number of them in 1906, as compared with 1905, is more than accounted for by the increase in the work of the Imperial Cancer Resarch Fund; which, in 1906, made 20,795 inoculations on mice.

Concerning the bulk of the inoculations, the Report says "that a large number of experiments, almost wholly simple inoculations and similar proceedings (under Certificate A), were performed either on behalf of official bodies, with a view to the preservation of the public health, or directly for the diagnosis and treatment of disease. Several County Councils and Municipal Corporations have their own laboratories in which bacteriological investigations are carried on, including the necessary tests on living animals; and many others have arrangements by which similar observations are made on their behalf in the laboratories of Universities, Colleges and other institutions. In other places experiments have been made on behalf of the Home Office, the War Office, the Local Government Board, the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, and the Metropolitan Asylums Board. Fifty-two licensees return nearly 6,000 experiments which were performed for Government Departments, County Councils, Municipal Corporations or other Public Health Authorities; 2,114 experiments were performed by five licensees for the Royal Commission on berculosis; eleven licensees performed 4,732 experiments for the preparation and testing of antitoxic sera and vaccines; and six licensees performed 1,079 experiments for the testing and standardising

We come now to the remaining 6 per cent. of the experiments made during 1906. Of these, 2,786 experiments, the majority 1,588, were performed under license alone, or under license and Certificate C. In experiments performed under license alone, the animal must during the whole of the experiment be under the influence of some anaesthetic of sufficient power to prevent the animal from feeling pain; and the animal must, if the pain is likely to continue after the effect of the anaesthetic has ceased, or if any serious injury has been inflicted on the animal, be killed before it recovers from the influence of the anaesthetic which has been administered. Certificate C allows experiments to be performed, under the foregoing provisions as to the use of anaesthetics, in illustration of lectures. The number of experiments thus made before a class, in 1906, in England and Scotland together, was 159. The rest of the 1,588 experiments, 1,429, were made under license alone.

There remain 1,198 experiments which were made under Certificate B or, for dog or cats, Certificates B and EE. Of these experiments, 281 were made on a dog or cat: none were made on a horse, ass, or mule. An operation was performed under anaesthetics, from the influence of which the animal was allowed to recover. The operations are required to be performed antiseptically. If the antiseptic precautions fail, and suppuration occurs, the animal is required to be killed. In the event of a subsequent operation being necessary, a condition is attached to the license requiring all operative procedures to be carried out under anaesthetics of sufficient power to prevent the animal feeling pain; and no observations or stimulations of a character

to cause pain are allowed to be made without the animals being anaesthetised.

Thus the percentages are as follows:-

Inoculations or similar methods not involving Animal killed under anaesthetic, after a de-(No observation or stimulation of a character to cause pain, and no further opera-tive procedure, allowed without anaesthetics)

This fact must always be borne in mind, with regard to experiments on animals, that 94 per cent. of these experiments involve no sort or kind of operation: and that Certificate A is not allowed for any experiment which involves an operation.

TOPICS OF INTEREST.

So much is said about the Military Correspondent of The Times in one way and another, the man responsible for engineering the agitation over the German Emperor's letter to Lord Tweedmouth, that your readers may like to know who he is and something of his record. His name is Repington, Colonel A'Court Repington. He is a distant kinsman of Lord Heytesbury, and his sister is married to Major Wodehouse, Assistant Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, and a cousin of the Earl of Kimberley. Colonel Repington served in the African and Burmese Wars, was a Staff Officer at Omdurman, and an Assistant Adjutant-General under Roberts and Kitchener in South Africa, where he was given a C. M. G. He has also served in the Intelligence Department at headquarters, and in Egypt as an Assistant Adjutant-General. His wife, who is a daughter of Colonel Scobell, obtained a judicial separation from him a couple of years ago, on his return from the Boer War.

One of the Paris evening newspapers states that "La Belle Lison" has been engaged at a salary of £100 a week to appear at a London music-hall in a sketch called "A Scene of Opium." We do not know, and we do not care, which of the London music-hall managers has entered into this arrangement, but we have a word or two to say about La Belle Lison. This is the woman who kept an opium den; and among others a French naval lieutenant, named Ullmo, who had a good record in his country's service, fell into her toils. She fascinated and infatuated him, luring him on and on until he was broken and demoralised. Her demands were insatiable, and presently Ullmo, knowing not where to turn for money to appease her, sold the naval secrets of his country to a foreign Power, was discovered, and sentenced at Toulon to imprisonment for life. To show the heart of this woman, it is sufficient to say that even while Ullmo was on trial, she drove about the town in a gay equipage, as if the ruin of a life gave her some new title to glory. The sketch in which she appears was recently produced at Montmartre, and though neither the men nor the women of the Quartier Latin are over particular about their own or other people's morals, they gave La Belle such a warm time that the manager of the hall had to ring down the curtain. There ought to be no place in London for a woman or a performance rejected at Montmartre, and we trust the London music-hall manager who has made this engagement will take an early opportunity of cancelling it .- J. B.

CHURCH SERVICES: DRESDEN.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.

Friday, June 5th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.
Saturday, June 6th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Sunday, June 7th. Whit-Sunday: Pentecost. 8.0 a.m., and
12.0 m.d., (Choral) Holy Eucharist. 11.0 a.m. Matins
and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
Offertories to be devoted to the United Thank-Offer-

Offertories to be devoted to the United Thank-Offering of the whole Anglican Church at the Pan-Anglican Thanksgiving Service in S. Paul's Cathedral, London, on S. John Baptist's Day, June 24th.

Monday, June 8th. Monday in Whit-Week. 10.15 a.m. Holy Eucharist. 11.0 a.m. Matins.

Tuesday, June 9th. Tuesday in Whit-Week. 8.15 a.m. Holy Eucharist. 9.0 a.m. Matins.

Wednesday, June 10th. Ember Day. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.

Litany.

Thursday, June 11th. S. Barnabas. A. and M. 8.0 a.m.

Holy Communion. 10.0 a.m. Matins.

Friday, June 12th. Ember Day. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.

Saturday, June 13th. Ember Day. 10.0 a.m. Matins. Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, Reichs Platz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Sunday, June 7th. Whit-Sunday. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon 11.0 a.m. After-noon Service and address 5.30 p.m. The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND (Presbyterian), Bernhard Strasse 2, at the corner of Bismarck and Winckelmann Strasse. Services every Sunday at 11.0 a.m. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.

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of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

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