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# The Daily Record

and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

№ 770.

DRESDEN AND BERLIN, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1908.

10 PFENNIGS.

The Daily Record is delivered by hand in Dresden, and may be ordered at any Post Office throughout the German Empire. It is published daily, excepting Mondays and days following legal holidays in Dresden.

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## LIMITATION OF ARMAMENTS.

Despatches to hand yesterday from Berlin announced that the visit of the Rt. Hon. Lloyd George, M. P., Chancellor of the Exchequer, to that city has absolutely no connection with the question of limiting armaments, a question which, we regret to observe, has been revived in Great Britain and this country. No sooner was it made known that Mr. Lloyd George contemplated a visit to the Prussian capital than rumours spread to the effect that he was on a secret mission to discover official feeling in Berlin towards the drawing up of an agreement binding the two countries to limit their expenditure on naval and military preparations. In spite of its obvious absurdity this rumour was taken seriously in many quarters, and, as might have been anticipated, its immediate result has been to reawaken suspicion in this country of England's good faith.

While a section of the British Press and certain British statesmen never weary of lamenting the unenthusiastic response on the part of the German people to friendly overtures based upon ethical ideals, it is idle to deny that the latter are justified in their attitude to no inconsiderable extent. That a great nation, overwhelmingly supreme on the sea, whose history is largely one of martial exploits in many quarters of the globe, should adopt a vacillating policy on questions of its home defence, is incomprehensible to all who are unversed in the idiosyncrasies of English political parties, and thus it is that an ulterior motive is sought behind the honeyed words so plentifully uttered by one Cabinet Minister after another. It cannot be denied that members of the present British Cabinet are most unfortunate in timing their speeches. Simultaneously with the report of Mr. Winston Churchill's passionate oration at Swansea on Saturday, appeared a report that the Government was considering the expediency of raising a gigantic loan for the purpose of formulating a warship building programme to extend over a space of four years, thus doing away with the necessity of mutilating next year's Budget. This, of course, is nothing more or less than an unfortunate coincidence, and the loan project still lacks confirmation. But the fact remains that Mr. Churchill's speech at Swansea will be largely discounted by this report.

Rightly or wrongly the Continental Press obstinately refuses to credit England with disinterested motives in thus agitating for international limitation of armaments, chiefly owing to the uncontested fact that such an agreement would absolve England from further heavy expenditure on her fleet and yet confirm her present status as Mistress of the Seas. Furthermore, until England abandons her hand to mouth policy in naval and military matters and proves to the world her intention of defending her interests against aggressors by force of arms, instead of placating them by concessions, she will, perhaps all unconsciously, increase rather than diminish the clouds now hovering on the political horizon. We venture to think that not until Great Britain and Germany are conscious of each other's strength will the moment be completely opportune for the establishment of really cordial mutual relationship. At the present moment it is safe to say that an exaggerated view of England's peace-loving propensities prevails in this country; on the other hand, a not less exaggerated conception of Germany's military strength exists in England. While misunderstandings of this importance remain unchallenged, how is it possible to reconcile either nation to the other's protestations of good faith and amity?

Two and a half years have elapsed since the present English Government entered into power, pledged heart and soul to economy in armament expenditure and to the furtherance of peace principles, and yet who can honestly say that the situation in northern Europe gives rise to less apprehension than in January, 1906? Dozens of speeches in praise of peace have been uttered by Liberal statesmen, countless columns in the Liberal Press have been occupied by articles on the same subject, but the fact remains that Great Britain is regarded in these parts with quite as much suspicion as was the case under Mr. Balfour's administration. Liberal foreign policy has never been a success, even under the guidance of so brilliant a statesman as the late Mr. Gladstone. Unless we read the

Paris \* Dresden \* New York

## Fur-Styles

are here in great variety to select from.

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black Lynx, Pony, Fox, &c. &c.

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stars amiss the British public is beginning to realise this fact, and the realisation may result in a General Election before many moons have waned. Whether the return of the Unionist party to power will exercise a steadying influence on the European political situation can only be conjectured, but for our part we are inclined to answer in the affirmative.

## GENERAL NEWS.

### KING EDWARD AT MARIENBAD.

The Marienbad correspondent of a Paris journal writes: The weather remains cold and yesterday there were surprises in the shape of gusts of wind and drenching rain, varied with bursts of sunshine. The rain interfered greatly with golf.

Sir Sidney Greville, one of King Edward's equerries, arrived here on Friday night and is stopping at the Weimar Hotel. He at once communicated with Dr. Ott, desiring him to attend the King within half an hour of his arrival.

King Edward's apartments have been kept as much as possible as they were last year, the King preferring comfort to novelty. The colouring of the rooms is the same as last year, though all has been freshened or renewed. They are laid with Turkey carpets, and the dining room with its oak furniture looks particularly cosy. It is small—there is room for eight at table—but the terrace of the balcony is large, and will contain many guests if the King wishes. He usually prefers small and select parties when on his holiday, being anxious to avoid formalities.

Last year the Prefect and Corporation were anxious to express their thanks to him for coming to Marienbad and the advantage to the town of his visit. When the King heard that they were coming officially he said, "Tell them I accept their thanks, but for Heaven's sake keep them away. I don't want to be receiving deputations while I am here."

Prince Liechtenstein's warning against crowding about and watching the King is published again in the paper today. I learn that last year it was the Polish Jews, in their gaberdines, and with their quaint ear-locks, who were the greatest offenders. But there are comparatively few of them here now, compared to the number that swarmed on the Promenade three weeks back.

### NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

#### ENGLISH GIRL'S HEROISM AT BERNE.

The London Standard reports that an English girl was the heroine in a courageous rescue which was effected from the river Aar, at Berne. A young Swiss girl was wheeling two babies on the bank of the Aar when she negligently left the perambulator, which ran down the bank and plunged into the river, the two babies being thrown into the stream.

The English girl, attracted by the nurse's cry of alarm, saw the children disappearing in the water, at once plunged into the river and succeeded in bringing the babies ashore. The crowd loudly cheered the Englishwoman, who refused to give her name. A cabman offered his services and drove the dripping girl back to her hotel amid shouts of "Bravo, l'Anglaise!"

### NEWS FROM AMERICA.

#### MR. TAFT'S RECREATION FROWNED UPON.

It looks as if golf might be made "the issue" of the Presidential campaign, and as if the American

voter may have to decide whether the candidate who plays golf is an autocrat and the candidate who does not go in for golf as a recreation is a friend of the people.

A few days ago a correspondent of a Chicago paper that is vigorously supporting Mr. Taft said he had been urged by many friends to go out among the people, as the masses had a prejudice against a candidate who spent his summer at "an aristocratic resort playing golf." Mr. Taft, according to a correspondent of the New York Tribune, frankly admits that he has received letters from people urging him to give up golf as being "a rich man's game" and "waste of time."

Referring to these letters Mr. Taft is represented as saying that the business of running for the Presidency reminds him of the fable of the man, his son, and the ass. After telling the fable, Mr. Taft concluded: "I have found I can't please everybody." Evidently Mr. Taft, who finds it necessary to play golf every day to keep himself in good physical condition, has no intention of trying to please everybody and sacrificing his health by remaining away from the links.

Meanwhile Mr. Bryan, who has probably never had a golf club in his hand in his life, keeps himself sound by superintending work on his farm.

### THE ATLANTIC FLEET TO VISIT ITALY.

Rome, August 17.

The Agenzia Stefani hears from Rome that on the homeward voyage of the United States battleship fleet from the Pacific to Hampton Road, several ships will touch at Genoa and Naples, and Leghorn and Palermo may also be visited.

### NEW YORK WAITERS TO DISAPPEAR.

Several New York caterers are experimenting with the object of establishing waiterless restaurants. In a sense those American establishments which are devoted to the sale of lightning lunches, where the customer helps himself to pie, ice, water, and dyspepsia, keeps his own account, and pays the cashier at the door on leaving, are waiterless restaurants, but now something much more ambitious is planned. It is agreed that waiters at your elbow do not promote privacy, and so, in the scheme now proposed, all waiters are to be out of sight. You order your dinner on entering the restaurant, and proceed to a table without attendants. When dinner is ready a bell rings, you press a button, the centre of the table sinks through the floor into the serving-room beneath, and quickly reappears in Arabian Nights fashion laden with the first course. At the end of each course you press the button and the table again disappears.

We have read of something like this being tried spasmodically years ago in Paris, but Mr. John Murray, of New York, is forming a company to promote waiterless restaurants systematically. He has patented the disappearing table, which will apparently give points to Maskelyne and Devant. There is certainly a good field in the United States for waiterless restaurants, because there, more than anywhere else, it is exceedingly difficult to secure good service.

Since the financial panic last November it has been possible to get fairly satisfactory domestics for \$5 per week without assenting to most humiliating terms about the division of work, nights off, &c., but efficient waiters, as understood in Europe, are still rare in America. Mr. Murray says that the kitchen staff can serve his disappearing tables, and the doom of the "garçon" and likewise the "pourboires," he declares, is sounded.

### RECKLESS AUTOMOBILE DRIVING.

For some time past, says a New York report, several newspapers have been conducting campaigns against the disastrous recklessness displayed by drivers of automobiles in and around New York, as exemplified in the appalling list of fatalities reported within a short period. No one can have failed to notice the numbers of motor wrecks at railroad level crossings; within a month the newspapers have reported more than a score of such cases, and a perusal of their columns shows that in five level-crossing smashes of recent date 15 persons lost their lives.

(Continued on page 2.)

# BERLIN

At the Royal Opera the season will be opened on the 20th inst. at seven o'clock with "Tristan und Isolde." On the 21st, "Mignon," and on the 22nd, "Madame Butterfly," will be given, followed by "Carmen," on the 23rd. Herr Vogelström, of the Court Theatre, Mannheim, will perform as star in the rôle of *Don José*.

The Kammerspiele at the Deutsches Theater will take place as follows: Tomorrow, "Lysistrata"; Thursday, "Frühlings Erwachen"; Friday, "Nju," by Ossip Dymow; Saturday, "Frühlings Erwachen"; Sunday, "Nju."

At the Deutsches Theater the programme is as follows: Today, "Was Ihr wollt"; Thursday, "Die Räuber"; Friday, "Was Ihr wollt"; Saturday, "Ein Sommernachtstraum," with Mendelssohn-Bartholdy's music.

At the Lessing Theatre the following plays will be performed: Today, "Der Raub der Sabinerinnen"; Thursday, "Die Stützen der Gesellschaft"; Friday, "Die versunkene Glocke"; Saturday and Sunday, "Der Raub der Sabinerinnen"; Monday, "Die Weber," by Gerhart Hauptmann.

At the New Operetta Theatre three new works will be performed during the coming season for the first time. The first of these is an operetta by Victor Holländer, Victor Léon being responsible for the libretto; the title is "Fräulein Frau." The next production will be an operetta by Léhar, "Das Fürstenkind," the text of which is also by Victor Léon. The third novelty will be a piece by the French composer Claude Terrasse, but nothing is as yet known as to its title or subject.

At the Grand Berlin Art Exhibition, the painter Ludwig Schmid-Reutte, one of the members of the Karlsruhe Union of Artists, has a room to himself, which is no small compliment to his abilities. Henceforth the name of this characteristic artist must be noted, as that compliment is not undeserved. There are eighteen of his works exhibited here—studies, cartoons, nude subjects, landscapes—which are, on the whole, attractive, owing to the severity and strength or conception and execution which they evince. He has much in common with Otto Greiner, and with the Swiss artist Ferdinand Hodler. His nude subjects are drawn with perfect firmness of outline, a proof of untiring study. They look like illustrations out of a medical work. The figures in these pictures, as in Holder's, are entirely nude and undated. Schmid-Reutte impresses one more by the beauty and strength of his outlines than by his power of conception and fancy. The future must show whether this rough and wilful peasant nature is gifted with poetic imagination. But, as it is, there is enough that is beautiful and admirable in his paintings. The cartoon study "Ruiger" is, so to speak, a symphony in line, in which all dissonances are resolved in wonderful harmonies; a confusion of lines that cross, intersect, circle and wind round each other, to unite at last, as if impelled by a mighty force, in a picture of unforgettable beauty and vivid harmony.

(To be continued.) Dr. A. S.

An important improvement of the Flushing route to London will come into operation at the beginning of October. The evening through carriage to Flushing, which has hitherto been attached to the D train No. 10, leaving the Potsdamer Bahnhof at 9.25 p. m., will form part of a new D train, No. 128, which will start from the Schlesischer Bahnhof at 10.17 p. m., and call at Friedrich Strasse at 10.33. The route followed by this train will be via Stendal, Hanover,

Osnabrück, and Flushing will be reached at 10 the following morning. The communication between Berlin and London, via Flushing, will thus be accelerated by one hour.

The corresponding train in the opposite direction, D 129, will leave Flushing at 6.50 p. m., and reach Berlin via Osnabrück, Hanover, and Stendal at 7.55 a. m., at the Friedrich Strasse station. Hitherto the evening train from Flushing has arrived at Berlin, Potsdamer Bahnhof, at 9 o'clock the next morning; so that here, again, there will be a saving of more than an hour's time.

Baron von Schorlemer-Lieser, Governor of the Rhine Province, has just inaugurated at München-Gladbach a large new sanatorium for lung diseases. It was founded by the Order of St. Francis, and contains accommodation for 150 patients.

Following upon its two hour trial trip on Monday, which is reported as having been highly satisfactory, the military dirigible balloon made another ascent on Monday evening at 10 o'clock, Major Sperling being in command. Two other officers and a mechanic were also in the car. Sentries were posted along the entire length of the Tegel shooting range, at distances of 100 yards, to signal by means of coloured torches the return of the airship.

Hammond, Swabey, Butler, Barnes, Moss, Richardson, Taylor, and thirty-seven others will take part in the twenty-four hours walking match at the London Stadium on September 11th and 12th.

The balloon "Augusta," in which, as already reported, Dr. Brockelmann and Captain Haertel started from Innsbruck to cross the Alps, after a voyage of eight and a half hours, descended on a plateau near Brixen, 1,500 metres above the level of the sea. As there was little wind, the balloon at first rose almost perpendicularly to a great height and then travelled in an easterly direction. Soon afterwards the current changed, and the balloon drifted back again until it was over the Stubai Valley. There it remained almost motionless till midday, when a westerly breeze sprang up, and it disappeared in the direction of the Brenner.

## CHURCH SERVICES: BERLIN.

**S. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Monbijou Garten.**  
Second Entrance: Oranienburger Strasse 76B.  
Sundays: 9 a. m. Celebration of Holy Communion.  
11 a. m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sundays in the month).  
6 p. m. Evensong and Sermon.  
Fridays: 11 a. m. Litany.  
Holy Days: 9 a. m. Celebration of Holy Communion.  
The Chaplain: Rev. J. H. Fry, M. A., Savigny Platz 7, Charlottenburg.

**AMERICAN CHURCH, Motz Strasse 6.**  
Nollendorf Platz.  
Sundays: 11.30 a. m. Regular Service.  
4.0 p. m. Song Service.

**BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.**  
**GREAT BRITAIN & IRELAND:** Ambassador the Rt. Hon. Sir FRANK LASCELLES G. C. B. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse. Office hours 11-1.—Consul-General Dr. PAUL v. SCHWARBACH. Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.  
**THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:** Ambassador, Dr. DAVID JAYNE HILL. Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception hours 10-1.—Consul-General: ALEXANDER M. THACKARA, Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60. Office hours 10-1.

## GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued from page 1.)

In practically every case the drivers, who were generally the owners, were to blame, disregarding signals, and even, in one case, charging the closed gates, in foolhardy endeavours to gain a few minutes on their journeys.

The *Tribune* recently said that in Long Island, where the number of accidents has been heaviest, men are being stationed by the railroad authorities near all crossings to take the numbers of cars whose drivers expose them to unnecessary risk, with a view to proceedings. These watchers have already found that nearly 50 per cent. of the motorists pay no heed at all to warning signals.

### NIAGARA'S ELECTRIC POWER.

*Ontario, August 17.*  
The Dominion Government has awarded a tender for the construction of an electric power transmission line at a cost of 1,270,000 dollars. The line will be used to transmit cheap electric power generated at the Niagara Falls Power Station to many municipalities.

### BRITISH COLUMBIAN FIRE EXTINGUISHED.

*Victoria (B.C.), August 18.*  
Heavy rainfalls in the timbered districts have extinguished the destructive forest fires. It is now certain that 30 people in all met their death through the blaze. The rebuilding of the town of Fernie has already commenced.

### CANADIAN PACIFIC R.R. STRIKE.

*Winnipeg, August 18.*  
The strike of Canadian Pacific Railroad labourers continues. Japanese are being employed as strike-breakers, and great bitterness has been aroused among the men as a consequence.

### DANISH EXPLORER'S TERRIBLE SUFFERINGS.

*Copenhagen, August 17.*  
The Committee of the Denmark expedition have received the following telegraphic report from Captain Trolle: "Mylius Erichsen, the leader of the expedition, with Hagen and Brönlund separated themselves from Koch's sledge party at the Peary Channel on the 27th of May, 1907. They were detained there by their surveying work until the end of June, and were then prevented from returning by

**Charles Dietz** (Formerly with Jean Henry, 14, Buckingham Palace Road, London W.), *Elegant Ladies' and Gentlemen's Tailors.* Fasanen Strasse 41, corner Fasanen Platz.

**Mme. Nattenheimer** Every shop where = English is spoken = should take in & advertise in **The Daily Record** Berlin W., Potsdamer Str. 10/11.

**NICOLA PERSCHIED** STUDIO FOR ARTISTIC PHOTOS W. 9, Bellevue Strasse 6a. Tel. VI, 3156.

**English Kindergarten** 10-12 daily. Pflzburger Str. 73, part.

**Gebr. Niendorf, Piano Factory, Luckenwalde b. Berlin.** Show rooms: Berlin SW., Anhalt Str. 15.

**Drug Store. Medicines. Toilet and household articles.** Georg Kunkel, 82, Martin Luther Str.

**Martha Melzer, Manicure,** Potsdamer Str. 106A. II.

**Adolph Alberti. Delicatessen.** 10, Martin Luther Strasse.

**Steinert & Hansen, First class Wine Restaurant** Prop. Fritz Kiel. Rendezvous of the Art World. Kurfürstendamm 233

**Excellent bakery. Albert Sehnert,** Martin Luther Strasse 9a.

Rendezvous of **Café Speyer** Martin Luther Strasse 13 three minutes from American Church. Grand concert daily.

**Residenz Buffet** Rendez-vous for Americans 64, Kronen Strasse.

**Fruit and Vegetables.** August Knöpfel, Speyerer Str. 24.

**Best Bakery** in the American Quarter. Franz Kalweit, 31, Hohenstaufen Str.

## BERLIN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

**This evening:**

Royal Opera House	(closed)	
Royal Theatre	(closed)	
New Royal Opera Theatre	La Traviata (de Rohan)	at 7.30
Deutsches Theater	Was ihr wollt (Kammerspiele) Lysistrata	" 8
Lessing Theatre	Der Raub der Sabinerinnen	" 8
New Theatre	Baccarat	" 8
New Schauspielhaus	Company of the New Operetta Theatre from Hamburg: Die Dollarprinzessin	" 8
Kleines Theater	Zweimal zwei ist fünf	" 8
Comic Opera	(closed)	
Residenz Theatre	Der Fiob im Ohr	" 8
Hebbel Theatre	Frau Warren's Gewerbe	" 8
Lastspielhaus	Die blaue Maus	" 8
Trinaron Theatre	Fräulein Joseette — meine Frau	" 8
Theater des Westens	Ein Walzertraum	" 8
Schiller Theatre O.	Company of the Morwitz Opera: Die weisse Dame (H. Bötel)	" 8
Charlottenburg	Der Revisor	" 8
Frdr. Wilhelm's Theatre	Ein Rabenvater	" 8
Thalia Theatre	Mitternachtsmädchen	" 8
Urania Theatre	Von der Zugspitze zum Watzmann	" 8
Laisan Theatre	Suse	" 8

**Every evening until further notice.**

Metropol Theatre	Das muss man seh'n	at 8
Bernhard Rose Theatre	Das Geheimnis von New York	" 8
Gebr. Herrfeld Theatre	Das kommt davon. Es lebe das Nachtleben	" 8
Apollo Theatre	Vera Violetta. Spezialitäten	" 8
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Berliner Prater Theatre	Die Welt ein Paradies	" 7
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Wintergarten	Eröffnungsvorstellung	" 8

the melting snow: consequently they were obliged to spend the summer more than 125 Danish miles (585 English miles) from the ship, without provisions or petroleum, entirely dependent on what they could kill. As such supplies were very short, they had lost strength by the time they started on the 19th of October on their homeward journey, with only four dogs. Probably they took the shortest way over the inland ice. They were in a desperate condition owing to want of food and footwear. As the darkness and cold increased, their strength became exhausted. When they had made about 190 English miles over the inland ice, they probably looked for a place where the results of their great work might be found, and chose the depot on the 79th degree of latitude. Mylius Erichsen and Hagen died before they got there. Only Brönlund reached the depot. There he made his will, and wrote the last reports in his note-book. Then he laid himself down resignedly with his gun in his hand, and was frozen to death. From his note-book it appears that Hagen died on the 10th of November, and Mylius Erichsen about 10 days later. Brönlund has been buried. The bodies of Erichsen and Hagen

(Continued on page 3.)

# DRESDEN

The IV. International Esperanto Congress was formally opened on Monday morning. King Friedrich August was represented by one of his Majesty's chamberlains, Herr v. Criegern. As Dr. Zamenhof, the creator of the universal language, entered the hall of the Vereinshaus with Oberbürgermeister Beutler and the delegates of the various nations, there was an outbreak of applause which continued until all were seated, when the Esperanto Hymn was sung. Colonel Pollen, of London, as the chairman of the III. International Congress, opened the proceedings, and then gave up the chair of office to Dr. Mybs, of Hamburg, who thanked the King of Saxony for becoming the Patron of the Congress and the officials of the city of Dresden for their efforts to promote it. Geheimrat Lange, on behalf of the Ministries of Education and of the Interior, then spoke, hailing Esperanto as an auxiliary language which would unite the peoples of the world, and wishing the Esperantists success on his own part and for the Government. Professor Bourlet translated Geheimrat Lange's speech into Esperanto. Oberbürgermeister Beutler, whose words were repeated by Dr. Mybs in Esperanto, welcomed the members of the Congress, on behalf of the Town Council and the inhabitants of Dresden, laying stress also on the importance of Esperanto. Dr. Zamenhof rose amid general cheering, and, remarking on the ideal and real value of Esperanto, said this was the first Congress which had received the countenance and support of a Government. In this connection several delegates in succession conveyed the greeting and good wishes of their respective Governments and of scientific societies.

While the IV. Esperanto Congress was being held in the large hall of the Vereinshaus, the smaller hall in the same building was occupied by the II. International Congress of Vegetarians, convened for the purpose of founding an International Vegetarian Federation. A resolution to that effect was moved by Mr. A. Broadbent of Manchester, and supported by other delegates; among whom were Mr. Simpson, of Manchester; Dr. Meyroos, of the Netherlands Vegetarian Federation; Mr. Gill, of the Friends' Vegetarian Society, London; A. Luck, of Berlin, and others. On Monday evening an address was delivered to a meeting of the Congress by Herr Dressler, the President of the Dresden Vegetarian Society, and songs were sung by some of the gentlemen and ladies present. On Tuesday morning, the subject of the resolution above referred to was again brought forward, and after speeches by Dr. Selss, President of the German Vegetarian Federation, by Mr. Broadbent, Dr. Meyroos, and others, the "International Vegetarian Union" was duly founded, and Mr. Broadbent, Dr. Meyroos, and Dr. Selss were elected to form a Committee. The Congress closed with a Soirée on Tuesday evening.

The programme of the orchestral concert at the Royal Belvedere this evening is as follows:— (1) Soldaten im Park, March, Monkton. (2) Overture "Der Kadi," Thomas. (3) Königsgebet aus

## STEPHAN'S Fine Art China

Handpaintings only, own workmanship. Portraits from photographs on porcelain and ivory. Retail, Wholesale, Export. Lowest prices. succ. to Helena Wolfsohn Nachf. Leopold Elb.

**Knoke & Dressler**, by appointment to the Court, König Johann Str., corner Pirn. Platz, part., I, II. and III. floors. Great Exhibition and Sale of **Sanitary Requisites** of all kinds.

"Lohengrin," Wagner. (4) Ehret die Frauen, Walzer, Silber. (5) Tonbilder aus "Indra," Flotow. (6) Militär-Fantasie für Violine, Leonard. (7) Ballettmusik "La Gioconda," Ponchielli. (8) Overture "Norma," Bellini. (9) Mandolinensändchen, Triebel. (10) Glühwürmchen-Idylle, Lincke. (11) Bahn frei, Galopp, Strauss.

This evening at the Grosse Wirtschaft, in the Grosse Garten, in addition to the concert an illumination of the gardens will take place, and bouquets of dahlias will be presented to ladies in the audience. On Friday next the house band will give a concert in conjunction with the band of the First Field Artillery Regiment No. 12.

At the Central Theatre today, *Die Schmuggler*, an Alsatian comedy in four acts by Artur Dinter, will be produced for the first time.

If the day of cycloplanes comes we shall have sport that will be as exhilarating as cycling and tobogganing combined, and most likely not half so dangerous as is might be expected to be. Then we shall be free of bumpy roads and clouds of dust kicked up by motors; gently sloping hillsides will be at a premium, there will arise a boom in bamboos, and we will have to start an Aeroplane Corner for the Icarus section of our readers.

At Bad Kreuznach, where radium emanation baths have been tried this year for the first time, their curative effect has been so satisfactory that the demand for them now is far in excess of the possible supply. Orders have to be booked weeks in advance. In other respects the curative fame of Kreuznach this season has been fully maintained, favoured as the locality has been by ideal weather. The number of visitors, particularly French and Russian, has been and still is very large. H. R. H. the Crown Prince of Bosnia, who visits Kreuznach every year, is expected there in a few days.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2nd Grenadier Regiment No. 101. The band plays about 12.30 p.m. in the Schloss Platz.

Whoever has lost or left anything in the streets or squares of this city should enquire for the same at the *Fundamt* (lost property office) of the *Königliche Polizeidirektion*, Schiess Gasse 7.

## DRESDEN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

**Royal Opera House.**  
Tonight, beginning at 7.00, ending about 10.00.  
By Royal Command.  
Festival Performance, on the occasion of the IV. International Esperanto Congress, under the direction of Emanuel Reicher.

**Iphigenie auf Tauris**  
by W. von Goethe.  
Translated into Esperanto by Dr. L. L. Zamenhof.  
Cast:  
Iphigenie . . . . . Fräul. Hedwig Reicher (New York).  
Thoas . . . . . Emanuel Reicher (Berlin).  
Orest . . . . . Bruno Decarli (Leipzig).  
Pylades . . . . . Kurt Starck (Wien).  
Arcas . . . . . Oskar Fuchs (Berlin).  
Priestesses, Warriors &c.

Price of seats.  
Vorderparkett, Parkettlogen, Logen of the I. & II. Ranges 20 #  
Hinterparkett, Logen of the III. Ranges and Balkon of the IV. Ranges 10 #  
Mittelgalerie and Proszeniumlogen of the IV. Ranges 5 #  
Seitengalerie, Seitenlogen & Stehplätze of the IV. Ranges 3 #  
Mittelgalerie of the V. Ranges 2 #  
Sitz- and Stehgalerie, Proszeniumlogen of the V. Ranges 1 #  
Stehparkett 2 #

Thursday night . . . Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg at 8  
Friday night . . . Mignon " 7.30  
Saturday night . . . Tiedland " 7.30  
Sunday night . . . Der fliegende Holländer " 7.30  
Monday night . . . Samson und Dalila " 7.30

**Royal Theatre Neustadt.**  
Closed till September 11.

**Residenz Theatre.**  
Tonight . . . . . Bartel Turasser . . . . . at 7.30  
Thursday night . . . Die gelbe Gefahr . . . . . " 7.30  
Friday night . . . . . Alt-Heidelberg . . . . . " 7.30  
Saturday night . . . . . Ordnung im Hause . . . . . " 7.30

**Central Theatre.**  
Tonight . . . . . Die Schmuggler . . . . . at 8  
Thursday night . . . Die Schmuggler . . . . . " 8  
Friday night . . . . . Die Schmuggler . . . . . " 8  
Saturday night . . . Die Schmuggler . . . . . " 8

**VISITORS AT THE SPAS.**  
Arrivals at Bad Elster up to August 14th numbered 10,466; at Bad Wildungen up to August 16th, 8,870.

**MOVEMENTS OF LINERS.**  
North German Lloyd S. S. Co., Dresden office:  
FR. BREMERMAN, Prager Strasse 49.

**YESTERDAY'S REPORTS.**  
"Main," from Baltimore for Bremerhaven, arrived Bremerhaven August 17th.  
"Zieten," from Hamburg for Japan, left Antwerp August 17th.  
"Kronprinz Wilhelm," from New York for Bremen, left Cherbourg August 17th.  
"Seharnhorst," from Japan for Hamburg, arrived Singapore August 18th.  
"Prinz Ludwig," from Japan for Bremen, arrived Aden August 17th.  
"Seydlitz," from Australia for Bremen, left Naples August 17th.  
"Gneisenau," from Bremen for Australia, arrived Naples August 17th.

# H. W. Bassenge & Co.

## Bank.

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Payments on all Letters of Credit.

Exchange of Circular-Notes.

Cheques and foreign money at most favourable rates.

Postal Orders.

English and American newspapers.

Office hours 9-1, 3-6, Saturdays 9-3.

### GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued from page 2.)

remain as yet undiscovered, as everything is buried many feet deep in snow."

### RUMOURED DEATH OF KING LEOPOLD.

Brussels, August 18.

The rumour circulating in local journalistic circles to the effect that King Leopold had suddenly died has been formally denied, and it is affirmed that the health of the monarch during the last few days has left nothing to be desired.

### CHINO-JAPANESE RELATIONS.

London, August 18.

The *Standard* reports from Hong Kong that Marquis Ito will shortly make a visit to China for the purpose of promoting more amicable relations between that country and Japan.

### THE JAPANESE RED CROSS SOCIETY.

In connection with the holding of the sixteenth general meeting of the Japan Red Cross Society

at Tokio, some interesting figures are published regarding that notable organisation. The membership, it appears, is now 1,414,125, including 9,166 foreigners. Over thirty nationalities are included under the latter category, the total embracing 6,440 Chinese, 628 Germans, 580 Koreans, 504 Americans, 358 English, 128 Austro-Hungarians, 103 French, and 82 Russians. One out of every twenty Japanese males is connected with the organisation, one out of every 430 women. The movable and immovable properties of the society are valued at about a million and a half, including materials valued at over £50,000, and instruments and accessories valued at about £17,000. During the late war the society expended over £500,000. The personnel

consists of 5,051 men and women, all of whom are ready for duty at short notice. There are 212 medical practitioners, 143 pharmacists, 668 male nurses, and 2,701 female nurses. The society has a post-bellum extension programme, which includes the construction of two large hospital ships, and the construction of hospital trains is also hoped for. The Japanese and native members of the society in Manchuria and Korea are steadily increasing in number, and branches are established in the principal centres in the two countries, besides at Shanghai, Hankow, and Honolulu.

### SO WE HAVE REMARKED.

We are told that the brain of a woman begins to decline at thirty; that of a man ten years later. Many women counteract this by staying at thirty for ten years.

### WE EMPHATICALLY DISAGREE.

"In a battle of tongues," says an American paper, "a woman can generally hold her own." Experience has taught us exactly the reverse.

**The International Pharmacy**  
**Reichs-Apotheke**  
Grande Pharmacie Internationale  
THE LEADING PHARMACY FOR FOREIGNERS  
Dresden, Bismarckplatz 10.

## A GLOBE-TROTTER'S PILGRIMAGE.

By H. F. L.

XXV.

San Francisco harbour is the largest in the world. I know this is true because several Broddingnagians, I mean San Franciscans, told me so. If there was any inclination on my part to murmur Sydney or Rio de Janeiro, the murmur was still-born, and awestruck silence was the only thing possible in face of the statistics hurled at me. The vast land-locked lake which forms the harbour is 60 odd miles long and in one place over 40 miles broad. They say that if a Sydney man were at the point of death and a stranger was brought to his bedside he would manage to gasp out "Have you seen our harbour?" It is somewhat the same with the San Franciscans, only in Frisco there are so many other things which are or claim to be the biggest of their kind. For example there is the Satro swimming bath, which adjoins the site of the burned-out Cliff House Hotel. Beside this vast bath, or rather series of baths, for there are four swimming pools, the largest being 150 yards long, all other swimming baths are mere tanks. The baths are all under one roof, and tier after tier of seats are inside to accommodate the large number of spectators who flock to the baths when aquatic festivals are held.

But to return to the harbour. The best way, I was told, to get a birds-eye view of it was to ascend Mt. Tamalpais, pronounced Tammalpyce. The railway up this mountain is the crookedest in the world. I know this is true, because I read it in an advertisement. In fact San Franciscans aver that the only things as crooked are a corkscrew and the ex-Mayor of San Francisco, Mr. Schmitz. Be that as it may, the said railway is a remarkable engineering feat. In a distance of nine miles the longest straight piece is only 418 feet. The line corkscrews up and up the mountain, in one place doubling back on itself twice, so that looked at from above it resembles what is known as a true lover's knot. On a clear day the view of the bay must be superb, but unfortunately in mid-summer sea fogs come sweeping in over San Francisco, and the greater part of the bay was shrouded in heavy mist. It was none the less a remarkable sight. From about three quarters of the way down the mountain there stretched to the foot of the hills that guard the Golden Gate, the pathway to the Orient, a veritable sea of soft, fleecy cloud. One almost fancied one could dive into it and swim gently away on its billowy surface to the West. To our left front the cloud bank ceased suddenly, as thought out with a knife, and the bays and inlets of the southern end of the harbour were glistening in the clear sunlight.

San Francisco is the "toughest" city in the world. I believe this to be true, though I certainly did not gather this from any San Franciscan that I met. Most of these indeed represented the city as a sort of Elysium where the lion may lie down in perfect safety with the lamb, but the daily newspapers hardly bear out this optimistic view. Every single day while I was in California there was an account in the paper of some unfortunate individual being robbed, assaulted, or even killed in the open street. In the very heart of the city is Jefferson square, a comparatively small plot of ground richly planted with shrubs and trees. These form apt enough shelter for "thugs," as the San Francisco robbers are called, and almost nightly people are assaulted when passing through this square. On our last night in Frisco half an hour after midnight we heard police whistles blowing, shouts and yells, running footsteps, and a perfect fusillade of revolver shots. We read next morning that a couple of "thugs" had held up an inoffensive passer-by, who, however, in spite of the revolvers aimed at him, had courage enough to yell lustily. The police ran up and a sort of battle ensued, but in spite of the headline of the account reading "Thug leaves a bloody trail," both the thieves seem to have made good their escape. Incidents such as these, together with "graft" prosecutions and weirdly worded accounts of political conventions, just now in full swing, form the staple fare served up in San Francisco newspapers. I carefully searched the columns of the two leading journals, like a hungry hobo looking for a hand-out (I insert this gem of a simile copied from the *San Francisco Examiner* for the sake of local colour, as I haven't the faintest idea what it means) for some item, however, small of extra-American news. The journals do not cater for the absurd people who are interested in European happenings, and thus the papers rarely bother themselves or their readers with accounts of any events taking place East of Denver.

I seem to be becoming a sort of through-the-looking-glass Balaam, for while fully intending to shower nothing but blessings on Frisco, the blessings seem remarkably like curses. But, as a matter of fact, wind-swept San Francisco is a fascinating city enough. Magnificently situated, its fine buildings and general up-to-date-ness would alone make it remarkable, and when one strolls through the modern Chinatown, with its fine examples of orien-

## DRESDEN

Mother & daughter desire lady to share apartment (about 110 Mk). References. Engl. & Germ. spoken. Addr.: O. 140, Daily Record office.

**Wanted, an English housemaid,**  
from 1st of September next.  
Address: P. 2308, Carl Tittmanns Buchhandlung, Prager Strasse 10.

## Tonbild &amp; Theater

47 Prager Strasse 47.

First-class Establishment.

This Week

The Olympic Games in London.  
Destruction of "Zeppelin No 4"from photographs taken on the spot;  
no fancy picture!

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Prescriptions—Patent medicines—Mineral waters

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Classes in English, Arithmetic, Mathematics, German,  
French and Latin.A small number of resident pupils taken. German and  
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Private instruction if desired.

Miss Virgin, Schnorr Strasse 80 (Villa).

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Dresden-A., Villa, Finishing School for Young Ladies. Science,  
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Resident French and Social culture. Large garden. Tennis court. Healthiest  
English Assistants. situation in Swiss quarter. Prospectus gratis.

WORCESTER HOUSE SCHOOL  
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preparatory for Schools and Universities.

Instruction in Classics, Mathematics, English, German,  
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Boarders received.

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## Painting on Porcelain Paul Fritzsche,

Lessons also given in own studio. Uhland Strasse 27.

Flowers for Hats, vases, ball dresses; ostrich feathers,  
heron feathers, stoles, palms, fruits.  
flower-papers, &c. from H. HESSE, Scheffel Str. 10-12.

## WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Light airs, dry, bright, warmer.

tal architecture, it makes one reflect that perhaps after all the great fire was not without its blessings.

From nowhere does San Francisco look so imposing as from Oakland, the landward side of the Bay, whence start all the trains Eastward bound. The particular train to which we had decided to entrust ourselves bore the somewhat imposing title of the Overland Limited, and if one could but place implicit confidence in the advertisement brochures it would certainly represent the acme of comfort in railway travelling. I must, however, confess to a certain mistrust of American advertisements. Perhaps I am still thinking of that sentence in a Southern Pacific leaflet anent the drive from El Portal to the Yosemite, "bowling smoothly along the level floor of the valley!" or perhaps the very allurements of the advertisement breeds incredulity. In the advertisement pages of one of America's many admirable magazines I read descriptions of four different kinds of safety razors, after reading the first I came to the conclusion that here at last was the razor I had been seeking for years. But the other three brands of razor described were obviously just as good if not better, in fact each one claimed to be the best in the world. There can be no manner of doubt that in the matter of writing advertisements, strikingly alluring, purse-opening, the Americans are first and the rest nowhere. They attain a snappiness, a terseness which is absolutely *per se*, and even if the well-known undertaker's advertisement "you kick the bucket, we do the rest," is apocryphal, it is none the less typical.

The Overland Limited, let me freely admit, very nearly comes up to the descriptions of it. Comfortable carriages, broad sleeping berths, a luxuriously appointed observation car, excellent if ultra-expensive meals, the minimum amount of jolting, all combine to make the long run to Chicago as enjoyable as possible. The only and inevitable drawback is the dust. That element we can never hope to eliminate from a railway journey, and as the long day draws to a close one gets grimmer and grimmer, and one cannot hope to keep one's hands clean for more than half an hour at a time.

What one gains in directness one rather loses in picturesqueness by the Overland Limited route, for when once we have climbed the Sierra Nevada, our view of its rugged peaks being much spoiled by the interminable series of black, wooden, tunnel-like snow sheds through which the train passes, there is little enough to interest us until we reach the shores of Lake Michigan. One exception must be made in favour of the Great Salt Lake cut-off. Great Salt Lake covers two thousand square miles, is 83 miles long, 51 miles broad, and in many places 30ft. deep. Some half a century ago when the Union Pacific Line west from Omaha and the Central Pacific east from San Francisco started to meet, the Salt Lake barred their way, so they had to go round. They chose the Northern shore of the lake, but that meant increasing the distance of the line by over forty miles and climbing various hills anything from 300 to 900ft. high. So at last it was decided to build a track in a free line across the lake. Thousands of cart-loads of earth and gravel were dumped into the lake to make an embankment. 38,000 trees were used for piles or for the trestle bridge, and in 1903 the work was accomplished, and the Salt Lake cut-off open for traffic, at a cost of 4½ million dollars.

Salt Lake City is far to the South and invisible from the cut-off. Thereafter come miles of desert, dotted with sage brush; and it is not until Nebraska State is reached that the line passes through fine open fertile country. Punctual to a minute we run into bustling Chicago, 74 hours having elapsed since we left the Pacific coast.

## CHURCH SERVICES: DRESDEN.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.  
Wednesday, August 19th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.  
Friday, August 21st. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.  
Sunday, August 23rd. 10th Sunday after Trinity. 8.0 a.m.  
Holy Communion. 9.45 a.m. Service and Sermon in Esperanto by the Rev. J. Cyprian Rust, A.M. of Soham Cambridgeshire. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 12.0 m.d. Holy Communion. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Litany.  
Monday, August 24th. S. Bartholomew, Ap. and M. 8.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 9.0 a.m. Matins.  
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M.A., B.C.L.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND (Presbyterian), Bernhard Strasse 2, at the corner of Bismarck and Winkelmann Strasse.  
Divine Service Sunday morning at 11, and evening at 6 o'clock. Communion on the first Sunday of the month.  
Rev. T. H. Wright, Minister.

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