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The Daily Record

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and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

№ 832.

DRESDEN, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1908.

10 PFENNIGS.

The Daily Record is delivered by hand in Dresden, and may be ordered at any Post Office throughout the German Empire. It is published daily, excepting Mondays and days following legal holidays in Dresden.

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AT THE ELEVENTH HOUR.

The cataclysm which was to overwhelm the Republican party at the eleventh hour, as predicted by some of the more daring Democrats last week, still fails to show any signs of occurring. The situation has not fluctuated to any appreciable degree in favour of either candidate, and it would appear that the prophesied wholesale desertion from the Republican ranks by railroad men and other workers has not taken place. Needless to say, every speaker attached to any party of importance is concentrating his final efforts to win over wavering voters in all parts of the country, but the scene of greatest activity has shifted to the East. Some particulars of Mr. Bryan's strenuous mode of life during the campaign are to be gathered from a despatch we publish elsewhere; his great rival is no less energetic, and is receiving the oral support of practically every member of the Cabinet. In New York State a highly spectacular finish to both the Presidential and gubernatorial campaigns is anticipated as, beside Mr. Taft, there are no less than six prominent Republicans speaking in the Empire State this week. They are Mr. Root, Mr. Cortelyou, Mr. Straus, Mr. Bonaparte, Governor Hughes, and Mr. Sherman. The principal Republican mass meeting took place at Madison Square Garden on Wednesday, when Mr. Taft and Mr. Hughes appeared for the first time together on the same platform. Mr. Bryan spoke to an enormous audience in the same building last night. Wednesday was also rendered remarkable by a monster daylight procession of business men along Broadway, in which Messrs. Taft and Hughes figured. When the far-reaching effects of next week's elections are remembered, it is easy to understand the lofty pitch of political excitement which at present prevails throughout the United States. In addition to the Presidential election, there are Congressional and State elections of great importance. The terms of 31 Senators expire on April 3, 1909, and weight is therefore attached to the election of members to the State Legislatures. No fewer than twenty-eight States are to elect Governors, and nearly a hundred proposed constitutional amendments to State Laws, questions, or propositions will be voted upon. The questions at issue vary from the Illinois twenty million dollar bond issue for a deep waterway from the Lakes to the Gulf, to the repeal of the one-year-residence law, which has been passed to prevent the rapid granting of divorces in South Dakota. When it is recalled that the Presidential election alone involves the voting upon seven distinct tickets—Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, Socialist, People's, Independence, and Socialist Labour—some idea may be gathered of the stupendous political machine which is now actively operating in the country.

Mr. Medill McCormick, manager of the Chicago *Tribune*, reports the result of a detailed canvass made by his journal and summarises the result of the Presidential election as follows: Mr. Taft, 295 electoral votes; Mr. Bryan, 188 electoral votes; Mr. Taft's majority, 107. In view of the somewhat complicated system of State electoral voting, the following table, as based upon the Apportionment Act of 1900, will enable our readers to grasp the significance of the popular vote in such States as New York and Pennsylvania:—

States	Electoral Votes	States	Electoral Votes
Alabama	11	Connecticut	7
Arkansas	9	Delaware	3
California	10	Florida	5
Colorado	5	Georgia	13

States	Electoral Votes	States	Electoral Votes
Idaho	3	North Carolina	12
Illinois	27	North Dakota	4
Indiana	15	Ohio	23
Iowa	13	Oklahoma	7
Kansas	10	Oregon	4
Kentucky	13	Pennsylvania	34
Louisiana	9	Rhode Island	4
Maine	6	South Carolina	9
Maryland	8	South Dakota	4
Massachusetts	16	Tennessee	12
Michigan	14	Texas	18
Minnesota	11	Utah	3
Mississippi	10	Vermont	4
Missouri	18	Virginia	12
Montana	3	Washington	5
Nebraska	8	West Virginia	7
Nevada	3	Wisconsin	13
New Hampshire	4	Wyoming	3
New Jersey	12	Total	483
New York	39		

Electoral votes necessary to a choice 242.

Returning to the Chicago newspaper's estimate, which, we are assured, has been carried out on an extensive and thorough scale, the result, after undergoing impartial and careful analysis, gives the Congressional Democrats 177 seats and the Republicans 214, a majority of 37. In the Senate it gives the Republicans 57, the Democrats 35—a majority of 22. The canvass thus indicates that the Republican President will have a substantial majority in both Houses. According to the estimates which we have reproduced, it would appear that Mr. Bryan's strength is no greater than in the 1900 campaign. It is noteworthy, however, that he is considered likely to gain a majority in New York, as the trend of feeling in that State is said to be strongly in his direction. Since the State of New York, owing to its having the highest number of electoral votes (39), is considered a very good barometer of the entire contest, next week's results promise to be most exciting. As soon as the results of the polling in New York are known, presumably a little before midnight on Nov. 2nd, the *Daily Record's* special New York correspondent will cable the figures to Dresden, so that we hope to be in a position to acquaint our readers with the very latest developments—probably indicating the actual result of the election itself—in our issue of Tuesday next.

GENERAL NEWS.

NEWS FROM ENGLAND.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

London, October 28.
Mr. William Redmond asked the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs whether the Foreign Office had any information as to the authenticity of an interview with the German Emperor that had been published today.

Mr. McKinnon, the new Under Secretary of the Foreign Office, replied that he had not read any such interview and therefore could give no opinion upon it.

SUFFRAGETTES DEMONSTRATE IN PARLIAMENT.

London, October 28.
The House was again the scene this evening of a demonstration by advocates of votes for women. During the debate on the Licensing Bill several

female voices were heard in the Ladies' Gallery calling out, "We demand the franchise for women." Almost at the same moment a man rose in the Strangers' Gallery and, with the words, "I also demand the franchise for women," threw a bundle of leaflets on to the floor of the House. The man was at once removed. When the officials proceeded to clear the Ladies' Gallery, they found that two Suffragettes had bound themselves so tightly to the gilded iron grating which screens that gallery from observation that difficulty was experienced in freeing them. But the difficulty was soon surmounted. There were only a few Members in the House at the time, and the incident caused but little excitement. A demonstration in favour of votes for women was made simultaneously outside the building.

Later in the course of the debate, the previous scene in the Stranger's Gallery was repeated. A man rose from his seat and flung down a handful of leaflets into the House, shouting, "I demand the franchise for women." When the attendants proceeded to eject him, the man resisted violently and had to be carried out.

The Speaker subsequently announced that in consequence of the demonstrations that evening the public galleries would be closed for a time. The announcement was received with cheers from all parts of the House.

The demonstrations outside the Parliament buildings were also repeated, and the women demonstrators attempted to force their way into the lobbies. All their efforts were, however, easily frustrated by the ordinary police on duty.

MISHAP TO THE "MAURETANIA."

London, October 28.
The "Mauretania" arrived in the Mersey yesterday, after a passage from New York lasting 5 days 5 hours 31 minutes. Her average speed was 22.33 knots with three propellers. While the "Mauretania" was earlier today disembarking the American mails into the steam tender Ireland off the harbour at Queenstown the heavy rolling sea caused the gangway to break. The steam tender, with only 109 sacks of the Irish mail on board, had to be cast adrift, with several Cunard sailors who were shouldering the mails from the liner, leaving 1,303 sacks of mails on board, with 18 persons who had boarded the Cunarder on business. The heavy swell was too great for the steam tender to come alongside again, and the Cunard whaleboat was utilised, which brought the sailors back to the "Mauretania," and transferred the 18 business persons to the steam tender. The Cunarder then proceeded to Liverpool without having disembarked a single passenger.

REPORTED LOSS OF SIR FRANK LASCELLES' FURNITURE.

London, October 29.
According to a wireless telegram received from the vessel sent out to search for the Great Eastern Railway Company's freight steamer "Yarmouth," which has been missing since she left the Hook of Holland, wreckage has been found apparently belonging to the "Yarmouth." That ship had a crew of 22 men and was carrying, as part of her freight, three furniture vans filled with furniture belonging to an ambassador, presumably Sir Frank Lascelles.

THE PRESS AND THE EMPEROR'S MESSAGE.

London, October 29.
All this morning's newspapers give prominence to the alleged interview with the German Emperor,

(Continued on page 2.)

BERLIN

The Crown Prince on Wednesday attended the sitting of the Reichstag, when the "Officials' Salary" question was debated.

Caruso, Scotti, and Geraldine Farrar sailed on Tuesday last from Bremen for New York.

Miss Vivian, the soprano prima donna from New York, together with her mother has arrived in Berlin, where they will remain for some time.

The first of the three concerts of Messrs. Dessau, Gehwald, Könecke, and Espenhahn took place on Tuesday at the Singakademie. Between the quartet in E, opus 74, of Beethoven and a Haydn quartet, a piano quintet by Hofkapellmeister Franz Mickorey, of Dessau, was produced for the first time. This is a remarkably vivacious piece, full of animation but with a touch of melancholy here and there. The work reveals the influence of Liszt, Wagner, and especially of Strauss, but the individuality of the composer appeared in the second part, which may be termed a scherzo. The piece was rendered with great exactness and vivacity, the composer himself playing the pianoforte part, which instrument might have been in softer tone. The attendance was not as large as the excellence of the program deserved, but a cordial welcome and hearty applause were rendered to the artists.

Lucy Andés sang beautifully before a full house on Tuesday night, and delighted her audience with her rich and sympathetic soprano voice. The enthusiastic audience rewarded her with applause after each number. Herr Richard Kursch added much to the brilliant effect of the evening by his artistic accompaniments.

The same evening Angelika Rummel sang at the Blüthner-Saal, and kept a crowded audience in raptures with her wonderfully trained and rich contralto voice when she rendered Schubert's songs to perfection; particularly clear were her deep and high notes, but the middle notes showed a tendency to quaver. Miss Rummel's chief defect is her indistinct articulation. The singer received an ovation, and a beautiful bouquet was presented to her at the end of the first part. She was obliged to repeat Reger's "Waldeinsamkeit." The applause at the end of the concert was so prolonged that the artiste gave as an encore Wolf's "Lass o Welt, o lass mich sein," which she sang with exquisite grace and feeling.

The Japanese Ambassador, Baron Chinda, and Baroness Chinda received members of the Diplomatic Corps yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6 p.m. at the Hotel Adlon.

Hearty gratitude and unstinted praise is due to Dr. McGavran, Dr. Powers (Vice President), Dr. W. Mallory, and Dr. Hathaway for their untiring efforts to make a brilliant success of the fifth annual dinner of the Anglo-American Medical Association, which will be remembered by all who attended it as one of the greatest events that ever occurred in the American and British colony of Berlin.

Dr. and Mrs. Frederiek Monroe-Tisdell, of Boston, together with their son, after a prolonged trip through Scotland and England have arrived in Berlin and taken a flat for the winter months at Nassauische Strasse 6. Dr. Monroe-Tisdell, who is a graduate of Harvard University and now President of the University of Wyoming, intends to complete his German studies and will attend the lectures of Professor Schmidt and others at the University. Dr. Monroe-Tisdell for many years was connected with the University of Wisconsin and the Oberlin College of Ohio as Professor of English.

Beautiful rooms en suite at Bellevue Strasse 12a, Berlin.

George Fergusson, Singing Master, Augsburg Strasse 64.

New Cremona Violins For further particulars, price lists, &c., apply to Wilhelm Bettinger, Manager, New Cremona Co. Tauben Strasse 26, Berlin W.

Adolph Alberti, Delicatessen, 10, Martin Luther Strasse.

We desire to correct an error which crept into our Berlin column in yesterday's issue, with reference to the paragraph about Countess Moltke. This paragraph should have read: "Countess Moltke, formerly Miss Thayer, of Boston, and wife of the newly appointed Danish Minister at Washington, arrived here on Tuesday morning, etc."

Dr. Irvin's last Sunday lecture at the afternoon meeting was on "Christian Faith." Mrs. Watson presided at the tea table.

Professor Brügel will lecture on Saturday evening at the weekly meeting of the Anglo-American Medical Association, his subject being "Treatment for heart trouble."

Mr. Simon Cohn has arrived here from Raton, and is staying at Potsdamer Strasse 121b.

Miss Anna Louise Wangemann has arrived from Chicago, and is staying at von der Heydt Strasse 1, III.

Mr. Walter E. Meyer, of New York City, is at present at the Hotel Adlon.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Halle, of New York, are at the Hotel Adlon.

Mr. J. B. E. Jonas, of Providence, Rhode Island, is staying at Oranienburger Strasse 45.

A singular divorce case was heard not long ago in the courts of Pittsburg, Pa., when Mrs. Ezey asked and was granted a divorce from her husband on account of his personal uncleanness. Mrs. Ezey stated that her husband during the nine years of their married life had never taken a bath. Mr. Ezey, who did not deny the fact, said that, being a simple farmer, his time was fully occupied with his work and did not allow him to indulge in modern fads. The case which had been dismissed by many courts during the last three years was eventually heard and decided in favour of Mrs. Ezey at Pittsburg.

A PRAYING CARRIAGE.

A Paris contemporary gives some interesting particulars of the Hedjaz Railway. Among other things, it will contain a carriage fitted up as a mosque, where pilgrims will be able to perform their devotions during the journey to the sacred cities. Externally the praying carriage is only distinguishable from the other carriages by a minaret 6ft. 6in. high. The interior is luxuriously fitted. The floor is covered with the richest of Persian carpets, while around the sides are verses from the Koran appropriate to the pilgrimage, and in letters of gold. A chart indicates the direction of Mecca at one end, and at the other are placed four vessels for holding water for the ritual ablutions. Most of the carriages are of foreign make, but the "wagon-mosquée" was built in Constantinople. It may be added that

followers of the Prophet have not been above availing themselves of the money of the "Infidel," for much of the railway's capital comes from foreign sources.

CHURCH SERVICES: BERLIN.

S. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Monbijou Garten. Second Entrance: Oranienburger Strasse 76 B. Sundays: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion. 11 a.m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sundays in the month). 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Fridays: 11 a.m. Litany. Holy Days: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion. The Chaplain: Rev. J. H. Fry, M.A., Savigny Platz 7, Charlottenburg.

AMERICAN CHURCH, Motz Strasse E. Nollendorf Platz. Sundays: 11.30 a.m. Regular Service. 4.0 p.m. Song Service. Communion 2nd Sunday of each alternate month from January. Reading Room and Library open daily from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. Rev. John Crosser, D.D., Pastor.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

GREAT BRITAIN & IRELAND: Ambassador the Rt. Hon. Sir FRANK LASCELLES G. C. B. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse. Office hours 11-1.—Consul-General Dr. PAUL v. SCHWABACH. Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Ambassador, Dr. DAVID JAYNE HILL. Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception hours 10-1.—Consul-General: ALEXANDER M. THACKARA, Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60, Office hours 10-1.

BERLIN

CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

This evening:	
Royal Opera House	Madame Butterfly at 7.30
Royal Theatre	Wie die Alten sangen 7.30
New Royal Opera House	Herrgottschnitzer von Ammergau 7.30
Deutsches Theater	Fiesko 7.30
" "	(Kammerspiele) Eine Heiratsgeschichte 8
Lessing Theatre	Der Raub der Sabinerinnen 8
Berliner Theatre	Der Traum ein Leben 8
New Theatre	Der deutsche Graf 8
New Schauspielhaus	Das Fräulein in Schwarz 7.30
Kleines Theatre	Lady Frederick 8
Comic Opera	Tiefend 8
Residenz Theatre	Kümmere dich um Amelie 8
Hebbel Theatre	Ninon de l'Enclos 8
Lastspielhaus	Die Tür ins Freie 8
Apollon Theatre	Die Liebe wacht 8
Schiller Theatre O.	Der Familientag 8
" " Charlottenburg	Julius Caesar 8
Frdr. Wilhelmst. Theatre	Die zärtlichen Verwandten 8
Luisen Theatre	Stolz der Stadt 8
Bernhard Rose Theatre	Philippine Weiser 8
Thalia Theatre	Bruder Straubinger (Girardi) 8
Apollon Theatre	Eine lustige Spreewaldfahrt 8
Theatre des Westens	Der fidele Bauer 8
Bürgerl. Schauspielhaus	Unsere Frauen 8
Urania Theatre	Der Montblanc 8

Every evening until further notice.	
Metropol Theatre	Donnerwetter — tadello at 8
New Operetta Theatre	Die Dollarprinzessin 8
Wintergarten	Spezialitäten 8
Gehr. Herrfeld Theatre	Die beiden Bindelbands 8
Berliner Operettentheater	Havans 8
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten 8
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten 8
Colles Caprice	Familie August Knoche 8
Carl Haverland Theatre	Die Brautschau. Die lustige Witwe 8
Parodie Theatre	Spezialitäten 8
" "	Zauberflöte—Berlin sieht Kapp 8
Lastspielhaus	Die Tür ins Freie 8
Apollon Theatre	Eine lustige Spreewaldfahrt 8
Theatre des Westens	Der fidele Bauer 8
Thalia Theatre	Bruder Straubinger (Girardi) 8

GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued from page 1.)

details of which appeared in yesterday's Daily Telegraph; many deal with the subject in leading articles. Lord Roberts stated to an interviewer that he had no comments to make with regard to the Emperor's declaration concerning the late South African war.

BOMB OUTRAGE IN IRELAND.

London, October 28. A Clonmel telegram states that a sensation was caused yesterday in Templemore by a bomb explosion, which partially wrecked the house of two wealthy and respected residents. The Urban Council there have condemned the outrage, and the greatest sympathy is felt for the owners of the house. The police are investigating the affair, but so far no clue has yet been found to the perpetrators of the outrage.

NEWS FROM AMERICA.

CANDIDATES' STRENUOUS TIME.

New York, October 28. The two candidates for the Presidency had a most strenuous time on Tuesday. Mr. Taft did his chief work in Brooklyn, where he participated in a parade

of 40,000 enthusiastic Republicans. During the day he made altogether five speeches.

Mr. Bryan had an even more exciting day. After addressing a gathering at Paterson in a heavy rain storm, he returned to New York and appeared at a reception at the Democratic Club; then, after walking in a procession through the streets of the city, he addressed a crowd of 12,000 in Madison-square Garden—this was about nine o'clock. Mr. Bryan afterwards took a little rest, and at five o'clock yesterday morning was out addressing a crowd of 5,000 night-workers.

CHARGES AGAINST MR. SHERMAN.

Utica (N. Y.), October 28. Mr. Sherman, the Republican candidate for the Vice-Presidency, denies the charges of the New York World, and invites investigation.

THE TROUBLES IN TENNESSEE.

New York, October 28. A telegram from Union City, Tennessee, states that the night-riders of the Reelfoot, Lake Region, where Capt. Rankin was murdered, have notified Governor Patterson that unless the troops who are at present seeking the assassins are withdrawn, they will burn down the town of Trenton, from where the search parties are being sent out, and massacre its

inhabitants, who number about 3,000. The night-riders in the Reelfoot Lake region number several hundred desperadoes, well-armed, and capable of any outrage, and it is greatly feared they will attempt to carry out their threat, as Gov. Patterson is very unlikely to be frightened into discontinuing the search for the assassins.

THE U.S. FLEET IN JAPAN.

Washington, October 27. The Emperor of Japan has sent a cordially-worded telegram to President Roosevelt, thanking him for his acceptance of Japan's invitation to the fleet, and expressing the belief that the memorable event that has just taken place will surely tend to cement the bonds of friendship and of good neighbourly feeling between the two countries.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT'S "RISE."

New York, October 28. Putting all his inherited energy into his new "job," Theodore Roosevelt, the President's eldest son, has earned and obtained a rise in the brief space of four weeks. On October 1 Mr. Roosevelt, jun., entered the wool room at the Hartford Carpet Mills, Thompsonville, Conn., at the salary of 20 dollars a week, and today he moves up one into the worsted room, with (Continued on page 4.)

DRESDEN

Prince and Princess Johann Georg left Dresden for Cannes on Wednesday morning, in order to be present at the marriage of Princess Maria Thea of Bourbon to Prince Louis of Orleans, which is to take place on November 4.

The I. chamber music concert of the Leipzig Gewandhaus Quartet and Herr Emil Kronke on Tuesday evening was a signal success. There was a large audience; the subdued light soothed the nerves, and the acoustic properties of the hall at the new Künstlerhaus were again evidenced. The Quartet—Herrn Edgar Wollgandt, Carl Wollschke, Carl Herrmann, and Professor Julius Klengel—well sustained their own reputation and Gewandhaus traditions; while Herr Emil Kronke, long known in the front rank of Dresden pianists, ably represented the Dresden school, in this case on its classic side. The plan underlying these concerts is to devote each evening to one composer, and this, the first, was dedicated to Mozart, three of whose choicest compositions for strings and piano-forte filled the programme. Herr Kronke is an admirable concert player, strictly, perhaps at times too strictly, academical in style but convincingly correct and certain. Herr Wollgandt was equally admirable as leader and he was most efficiently supported. The ensemble was exquisite, the string tone delightful, particularly that of Professor Klengel's beautiful Amati cello and of Herr Herrmann's hardly less beautiful viola. These concerts will surely take rank among the best that Dresden offers. The next will be a Beethoven evening, and takes place on December 1.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 1st Grenadier regiment No. 100. The band plays at the Schloss Platz about 12.40 p. m.

In the *Fundamt* of the *Königliche Polizeidirektion*, Schiess Gasse 7, found articles—such as jewellery, gold or notes, purses, umbrellas, sticks, coats, clothing, bunches of keys &c.—which have been lost in the streets or squares or left in droshkes, and been given up, are kept.

The public are hereby informed of the arrangements of the *Fundamt*, and in particular that it is advisable to enquire for lost articles frequently within twelve months after the loss.

Finders of articles are reminded that they are compelled by law to give immediate notice of the finding of any article of the value of from three marks upwards, at the *Fundamt* or at the office of the Police district in which the finder resides.

It is urgently recommended that the loser of an article should make enquiry at the *Fundamt* personally, and not by a deputy who is insufficiently and perhaps not at all acquainted with the lost property.

Special lost property offices are established:
for the tram-lines at Georg Platz 5;
for the omnibuses at Werder Strasse 35 and at the Hauptbahnhof.

MUSIC AND ART NOTICES.

The programme of the music to be performed at the Vespers service in the Kreuzkirche at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, Reformation Day, will be as follows. (1) Wilhelm Middelschulte: Passacaglia with Chorale ("Ein feste Burg") for organ. (2) J. S. Bach: Reformation Cantata "Ein feste Burg ist unser Gott," (No. 80 in the Bachgesellschaft edition), to Martin Luther's words with music for choir, soloists, orchestra, and organ. The Church Choir, conducted by Herr Otto Richter, Kantor and Kgl. Musikdirektor, will be assisted by: Fräulein Doris Walde, soprano; Miss Geraldine Wilson, alto; Herr Ed. Mann, tenor; Herr Martin Jena, bass; Herr Alfred Sittard, organist of the Kreuzkirche.

At the Central Theatre this evening the three sisters Wiesenthal will appear in their "dance poems." There are also many other items of interest on the programme. The prices of admission have been raised during the appearances of the famous Viennese danseuses.

The first of Dr. Horneffer's lectures on German religion will be given this evening in the small hall of the Gewerbehaus. The title of this lecture is "Jesus von Nazareth."

The following biographical notice is to hand of Ignaz Friedman, who gives a pianoforte recital at

MISS HOPE

(pupil Mrs. Helen Best, London)

Specialist for Treatments of the Face, Neck and for Superfluous Hair.—Manicure.—Räcknitz Str. 14, p. Tel. No. 3,688.

Miss A. L. WATSON = LECTURES =
Winckelmann Str. 2, II. Fridays, 12-1 o'clock.

the Palmengarten on November 5: He was born at Cracow in 1882; showed interest in music at an early age and, as soon as he had finished his course at a gymnasium, went to Leipzig. There he took lessons in composition from Riemann, while at the same time studying musical science in the faculty of philosophy. He received his pianoforte instruction from Leschetitzky in Vienna, and acted as his assistant. Since 1905, he has taught the highest class of pianoforte pupils at Lemberg. He has already gained a high place among the pianists of the day.

Marie Hering Warbeck (song) and Ninon Romaine (pianoforte) will give a concert at the Palmengarten on Thursday, November 12.

Robert Kothe will give a song recital, to his own accompaniments on the lute, at the Künstlerhaus on Thursday, November 12. His programme will be entirely new, but will consist of old German and Dutch folk-songs.

Alfred Pellegrini (violin) and Melanie Dietel (song) will give a concert at the Palmengarten on Friday, November 13. Paula Wieneke will be the accompanist.

Herr Paul Wiecke will give a reading at the Palmengarten on Saturday, November 14, in memory of Prince Emil von Schönau-Carolath.

The II. Philharmonic concert will take place at the Gewerbehaus on Tuesday, November 24. The soloists will be Kammeränger Franz Naval, and Professor Becker (violoncello).

NEXT SUNDAY'S HOCKEY MATCH.

AKADEMISCHE SPORT CLUB V. BERLIN.

Next Sunday's match between the Akademische Sport Club (Dresden) and Berlin will be played on the Dresdensia ground, continuation of Wiener Strasse, the game commencing at 2.45 p. m. The ground may be quickly reached by taking the 2.40 p. m. train from the Hauptbahnhof to the Strehleener Bahnhof, which is in close proximity to the Dresdensia ground. As the match promises to be unusually exciting, it is hoped that a goodly number of spectators will turn up on Sunday.

FOREIGNERS AND BRITISH PATENTS.

During the year, says the *Engineer*, eleven Teutonic firms have made or have completed arrangements for the erection of works in the United Kingdom, most of them being engaged in the chemical trades; while seven American firms are credited with having already taken similar action in this country. These instances represent only a few out of the large number of foreign holders of British patents who will be compelled in the near future to work their patents to an adequate extent, or to grant licences on reasonable terms to other parties to do so if applications are made with this object in view.

THE FASHIONABLE HAT.

An amusing incident occurred a day or two ago at Frankfurt. A lady boarded an electric tram-car the platform of which was filled with smokers, but the inside was practically empty. The smokers made way for the lady to pass within, but she simply looked at the entry, and then cast an appealing glance at one of the smokers to give her his standing place. He was somewhat embarrassed, thinking perhaps that the lady was a smoker. Then he said, "I have often given up my seat to oblige a lady, but it is most unusual for a lady to wish to stand." "Oh," she said, "I am not able to get inside through that opening on account of my hat." There was a laugh, and there was nothing for the smoker but to cast away his cigar and take a seat on the bench inside. This he did, and the lady with the hat triumphed.

DRESDEN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

Royal Opera House.

Tonight, beginning at 7.30, ending 10.30

Eugen Onegin.

Lyric scenes in 3 acts (7 pictures). Words by Puschkin. Music by P. Tschaikowsky.

Cast:

Larina, a landowner	Frau Bender-Schäfer
Tatjana, her daughters	Fräul. v. d. Osten.
Olga,	Fräul. Tervani.
Filippjewna, a nurse	Fräul. v. Chavanne.
Eugen Onegin	Herr Perron.
Lenski	Herr Burrian.
Prince Gremin	Herr Rains.
A Captain	Herr Trede.
Saretzki	Herr Nebuschka.
Triquet, a Frenchman	Herr Rüdiger.
Guillot, valet	Herr Büssel.

PLOT. In the opening scene the mother of two young girls, Tatjana and Olga, recalls in conversation with her nurse the days of her youthful love, and concludes that although she married a man other than her choice, she had nevertheless had a happy life. From the progress of the opera it would appear that her history is to be repeated in the case of her daughters. Olga is in love with Lenski, who introduces his friend Eugen Onegin, to whom Tatjana immediately becomes passionately attached. After a struggle with her pride, Tatjana writes a letter to Onegin declaring her passion, in reply to which he offers her a brother's love. His attitude towards Olga, however, excites the jealousy of Lenski. A duel is arranged between them, in which Onegin shoots Lenski dead. Remorse at having killed his best friend drives him forth into the world to wander for twenty-six years. He finally returns to St. Petersburg, where a grand Court function he meets the Princess Gremin, in whom he recognises Tatjana. Her love for him revives, but she resists his overtures and remains true to her marriage vow.

Composer: Tschaikowsky, born 1840, died 1893.

Saturday night	Der Bajazzo. — Stizilianische Bauernsöhne	at 7.30
Sunday night	Der Rattenfänger von Hameln	" 7.30
Monday night	Carmen	" 7

Royal Theatre Neustadt.

Tonight	Meln Leopold	at 7.30
Saturday night	Götz von Berlichingen	" 6.30
Sunday night	Die Liebe wacht	" 7.30
Monday night	Herodes und Mariamme	" 7.30

Residenz Theatre.

Tonight	Die Prinzessin von Trapezunt	at 7.30
Saturday afternoon	Die Schützenlöse	" 3.30
Saturday night	Der Prinzpa	" 7.30

Central Theatre.

Tonight	Sisters Wiesenthal	at 8
Saturday afternoon	Peter und Paul reisen ins Schlaraffenland	" 3.30
Saturday night	Sisters Wiesenthal	" 8
Sunday afternoon	Peter und Paul reisen ins Schlaraffenland	" 3.30
Sunday night	Specialitäten	" 8

Victoria Salou	Variety Performance	at 8
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NEW BOOKS.

Tauchnitz Edition to appear next week:
Vols. 4,077: "Round the Fire Stories," new stories, by A. Conan Doyle.

Museums &c.

Royal Picture Gallery. Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 9-5. Sundays and Holidays 11-2 free entrance. Wednesdays, Saturdays 9-5. Mondays 9-1. A 1.50.

Royal Kupperstich Kabinett (Zwinger). Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays 9-2. Sundays and Holidays 11-2 free entrance. Mondays closed.

Royal Zoological and Anthropological-Ethnographical Museum (Zwinger). Sundays and Holidays, Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 11-1, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1-3 free entrance.

Royal math.-phys. Salou (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays 9-12, Sundays and Holidays free entrance. Saturdays closed.

Royal mineral. geol. and prähist. Museum (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 10-12, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1-3, Sundays and Holidays 11-1 free entrance.

Royal Collection of Porcelain (Johanneum II). Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays 9-2. A 0.50, Saturdays 9-2. A 1.50, Sundays and Holidays 11-2. A 0.25.

Royal Collection of Sculpture in the Albertinum and An der Frauenkirche 12, I. (Cosel-Palais). In the week (except Saturdays) 9-3, Sundays and Holidays 11-2 free entrance.

Körner-Museum (Körner Strasse 7). In the week 9-2, Wednesdays and Saturdays 9-1 and 2-5, Sundays and Holidays 11-2. A 0.20.

Royal popular Library (Japan Palais). In the week 9-2 and 4-6 (except Saturdays) free entrance. Sundays and Holidays closed.

Sächsischer Kunstverein (Brühlsche Terrasse). Picture exhibition german artists. Open daily 10-5, Sundays 11-2. Entrance fee A 1.—; Sundays and Wednesdays A 0.50.

Galerie Ernst Arndt, Schloss Strasse. Permanent picture exhibition.

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GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued from page 2.)

the result that his pocket will be weighted down with an additional two dollars next pay day. As it has been given out that he will pass through all the departments—and there are many—the President's son (says the *Globe*) seems in a fair way to get rich quick.

A HOTEL FOR BOYS.

(From our New York correspondent.)

A hotel built exclusively for poor boys has just been opened in New York. The building is five storeys in height, absolutely fireproof, and contains 150 comfortably furnished rooms. This hotel, as unique as it is interesting, owes its existence to the charity and neighbourly love of a New York society lady, who has placed at the disposal of the Children's Protection Society the sum of 150,000 dollars for the benefit of the homeless and indigent children of New York who have to earn their living in the streets by selling newspapers, etc. These poor street urchins, whose piercing "Extry speshul" rings in one's ears at all hours of the day and night, do not lay claim to much, as they are perfectly content to spend the night in the street or, if it is very cold, under a railroad arch or in some outhouse. With their ragged clothes almost falling from their bodies, with their drawn, prematurely old features, these poor boys, who for the most part are absolutely alone in the world, present a picture calculated to move the hardest heart to pity. When one reflects on their present pitiable mode of life it is easy to grasp the significance of the opening of a comfortable shelter for these very street urchins. The doors of the hotel are open to every boy who can pay a dollar a week. For this sum he obtains throughout the week a clean bed, his meals, and, most important of all, clean linen. As soon as a boy enters the hotel, a white-jacketed clerk meets him and makes the acquaintance of the diminutive visitor, shows him his bed-room and then to the bathing process, after which he is given clean linen, which in many cases he sees for the first time in his life. Every visitor instead of a name is given a number which is entered in a book. The same number is borne by all the articles placed at the visitor's disposal by the Hotel, such as slippers, nightshirts, and towels. The greatest ambition of these small visitors is to be able to earn a sum of 2 dollars 80 cents weekly, for this princely amount enables any one to obtain a private room. A well-stocked library, sitting and recreation rooms provide the boys with pleasant pastimes during those intervals when they are not occupied with earning their livelihood in the streets. Every evening lectures are delivered, thereby offering the boys opportunity for mutual education. In view of the pitiable circumstances of these street urchins, subjected as they are at all hours to the demoralising influences of a big city, one cannot imagine a greater instance of practical charity than the erection of this building, which, thanks to its salutary environment, provides for the boys an existence compatible with the dignity of human nature.

CASTRO'S SEIZURE OF A BRITISH SHIP.

The report that the Venezuelan Customs officers had seized the British schooner "Lady Kensington" is confirmed by private advices received in New York. It is understood that the British Government has sent a vigorous protest to Caracas, but it is not expected that this will have any particular result unless backed by prompt action. The whole trouble arises out of the bitter resentment of the Venezuelan authorities at the continued aid and comfort given in Trinidad to Venezuelan conspirators, which recently led to the issue of a presidential decree, calculated entirely to destroy the shipping trade of the British colony. The lawyers to whom the decree was referred by the Washington Government at the time reported that its issue and enforcement were perfectly within the competence of the Venezuelan Government.

The "Lady Kensington" has apparently been seized for alleged violation of the terms of the decree. She had a successful run from Port of Spain to the Venezuelan coast, and it is alleged had managed to land her cargo of regular goods, and probably some contraband, before the Customs cutter came across her. It is thought that in the circumstances there is not much prospect of her owners obtaining redress. Certainly no satisfaction will be given to the British Government if President Castro has still actual charge of the Government, of which there seems to be some doubt.

The New York correspondent of a contemporary says it is well known that Castro has been in unusually bad health for some time past. About a fortnight ago it was announced that he was at his country house in such a deplorable condition that his case was regarded as hopeless. Nothing has reached here since then as to his condition. It is, however, quite certain that he is still alive, otherwise we should have heard of the outbreak of the revolution, which must inevitably follow the disappearance of Castro from life or power.

DRESDEN

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R. Rössner, art-painter (married), paints from photos on ivory or porcelain, and executes orders for any kind of painting on porcelain. He wishes to employ a few more lady pupils in his atelier. Moderate terms. Specimens on view at Werder Strasse 11, parterre, left, Dresden-A. References given.

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MOVEMENTS OF LINERS.

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YESTERDAY'S REPORTS.

"Kleist," from Hamburg for Japan, arrived Nagasaki October 27th.
"Prinzess Alice," from Japan for Hamburg, left Nagasaki October 28th.
"Kronprinz Wilhelm," from Bremen for New York, arrived New York October 28th.
"Roon," from Bremen for Australia, passed Borkum Riff October 28th.
"Goeben," from Hamburg for Japan, arrived Suez October 28th.
"Prinz Eitel Friedrich," from Japan for Bremen, left Southampton October 28th.
"Kaiser Wilhelm II.," from Bremen for New York, left Cherbourg October 28th.
"Brandenburg," from Baltimore for Bremen, left Baltimore October 28th.
"Main," from Bremen for New York, arrived New York October 28th.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

South-westerly winds, more cloudy, no heavy rain, temperature not much altered.

London, October 29.

A cablegram from St. Vincent reports that a member of the "Lady Kensington's" crew has escaped from the Venezuelan Customs authorities and made his way to Trinidad. He reports that the passengers of the British schooner were set at liberty in Pampatar, in the midst of unfriendly natives and without clothes or provisions. The Venezuelan authorities propose to allow the unfortunate people 20 cents per diem for the purchase of food. So far as can be ascertained, the captain and crew are still in prison.

THE HEALTH OF THE CZARINA.

St. Petersburg, October 28.

It is reported in Court circles that an interesting event may shortly be looked for in the Imperial Family. Meanwhile, the health of the Czarina has greatly improved, and it is stated that the heart affection and nervous trouble which caused her medical advisers such anxiety have practically disappeared since her sojourn in Finland.

RUSSIAN LADY BURIED ALIVE.

A grim story of the cholera visitation comes from the Central Asian city of Tashkend, where the disease made its appearance some two months ago, has reached St. Petersburg. It appears that the first case was coincident with the arrival of a lady from European Russia, who was on a visit to a Sart family, and that the mistress of the Sart household died from cholera on the very day that her visitor left.

The Sart population were greatly impressed by these facts, and became convinced that the disease was perambulating the town in the shape of the Russian lady. Determined upon its extermination, they waylaid the latter on the great square in the evening and hurried her away, after which they waited upon the town authorities.

"There is no danger of cholera now" they declared.

"Why so?" they were asked.

"Because we have buried the Russian lady."

Hurried search was made for the unfortunate victim, but no traces of her could be found, though no room was left for doubt that the superstitious mob had buried her alive. It is a remarkable fact that no further cases of cholera occurred among the Sarts, the only cases reported in Tashkend being in the European quarter.

THE NEW REGIME IN TURKEY.

Constantinople, October 28.

Kieur Ali and his companion, Ismail Hakki, who were accused of inciting to revolt against the Constitution, have been condemned to death by the Criminal Court. The sentence was greeted by the public with cries of "Long live liberty!"

CHURCH SERVICES: DRESDEN.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH, Wiener Strasse.

Friday, October 30th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany. 5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.

Saturday, October 31st. 10.0 a.m. Matins.

Sunday, November 1st. *All Saints Day*: Patronal, Dedication and Harvest Thanksgiving Festival and Commemoration of the Foundress and Benefactors of All Saints' Church. 8.0 a.m. and 10.0 a.m. Holy Eucharist. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Monday, November 2nd. *All Souls' Day*: or Commemoration of all the Faithful Departed. 8.0 p.m. Holy Communion. 10.0 a.m. Matins and Office of Commemoration of the Faithful Departed.

Tuesday and Wednesday, November 3rd and 4th. Matins will not be said in the Church owing to the absence of the Chaplain from Dresden on sick ministrations in Silesia.

Thursday, November 5th. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. Friday, November 6th. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany. 5.0 p.m. Choir Practice.

Saturday, November 7th. 10.0 a.m. Matins.

Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M. A., B. C. L.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN, Reichs Platz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Friday, October 30th. Litany 10.0 a.m.

Sunday, November 1st. *All Saints Day*. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and recital 5.30 p.m.

Friday, November 6th. Litany 10.0 a.m. Woman's Auxiliary 10.30 a.m.

The Rev. J. F. Butterworth, M. A., Rector.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND (Presbyterian), Bernhard Strasse 2, at the corner of Bismarck and Winkelmann Strasse.

Divine Service Sunday morning at 11, and evening at 6 o'clock. Communion on the third Sunday in January, March, and June.

Rev. T. H. Wright, Minister.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.—Minister Resident: MANSFELDT DE CARDONNEL FINDLAY, Esq. C. M. G.

THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.—British Consul: H. PALMIE, Esq.

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Str. 2, p. American Consul-General: T. ST. JOHN GAFFNEY, Esq.