

# BERLIN

Prince August Wilhelm of Prussia will arrive at Potsdam with the Princess on the 27th of the month. His Royal Highness will probably join the Government department there, for the purpose of studying administrative affairs, at the beginning of the New Year.

Count Bernstorff's appointment to fill the vacant ambassadorial post at Washington in place of the late Baron Speck von Sternburg has now been semi-officially ratified. Count Bernstorff was born in London in 1862. He is the son of a former German Ambassador in London, Count Albrecht Bernstorff. Like his predecessor at Washington, Count Bernstorff possesses one of the prime qualifications of success as a German representative in America, namely an American wife. He married Miss Jeanne Luckemeyer, of New York, in 1887.

Count Bernstorff as a youth served in the 1st Regiment of Artillery Guards, but resigned to enter the Diplomatic Service. In his twenty-seventh year (1889) he was appointed Attaché to the German Embassy at Constantinople, whence he was promoted to the Secretaryship of the Legation at Belgrade. He subsequently served successively as Secretary at Dresden, St. Petersburg, Munich, and—from 1902 until last year—in London.

Members of the Diplomatic Corps in Berlin and Berlin society in general were the guests of the Foreign Correspondents' Association on Sunday night, at an interesting social evening held in the newly opened fete-rooms at Lutter and Wegener's Restaurant. Dr. Alexis Markow, representative of the *St. Petersburg Telegraph Agency*, welcomed the guests in a short speech during supper. Mr. Andre Meynot, representative of the *Agence Havas*, later spoke in honour of the ladies present. A good programme was rendered by Richard Grossmann, a member of the Deutsches Theater, Paul Schneider-Dunker, and Fr. Anni Wuensch.

Mr. Ellison van Hoose, an American tenor, recently gave a private recital before Professor Arthur Nikisch, conductor of the Berlin Philharmonic Orchestra. As a result Mr. Van Hoose, who is looking forward to an operatic career in Germany, has been engaged to sing on December 9 and 10 at the Leipzig Gewandhaus, the orchestra to be conducted by the celebrated director himself.

Mr. Louis Lombard, the versatile American musician, financier, and author, of Chateau de Trevano, Switzerland, conducted the Philharmonic Orchestra on Saturday night, when Mr. Francis Macmillen, the Chicago violinist, made his third appearance in Berlin. Mr. Macmillen's art seems better adapted for orchestral performances than for solo work, and his last concert was more successful than his first. A large and fashionable audience, including Ambassador Hill and the staff of the American Embassy, were present.

Mr. Macmillen will give another concert in Berlin on November 21, when he will again be accompanied by orchestra.

The well-known and popular Symphony Orchestra Concerts at the Philharmonic are proving as popular as ever this year among Americans. There are as usual two scales of prices, namely 1 *M.* and 75 *S.*

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Wallt, of New York, entertained friends at tea on Saturday afternoon at the Hotel Adlon, where they are staying.

Among the newcomers from America who have established themselves in Berlin this autumn one of the most interest-

ing personalities is Mr. Vernon Spencer, the well-known teacher. Mr. Spencer has returned to Germany after five years' absence in America, and has brought back with him to Germany some pupils of exceptional ability, some of whom are studying with a view to becoming what Mr. Spencer terms "specialists" in pianoforte instruction; whilst others will, without doubt, soon be heard of as concert performers.

Previous to going to America Mr. Spencer taught for nearly eight years in Leipzig, where he was also one of the most esteemed critics, writing for the *Neue Zeitschrift fuer Musik*, the critical journal founded by Schumann. In Mr. Spencer's class nearly every country in the world was represented, even far away Japan sending the Misses Cecile and Margaret Rogers; New Zealand, Miss Muriel Waddell; South Africa, Messrs. Jean Rosman di Ravelli and Robert and Adolph Holm; whilst his American pupils came from nearly every State in the Union.

That especial protegee of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, the late Gabrielle de Vosmaer, daughter of the Governor of Java, studied with Mr. Spencer during the entire time she was in Leipzig. Men as well known in the musical world as Dr. Edgar Istel of Munich, Herr Paul Kahl of Moscow, Herr Albert Contos of St. Petersburg (new Kapellmeister at the Dresden Royal Opera), and Mr. Wilhelm Buesst of Melbourne, Australia, were enthusiastic pupils of his.

Mr. Spencer has taken up his residence at Sieglinde Strasse 9, I.

It will interest our readers to learn that the youngest sister of the Empress, Princess Feodora of Schleswig-Holstein Sonderburg-Augustenburg, is making a name for herself in the literary world as a novel writer. The Princess writes under the pseudonym of "F. Hugin," and her novel "Hahn Berta" has been accorded favourable criticism by the press. The news of Princess Feodora turning into a novel writer created considerable surprise in Court circles. A series of short stories entitled "Im Walde," and a second novel, "Durch den Nebel," have recently appeared. Princess Feodora was the only sister of the Empress born in Kiel; she is married to Prince Frederic Leopold, and their residence is at Krongut Bornstedt, near Potsdam.

Mrs. Cleves-Symmes, Motz Strasse 29, has issued cards for an evening reception next Saturday in honour of Mr. and Mrs. Wallt.

General Booth of the Salvation Army has returned to London in the best of health from his trip to South Africa. The General will visit Berlin this month and intends to lecture on the 17th inst. in Keller's Festsaal on "Social problems," and on the 18th at 3.30 and 8 p. m. at the Circus Busch on "The different classes of population in the British colonies of South Africa."

An amusing anecdote is being told in Berlin of the Kaiser. While in the Tiergarten, His Majesty noticed something white in his path, and stooping down found to his surprise that it was a snow white starched shirt apparently fresh from the laundry. The Kaiser handed the find over to the gentleman who was in attendance upon him, with a view to its being given to the first policeman they met, but before they had gone far they overtook an old washerwoman from whose basket the garment had dropped. When she saw who was the finder she was almost overcome, and received back her lost property with great volubility and many curtsies.

been heard of, except at the time of the Venezuelan incident."

The *Daily Chronicle*, writing on the same subjects, remarks: "The settlement of the Casablanca dispute is a triumph of simple logic. We welcome the friendly feelings for England expressed by Prince Bülow and all the speakers in the German Reichstag, and we sincerely hope that German policy, in accordance with the feelings expressed in the Reichstag, may be such as to have further results. It would contribute to the general satisfaction if German policy becomes more uniform."

## NO ASCENT MADE BY THE EMPEROR.

Friedrichshafen, November 10.

The report that the Emperor made a voyage in the Zeppelin airship was based upon the fact of the Prince zu Fuerstenberg, who was also wearing Jaeger uniform, having been mistaken for his Majesty. The mistake was due to the great distance from the airship at which the Press representatives were kept at Manzell, and further to a conviction which prevailed at Count Zeppelin's office at Friedrichshafen that the Kaiser was in the gondola. The truth was only known after the descent of the ship.

## THE DUKE OF THE ABRUZZI.

Turin, November 10.

The Duke of the Abruzzi has received a touching telegram from Senator Elkins on the occasion of the anniversary of the death of His Royal Highness's mother.

## THE CASABLANCA INCIDENT.

Paris, November 10.

The *Temps* writes with reference to the agreement in the matter of the Casablanca dispute:—"In submitting their differences to the decision of a third party, the French and German Governments have offered to the world a

## CHURCH SERVICES: BERLIN.

S. George's Church, Monbijou Garten.  
Second Entrance: Oranienburger Strasse 76B.  
Sundays: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion.  
11 a.m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sunday in the month).  
6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.  
Fridays: 11 a.m. Litany.  
Holy Days: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion.  
The Chaplain: Rev. J. H. Fry, M.A., Savigny Platz 7, Charlottenburg.  
American Church, Motz Strasse 6.  
Nollendorf Platz.  
Sundays: 11.30 a.m. Regular Service.  
4.0 p.m. Song Service.  
Communion 2nd Sunday of each alternate month from January.  
Reading Room and Library open daily from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.  
Rev. John Crosser, D.D., Pastor.

## BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND: Ambassador the Rt. Hon. Sir E. Goschen, G.C.V.O. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse. Office hours 11-1.—Consul-General Dr. Paul v. Schwabach. Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.  
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Ambassador, Dr. David Jayne Hill. Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception hours 10-1.—Consul-General: Alexander M. Thackara, Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60. Office hours 10-3.

## BERLIN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

### This evening:

Royal Opera House	Siegfried	at 7
Royal Theatre	Kaiser Heinrich VI.	7.30
New Royal Opera Theatre	Der Amerikaseppel	8
Deutsches Theater	King Lear	7.30
"	(Kammerspiele) Eine Heiratsgeschichte	8
Lessing Theatre	Michael Kramer	8
Berliner Theatre	Der Veilchenfresser	8
New Theatre	Wahrheit	8
New Schauspielhaus	Julius Caesar	8
Kleines Theatre	Lady Frederik	8
Comic Opera	Pelleas und Melisand	8
Residenz Theatre	Kuemmere dich um Amelie	8
Hebbel Theatre	Erde	8
Schiller Theatre O.	Der schwarze Kavalier	8
"	Charlottenburg	8
Frdr. Wilhelmst. Theatre	Der Familientag	8
Luisen Theatre	Anteros	8
Bernhard Rose Theatre	Die Ehre	8
Buergerl. Schauspielhaus	Baronin Gisela	8.15
Urania Theatre	Don Carlos	8.15
"	Eine Nilfahrt bis zum zweiten Katarakt	8
Trianon Theatre	Die Liebe wacht	8

### Every evening until further notice.

Metropol Theatre	Donnerwetter — tadello	at 8
New Operetta Theatre	Die Dollarsprinzessin	8
Wintergarten	Spezialitaeten	8
Gebr. Herrenfeld Theatre	Die beiden Bindelbands	8
Berl. Operettentheater	Havana	8.30
Passage Theatre	Spezialitaeten	8
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitaeten	8
Folies Caprice	Die Brautschau. Die lustige Witwe	8
Carl Haverland Theatre	Spezialitaeten	8
Parodie Theatre	Der Raub der Sabinerinnen.—Die Zaubertoele.—Berlinsteht Kopp	8
Apollo Theatre	Eine lustige Spreewaldfahrt	8
Lustspielhaus	Die Tuer ins Freie	8
Theatre des Westens	Der fidele Bauer	8
Thalia Theatre	Bruder Straubinger (Girardi)	8
Casino Theatre	Die Dianabaeder	8
Gastspieltheatre	Zaza (Hedwig Lange)	8.15

spectacle that is not without grandeur. When one considers what it is that has divided the two countries in the earlier as well as the recent past, when one recalls their serious strife, one must recognise that their efforts for peace are particularly meritorious. It would be childish to assume that France and Germany will never again have difficulties to solve at the many points where they touch each other. The main point is that they are gaining the conviction that those difficulties are not insoluble, provided that they are treated with moderation and on the footing of mutual equality."

## SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT A LAUNCH.

Stettin, November 10.

The ceremony of launching the steamer "George Washington" did not pass off without accident. Fifteen persons were caught by the wave caused by the great ship as she entered the water and were dashed against the stands that had been erected on the opposite bank of the river. All the fifteen were seriously hurt.

## AMERICAN MEAT PACKERS AND THE ARGENTINE.

(From our New York correspondent.)

According to reports from Buenos Ayres, an impression prevails there that the meat packing firms of Chicago are trying to secure the control of the Argentine meat market. In Chicago the report is strenuously denied. In the Argentine capital, however, where the increase in the cattle and meat trade of the country has in the last few years risen to the point of competition with the Northern market, the trade authorities maintain that American capitalists have recently bought up one slaughter-house in Buenos Ayres and that more will shortly pass into their hands.

## GENERAL NEWS.

(Continued from page 1.)

### THE LONDON PRESS ON GERMAN POLICY.

London, November 11.

The *Standard*, commenting on the interpellations in the Reichstag on Tuesday and Prince Bülow's speech, writes: "We accept with pleasure and without reserve the assurances of Prince Bülow and the other speakers in the German Reichstag that the majority of the German people is not Anglophobe. Hitherto that has not been fully believed. Gladly do we assure Prince Bülow that the Emperor was in error when he thought that he is misunderstood or misjudged in England, or that the English people do his Majesty great injustice in questioning the purity of the ideals or the sincerity of the intentions and feelings that guide him in his onerous task. We fully share in the wish to cultivate close relations between the two peoples. We admire the manly way in which Prince Bülow defended the Emperor and shielded his subordinates. We may be permitted to welcome also the assurance that strictly constitutional points of view will be held in conducting the foreign policy of Germany."

The *Morning Post*, in an article on the agreement between France and Germany, says: "The agreement between France and Germany affords deep satisfaction to the people of Great Britain. It must be acknowledged that German policy is not so unreasonable as it has been supposed to be. The Imperial Chancellor said that the Emperor has endeavoured to bring about friendly relations between the two countries. Such endeavours have not been made known since the Boer war. Friendly overtures on the part of the German Government have never