

Office:
Struve Str. 5, I.
Dresden A.
Telephone
1755.

The Daily Record

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and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

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NOTICE: To-day being a holiday, the next edition of the Daily Record will appear on Friday, January 8.

KING EDWARD AND BERLIN.
DATE OF VISIT SETTLED.

London, January 4.

The visit of King Edward and Queen Alexandra to Berlin has now been fixed to take place during the second week of February.

The above despatch makes refreshing reading after the pessimistic reports, mostly emanating from Vienna, which were circulated last week, alleging that the projected visit of the King of England to Berlin had been cancelled or indefinitely postponed, owing to "the conditions prevailing in Berlin." This *ballon d'essai* quickly collapsed in face of the official denial which promptly followed, and it is now practically certain that the long talked-of and sincerely hoped-for visit is to become an actuality. There are numberless reasons why such a visit is highly desirable. It would, in the first place, form a fitting corollary to the German Emperor's visit to England fourteen months ago, when he received a popular ovation that for whole-hearted spontaneity has rarely been accorded to exalted guests of the British nation. Further, the arrival of King Edward and his gracious consort in the Prussian capital would put an end to the mischievous stories which have engaged public attention far too long, mendacious statements concerning the "friction" supposed to exist between the Courts of Great Britain and this country. The visit would do more to cut the ground from under these malicious inventions than whole sheaves of official denials. It would, moreover, go far towards laying the foundations of a thorough and lasting understanding between two nations who have very much in common and very little apart. King Edward, like his august nephew, during his accession to the Throne has won the name of an earnest lover of peace, and his untiring endeavours to cement the fabrication of European amity during the last seven years have justly earned for him the title of "Edward the Peacemaker." In spite of insinuations to the contrary which continue to appear in the press of both England and Germany, in spite, too, of the clouds which from time to time partially obscured the real cordiality of Anglo-Teuton intercourse, there is little room for doubting that the time is ripe for the inauguration of a friendly understanding between the two countries. Nobody will deny that Great Britain and France are now enjoying the fruits of a sincere and, let us hope, a permanent friendship, in striking contrast to the acerbity which for more than a century inspired writers on either side of the Channel to forecast an ultimate clash. The causes of mutual antipathy between England and France were far more deeply-rooted than those between England and Germany, but tact and sincerity made short work of them when the task was conscientiously taken up. As King Edward's historic visit to Paris was the commencement of the Anglo-French understanding, so may his coming visit to Berlin serve as the introduction to an era of openhearted and healthful intercourse between the British nation and their German neighbours.

THE DAILY RECORD FUND
FOR
THE RELIEF OF SUFFERERS FROM
THE EARTHQUAKE
IN SICILY AND CALABRIA.

We have great pleasure in acknowledging receipt of the following further subscriptions to the above fund:—

H. H.	3.00
Mrs. J. D.	26.00
E. D. R.	20.00
Mrs. S. J. C.	40.00
H. Niedenfür, Struve Strasse 9 . . .	5.00

94.00

Amount already acknowledged . . . 726.50

Total up to January 4 . . . 820.50

All contributions to the Fund which we have received up to date have been handed over to the Dresden branch of the Fund for "die Opfer der Erdbebenkatastrophe in Sicilien und Calabrien" (the victims of the earthquake catastrophe in Sicily and Calabria), at the town hall. When desired, however, contributions are forwarded to the Lord Mayor's Fund, Mansion House, London, and for these a special list is kept at our office apart from the original one. It is as well to point out that all monies collected in Germany will be forwarded to Sicily and Calabria and distributed to sufferers, entirely irrespective of nationality.

BRITISH NAVAL DISASTER.
SIXTEEN BLUEJACKETS DROWNED.

Sidney, January 5.

A pinnace belonging to the British cruiser "Encounter," of the Australian Squadron, came into collision with a coal-steamer in the harbour here yesterday, and sunk immediately afterwards. Sixteen bluejackets were drowned.

STANDARD OIL VICTORIOUS.
RECORD FINE ANNULLED.

New York, January 5.

The Supreme Court has refused the application of the Federal Government for leave to appeal against the decision of the Appellate Court quashing that of the Court below, by which the Standard Oil Company was adjudged, at Chicago in 1907, to pay a fine of twenty-nine millions of dollars.

AMERICAN HONOUR FOR GERMAN
PROFESSOR.

New York, January 5.

Dr. Penck, the German "Exchange" professor in New York, who is the director of the Geographical Institute, has received an honorary degree from Columbia University, New York City.

THE DEVASTATED CITIES.

AMERICAN ASSISTANCE.

IMPROVED RESCUE CONDITIONS.

Messina, January 4.

As far as can be estimated at the present juncture, one-fourth of the buildings in Messina are still standing, but owing to the disturbance of the foundations it is doubtful whether any of the houses are habitable. Railway communication with Palermo has been re-established. The harbour is crowded with vessels coming and going, bringing provisions, tents, and other assistance, while the returning vessels convey a continual stream of survivors to Naples and other ports. Rescue work here is now organised on a more systematic scale, and the appalling scenes witnessed in the centre of the town just after the catastrophe are of less frequent occurrence. Firemen from Palermo, Genoa, and Milan, and other cities are taking an active part in the work. The body of Deputy Fulci was recovered from the ruins today. Hearing loud cries from under a heap of debris, the rescuers this afternoon redoubled their efforts, and finally brought to light an entire family, all of whom were uninjured. The incessant down-pour of rain is terribly handicapping the work, however, and few hopes are entertained of finding many more survivors under the ruins. Each arriving steamer discharges vast quantities of provisions and other necessities, and as soon as one has unloaded her cargo she is requisitioned to convey the injured back to Genoa or Naples. The steamer "Sardegna" has arrived with 1,200 soldiers and stores of provisions.

Washington, January 5.

The first division of the United States battleship squadron has been ordered to proceed at full speed to Naples and thence to the scene of the earthquake disaster, in order to render all possible aid. Congress has authorised a grant of 800,000 dollars for the relief of the sufferers, 300,000 dollars of which sum is represented by the provisions and other necessities which have already been despatched to Messina. Intense sympathy is felt among all classes of Americans for the frightful disaster which has overwhelmed the inhabitants of Sicily and Calabria, and the prompt action of Congress in authorising money to alleviate some part of the distress is approved throughout the Union.

The American Red Cross Society has cabled the American Committee in Rome the sum of 390,000 dollars for the chartering of a steamer, which is to carry provisions to the districts which have suffered from the earthquake, and to convey fugitives to places of safety.

Rome, January 4.

This afternoon Cardinal Merry del Val, the Papal Secretary, paid a visit to the Vatican hospital where a large number of people injured at Messina are lying. A French abbé, the director of an orphan asylum, has intimated to the Pope his readiness to assume charge of 1,000 orphans, and this offer has been gratefully accepted by the Pope. This afternoon numerous survivors and injured arrived in Rome and were taken to the San Marta hospital, where the cost of their maintenance will be covered by the Pope.

(Continued on page 2)