

Office:
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The Daily Record

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and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

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WHAT RESULT?

Every right-thinking Britisher and German must hope that today will usher in a new era of Anglo-German relations, an era in which the irritating suspicions of the past, the mutual wilful misunderstanding with regard to the aims and ideals of each nation, may become conspicuous by their absence. It is not too much to say that the peace of Europe lies in the hands of these two great Powers, and the awful responsibility of this trust should ever be borne in mind by each individual subject of the two Empires. Their statesmen have evidenced their appreciation of the great trust time and again; but can the same be said of the newspaper press and the people? Wars are no longer the prerogative of monarchs. However great the personal influence of a ruler may be, the constitutional spirit which pervades all Europe in this year of grace effectually prohibits the idea of personal initiative in the momentous question of war. But are the people proving themselves more worthy of administrative responsibility than their crowned heads? It would need a brave and optimistic man to answer this query in the affirmative. In spite of the gradual elimination of the monarch's supreme influence in affairs of State, however, the ancient strain of loyalty lies buried too deeply to be unearthed in a generation or so; and thus it is that, even in this enlightened age, the personal example of a monarch exercises vast power over his subjects. In the case of the German Emperor and the ruler who is to be his honoured guest today, their respective subjects could not do better than follow the royal example. Both monarchs have shown by deeds their profound reverence for peace, and their readiness to make great sacrifices for its maintenance. That is why King Edward's visit to Berlin is fraught with such significance. The spectacle of two peace-loving rulers standing with clasped hands before the eyes of the world cannot be wholly without result. The occasion furnishes a magnificent opportunity for the complete reversal of Anglo-German policy. Will Englishmen and Germans realise this opportunity and take advantage of it, or will they ignore it and continue to pursue their present unsatisfactory and perilous attitude towards one another? That is undoubtedly the burning question of the moment.

BERLIN'S ROYAL GUESTS.

ARRIVAL TO-DAY.

PROGRAMME OF THE VISIT.

TO-DAY: Their Majesties King Edward and Queen Alexandra arrive at the Lehrter Bahnhof, Berlin, at 11 a.m. The German Emperor and Empress, the Crown Prince and Crown Princess, the Princes and Princesses of the Imperial and Royal Houses, members of the Emperor's Staff, and the high officers of the Berlin garrison will be present at the station. After the reception at the station, the carriages, escorted by cavalry, will proceed over the Alsenbrücke, through Königs Platz, the Sieges Allee, Charlottenburger Chaussee, under the Brandenburger Tor to Pariser Platz, where King Edward will be greeted by the municipal body of Berlin. Thence the procession will continue along Unter den Linden to the Royal Palace, where King Edward will be accommodated in the "Wilhelm" apartment, and Queen Alexandra in the "King's Chamber." At one p.m. breakfast will be served *en famille* in the small dining hall of the Palace. At eight p.m. a State Banquet will take place in the "White Hall" of the Palace.

WEDNESDAY: At one p.m. King Edward will pay a visit to the Berlin Rathaus, where he will be the guest of the municipal authorities. At nine p.m. a State Ball takes place in the Royal Palace.

THURSDAY: At ten a.m. the Royal party will proceed to Potsdam by automobile, where a visit will be made to the Mausoleum of the Emperor and Empress Friedrich. Lunch will be served at 1.30 p.m. in the Officers' Mess of the 1st Dragoon Regiment (Queen Victoria's). At seven p.m. the Royal party will dine with the Crown Prince and Crown Princess. Gala Performance at the Opera House at 8.30 p.m., when "Sardanapalus" is to be performed.

FRIDAY: The Royal party will visit various sights of Berlin, and if time permits the Royal Stables will also be inspected. Déjeuner will be served in the Royal Palace at 2 p.m. The departure of their Majesties the King and Queen of England takes place from the Lehrter Bahnhof at 5 p.m.

The following officers have been appointed to King Edward's suite during the Berlin visit: Adjutant General von Loewenfeld; Vice Admiral von Usedom; Major General Freiherr von Marschall; Colonel von Bitter, of the Fifth Hussars; and Major von Bärensprung, commanding the First Dragoon Guards.

The procession comprising the Royal entry into Berlin will be arranged in the following order: In the first carriage—King Edward and Emperor William; in the second carriage—Queen Alexandra and Empress Augusta. The procession will be headed by a squadron of the First Dragoon Guards.

THE DEPARTURE FROM LONDON.

(From our own correspondent.)

London, February 8.

Their Majesties King Edward and Queen Alexandra, accompanied by their suites, left here at 10.45 o'clock this morning in the Royal train for Dover, where they will embark at noon on the King's yacht "Alexandra."

It is officially announced that arrangements have been made for Sir Charles Hardinge, Permanent Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, who is accompanying their Majesties, to have interviews with Prince von Bülow and Herr von Schoen, the Imperial Secretary for Foreign Affairs, during the stay of the English monarchs in Berlin.



THE LONDON PRESS ON THE VISIT.

London, February 8.

This morning's *Standard*, commenting upon King Edward's visit to Berlin, says: "Although a special political object is not mentioned in connection with the visit, it is well understood that the King is desirous of doing all that in him lies to convince the Emperor and the German people that his (the King's) and his Government's primary aim is the maintenance of peace and the spread of goodwill among men, not least between Great Britain and Germany. Both nations stand in need of great fleets, and that is the exclusive business of each. In his personal intercourse with his relations, particularly with his august host, the King will be able to remove every erroneous conception regarding the general aims of his policy."

The *Standard* also declares that the heartiest wishes of all classes in England accompany the King and Queen on their German visit. It adds: "We are equally convinced that they will be enthusiastically greeted in Germany. The friendly sentiments on both sides of the North Sea which are a natural consequence of amenities between the monarchs, must inevitably react favourably on the international relationship, and this reaction, as we confidently anticipate, will be enduring. Both countries would rejoice if the burden of naval armaments were lightened. If Germany harbours no aggressive plans, she has only to give the signal which would put an end to this race for sea-power."

The following sentence occurs in the leading article of this morning's *Daily Mail*: "The inhabitants of Berlin may rest assured that the welcome accorded by them to King Edward will be observed with pleasure in England, all the more so since it will be of a personal character, unobscured by political illusions."

The *Daily Graphic* writes: "The visit represents a mutual attempt of the two Governments to infuse new life into the policy of goodwill. If this policy is supported, not only by the two monarchs, but also by their responsible advisers and the irresponsible press of both lands, much good may result from the visit. If the atmosphere of mutual distrust is cleared away, and the two countries accustom

(Continued on page 2.)

BERLIN

Save for a few finishing touches, everything is now in readiness for today's gala reception of the King and Queen of England. Unter den Linden presents a remarkable appearance. Berlin's historical state street for the time being proclaims itself British, and has surrendered its German individuality to the claims of the Union Jack. From the Brandenburger Thor to the Schloss the street is lined with fluttering pennants and ensigns, punctuated by ever-recurring big bright specimens of the British flag.

It has been decided that "Sardanapalus," "the Kaiser's opera," shall be staged for the benefit of King Edward at the gala performance in his honour at the Royal Opera on Thursday night. The superfluous features of the Emperor's Assyriological masterpiece will, however, be largely eliminated, as the whole of the first act is to be cut.

W. E. Oliphant, the well-known and popular Commander of the Salvation Army in Germany, has declined the honour of acting as a member of the English deputation to present an address of welcome to the King. Upon the night of the election by the British Colony a week ago the Commander had already expressed doubts as to his suitability to serve upon the deputation, since, he said, he was almost exclusively connected with the Germans, and in no way representative of the British community in Berlin. These scruples were at the time overruled by the strong popular demand for the election of Commander Oliphant, but he has apparently now decided that his doubts were justified. Mr. G. Johnston, Hoppegarten Trainer, has been put in his place.

The Kaiser has had forwarded to the British Foreign Office generous presents intended for the crew of the fishing-steamer "Ruby" of Hull, which in October last rescued the occupants of the German balloon "Plauen" from drowning in the North Sea. W. March, the Captain of the steamer, receives a valuable gold watch from the Emperor, while the fishermen Williams and Lana are each to be presented with 150 marks, and the sailors Wright and Skinner with 100 marks each.

The Captain of the "Ruby" had already received a handsome sum of money as a token of gratitude from the rescued German aeronauts themselves.

George Washington's birthday (Monday, February 22) will be celebrated in time-honoured style by the American Colony in Berlin. The *Landes-Ausstellungs-Park*, which did duty so admirably last Thanksgiving Day, is to be again requisitioned for the George Washington celebration, and the American Ambassador, Dr. David Jayne Hill, will deliver the address. The proceedings will commence at 8 p.m. with an excellent musical programme, followed by the "oration" of the evening, then supper and dancing. Tickets, at 7 marks, may be obtained at the American Consulate and at the American Woman's Club.

Lieutenant-Commander Reginald Belknap, American Naval Attaché in Berlin, is temporarily on active duty in Italy. After accompanying a section of the American Fleet to Gibraltar, he was put in charge of the thousands of shelter-sheds erected in Italy for the protection of those rendered homeless by the late terrible earthquake at Messina.

Dr. Richard Strauss has been absent for a few days from Berlin, and until he returns no definite

themselves to consideration for each other, a condition of genuine friendship will rapidly arise. We have every reason for believing that, if momentary differences are removed, a speedy hope of all sensible Englishmen is, as we believe, fully reciprocated by the great mass of the German people."

The *Daily Telegraph* is of opinion that: "Their Majesties are taking with them the sincere good wishes of every class of their subjects. Both nations have pursued their own national policy, and more than once their interests have clashed; but no Briton doubts that during the recent crisis in the Near East Germany has consistently used her powerful influence in the cause of peace and settlement. The meeting between King and Kaiser will assuredly result in the establishment of increased mutual trust. The principal wish of the English people, however, is that this visit may inaugurate a marked improvement in the relations between England and Germany. The speeches which will be made at the State banquet advocating improved relations will, we hope, find as strong an echo as did those delivered fifteen months ago" (on the occasion of the Emperor's English visit).

The *Daily Chronicle* says: "The good wishes of the nation accompany the King. His Majesty has visited many lands, but his present journey is of more than ordinary significance. Unfortunate disputes and regrettable misunderstandings have caused serious friction; and if our tactful monarch is able to pave the way for an understanding, he will have earned the gratitude of two great and progressive nations."

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date can be settled for the Berlin "Elektra" première. It is stated that the performance will, at all events, take place about the middle of February.

Madame Schumann-Heinck will recommence, in the course of this month, her "Gastspiel" at the Royal Opera House. One of her appearances will be as *Frau Reich* in "Die lustigen Weiber von Windsor."

Mr. Ellison van Hoose, the American tenor, is to appear in a concert in Berlin next Saturday, February 13. Mr. van Hoose will sing in the Beethoven Saal, with the Philharmonic orchestra under the direction of Friedrich Weigmann, and his programme will include the Aria from Massenet's "Hérodiade," Liszt's "O komm im Traum," "Die Botschaft" (Brahms), and Schubert's "Rastlose Liebe,"—all with orchestra. Not only the event but the criticisms after the event will be looked forward to with the greatest interest by Americans in Berlin.

"Torreador," an old and rarely-given opera by Adam, will be staged at the end of this month by Director Gregor of the "Komische Oper."

Professor Cooper, of Leland Stanford University, California, who has been spending some time in Berlin will leave shortly for a stay of several weeks in Weimar, prior to sailing for the States early in June with Mrs. Cooper, on board the "Rotterdam."

Mr. and Mrs. A. Milbrook, of Chicago, who have been staying in Berlin, sail for America from Antwerp on February 13, on board the "Vaterland."

Miss Daisy A. Hanser, of Milwaukee and Vienna, leaves Berlin on February 15 after a short stay at Pension Herzberg, Potsdamer Strasse 121b.

The majority of the exhibitions being organised in Berlin just now seem to be devoted to the interest and instruction of Berlin femininity. "The Household and the Kitchen" are to form the basis of a big exhibition which will occupy the entire Philharmonie buildings during the first week in May. Cooking, table-decoration, and the artistic adornment of the kitchen and the house (this order is not altogether misplaced in Germany) will receive the chief share of attention. There will be an exhibition of foods and food-stuffs of all kinds, and a further section devoted to the art of housekeeping and domestic economy in general. The society which is organising the undertaking is considering the advisability of lodging a petition with the German *Abgeordnetenhaus* with a view to securing the introduction of compulsory training in house-keeping into the curriculum of every girls' school in Germany.

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GERMAN SEMI-OFFICIAL WELCOME.

Berlin, February 8.
The *Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung* writes:—"For the next few days we shall have the pleasure of seeing the King and Queen of England staying as guests at the Court of Berlin. We respectfully bid King Edward and his illustrious Consort welcome, and heartily wish to return to the Royal relatives of our Emperor, the Sovereigns of the British Empire, the hospitality which the German Emperor and Empress received in November, 1907, on English soil. We also promise good for the relations between the German and British peoples from this meeting. The demonstrations of friendly feeling and of the attachment of kindred, for which the visit affords welcome occasion, will give fresh encouragement to all who in Germany and England are endeavouring to prevent estrangement between the two Empires, and to turn German-English relations into surer channels. The friends of a good understanding on this side as on that side of the Channel will be more than ever convinced that no difficulties for their objects will spring out of the personal relations of the two monarchs. Certainly assiduous efforts will be required to attain the goal that is indicated by the assurance of a friendship between the two great civilised nations, based on mutual appreciation; but may the visit of the King and Queen of Great Britain, and the reception which Germany is preparing for their Majesties, be a step forward! In that sense we wish for the coming festive days an unclouded course and an enduring and favourable effect."

CHURCH SERVICES: BERLIN.

S. George's Church, Monbijou Garten.
Second Entrance: Oranienburger Strasse 76B.
Sundays: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion.
11 a.m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sunday in the month).
6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
Fridays: 11 a.m. Litany.
Holy Days: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion.
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BERLIN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

This evening:		
Royal Opera House	Fidello	at 7.30
Royal Theatre	Mrs. Dot	" 7.30
New Royal Opera Theatre	closed.	
Deutsches Theater	Die Lehrerin (Kammerspiele) Der Graf von Gleichen	" 7.30
"	"	" 8
Lessing Theatre	Der König	" 8
Berliner Theatre	Einer von unsrer Leut.	" 8
New Schauspielhaus	Hamlet (Jos. Kalnz)	" 7.30
Kleines Theatre	Moral	" 8
Hebbel Theatre	Revolutionshochzeit	" 8
Comic Opera	Tielland	" 8
Residenz Theatre	Kümmere dich um Amelie	" 8
Lustspielhaus	Seine kleine Freundin	" 8
Schiller Theater O.	Ein Volksfeind	" 8
" Charlotten-	"	" 8
burg	Das Erbe	" 8
Frd. Wilhelmst. Theatre	Der Pfarrer von Kirchfeld	" 8
Luisen Theatre	Fliegende Berliner	" 8
Bernhard Rose Theatre	Das Warenhausfräulein	" 8
Trianon Theatre	Der Satyr	" 8
Thalia Theatre	Mitternachtsmädchen	" 8
Urania Theatre	Von Abbazia nach Korfu	" 8
Theatre des Westens	Der tapfere Soldat	" 8
Bürgerl. Schauspielhaus	Der Goldbauer	" 8.15

Every evening until further notice.		
Metropol Theatre	Donnerwetter — tadello	at 8
New Operetta Theatre	Die Dollarprinzessin	" 8
Wintergarten	Spezialitäten	" 8
Berl. Operettentheater	Das Himmelbett	" 8.30
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Folies Caprice	Servus Psthesina. Der lustige Ehemann	" 8.15
Carl Haverland Theatre	Spezialitäten	" 8
Apollo Theatre	Onkel Casimir. Spezialitäten	" 8
Casino Theatre	Russland	" 8
Gastspieltheater	Der Hüttenbesitzer (H. Lange)	" 8
New Theatre	Die fremde Frau	" 8
Gebr. Herenfeld Theatre	Die beiden Bindelbands	" 8.15
Parodie Theatre	Der geschundene Raubritter	" 8.30

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND: Ambassador the Rt. Hon. Sir E. Goschen, G. C. V. O. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse. Office hours 11-1.—Consul-General Dr. Paul v. Schwabach. Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Ambassador, Dr. David Jayne Hill, Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception hours 10-1.—Consul-General: Alexander M. Thakara, Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60. Office hours 10-3.

THE SCENE AT VICTORIA.

The account of their Majesties' departure, telegraphed by our London correspondent (see page 1), is supplemented by this later despatch:—

London, February 8.

Great crowds had this morning collected all along the route from Buckingham Palace to Victoria Station, and along the railway, to see the departure of the King and Queen, and their Majesties were enthusiastically cheered. The Prince and Princess of Wales, Sir Edward Grey, and the German Chargé d'Affaires were on the station platform. After the Royal train had started, the Prince and Princess of Wales remained for some time in conversation with the German Chargé d'Affaires. The weather in the Channel is auspicious.

PACIFIC COAST DEFENCE.

Washington, February 7.

In contradiction of rumours that a portion of the battleship fleet is to be sent to the Pacific, the Navy Department notifies that, after the ships have undergone repairs, the fleet will re-assemble for firing practice off Cape Cod.

Washington, February 7.

Governor Gillett has been instructed by the War Department to organise sixteen companies of Militia for the Californian coast defence reserves. According to a statement of the Assistant Secretary of War, the above instruction to Governor Gillett only implies the carrying out of a part of the plan of a national defence.

DRESDEN

H.I.H. the Archduke Maximilian of Austria arrived here on Saturday last.

H.M. the King will be present next Saturday at the concert given by the Leipzig Gewandhaus Quartett and Herr Emil Kronke for the benefit of the "Kinderheilanstalt," which stands under His Majesty's patronage.

The Reformierte Kirche was crowded on Sunday evening on the occasion of the concert given for the benefit of parochial charities. The artists engaged were: Fräulein Helga Petri, a *debutante*; Professor Petri; and Herr Alfred Sittard, the organist of the Kreuzkirche. Fräulein Petri possesses a sweet soprano voice, and a fine musical intelligence which has been trained in the strictest school. She sang, with rare perfection of style and finish, two difficult compositions by Bach. In the first, an Aria from the Cantata "Selig ist der Mann," she was accompanied on the violin, played by her father, as well as by Herr Sittard on the organ. The Trio thus formed was well worthy of the composer, and listeners enjoyed a great treat. Fräulein Petri's second number was a Recitative and Aria from the Cantata "Jauchzet Gott in allen Landen," which was beautifully sung; the smooth flow of the rhythm, the precision of the ornaments, and the even distribution of tone, being very successfully achieved. Besides the accompaniment to the Aria above-mentioned, Professor Petri played a slow movement from a Suite by Max Reger. Herr Sittard's organ solos were the Bach Prelude and Fugue in B-minor, and Max Reger's Toccata in D-minor; in both of which the masterly clearness and deliberation of his phrasing was quite as striking as his wonderful execution both on manuals and pedals.

On Sunday, the 21st inst., at 12 o'clock, a *matinée* will take place in the Opera House for the benefit of a home for soldiers to be erected here in Dresden. In Metz, Münsingen, Ulm, Stuttgart, Weingarten, Ludwigsburg and Leipzig such institutions are already in existence and have proved a very great success. H.M. the King shows very great interest in this undertaking and the Saxon War Ministry has furnished for this purpose a large area of land at the corner of the Königsbrücker and Hausen Strasse. The programme of the *matinée*, which will be directed by Herr von Schuch, is as follows: 1. "Königsmarsch," by Richard Strauss (for the first time). 2. "Guten Morgen, Herr Fischer!" a Vaudeville Burlesque in one act by Friedrich, music by Stiegmann, and in which Frau Salbach, Frau Nast, Fräulein v. Chavanne, and Herren Fischer and Rüdiger will take part. 3. "Der steinerne Gast" (performed for the first time), a pantomime in three scenes; music by Adolphe Daird, arranged by Balletmeister Berger. Herr Kammersänger Scheidemantel has undertaken the chief rôle in this pantomime. Tickets for the boxes of the first rang, the Fremdenloge and Mittellogen of the second rang, the Parkettlogen and Parkett (costing 10 M.), and the Seitenlogen of the second rang (7 M.) may be obtained by application at several of the Dresden banks and also through the members of the Committee. The subscription lists will be withdrawn on Wednesday, the 17th inst., and tickets will be issued from the 18th till the 20th inst. Tickets for the other seats can only be obtained at the box-office of the Opera House; no extra charge is made for the sale of tickets in advance. Further details will be published later.

Dr. Sven Hedin, the well known explorer, has returned from his late journey through Tibet and will lecture upon his discoveries and experiences on March 13th, before the "Verein für Erdkunde," of which he is an honorary member. Only members of the Verein will be admitted. Further details will be published later.

The danger that threatened the temporary bridge over the Elbe is happily past. The river did not rise on Sunday so high as the reports from Bohemia had led the authorities here to expect it would. At 11 o'clock on that morning the water level at the Augustus bridge was 364 centimetres above the zero point, and it continued to rise very gradually all day until, at 9 p. m., it reached its maximum height of 379 centimetres, instead of the expected 500 centimetres. Since then it has been falling continuously though slowly, and at 10 o'clock yesterday morning had fallen 12 inches. The floating ice has nearly all disappeared. The main tributaries of the Elbe above Dresden—the Moldau, Iser, and Eger—are all falling, according to the reports received.

At Leipzig, on Saturday, the flood was so great that people were being rescued, and floating furniture saved, by the fire brigade in punts from the lower stories of the houses in two streets, while the dwellers in the upper floors were being supplied with the necessaries of life by fishermen from boats. Work had to be suspended in several factories in the suburbs Plagwitz and Lindenau.

On Friday morning, at about 8 o'clock, the body of a well-dressed man was found near Tetschen on the left bank of the Elbe. His skull was shattered and of his head there only remained the lower jaw. Beside the body a pistol was found, with which he had fired into his mouth after filling it with water. No papers affording information as to identity were found on the body. A pocket book containing some Saxon stamps and a cigarette case with the inscription "Gebrüder Risse, Dresden-A., Hauptbahnhof," was found in his overcoat pocket.

On Friday last a daring deed was performed by a tram conductor. On perceiving a runaway horse approaching he quickly stopped the car and, springing down, caught the reins. After strenuous efforts he stopped the terrified animal, in spite of the breakneck speed at which it was running. The brave fellow was heartily cheered by the spectators.

At the Panorama International, Marien Strasse 15, a new series of most magnificent Alpine views from Chamounix and Montblanc is on exhibition. The Residenz-Panorama, Albert Platz, entrance König Albert Str. 31, is this week exhibiting views of Buda Pest and the Carpathians.

If trains are more than 15 min. late, this fact will in future be called out at the Dresden stations and in the waiting-rooms, if possible at the same time as the regular departure of the train is announced. The belated departure of trains will then also be called out.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the 2. Jäger battalion No. 13, whose band plays about 12.30 p. m. in the Neustadt.

MUSIC AND ART NOTICES.

H. R. H. Prince Johann Georg visited the art gallery of Ernst Arnold, Schloss Strasse, on Saturday last and viewed pictures by Louis Corinth, Katharina Schaeffner, and the Belgian artists.

DRESDEN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

Royal Opera House.

Tonight, beginning at 7.30, ending 10.15

Les Dragons de Villars.

Comic opera in three acts. Music by Aimé Maillart.

Cast:

Thibaut, a rich farmer	Herr Erl.
Georgette, his wife	Frau Bender-Schäfer.
Belamy, Sergeant of Dragoons	Herr Fleischer (as guest)
Sylvain, Thibaut's servant	Herr Grosch.
Rosa Friquet, a poor peasant girl	Fräul. Seebe.
A preacher	Herr Wachter.
A Lieutenant of Dragoons	Herr Gedlich.
A Dragoon	Herr Markgraf.
Peasants	(Herr Wolf l. Herr Ernst.

PLOT. The peasant women are collecting fruit when Thibaut bids them hide as the dreaded dragoons of Villars, on their way to search for Huguenots, are approaching the village. Belamy, the sergeant of Dragoons, goes to sleep in Thibaut's house. Thibaut scolds Sylvain, his servant, for losing his mules, but they are brought back by Rosa Friquet who is aware that Sylvain is in the habit of secretly taking food to the Huguenots. Rosa discloses to Belamy Georgette's hiding place; he is delighted with her, but she tells him that the Hermit of St. Gratien, although dead for 200 years, rings a bell to betray every case of conjugal infidelity. The soldiers find the other women and decide to stay in the village. In act II we find Rosa and Sylvain near the hermitage and the former promises to aid the Huguenots to escape by a path worn by her goats. Belamy arrives with Georgette, but when he kisses her Rosa rings the hermit's bell. Belamy goes back to the village but returns again, only to find no hermit but to see all the Huguenots being led to safety by Sylvain, who promises to marry Rosa. Thibaut believing the bell had rung for Rosa, tells Sylvain she has betrayed the Huguenots. At first he meets her coldly but she proves to him that the fugitives have crossed the frontier, and though Belamy, in a rage, condemns Sylvain to be shot, Rosa threatens to reveal the sergeant's neglect of duty. He thereupon reverses the order, and all ends happily.

Wednesday night	Fidelio	at 7.30
Thursday night	La Traviata	" 7.30
Friday night	V. Symphony Concert. A. Series	" 7
Saturday night	Tristan und Isolde	" 6
Sunday night	Margarethe	" 7
Monday night	Eugen Onegin	" 7.30

Royal Theatre Neustadt.

Tonight	Jahrmakt in Pulsnitz	at 7.30
Wednesday night	Donna Diana	" 7.30
Thursday night	Die Verschwörung des Fiesko	" 6
Friday night	Die Liebe wacht	" 7.30
Saturday night	Agnes Bernauer	" 7
Sunday night	Die glücklichste Zeit	" 7.30
Monday night	Donna Diana	" 7.30

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TERRIBLE HURRICANE IN GEORGIA.
Atlanta (Georgia), February 7.
A hurricane has worked havoc here. Many houses were destroyed; twelve people being thereby killed and many injured.

LAUNCH OF AN AMERICAN "DREADNOUGHT."
Newport News, February 7.
The battleship "Delaware," of 20,000 tons displacement, 510 feet long and 85 feet wide, one of the four "Dreadnoughts" voted by Congress, was launched here yesterday.

THE BALKAN PROBLEM.
Constantinople, February 7.
The Porte yesterday sent the counter-proposal of Turkey to the Russian Ambassador at St. Petersburg, and a copy of it to the Russian Ambassador here. The document shows that what Bulgaria has to pay to Turkey, and the amount of the capitalised war indemnity due by Turkey to Russia, almost balance each other.

EARTHQUAKES IN SWEDEN.
Sundsvall, Sweden, February 6.
Reports have come in from several places in the eastern portion of the province of Medelpad of rather severe shocks of earthquake having occurred this afternoon, accompanied by loud subterranean noises.

FATAL EXPLOSION IN FRANCE.
Paris, February 7.
It is reported from Nancy that a large quantity of powder and dynamite together with several thousand detonators exploded today in the store magazine of the Tucquegnieux mine at Bricy. The building was completely wrecked, and six workmen were killed. All the windows of the houses in the neighbourhood were broken.

ANOTHER QUIET SUNDAY AT PRAGUE.
Prague, February 7.
The promenade of the German students today passed off without any disturbance.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO MR. BRYAN.
Tampa (Florida), February 7.
Mr. Bryan, the defeated candidate for the Presidency, was the victim of an automobile accident here today. The motor in which he was a passenger ran against the parapet of a bridge. Mr. Bryan was thrown out, and his leg badly crushed against an iron balustrade.

JAPAN AND COREA.
Seoul, February 7.
An exchange of visits has taken place between the Japanese Resident, Marquis Ito, and the Emperor on the occasion of the departure of the former on leave of absence. It is reported that the Marquis will not return to his post and that M. Terauchi will succeed him. Marquis Ito has said several times lately that if the constant outbreaks do not cease soon, Japan will be obliged to adopt energetic measures; and it is thought that he may have intended thereby to prepare the way for annexation.

MULAI HAFID AND THE FRENCH EMBASSY.

Paris, February 7.

A report received here today from Fez, dated the 3rd instant, runs as follows: "Mulai Hafid received the French Embassy in audience today. M. Regnault delivered his credentials and said that the Government of the Republic, desiring to continue with Mulai Hafid the relations that France had maintained with the Sultan's predecessors and especially with his father Mulai Hassan, and which were a standing tradition of French policy, had determined to offer its congratulations to him, Mulai Hafid, on his accession to the throne and had therefore instructed him, M. Regnault, to convey words of friendship to Mulai Hafid. M. Regnault then expressed his trust that he would not fail in giving a willing support to the Sultan, and that the Embassy would have the best results for the relations of the two countries, which, by mutual endeavours to assist each other, would bring about a happy solution of pending questions, and remove difficulties. The Minister concluded by wishing long life to the Sultan and prosperity to Morocco.—The representative of the Minister for Foreign Affairs then read a reply, expressing the gratification of Mulai Hafid at the arrival of the Embassy and at receiving the letter of the French Government; bidding the Mission welcome, and promising a favourable reception to the letter. Mulai Hafid, said the reply, shared the wish of France to continue the intimate friendly relations and to preserve the common rights that arose out of the neighbourhood of the two countries; in this he would be following Mulai Hassan's steps. He thanked France for her good wishes, and gladly accepted the words of friendship, which corresponded to his own feelings."

A Tangier message states that Mulai Hafid celebrated the birthday of the German Emperor by writing, in Arabic, an ode in his honour, which he duly forwarded to the German Consul at Fez. In this effusion, the Sultan outpours his poetic soul in wishes for the Kaiser's health, and for the maintenance of happy relations between Germany and Morocco. Dr. Rosen, the German Minister, is reported to have informed Mulai Hafid that he will visit Fez on a special mission in April.

THE BRITISH CABINET.**REPORTED AGREEMENT ON NAVY ESTIMATES.**

London, February 7.

The *Daily Chronicle* learns that the dissensions in the Cabinet with regard to the Navy estimates have been satisfactorily adjusted. The Admiralty has prepared a new shipbuilding programme which is now before the Cabinet. The Ministers are agreed that there is no necessity for any particular hurry in the building of "Dreadnoughts." It is assumed that, under these circumstances, the net surplus of the Navy estimates will not exceed two and a half millions sterling.

UNITED STATES BATTLESHIP FLEET.

New York, February 7.

A telegram from Gibraltar to the Associated Press states that Capt. Qualtrough, commander of the battleship "Georgia," has been sentenced by court-martial to six months' suspension and the loss of ten numbers for conduct unbecoming an officer at a function at Tangier. Admiral Sperry approved the findings of Court. Capt. Qualtrough has been detached and ordered home, travelling as a passenger on the "Georgia." The portion of his sentence relating to the loss of numbers, requires the sanction of the Secretary for the Navy.

(Against the above despatch is a report from New York, stating that messages received there from Gibraltar announce that the court-martial has acquitted Captain Qualtrough. The officer pleaded that long duty on the bridge of his vessel, insufficient sleep, and the effect of a strong cigar made him act strangely at the reception, and he denied the charge of intoxication. The court-martial apparently accepted this view.)

STRANGE MILITARY INCIDENT.

Lisbon, February 7.

Eighty soldiers belonging to a detachment of Portuguese infantry sent to maintain order at the Azores, where an epidemic of plague is raging, but who wished to return home, went to the bacteriological laboratory on the island of Terceira, and demanded of the doctors in charge that they should put an end to the plague within a fortnight. The mediation of a military surgeon prevented any serious consequences. Sixty of the men were placed under arrest.

THE RUSSIAN POLICE SCANDALS.

St. Petersburg, February 7.

The Lopuchin-Azeff affair continues to occupy the forefront in public interest. The papers are full of revelations concerning revolutionary leaders, spies, and agents provocateurs. In some provincial towns

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Wednesday, February 10th. 11.0 a. m. Matins and Litany.
Thursday, February 11th. 8.0 a. m. Holy Communion.
Friday, February 12th. 11.0 a. m. Matins and Litany. 5.0 p. m. Choir Practice.

Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. Moore, M.A., B.C.L.

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BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.—Minister Resident:
Mansfeld de Cardonnel Findlay, Esq., C.B., C.M.G.

THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.—British Consul:
H. Palmé, Esq.

THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p.
American Consul-General: T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.

the Press has been prohibited from publishing articles on the subject. The precise charge or charges against M. Lopuchin have not so far been specified. The *Russ* maintains, on the authority of criminal lawyers, that he has committed no offence for which he can be prosecuted, the only penalty prescribed by law in such a case as his being dismissal from office, inasmuch as no State secrets, such as military information, have been communicated to foreign Powers. No doubt is entertained that the Duma will pass the interpellation on the subject. The attitude to be adopted by the Government has been discussed at some length by the Cabinet. According to the *Retch*, M. Stolypin, the Premier, stated that the Government had no reason to be disturbed. It was anxious to clear up the situation as far as possible, and remove any false constructions which might have been put on the affair. The Premier added, according to the same journal, that while considering that police agents abroad and the services of renegades were necessary, and even indispensable, the Government condemned provocation, and if there had been any manifestation of it such illegalities were the result of the reprehensible zeal of inferior police agents. A comprehensive investigation must be made, and recourse had to public tribunals. Every possible measure was being taken to arrest Azeff. The *Retch* adds that the Cabinet concurred in M. Stolypin's statement. No announcement has yet been made regarding the arrest of Azeff, but the Premier's reference to it is considered significant.

Paris, February 6.

The *Echo de Paris* states that Azeff has been seen at Zurich. The Revolutionists are on his trail.

ALLEGED MURDER OF A GERMAN DIPLOMAT.

London, February 7.

According to intelligence received from Santiago de Chile, the suspicion that the Secretary to the German Embassy was murdered is confirmed. At the *post mortem* examination of the body the skull was found to have been severely fractured.

RUSSIAN PRINCE COMES TO GRIEF ON SKIS.

Prague, February 7.

The son of Prince Urusoff, the Russian Ambassador at Vienna, has met with a serious accident. While ski-running at Mürzschlag he fell, and fractured his skull.

BASUTO CHIEFS IN LONDON.

London, February 7.

Shortly after ten o'clock yesterday the deputation of Basuto chiefs who are visiting England in order to pay their respects to the King and to discuss matters with the Colonial Office affecting their position in the event of the unification of the South African Colonies, arrived at Waterloo. Each of the chiefs was accompanied by an interpreter. The party was met by a representative of the Colonial Office, and also the resident Commissioner of Basutoland. Arrangements have been made for the entertainment of the deputation while in London.

SIGNIFICANT INCIDENT AT TORONTO UNIVERSITY.

In presenting prizes to the rifle team of the Toronto University last Thursday evening, Major-Gen. Sir Percy Lake, Inspector-General of the Canadian Militia, made a careful statement, in the course of which he touched upon the power of Japan and her necessity for expansion, the awakening of China, and the agitation in India. He dealt with the eventual contingency of a contest between the peoples of the Orient and those of the American Continent, and he urged the introduction of physical training in schools, leading to military drill in the higher educational institutions, thus establishing direct "feeders" for the national forces.

Somewhat to the surprise, and amid the applause of those present, the President, the Principal, and the Chancellor of the University, and others supported Sir Percy Lake's suggestions for military training. The Chancellor paid a high tribute to the Inspector-General, and the Principal described as nonsense a good deal of the Press statements, with regard to militarism in the British Empire. "We cannot have too much militarism," he declared, "but it is possible to have too little."

Col. Samuel Hughes, a member of the Dominion House of Commons, also spoke to the same effect.

FAMOUS CARICATURIST ILL.

"Caran d'Ache," the famous caricaturist, who has delighted the world for years by an entirely new style of work, is lying ill and suffering from sclerosis, says a Paris message. "Caran d'Ache," whose real name is Poiret, was born in Moscow, but he has lived for thirty years in Paris.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Light airs, less cloudy, no heavy showers, colder.