

Office:
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Telephone
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The Daily Record

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and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

No 946.

DRESDEN, SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1909.

10 PFENNIGS.

The Daily Record is delivered by hand in Dresden, and may be ordered at any Post Office throughout the German Empire. It is published daily, excepting Mondays and days following legal holidays in Dresden.

Monthly Subscription Rates: For Dresden, mark 1.—; for the rest of Germany and Austria, mark 1.20. For other countries, marks 2.50.

A BRIGHTER OUTLOOK.

OPTIMISM IN THE BALKANS.

Generally speaking, the Near Eastern situation has improved during the last day or so. It is true that Austria-Hungary has not yet come to an agreement with the bellicose Serbs, neither are there any well-founded reports of demobilisation; nevertheless, the Paris Bourse, which is regarded as an excellent international barometer, showed obvious signs of increased steadiness on Thursday, chiefly in consequence of rumours that Russia, France, and England were using their combined good offices at Belgrade. The following are the chief points of interest contained in yesterday's despatches:

The Servian Minister at Constantinople has assured the Porte and the Diplomatic Corps that Servia desires no war, but is hopeful of a speedy understanding.

The Servian Cabinet met, under the presidency of King Peter, on Thursday, discussed the prospective attitude of the Government towards the new steps anticipated from Austria, and the eventual military measures to be taken in case the reports of Austrian mobilisation should prove accurate. The alarmist reports in certain Austrian and Hungarian journals excite no particular anxiety in Belgrade.

The issue of a mobilisation decree at Vienna is postponed, but may take place today (Saturday). Premier Wekerle has intimated confidentially to several Deputies that the Emperor Francis Joseph is still confident that war is avoidable. The new representations to be made to Servia by the Austro-Hungarian Minister at Belgrade have been postponed for some days.

The Agence Havas reports from Belgrade that the Servian Government, after replying to the new representations to be made by the Austro-Hungarian Minister, will be disposed to yield to the suggestions of the Powers. It is even said that, if so advised by the Powers, Servia will demobilise.

Replying in the House of Commons on Thursday to an enquiry respecting the proposed European Conference, the Foreign Minister, Sir Edward Grey, said that the British Government had consistently been in favour of international agreement on the points at issue in the Near Eastern question, previous to the holding of a Conference. The negotiations, he added, were still in progress, and it was inadvisable to make any further statement at the moment.

It is reported from Sofia that the Bulgarian Government has asked Russia to use her influence with the aim of persuading the other Powers to recognise Bulgarian independence, since the question of compensation has been settled.

Montenegro, whose movements have lately been causing some anxiety, assures Turkey that she has absolutely no warlike intentions with regard to the Sandjak of Novi Bazar. The Turkish Minister at Cetinje has received a similar assurance from the Prince of Montenegro. Against this, however, comes a trustworthy report from Cetinje that a Montenegrin brigade has been mobilised and will march against Spizza.

An interpellation in the Hungarian Chamber of Deputies on Thursday created a remarkable scene. One of the speakers eulogised Germany's attitude during the crisis. "Germany stands at our side," he said, "and Emperor William supports us with true German loyalty." At these words a great storm of cheering broke out in all parts of the Chamber and was prolonged for several minutes.

According to an authoritative report of yesterday's date from Sofia, the Bulgarian Government has caused a declaration to be made on its behalf in Constantinople that it will renounce its old claim for pecuniary compensation in respect of the railway line from Varna to Rustchuk if the Porte consents to the immediate recognition of Bulgaria's independence.

INTERNATIONAL IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE.

Washington, March 18.

The Italian Ambassador has made proposals to the State Department with respect to a contemplated International Immigration Conference, which should endeavour to settle the many vexed questions centring around world-wide immigration.

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DISORGANISED POST OFFICE.

FIVE MILLION LETTERS UNDELIVERED.

Paris, March 19.

Absolute chaos reigns at the head post office here in consequence of the strike. No fewer than five million letters are lying undelivered, without receiving the least attention. Nor is the trouble confined to Paris, for seemingly all central France is similarly affected; while the strike has extended to most of the great cities. The hastily enrolled military telegraphists have proved themselves unable to cope with their task. Many thousand telegrams have been forwarded by railway across the frontiers, thence to be despatched to their destinations. The railway postal officials who until now had faithfully handled the mails between Paris, Calais, and Dunkirk, have finally struck, and have been joined by their colleagues at Mezières and Charleville. The telephone operators in the great building on Rue Gutenberg and at La Villette and Passy have deserted their posts, so that the instruments lie idle. In other offices only the head officials have stuck to their posts. There exists no hope of improvement in the paralysing situation, as the strikers decided at a meeting held yesterday to vigorously prosecute their campaign. The disorganisation and hindrance of business all over the country is indescribable.

Later.

Paris is absolutely cut off from the outer world. During the whole of yesterday only 2,000 telegrams were despatched. The post offices, most of which are shut, refuse to accept registered letters. Foreign mails are only forwarded in part. Soldiers have been requisitioned to act as postmen, with unsatisfactory results. Last night only ten wires were in operation. In the provinces the strike is spreading to a most serious extent. The newspapers are greatly agitated over the situation, commenting sharply on the utter disorganisation of business and social life caused thereby. Government action is anticipated for this morning, and is awaited with extraordinary excitement. The entire Republican press asserts that in the event of victory attending the strikers it would be as bad as a revolution, as their victory would mean that trade unionism had the upper hand in national affairs. All constitutional authority would cease to exist. The country must decide whether it will tolerate such a condition. The Government must face two alternatives—either to crush this anarchy or to sacrifice their entire authority. Serious rioting occurred at the head post office yesterday, when improvised postmen about to start on their rounds were impeded by a huge crowd. Two hundred policemen and soldiers were necessary to escort the postmen out of the building. Delivery of letters is practically at a standstill.

BEGGAR MY NEIGHBOUR.

LONDON PRESS DEMANDS
THIRTY DREADNOUGHTS IN FOUR YEARS,
TO COST 71 MILLIONS.

(From our own correspondent.)

London, March 19.

The tone of the press this morning leaves no room for doubting that the entire country is stirred to its depths by the naval situation. It is obvious that the exact provisions of the recently introduced Estimates are only now becoming thoroughly understood, and public opinion almost solidly declares them to be inadequate. Even the Radical journals are shrinking beneath the storm, while such a sober organ as the *Daily Telegraph* is fiercely attacking the Government. A long article appears in this morning's issue of that journal, demanding that provision be made for the commencement of 30 Dreadnoughts in the next four years, for which an approximate sum of 71 millions sterling must be granted. This is declared to be the "irreducible minimum" consistent with the maintenance of the two-Power standard, and it is suggested that the enormous sum could be distributed over a period of six or seven years. The Admiralty is accused from all sides of having yielded against their better judgment to pressure from the "little Navyites."

The *Standard* learns that some days ago a petition, signed by a number of Peers and members of the Commons, was presented to the Prime Minister, calling for a searching investigation into the present conditions at the Admiralty and the naval administration in general. What the result was is not stated. The Government is doing all in its power to avert public attention from the Navy question, but with little success. It is no exaggeration to state that the country is in the throes of a naval crisis, and the rumours of a speedy General Election are cropping up again with renewed persistence.

THE DEBATE IN PARLIAMENT.

London, March 19.

The debate on the Naval Estimates was continued yesterday, the vote under discussion being that for the effective strength of 128,000 men.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Conservative member for East Worcestershire, said that the statements and assurances of the Government had not dissipated the fears that were felt on his side of the House, nor had they convinced the Opposition that the steps necessary to meet the situation had been taken. The First Sea Lord had said not long ago that they might sleep calmly ("So you may!"), from the First Lord of the Admiralty. They would sleep more calmly if the Admiralty had not been caught napping. (Hear! Hear! from the Opposition.)

The Opposition was of opinion that the Government had not realised the seriousness of the circumstances, and that their programme was not adequate to meet the demands of the situation. The two-Power standard was gone, and Great Britain's supremacy at sea was endangered.

Lieut. Bellairs, Liberal member for King's Lynn, remarked that, when he looked back at the promises and assurances given in the German Reichstag, he could not place confidence in the last statements of Secretary of State v. Tirpitz.

Mr. Lough, Radical member for West Islington, said the German people had taken no step unfriendly to England, not even with regard to their fleet. Since their great ruler came to the throne, no Englishman could point to a single unfriendly act (A voice: "The telegram!") Why harp upon a hastily written telegram? He could quote many hasty utterances made by political leaders. The policy of the Government should be to cement the friendship between the two peoples more closely.

After other members had spoken, the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. McKenna, said: "The ships that will now be laid down will be 30% better than the 'Dreadnought.' We are certain of being numerically superior in that type of ship. In March 1912 we shall be superior in a better type, and we shall be better able than Germany to build such ships."

(Continued on page 2.)

BERLIN

The vestry meeting of St. George's Church held at noon last Monday resulted in no changes in the list of officers of the Church. Mr. A. P. F. Hayman was re-elected People's Warden; Dr. Stanley Shaw was reappointed Chaplain's Warden; while Mr. Cyriacus remains in office as Substitute Warden.

There will be a special musical service in the American Church tomorrow (Sunday) evening at 8 o'clock, in place of the usual afternoon meeting. A silver collection for the benefit of the organ fund will be taken at the door.

The programme arranged for the occasion by Mr. Jason Moore, the organist and choir-master of the Church, includes the following numbers:

- Toccata and Fugue in D-minor Bach.
- Andante for violin (Spanish Symphony) Lalo.
- PETRESCU WOIKU.
- Toccata Callaerty.
- Serenade Widor-Westbrook.
- PETRESCU WOIKU.
- "There is a Green Hill Far Away" (tenor solo) Gounod.
- GEORGE MEADER.
- Allegro Symphonique Faulkes.
- "America" (Sung in Unison).

Mr. Robert Maitland, an English baritone, formerly of Berlin and now of Hamburg, gave an exceedingly successful concert here on Monday night. Unstinted praise is given by German critics to Mr. Maitland's voice and his use of it, and to his earnest conception of his art, though it is suggested that the English artist's "organ" seemed a little strained, as if the unaccustomed ordeal of singing regularly in the large auditorium of the Hamburger Stadttheater was telling on it somewhat.

Mrs. Maitland, who accompanied her husband to Berlin, was the guest of Mrs. Gülcher, Schlüter Str. 26, from Saturday to Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Adalbert Matkowsky, the English widow of the late celebrated German actor, is receiving many expressions of deep sympathy in her bereavement from English friends in Berlin.

Mrs. Ida Reman will leave Berlin on March 26 on a brief professional trip to Warsaw.

Mrs. Alice C. D. Riley, the well known American author of charming children's verses and stories, leaves in the near future for the States. Her departure will be regretted by a host of friends.

Mrs. Jessie L. Gaynor, the well known children's song-writer, has been confined to her room with illness for some days.

Dr. Alice Luce, the Principal of the Willard School, left on Thursday evening with a party of members of the school for a brief vacation in Italy.

Mrs. Olga von W. Haskell, Barbarossa Str. 42, entertained at tea on Wednesday afternoon. About thirty guests were present.

Miss Margaret Wader, Xantener Str. 14, entertained at tea on Thursday afternoon, Mrs. McElwee, Mrs. Geo. Watson, Mrs. J. A. Huttmacher, and Mrs. Putnam Griswold being among the guests. Miss Wader, who has a beautiful *coloratura* voice, rendered some songs.

"A member of this House has sharply criticised the Admiralty's intelligence department. That criticism was utterly unjustified. Within a week after the German battleships were laid down last autumn, the British Government was fully acquainted with all facts pertaining thereto. I have never said that England could commence eight ships within two months. We could do nothing of the kind, neither could Germany. I do not believe that Germany is able to build and complete a Dreadnought in three years. By December 1910 she will not have more than four completed Dreadnoughts; two further will be finished in July 1911, and the last two perhaps in August 1911. The other figures adduced by Mr. Balfour have been carefully examined by the Government and found to be inaccurate. The conclusion at which we have finally arrived is that Germany will be in possession of 13 battleships by August 1911, but not one month before. At that time we shall be in the majority."

Later in the debate Mr. Asquith made the naive admission that the newspaper statements regarding the relative naval positions of Germany and England in the near future had "filled him with surprise," and that as a result he was awaiting further official reports. He went so far as to hint that, should the press statements prove accurate, increases in the Navy Estimates might be considered by the Government.

Replying to questions from Mr. Balfour, the Prime Minister said Great Britain was ahead of any other Power, and of Germany in particular, in respect to "Dreadnoughts." A special type of ship was here in question, which in a few years would gradually place the British Fleet, the best in the history of the world, beyond competition.

Miss Gibson, of Madison, Wis., who has been studying voice production in Paris for some months, has come to Berlin to study German songs.

Miss Jessie Arndt, a young dramatic reciter well known in New Zealand, who has been spending several weeks in Berlin, is leaving at the end of this month for London. Miss Arndt, accompanied by her mother, will return in October, when they will take an apartment in Berlin for the winter.

Miss Helen Driver Hecker, a soprano of San Francisco, who is preparing for professional work, gave a recital in the Singakademie on Thursday evening, with the assistance of Mr. George Walther, the well known baritone. Many Americans were in the audience.

The latest Bulletin of the American Association of Commerce and Trade in Berlin contains the following interesting paragraph:—

"Enquiry among American agencies at Hamburg of Chicago meat packing houses concerning the so-called diseased American meat that has been discovered in London, indicates that the principal difficulty was with frozen livers, a part of which had spoiled; and it is also admitted that some were diseased. It is well known to the trade that if livers have been examined in America by government inspectors and found to be good they may spoil after shipment.

"The German publications on the subject refer to the livers as having been 'canned.' This, however, was not the case, as the London newspapers refer to them in every instance as not having been canned or preserved, but simply frozen in boxes (Kisten)."

Although little is heard outside Prussia of capital punishment within the kingdom, the law is by no means a dead letter, as statistics furnished by a contemporary show. In seven years there have been 98 executions, ten of the condemned being women. Silesia heads the list with 21 executions, followed by Brandenburg, Posen, and Rhineland. No executions take place in Berlin, the condemned being taken to the prison at Ploetzensee, in Brandenburg, where they have a standing guillotine.

A sensational trial is about to commence in Lucerne, an engineer named Richter, president of the German Swiss Union of Free Thought, being arraigned for blasphemy on the 4th of June last on the Monism of Christianity. The Court had intended to let the matter sleep, but the Procurator-General of the Federal Courts has intervened, and a date has been fixed for the trial. The Procurator-General in his requisition recalls the fact that the punishment for the offence is six months' imprisonment on bread and water, to be followed by an exile of six years.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND: Ambassador the Rt. Hon. Sir E. Goschen, G.C.V.O. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse. Office hours 11-1.—Consul-General Dr. Paul v. Schwenbach. Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Ambassador, Dr. David Jayne Hill, Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception hours 10-1.—Consul-General: Alexander M. Thakara, Esq. Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60. Office hours 10-3.

The debate continued, several members of the Opposition contending that the proposals of the Government were inadequate. Mr. Balfour will speak again on Monday.

SHIPBUILDERS' SIGNIFICANT ACTION.

London, March 18.

In view of the probable activity in naval shipbuilding anticipated for next year, the well-known shipbuilding firm of Armstrong, Whitworth and Company, of Elswick, have decided to purchase a large tract of land on the north bank of the river Tyne, below Newcastle. Here will be erected extensive yards, foundries, smithies, etc., and every appurtenance for building and equipping warships.

LONDON AND THE PARIS STRIKE.

(From our own correspondent.)

London, March 18.

For some hours on Tuesday, yesterday, and this morning the telegraph service between London and Paris was entirely suspended; not one message was able to get through. The actual loss to business caused by this occurrence is said to be very great. Great delay is also being experienced in the delivery of the French mails, which arrive spasmodically, and sometimes not at all.

Paris, March 18.

It is rumoured in the lobbies of the Chamber that, in order to put an end to the strike in the Post Office, the Government intends to bring in a Bill providing for the mobilisation of the employes

CHURCH SERVICES: BERLIN.

- St. GEORGE'S CHURCH, Mombijou Garten.
 Second Entrance: Oranienburger Strasse 76B.
 Sundays: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion.
 11 a.m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sunday in the month).
 6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
 Fridays: 11 a.m. Litany.
 Holy Days: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion.
 The Chaplain: Rev. J. H. FRY, M. A., Savigny Platz 3, Charlottenburg.
- AMERICAN CHURCH, Moltz Strasse 6.
 Nollendorf Platz.
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 4.30 p.m. Song Service.
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 First class singing lessons. + Moderate terms. + English and German.
 At home 2-4 p. m.

BERLIN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

This evening:	
Royal Opera House	Die Zauberflöte at 7.30
Royal Theatre	Maria Stuart " 7.30
Deutsches Theatre	König Lear " 7.30
"	(Kammerspiele) Der Arzt am Schindewege " 8
Lessing Theatre	Der König " 8
Berliner Theatre	Nur ein Traum " 8
New Schauspielhaus	Pech-Schulze " 8
Kleines Theatre	Moral " 8
Hebbel Theatre	Revolutionshochzeit " 8
Comic Opera	Zaza " 8
Residenz Theatre	Kümmere dich um Amelie " 8
Lustspielhaus	Im Klubessel " 8
Schiller Theatre O	Charleys Tante " 8
" Charlottenburg	Die Karolinger " 8
Frdr. Wilhelmst. Theatre	Der grosse Komet " 8
Luisen Theatre	Mein Leopold " 8
Bernhard Rose Theatre	Das vierte Gebot " 8
Trianon Theatre	Liebesgewitter " 8
Thalia Theatre	Wo wohnt sie denn? " 8
Urania Theatre	Auf den Trümmern Messinas " 8
Theatre des Westens	Der tapfere Soldat " 8
New Theatre	Die fremde Frau " 8
New Royal Opera Theatre	closed.

Every evening until further notice.

Metropol Theatre	Donnerwetter — tadellos at 8
New Operetta Theatre	Die Dollarprinzessin " 8
Wintergarten	Spezialitäten " 8
Berl. Operetten Theatre	Das Himmelbett 8.30
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten " 8
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten " 8
Folies Caprice	Insolvent 8.15
Carl Haverland Theatre	Spezialitäten " 8
Apollo Theatre	Der junge Papa (Spezialitäten) " 8
Gastspieltheatre	Sherlock Holmes " 8
Gehr. Herrenfeld Theatre	Die beiden Bindelbands " 8
Casino Theatre	Russland " 8
Bürgerl. Schauspielhaus	closed.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF COMMERCE AND TRADE IN BERLIN
 Berlin W. 8. Friedrich Strasse 59/60.
MOST COMPLETE COMMERCIAL READING ROOM in Germany
 Americans welcome.
 Geo. S. Atwood, Secretary

of the Post and Telegraph departments who are still liable to military service. The consequence of such a law would be that employes who refuse duty would be tried by Court Martial.

THE QUEEN OF ITALY INJURED.

Rome, March 19.

It has only now transpired and been confirmed by the physicians that Queen Elena of Italy sustained serious injuries during her visit to the scene of the late earthquake catastrophe in Sicily. It appears that her Majesty was caught in a crush, and had a rib broken. She is now suffering severe pain and complains of fever.

THE SHAH'S SUSPICIOUS "ACCIDENT."

Teheran, March 19.

Before setting out for a walk yesterday the Shah of Persia was engaged in buckling on a revolver, when the weapon by some means or other went off. His Majesty was wounded in the hand, but the injury is not of a serious character.—A telegram states that the Nationalists at Bender Abbas have seized the local customs house and assumed control of the municipal administration.

London, March 18.

Reuter's agent telegraphs from Teheran that the inhabitants of Bender Abbas have joined the Nationalists on the Persian Gulf.

His Envoy has left will be Bavarian Fri. A ber of t citation next, the of a cho ful love-tween U Canto of spere's pondence

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DRESDEN

His Excellency Count Montgelas, the Bavarian Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, has left Dresden on leave of absence. His duties will be performed meanwhile by Herr Reichel, the Bavarian Consul-General.

Frl. Alice Politz, a former highly-esteemed member of the Royal Theatre company, will give a recitation evening at the Künstlerhaus on Wednesday next, the 24th instant. Her programme will consist of a choice selection of the purest and most beautiful love-poems: including the recognition scene between Ulysses and Penelope, from Homer; the fifth Canto of Dante's Divina Comedia; several of Shakespeare's sonnets; examples from Bettina's correspondence with Goethe, etc.

The International Photographic Exhibition Dresden 1909 will contain a department for pathological photography, in which all that has been accomplished with the help of photography in the important sphere of the healing art will be shown. "Röntgen photography" will be represented in a comprehensive manner; for instance, by Röntgen cinematograms of the human chest in the act of breathing. There will also be pictures of subjects in the spheres of normal and pathological anatomy: of surgery and orthopedy; of ear, eye, brain, and nerve diseases; etc. For some, at least, of the visitors to the Exhibition, this department will have special interest.

If the weather is fine tomorrow morning and afternoon there will surely be lively play, and big crowds of spectators, at the Sport Park near the Nossener Brücke; where, at 10 a.m., the D.S.C. IV. are to meet the D.B.C. II.; and, at 1.30 p.m., the D.S.C. II. will try conclusions with Victoria I. Dresden. Then, at 3.30, there will be a first-class Union match between the D.S.C. I. and the F.V. Sachsen I., the result of which will be of high importance in respect of the "Gau" championship.

If nothing unforeseen occurs in the meantime, the Elbe steamers will commence the regular service: up-stream to Bodenbach, Aussig, Leitmeritz, and back; and down-stream to Meissen, Riesa, and Mühlberg, and back, on Saturday next, the 27th instant.

The guards in the city today are furnished by the Jäger battalion No. 13, whose band plays about 12.30 p.m. at the Schloss Platz.

In the *Fundamt* of the *Königliche Polizeidirektion*, Schiess Gasse 7, found articles—such as jewellery, gold or notes, purses, umbrellas, sticks, coats, clothing, bunches of keys etc.—which have been lost in the streets or squares or left in droshkes, and been given up, are kept.

The public are hereby informed of the arrangements of the *Fundamt*, and in particular that it is advisable to enquire for lost articles frequently within twelve months after the loss.

Finders of articles are reminded that they are compelled by law to give immediate notice of the finding of any article of the value of from three marks upwards, at the *Fundamt* or at the office of the Police district in which the finder resides.

It is urgently recommended that the loser of an article should make enquiry at the *Fundamt* personally, and not by a deputy who is insufficiently and perhaps not at all acquainted with the lost property.

Special lost property offices are established: for the tram-lines at Georg Platz 5; for the omnibuses at Werder Strasse 35; and at the Hauptbahnhof.

MOVEMENTS OF LINERS.
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD S. S. Co. Dresden office
Fr. Bremermann, Prager Strasse 49

YESTERDAY'S REPORTS

"Litzow," from Japan for Bremen, arrived Antwerp March 18th.
"Roon," from New York for Bremen, left New York March 18th.
"Kleist," from Japan for Hamburg, arrived Shanghai March 18th.
"Prinzregent Luitpold," from Japan for Hamburg, left Port Said March 18th.
"Goeben," from Bremen for Japan, arrived Penang March 18th.
"Königin Luise," from Genoa for New York, left Genoa March 18th.
"Seydlitz," from Bremen for Australia, passed Borkum Riff March 18th.
"Köln," from Bremen for Baltimore, passed Borkum Riff March 18th.
"Brandenburg," from Bremen for New York, passed Lizard March 18th.

YOUNG GERMAN,
finishing his apprenticeship in an export and import house in Dresden and corresponding English and French, typist, (own machine) is looking for a suitable place. Moderate salary.
Address: C. 179, Daily Record office.

TO LET: a furnished apartment with central heating, to a small family. Apply: **8, George Bähr Strasse, I. r.,** between 3 and 4 p.m.

A family, or several young girls, desirous of learning German, will be received in small family pension. Pleasant conditions and favourable terms. Pension **Marenbach, Nürnberger Platz 3, I.**

To let. Furnished Flat April 1st, 5 Rooms, Bath, Kitchen with Gas Range, Nürnberger Strasse 49, III.

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ANGLO-AMERICAN DEPARTMENT MANAGED BY QUALIFIED ENGLISH CHEMIST
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Tonbild & Theatre
of the Erste Deutsche Tonbild-Theater G. m. b. H.
Prager Strasse 47.
BRILLIANT NEW PROGRAMME.
The Art-Film
The Return of Odysseus:
an art-film by Jules Lemaître,
Member of the Académie Française.
Penelope M^{me}. Bartet
Antoniou Mons. A. Lambert fils
Odysseus Mons. Paul Mounet
The High Priest Mons. Delaunay
Members of the Comédie Française.
The performances proceed uninterruptedly from 3 p.m. till 11 p.m.

CHURCH SERVICES: DRESDEN.

ALL SAINTS' (ENGLISH) CHURCH,
Wiener Strasse.
Sunday, March 21st, 4th Sunday in Lent. 8.0 a.m. and 10.0 a.m.
Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m.
Evensong and Sermon.
Tuesday, March 23rd. 10.0 a.m. Matins.
Wednesday, March 24th. 8.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins, Litany and Address.
Thursday, March 25th. Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin Mary. 8.0 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins.
Friday, March 26th. 10.15 a.m. Holy Communion. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Litany.
Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. MOORE, M.A., B.C.L.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN,
Reichs Platz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.
Sunday, March 21st. 4th Sunday in Lent. Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Sunday School 10.0 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.
Tuesday, March 3rd. Service 4.0 p.m.
Thursday, March 25th. Service 4.0 p.m.
Friday, March 26th. Litany 3.0 p.m. Address by Mr. P. C. Boynton on some of the Benevolent Work in New York.
The Rev. J. F. BUTTERWORTH, M.A., Rector.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND (Presbyterian),
Bernhard Strasse 2,
at the corner of Bismarck and Winkelman Strasse.
Divine Service Sunday morning at 11, and evening at 6 o'clock
Communion on the third Sunday in January, March, and June
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BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.
THE BRITISH LEGATION: Wiener Strasse 38.—Minister Resident: Mansfeld de Cardonnet Findlay, Esq., C.B., C.M.G.
THE BRITISH CONSULATE: Altmarkt 16.—British Consul: H. Palmé, Esq.
THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL: Ammon Strasse 2, p. American Consul-General: T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.

NEW BOOKS.
Tauchnitz Edition to appear next week:
Vol. 4,104: "The Royal End," a Romance by Harry Harland.

DRESDEN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

Royal Opera House.
Tonight, beginning at 6, ending 10.30
Götterdämmerung.
Third day to the Trilogy: "Der Ring des Nibelungen."
By Richard Wagner.
Cast:
Siegfried Herr v. Bny.
Gunther Herr Perron.
Hagen Herr Schwarz (as guest).
Alberich Herr Plaschke.
Brünnhilde Frau Wittich.
Gutrune Fräul. Seebe.
Waltraute Fräul. v. Chavanne.
Woglinde, Wellgunde, Flosshilde, Rhine-maidens Frau Nast.
Norns Frau Bender-Schäfer.
Fräul. v. Chavanne.
Fräul. v. d. Osten.
Fräul. Keldorfer.
Sunday night Carmen at 7
Monday night La Traviata (Violetta) 7.30

Royal Theatre Neustadt.
Tonight Mrs. Dot. at 7.30
Sunday night Mrs. Dot. 7.30
Monday night Dr. Klaus 7.30

(Gewerbehaus) Orchestral Concerts.
Conductor: Herr Kapellmeister Olsen.
Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday at 7.30 p. m.
Admission 1 mark. Subscription terms: 5 tickets for 3 marks.

MUSIC AND ART NOTICES.

The programme of the music to be performed in commemoration of the birthday of J. S. Bach, at the Vespers service in the Kreuzkirche at 2 o'clock this afternoon, will be as follows: (1) Prelude and Fugue in E-minor, for organ (Peters' Ed. vol. II.). (2) "Singet dem Herrn ein neues Lied," Part 1 of Motet for two four-part choirs, (No. 1 in the edition of the Bachgesellschaft). (3) Sonata in A for violin with organ (No. 2 in the edition of the Bachgesellschaft). (4) "Singet dem Herrn ein neues Lied," Parts 2 and 3 of Motet for two four-part choirs and solo voices. All the above compositions are by Johann Sebastian Bach. The Church Choir, conducted by Herr Otto Richter, Cantor and Kgl. Musikdirektor, will be assisted by Professor Perli, violin. At the organ Herr Alfred Sittard, organist of the Kreuzkirche.

Mary Wollen, teacher at the Royal Conservatoire, will give a Musical Recital with her pupils today (Saturday) at 5 p.m., in her apartments, Hettner Strasse 2, I. Singing and recitation.

Prince and Princess Johann Georg honoured the gallery Ernst Arnold with a visit on Wednesday, and inspected the Brahms monument by Professor Klinger, as well as the works by the late Professor Leistkoff. Their Royal Highnesses the Crown Prince, Prince Friedrich Christian, and Prince Ernst Heinrich, attended by Major von O'Byrn, visited the gallery on Thursday.

Dresden Museums, etc.
Royal Picture Gallery. Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 9—5. Sundays and Holidays 11—2 free entrance. Wednesdays, Saturdays 9—8. 0.50. Mondays 9—1. 1.50.
Royal Kupperstich Kabinett (Zwinger). Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays, and Saturdays 9—2. Sundays and Holidays 11—2 free entrance. Mondays closed.
Royal Zoological and Anthropological-Ethnographical Museum (Zwinger). Sundays and Holidays, Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 11—1, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1—3 free entrance.
Royal math.-phys. Salon (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays 9—12, Sundays and Holidays free entrance. Saturdays closed.
Royal mineral, geol. and prähist. Museum (Zwinger). Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays 10—12, Wednesdays and Saturdays 1—3, Sundays and Holidays 11—1 free entrance.
Royal Collection of Porcelain (Johanneum II). Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays 9—2. 0.50. Saturdays 9—2. 1.50. Sundays and Holidays 11—2. 0.25.
Royal Collection of Sculpture in the Albertinum and An der Frauenkirche 12, I. (Cosel-Palais) In the week (except Saturdays) 9—3, Sundays and Holidays 11—2 free entrance.
Körner-Museum (Körner Strasse 7). In the week 9—2, Wednesdays and Saturdays 9—1 and 2—5, Sundays and Holidays 11—2. 0.50.
Royal popular Library (Japan Palais). In the week 9—2 and 4—6 (except Saturdays) free entrance. Sundays and Holidays closed.
Sächsischer Kunstverein (Brühlsche Terrasse). Picture exhibition German artists. Open daily 10—5, Sundays 11—2. Entrance fee 1.—; Sundays and Wednesdays 0.50.
Galerie Ernst Arnold, Schloss Strasse. Perm. Picture exhibition.

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AMERICAN TOPICS.

FIENDISH PLOT FRUSTRATED.

(From our own correspondent.)

New York, March 10.

The San Francisco police have completed a piece of exceptionally smart work, thereby rescuing a wealthy miner, Mr. James Goodwin, from the clutches of a villainous gang who had resolved to kill him and make away with his property. It appears that Goodwin, returning to Frisco (I beg pardon, San Francisco) from the mines with his pockets full of gold and his head swimming with the fumes of "sour mash," was lured by a trio of bunco-steerers, two men and a woman, to their abode and further dosed with fiery spirits. For more than two weeks they kept the unfortunate man secreted, plying him all the while with strong drink, so that at the end of that time he was practically a lunatic. One of the conspirators, named O'Leane, succeeded in getting from Goodwin a power of attorney, and thus laid the first step toward acquiring the old man's fortune of \$100,000. The men then approached Dr. Howard, a reputable physician whom O'Leane knew, and asked him, in case of Goodwin's death whether he would sign a certificate of death from alcoholism. They offered Howard \$30,000 for his services.

Howard pretended to be impressed with the proposition and arranged an interview with O'Leane and Denby at his rooms at the Hotel Stewart. Meanwhile he notified Captain of Detectives Anderson, and two sleuths were secreted behind a screen in Howard's apartment. There O'Leane and Denby offered Howard \$20,000 of Goodwin's money if he would consent to sign a certificate of natural death and thus render possible the making away with Goodwin without investigation.

In true melodramatic style the detectives sprang from behind the screen and overpowered the plotters. They were taken to the city prison and given the "third degree" all night long by the detectives. Bit by bit admissions of the plot were wrung from them. Later on the woman was arrested, while Goodwin, a wreck from the liquor with which he had been plied for the two weeks, was removed to the hospital.

A CRIME PASSIONEL.

An amazing story of a young lover's jealousy brought to boiling-point by the coquetry of his still younger sweetheart is reported from Brooklyn. It appears that Agnes Welsh had been wooed for a year by Harold Miller, aged 19, but that recently the girl, who is only 17, made the acquaintance of another beau, whom she determined to play off against Miller. So when the original swain paid his customary call one night, he was informed by the mischievous Agnes that her other admirer was due that evening. Miller naturally got riled, and the girl added fuel to his wrath by lauding the new beau up to the skies. It then appears that the girl teasingly suggested that they should play a game of parchesi, and that if Miller won he could forbid the new beau to call. Miller did not see the point of this, so he sternly refused to throw the dice. Agnes thereupon suggested she should play for both, but in the very act of shaking the dice-pot she fell screaming to the floor, dangerously wounded by a bullet fired from a revolver which the young man had furiously drawn. The youth declares the gun went off by accident. If the girl recovers, she will in future know to what lengths of teasing to go.

VAGARIES OF THE WEATHER PROPHET.

Amidst the universal gloom enshrouding Washington on Inauguration Day, there was one element of pure humour too apt to be overlooked under the depressing influence of blinding blizzard and soaking slush. But now, having recovered from its fit of "the blues," all Washington is laughing at unfortunate Mr. Willis Moore, chief of the Weather Bureau. This amiable official, desirous of adding to Mr. Taft's peace of mind on the eve of the eventful ceremony, went out of his way to telegraph the following prognostication to White House: "It will be a clear day (for the Inauguration), with plenty of sunshine and invigorating air. The temperature will range between 35 and 40 degrees, and every indication points to the best weather conditions." What jovial Mr. Taft's feelings must have been next morning when he drew his window curtains and gazed out blankly upon the blinding snow-storm, and watched the mercury hovering gaily around in the region of zero, is better imagined than described. It says much for his self-control that he did not issue orders for the immediate lynching of poor Chief Moore. Whether that official has since ventured to raise his head is questionable. To forecast the best weather conditions for a day which certainly proved the worst that Washington had experienced for a decade or more, is a flight to which only the weather expert may soar. His cloudy elevation doubtless renders him immune from the acrid criticism of us poor suburbanaries.

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4, See Strasse 4,

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SHIPPING NEWS.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.

Next Departures for New York:

S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II." via Southampton and Cherbourg, March 23rd.

S. S. "Main," direct, March 27th.

S. S. "Kronprinz Wilhelm," via Southampton and Cherbourg, March 30th.

S. S. "Gneisenau," direct, April 3rd.

For Baltimore:

S. S. "Main," via New York, March 27th.

S. S. "Hannover," direct, April 8th.

S. S. "Rhein," direct, March 22nd.

For Galveston:

S. S. "Hannover," via Baltimore, April 8th.

S. S. "Frankfurt," via Baltimore, April 29th.

S. S. "Köln," via Baltimore, March 20th.

For China, Japan:

S. S. "Derfflinger," March 25th.

S. S. "Prinz Eitel Friedrich," from Hamburg, March 25th.

S. S. "Lützow," April 7th.

S. S. "Prinzregent Luitpold," from Hamburg, April 22nd.

For Australia:

S. S. "Scharnhorst," April 16th.

S. S. "Gneisenau," May 14th.

When American Mails are due in Dresden:

By S. S. "Philadelphia," March 22nd (American Line).

By S. S. "Mauretania," March 25th (Cunard Line).

By S. S. "La Provence," March 27th (French Line).

Apply to Fr. Bremermann, Cabin Booking office, Reading Room, Dresden, Prager Strasse 49, near Hauptbahnhof.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Southerly to south-westerly winds, cloudy but no heavy showers, somewhat warmer.

INTER-RACIAL MARRIAGES.

A Detroit newspaper publishes a telegram from Ithaca, Mich., that Bert and Leonard Nicholson, brothers and both coloured, were married there to white girls. Miss Rose Saunders, daughter of a prominent Emerson farmer, became the wife of Bert, and Miss Carrie Cole, of Temple, was wedded to Leonard. Justice Myers performed the ceremonies.

BLACK HAND MURDER.

ITS AUTHORSHIP STILL A MYSTERY.

Rome, March 17.

With reference to the murder of Mr. Petrosino, the *Tribuna* recalls the fact that the Director-General of Police, foreseeing the dangers to which the American detective would be exposed, offered him a police escort, which Mr. Petrosino refused, saying with a smile: "I will go about alone; it is not the first time I have worked in Italy."

The *Tribuna* says that Mr. Petrosino, when he came to Italy, wished to acquire a closer acquaintance with the Mafia, which might be of use to him in his work in New York. This was why he examined the criminal records at Palermo, and was proceeding to study those of the towns in the interior of Sicily.

As regards the perpetrators of the murder, the *Tribuna* does not think that it was the work of the New York Association, or that it was committed by some one who had followed the detective from New York, or was acting upon orders. The journal repudiates the suggestion that Mr. Petrosino was betrayed by persons in the confidence of the Italian police. It says it has reason to suppose that Mr. Petrosino at Palermo and Caltanissetta occupied himself too much with shadowing two dangerous criminals who had returned from America, and had been noticed among the looters at Messina after the earthquake. He pursued them so closely that he even entered into relation with their confidants, who naturally recognised who he was. It will shortly be known whether these men were the murderers.

The *Tribuna* adds that another hypothesis cannot be excluded, namely, that the Mafia being informed of Mr. Petrosino's presence in Sicily, decided to suppress him spontaneously, in order to avoid his attentions, without having received any instructions to the effect from America.

Rome, March 17.

Mr. Griscom, the United States Ambassador, has made representations to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs regarding the murder of Mr. Petrosino at Palermo, urging that the greatest energy should be used to discover the murderers and bring them to justice.

Rome, March 17.

Telegrams from Palermo and other Sicilian towns state that the announcement of the impending arrival of other American detectives to carry on the work of Petrosino, has greatly excited the Mafia organisation, and the threat is openly made that the newcomers will share their colleague's fate.

Petrosino's body was embalmed yesterday, and the magisterial examination of Signor Palizzolo and other Sicilians who knew the deceased, was continued.

U.S. AND THE CENTRAL REPUBLICS.

CASTRO'S DESIGNS.

The New York correspondent of the *Globe* reports that dispatches from Caracas state that the Government agents in Europe who have been watching ex-President Castro, have reported that he is undoubtedly in relations with leading men in Venezuela, and that he contemplates an attempt to regain power. It is believed that the Caracas Government will shortly address a note to the British, Dutch, and Colombian Governments, asking their good offices to prevent Castro from making any use of their territories, to fit out an expedition, or to direct thence a revolutionary movement within the Republic.

It is thought that the present unrest in Central America may give Castro an opportunity of securing an ally, and Nicaragua is suggested as willing to enter upon such a policy of adventure, but although the fallen Venezuelan Dictator has friends in several of the Central American Republics, it is doubtful whether any one of them would couple its fortunes with Castro's now that he is no longer in the glamour of uninterrupted success and undisputed power. Moreover, the trouble in Central America will not be permitted by the Washington Government to last long.

American warships are at present on the way to the disturbed area with orders to restore peace, by force if need be. There will be no pretence of the exaggerated courtesy which only a few years ago repeatedly prevented effective action by the United States, through fear of wounding the patriotic susceptibilities of half-caste Central American Republican generals and statesmen.

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