

Office:  
Struve Str. 5, I.  
Dresden A.  
Telephone  
1755.

# The Daily Record

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and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

No 966.

DRESDEN, THURSDAY, APRIL 15, 1909.

10 PFENNIGS.

The Daily Record is delivered by hand in Dresden, and may be ordered at any Post Office throughout the German Empire. It is published daily, excepting Mondays and days following legal holidays in Dresden.

Monthly Subscription Rates: For Dresden, mark 1.—; for the rest of Germany and Austria, mark 1.20. For other countries, marks 2.50.

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## THE OTTOMAN OUTBREAK.

The military revolution which has broken out at Constantinople will not come as a surprise to anybody who has followed the course of events there since the bloodless uprising which abolished the Sultan's autocratic despotism and introduced constitutional rule in a single day last autumn. Indeed, it is surprising that the hastily built structure of artificial order should have endured for so long. The Young Turks were responsible for the first change, and they are equally responsible for this debacle. Undue conceit is a complaint that is apt to afflict all successful reformers, as history teaches us; and the Young Turks have certainly proved themselves no exception to the rule. The motives which actuated their labour prior to the introduction of the constitution were undoubtedly of the purest and loftiest. They saw their Fatherland groaning under the intolerable tyranny of a harsh ruler in an age when freedom and individual liberty were the universal watchwords, and they accordingly concentrated their entire energy in the effort to break their galling chains. How well they succeeded the world knows, but immediately afterwards they committed the fatal error which now bids fair to ruin them and their cause utterly. The intrigues that were necessary to accomplish the ends in view under the old régime were out of place in the new order of things. The nation was grateful to the Young Turks for crushing despotism, but its gratitude did not go to the extent of permitting the substitution of collective for individual tyranny. They disregarded and persistently snubbed the military element, which after all is the predominant element even in regenerate Turkey. Now they are paying for their lack of foresight, and the reactionaries have an excellent opportunity of restoring the old régime under which they flourished and grew fat. If, as our telegrams appear to indicate, the revolution should end as suddenly as it appeared, the Young Turks will still have suffered an irretrievable blow to their short-lived prestige, but their blunders have been so consistent and glaring that the world is unlikely to waste much sympathy upon them.

## THE HOPE OF HOLLAND.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

The Hague, April 13.

As the days pass the excitement amongst the people here and all over Holland visibly increases. Disappointment is writ large over many faces, while others maintain their optimism. It will be remembered that Queen Wilhelmina announced her intention not to sign documents or otherwise attend to State business between April 10th and 15th, and it was therefore hoped that the eagerly looked for event would occur within that period. It is now the 15th, and nothing has happened. But in well-informed quarters there are signs of satisfaction, which apparently point to great expectations shortly to be realised. During the Easter holidays several special services were held in the local churches, and special prayers were offered for the Queen's safety and a happy issue.

## CASTRO AS ISHMAEL.

Copenhagen, April 14.

The Danish Government, in accordance with the attitude assumed towards General Castro by other European Powers and the United States, has instructed the Governor of the Danish West Indies not to allow him to land on the islands.



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## ENGLAND AND JAPAN.

“RELATIONS NEVER MORE CORDIAL.”

(DAILY RECORD CORRESPONDENT.)

London, April 13.

More amusement than irritation has been created here by the painstaking efforts of one or two Viennese and Berlin journals to convince their readers that the alliance between Great Britain and Japan will shortly be denounced by the latter signatory owing to Japanese mistrust of her partner's friendly understanding with Russia. The *Vossische Zeitung*, for instance, declared that Japan had given confidential information to the Governments of other Powers that the dissolution of the Anglo-Japanese alliance would soon ensue. “Japan,” gravely asserted the *Vossische Zeitung*, “considers that she was seriously endangered by the attitude of her ally during the Russo-Japanese negotiations which ended in the peace of Portsmouth.” As these sensational reports emanated from Vienna, the motive is as obvious as it is excusable in view of the present situation.

Unfortunately for the would-be mischief-makers, however, Baron Kurino, the Japanese Ambassador in Paris, has authorised one of the newspapers to deny the reports published abroad to the effect that Japan intends to denounce the alliance with Great Britain. The Ambassador declared that the relations between the two Powers had never been more cordial than they were at the present time. Foiled in this direction, the mischief-makers will doubtless revert to their attempts to sow discord between Russia and England, using the Persian situation as a lever. Here again, however, they are not likely to meet with much success, as there is perfect agreement between the Cabinets of St. Petersburg and London concerning the mutual attitude to be adopted towards the Persian situation.

London, Later.

Mr. Kato, the Japanese Ambassador in London, gives an emphatic contradiction to the reports emanating from Berlin to the effect that Japan intends to terminate the Anglo-Japanese alliance. His Excellency states: “There is not a word of truth in the mischievous rumour, which is not worth the paper on which it was written. You may give it a categorical denial.”

## AUSTRIA DEMOBILISES HER TROOPS.

Vienna, April 14.

The War Minister has issued orders that all reservists concentrated in the frontier districts shall be returned to their respective homes, and military conditions reduced to the ordinary peace footing. In Bosnia and Herzegovina only sufficient troops will be retained to ensure the maintenance of the peaceful situation which at present prevails.

London, April 13.

Reuter reports that the British Government yesterday informed the Austro-Hungarian Government that it is prepared to assent to the annulment of Article XXV. of the Berlin treaty.

## THE TURKISH MUTINY.

STATESMEN AND OFFICERS MURDERED.

The news from Constantinople yesterday left no doubt that the reaction from the peaceful revolution of last year which was confidently predicted by students of Turkish politics has come with alarming suddenness and violence. As is usual in events of this kind, the reports are numerous and contradictory, but we are able to print a series of despatches which throw a lurid light on the situation. Pera, whence the telegrams are dated, is a suburb of Constantinople:—

(FROM WOLFF'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

Pera, April 13.

There is no doubt as to the reactionary character of the military revolt. The troops hostile to the Government, about 5,000 strong, are occupying the Parliament building. The mutineers are commanded by sergeants, as they have kept all their officers prisoners in the barracks. The Committee has only the Saloniki light infantry at its disposal. A sanguinary collision is hourly expected, but the reports that one such has already occurred, are false. Two officers only have been killed on the Stamboul bridge. All the shops are shut. The streets are crowded, and great excitement prevails.

Constantinople, April 14.

The President of the Turkish Chamber sent a letter to the Porte last night, saying that he believed he would be rendering a service to the Fatherland by resigning. One of the Deputies who had distinguished himself by his ardent prosecution of Young Turk principles, has just been murdered by the mutinous soldiers. Large bodies of troops are passing to and from Constantinople, including several officers. The actual attitude of the officers is uncertain.

Constantinople; Later.

The Minister of Justice has been butchered, the Minister of Marine wounded, and the Minister of War taken prisoner by the troops. The number of politicians and others so far killed is 17, and 30 more have been wounded. The mutineers have barred the streets leading to the Parliament buildings and are erecting barricades.

Marshal Edhem Pasha has been proclaimed War Minister, his appointment being received with loud cheers from the soldiers. The reading of an Irade from the Sultan by his secretary before the Parliament buildings caused an ovation. It is reported that the Sultan has accepted the resignation of the Cabinet. The situation appears more favourable at the time of telegraphing. Measures are being taken to maintain order and to guard the national welfare. The troops have been promised freedom from punishment. The authorities are exhorting them to return to their barracks, and the people to their ordinary affairs.

Pera, April 13, 1 p.m.

The Sheik ul Islam has been negotiating with the mutineers on behalf of the Government. It is reported that the soldiers protested against the introduction of liberal reforms, demanding the keeping holy of the Scheria law and the dissolution of the young-Turk Committee. They are said also to have expressed distrust of the President of the Chamber, Achmed Riza, and to wish for the appointment of Mustafa Pasha Assen as President and of Schrab, an Armenian, as Vice-President. For themselves, the mutineers demand freedom from punishment, the recognition of their motives as

(Continued on page 4.)

# BERLIN

Mr. Gardner Lamson, of Boston, whose contract to sing as "heroic baritone" at the Stadttheater in Trier was recently announced in the *Daily Record*, was engaged, it appears, as the result of a brilliantly successful trial performance in Trier last month. Press and public were unanimous from the outset in their enthusiastic reception of the American baritone, and the Stadttheater authorities have now confirmed this spontaneous approval in a practical manner.

Mr. Lamson sang the rôle of *Tonio* in "Bajazzo." The impression he made is vividly enough expressed in the following, from the *Triersche Landeszeitung*:

"This artist, so unmistakably American in both face and figure, took the rôle of *Tonio* with a *Darstellungskunst* that was nothing short of *genial*, notwithstanding slight defects of "Aus-sprache." Mr. Lamson raised his *Tonio* far above the clumsy yokel as which he is generally depicted. What a fund of deep, subjective expression he put into the prologue alone! And how *erschütternd* his 'Geh' nach Hause! Die Comodie ist aus! That," concludes the critic, "is *wahrer Verismo!*"

The Trier Stadttheater is beginning to take an exceedingly high stand musically under its present Director, Herr Tietjen, who has managed to develop its possibilities as an opera-house incredibly during his two years' administration. Three complete cycles of the "Ring" were given last season, within five weeks, to full houses—a fact which speaks for itself. Next season all the Wagner operas will be given, Mr. Gardner Lamson taking the rôle of "heroic baritone" throughout. He expects to sing in from twenty-five to thirty different operas.

Mr. and Mrs. Gardner Lamson have made many friends in the American Colony during the past winter spent in Berlin. Mr. Lamson, who, by the way, is a Harvard graduate, is well known in Boston as a singer, especially in oratorio. He has lately been singing in opera in Dortmund and Coblenz with great success.

Mrs. A. M. Thackara, the wife of the American Consul-General, with Miss Eleanor Thackara, left yesterday (Wednesday) morning for a trip to Munich, which will possibly be extended to a short tour of other cities of South Germany.

On account of the reception given by Mrs. Hill at the American Embassy this afternoon, Mrs. J. F. Dickie will omit her reception announced for today, but will receive on Thursday, April 22, from 4 to 6 p.m. and again on April 29.

Mrs. Arthur Hayman, Gitschiner Strasse 19, will for the present discontinue her day "At Home" (2nd and 4th Thursday).

Miss Lucy Gates, the young American soprano who has just signed a five years' contract at the Berlin Royal Opera, makes her début next Saturday (April 17) as *Aennchen* in "Freischütz."

Countess von Linden entertained friends at tea on Tuesday afternoon at the Hotel Esplanade.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Hessenberg, Kurfürsten Str. 128, are expected back daily from their visit to London, which has been extended much beyond their original intentions.

We regret to state that Mrs. G. Oscar Lehmann, Belziger Strasse 25, has received news of the death of her father, Mr. van Slooten, of Oldenburg. Mr. van Slooten died last Friday.

Madame Schumann-Heinck has been engaged to sing at the big annual musical festival, the first of its kind, which is being arranged for June 4 by the North Western University.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert A. White entertained at luncheon at the Hotel Esplanade on Sunday for Mr. and Mrs. William Rapp (Madame Schumann-Heinck). The other guests included: Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Abell and Madame Blanche Corelli.

## THE KAISER'S HOLIDAY.

Munich, April 14.

The special train conveying the Emperor of Germany arrived here yesterday evening at 10 o'clock. A number of persons gathered at the station to greet his Majesty, including the Prussian Minister and the Prince Regent's Aide de Camp, who greeted the Emperor in the name of the Prince. The journey was continued a few minutes later.

Athens, April 14.

Today the King of Greece, Crown Princess Sophia, and the Grand Duchess Maria Paulovna leave for Corfu to welcome the Kaiser.

The German Emperor and Empress arrived at Botzen at 5.22 yesterday morning, and, after waiting for the second part of the train to arrive, continued their journey at 5.45 o'clock. A reception had been forbidden, and the station was kept closed.

The Imperial travellers reached Venice at noon yesterday, and were met by Prince Bülow, the German Ambassador Count Monts, and other officials.

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On Friday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Arthur M. Abell entertained at a reception to meet Madame Schumann-Heinck. Although invitations were issued at three days' notice only, to accommodate the celebrated singer, about seventy guests attended, drawn chiefly from German musical circles. Frau Schumann-Heinck's charm of personality, Austrian "Liebenswürdigkeit" combined with American frankness, made instantaneous friends on all sides. She seemed thoroughly delighted to meet and know everyone. Someone present compared her to the sun, irradiating warmth and pleasure.

The guests of the afternoon included:—  
Mr. and Mrs. Ferruccio Busoni, Mr. William Rapp, Sergei Kusnezsky, the famous contre-bass virtuoso; E. N. von Pecnick, Conductor of the Warsaw Philharmonic orchestra; Kapellmeister Robert Laugs, who is conducting the symphony concerts at the Berlin Royal Opera in place of Richard Strauss; Hofkapellmeister Lowe and Mme. Lowe, Frau Lilli Petschnikoff; Frau Conrad Ansoerge; Frau Dr. Marie Ipses-Speet; Hugo Kaun, Frau Professor Ida Lürig; Frau Professor Julius Schulhoff, the widow of the celebrated pianist; Fräulein v. Santen, the well known teacher of Tilly Koenen; Baroness von Horst; Director Fritz Masbach; Alberto Jonas; Mrs. Arthur van Eweyk; Mr. and Mrs. Herbert A. White; Miss Frances MacElwee and Mr. McElwee; Miss Katherine Hoffman; Dr. Fraenkel-Heiden, the Hon. President of the Philharmonic Society at Paris; Madame Blanche Corelli; Mr. and Mrs. Issay-Barmas; Edith von Voigtländer; Miss Helen Allyn, of Chicago; Miss Florence Huebner, of Seattle; Mrs. Katherine Gray, of Minnesota; and Dr. Alfred Heine.

Alexander Heinemann, who was to have sung, was unfortunately prevented, owing to illness.

The next regular Saturday evening meeting of the Anglo-American Medical Association (April 17) will be entirely in the nature of a business meeting, omitting the usual medical address by a distinguished physician. Dr. J. H. Honan will tender his formal resignation as president of the association, and it is expected that the election of a new president will take place. The members of the Association last Saturday resolved upon the presentation of a silver cup to Dr. Honan in recognition of his services to the organization.

Mrs. Clinton L. Babcock's little son, who has lately been so critically ill, is now considered quite out of danger.

English people are frequently assured by their German friends that the great English poets are far better understood, appreciated, and studied in Germany than in their native land. It may be so, but at least the German essayists should acquaint themselves with the actual names of the poets before committing themselves to print. Thus the *Berliner Tageblatt*, in its evening edition of last Saturday, prints a eulogy of one "Charles Algernon Swinburne," whom we gather was a poet. We have certainly read and appreciated the writings of the late Algernon Charles Swinburne, and presumably the deceased poet mentioned in the *Tageblatt's* obituary notice was not unconnected with the Swinburne of our acquaintance.

Mr. Henry Happold, English Solicitor, has offices at Französische Strasse 43, Berlin. International, Private, and Commercial matters.

## TERRIBLE FIRE AT ROCHESTER (N.Y.).

Rochester (New York), April 14.

A widespread and devastating fire broke out in the easterly part of the town yesterday, and consumed whole blocks of houses and many public buildings, churches, etc. The neighbouring towns of Syracuse and Buffalo at once despatched firemen and engines to Rochester to battle with the flames, and the State Militia were called out to prevent looting. Many buildings were blown up with dynamite to prevent the flames spreading. Towards evening the fire was got under control, but not before a large part of the town had been laid in ashes. Many hundreds of people have been rendered shelterless. The material loss is enormous, but fortunately no casualties have so far been reported.

## THE AMERICAN WHEAT CORNER.

New York, April 14.

An official receiver has been appointed for the stockbroking firm of Ennis and Stoppam, with connections at Chicago. The liabilities amount to

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Sundays: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion,  
11 a.m. Matins and Sermon (followed by a second  
Celebration on 1st, 3rd, and 5th Sunday in  
the month).  
6 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.  
Fridays: 11 a.m. Litany.  
Holy Days: 9 a.m. Celebration of Holy Communion.  
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Sir E. Goschen, G.C.V.O. Embassy, 70 Wilhelm Strasse.  
Office hours 11-1—Consul-General Dr. Paul v. Schwabach.  
Consulate, Behrens Strasse 63. Office hours 10-12 and 4-5.  
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA: Ambassador, Dr. David  
Jayne Hill, Embassy, Unter den Linden 68. Reception  
hours 10-1.—Consul-General: Alexander M. Thackara, Esq.  
Consulate, Friedrich Strasse 59/60. Office hours 10-3.

## BERLIN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

This evening:		
Royal Opera House	Carmen	at 7.30
Royal Theatre	Iphigenie auf Tauris	7.30
Deutsches Theatre	Faust	7.30
" "	(Kammerspiele) Der Arzt am Scheidewege	8
Lessing Theatre	Griselda	7.30
Berliner Theatre	Einer von unsere Leut.	8
New Schauspielhaus	Pech-Schulze	8
Kleines Theater	Moral.	8
Hebbel Theatre	Die Möve	8
Comic Opera	Hoffmanns Erzählungen	8
Residenz Theatre	Kümmere dich um Amelie	8
Lustspielhaus	Im Klubsaal	8
Schiller Theatre O	Die Welt, in der man sich lang- weilt	8
" " Charlotten- burg	Macbeth	8
Frdr. Wilhelmst. Theatre	Der grosse Komet	8
Luisen Theatre	Der Totschläger	8
Bernhard Rose Theatre	Reiterattache	8
Trianon Theatre	Liebesgewitter	8
Thalia Theatre	Wo wohnt sie denn?	8
Urania Theatre	Auf den Trümmern Messinas	8
Theatre des Westens	Der Jokeyklub	8
New Theatre	Eines Engländer's Heim	8
New Royal Opera Theatre	closed.	
Every evening until further notice.		
Metropol Theatre	Donnerwetter — tadello	at 8
New Operetta Theatre	Die Dollarprinzessin	8
Wintergarten	Spezialitäten	8
Bgl. Operetten Theatre	Das Himmelbett	8.30
Passage Theatre	Spezialitäten	8
Walhalla Theatre	Spezialitäten	8
Folies Caprice	Das Lied vom braven Manne	8.15
Carl Haverland Theatre	Spezialitäten	8
Apollo Theatre	Spezialitäten	8
Gastspieltheatre	Der Hund von Baskerville	8
Gebr. Herrenfeld Theatre	Meine-Deine Tochter. Der selige Niemann	8
Casino Theatre	Ackermann	8
Reichshallen Theater	Stettiner Sänger	8

1,500,000 dollars, the assets to 100,000 dollars. Stoppage of payment by the firm is attributed to the failure of speculations in wheat.

## FRENCH MILITARY MUTINY.

Paris, April 14.

The inmates of the Reformatory at Gaillon, near Rouen, mutinied yesterday and attacked their warders, injuring several of them. After twelve hours' resistance they surrendered to the troops who had been summoned by the Director. Only 7, out of 18 of the culprits who escaped and have been committing thefts and deeds of violence in the surrounding villages, have as yet been recaptured.

## MONKEY'S MEMORY.

During a performance in a variety theatre at Copenhagen a monkey named Morits suddenly sprang off the stage and threw himself into the arms of a man in the audience. It was discovered that the man had been Morits' master four years ago.

# DRESDEN

King Friedrich August yesterday gave audience to Baron von Braun, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Austria-Hungary, who presented his letter of recall. A guard of honour of the Royal Gardereiter regiment drawn up at the entrance to the Royal apartments paid the military honours. After the audience his Majesty, who was accompanied by Princess Johann Georg and attended by the ladies and gentlemen of the Court in waiting, received Baroness von Braun. The Baron and Baroness, with Count Tibor Szápáry and Geheimrat von Stieglitz, of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy, were afterwards entertained by his Majesty at luncheon; and later Baron and Baroness von Braun were received by Princess Mathilde in the Taschenberg palace.

Prince Max, King Friedrich August's brother, who is professor of theology at the University of Freiburg, in Switzerland, arrived in Dresden at 8.6 a.m. on Tuesday for a short stay.

It was reported yesterday that the prince had become indisposed, and was suffering from fever and catarrhal symptoms. His condition necessitates the greatest care, and he will be compelled to keep to his bed for some days.

The Rector of the American Church of St. John desires to thank the worshippers and friends of the Church for their generous thankofferings which amounted on Easter Day to 2,100 marks.

Today is the last day on which dogs must be led with a line in the streets of Dresden this season. Henceforth they are permitted to run loose, though the muzzles must of course be retained.

The guards in the city today are furnished by 2nd Grenadier regiment No. 101, whose band plays about 12.30 p.m. in the Neustadt.

## HOCKEY.

### END OF THE AUSTRIAN TOUR.

(DAILY RECORD CORRESPONDENT.)

Vienna, April 13.

The third and last game of the Dresden Akademische Sport Club's tour was played here yesterday (Easter Monday) morning against the Vienna Cricket and Football Club, the score being:—

Dresden 7, Vienna 2.

This match was not contested in quite the same spirit as the previous ones; the ground was small and in very bad condition, being rough and stony, and the Cricketers had not much knowledge of the game. In consequence, the Dresden team took matters somewhat easily, and won as stated above. Goals were scored by: Rhodes 3, Norman 3, and Baring-Gould 1.

The same team played in all the matches and was composed as follows:—

E. Beer, D. Rhodes, J. Blich, R. D. Norman, B. A. Bly, L. Lindemann, B. A. Johnson, E. Baring-Gould, R. Knoop, E. G. Sandon, A. Jacobi.

The tour was a great success, both from a hockey standpoint and from a social one. After the first game the team got together and made a very formidable side. The old members of the team all played very soundly, and the new members—Lindemann, Blich, and Baring-Gould II.—were very useful, the last-mentioned being at times brilliant.

The team travelled under the able management of Mr. R. Knoop, who fulfilled his arduous duties with the greatest zeal and care.

The Vienna Athletic Club has improved wonderfully, and this time played consistently a most sportsmanlike game.

A word as to their hospitality.—Seldom has a team been entertained with such munificence and their slightest wants catered for with such care. It would be indeed ungenerous not to add how much the Dresden visitors appreciated the kindness and attention of their genial hosts.

May the Vienna Club long continue to further the interests of hockey in Austria!

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### PEDESTRIANISM IN DRESDEN.

This year's light athletic sport season will begin on Sunday, the 18th instant, with the national sports of the Dresden Football Club on their ground near the Windmühlen Strasse. Among the competitors will be the famous runner Lightbody; and special interest will be added to the meeting by the fact that a military march competition will take place at the same time over a course of about 30 kilometres, the competitors carrying rifle and bayonet and full marching kit, a total weight of about 62 pounds. The starting point for this competition will be the Grenadier Barracks in the Albertstadt, and the time of starting 12 noon. The course is through Heidemühle, Radeberg, Lotzdorf, Langebrück, and Klotzsche, to the Windmühlen Strasse Sportplatz, where the first arrivals may be expected about 4 o'clock. These pedestrian competitions have been held in Berlin for some years past, and it is intended to hold them every year in Dresden. We learn that great interest is taken in it among the regiments in garrison here, and that the number of military entries is large, over 100. If a soldier wins the prize, in spite of the superior training that civilian competitors may be supposed to have, it will be much to the credit of the Saxon army, as the civilians

will certainly include picked representatives of the many athletic and gymnastic societies that Dresden boasts, as well as prize-winners from other places. It may be noted that the walking "record" time for 20 miles (32 kilometres) in England, without carrying any weight at all except that of the lightest possible clothing, is 2 hours, 39 minutes, and 57 seconds; a record made 22 years ago. The 10 miles walking race at the Olympian games in London last year was won by an Englishman in 1 hour, 15 minutes, and 57 seconds. In England the "gait" must be "fair toe-and-heel"; for the competition on Sunday next the style of going is, we believe, optional.

## DRESDEN CURRENT ENTERTAINMENTS.

### Royal Opera House.

Tonight, beginning at 7.30, ending about 10.15

#### Mignon.

Opera in three acts. Music by Ambrose Thomas.

#### Cast:

Wilhelm Meister	Herr Grosch.
Lothario	Herr Perron.
Laertes	Herr Nebuschka.
Friedrich	Herr Erl.
Jarno	Herr Wachter.
Antonio	Herr Ernst.
Mignon	Frau Nast.
Philine	Frau Siems.
A servant	Herr Markgraf.
Zafari	Herr Meyer.
The Souffleur	Herr Seiler.

PLOT. Lothario, disguised as a minstrel, is seeking his daughter, Sperata. He tries to protect Mignon, a gipsy, who is being ill-treated by the band, but Jarno, the chief of the gipsies, scorns him, and a youth, Wilhelm Meister, buys Mignon out of pity from him. Out of gratitude for the rescue follows love for her rescuer. Wilhelm is staying with a band of comedians. Philine, one of the troupe, loves him, and Mignon in her jealousy is about to drown herself, but is restrained by hearing Lothario's cry. Mignon induces Lothario to set fire to the house where Philine is playing. The guests all rush out, and Philine asks Mignon to fetch her nosegay which she has left behind. Mignon, who is now full of remorse, goes into the burning house, but Wilhelm rushes in and rescues her. Lothario, who is Marquis of Cyprus, discovers Mignon to be his lost daughter Sperata. Wilhelm has come to love her, and Philine bestowing her affections on another suitor, Friedrich, Wilhelm and Mignon are united.

Friday night	Der fliegende Holländer	at 7.30
Saturday night	Die lustigen Weiber von Windsor	7.30
Sunday night	Tiefand	7.30
Monday night	Stegfried	6

### Royal Theatre Neustadt.

Tonight	Mrs. Dot	at 7.30
Friday night	Der Raub der Sabinerinnen	7.30
Saturday night	The Merchant of Venice	7.30
Sunday night	Fuhrmann Henschel	7.30
Monday night	Zopf und Schwert	7.30

### BRITISH AND AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVES.

**THE BRITISH LEGATION:** Wiener Strasse 38.—Minister Resident: Mansfeld de Cardonnel Findlay, Esq., C.B., C.M.G.  
**THE BRITISH CONSULATE:** Altmarkt 16.—British Consul: H. Palmé, Esq.  
**THE AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL:** Ammon Strasse 2, p. American Consul-General: T. St. John Gaffney, Esq.

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(Continued from page 1.)

patriotic, and the setting apart of a week for a people's fraternisation fête. The Sheik ul Islam communicated these demands to the Cabinet, and drove back about noon to the Parliament with the Ministers' reply. The mutineers allow the members of the Chamber to come and go as they please. The President of the Chamber is also there. A great number of false reports are in circulation. Nearly all the garrison has mutinied. The Government has only one battalion and three or four guns at its disposal. Reports are contradictory as to the attitude of the Saloniki light infantry.

London, April 14.

Reuter reports from Constantinople that the Cabinet has resigned, and that the Sultan has entrusted Kiamil Pasha, the former Grand Vizier, with the arrangement of the new Cabinet.

(WOLFF'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

Pera, April 13, 2 p.m.

It is now reported that the Saloniki light infantry have made common cause with the mutineers. The situation is very serious.

Pera, April 14.

The course of the proceedings yesterday was as follows: In the morning the two battalions stationed in the Seraskierate marched through Divanolu street to the San Sofia mosque and the Parliament building. Very few officers were to be seen with them, the rest being prisoners in the barracks. The military guard at the Parliament building was relieved and its officers bound; and the guard at the Porte was similarly treated. Great crowds of people then joined the mutineers, to the number of about 100,000, and these occupied the Hippodrome square and the streets leading to the Parliament. The new bridge is blocked, and the old bridge kept free for the military. The troops and the people demand the re-establishment of the Scheria law, the dismissal of the Grand Vizier and of the Minister of War, and the removal of the President of the Chamber, Achmed Riza. Later 6,000 Softas joined the crowd, occupying the mosque Mohammed Fati, and declaring that they would there await the re-establishment of the Scheria law. The telegraphic connections in the town and suburbs have been broken. Some officers belonging to the Committee are said to have been killed. About half-past 10 o'clock 22 guns were taken from Pera to Stambul. The attitude of the Artillery will probably be of decisive importance for the movement. It is positively stated that the movement proceeds from the Committee Ittahi Mohammed (Unity of Islam), which was formed a few weeks ago. It appears that some of the Saloniki light infantry have joined the mutineers. The Ministers are at the Porte, and wish at present to deal amicably with the leaders of the movement. When the Sheik ul Islam returned to the Parliament, the mutineers paid him military honours.

Constantinople, April 13, 9 p.m.

The Commander of the Army Corps has assembled 34 battalions with 22 guns at the Ministry of War, and almost the whole of the cavalry has remained loyal. The latter, however, appears to be no longer quite trustworthy in the hands of its officers. The ultimatum sent to the mutinous troops by the Corps Commander was without effect, as they are conscious of their strength. The increase of religious feeling and corresponding demonstrations by Mussulman priests are causing anxiety.

## ORDER BEING RESTORED.

Pera, April 14.

Perfect quiet prevails. The city wears its wonted aspect.

The artillery and rifle fire heard yesterday was, all fears to the contrary notwithstanding, only a *feu de joie*. The Minister of Justice, a member of the Chamber, Haralan, and a few officers who set themselves in opposition to the mutineers, were killed. The Minister of War and the Minister of Marine are said to have been severely wounded. The President of the Chamber and the deputy Hussein have fled. The power of the young-Turk Committee seems to be quite destroyed.

The sensational reports of the Europeans being in danger are unfounded. The correspondent of the Vienna *Telegraphische Korrespondenz* and the dragoon of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy were able after midnight to move freely about among the soldiers who, without officers, were returning in groups to their barracks, firing blank cartridges. The *feu de joie* was in honour of the Irade on the resignation of the Ministry.

## THE BRITISH NAVY.

London, April 13.

The newspapers say that the steam trawlers acquired by the Admiralty for the fleet are to be used for finding submarine mines, and for proving how far the trawl-net is capable of detaching the mines from their moorings. Blank mines have been laid by a gunboat, and experiments then made by the steam trawlers have in all respects been successful.

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Wiener Strasse.

Thursday, April 15th. *Thursday in the Octave.* 8.0 a.m. Holy Eucharist.

Friday, April 16th. *Friday in the Octave.* 10.15 a.m. Holy Eucharist.

Saturday, April 17th. *Saturday in the Octave.* 10.0 a.m. Matins.

Sunday, April 18th. *1st Sunday after Easter: Low Sunday.* 8.0 a.m. and 12.0 m.d. (Choral) Holy Eucharist. 11.0 a.m. Matins and Sermon. 6.0 p.m. Evensong, Sermon and Carols.

The Offerings this day are devoted to the Fund for supplying assistance in the service. The Assistant Chaplain Fund. Chaplain: The Rev. C. A. MOORE, M.A., B.C.L.

THE AMERICAN CHURCH OF ST. JOHN,  
Reichs Platz 5, at the head of Reichs Strasse.

Friday, April 16th. Litany 4.0 p.m.

Sunday, April 18th. *1st Sunday after Easter.* Holy Communion 8.0 a.m. Morning Service and Sermon 11.0 a.m. Afternoon Service and address 5.30 p.m.

The Rev. J. F. BUTTERWORTH, M.A., Rector.

## THE DEAD NOVELIST.

Sorrento, April 13.

Pathetic scenes of mourning are witnessed at Sant' Agnello, the home of the late Mr. F. Marion Crawford. The fishermen and peasants, among whom the novelist was very popular, weep for his death, and all the shops in the village are shut, bearing the inscription, "Closed for public mourning."

Mr. Crawford's villa stands next the old Capuchin monastery amid orange groves, 200 feet above the sea. The mayor and aldermen have been there to express their condolences, and soldiers are on duty at the villa gates as a mark of honour for the deceased author.

The funeral took place today.

The little town of Sant' Agnello was filled with notabilities of the Anglo-Saxon world, who had come from Sorrento, Naples, Capri, Rome, and even Florence to render a last tribute to the dead novelist. The public buildings and many private houses displayed flags at half-mast.

## THE FRENCH NAVAL SCANDALS.

Paris, April 14.

The urgent need of the enquiry into French naval administration now proceeding at Toulon is emphasised daily by the statements made under oath by the numerous witnesses. The Commission yesterday examined Colonel Gauthier, commander-in-chief of the Toulon defences, whose testimony was principally confined to the so-called "P" projectile. He asserted that this shell, whose destructive power is extraordinarily great, gave France a marked advantage over foreign Powers, but he further said that the artillery officials were deplorably slow in equipping the naval artillery with this new projectile. Further enquiries by the Commission revealed the fact that there is no reserve of ammunition in the Toulon arsenal, and if called upon to issue a further supply of shells to the warships the authorities would be unable to do so. Some startling information was also given regarding the Mediterranean fleet. The boilers of the battleship "Liberté" have been useless since September, and she will have to go into dock for months. The battleship "Justice," quite a new vessel, is quite crippled owing to defective boilers. The engineers have not used them according to naval regulations, and they are burnt in some places.

M. Doumer, a member of the Chamber and general reporter for the Budget, has arrived at Toulon, to take part in the enquiry into the malpractices in the fleet. He went on board the iron-clad "Justice," and ascertained that the supply of ammunition was either not forthcoming or not in the right places. M. Doumer also took the evidence of several artillery officers, who stated that the Marine Artillery was in a deplorable state both as to men and material. M. Doumer informed the members of the Committee of Enquiry that the publications in the Press on the results of the enquiry hitherto had pained the Minister of Marine. The Committee therefore decided to be more reserved in their communications to the Press.

## TRANSATLANTIC TRAFFIC.

London, April 13.

The annual report of the Cunard Company shows, including a balance brought forward of £109,882, a profit of £295,036. From the Insurance Fund £100,000 had been taken, and £50,000 from the Reserve Fund. £296,778 had been employed for writing-off, and £3,582 carried forward. The report states that the number of steerage passengers carried during the year had diminished by 781,000.

## A DISAPPOINTING BRITISH WARSHIP.

(DAILY RECORD CORRESPONDENT.)

London, April 13.

The new protected cruiser "Boadicea," which has been running her acceptance trials during the past two weeks, is a curious result of the new craze for speed in British warships. In her design every allowance was made for an immense engine capacity but apparently none for sea-keeping qualities. The consequence is that, although she has far exceeded her contract speed—she was designed for twenty-five knots, but has actually attained twenty-eight on her full-power trial trip—she has proved herself an atrocious sailor. At even moderate speed she is said to be smothered in spray from stem to stern, and every evening the working party from the "Boadicea" land at Devonport Dockyard bleached white with briny spray. The "Boadicea" makes an impressive picture with her four squat funnels and tall masts, but her sharp bows and perpendicular sides proclaim her tendency to cut rather than ride through the waves.

"We have had no heavy weather throughout the trials," said one of the working party to a press representative. "Nothing more than fresh easterly winds and a moderate roll of sea. 'Yet the little ship has behaved so badly that it would have been impossible to drive her at full power for fear of drowning her. She simply dips her nose every time, and cannot recover herself until the white water is sluicing in torrents off her fore-castle. We have passed Brixham smacks riding comfortably to their trawls under reef and topsail canvas, when we have not been able to stand on the fore deck. This simply means that in dirty weather it would be impossible to drive the 'Boadicea' at more than half-power. At anything more than fifteen knots she would cease to be habitable, even though she might be safe. This means that her value as an ocean scout is very limited."

Indeed, so far is this true that it is understood important modifications have been made in the design of the new "Town" class of light, fast cruisers, to ensure the elementary quality of sea-worthiness.

## WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY

of the Royal Saxon Meteorological Institute.

Moderate westerly winds, overcast, rain, temperature but little altered.