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# The Daily Record and THE DRESDEN DAILY.

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Telephone: 1755.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN ENGLISH PUBLISHED IN GERMANY.

№ 1,081.

DRESDEN, SUNDAY, AUGUST 29, 1909.

10 PFENNIGS.

The Daily Record is delivered by hand in Dresden, and may be ordered at any Post Office throughout the German Empire. It is published daily, excepting Mondays and days following legal holidays in Dresden.

Monthly Subscription Rates: For Dresden, mark 1 .-: for the rest of Germany and Austria, mark 1.20. For other countries, marks 2.50.

# TOPICS OF INTEREST.

KING EDWARD AT MARIENBAD.

Carlsbad, August 27. M. Kossuth, Hungarian Minister of Commerce, has left for Marienbad to lunch with King Edward on his Majesty's special invitation.

### SHOCKING WELSH MINING DISASTER.

Cardiff, August 27. While ascending the shaft of the Naval Colliery Company's mine at Pen-y-graig this evening, a cage was precipitated to the bottom, owing to some defect in the raising machinery. It is greatly feared that twenty-five miners have met their death .--Cardiff (later): Later advices state that the cage contained 34 men, of whom five were instantly killed

### INTERNECINE WAR IN MOROCCO.

and fifteen more or less seriously injured.

A despatch from Fez to hand yesterday stated that El Roghi, the defeated pretender to the throne, was brought to Fez in the morning confined in an iron cage, which was strapped on the back of a camel. The captive appeared to be in excellent spirits, and replied jocularly to the witticisms of the spectators. Arrived before the palace the cavalcade halted, while Sultan Muley Hafid appeared and personally interrogated the prisoner for five minutes, after which El Roghi was taken to a dungeon in the palace. Other reports from Morocco speak of the frightful torture inflicted on the Sultan's prisoners. Many have had their hands and feet lopped off, and are then left to their own devices without any surgical attention. The Sultan is giving evidences of his callous brutality that are alienating many of his best supporters.

# THE CHOLERA OUTBREAK IN HOLLAND.

Telegrams from Rotterdam indicate that five proved cholera cases and four suspicious cases are now in the barracks. The condition of three patients is very grave. Forty-six other people are under medical supervision. The Burgomaster has issued an urgent warning against the use of uncleansed water for drinking purposes.

# INTERESTING ANTIQUARIAN DISCOVERY.

It is reported from Madrid that Professor Schulten, of Erlangen, has discovered a large fortified Roman camp four miles to the west of Numancia. The excellent preservation of the remains lends colour to the belief that the discovery will prove of great historical importance.

# CROSS-CHANNEL SWIMMING.

Repeatedly since M. Blériot's flight over the Channel English swimmers have been endeavouring to emulate the gallant Frenchman per mare. Almost every day one of these intrepid spirits leaves the beach at Dover and strikes out gallantly towards the distant cliffs of France, but in each case the attempt is given up before the goal is attained. Wolfe, who started on Thursday, threw up the sponge after a brilliant struggle lasting more than eight hours. Heaton, another champion, started on Friday, but in spite of favourable conditions the attempt was abortive. Since the feat of Captain Webb the Channel has defied the efforts of some of the most powerful swimmers in the world.

# ASTOUNDING FLYING FEATS.

From time to time in the past week it has been our pleasurable duty to record the marvellous performances of aviators now competing at Rheims. Day after day old records have been shattered and new ones created. The performances of the Wright brothers and other hardly less famous aviators have been put completely in the shade by such men as Blériot, Latham, Lefebvre, and Farman. A telegram received by us from Betheny yesterday reported

# Mixed Drinks: Port - Sherry Cobler - Cocktail etc. Whisky & Soda.

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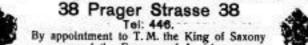
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that Mr. Farman, the Franco-British flying man, made the most wonderful flight ever recorded on Friday evening, when he flew continuously for three hours four minutes and 56 and two-fifthe seconds covering 180 kilometres. This performance not only shatters the world's record for distance and endurance, but qualifies Mr. Farman as the first competitor for the Grand Prix.

# GIANT TREES MENACED BY FIRE.

A great conflagration (says a cablegram from Vosemite) has broken out in the Vosemite Valley, and the flames are menacing the world-famous grove of giant trees. Federal troops and volunteers are engaged in combating the blaze.

# AUSTRIAN MILITARY ACTIVITY.

It is now officially stated at Vienna that the newspaper reports of forced marches by the troops in South Dalmatia were distorted and exaggerated. The truth is that, owing to unfavourable weather, a greater number of men than usual fell out of the ranks at times from fatigue in some branches of the troops engaged; but such instances were occasional only, and normal conditions were soon restored. The sensational rumours of severe sickness and deaths were unfounded, except that one reservist was killed and two injured by lightning when in camp.

# THE FRENCH MILITARY BALLOON.

The dirigible airship Liberté, destined for the fortress of Belfort, made a highly successful ascent at Mantes on Friday with seven people in the cars. The official trials will now commence, preparatory to the taking over of the vessel by the French Government.

### THE CRETAN IMBROGLIO.

A lengthy telegram to hand from Constantinople yesterday outlined the answer of the Turkish Government to the collective Note presented by the Powers in regard to the Cretan question. The Porte gives additional assurances that it has never entertained warlike intentions, and adduces proofs of its peaceful dispositions. It points out that Turkey was compelled to demand an explanation from Greece owing to the latter's exercise of its influence in the island of Crete. Both answers tendered by Greece failed to exactly correspond to the demands of the Porte, but they were nevertheless regarded as satisfactory because of the assurance that Greece would cease to meddle with Cretan affairs. The Porte expresses its thanks to the Powers for their settlement of the vexed flag question and states that the aleviation of this incident will materially conduce to a simpler settlement of other difficulties, since sanction was thereby given to the sovereignty rights of Turkey.

It is hoped that with the end of the flag incident the entire Cretan question is well on the way to a peaceful solution. The Powers may congratulate themselves on having averted a disastrous conflict between Turkey and Greece, and there is good reason for believing that a certain section of the Young Turk community would have welcomed such a war. While the subsequent attitude of Greece has been perfectly correct, her former behaviour was not calculated to improve relations with Turkey or to exercise a tranquillising effect on the Near Eastern

situation in general.

# CANADA'S GREAT FUTURE.

Lord Strathcona was the hero of the day, in connection with the British Association's visit to Winnipeg last week. Fêtes were held in his honour, and addresses were presented to him by many bodies. In the course of a speech his Lordship predicted that Canada would have a population of 100,000,000 before the close of the century. The keynote of his speech was his insistence on strengthening the tie binding Canada with the Mother

Mr. Hill, the President of the Great Northern Railway, who came by special train to Winnipeg to greet Lord Strathcona, made a speech in which he said that the United States would cease exporting wheat by 1915, when Canada would become the world's granary. He advised Canada to cultivate immigration other than that from Asiatic countries, and to conserve her natural resources. Her future would then be assured.

# OMINOUS DISCONTENT IN ATHENS.

Athens, August 28.

The Prime Minister has declined to receive a deputation of military and naval officers, who wished to present a petition setting forth various grievances, on the ground that the deputation consisted of officers who had been punished, and that the way they proposed to take of presenting their petition was contrary to the regulations. The officers of the garrison have therefore held a meeting and wish to make a military demonstration tomorrow. A Cabinet Council has been summoned to deliberate on the matter.

# FRENCH NAVAL ARTILLERY EXPERIMENTS.

Paris, August 28.

The morning journals publish reports from Toulon of the experimental artillery practice which was continued yesterday from the battleship Condé at the old battleship Jéna, with the object of ascertaining the effect of the projectiles on the plates. The results were in favour of the guns, which were aimed at the middle plating. The plates were pierced by several shells, the splinters of which played havoc with the interior fittings of the ship.

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