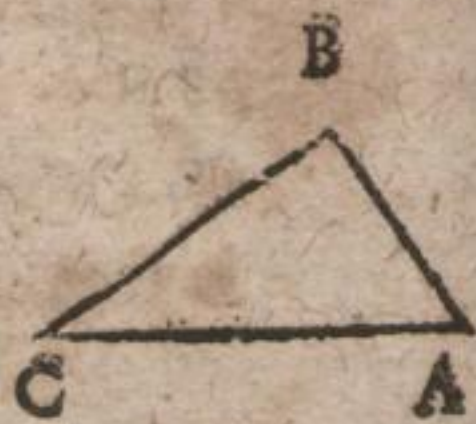


ADDENDO iterum Logarithmos Lateris & Anguli
contiguorum, & ab Aggregato SUBTRAHENDO
Logarithmum Anguli reliqui.

Exempla.

Dantur Anguli ACB $41^{\circ}. 39'. 4''$. BAC
60. cum latere BC angulo huic opposito
99. 0350. ped. Quæritur latus AB angulo reli-
quo oppositum.



BC 99. 0350. ped.	L.	9697	—	0000.
BCA $41^{\circ}. 39'. 4''$.	L.	408580.		A.
	aggr.	L.	418277	— 0000.
BAC 60.		L.	143841.	S.
	resid.	L.	274436	— 0000.
76. ped. AB.				

Cum ergò in Triangulo hoc habeamus duos angulos, non
ignorabitur Tertius, qui reliquorum ad duos Rectos com-
plementum est: uti apparet.

BAC 60.		
BCA $41. 39. 4.$		A.
aggr. $101. 39. 4.$		S.
duo Recti 180.		

ABC $78. 20. 56.$

Quinimò & ex sequenti calculo inveniemo Tertium latus AC.

AB 76. ped.	L.	274436	—	0000.
ABC $78^{\circ}. 2'0. 5''6.$	L.	20820.		A.
	aggr.	L.	295256	— 0000.
(2302585 + 0. A.)				
		L.	2597841	— 000.)
ACB $41^{\circ}. 39'. 4''$.	L.	408580.		S.
	resid.	L.	2189261	— 000.
112. AC.				

PRO-