

the Elbe, at the foot of vine-clad hills. Visitors may go by steamboat (page 27) direct to Loschwitz; or by tramway to the village of Blasewitz, and cross the Elbe in the steam-ferry (5 pf.) to Loschwitz, lying opposite. Blasewitz is a much frequented place, especially on Sundays. It has been rendered famous by Schiller who often was here in the garden called after him, and by naming the female sutler in his drama "Wallenstein's Camp", Gustel (Augusta) of Blasewitz. The Schillergarten is a place of amusement close to the river's side and affords a fine view upon the vineyards sloping down from the hills on the other bank. — Another way to Loschwitz is through the New-town, along Schillerstrasse, passing Lincke'sches Bad, Schillerschlösschen, and Waldschlösschen, three Restaurants much favoured by the Dresdener, where in summer on certain days of a week pretty good music may be heard in the gardens and on the terraces commanding a fine prospect along the river. Following the road, skirted on the left by dark woods, and on the right, by picturesque villas dispersed over the sunny slopes, the way now gently rises and divides immediately after the stone bridge, called "Mordgrundbrücke". The road to the left leading to the "Weisser Hirsch", a place of entertainment; and to the right to Loschwitz. Pursuing the latter road, another bridge will be soon arrived at where it will be more profitable to the lover of fine scenery to leave the carriage and send it on to Loschwitz