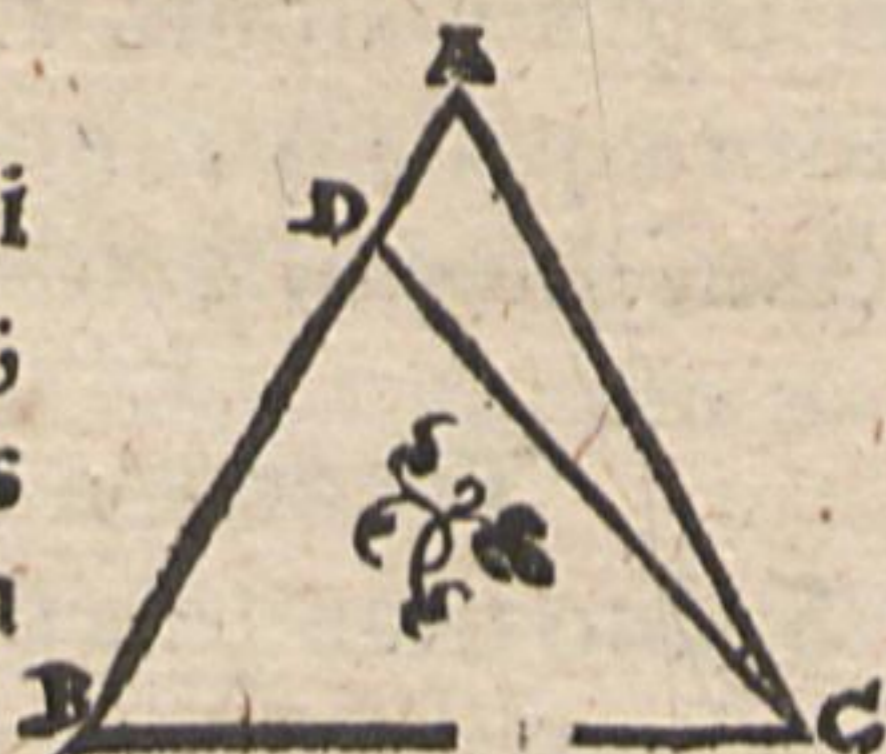


22 E V G L I D. E L E M. G E O M.
 Etæ lineæ, qui sub basi sunt anguli, inter se
 æquales erunt.

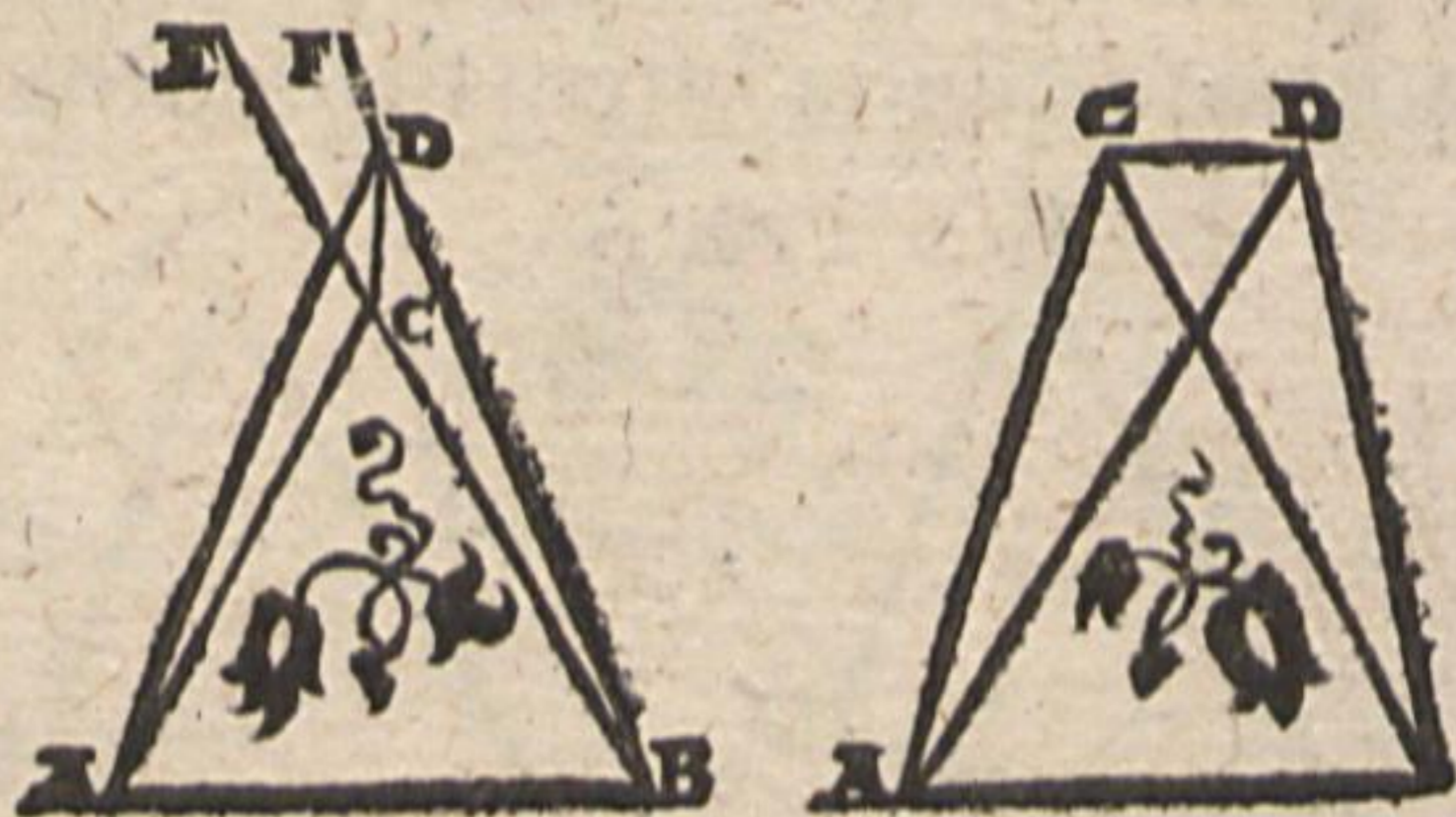
Problema 3. Pro-
 positio 6.

Si trianguli duo anguli
 æquales inter se fuerint;
 & sub æqualibus angulis
 subtensa latera æqualia
 inter se erunt.



Theorema 4. Propositio 7.

Super eadem recta linea, duabus eisdem re-
 ctis lineis aliæ duæ rectæ lineæ æquales, v-
 traque vtrique, non constituentur, ad aliud
 atque
 aliud
 pun-
 ctum,
 ad eaf-
 dem
 par-



tes, eosdemque terminos cum duabus ini-
 tio ductis rectis lineis habentes.

Theorema 5. Propositio 8.

Si duo triangula duo latera habuerunt duo-
 bus lateribus, vtrunque vtrique, æqualia:
 habuerunt verò & basim basi æqualem: an-
 gulum quoque sub æqualibus rectis lineis
 contentum angulo æqualem habebunt.

Pro-