

Vel secundo, secundum rationem $1\frac{1}{2}$ seu $2\frac{1}{2}$ continuatam,

	<u>91</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>118</u>	
Facit secundum rationem,	$37\frac{4}{5}$	$11\frac{14}{5}$	$49\frac{1}{5}$	
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ quidē	$25\frac{1}{5}$	$7\frac{31}{5}$	$32\frac{44}{5}$
		$16\frac{4}{5}$	$4\frac{64}{5}$	$21\frac{51}{5}$
		$11\frac{1}{5}$	$3\frac{21}{5}$	$14\frac{34}{5}$
	$2\frac{2}{3}$ uerò	$58\frac{18}{803}$	$17\frac{172}{803}$	$75\frac{191}{803}$
		$21\frac{609}{803}$	$6\frac{366}{803}$	$28\frac{172}{803}$
		$8\frac{128}{803}$	$2\frac{338}{803}$	$10\frac{466}{803}$
		$3\frac{48}{839}$	$0\frac{729}{803}$	$3\frac{777}{803}$

OPERATIO

1 ra.

$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{8}$
$\frac{4}{9}$ ra.	$\frac{6}{64}$ ra.
$\frac{8}{27}$	$\frac{27}{512}$

AEQVATIO

$2\frac{11}{27}$ ra.	uel	$1\frac{291}{512}$ ra.	æqua.	91	27 N.
				118	

Vel tertio, ut primæ parti 4, secundæ deinde 3 additis, à tertiâ uero parte, 2, ac quarta deinde, unitate subtracta, aggregati tandem & residui numeri subduplam rationem continuatam, uel subduplam, subquadruplam, & $1\frac{1}{2}$ rationes habeant. Queritur &cæ. Facit

quantum ad rationem subduplam continuatam,

Respectu quidem <u>91</u>	<u>27</u> uerò,	ac <u>118</u> deinde
Prima pars $2\frac{1}{3}$	— $1\frac{14}{5}$	$4\frac{2}{5}$
Secunda $9\frac{2}{3}$	Impossibi-	$13\frac{4}{5}$
Tertia $27\frac{1}{3}$	le, uel	$34\frac{8}{5}$
Quarta deinde $51\frac{2}{3}$	$10\frac{4}{5}$	$66\frac{1}{5}$
	$17\frac{8}{5}$	

Quantum ad rationes subduplam, subquadruplam, & $1\frac{1}{2}$

Respectu quidem <u>91</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>118</u>
Prima pars $1\frac{10}{17}$	— $2\frac{3}{17}$	$3\frac{3}{17}$
Secunda $8\frac{3}{17}$	Impossibile	$11\frac{6}{17}$
Tertia $46\frac{12}{17}$	uel	$59\frac{7}{17}$
Quar. deinde $34\frac{9}{17}$	$+16\frac{10}{17}$	$44\frac{1}{17}$
	$+11\frac{16}{17}$	

OPERATIO. Vel

Sît prima pars	1 ra.	1 ra.
secunda igitur	2 ra. + 5 N	2 ra. + 5 N
tertia uerò	4 ra. + 18 N	8 ra. + 34 N
ac quarta deinde	8 ra. + 33 N	6 ra. + 25 N

Aequatio igitur quantum ad

primum	15 ra. + 56 N	æqual.	91.	27.	118 N.
secun.	17 ra. + 64 N				

D Aequatio